DEFINITION OF TREASON.

From the Constitution of the United States.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort. No person shall be convicted of Treason, unless on the Testimony of two Witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Looking-Glass for Moral Traitors!

Extract of a Letter from Col. Wynkoop.

"I tell you, sir, there is a spirit abroad among the good Americans engaged in this war, which will not sleep during futurity—a spirit which awaits but their return, to thunder down upon the mouthing, scribbling sycophants of a most unjust party, the full measure of an honest indignation. It is the same that brooded over our land during the War of the Revolution and the last war; and men of the present day, palsied with age, have lived to curse, with tears of repentance, the hour when she, with scornful finger, marked them for life as the TORIES of their country. We HERE *can see no difference between the men who in '76 assisted the British, and those who in '47 gave arguments and sympathy to the Mexicans!* This kind of language, from a man who came into this campaign a *Whig in* policy, may sound strange to you, but I have again and again been compelled to listen to and to suffer that, which would have changed the disposition and alienated the affection of the most distinguished partisan. Even now, I do not object to the leading and main principles of my old party, so much as to curse and deprecate the tone of its acknowledged leaders and supporters. If there is any reason which will prevent General Scott from effecting an honorable peace, commanding, as he does, the whole city of the Aztecs, with his powerful batteries, it is the SPIRIT OF TREASON which I unhesitatingly say is promulged by the leading whig journals at home. In a sortie upon some ladrones of Jalapa, a short time since, I possessed myself of all the late newspapers published in that place, and upon examining them, I find that, in that place, the same as in Mexico, the strongest arguments published against our army are selections from WHIG PAPERS OF THE UNITED STATES."

Extract of a Letter from Norton McGiffin, of Washington County.

"Winebiddle and myself were detached from the rest of the company, and had a hard time of it. We had twenty of them upon us at one time—killed six of them, and the rest left us. Winebiddle was wounded slightly in the side. I was knocked over, but not hurt badly. Our escape was miraculous. The bodies of the slain, or rather butchered, were found that night and brought in. They were most horribly mutilated (agreeably to the instructions of TOM CORWIN) by the *humane Mexicans*; so much so, that it was difficult to recognize, in their mutilated forms, our former comrades, who so lately bloomed in the full vigor of health. Poor Crutchman was most horribly disfigured; and, in fact, they all bore the most shameful marks of violence from the merciless enemy. They have died in a GOOD CAUSE, fighting for their COUNTRYS RIGHTS; yet tell us so much a sacrifice for their country, as to *pamper that cruel—may I not say fatal—opposition at home*; which, if persisted in, must weaken, may destroy, *every effort* of the Administration to procure the war to a speedy termination—will cripple every energy of the government, and compel us to wage the war *ad infinitum*, or conclude a dishonorable peace. But for this TREASONABLE *spirit of opposition*, we had been home ere this, and our stay here can only be determined by the duration of *that opposition*."

Extract of a Letter from Capt. Charles Naylor.

"I believe that there can be no peace. I have always believed this; and my belief is confirmed by the occurrences of every day. Let there be decision in the administration; and then let us have vigorous decision in the army. . . . . The whigs are mad. I hang my head with humiliation and shame, when I think that I have been a member of their party. Mr. Webster's speech has been republished here, for the Mexicans, in every variety of form, as well as a synopsis of Mr. Clay's, and they have been made the foundation of speeches among the Mexican people, confirming them in their indecision—flattering their hopes, that one of the great parties of our country will arrest the prosecution of the war; and putting off forever, in my opinion, all prospects of an amicable settlement of it. IT SEEMS TO ME THAT THE WHIG LEADERS ARE GUILTY OF THE WORST KIND OF TREASON. I have discovered here, that scope now in the States, who has had access to all the publications of the country, has been in correspondence with the Mexican Secretary of State, and has transmitted to him all the articles of the American press, favorable to the Mexicans and the Mexican cause. I have in my possession nearly *three hundred* of these articles. Many of them were translated and republished here; and one of them, an article from the "New York Express," (an appeal to the Catholics of the United States to oppose Mr. Polk's administration, upon the ground that the war was a religious war—a crusade against the Catholic religion in Mexico,) has not only been published in the Mexican papers, but printed in hand-bills, and circulated by thousands at all the *church doors* in the city of Mexico. *Who can tell, in view of facts like these, how much of the blood that has been shed in this war, is owing to the action of such publications?*"

Extract of a Letter from O. H. Rippey, of Company K, First Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, dated

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 1, 1848.

"I scarcely know what opinion to express of this war, nor what would be the best policy our Government could pursue. I had hoped, that the profound judgment, the long experience, and extraordinary ability of such eminent Statesmen as Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, could have dictated some remedy, to have extricated our country from the unpleasant situation in which she is now placed—but how sorely we are disappointed. The last speech of Mr. Clay has already done more to prolong this war, than anything that could possibly have been desired by our bitterest enemy. The Mexican people derive encouragement and hope from such sentiments as Mr Clay and a number of Whig prints promulgate; and if they desire to consult the interests of our country, to promote the good cause of peace, such language must be entirely stopped—an opposite tone must prevail *universally*; they must see it all *firm* and *united* upon this *absorbing* question. Let one sentiment—one purpose only prevail; a firm determination to prosecute the war with the utmost vigor, and it anything will ever bring about a termination of the war, it is that; but so long as an opposite course is pursued, that hope is vain. It is for me now to urge upon the principle or origin of the war, to enquire into its justice or injustice on our part, as the day for reasoning is past. "Now is the time" for action—prompt, vigorous, decisive action. We want men, not speeches. Give them blows, not words. The language uttered by some of the press—the epithets applied to us such as murderers, robbers and fiends—the maledictions—the curses invoked upon us by men who have forsaken their homes and country, to have come here to endure every imaginable privation, to expose themselves to danger and death in every form—and that too by our own countrymen—calls forth in the hitterest condemnation—the most profound scorn and disgust. You may imagine how keenly we feel the injustice and baseness of such language. Miserable, contemptible wretches, protected as they are by the sacred "freedom of the press"—but more especially by distance—secure and comfortable as they are at home, they thus thunder their infamous lies and hurl the foulest insults at men who are fighting, bleeding, dying for them. But let them take their way, let them revile on—let them wallow. I do not envy them: I would not stop their mouths. Better far be a "dog and bay the moon" than such an infernal wretch as one of these."

Stocking a Plantation.

A Washington correspondent of the *Statesman*, under date of the 23d ultimo, has the following paragraph:

One item more for the benefit of the abolition portion *per excellence* of the whig party! It is not known that General Taylor has recently purchased a large plantation in the fertile cotton and sugar growing region on the Rio Grande. Major Bliss, the well known Aid-de-Camp and Secretary of Gen. Taylor, arrived in Washington, on Saturday to the political, official and pecuniary interests of his Chief, on the 19th of January. The next morning the Washington papers contained the following advertisement, inserted in conspicuous places. This will show what Mr. *Aid-de-Camp Bliss* is after:

$10 000 TO $15,000 FOR INVESTMENT IN SLAVES.—Boys and girls would be preferred; but, to avoid separation, families will be taken. Proposals are invited by letter, addressed to A. B. Washington City, postage paid, at any time between this and the 1st of July.

TEN TO FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS; just the amount of the salary of a Major General during the Mexican war. The particular attention of the anti-war, anti-slavery whigs of Ohio is called to the above document, since in a few months they will be called upon to cast their votes for the above candidate for the Presidency. "Lo the poor Indian!" Lo the poor Mexican! Lo the poor slave! Lo the poor abolitionists! *L. Law* poor whiggery!

Mr. Bancroft.—We present the following extract from a letter from a Boston gentleman now in Paris, announcing the election of Mr. Bancroft as a corresponding member of the French Institute.—*Daily Adv.*

Paris, Jan. 21st, 1848.

The highest honor which can be bestowed in France upon a foreigner, has just been conferred on Mr. Bancroft. He was chosen, this afternoon, a corresponding member of the Institute. Five names were presented for the vacant chair of history; every vote but one was in favor of Mr. Bancroft, (and that one for Mr. Grote, of London, author of the History of Greece.) A gratifying fact in regard to this election is, that it comes without the knowledge of Mr. Bancroft, and without any of those preliminary visits on his part, and those appeals to academicians whose votes are desired, that are so common with candidates for vacancies at the Institute. The honor acquires double value for being unsought, and I have heard, with no small satisfaction, several members of the academy contrast the modest reserve of Mr. Bancroft with the restless manœuvres to which they have been accustomed. Prescott, you know, is already a member; and, I think, America may be satisfied with two out of seven of a class of history, which is selected from the world. The other candidates, besides Mr. Bancroft and Mr. Grote, were M. Dahlmann, the professor at Bonn, and the writer on Politics and the French Revolution; Mr. Merivale of Oxford, and Patrick Fraser Tyler, the Scotch historian.

☞ A young clerk in New Bedford, recently, to amuse some of his friends, administered chloroform to himself. He immediately became excited, and was attacked with the most violent convulsions, which lasted *sixteen hours*. During this time it required the combined efforts of five stout men to prevent him from dashing himself to pieces. The convulsions, for the last eight hours that he was under the influence of the chloroform, was so violent, that it was thought impossible that he could recover. After the spasms ceased, he was unable to raise himself in bed.

☞ DECATUR COUNTY.—A bill to erect a new County out of part of Crawford, to be called *Decatur*, has passed the House of Representatives by a large majority.—Yeas 60, Nays 15.

The Morning Post.

J. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 8, 1848.

VOICE OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY!

FOR PRESIDENT,
JAMES BUCHANAN,
Subject to the decision of the National Convention.

IN THIS PAPER, THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, TREATIES, RESOLUTIONS OF CONGRESS, &c. ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

Morning Post Job Printing Office,
CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.
☞ See advertisement on the first page.

☞ *Advertisers are requested to hand in their favors before 4 o'clock, P. M. This must be complied with, in order to insure an insertion. When it is possible, an entire hour would be preferred.*

☞ F. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency San Buildings, N. E. corner of Third and Dock streets, and 400 North Fourth street—is our only authorised Agent in Philadelphia.

Interesting and Patriotic Letter.

WM. B. FOSTER, who is agent for Mexican soldiers in this city, has handed us the following letter, written by two brothers, of Westmoreland county; one of whom died in Puebla, of sickness, and the other, after going unwounded through all the hard-fought battles into the city of Mexico, was there taken sick, and died also. WM. CLARK, a neighbor young man of theirs, alluded to in their letter, also fell a victim to the virulence of one of the Mexican epidemics.

This letter, in addition to the tender strain of affection for the father, mother, brothers and sister, to whom it was addressed, and to those still dearer and nearer, breathes an unaffected spirit of patriotism, which all our public men *profess*, but which rarely finds in them any manifestation, except just before the election.—

"The brave poor soldier never despise,
Nor count him as a stranger;
Remember, he is your countryman,
In the day and hour of danger.

PITTSBURGH, April 17, 1847.

Dear Fathers, Mothers, Sisters and Brothers:—

We take this opportunity to inform you that we landed here the next day after leaving home, and we saw some recruits that belonged to Capt. Guthrie's company, and we went and saw the boys the mail, and the men seemed to be respectable and well behaved, and more than that, the Captain seemed to be so extraordinary nice man, which we have since experienced, and we enlisted (we did Wm. Clark,) under Captain Guthrie, and we are proud to say, we are well pleased with our situation, and more so with our Captain, for he is well recommended for the business of protecting our rights and liberties. We are in very good health, and have not one sick yet, enjoy the same blessing. We get $12 bounty, clothing, boarding, and $7 per month, and so soon as peace is declared will receive an honorable discharge, and a hundred and twenty acres of land, or $100 in money, which ever we like. We know that if we are good valiant soldiers and fight manfully, we will be benefitted. Dont be uneasy about us, for we are under good Westmoreland, and good substitutes for General Taylor and General Scott, such are the men they want. If it is God's will to spare us, we will return home with honor, that we had enlisted to fight for our country's rights, and we will come home, "old enough and ready." Give our best respects to all our friends, and relations, and in particular to Miss E. B., and one more. And now, may the grace of God rest and remain upon you all, now, and forever. The Captain expects orders to march in a day or so—no more at present; but we remain your affectionate sons.

MICHAEL A. CEASE,
JOHN CEASE.

Pleasant Unity Post office, Westmoreland county.

MR. FOSTER also handed us the following letter from Captain GUTHRIE:

PITTSBURGH, January 22d, 1848.

SIR: Your letter dated the 20th inst. is at hand, and I hasten to reply. As I promised you, I now take my duty to reply in a spirit of candor, that I left your son Michael in the city of Puebla, and took John with me.—*Your son* John was with his company through all the battles of the war of Mexico, and behaved himself as a good and brave soldier, without receiving any wounds. After getting into the city of Mexico, he was taken with diarrhœa, and, after a few weeks, died.

Michael I left in Puebla, and, on my return, could hear nothing official of him, but learned through another of my men, that he also was dead. As regards the time and their deaths, I cannot say; as I was so unfortunate, in coming home, as to lose some papers, among which was a memorandum of the deaths of all my men, who had died—and I went back, from Vera Cruz, for another copy. So soon as I receive it, I will let you know more date of John's death; but it may be some time before I can send you a report of Michael's death. Say to Mr. Clark's friends, that he also died in the city of Mexico. Respectfully, P. N. GUTHRIE.

Mr. JACOB CEASE, Pleasant Unity, Westmoreland county Pa.

Gen. Taylor Overboard.

The *Albany Evening Journal*, it seems, gives up Gen. Taylor. Here is its renunciation, taken from its sheet of the 25th of February:

GEN. TAYLOR'S LETTERS.—It is scarcely necessary that we should repeat what has so often been said in our columns, that, in our judgment, Presidential candidates cannot employ themselves more unpleasantly than in writing letters. Those we publish to-day, from Gen. Taylor, though consistent with all he has written on the subject, are neither designed or calculated to present him favorably before a Whig National Convention. The Whig National Convention will not need to beg for a candidate; nor will its suffrages be tendered to any man who refuses either to accept its nomination, or "to be the exponent of its principles."

Upon this, the New York *Evening Post* remarks:

We conclude that Gen. Taylor's friends can have little hope from the Whigs of this State. That there was, a short time since, a very strong disposition to think of him as a candidate, among some of the most effi New York Whig politicians, there can be no doubt; but the paragraph we have quoted is an indication that they are now looking to another quarter.

LETTER FROM MRS. ADAMS.—On Wednesday last the Speaker laid before the House of Representatives, the following letter from the widow of the Hon. John Quincy Adams:

WASHINGTON, 29th Feb., 1848.

To the Honorable Robert C. Winthrop,
Speaker of House of Representatives of the U. S.

SIR:—The resolutions in honor of my dear, deceased husband, passed by the illustrious assembly over which you preside, and of which he, at the moment of his death, was a member, have been duly communicated to me.

Penetrated with grief at this distressing event of my life, mourning the loss of one who has been at once my example and my support, throughout the trials of half a century, permit me, nevertheless, to express, through you, my deepest gratitude, for the signal manner in which the public regard has been manifested by your honorable body, and the consolation derived to me and mine, from the reflection, that the unwearied efforts of an old public servant have not, even in this world, proved without their reward, in the generous appreciation of them by his country.

With great respect, I remain, sir,
Your obedient servant,
LOUISA CATHARINE ADAMS.

RAILROADS.—The total number of railroads in Massachusetts is 17, covering a distance of 857 miles, and constructed at a cost of $35,902,355. The gross receipts in 1847 were $5,264,922, expenses $2,699,732; making the nett earnings $2,564,190. The average dividend upon the stock was, therefore, a fraction over six per cent. Three of the number realized a profit of ten per cent., and the income of two is not stated.

☞ The Meadville *Journal* states that Professor John Barker, so deservedly popular among us, has been elected, and accepted the Presidency of Allegheny College, Crawford county.

☞ The Lancaster Union and Tribune, has hauled down the flag of General Taylor, from its mast head. The Albany Evening Journal has also given up the General.

ALL'S FOR THE BEST.

BY MARTIN F. TUPPER.

All's for the best; be sanguine and cheerful;
Trouble and sorrow are friends in disguise;
Nothing but folly goes faithless and fearful;
Courage forever is happy and wise;
All for the best,—if man would but know it;
Providence wishes us all to be blest:
This is no dream of the pundit nor poet;
Heaven is gracious, and—all's for the best!

All for the best! set this in your standard,
Soldier of sadness, or pilgrim of love,
Who to the shores of despair may have wandered,
A way-wearied swallow, or heart stricken dove;
All for the best!—be a man but confiding,
Providence tenderly governs the rest,
And the frail bark of His creature is guiding,
Wisely and warily, all for the best.

All for the best! then fling away terrors,
Meet all your fears and your foes in the van,
And in the midst of your dangers or errors,
Trust like a child, while you strive like a man:
All's for the best! unbiased, unbounded,
Providence reigns from the east to the west,
And by both wisdom and mercy surrounded,
Hope and be happy that all's for the best.

THE LINDEN TREE.

BY BARRY CORNWALL.

Here's a song for thee—of the linden tree!
A song of the silken lime!
There is no other so pleasant me,
No other so fit for rhyme.

When I was a boy, it was all my joy,
To rest in its scented shade.
When the sun was high, and the river nigh
A musical murmur made:

When, floating along with a winged song,
The traveller-bee would stop,
And chose for his bower the lime-tree flower,
And drink—to the last sweet drop.

When the evening star stole forth, after
And the gnats flew round and round,
I sought for a rhyme, for such a time,
Or dreamed on the grassy ground.

Ah! years have fled, and the budding dead,
Is a brand on the cotter's floor:
And the river creeps through its slimy steps,
And youth—is a thought of yore!

Yet—they live again, in the dreamer's brain
As dreds of love and wrong,
Which pass with a sigh, and seem to die,
Survive in the poet's song.

A RUMOUS PROSPECT.—From the following extract, taken from the *News*, one of the Federal organs in Philadelphia, it would seem that its party cannot work out that "ruin," entirely to their satisfaction. They are obliged, at times, to state facts; and these facts overcome all their efforts to manufacture a panic.

The following comparative exhibit of cash receipts at the custom-house of this city for the months of February and April, for one year previous, the corresponding month of last year, shows a steady increase of revenue—the excess for the two months being nearly a quarter of a million of dollars:

Cash duties received in the month of Feb.,	1847.	1848.
	$210,401 10	$314,970 56
Previous month,	218,829 49	291,277 93
	$429,229 59	$605,548 48
		429,229 59
Excess in favor of 1848,		$236,618 89

The Boston money market is easier than it has been for months past. The banks have been discounting liberally, and money is obtained from outside leaders on better terms than have been exacted for the last year, now, and forever. Within the past week there have been sales of bank, factory and railroad stocks at advanced prices, and the demand for most securities has been greater than the supply, except for that class denominated "fancies," with which the market appears to be glutted.

CHLOROFORM has been degraded by the report of the Physicians who made the post mortem examination of the body of Mrs. Simmons, of Cincinnati. The following is what they say:

"The committee, we understand, are satisfied that her death was caused by the administration of chloroform. It was supposed it was given in too concentrated form, and that insensibility was thus caused too rapidly. It was given by an inhalator, (or tight) a sponge saturated with chloroform being first deposited within it. We are told that the usual and natural way, in the administration, is by dropping it upon a handkerchief, and then permitting it to be inhaled by the patient.

Notwithstanding the excitement caused by the death of Mrs. Simmons, and the deaths in eastern cities, caused by the same means, we still hear of cases in which Chloroform has been administered in this city. It is the opinion of many physicians that it may be taken with entire safety; and they hesitate not to urge their patients to inhale it.

Lusus Naturæ.

One of the most singular freaks of nature we ever witnessed, was brought to us a few days since, by an eminent physician of this city, who still has this remarkable object in his possession.

It is a sort of monstrous abortion—the issue of a married woman in one of the lower Wards—and having, with the exception of a head, many of the peculiar features of the *minin* tribe, only it is MORE DEFORMED!

The head has all the characteristics of the ape in its formation, with the exception of one ear, which is imperfect, there being no appendage visible externally, and it is otherwise mis-shapen. The body has a full chest, diminishing gradually down the natural column, showing no hips at all! in fact, it has no legs whatever, but the feet of a young orang outang are placed, like turtles' flippers, immediately upon each side of the pubis, the arch of which must be exceedingly narrow and contracted.

The arm consists of a SINGLE BONE, from the shoulder to the wrist—there being no fore arm—and the hands are placed upon it nearly at right angles, inclining inwards. The hands have the shape of those of a monkey, only that each is furnished with but THREE FINGERS! and the thumb is nearly as long as either of the fingers.

The specimen of mal-formation of which we are speaking, is a female, and was still-born. It is indeed, one of the most remarkable instances of a mixture of several distinct classes of living forms, ever reported—the human form being strangely blended with the orang outang, or ape, with a seeming cross of the turtle!

This statement may be relied upon as a FACT; and those who doubt it can be easily convinced of its truth.

From the Centre Democrat.

"The Unkindest Shot of All."

Mr. Henry, in a late speech on the Mexican war, said: "The paper wrapper of a Mexican cartridge, a missile of death fired at us at Buena Vista, and picked up by one of his constituents, was a part of Webster's Philadelphia speech. His authority for this was Major Lewis, Capt. Davis, and Lieut. Shank, of the Indiana volunteers. The paper was still in possession of one of these gentlemen."

That the Mexicans have an ugly fashion of dipping the tips of their lances in rank poison, and using copper cannon balls, is nothing new; but to wrap their bullets up in extracts of Webster's speeches, and fire them at our soldiers, is a refinement of cruelty, which we did not suppose even the Mexicans to be guilty of.

☞ Mr. Roger, this Wilmot proviso business will fix 'em, sir, depend on it, said the agitator, decisively; "they can't spread their infernal institutions now, and slavery's black, flat foot shall never pollute the tree soil of the new territory; nor shall the shrieks of tortured negroes, whipped to death by cannibal slave drivers, ever be heard there; nor the clanking of the poor creatures' manacles as they go about their labor; nor ——" "But," interrupted the old man, warmly, "do they want to plant slavery there? do they want to emigrate and take their slaves there?" "To be sure they do," replied the agitator, "or why do they oppose the proviso so much?" "Neighbor," said old Roger, do you know old Squire Moon, at the north end? well, he don't go to Roxbury ever; he don't *want* to go; his rheumatism won't let him go; but let us suppose our Legislature should say that he *shouldn't* go, do you think that the old gentleman would be likely to be very well pleased with them? He has a *right* to go, which they would deprive him of, and he will insist upon his right, even though he never use it, would'nt you do so, sir?" "Perhaps I should—but —but, good morning, sir;" and they parted.

[Boston Post.

☞ The Whigs are divided on two great principles—Clay and Taylor.

Died,—Yesterday morning, at 5 o'clock, ANNA L., only daughter of Charles L. and Amanda Greatrake, aged 2 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place this day, (Wednesday,) at 10 o'clock, from his residence, near the Canal Basin, Allegheny city.

LOCAL MATTERS, &c

DEATH AMONG THE SISTERS.—We learn that within a short time past, eight of the Sisters of Mercy have been called to their homes by Death; and that others of the order, are now the victims of disease. All who have kind feelings must regret this, though it may indeed be true, that those whom they leave behind are the greatest losers.

If there *is a heroism* in humanity that is holy, it is that displayed by those pure women who leave the gayities and pleasures of the world, and offer themselves a willing sacrifice to the comfort of the poor and the sick. The man of war is urged into dangers, by an irresistible ambition—a self-love, that heeds not the interests of others,—he is led on by flying colors and waving plumes; animated by the music, and the shouts of comrades, and the disciplined groups in which he moves. But we look in vain for such motives that impel the "sister" to leave life and all its endearments, to the single purpose of relieving the distresses of poor humanity.

This heroism seems to be a feature in the Catholic Church. It evidences something in its teachings, its ceremonies and doctrines, that no where else finds a parallel. History, long ages back, records the devotedness of Christian women; the alacrity with which the give up all of earth, in obedience to a sense of duty and religious obligation. We wish that all sects could boast as much in this behalf as can the Catholics.

This, however, proves what human nature is; what it might be when called out by true developement of passions—these instincts of the soul which God has implanted within man, as revelators of his will to us. It proves that we might have a "better world," in which a universal benevolence would create a universal brotherhood.

☞ We notice that a Southern paper denounces a Pittsburgher for having left without settling his bill. This only proves to us that, even Editors may sometimes do wrong. Merely because a man is unable to pay a bill, is no evidence of his dishonesty—and this is the only offence charged against he person alluded to in this case. We know him, and though we may be mistaken, we do not hesitate to say that we regard him as strictly honest.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Those who wish to put upon their feet the spring style, the old style, or any style of Boots and Shoes, should read the advertisement of F. A. Hinton, which will be found in another part of our paper. Mr. H. is one of the best workmen of the city, and a fair dealing man. We can't say more in his favor.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—Mr. Sweeney, of the Emmet House, Allegheny city, is to serve up the St. Patrick's Day supper; and none a more capable man could not be selected, and a better house than the one he keeps. The sons of "Old Ireland" will have a glorious time of it.

HUDSON'S PANORAMA.—On account of the urgent solicitations of many who have not been able to visit the exhibition of this great painting, the proprietor has been induced to give one more exhibition this evening, which will positively be the last. We advise all who intend going, to do so, to night.

☞ The following are the names of the gentlemen selected by the officers of the meeting held in Allegheny city on Saturday evening, whose duty it will be to make arrangements for the delivery of an Eulogy upon the life and character of John Quincy Adams:

Wm. Robinson, Jr., Chairman; J. K. Moorhead, Dr. T. F. Dale, Samuel Snowden, John Morrison, Geo. R. Riddle, Wm. Curry, John Fleming, Thos. M. Carothers, Thos. Barnsby, Dr. Robt. Mowry, Charles Avery, Judge Hugh Davis.

☞ The local editors of this city are requested to meet at Bennett's to-day, at 11 o'clock, to make arrangements for a series of accidents and incidents. If this scheme is not deemed practicable, they can take some soup.

☞ The Cincinnati Commercial says: "Miss Clara Bruce remains among us. Mr. Kneass left yesterday for New York, to bring out the mother of this lady, who takes up her residence here."

☞ A stock of Groceries, Provisions, and store fixtures will be sold at the store of James Dickson, corner of Wylie and Washington streets, this morning, at 10 o'clock.

☞ Ald. Johns asserts, in the American, that he was elected as a Taylor man, to the Convention. So, he thus exculpates himself. The Whigs charged him with betraying his constituents.

☞ Some persons are exhibiting a woolly horse in this city. Big posters are out, announcing the curiosities of the animal. We believe that crowds do not visit it.

NEW PAPER.—Mr. P. C. Parsiance, of Butler, proposes to start a new Whig Daily in Allegheny city, about the first of April. If well conducted, and backed by capital, it will succeed.

☞ The Pittsburgh Theatre will open on Saturday evening next. A portion of the company arrived on the New England yesterday, viz: Mr. Oxley, Mr. Dowling and lady, Mrs. and Miss Anderson, Mrs. Salzman, and the musicians.

☞ A meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburgh and Ohio Railroad Company, will be held at the Rooms of the Board of Trade, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. A general attendance is requested.

☞ Yesterday was the prettiest day of the season The ladies turned out in regiments, which is always a sign of fine weather.

☞ Mesmerism has gone down for the present. We do not notice a single announcement of a lecture. A week ago there were some half dozen.

☞ The communication of "Legis Studens" is declined, because the subject upon which he writes, no longer excites interest.

☞ We understand that Dr. Stevenson had quite an interesting meeting in the New Court House, on Saturday. We have no report.

DOUBTED.—Whether a Printer of this city lost $15 a few days ago.

☞ The Misses Pike will deliver their first lecture on Thursday evening, at Philo Hall.

☞ Louisville is a great place for Mesmerism. Prof. Mills is drawing crowded houses there.

The Cincinnati papers are not yet done praising Capt. Grace's *Brilliant*.

☞ J. W. Kennedy has become associated with H. Micholl, in the editorial department of the Allegheanian.

☞ Col. Wilson McCandless has returned from his eastern tour.

ALMOST A FIRE.—On last evening about 7 o'clock, the transparency in front of Mr. M'Clurg's auction room caught fire and was consumed before it could be put out. No further damage done.—*Mail.*

☞ "Methinks," said Miss Smix, "I should not fancy to marry a man who smoked segars. Still I look with leniency upon single men who indulge thus; because, poor fellows, they *think* that's *comfort!* If I were in a marrying mood, (and I hope I never shall be) I should ask my admirer, would he smoke against my wishes after marriage? Of course he would say, 'I will not!' If I were younger than I am now, I expect I would *answer —with the Wil-not Proviso.*"

☞ The Whigs are divided on two great principles—Clay and Taylor.

Died,—Yesterday morning, at 5 o'clock, ANNA L., only daughter of Charles L. and Amanda Greatrake, aged 2 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place this day, (Wednesday,) at 10 o'clock, from his residence, near the Canal Basin, Allegheny city.

AN APPROACHING COMET.—If we can give any credit to the opinion of cometographs, 1848 will have the advantage of witnessing the return of a large and beautiful comet, mentioned by historians and chroniclers of 1264, and which was observed in 1556 by Fabricius. It is known that in the month of March, 1556, a singularly brilliant comet was seen, equal in magnitude to a half moon. Its tail was rather short; it was not invariable in its lustre and its light, and bore great resemblance to the flame of a candle agitated by the wind.

It terrified the Emperor Charles V., who, convinced that the moment of his death was approaching, exclaimed, it is said, "Hic ergo indicis me mea fata vocant!" "In this brilliant sign I read my approaching end." This panic contributed greatly, if we can believe the historians of the time, to the design formed by Charles, and which he put in execution a few months later, of abdicating in favor of his brother Ferdinand. The famous Halley, the friend of Newton, determined the orbit of this comet, which it has been proved was similar to that followed by a beautiful comet which appeared in 1264. From thence it has been concluded that the comet of 1556 was a return of the comet of 1264; that this comet employed 292 years in accomplishing its revolution round the sun, and thus it might appear in 1848. It now remains to be seen whether the comet will conform to human provisions or deceive them; whether the appearance of identity be a delusion, or the expression of a reality. At all events, it is fitting attention should be excited to an event which, if it be realized, would be of very great astronomical importance.—*London News.*

HATCHING FISH.—Hatching eggs by artificial heat is well known and extensively practiced in China, as is also the hatching of fish. The sale of spawn for this purpose forms an important branch of trade in China. The fishermen collect with care, on the margin and surface, all the gelatinous matter that contains spawn of fish, which is then placed in an egg-shell, which has been fresh emptied, through a small hole, which is then stopped, and the shell is placed under a sitting fowl. In a few days the contents of the shell are found to be covered by the sun. The young fish are then kept in water until they are large enough to be placed in a pond. This plan in some measure counteracts the destruction of many fisheries.—*Martin's China.*

☞ **Saint Patrick's Day.**—The gentlemen who have proposed to celebrate the 17th day of March, as the anniversary of Ireland's Patron Saint, will meet at the EMMET HOUSE, (owned by Mr. Sweeny,) in Allegheny city, on *Wednesday evening next*, at 7 o'clock. The object is to make arrangements for a SUPPER, to which will be invited the Friends to Liberty, irrespective of the accidental place of birth. [mar6-td] MANY.

CHEAP CASH BOOT AND SHOE STORE.—The subscriber, thankful for past favors, would respectfully invite his friends and the public generally, that he has just received a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, of all sizes, direct from the manufacturers, which he will sell lower (wholesale or retail for cash) than can be purchased at any other establishment in the city. Also, French Calf and Morocco Leather—which he is prepared to manufacture to the shortest notice, for either Ladies, Gentlemen or Children's wear. Gentlemen's first rate Boots for $4.50 and $5.00, which he warrants equal to any $6 Boots, for style, durability and durability. All work warranted at his establishment. THOMAS A. HINTON,
mars-2w No. 112 Market street.

Another Richmond in the Field!

WE are now receiving, at our new Hall of Fashion, Spring and Summer goods, a variety of assortments of ready made Clothing ever offered in this city, to which we invite the attention of those who wish to economise, as this valuable stock, valuable on account of fineness, firmness and finish, has been expressly manufactured for this market; it consists in part of the following: Fine American, French and English cloths, drawers and fancy Coats; French black and American plain and fancy Cassimere Pants; Fancy Vests of wooden velvet, Cashmere, plain and figured Satin, &c. &c.; Shirts, Cravats, Drawers and Undershirts, and in fact every thing appertaining to a gentleman's wardrobe; in the one price system of clothing, rightly understood, is included all that merit and right deserved, done, or been the whole external universe, and what is more, it will be found that Clothing, is the essence of all science lies in the Philosophy of Clothes.

SOUDER & WARRIN,
No. 41 Market street, one door above Fifth.

N. B. Clothing made to order at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. [mar8-tf] S. & W.

NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the Extension of Duquesne Way, from its present termination at Washington street to the Eastern line of the city, on the Allegheny river, are hereby notified that a plan of such extension of the opening of said Duquesne Way, is now deposited in the office of the Recording Regulator, for public examination and inspection, as directed by Ordinance of the 29th day of November, 1847, authorizing the opening of said Way.

Recording Regulator, City of Pittsburgh.

Extract from Section 10th of an Act entitled "An Act to authorize cities to be incorporated, to take official Bond of William B. Mitchell, late Superintendent."

"And any owner or owners of ground lying on the line of such street, lane or alley, to be opened or extended, who shall offer damage from the opening or widening of the same, may apply, by petition, to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the County of Allegheny. mar-tal

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the county of Allegheny

The petition of Henry Landwher, of the 1st ward, city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth: That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the city and county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

HENRY LANDWHER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the 1st ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accomodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

A. Burt, E. Penderick, Geo R. Massey, Allen Cordell, Jas Gray, 4th st., Jacob Weyer, Jr., A. A. Richens, John Dunlap, Geo. Wilson, Reed C. Townsend, Webb Closey, John Caldwell. mar4-6t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of William Peter, of Pine township, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the township aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. WILLIAM PETER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the above township, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travellers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

THOMAS GRAHAM, Agent,
50 Smithfield street.

JUST RECEIVED—A small assortment of large family, pocket and school Bibles; writing and letter Paper; ink and Inkstands; Wafers; a few school Books; Sibbett's last Counterfeit Detector; patent Pens and English Quills; a full account of the Great Fire at Pittsburgh, with maps, &c.; Harris' last and former Directories of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and the neighboring towns; a supply of good 5 double purple, yellow and red Camel Chain; white Louisville Lilies; a few handsome and cheap maps, plates, and pictures; a few Almanacs, &c. for sale low for cash.

ISAAC HARRIS, Agent and Commission Merchant, 5th street. mar7-4t.

PATENT OFFICE, March 2, 1848.

ON the Petition of Solyman Merrick, of Springfield, Massachusetts, praying for the extension of a patent granted to said Solyman Merrick, for an improvement in the screw wrench, for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 17th day of August, 1849.

It is ordered that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on the first Monday in July, at 12 o'clock, noon; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Union, and National Democrat, Washington; Pennsylvanian, Philadelphia; The True Sun, and The Sun, New York; Post, Boston; Gazette and Republican Union, Portsmouth, N. H.; Post, Pittsburgh; once a week for three successive weeks previous to the first Monday in July next. EDMUND BURKE,
Commissioner of Patents.

P. S. Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. mar7-1aw3w

Administration Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of John Downey, late of Hollidaysburg, dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment without delay, and all persons having claims against said estate, will present them, properly authenticated, to MICHAEL BURKE.
Harrisburg, March 1—6t *Administrator.*
The "Pittsburg Post" and "Hollidaysburg Standard" will insert the above six times and send bill to this office.
Harrisburgh Union.

CHILLICOTHE SOAP—40 boxes Chillicothe Soap, in store and for sale by
feb25 MILLER & RICKETSON.

News by Telegraph!

Reported for the Morning Post.

New Orleans Telegraph Line, and New Telegraph System.

CINCIN