For the Morning Post.

MY REMINISCENCES.—No. 1.

BY FREDERICK FOWLER, PITTSBURGH.

Alas! alas! that the improved and still improving mode of railway travelling—expeditious, superior, and comfortable as it really is; and increasing in utility daily—should deprive us of one of the greatest enjoyments we meet with on the road, viz.: the society of that very worthy gent yclept Coachee. The ready wit, infinite, unexhausted fund of drollery and amusement, mixed up with legends, history, local intelligence, &c., &c., possessed by an Irish coachman, is astonishing; especially when we make allowances for his want of education, and disparity of birth. I never grudged this official his customary donation, as I generally received more than value for my money. The drivers, evincing by their conduct towards me that they appreciated my favors, were at all times pleased to answer my enquiries about locality, &c. satisfactorily; which proof of their mutual esteem increased with my opportunities of receiving them. I never yet met an Irish coachman who would acknowledge his ignorance of any one fact; and, however unsophisticated, they generally attempted to answer, or explain away every query; no matter how obtruse or philosophical. Their retentive memories furnish them with innumerable puns, which they turn out to the best advantage, and generally contrive to keep every occupant of their coach in a continual roar of laughter. Thus the road is passed; and town after town is reached and left behind, apparently much sooner than they reasonably ought. Knowing the pride that these gentry take in being thought clever and knowledge-able, I took occasion once to hint to a popular Son of Jehu, "that I surmised he had been committing to memory the contents of Lewis's Topographical Dictionary; and Slater's London Directory?"

"Faith no; Mr. Power," he replied; "though the Rev. Thrasham Gregg offered to put me in for editor of the Dublin University Magazine, until he found out that I was a Catholic."

At this announcement his hearers looked at him as if he was mad; some laughed, others said, "Surely that can't be true," but knowing better the way to lead him out, I took the lead and asked him, "Well, and what then?"

"Then, the first thing that I heer'd was that the post was given away to a low fellow, who was used to nothing but writing trash nonsense, about Irishmen, an huntin, an fightin."

"Have you heard his name," I ventured to ask.

"Yis, ivery wan has heered his name, it's Charles Lever, him that wrote Charles O'Malley, the Irish Dragoon, a book that they say almost frightened the life out of the Duke of Wellington. Its dotin an dhramin they say he is, ivir since, an houldin up his head as high as he did at Waterloo, as much to say, I'm young inough yit to Marry Miss Burdett Coutts."

"Have you ever seen the Iron Duke?" asked a hitherto silent listener.

"An truth, an I niver did, an I keep my eyesight, I don't care I niver see him. It is a recreant he is to the country that reared him; but, Naboclish, he'll one day meet his disarts. I'd know him this blissed minit if we met him, feth, I have his likeness undther my eye as plain as I have that near wheeler. Whip, get-along there; Ha! you lazy rascal, you, watch yourself." The horse he delivered the latter part of the discourse to, became obedient to his command, and he resumed. "The Duke's marriage wid Miss Coutts, minds me on ould Johnny Delaney. Johnny's wife died at the age of 74: leaving him alone and disconsolate, wid only two sons, and they married, and in houses of their own. Well, you see the ould fellow felt his loneliness very much, and, in a few weeks, determined he would marry again; and so he at wanse begun to pay his listhresses to a young coolun; and she (bad luck to the strhap,) consented to become his, till death wid part them. Nothin was in the way of the weddin but the two sons, whose consents he could not obtain. First, they laughed outright at him; then they got angry—and at last, when he bothered them till they wur tired, they tould him that if he wid stan out all night in a particular pursition, tied to a cart, they wud let him be married on the morrow. The ould man was detarmined to brave the ordeal, rether than want a wife; so he agreed to the compact. Night came, and he was bound to the cart; with bare head, bare body, bare legs, bare feet—but it is bether to leave the story bare than tell how very bare Johnny was. In short, he was allowed about as much clothing as you would wish to push into your eye with an awl blade. The night was round him clear, cold and frosty; the stars in their courses twinkled their mockery at the naked man, as he shuddered under the influence of the piercing keen frost. His teeth rattled violently, making a noise something like that produced by shaking a box of dominoes, as he muttered—"Och! och! chat! chat! chatter! I'll get her in the morning!"

At this part of the story, every listener became almost convulsed with laughter. I frequently take a hearty grin myself; and on this occasion, I laughed till the very tears ran down my cheeks.—(I regret that I cannot describe the chit, chit, chit of the shivering man; but the readers can suppose the language, by placing themselves in such a position as the old man occupied, on a frosty night. "So, you don't believe it, do you? faith, an it's as true as yere sittin' on the coach this blissed minit!"

"We may not doubt, coming as it does from such authority," said one of the passengers; "but you have not told us what became of the old man."

"Your own gumphin might have told you that same. When they went to look after him, there he was, sure enough, as stiff as the cart he was tied to."

"My oh; the dear me, but that's a lemancholy story," chimed in an old maid, who sat on the seat behind the driver. "But you have wandered from the subject we were speaking of. I am anxious to know what you did after your disappointment in the University Magazine affair"

"Well, I'll soon tell your honor that. In order to be on a par wid Lever, I wrote to Lord Palmerston to get me appointed senior Editor of the "London Times." When he received my letther, and an illighant letter it was, he went at once to the proprietors, an' urged them to secure my services. He stated that I knew all the news of the world, religious, political, mercantile, and professional. He also mentioned privately, that having been a coachman, and accustomed to please people of every class, that I could follow Sir Robert Peel through all the ins an' outs of his changing career; that I cud be an Orangeman the day, an' a Puseyite to-morrow; a Protectioner this day, an' a free trader the morrow, as that was all in the way of trade. You see, gentlemen, that Peel was called a chameleon because he changed colors so often, an' Palmerston bate him again at that, for you know what the poet says:

"Full many a ministry I've seen,
This twice a score of years,
And still whate'er the list has been,
There PALMERSTON appears.
I wonder, then, for much I shun,
Too haughty to condemn,
Did they all rat to PALMERSTON,
Or PALMERSTON to them."

Well, they admitted that I was competent, but—"

"But you would not accept the situation."

"It was just as well that I dinn't, bekase the very nixt week Chas. Gavan Duffy, of the Nation, was laid howld iv, and was arraigned for traison conspiracy, and the divil knows what all, for writing a harmless song, and ten chances to one, if I had got the Times in my power, I might have soon placed myself in a like quandary, an' thin, ye see, gintlemen, Mr. Grogan could not spare me from his coach, and I am determined niver again to cast my pearls before swine."

A jocular hoarse laugh followed the conclusion of this story; the driver put his horses to their speed, and we dashed down a long narrow street, in the town of Drogheda, to the coach office, which was situated very convenient to the hotel where I usually stopped, and in the immediate vicinity of the Banks of the Boyne.

The Daily Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1847.

☞ E. W. CARR, United States Newspaper Agency, Sun Buildings. N. E. corner of Third and Dock, and 440 N. Fourth street—is our only authorised agent in Philadelphia.

The City Councils.

GEORGE DARSIE, Senator from Allegheny county, in our State Legislature, last winter had a law passed, for the apportionment of the members of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh. The first section of the Act allows two Select Councilmen to each ward. The second section of the Act is in the following words:

SECTION 2. That from and after the second Tuesday in January next, the Common Council of the city of Pittsburgh shall consist of thirty members, to be elected annually; that in the month of November next, and in the same month in every third year thereafter, the members of the Common Council of the said city shall be apportioned by the Councils for the time being among the several wards of the said city, according to the number of taxable inhabitants in each ward: Provided, that each ward shall be entitled to elect at least one member.

The third section makes it the duty of the Assessors of the several wards, to make out and furnish to the City Councils, on or before the first day of November, an accurate transcript from the duplicate of the last previous triennial assessment of the names of the taxable inhabitants therein, &c.

The several Assessors, we are informed, made their returns in due time, as provided by law.

The last triennial assessment shows the following number of taxable inhabitants in the several wards mentioned, and the number of Councilmen each would be entitled to, according to Mr. Darsie's Law:

Wards.	*No. of Taxables*	*No. of Councilmen.*
I.	734	3
II.	684	3
III.	1391	6
IV.	723	3
V.	1639	7
VI.	704	3
VII.	351	2
VIII.	354	2
IX.	279	1
		30

On Monday evening last, meetings of the Select and Common Councils were called, so as to receive the assessments and apportion the representation of the various Wards. The Select Council duly convened, and after receiving the assessors' returns and transacting some other business, adjourned.—*The Common Council did not meet.* A few members attended, but the great body, who are whigs, staid away. We are told that some of the leading whigs in that branch, busied themselves in going round and urging their party friends not to be present at the meeting. The motives which prompted them in taking this extraordinary course can scarcely be imagined, unless *they are afraid to carry their own law into effect!* The new law, it appears, will not work exactly as its federal originators anticipated, and hence, they are determined, if possible, to prevent it from going into operation. To prevent the city from falling into the hands of the democrats, the federalists (who profess to be law-abiding men,) positively refuse to proceed according to their own law, and apportion the representation of the several wards. Their object now appears to be, to keep the matter back until the Legislature meets, and then make an effort to have the law repealed! *But in this they will fail!* Mark our words—THEY WILL FAIL! Nor will it do for the federalists to cherish the hope, that by disregarding the new law, they will make our citizens hold an election in January under the old law. *The old law is repealed*, and is now of no more validity than a blank piece of paper! We tell the majority in the Councils that it will not do for them to trifle any longer in this matter. They have taken solemn oaths, which they cannot violate, without the awful consequences falling upon their own heads. They must submit to the law—their own law—and carry it into effect. They cannot—they shall not escape from the responsibility.

There is another fact connected with the lawless course of the majority, which should be known to every citizen of the new wards, without respect to party. The "Old Hunkers" of the City, who have hitherto controlled our municipal affairs, are jealous of the growth of the New Wards. They find that the new wards are rapidly increasing in population, intelligence, enterprise, wealth, and every element of greatness. The "Old Hunkers" have pertinaciously refused to extend the simplest justice to the citizens of the New Wards—they will not give them water to drink—decent streets to walk upon, or light to guard their way. All the expenditures and all the favors must be extended to the Old Ward folks. This gross injustice has aroused the people of the New Wards, and they are determined that a "change of rulers" shall take place. This is another reason why the majority wish to prevent the law in regard to the apportionment of Councils from going into operation.

We have just learned that another meeting of the Common Council has been called this evening to take action in relation to this matter. We will see if the whig majority will dare to put the law at defiance.

MEADVILLE.—The last Crawford Democrat has a lengthy article in relation to the improvements and business prospects of that beautiful Borough. Among the new buildings which have lately been erected, is a large woolen factory, 80 feet long and 30 wide. We are acquainted with the proprietors, Messrs. H. & C. CULLUM, and we trust that, notwithstanding the awful ruin which has been produced by the Tariff of 1846, they will meet with entire success.

Unfounded Reports.—The report brought by the James L. Day, that an entire company of Texan Rangers had been cut to pieces by the guerillas, is denied by Lt. Henly, of the same company, at Vera Cruz when the Day left.

THE REVENUE STILL AUGMENTING.—The following are the returns of the duties received for the month of October, 1846, under the tariff of 1842, and October, 1847, under the tariff of 1846, in the ports of—

	Oct., 1846.	Oct., 1847.	Excess.
New York,	$773,207 91	1,243,983 81	470,775 90
Philad'a	111,894 22	141,590 05	29,695 83
Baltimore,	35,348 30	76,799 29	41,450 99
	$920,450 49	1,462,372 35	531,921 86

Excess in favor of tariff of 1846, 531,921 86

Complete returns for the month of October have not been received from Boston or New Orleans.

	From 1st to NO (1 to 9).	From 1st to 23d Oc. '46.	Excess. 23d Oc. '46: 23d Oc. '47.
Boston,	$218,785 39	331,862 55	113,077 16
NO (1 to 9).	60,405 54	95,523 98	35,118 42
	279,190 93	427,386 51	148,195 58

Difference in favor of tariff of 1846...148,195 58
Add difference as above in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.....531,921 86

Total difference, thus far in October, in favor of tariff of 1846.....$680,117 41

ERIE RAIL ROAD.—The receipts of the Erie Rail Road for the month of October, 1847, were as follows:

From freight	$12,089,69
" passengers and mail	11,354,72
	$22,344,41
Same month last year	19,469,16
Increase (25 per cent)	$4,875,15

RHODE ISLAND.—The legislature has counted officially the vote upon the late election for congress in the western district. The result is

Benjamin B. Thurston, dem, had	2415
Wilkins Updike, whig	2250
Democratic majority	65

The above is a Domocratic gain in Rhode Island.

FROM VERA CRUZ.—The Washington Union of Tuesday night says: "Colonel Wilson writes from Vera Cruz to a correspondent in this city, that the city is becoming perfectly healthy. General Patterson will move forward very soon with some thing like a force of 3,500 men."

Very little doubt seems to be entertained at Washington, that the route from Mexico to Vera Cruz is, by this time, open."

HON. MORRIS LONGSTRETH.

The following admirable letter from the Canal Commissioner elect—*Morris Longstreth*—was received in reply to an invitation to the West Chester democratic jubilee on the 22d ult; but too late for that occasion:

WHITEMARSH, October 22, 1847.

To Nimrod Strickland—

My Dear Sir: Your favor of the 18th inst., inviting me to join in the celebration of our recent triumph, was received at too late an hour to allow me to participate in that pleasure. I, however, was with you in spirit; as from my youth I have taken peculiar interest in the county of Chester, because in that county, in the vicinity of French Creek, my ancestors lived, and I received my own early education.

It is a noble sight, to see the democracy of a county almost hopelessly federal, return year after year, to the conflict, and thus prove that they possess a living and abiding faith, in the principles of Liberty and Equality.

Such a sight is presented by the democracy of your county, and political justice requires that they must finally have their reward.

What you say in regard to Gov. Shunk, is, in my estimation, justly due to one of the most faithful exponents of the rights of the masses, who has ever filled the executive chair. My own share in the recent triumph, was entirely secondary and incidental. It is, therefore, with no selfish joy, I join in the universal jubilee of all true democrats, and rejoice in the triumph of the Republican principle, over all the factions.

Be pleased to present my kind regards to the gentlemen with whom you are associated, and accept for them and for yourself, the sincere thanks of your friend,

MORRIS LONGSTRETH.

THE ONDERDONK CASE.—The New York Tribune learns "from good authority" that there was a serious error in a statement which appeared in the New York Courier and Enquirer, in relation to the action of the Court of Bishops, in the case of Bishop Onderdonk. The Tribune says:

Nor were the majority—the *sixteen* who were opposed to the *six*—all unfavorable to the Bishop of this diocese, as would appear by the statement of the *Courier*. The circumstances were these:—It was found that *thirteen* of the twenty five Bishops were against, and twelve in favor of his restoration. His friends, finding a majority in the opposition, desired to avoid any action of an oppressive or injurious character, and therefore *four* of them united with twelve who were present and opposed to him, in a resolution that he have leave to *withdraw his memorial*. This it is obvious, will not shut the door to his future restoration. Two or three were absent at the time, among whom one at least was his friend. Had the remaining six united with his other friends in voting for the latter resolution, the reason for the action of these four would have been probably better understood, as they themselves subsequently explained to the Bishop. The six, however, considered any measure insufficient which did not directly provide for his restoration.

The Tribune's informant remarks that one thing is certain, the General Convention has settled that the diocese is *not vacant*, and Dr. Onderdonk is, by consequence, the actual, though still suspended Bishop of New York.

☞ Years may pass over our heads without affording any opportunity for acts of high beneficence or extensive utility; whereas, not a day passes, but, in the common transactions of life, and especially in the intercourse of domestic society, gentleness finds place for causing the happiness of others, and strengthening in ourselves the habit of true virtue; nay, by seasonable discoveries of a humane spirit, we sometimes contribute more materially so the advancement of happiness, than by actions which are, seemingly, more important.

[*Blair.*

☞ We have been informed that the bids for annuity goods, for Indians, were opened yesterday at the Indian Department, and the contracts awarded to the following gentlemen, they being the lowest bidders:

Messrs. Grant & Barton, of New York, blankets and dry goods, deliverable at New York and St. Lous, Mo.

Simeon P. Smith, of New York, hardware, agricultural implements and axes, deliverable in New York.

Wm. N. Clem, of Brooklyn, New York, hardware, deliverable in St. Louis, Mo.

Edward R. Tryon, of Philadelphia, northwest guns, deliverable in Philadelphia.

[*Washington Union, Nov. 2.*

☞ The receipts of the Long Island Railroad Company from local fares and freights for the month of October, 1844, were $14,799, and for the same time in 1846, $10,082. Excess in 1847, $4,697, equal to 47 per cent. This is exclusive of Sunday travel, as the new managers of the company run no trains on that day.

☞ An instance of liberality on the part of the officers of our gallant little army in Mexico, is well worth recording: Capt. C., who fell in one of the late engagements, leaves a widow and several children in this city. His death was announced in terms of deep sorrow to the unfortunate lady, with a remittance from his brother officers of several hundred dollars. Generosity and bravery always go hand in hand.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

An Actor Dead.—Nathaniel H. Bannister, the well known actor and dramatist, died on the 2nd inst, in New York, aged 32 years.

Michigan Election!—Democratic Triumph!

The Detroit Free Press of Wednesday last brings to us the cheering intelligence that the ever true Democracy of the Peninsular State have achieved a glorious triumph over their Federal Mexican opponents.

The election was for Governor, Lieut. Governor and members of the State Legislature.

In the city of Detroit, the Democrats have a majority of 240; being the largest majority ever given! Every ward is Democratic!

AS GOES THE CITY, SO GOES THE STATE.

The Free Press says: "To our friends abroad we will say, that the democracy of Michigan are triumphant. The Peninsular State is the Banner State of the Union. Let it go forth to the democracy of the Union, that Mexican whiggery has no sympathisers here."

POSTSCRIPT.—By the mail of last night we received the Advertiser of the 4th, which contains accounts from towns in ten additional counties, which justify the editor in concluding that the Democratic candidates for Governor and Lieut. Governor are elected by a majority of from *six* to *ten* thousand.

Miss Curran—Emmet.—A correspondent at Rome of the Dublin Freeman, says:—"Miss Curran, daughter of one of the most patriotic and as I think, most eloquent of our countrymen, died about twelve days ago; she was no other, it appears, than the betrothed of poor Robert Emmet. I am acquainted with the clergyman who attended her last moments. She spoke, he assured me, frequently and feelingly of her father, and of her country, and during her illness, which was rather protracted and painful, evinced a nobleness of mind, and a heroic endurance of suffering above all commendation.—The story of her death, and previous connection with a young officer, as told by Washington Irving, and currently believed in Ireland, is, they say, without foundation. She fixed her residence in Rome sometime in 1840, when she was received into the Catholic Church by Cardinal Odescalchi, and since then, until her death, her life had been most exemplary, and her charities (considering her slender means) liberal in the extreme. May the Lord have mercy on her soul. Her father was a steady and uncompromising lover of his country, and we cannot better do honor to his memory than by sending up a pious prayer to the throne of mercy for the happiness of his child."

The Division in the Methodist Church.—A writer in the Nashville Christian Advocate, in a letter addressed to Rev Dr. Elliott, of Cincinnati, threatens, if the General Conference of the Northern Methodist Church should refuse to divide the property with the Church South, that a suit in chancery may be the result. And should the Court require the North to settle with the South on the plan of separation, he says that it would oblige them to pay over to the South at least $150,000, in annual instalments of $25,000 each. Should the Court disregard the plan of separation, and decide upon the principles of general equality, it will require the Northern Book Room to pay over at once a sum equal to $350,000 more or less.

A Volunteer Indeed.—Capt. Thistle did good service in the Florida war. He is a man of great military genius. He is now in Washington, and informs a correspondent of the New York Herald, that upon his own account, he proposes going down to Mexico, with his two beautiful portable pieces of light artillery, with all the necessary fixed ammunition, horses, harness and men. The correspondent says: Judging from experiments which we have seen heretofore with said artillery, they will be most efficient along the road between Vera Cruz and Mexico. He proposes to contract with the army for the supply of provisions, and to take his trains through under his own command, at his own expense, and by means of the arms of his own invention and manufacture.

A Soldier's Toilt.—An officer writing from the city of Mexico, after the capture, speaks as follows of the fatigues he and his comrades had undergone: "The next day we were marched into tolerable quarters, and once more made ourselves as comfortable as we could. But all we were weary them! For five days we had not changed our clothes or taken off our arms. We had not slept in a bed or had a comfortable meal; for three days and nights we had been under constant fire, and for two nights we had not slept."

Not Bad.—A Friend from East Machias, went to attend the dedication of a Roman Catholic Church in that place the other day. The interior of the building was crowded—a capital sermon was preached—and everybody was waiting for the ceremonies of the dedication, when the officiating priest quietly remarked that the building was unpaid for by the congregation, he could not in conscience dedicate it—"he could not give from them to God what was not theirs to render. When the Church legally belonged to them, we would with pleasure be the medium of presenting it to Heaven" An example this, not unworthy of being followed by Protestants.

As an evidence of the progress of civilization and refinement in Matamoras, we note the appearance in the streets of a first-class omnibus—a tiptop, out and-out Broadway *bon ton* affair. It creats quite an excitement among the Mexicans, and they are asking—"what's to come next?" The omnibus sports the name of "Harry Drees," an enterprising citizen, who imported it and designs it for the convenience of persons going to and from the steamboat landing.—*Matamoras Flag.*

Hon J. Cooper.—This gentleman left in the Sarah Spunk yesterday for Europe. He partook of a supper, last Friday evening, given to him by his Whig friends. He has, we learn, been entrusted with the agreeable duty of expressing to Pope Pius IX the sympathy of our government in his liberal efforts to advance the cause of rational liberty.

Philadelphia Times, November 2.

☞ We regret to learn, says the Harrisburg *Telegraph* of the 2d, the death of the Hon. Frederic Hummel, formerly an Associate Judge of Dauphin Judge Hummel was in the 65th year of his age.

Mr. Webster.—We are sorry to learn that this distinguished gentleman is laid up at his farm in Franklin, N. H., by a bilious attack.

☞ Mr. Isaac Rich, one of the proprietors of the mines of that name at Pottsville, was instantly killed on the 23rd ultimo, by an explosion of fire damp.

☞ There are in Pennsylvania, 205 divisions of the Sons of Temperance, having in the aggregate 24,889 members, being an increase of 8,639 during the present year.

☞ WHOOPING COUGH.—Messrs Editors—I observed some time ago a communication over the signature for "A Parent," stating that Dr. Jayne's Indian Expectorant had been the means of saving the lives of three of his children, who were suffering severely with whooping cough; and having, but a short time before, lost one of my children by that dreadful complaint, and having another, and my only child, suffering the greatest agony with the same disease, and in hourly expectation of its death, I was induced to purchase a bottle of it, and commenced using it according to the directions—and to the surprise of all it began to mend in fifteen minutes after we commenced using it, and the child has now completely recovered.

I have no acquaintance with Dr. Jayne, but I hereby return him a husband's and a father's grateful acknowledgments.

J. L. SIMPKINS.

Philadelphia, April 22d, 1846.

Jayne's Hair Tonic.—We commend to the attention of those desirous of restoring their hair or improving its beauty, to this elegant preparation We hear it every where highly spoken of, and especially by all who have made use of it, as greatly efficacious in stimulating the growth of the hair, and preventing and curing many affections of the skin. Its virtues are amply and sufficiently proved.—*N. Y. Sun.*

For sale in Pittsburgh at the PEKIN TEA STORE, 72 FOURTH street, near Wood—and at the Drug Store of H. P. Schwartz, Federal street, Allegheny City. mar4

LOCAL MATTERS.

DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE.—On Saturday, a boy about 14 years of age, named George Shedrick, while standing in a slaughter house in the Fifth ward, accidentally fell into a tub of hot water, and was severely scalded before taken out by men who were near. He instinctively rushed to the river *to cool himself*, and as a consequence, the fire struck in, and he ended his days in great agony on Sunday morning. It appears that he was standing near the tub, warming himself by the vapor from the boiling water, and being in the room of a man who was at work, was gently pushed aside, when he fell in. The Coroner was sent for and refused to go (very properly, we think, as this was not a case which required an Inquest,) but was sent for a second time, and consented to go, on being told that it was suspected that there had been foul play. No one is to blame in the matter, as the occurrence was one of those unavoidable accidents to which all are subject.

THE DEVIL AMONG THE EDITORS.—For some days past there has existed a terrible feud between the two houses of the Telegraph and the Dispatch. Of the origin of the controversy we know nothing; nor, are we aware of any grievances complained of by the parties. We have noticed their "hot shots" and been amused at their bitterness. Do they really think the public feel an interest in their private disputes, that they daily crowd their columns with personal abuse?

But it is not is, and the worst has come. From "paper bullets of the brain," they have resorted to cowhides and pistols; and hoped by these means to avenge their wounded sensibilities. On Thursday, the senior editor of the Dispatch assaulted the senior of the Telegraph, with whip in hand, but did not strike, for reasons best known to themselves. Each gave his own account of the affair, to which we refer those who are anxious to know all about it. On Saturday another affray occurred, in which the senior of the Dispatch and the junior of the Telegraph were the combatants. We have only heard one side of the story—that of the Telegraph, which paper came out in an "Extra" on Saturday, giving what purported to be a detailed statement of the occurrence. We presume the Dispatch or this morning will put a different coloring upon it. It appears, from all we can learn, that Mr. Foster drew a cowhide upon Mr. Clarke, whereupon the latter drew a pistol, which he snapped; then F. stepped into a tailor's shop.

No blood was shed!

ANOTHER OVERCOAT CASE.—On Friday evening, a man made information before Mayor Adams, of the loss of an overcoat, and gave the name of a person suspected of taking it. Officer Patterson made the arrest, and found a coat upon the fellow, which he acknowledged was not his; but there being no evidence against him, he was told to go and take the coat with him. He did leave, but refused to take the coat—on closer examination the informer finds that it is not his. Therefore, any person who has lost an overcoat lately, may find it at the Mayor's office.

ACQUITTED.—O'Brien, who was indicted for stealing some dry goods from Mr. McTighe, Market street, was tried and acquitted on Saturday.—The commonwealth failed to make out their case; though poor O'Brien had no witnesses. He was brought into Court unprepared; the Court requested Mr. Brice to take charge of his case, which he did and a good defence he made. Mr. Stewart for the Commonwealth made the best of the testimony.

☞ "The Harbinger," the organ of the American Associationists, will hereafter be published in New York, PARKE GOODWIN, EDITOR, assisted by Rev. Wm. H. Channing, Rev. Geo. Ripley, Rev. John S. Dwight, Chas. A. Dana, and others of the school. Will not W. S. Caldwell act as agent for this city? The paper will be enlarged.

THEATRE.—We are glad to say to our readers, that Mrs. Hunt, the celebrated American Tragic Actress, arrived yesterday, and will appear this evening.

A NEW WAY TO GET RID OF AN OLD LOVER.—A case occurred in one of the new wards, on Tuesday night, that exhibited any thing but affection. Ladies have various ways of "giving the mitten" to visitors whom they do not fancy—so we are informed—but a fair damsel, on the evening alluded to, in order to make quick and sure work, heaved a tin pan full of soft soap upon the noddle of her would be lover. He swore vengeance while covered with the slimy stuff; but soon cooled down, and reason hinted that the least said is soon est mended. He has suspended his calls for the season.

SWORD PRESENTATION.—We understand that a sword will be presented to James M Lain, second Lieutenant of the Rough and Ready Guards, this afternoon, at 6 o'clock, at the United States Hotel, by the Niagara Fire Company.

☞ Mr. H. Bannister, formerly of the Pittsburgh Theatre and author of not less than one hundred plays, died, a few days ago, in New York.

☞ Dr. Colton is still in Louisville.

☞ The Quarter Sessions did not meet on Saturday.

☞ We understand that the Sloan case comes up this morning at 10 o'clock.

PIANOS.—We call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Mellor, Wood street.

☞ See advertisement of "Information wanted."

MENAGERIE.—It will be observed that the Menagerie will remain two days more.

The Cry is Still they Come!—Some have already made their entry, and a whole Battalion are on their march. This is the season when *General* Disease makes his appearance, his troops are well disciplined and officered. General Consumption his chief warrior, is wending his way onwards, accompanied by his Pioneers. Wet Feet, Cough, Cold, Night Sweats, Spitting of Blood, Debility, Exhaustion, Flushings of the face, &c. &c., and those disturbers of the peace of mankind, Bronchial affections of the Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, &c. But thanks to Dr. Sherman, of New York, for his great invention, "*The All Healing Balsam,*" Try—and be *cured!*

Price 25 cents and $1 00 per bottle.

Sold by WM. JACKSON, at his Patent Medicine Warehouse and Boot and Shoe Store, 89 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, and by duly appointed Agents, in every town in the States. oct30

GREAT ITALIAN REMEDY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1846.

Being afflicted for some 8 years with that most listressing disease, the asthma, and for the last 3 years much of the time confined to my room, and at several different times my life was despaired of; I concluded to obtain some of Masoni's Sicilian Syrup, which was recommended to me by a friend from New York, who stated that it had cured some of the most inveterate cases known to the medical profession. Suffice it to say, that, after using the above medicine for about 4 weeks, I was entirely relieved, and I believe radically cured. Yours with respect,

OLIVER W. OWEN,
No 175 Bertram st., Philad'a.

Hays & Brockway, Wholesale and Retail Agents, see advertisement. feb22

DESPATCHES BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE MORNING POST.

ADDITIONAL NEWS!!

FURTHER PARTICULARS BY THE STEAMER CALEDONIA.

FAMINE IN IRELAND.

War in Switzerland Still Continues.

Royal Banks of Liverpool Suspended Payment.

BOSTON, Nov. 5, 12 o'clock, Night.

PROVISIONS.

BEEF—Prime Mess 86@92s. per tierce, ordinary 78@88s. per tierce; Mess per bbl. 40@52s. 6d. per bbl.; Ordinary 40@45s.; Prime 32@36s.; Extra India Family per tierce, 100@105s.

PORK—Prime Mess, new, per bbl., 00@37s.; Old, 48@50s.; Mess 65@70s.; Prime 45@50.

METALS—Lead, Pig in bond £16 10s@£17 10s.

BRITISH BAR IRON—£9 5s@£9 10s. Tin Plate 30@36s. per box.

HEMP—Dew Rotted per ton £28@30. Heckled £30@34.

The disastrous monetery pressure recorded in our last advices, has continued to rage during the last two weeks, with unabated severity, involving several additional failures, and infusing a deep and impenetrable gloom throughout the whole Commercial community of Great Britain. To such a point of inaccessibility has money now arrived, that there is scarcely any one house that can be looked upon without suspicion, no matter how exalted its position.

We may avoid further enunciations by stating that altogether 55 houses have either broken or suspended payment since the departure of the last steamer.

Yesterday it was announced that the Royal Bank of Liverpool had been compelled to suspend payment.

The money market continues most stringent, but the London papers of last night (the 18th) indulged hopes of a partial restoration and ease in exchanges, owing to the fact of a very heavy payment on the consol settlement. Consols commenced at 81@81¾ for transfers to day. Time bargains 81@81¾. The quotations closed at 81¼@81¾ Exchequer bills have been done at 15@20s. discount. Bank stock is quoted at 182@183—dull

MISCELLANEOUS.

Parliament has been prorogued till the 11th of November, when it will be further adjourned till the month of January, for the despatch of business.

The Lord Mayor of London gave a splendid entertainment to the Duke of Cambridge and a large company on Saturday week. The invitation included his Excellency the American minister and three Polish princes. Mr. Bancroft's health was proposed and his address was warmly received.

In Italy, Ferrara is about to be evacuated by the Austrian troops and the Pope left undisturbed in the exercise of his civic and administrative reforms.

The civil war in the several Cantons of Switzerland is still impending, and serious disturbances have occurred in the two Sicilies.

In Spain, Gen. Espartero has been suddenly displaced from the head of the new ministry and Navarez installed in his place. French influence and diplomacy have again triumphed in that country.

The prospects for Ireland during the approaching winter are gloomy enough. Famine, in an aggravated form, has already re-appeared, and the Queen has issued a letter commanding general collections to be raised, in the established church, for their relief.

POSTCRIPT.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19th, 2 P. M.

The markets up to this moment are losing ground. Flour cannot be quoted beyond 26s. ⅌ bbl., and corn has no tendency to rise above 30s. ⅌ qr.

The stopping of the Liverpool Banking Company has just been officially announced, and we are glad to learn that their liabilities are not heavy.

The cotton market is very much depressed.

Latest from the South.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7th, 9h. P. M.

The mails are all received, but give no later advices from the Mexican capital. Col. B. A. Miller, bearer of despatches to Gen. Taylor, went out in the James B. Day, for Brazos Santiago.

The Delta contains an intimation that the despatches which he carries, contain orders to the General to hold in check any parties making warlike demonstrations in the Northern Provinces of Mexico; and that fresh troops will be sent to him as soon as practicable.

The steamship Narragansett, bound to New Orleans, went ashore on the 23d ult. 65 miles south of St. Augustine; and is supposed to be a total loss.

The Washington Union says that Gen. Taylor has asked and obtained leave of absence from the army, for six months; and that he was expected to reach New Orleans by the first of December.

Roger Kelly, aged 18 years, was shot on Friday night, in a street fight, among the Southwark boys. Fifteen men having testified that Samuel Cowperthwaite perpetrated the act, he was arrested and committed for trial.

NEW YORK MARKET.

November 6, 3 P. M.

FLOUR—The effect of the Foreign news upon the market is not yet fully developed, in consequence of which the market is in an unsettled state. Holders are anxious for sales, and are asking less than the last quoted figures. There are more sellers than buyers. Prices are nominal, with sales of Genesee at $6.37.

GRAIN—Market at a stand.

COTTON—A decline of ¼ c. is reported.

FANCY STOCKS are in a depressed condition

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

November 6, 4 P. M.

FLOUR—Prices are on the decline. Dealers awaiting the receipt of private letters. The Foreign newshad a depressing effect.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

November 6, 3 P. M.

FLOUR—Sales of Howard street, not strictly prime, at $6,00. Dealers are awaiting receipt of private letters. City Mills, not strictly prime, held at $6,12. The Foreign news has had a depressing effect.

WHEAT—Sales prime White at $1,28@1,31—Sales prime Red at $1,25.

CORN—Sales prime White at 62@60c.; prime Yellow at 67c.

OATS—Sales at 34@40.

BEEF CATTLE—Sales at $2 93 ⅌ 100 lbs.

KILLED HOGS—Sales at $6 50.

STOCKS—Market dull, with downward tendency.

COFFEE—Supply in first hands small.

WOOL—Sales at 30c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKEY—Sales at 28c.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Manager.....C. S. PORTER.

PRIVATE BOXES $5; SINGLE TICKETS 75 CTS.
Dress Circle, 50 cents. | Second Box, 35 cents.
Pit, 25 " | Gallery, 20 "

The public is respectfully informed that MRS HUNT, and will appear this evening, in two favorite parts.

2nd night of the engagement of the two renowned Darkies, NEEL JAMISON, the great Banjo player, And JOHN STICKNEY, the Tambourineist,

FOR PARTICULARS SEE SMALL BILLS.

RAYMOND & WARING'S
Two Menageries United,
CONSISTING OF
150 LIVING SPECIMENS OF NATURAL HISTORY,
FOR TWO NIGHTS MORE.

THE proprietors respectfully announce to the public, that in order to give all who may desire to do so, an opportunity of visiting their large collection of animals, they will continue to exhibit them at the Pavilion on Penn street, for two days more only, on Monday, and Tuesday, Nov. 8th and 9th. Open each day from 11 to 4 o'clock, P. M.; also from 7 till 10.

Admission, 25 cents; children under 10, 15 cents.

PIANOS.

CHICKERING. One splendid rose wood six and a half Octave Piano forte, made by Chickering, Boston.

HERZ. One semi grand Piano-forte, from the manufactory of Henri Herz, Paris. 6½ Octaves.

GALE & CO. One carved Rosewood six Octave, made by Gale & Co., N. York. One ditto mahogany six and a half Octave.

STODART, New York. One elegant mahogany Piano, six Octave, which has been in use about a year. Price $200.

Second Hand Pianos.

An excellent second hand Piano, made by Loud and Brothers, in good order. Price $100.

One second hand Piano. Price, $60.

For sale by JOHN H. MELLOR,
nov8 81 Wood street.

FLAXSEED OIL—10 bbls. just received and for sale by F. SELLERS,
oct8 No. 17, Liberty street.

Information Wanted.

OF PATRICK RYAN, of Killfindj county Tipperary, Ireland, who left home about eleven years ago, and landed in this country. When last heard from he resided in Vincennes, Indiana. His brother is now in Wilkinsburgh, near this city, and is anxious to hear from him. Any information will be thankfully received. Address JAMES RYAN, Wilkinsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa. nov8-2tw

A REWARD will be given, to any person who will make known to me the name of the individual who cut a paragraph out of the New Orleans Picayune, of the 23d ultimo, belonging to the Board of Trade Rooms. JAS. GALBRAITH, Janitor.

MORGAN'S COUGH SYRUP—Another life saved by using this great and best of cough medicines in time. It only costs 25 cents a bottle.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 12, 1845.

Mr. John D. Morgan: Dear Sir