The Daily Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS R. SHUNK,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MORRIS LONGSTRETH,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

SENATE—ALEX. BLACK.
ASSEMBLY—JAMES B. SAWYER,
J. H. M'ELHENNY,
JOSEPH COOPER,
JAMES S. LONG.
TREASURER—JOHN C. DAVITT.
COMMISSIONER—R. DONALDSON.
AUDITOR—EDWARD M'CORKLE.

The Piratical Press.

With an open, frank, and manly political opponent—a man who shows his true colors, and sails under no false disguises—there is pleasure in contending; for, while he practices no deceit, there is no difficulty in knowing the position he occupies. A newspaper Editor who advocates "whig" *principles*, we can admire; and although we may contend against his political heresies, we cannot avoid giving him credit for sincerity at least. But the "Independent," or more properly speaking *Piratical* press of the country, we despise from the bottom of our heart. Although the most of these papers affect honesty and independence, we have discovered that they take sides with the Federalists, and against the Democrats, on almost every important measure. All their energies and talents are employed in advocating the same doctrines and measures which occupy the thoughts of the avowed federal whigs. They never originate an idea or an opinion—the sentiments they put forth are nothing but federalism under a new disguise—vamped up in another form, to appear, if possible, less objectionable to the great mass of readers; but those sentiments are, in reality, more dangerous, because of the falsehood and hypocrisy that are thus encircled around them.

There has scarcely been a measure before the country for the last five years, but we have found the "independent" press taking the federal side in the discussion. Frequently, however, this press has the "independence" to remain *neutral*, or *silent*, on many questions of magnitude, fearing that an honest expression of opinion might seriously affect its standing with its federal supporters.

When a democratic Congress repealed the unequal, obnoxious and oppressive Tariff of 1842—a Tariff which *protected* the wealthy and favored few, and abstracted the hard earned money from the pockets of the laboring man to support those wealthy nabobs, the "independent," or *piratical* press of the country, went as far as the most rabid and ultra federalists could go, in denouncing the act, as one fraught with ruin to the manufacturing interests of the country. The new revenue law, although framed expressly to meet the demands of the country—protecting no class or interest at the expense of another—extending favors equally to all—was assailed by the piratical crew with all their malevolent ferocity. The Hon. GEORGE M. DALLAS, Presiding officer of the Senate, for casting his vote on the side his conscience told him was right, was stigmatised as a "traitor" by these inmaculate presses; and all the vile denunciations conceivable were heaped upon his devoted head. In fact, the federal presses were far outdone by the freebooters, in the works of vituperation!

Again, when a Federal Senate expelled the venerable Editor of the Washington Union, from his privileged seat in that body, for daring to publish in his paper a communication which expressed, at the time, the honestly entertained opinions of a large mass of the American people, the "independent" papers—or at least a large portion of them—took sides with the federalits, in their onslaught against the "liberty of the press." One of these hybrid concerns, not an hundred miles from this city, far outstripped the most zealous federal sheets in its violent abuse of "father RITCHIE."

Ever since the country became involved in a war wi h Mexico—a war that is every way just and necessary—the *piratical* press has joined hands with the federalists, in taking part with the plundering Mexicans—the invaders of our soil, and the murderers of our citizens. It is enough to make one's blood boil with righteous indignation to see papers *professing* "independence" assail their government in the most piratical and treasonable manner. These papers have falsely and wickedly asserted that the war was commenced by the Executive, for the purpose of acquiring additional Southern territory, and in this way extend the institution of Slavery. Assertions of this kind are well calculated to dampen the ardor of the patriotic men who have left their friends, and all the endearments that cluster around their homes, to battle for the country's rights in the distant South. The most ultra fanatic of the Corwin and Greeley stamp, never put forth an assertion more flagrantly false than the above.

The great mass of the Democratic party have labored zealously to bring about the adoption of the Ten Hour System throughout the country. They have contended that it is unjust and oppressive, for the operatives of manufacturing establishments to perform from fourteen to sixteen hours of labor each day, thereby injuring their health and depriving them of hours of social and intellectual enjoyment. This course on the part of the Democratic press, has met with opposition from monopolists only—men who worship the Almighty Dollar more than the Good Being who said—"Oppress not the weak;" "Do unto others as ye would others should do unto you." But where do we find the self-styled "independent" press? On the side of Right against Wrong? No—far from it. These *piratical* concerns have not the independence to speak out in behalf of a just measure, lest they should lose the confidence and patronage of their Federal supporters. On the contrary, they pursue that very course, which is best calculated to discourage those who only ask what humanity should not hesitate to grant.

A communication by accident appeared in the columns of a Democratic paper, in relation to the clergy of Mexico opposing a treaty of peace between that country and this, and applying the immense revenues of the church in carrying on the war. Although the editor of the paper subsequently stated that the article in question was published without his knowledge or consent, and that the President and every member of his Cabinet disapproved of the suggestions and sentiments it contained—notwithstanding all this, the "independent" or *piratical* press, joined with the Federalists in reiterating the monstrous falsehood that it was the policy of the present Democratic administration *to rob the churches of Mexico!* That this was done for the purpose of aiding the Federal party in the elections this summer and fall, is plain to every man of the most common understanding.

It is scarcely necessary to go into a detailed exposition of the federal tendencies of the "independent" or *piratical* press of the country. They have no fixed principles to govern them.—While they *pretend* to extend equal favors to all parties, they naturally lean towards the party from whom they receive their chief support.—They can blow hot or cold, just as occasion requires. They will support or oppose a measure, after calculating which side will bring to them the most bread and butter.

Presses such as we have described, should receive no encouragement or countenance from the honest Democracy of the country—they are deadly enemies to all those sacred principles, for which our party has contended since the organization of our National Government. In every respect they are less entitled to confidence than the avowed Federal Whig papers—the latter always show their true colors, while the former sail under the black piratical flag!

"He is Somebody's Son!"

We have seen an article in some of the papers, which states that a lady (who saw a little boy thrown from a vehicle, which was almost destroyed, from the horse attached to it having been frightened and running away,) fainted at the sight. All supposed that she was the mother of the boy, or at least a near relative; but in answer to their inquiries she said—"No, he is not my son; but he is somebody's son!" How beautiful an illustration of genuine kindness, of human sympathy, is here presented; and how much like the expression of true hearted, generous woman in general was that reply! What a tremendous load of human suffering might be removed, if our race, in general, were prompted by the feelings which gave rise to that answer.

Do you see a fellow mortal pursuing a course in life, which will certainly lead to injury, to want, or perhaps to disgrace and ruin—what should be the sentiment of the soul, what course should be pursued, in order to avert the impending evil? "He is somebody's son!" Perhaps he has wandered far from the haunts of his youth; there are none about him, or near him, whose voice cheered, and whose smile encouraged his youthful hopes; or whose kindness restrained the too easily excited disposition to err;—no delightful scene of happy childishness, to call back his soul to the memory of hours when he was innocent. Perhaps a father's voice cannot now be heard, to give the word of admonition; no mother to entreat her child to walk not in the way of sin;—once a gentle sister may have led him unwittingly along the path of virtue; or a brother shared with him those joys, which both might share without regret;—but now, perhaps, he is a stranger; none to care for him; none to sympathise with him. Yet—"he is somebody's son!" He is a fellow being, alike destined for immortality with ourselves; prompted, perhaps, by the same desires; subject, it may be, to impulses very nearly like our own; if we but sought to find out the hidden springs of action in that soul.

Reader—it may never have been your lot to know the cares, or bear the sorrows of the stranger. If so, you can scarcely know how to touch those chords in his soul, which will instantly vibrate in unison with your own; but, though you may never have known the one, or felt the other, you have yet a means by which to reach him, perhaps to save him. The proud and mighty king of beasts, the timid bird, the scaly habitant of the brook and the flood; even the creeping reptile, may be won to your purpose, by extending over him the law of love. And is not thy fellow man—esteemed the noblest work of his Maker—to be won most easily by that holy influence, so holy, so near an approximation to the Great First Cause of all things, that even the least perfect of His creatures obey its influences? Assuredly he is.—Thus exert thy influence over him—persevere in your efforts—and his soul must become united with your own.

A New Movement.

A large number of the citizens of Charleston, S C., without regard to party, have addressed a circular to all the principal Slaveholders in the south, for the purpose of raising money to commence the publication of a new paper in the city of Washington, to advocate the views of Southern men in relation to Slavery. After referring, at considerable length, to the rapid progress of the Anti Slavery spirit at the North, the signers of the circular go on to say:

The Abolitionists have throughout the non-slaveholding States presses zealously, ably, and efficiently, enforcing their views, and presenting *their* paramount principle—and they have lately established an organ in the city of Washington.

We have, in the South, papers of both parties worthy of all confidence, but these are but little read elsewhere; and there is no one of them of very general circulation, even in the Southern States, and we have not one paper in a non-slaveholding State, and none in the city of Washington, which, in this emergency, has proved a fast and fearless friend; not one which habitually reflects *the public sentiment of the South* on this question. The Intelligencer blinks the question; the Union rebukes equally the spirit of Abolition, and the spirit which resists its aggressions; and with *all*, except the Abolitionists themselves, *party success*, with its triumph and its spoils, is the absorbing, if not the sole consideration.

The object of this communication is to obtain your aid and active co-operation, in establishing, at *Washington*, a paper which shall represent Southern views on the subject of SLAVERY—Southern views of Southern rights and interests, growing out of and connected with this institution.

We want a paper whose polar star shall be the sentiment, "that danger to our institutions can only be averted by jealously watching our rights under the Constitution; by insisting upon the proportionate influence intended to be secured to us by the compromises of that compact; and above all by maintaining, at all times, and at all hazards, our equality, full and complete, with whatever other communities we hold connection." We wish a paper which we can *trust*, firm and fearless, which cannot be bribed, cajoled flattered, or frightened, into furling, for an instant, the *Banner of Southern Equality*.

To effect this we must render the press free from party influences, and unite in its support others besides politicians. We would therefore desire to engage in the undertaking men in every way *independent*, and whose means and positions are such as free them from all temptations of profit or place.

If you concur in our views, please confer with us, as soon as practicable, and inform us what amount in money you are willing, yourself, to contribute to effect this object, and how much you think can be raised in your immediate neighborhood.

Enclosed you will find a subscription, with a heading, setting forth the principles on which it is proposed to establish the paper. If you approve of it, please obtain such signatures and return the list, by mail, to this place, by the 15th of September next.

Address your communications to ISAAC W. HAYNE, Esq., No 3 State street, who has consented until the proposed association is fully organized to act as Secretary and Treasurer.

TENNESSEE.—The most reliable accounts which we have of the late election in this State, give NEIL S. BROWN, the Federal candidate for Governor, about 900 majority over AARON V. BROWN, the Democratic candidate; a Federal majority of eight on joint ballot in the Legislature; and six Democrats and five Federalists as Representatives in Congress.

Death of the Hon. Silas Wright.

We briefly announced the death of the Hon. SILAS WRIGHT, in our telegraphic despatch of yesterday morning. The intelligence of the death of this great states man, will produce a heart-felt sensation throughout the country. He was a gentleman of extraordinary intellectual faculties; and in consequence of his exalted virtues, unsullied honesty, and ardent devotion to Principle, he secured for himself the proud appellation of the "American Cato." Throughout life he has been the bosom-friend of Mr. VAN BUREN, and their very existence appeared to have been blended together. Both were sons of poor parents, but by untiring industry, close study, and indomitable perseverance, they reached the most exalted stations in the gift of the freemen of this great Republic.

Mr. WRIGHT was for many years a Senator in Congress from the state of New York, and while in that body, he acquired the character of a ready and powerful debater—always courteous and eloquent, but firm and uncompromising. As a logician, he had few equals, and no superiors. While Governor of the Empire State, his administration was marked by honesty, economy, and fidelity.—He made it his study to see that the laws were faithfully executed. In 1844, the Democratic National Convention, at Baltimore, tentered Mr. WRIGHT a nomination for Presidency, but he instantly declined the the distinguished honor, preferring the retiracy of private life to a seat in the Presidential mansion.

Although Mr. WRIGHT has gone to his long home—that "bourne from whence no traveler returns"—yet his memory will not die. Throughout all time his name will live in the hearts of his countrymen, and will be associated with those of Jefferson, and Franklin, and Madison, and Henry, and Jackson, and Van Buren, and the other great men of America, whose lives have been devoted to the cause of their country.

☞ The Whig party and papers in Ohio, with but a very few exceptions, are opposed to the Taylor movement, which was started by a few old broken down politicians, who are bankrupts in fortune and principle. The Ohio whigs want McLean or Corwin for their candidate. Here is what the Xenia Torch Light, one of the leading federal papers in that state, says in relation to General Taylor's letters:

From the Torch Light.

TAYLOR LETTERS.

In another part of to-day's paper we publish three letters from Gen. Taylor, all written upon the subject of the Presidency, and in reply to letters addressed to him. We have said heretofore that the positive assertion which has been so often made and reiterated that Gen. Taylor was a Whig, and would carry out whig measures, was made and repeated without the authors of it knowing or caring whether it was true or not. All knowledge which the people of this country have of his political opinions, has been derived from men who had first resolved to force him on the whig party, and who were therefore interested in making the people believe their assertions. In every letter that the old General has yet written, on the subject of the Presidency, he has most positively refused to be regarded as of either party, and, John Tyler-like, he says, "If I ever fill that high office, it must be untrammelled with party obligations or interests of any kind."

For the Pittsburgh Morning Post.

MR EDITOR—In your paper of Saturday I observed a communication, signed "Wilkins Township," in which it is stated that one of the whig candidates for Assembly "is, and long has been, an open and avowed Infidel." To whom does your correspondent refer? I think he should have been more explicit. I am utterly opposed to this thing of parading a man's religious opinions before the public, when a candidate for office. If a candidate comes up to the Jeffersonian standard "*Is he honest—is he capable—is he faithful to the Constitution?*"—I, for one, am satisfied. But it appears that the whig party of this county, through their organ, the Gazette, are setting up new tests to judge of a candidate's qualifications for office. If that Editor was *honest* and *sincere* in rejoicing over the defeat of ROBERT DALE OWEN, in Indiana, I should like to know how he can *conscientiously* support the whig Assembly ticket, if it is true, as stated by your correspondent, that one of the men composing that ticket "is and long has been, an open and avowed Infidel!" HONESTY.

☞ Our correspondent "Honesty" must certainly have a limited knowledge of the Federal mode of warfare. If a *Democrat* happens to entertain views on any question which differ from those of the great mass of mankind, he is abused and villified and dogged on every side; but if a "*Whig*" entertains views ten fold more objectionable, he is, in their estimation, a "marvelous proper man." A person may be a profane swearer, a Sabbath-breaker, a gambler, a horse-racer, a debauchee, or an infidel, but if he believes in the orthodoxy of Federal Whiggery, he is honored, promoted and almost deified by that party—he is one of "the decency"—and all his immoralities and excesses are therefore kindly overlooked. Should a Democrat, however, commit a single impropriety, even though the wrong should be of a questionable character, he is doomed to encounter the wrath and vengeance of the Federal leaders, who possess "*all* the intelligence, and *all* the decency, and *all* the morality, and *all* the religion" of the country—*in their own estimation!*

SECRETARY WALKER.—The Washington Union of Saturday night says: "Mr. Walker, the Secretary of the Treasury, has returned to his post this day, and we are happy to understand with improved health, renovated spirits, and with the deepest sense of the kindness which he has deservedly experienced on all hands from a country which knows how to appreciate his services, his talents, and his principles."

FIVE THOUSAND TROOPS ORDERED OUT.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun under date of August 17, 6 P. M., writes: "I learn from good authority that the President has issued requisitions for five more regiments of volunteers—two from Tennessee, two from Kentucky and one from Indiana. The design of the Government is said to be to have thirty thousand men under Gen. Scott by the close of September."

☞ Col. MAY, the Hero of Palo Alto, arrived at Carlisle, where he will be stationed for some months, as commanding officer of the Garrison near that borough. The Democrat states that it is the intention of the Colonel to open a cavalry School there, and render by discipline, this arm of our service as affective as possible.

☞ The Federal Convention of Dauphin county passed resolutions in favor of General SCOTT for the Presidency. This is sticking to "the first love of the old Anti masons."

☞ The Ohio Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will commence in Columbus on the 1st day of September. The Statesman says that this is the old, regular Northern Ohio Conference, and it is expected that over 200 ministers will be present.

☞ The Grand Jury of Cumberland County, found a true bill against Professor McClintock, of Dickinson College, who is charged with having participated in the riot at Carlisle in June last.

The Pennsylvania Railroad.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. COMP'Y,
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 20, 1847.

To Messrs Bakewell, Avery, M'Candless, Shoenberger, Lyon, Jackson, Morehead, and Eichbaum, Commissioners Penn'a Rail Road.

Gentlemen.—The Directors of the Pennsylvania Rail Road Company feel sensible of the service you have rendered in superintending the subscription to the stock of the Company, a few weeks since, and no doubt that the interest you take in forwarding this important work, will induce you, when another occasion offers, to undertake the same task, and, I hope, with a success commensurate with your own wishes.

In watching the progress of events, it is evident that the time approaches when a more hearty co-operation on the part of your citizens and public institutions, may be expected, and that we may look with confidence to such a subscription as will enable the Directors to prosecute this great work with redoubled energy.

That you may fully appreciate our position and your own, in relation to the Pennsylvania Rail Road, it is proper to present to you, in a few words the policy which governs the Board in conducting the work, in order that you may understand how important it is to the interest of both cities that a strong effort should be made by our Western fellow citizens in its behalf.

The Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road Company having resolved to make the terminus of their Road at Wheeling, the Charter of the Connellsville Rail Road Company is now of no avail as a means of junction with that road, and the citizens of Pittsburgh must look to a connection with Philadelphia as the only direct outlet for their growing trade, to the Atlantic.

To insure the passage of the trade of the Ohio Rail Roads through Pittsburgh, instead of through Wheeling, to Baltimore, they must also look to an early junction by Rail Road, between their city and the State line of Ohio, to join with any road that may be made through the State of Ohio, to meet them at that point.

Many eminent and influential citizens of Pittsburgh held the opinion that the energies and means of that city should be directed, now, to this junction, leaving the city of Philadelphia, to complete the road they have commenced to Pittsburgh, and that to effect this object, the subscriptions to the Connellsville Company ought, under the Supplement to that Charter, to be at once applied to that object.

As in the discussions which are likely to ensue this view will be taken by gentlemen whose opinions are entitled to great respect, it is proper that I should endeavor to show that the true policy of Pittsburgh dictates a movement which will bring hope to her doors, at a much earlier period than can be affected by such a course.

The public works of Pennsylvania are avowedly incompetent to carry forward all the trade that the west is able to pour into Pittsburgh even with the present channels of communication. Until therefore another avenue is open to the Atlantic, a railroad along the Banks of the Ohio would not be available and consequently any expenditure upon such a road would at this time be premature.

The citizens of Ohio, where a spirit of public improvement prevails to an unprecedented extent, are looking with intense interest upon the opertions of the two rival companies who are about opening avenues of trade for their products to the Atlantic markets.

The effects of that State have heretofore been confined to the approaches to the Lake, because the New York improvements offered the greatest facilities for reaching a market. But now, in view of a Pennsylvania Improvement, a road is projected, and will certainly be made, traversing the great belt of table lands in an East and West direction, fertile to the last degree, and burthened with cereal products. This road tends towards Pittsburgh, and will, without doubt, reach that point, when the connection is complete, and can go to no other with facility.

The road from Cincinnati North is now branching in an Easterly direction, and will soon be under course of construction to Newark.

From that point its projectors will watch with interest to ascertain its speediest connection with the seaboard, and whether the Baltimore road or the Pennsylvania road gives the surest indications of rapid completion thither will that road tend, and hence the motive to all Pennsylvania to exert their utmost energies to complete their road in the shortest possible time.

Let us now look for a moment to see how this is to be effected.

The Pennsylvania Rail Rail may be divided into three important sections.

1st.—From Harrisburg to the Allegheny Mountains.

2d. The road crossing the Mountains.

3d. From the base of the Mountains to Pittsburgh.

For the first division the Company are now in possession of ample funds, by the liberal subscription of the city of Philadelphia and her citizens. It has, however, no more funds at command than are necessary for that object—and hence with but a small exception, (the Western fifteen miles) is obliged to confine its efforts to that object, in order to bring the road into a condition to remunerate the Stockholders at the earliest possible period. This division is now being pressed with vigor,—more than half of the distance will be under contract for construction this year, and the remainder early next summer.

It is the intention, when this division is completed, to connect it for a time with the State Portage road, in order that a continuous line may be available to the Western base of the Mountains, until the Western division is made, and time allowed to make a permanent location across the Allegheny without an inclined plane, the practicability of which is fully ascertained.

As the second division by the temporary aid of the Portage Rail Road, may be postponed to the last, the efforts of the Company will, upon the completion of the first, be directed to the third or Western division, being sure that confidence in the road, when made to that point, will furnish funds requisite to its completion to Pittsburgh.

The nature of the country through which a part of the Western division of the road passes, is adverse to such an improvement, and time must elapse before its asperities can be reduced. About twenty five miles of the country between the Monongahela and the Conemaugh presents obstacles which must be overcome by deep cutting and tunnels, necessarily slow in construction. This division, though shorter by some fifty miles, will require quite as much time in construction as the eastern section, which presents more favorable circumstances.

If therefore we are compelled to postpone the commencement of the western division until the eastern is finished the whole work will require double the time that it would if both divisions were put under construction at the same period.—But if the means are provided to commence the western division as soon as the surveys are complete, the two sections can be made simultaneously, and a railroad connection be made between the two cities at least two years sooner than if the policy is pursued which present circumstances dictate.

The question, therefore, for your citizens to decide is will they expedite by their subscriptions the opening of a continuous railroad between their own market, and the Atlantic, or will they bestow their energies upon a road which cannot be made available to any useful extent for the next five or six years.

I look with confidence to the response. The Pennsylvania road must be pressed with vigor.

To effect this great object and enable the directors to press forward both divisions of the road at the same time, a million of dollars is wanted from the Western counties. That million under the provisions of the ordinance will draw another million from the treasury of the city of Philadelphia—and these two millions shall be exclusively devoted to the western division, which will be urged as fast as the nature of the country will admit.

You ask, if our funds are devoted to the Central Railroad, how shall the connecting link be made between Pittsburgh and the Ohio state line? The answer is plain. The Pennsylvania Railroad have adopted a determinate policy to issue no bonds. This company will complete their road unshackelled by debt and when complete it is competent to any enterprise, tending to increase its usefulness or profit, and it will guarantee the funds that may be required for that purpose, so soon as its own position and the condition of the Ohio roads shall make such a connecting link advisable.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company will stand pledged to furnish to you the funds for the river road, so soon as the occasion warrants its construction. Now, we want your hearty, energetic assistance, to place the Pennsylvania road in such a position which shall ensure the tendency of the Ohio Central road to such a point as it can thro' your city connect with it, and pledge ourselves to consummate that connection. Very respectfully,

J. V. MERRICK,
President Pennsylvania Railroad Co.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE LAUGHING GAS.—This evening, at the Athenæum, Dr. Colton gives his Exhibition of the curious effects produced by breathing the nitrous oxide, or, what has been called "laughing gas." It will be a novel, exciting and mirth moving affair. Dr. Colton has made arrangements to administer the Gas only to gentlemen of respectability, and to offer a scientific and intellectual entertainment, worthy of the patronage of the best class of ladies and gentlemen. It will be no common affair.

The entertainment closes with a number of brilliant Philosohical Experiments.

☞ Calling on our friend FOSTER, at the Athenæum, on yesterday morning, we found him busy making further improvements in the Concert Room. He is determined to make this one of the most pleasant places of amusement in the city; and the arrangements which he is making to please the public will, we are sure, meet with the approbation of our citizens. In a large city like ours, there is the means for an abundant support of more than one such place of resort as his will be; and as competition is the life of business, the amusements and entertainments in all will no doubt be greatly improved.

LARCENY AND ABDUCTION.—A man named Nelson Davis, from Detroit, Michigan, on Sunday, made information before Mayor Adams, against W. H. Taylor, a vender of patent vices, for the larceny of a trunk and carpet bag, at Detroit. It appears from Davis' statement, that while he was on business at Milwaukie, Taylor prevailed upon his wife to elope with him; and they took with them the articles described in the information. He followed them to Cleveland, and there found that they had left for Pittsburgh. He came on, and discovered them. Watchman Findley arrested Taylor at Bell's tavern, on Saturday morning. He was held to bail for his appearance on Monday morning. He appeared, and after examination, was committed to jail to await the requisition of the Governor of Michigan.

We have only given one side of this story. We understand that there is another version of the transaction, which considerably relieves it of the criminal aspect which it bears.

MONEY STOLEN FROM A STEAMBOAT.—A Telegraphic Despatch was yesterday received at the Independent Police office, from the Marshall of Cincinnati, giving information of a robbery committed on board the steamer Avalanche, lying at that port. A young man, whose name we withhold, was suspected, who left immediately on the Rio Grande. He was arrested at Wheeling, and examined; but no evidence of guilt could be discovered. None of the money was found about him. The Independents arrested him yesterday morning; but he was soon discharged. The opinion here is that he is innocent.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.—The East Common Methodist Church, (Allegheny city,) was crowded on Sunday morning with an auditory who gathered there in expectation of hearing a sermon from Rev. T. H. STOCKTON, of Philadelphia; but it was announced that the eloquent gentlemen had not arrived. The greater portion of the people immediately left the church. We understand that Mr. Stockton was lying ill at Elizabeth.

HOW MR. STUCK GOT STUCK.—See advertisement in another column. Should the individual who received the cash be honest, the affair may come out right yet; but we fear that a package containing $215 will be a temptation that cannot be resisted. Here is another warning to men never to be in a hurry. There is a story told of a man who "was in a hurry one day and he died, poor fellow." Mr. Stuck would not have met with the loss had he not been in such haste to get to a steamboat.

☞ The most valuable and beautifully situated property offered at Auction for many years, either for building or manufacturing purposes, divided into 41 building lots, on some of which there are good brick and frame dwelling houses; also, sundry machinery and tools, connected with the Rope making business, will be sold on the premises near the Allegheny Arsenal, and opposite the new Cemetery, this morning, at 10 o'clock precisely, by order of George Gochran, Esq., attorney in fact for Bank of Pennsylvania. The sale will be positive.

DIED, in Louisville, Ky., on the 21st inst., Mr. JACOB BURKLE, a citizen of Pittsburgh.

☞ The Telegraph reports a number of burglaries that have recently taken place in the neighborhood of the city.

☞ Some of our Tailors and seamstresses are busy making dresses for the great *Fancy Dress Ball*, to come off on the Tenth.

☞ Wm. S. Caldwell has a file of Bradford's "*Mercury*," printed in Philadelphia 117 years ago. It is a curiosity.

MUSICAL ACADEMY.—We call attention to the advertisement of the Pittsburgh Musical Academy, which will be found in another column. It's Fall session commenced yesterday.

LIFE, Religious opinions and Experience of Madam De La Mothe Guyon, together with the Personal History and Religious opinions of Fenelon, Archbishop of Cambray. By Prof. Upham.
The Powers of the Soul over the Body in relation to Health and Morals. By George Moore, M. D.
Washington and Generals. By T. J. Headley.
Fresh Gleanings, or a New Sheaf from the Old Fields of Continental Europe. By J. K. Marvel.
The Girondists, or Personal Memoirs of the Patriots of the French Revolution. By Mou. Lemartine.
Tales, in Prose, for the Young. By Mary Howitt.
Men, Women and Books. By Leigh Hunt.
For sale at the Book store of
ELLIOTT & ENGLISH,
aug31 No. 56, Market st.

ANIMAL MAGNETISM—Practical Instructions in Animal Magnetism, by J. P. F. Delewye; description of remarkable cases in the United States; bound edition. Just received and for sale at
aug31 MORSE'S.

SUP. CARB. SODA: 1000 lb English, just rec'd and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
aug31 corner of First and Wood sts.

DOMBEY & SON—The first part, containing the first ten numbers. For sale at
aug31 MORSE'S.

TARTARIC ACID: 5 Cases, just received and for sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
aug31 corner of First and Wood sts.

CHLORIDE LIME: 10 Casks best American, just received and for sale by
B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.
aug31 corner of First and Wood sts.

CHROME GREEN: 28 boxes; just received and for sale by HAYS & BROCKWAY,
aug27 near Canal Basin.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.
COMMITTEE FOR AUGUST.
Jas. May, Geo. Weyman, Jas. Marshall.

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.
2 FEET WATER IN THE CHANNEL.

ARRIVED.
Comet, Boyd, Cincinnati.
Newark, Bishop, Zanesville.
Magnet, Carothers, Beaver
Skipper, Hemphill, Beaver
Louis McLane, Bennet, Brownsville

DEPARTED.
Genesee, Hunter, Cincinnati
Pilot No 2, Hazlett, Beaver
Skipper, Stoops, Beaver
American Star, Hanna, Louisville
Magnet, Carothers, Beaver

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—DAILY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE POST,
TUESDAY MORNING, August 31, 1847.

BACON—There is an improvement in the price of Bacon, and the demand is quite brisk, for Hams especially. Sales of 6 casks at 9c. per lb. Sugar coated Hams are selling at 9½@10c. per lb. Sales 3 casks Shoulders at 7c. per lb, with a fair demand. Sides are but little inquired after; the price is nominally 8½c. per lb.

OATS—Sales of 400 bu. at 26c. per bu. The demand is large.

WHEAT—Sales 100 bu. at 90c. per bu. Market quiet.

BARLEY—Sales of new Barley at 40@45c. per bu.

FLOUR—No arrivals yesterday, save a few waggon loads, which sold at $4,75@4,80 per bbl. Selling from store by the dray load at $4,87½, and by the single bbl. at $5,00.

GROCERIES—No change in price, and sales at former quotations in a small way.

EXPORTS FROM NEW ORLEANS.—The exports from this port, from the 9th to the 14th inst., were valued at $1,108,236;—consisting of the following leading articles:

Cotton...bales..	20,069	Flour.....bbls..	6,429
Staves.........	213,540	C. Meal... " ..	3,500
Tobacco..hhds..	2,542	Wheat....s'ks..	14,133
Barley...bbls..	290	Corn...... " ..	14,805

A Package of $215.

ON Monday, the 23d inst., I deposited a package of Bank Bills, amounting to $215, with a gentleman in the warehouse of Messrs. Church & Carothers, on Water street, taking him to be Mr. Wm. Means, with whom I was acquainted. Since then I have learned that the gentleman was not Mr. Means, and was not in the employ of Mr. C. & C. I shall be obliged to the gentleman, whoever he may be, to leave the package at the Counting Room of Messrs. Bollman & Garrison, on Wood street, near Water, and he will confer a great favor on me.
aug31-3t* JOHN STUCK.

Valuable Coal Property and Rail Road FOR SALE.

SAID property is situated on the Monongahela River, immediately above Lock No. 2, consisting of Rail Road, Pitt Cars, R. R. Wagons, and every convenience for running Coal, all in perfect order. There are eleven Houses upon the premises in good tenantable order, and now paying a rent of $250 per annum. Said Road opens into an inexhaustable vein of Coal, which can be obtained upon very reasonable terms. Any one wishing to commence the coal business will find this a *rare opportunity* as four fifths of the whole purchase will be taken in coal.
For particulars enquire of the subscriber upon the premises.
aug31-1mo* JOHN M'CLOSKEY.

New Goods.
WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

FALL supply of fine Gold and Silver Watches and Jewelry, to which I would call the attention of purchasers, as I will sell at only 5 per cent. advance on regular Eastern prices, and will guarantee every article as represented. W. W. WILSON,
aug31 cor of 4th and Market sts.

GOLD PENS—Just received, a large additional supply of Premium Diamond Pointed Gold Pens, all warranted, and at the lowest prices.
W. W. WILSON,
aug31 cor of 4th and Market sts.

SOLAR LARD LAMPS and Gas Chandaliers, of one, two, three, and four lights,—for Parlors Halls, Hotels, Steam Boats, &c. &c.
W. W. WILSON,
aug31 cor of 4th and Market sts.

Allegheny County, ss.

IN the matter of the administration account of Robert Young and William Morrison, administrators of the Estate of James Cherry, dec'd. No. 26, June Term, 1847.

And now, August 21st, 1847, on motion of G. W. Laying, Esq., the Court appoint George F. Gilmore, Esq., auditor to audit the above account.
By the Court. JOHN FORSYTH, Jr., Cl'k.

All persons interested will take notice, that the auditor above named will attend, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office on Fourth street, above Wood street, Pittsburgh, on Thursday, the 23d day of September, 1847, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day.
aug31-d3t GEORGE F. GILMORE, Auditor.

Just Arrived,

ONE splendid Rosewood 6½ Octave Semi Grand PIANO FORTE, from the celebrated factory of Henri Herz, Paris; equal to the one used at his Concerts, which, for richness of tone and durability of workmanship, cannot be surpassed. To be sold low for cash at JOHN H. MELLOR'S,
aug28 81 Wood st.

Fall Fashions.

S. MOORE has just received from New York the Fall Style of HATS, which he will introduce this day, Saturday, Aug. 28th. All those in want of a neat and superior HAT, would do well to call at No. 75, Wood st.,
aug28 3d door above Fourth.

Fall Fashions.
HATS AND CAPS.

THE subscriber will introduce, this day, Beebe & Coster's Fall Style of French, Mole Skin, Silk and Nutra Hats, to which he would invite the attention of the public. G. W. GLASGOW,
102 Wood st.,
aug28 3d door below Davis Auction Rooms.
N. B. His Fall assortment of Caps and Muffs, embracing an extensive variety, is daily expected, and will be duly announced. G. W. G.

A. B. M'Calmont,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office on Fourth street, a few doors above Wood. Collections attended to in Clarion and Venango counties. aug30-y

PROPOSALS

WILL be received at the office of the Pittsburgh Water Works, until the first of October next, for erecting Engines and Pumps for the Allegheny City Water Works. [sundries.
For furnishing 75,000 lbs of Castings for frames and
" " 4,800 " " Screw Bolts.
" " 550 feet of 24 inch Iron pipe.
" " 550 " " 20 " "
" " 550 " " 12 " "
" " two 24 inch Stop Valves.
" " two 12 " " "
" " two 20 " " Cocks.
Proposals to state the sum for Engines and Pumps complete.
To state the amount per lb. for Castings, Screw Bolts, Pipes, and Stop Valves—and to state the amount for the two 20 inch Stopcocks.
For particulars enquire of
ROBERT MOORE,
aug26-td Sup't. of Pittsburgh Water Works.

CHEMISTRY—In its application to Agriculture and Physiology, by Justus Liebig. For sale at
aug27 MORSE'S

THE PIG—A treatise on the breeds, management, feeding, and medical treatment of swine, with directions for salting pork, and curing bacon and hams, illustrated with engravings drawn from life, by Wm. Youatt. For sale at MORSE'S,
aug26 85 Fourth street.

ENDLESS AMUSEMENT—A collection of nearly four hundred entertaining experiments, with illustrations; bound edition. For sale at
aug26 MORSE'S.

DAMAS' NEW NOVEL—The Crimes of the Borgies, or the 17th Century, a historical romance, complete with *expurgation*. For sale at
aug26 MORSE'S.

DESPATCHES BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE MORNING POST.

Latest from the South.

PHILADELPHIA, August 30th,
3h. 40m. P. M.

New Orleans papers have been received at Richmond, down to the 23d instant. They contain nothing later; though there had been an arrival from Brazos Santiago to the 17th.

There are no new reports of yellow fever.

La Patria contains late advices from Yucatan, from which we learn that there had been a plot devised in that State to murder all the inhabitants not in favor of the insurgents. It had fortunately been discovered in time to avert the design of its projectors; though a large number of the inhabitants had been murdered in several villages.

At Teposti all the mulatto men, women, and children had been put to death; but it is said that all party difficulties have been settled, and the Yucatanos are every where uniting to resist the insurgents.

The Carlisle Riot.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30, 9h. P. M.

We have just heard the result of the Riot trial at Carlisle. The jury in the case of Prof. M'Clintock returned a verdict of *not guilty*. Twelve negros were found guilty; but have not yet been sentenced. There was great excitement in Carlisle during the trial.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30, 9 P. M.

A fire broke out last night on the corner of Nassau and Renselaer streets, which destroyed the buildings on the corner. Jared W. Bell, printer, was burnt out, and had no insurance. Applegate's Copper Plate Printing establishment was also burnt out, without insurance. An old man and woman in the fourth story, were burned to death. Loss estimated at $20,000.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30, 10 o'c. P. M.

Latest Liverpool advices received by the last steamer quote American Flour in Bond at Liverpool and London at 24@25s.

CORN—Best Western at 29s.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

August 30, 8 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The foreign news had a depressing effect on the market, and we have no sales worth reporting to-day. Howard street brand is held at $5,50 per bbl.

WHEAT—Moderate sale of prime White at $1,03@1,05 per bu. Prime Red is active to-day at $1,05@1,07.

CORN—Sales of prime White at 68@70c. per bushel.

OATS—Limited sales to-day at 30@41c. per bu.

WHISKEY—Sales at 28c. per gal. Dealers awaiting the receipt of their private letters.

PROVISIONS—The market is steady and prices unmoved.

STOCKS—Market continues without change.

COTTON—The market is quiet, presenting nothing worth reporting.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

August 30, 9 o'clock, P. M.

The news has unsettled the Flour market, and no important sales have been made to-day; holders are anxious to make sales, in consequence of the depressing effects of the foreign news.

Every thing in market dull, and sales merely nominal.

NEW YORK MARKET.

August 30, 10 o'clock, P. M.

The late Foreign news has had a depressing effect upon the market, and all quiet.

FLOUR—Sales of Western at $5,50 and Genesee at $5,75.

CORN—Market heavy; sales at 76c.

OATS—Sales at 49c.

COTTON—Market dull and nothing doing.

Provisions and Iron are in a healthy condition.

Pittsburgh Musical Academy.

THE Fall and Winter Sessions of the Adult Elementary Department of this Institution, will commence on Monday Evening, August 30th, at the Hall, corner, Third and Wood Streets.

This Institution (for the instruction of Vocal Music) has been in operation two and a half years; and is at present in a prosperous condition, affording a rare and unprecedented opportunity for *all* who may desire to obtain a knowledge of Music, for a very trifling sum.

There are three Departments, viz:
1st. The Juvenile Department.
2nd. The Adult Elementory Department.
3rd. The Chorus Class.

The Juvenile Department meets every Saturday afternoon during the year, and is for the exclusive benefit of children from 4 years old—upwards. The attention of Parents and Guardians is respectfully invited to this Department. It is a well established *fact*, that no period of life is more appropriate for commencing the cultivation of the Voice, than in childhood. That appropriate vocal exercises, tend to promote general health, and strengthen the Lungs of children, as well as Adults, few who are familiar with the subject, deny.

The course of Instruction in the *Adult Elementary Department* will be thorough; commencing each Quarter with a thorough course in the Elements of Music, thus giving the pupils an opportunity of frequently reviewing their study of the Science, and all who may wish to become members, a favorable opportunity of doing so, at any season of the year.

The Third Department, or Chorus Class, for the practice of music of a higher order, is quite separate and distinct from the other Departments.—It is composed of Amateur Singers, and members of the Elementery class—as they shall have made that degree of proficiency deemed necessary, and complied with the following requisition. By application, personally or otherwise, to the Board of Directors, to be constituted a member of this class, and by them elected, enrolled and duly notified thereof. All members and contributors of the Academy have the privilege of attending all private rehearsals of this class, on Thursday evening, as spectators, if they may desire, but not as *performers* until they shall have complied with the foregoing regulations. No spectators, who are neither members nor contributors of the Academy, will be admitted on Monday or Thursday evenings, except by special permit from one of the Directors in writing.

In conclusion, the Directors beg leave to say, they have re-engaged Prof. Bingham as teacher and conductor, and Prof. White as leader of the Orchestra for the Chorus Class, and are making arrangements to accommodate several hundred pupils; and no effort will be spared to preserve the quietude and decorum of the school-room, and enable the pupils to occupy the time allotted them both agreeably and profitably.

TERMS: For a single individual, for a term of one year, payable quarterly in advance,.........$5,00

An individual, (parent or guardian,) can become a member, and thereby entitle himself and *family* to the benefit of the several departments, as their age, &c., may dictate; for 1 year, quarterly, in advance, $5,00

An individual or family may become contributors by the payment of $1,00 per quarter, in advance.

Applications for admission may be made to any of the officers of the Institute, who are as follows, viz.:

Directors—H. EWALT, JOHN MCCHUNE, THOMAS W. WRIGHT, GEO. BOGGS, ANDREW WHITE, WILLIAM CARTWRIGHT.

Treasurer—WM. GETTY.

S. W. STONE, *Prest.*
GEO. TURNER, *Sec.* [aug28-tf

Drugs! Drugs! Drugs!!

NOW opening at the Drug Warehouse of HAYS & BROCKWAY, a large and well selected assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, direct from New York and other Eastern cities, which will be sold at extremely low prices. Call and examine for yourselves.
No 2 Commercial Row,
aug27 near Canal Basin.

ANIMAL CHEMISTRY, or Organic Chemistry, in its application to Physiology and Pathology, by Justus Liebig, Professor of Chemistry. For sale at [aug26] MORSE'S.