The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 9, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS R. SHUNK,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MORRIS LONGSTRETH,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

☞ The Democratic Committee of Correspondence meet this day at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Washington Hotel, on the corner of St. Clair and Liberty streets. We trust every member of the Committee will be present.

The Mercy Hospital.

Some days ago we paid a visit to the Hospital on Penn street, under the charge of the Sisters of Mercy. They occupy the building formerly known as Concert Hall. The Mother Superior very politely conducted us through the various apartments of the Institution. The cleanliness, neatness and good order which are every where seen, strike the visitor at once. The quietude of the sanctuary pervades the place.

The main building is occupied as the private dwelling, and has rooms fitted up for study, devotion, &c.

The Hospital is in the back wing of the building, formerly used as the assembly rooms. There are two rows of beds extending from one end of this large room to the other. Here the sick are brought, and have every attention and kindness extended to them that it is possible for one human being to extend to another. Some of our most distinguished physicians are constant visitors to the sick, and administer such medicine as the nature of each case requires, without compensation.

The Institution is intended for the accommodation of persons of every creed and every country, and will be attended with the most perfect tenderness, care and cleanliness. On the admission of a patient, he is stripped of his clothing, which is washed, laid away and numbered, to correspond with the number of the bed on which the patient is laid. He is then clothed in clean Hospital clothing. After the patient is restored to health, the clothes are returned to him which he had on when entering. In case of death, the clothes are sent to the nearest kindred of the deceased.

It is intended, if possible, to arrange matters so that the institution will support itself, by applying the proceeds arising from paying patients to the support of those who are unable to pay any thing. This measure may probably be accomplished, as the Sisters of Mercy receive no worldly remuneration for their services, having devoted their lives to acts of Mercy and Charity, trusting to *Him* who rewards his faithful servants in another and better world. Should there be a deficiency, however, in the receipts to meet the expenditures, it is not probable that a resort will be had to the *public* for aid, as the Society of St. Joseph have very kindly appropriated a very liberal portion of their revenue to meet such deficiency, to sustain the institution. It is in contemplation to organize another association, with the view of providing the most ample means to support it.

The present temporary Hospital affords ample evidence to the public of the necessity of such an institution; and we are much gratified to learn that the friends of the Mercy Hospital are fully organized and acting together in this charitable undertaking, in the most perfect union and harmony. We perceive by a notice from the Building Committee, that our citizens will be called upon for the purpose of aiding them in the erection of such suitable buildings as will be adequate to accommodate the increasing wants of suffering humanity; and we trust, indeed we have not the slightest doubt, that the liberality of the community will fully sustain the expectations of the very liberal and enterprising managers.

The Mercy Hospital has been in operation four months. The number of patients so far amount to fifty three, of which number four died, and there are at present sixteen in the institution.

The Second Basin.

As we anticipated, the Select Council have passed an Ordinance to construct the new Water Basin on Holmes' Hill. This is evidence of an enlightened and liberal policy on the part of the *majority* in that body; for we learn that the measure passed after an exceedingly animated discussion.—Those gentlemen who are ever disposed to hold back and do nothing, were completely floored; and really, we are not sorry for it. The new wards in asking for water, demanded only what is due to them in justice; particularly when they are bound for every dollar of the present Water debt. It is the true policy of the old and new wards, to foster and encourage their younger brethren for a season, and very soon the debt of kindness will be paid with interest and gratitude.

Never was our city more prosperous than it is at the present moment. We have elements of wealth around us; and glorious prospects in the future; every day we see developed new sources of commercial, mechanical and manufacturing greatness; and commensurate with this evidence of prosperity should be the governing motives of those gentlemen who have in charge the legislative affairs of the city. A dog in-the-manger system of government may suit a few Old Hunkers, who, if they could, would repress every generous effort of advancement; but we are glad to see that there are men enough in Councils to act without partiality, without fear, and with a just discernment of a great general good, and the true policy and interests of the city. That all the citizens of Pittsburgh should have hydrant water, none will dare to gainsay; and when all can have it, by an effort that no one will feel to be onerous, that effort should be made; and when it is made and crowned with success, the men who opposed it will be ashamed of themselves. The chivalrous firemen of our city were at the fire in the 6th ward the other night, and their engines were useless for want of water. Had the night been windy one hundred houses might have been destroyed. When it is in the power of Councils to do a great public benefit, without costing the city any thing, save the use of its credit for a season, we hope they will not falter in carrying out an act which will reflect credit on the generous spirit that conceived and executed it, when our city shall be spread over as many hills as crowned the mistress of the world.

☞ The Hon. Richard Rush, and family, left New York yesterday, in the packet ship Duchess of Orleans, which sails for Havre. Stephen Stanton, of New York, son of Col. Stanton, of the Army, accompanies Mr. Rush as an Attache to his Legation. J. L. Martin, Esq., Secretary of Legation to Mr. King, at present acting Chargé d'Affaires of the United States in Paris, remains as Secretary.

Famine, Disease, Death.

Deep, profoundly deep has been the sympathy, excited throughout the whole extent of our beloved, our happy, our heaven-blessed and prosperous country, on behalf of the suffering and distressed, the warm-hearted and generous sons and daughters of Ireland; and with thrills of delight which the performance of acts of kindness and mercy alone can prepare us for, are the souls of our countrymen daily cheered, by the heartfelt blessings upon them, and the fervent prayers for them, which emanate from those, who have survived to share the relief extended to them, after witnessing the awful sufferings, and the dissolution, of friends, and neighbors, and kinsmen; and when for themselves had been left, but a remnant of life, and hope in the Providence of Almighty God. Daily are these delightful emotions awakened; and yet the same means by which they are conveyed to our souls, bring also, along with them, pictures of darkness, and desolation, and gloom; of sorrow, of distress, and of suffering, too strongly appealing to our sympathies, to admit of the attempt to overcome their influence. Poor, unfortunate Ireland! Once "Fairest flower of the earth, brightest gem of the sea!" now downtrodden, helpless, overwhelmed with disease, with want, and with misery! She who has stood forth as a glory in our world—now prostrate and suffering; and requiring food and raiment at the hands of strangers! But there is no degradation—however much of sorrow there may be—in the thought;—and when it is remembered that happy, and prosperous, and vigorous Ireland, once raised her arms to extend aid to a little band of sufferers upon this soil of freedom, it is not wonderful that our countrymen now so freely give of their abundance, to aid in relieving the miseries of oppressed Ireland.

But much yet remains to be done. Gaunt famine, and disease, and death still stalk abroad in that land. Helpless infancy; dear, and once blooming and happy youth; that which was vigorous and powerful manhood; feeble and decrepit age; the young maiden; the fond and devoted mother;—all still feel the awful gnawings of hunger, without the means or the power to alleviate their sufferings. And shall Americans halt when their fellow-beings—their brethren and their kindred, are suffering? The question, we feel, is unnecessary. Our countrymen never have hesitated at a call of suffering—they never will hesitate, while they have the means by which to alleviate it. Ireland still suffers—is still doomed to suffer; unless aid shall continue to be extended to her. That aid, we are sure, will not be withheld while she is in want; and we only deem it necessary to remark, that the circumstances which first prompted our citizens and our countrymen to noble and generous action, still remain in operation, though perhaps partially modified.

We have said much more than we had intended to say on this subject—much more, perhaps, than was necessary; but we may, we hope, be excused. Our design was to introduce the following letter from Ireland, written by the Rev. Mr. SOMERVILLE, of the county of Cork; and addressed to the Rev GEORGE UPFOLD, D. D., of this city. This letter speaks for itself; and, coming from the rector of the parish, makes an appeal which we think will not be unavailing. The following is the letter. It is dated

DONERAILE, May 10th, 1847.

Reverend and Dear Sir:—

By mere chance, but by some good fortune, I have this day obtained a copy of "The Churchman," a paper published in New York—the date, April 10th—the paper containing an extract from a Sermon, preached by you in the city of Pittsburgh, on the 7th of March—a sermon in which you truly and faithfully describe the vast destitution which prevails throughout (especially) the *South* of Ireland.

As a minister of the Church of England, established in Ireland, I take the liberty of addressing you in behalf of my poor suffering people—*your own* wretched fellow creatures. I am the officiating minister of two parishes in the South of *poor* Ireland, in the county Cork, viz: the united parishes of Doneraile and Templeroan. In these two parishes there is a population of somewhat *over ten thousand souls*. Unfortunately for me, there is in my two parishes, a vast and considerable tract of *mountain*; and *on* this mountain, and at the *base*, there dwell great numbers of what we term "squatters"—miserable, wretched creatures, whose huts and hovels are such as no pen, no tongue could give you an adequate idea. Although I am the Protestant clergyman, still I could not look on at my poor famishing and *naked* Roman Catholic parishioners, without making every effort in my power to alleviate, under God, their sufferings. For some months past I have been with them and among them; and, in every way in my power, endeavoring to assist them. You seem, in your beautiful address, to have so correctly and admirably described the extreme destitution which so lamentably prevails, that I feel it unnecessary to enlarge upon the unhappy subject. In my parishes we *have been* sufferers—*we are* so still. I have written to some of the clergy of England for aid, and they have been very kind. Excuse me, reverend and dear sir: *this* appeal may be a *novel* one; but I make it to you, and if I knew more Christian brethren in America, to whom I could make application, I would do so. Alas! I cannot be (as I am) a daily eye-witness of scenes of misery, without appeals for help, for food—food and clothing. At an inquest lately held in the little town of Doneraile, on the body of a man who had perished from cold and hunger, the Dispensary Physician, when on his oath, declared that in the parish of Doneraile alone, there are at least *two thousand!* in want of food and clothing.

On Sunday week, when returning from evening service, a car and horse passed me—on the car was a quantity of raw flesh, and the skin of the animal on the flesh—two policemen followed with a prisoner, a man who had the night before stolen his neighbor's horse—killed the horse—separate part of the horse—(the man's wife and four children having partaken of the food with him)—and literally had a part of the horse on the scrap of fire, when he was taken prisoner. The man is in Jail—the family thrown on me for support—for this occurred in my parish. Assist me, dear sir—ask for me—pray do ask for my wretched people who are perishing.

Sickness is on the increase, especially fever, which is very fatal; and to the want of clothing do I attribute, in a great measure, the sickness which is so lamentably prevalent. "Parochial relief is exhausted"—"work-houses crowded." The good Lord dispose you to assist me.

Your faithful brother in Christ,
HENRY SOMERVILLE.
Ch. Rector of Doneraile.

The circumstances attending the unfortunate man alluded to, are detailed in an article in "The Cork Examiner," of May 10th, a portion of which we extract. It says of the man referred to in Mr. Somerville's letter,

"He is one of the small farmer class, a class which has suffered more than any other during the present awful visitation, as holding a few acres of ground disqualified it from receiving any aid from a Relief Committee, or employment under the Board of Works. Poor Galwey held about twelve acres of *healthy* land, called a "*reagh*" from George Crofts, Esq., Streamhill; and, though never in good circumstances, used always pay his rent, and has, I understand, even now some crops in the ground"

And of the Rev. Mr. Somerville, the same paper remarks as follows:

"The Rev. Mr. Somerville, whose exertions in the cause of charity have been beyond any praise which the writer can bestow, but which have been duly appreciated by those who have benefitted by them, on hearing of the distress of Galwey's family, immediately sent a supply of provisions, and will take care that they shall not be driven to the same necessity again.

The man whose horse was killed, it is said, was in no better circumstances than poor Galwey—being compelled, for some time past, to go out to plough for others, in order to gain the means of subsistence.

☞ The *Great Defeated* endeavors to hold out the idea that he was not a candidate for Senator! Who ever heard of such reckless and unblushing impudence? *He* may tell that story to the marines! Smith never would have quit the practice of the law, and taken to editing an 8x10 Federal paper, unless his soul was yearning for office. He has been an office seeker ever since he become a politician. It is all a matter of bread and butter with him. Smith's hostility to Darsie arose from the fact that he wished to go to Harrisburgh himself. Notwithstanding his determination to take the stump against Darsie, we now find that the Whigs have whipped him into the traces, and cooled his refractory spirit! Shame upon such servility!

☞ "He who steals my purse steals trash; but he who filches from me my good" ITEMS—but no; we will not say anything about it. We do not attach any particular value to them, any how; and if you *do*—why, take them; use them; put them in your paper as *original*; do any thing you please with them; but don't let folks give you credit for them. Items are *small change* at best; and who is there who cannot afford to give some small change to a poor fellow who is "out of sorts?" Not *we*, at any rate. But we really do not like to see "*a leader*," from our paper, of perhaps a column in length, transferred to the editorial columns of a contemporary, without any credit; all leaded as original in that paper; and perhaps not a line altered except the head-line. This looks very much like *typographical grand larceny*; and actually ought to be made an indictable offence. We will not say who does any thing of this sort; but there is a paper in this State, not one hundred miles from Berks county, which we might name, that has contained as many as three or four articles of ours, which were printed in it as original. But we say nothing!

PASS IT ROUND.—The Philadelphia Inquirer relates a case of liberality on the part of the principals of a large manufacturing establishment in the north-western part of that city, which we are happy to record. The workmen were not a little gratified when they went to be paid off on Saturday last, to be informed that their employers had determined on an increase of their wages during the high price of provisions. The advance had not been asked, and hence it was doubly welcome.

Yes, it deserves to be passed round. But why were not *their names*, or that of their establishment, sent along with the announcement. Those who pursue so honorable and just a course will never lose by it in this country. But how few are there connected with these manufacturing establishments, who are not willing to exact *all* from the operatives; and then tell them that they are benefitted by the *liberality* of their *employers*?

Steamship Allegheny.

From the Memphis Commercial Journal, we learn, that this fine ship which was built in our city, and launched on the 22d February last, made her first experimental trip on the 27th ult., from that place. She is represented as working admirably, and accomplishing at the rate of eight miles an hour with but four inches of steam upon her. From this experiment, her commander thinks she will prove to be one of the fastest vessels in the service. We may look upon this beautiful ship as one of the most noble triumphs of western enterprise; and hope that she may long serve the country, and her accomplished commander long retain the high place in the minds of his countrymen that he now holds.

Theatre.

Last night, Mr. COLLINS completed a short engagement, which has been very gratifying to the patrons of the Theatre, and altogether creditable to the gentleman himself. Having often enjoyed the pleasure of witnessing the inimitable performances of the lamented POWER, we had thought we "never should look upon his like again." But we have been in a measure disappointed. We do not see and hear *the Power*—but *his like* is very manifest. The mantle of Power has surely fallen upon Collins, and he wears it well. To-night he takes a benefit, when we hope he will have a full house. He will appear as *Paudeen O'Rafferty* in "Born to Good Luck," and *Teddy Mulloney* in "Teddy the Tiler."

☞ Mrs. LEWIS takes a benefit to-morrow night, when there will be a crowded house—*of course*—She will appear in the "Lady of Lyons" and in "Lucretia Borgia."

Grant Street Grade.

This question came up in the Common Council at their meeting on Monday evening. The ordinance proposed to reduce the grade of Fifth street, at its intersection with Grant, 12 feet; and leave the grade of Smithfield street as it is. After various amendments were offered and rejected, the vote was taken on the passage of the ordinance, which was carried by a large majority. It was then sent to the Select Council for concurrence.

☞ A whig friend of ours is anxious to know if "General Zachary Taylor, *of Kentucky*," who is supported for the Presidency by certain Mexican Federal editors, on account of being in favor of a Protective Tariff and a National Bank, is a relative of "General Zachary Taylor, *of Louisiana*," who is supported by other editors of the same party, because of his opposition to a Protective Tariff and a National Bank. We are sure we don't know; but presume there is no relationship existing between them.

A NUISANCE.—We are requested to call the attention of the Street Commissioner to the condition of Webster street, a few doors above Washington. It is said the filth which has accumulated is past all endurance.

☞ Hon. S. W. Morris died at Wellsboro', Tioga county, on the 25th ult. He was for many years judge of the courts in his district, and afterwards held a seat in Congress.

☞ WILLIAM BENNETT, in Diamond Alley, has fitted up his Ice Cream Saloon in neat style, and will gratify the tastes of his customers. Call and see him.

☞ WILLIAM A. HILL & Co. were not deceived in relation to the $100 counterfeit bills referred to yesterday, as our notice would imply.

Deserting the Federalists.—Col. A J. SMITH, of Harrison county, Virginia, for several years a prominent Whig member of the House of Delegates, and a Clay Elector in 1844, has renounced Federalism, and joined the Democratic party. He declares he is an AMERICAN, and cannot go with the Tories in their opposition to the war. This is the second Clay Elector who has, within the last few months, left the Tories and joined the Democratic party.

BY LAST NIGHT'S SOUTHERN MAIL.

From the St. Louis Union, June 2.

From California and Santa Fe!

The party under command of Marion Wise, consisting of Messrs. J. C. Davis, of Ohio, Thomas E. Brackenridge, Joseph Steppe, Aaron Hamilton, and an Indian boy from California have just arrived. They left California with Lieut. Talbot, and were left below Santa Fe in charge of the mules. Capt. Enos had charge of the property from Bent's Fort, until they reached Pawnee Fork, when this party pushed ahead. They brought in their mules safely, not having been interrupted on the route. At Pawnee Fork, they left Bullard, Hooke & Co., and two other trains, waiting on account of high water. At Council Grove they met another train Capt. Enos is in charge of a Government train of about 33 wagons, and will be in shortly. The teams are loaded with sick men, belonging principally to the Quartermaster's department—hardly enough being well to drive the animals.

Col. Price, with nearly all his force, was at Santa Fe on the 20th. There was considerable sickness among the volunteers. All was quiet at Santa Fe and Taos. Several of the men sentenced at Taos had been hung, and others were to be executed on the 30th. The company stationed at Bent's Fort had been ordered to Santa Fe, probably from apprehension of a new outbreak.

We get nothing further from Chihuahua. As our informant Mr. Davis, left California with Lt. Talbot, we obtain nothing later from that country. He went out with Col. Fremont, and was with him during all his explorations and battles. He saw just before leaving, our friend Mr. Curry and Mr. Bryant, of Louisville—both well. California is represented by him as a good grazing country, but he thinks its agricultural resources have been overrated.

MR. HARPER:—Can I again trespass on your columns to ask you to publish the following interesting correspondence that has taken place with the heads of that most christian church Proud am I to find that their charity (as it should ever be) has been distributed without regard to religious distinction. This, I have good reason to know, is the wish of all the generous donors of our magnanimous people. The correspondence will fully show that a dreadful and awful calamity has visited poor mis governed Ireland. Anything contributed, the people may rest assured, will be properly and faithfully delivered to the poor. It will not answer now for sordid persons to say that there is no want in that country more than formerly. The very best and purest of men tell us to the contrary.

With true respect,
R. H. KERR, Sec'y.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

THE POOR IN IRELAND.—The Archbishop of Armagh and of Dublin have acknowledged, in handsome letters, the contribution in aid of the poor in Ireland, without reference to their creed, sent by the Protestant Episcopal Church of Pennsylvania. The following is the correspondence:

I—Bishop Potter to the Archbishop of the Church in Ireland—To his Grace the Archbishop of Armagh, Lord Primate of all Ireland. My Lord—The undersigned, Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Pennsylvania, being deeply impressed with the tidings of famine which have reached this country from Ireland, requested the Clergy under his charge to collect from their respective parishes contributions for the relief of the sufferers. The request has been promptly and cheerfully complied with. In addition to large sums which have been contributed by the more affluent members of the Church in the Diocese, which have been forwarded through other channels, the collections made in the churches, many of which are poor, will amount to some $1,800. Three-fourths of the amount will be expended in breadstuffs, (principally in corn meal,) and will be placed, in equal parts, at the disposal of your Grace, and of the Archbishop of Dublin. It goes as a contribution from the Episcopal Church of Pennsylvania, to the Episcopal Church of Ireland, well known as a generous almoner, for the poor of every name.

I need hardly say to your Grace, that it is the wish of the donors that their bounty should be distributed among the most necessitous, without reference to their creed or religious profession.

Trusting you will excuse us for the trouble we are causing you, I beg you to believe me, with high consideration, your Grace's friend and servant

Philad'a, March 30, 1847. A. POTTER.

II—The Archbishop of Armagh to Bishop Potter—LONDON, April 24, 1847.—Right Rev. Sir: I have received your letter of the 30th of March, and I beg you to accept my most grateful thanks for the generous contribution towards the relief of Ireland from the Episcopal Church of Pennsylvania, and I have to request that you will present my best acknowledgements to the clergy of the Diocese, and to their congregations, not only for the very liberal assistance which they have given, but also for the brotherly feeling which they manifested towards the sufferers in our country. In the midst of the awful calamity with which it has seemed fit to Almighty God to visit us, it has indeed cheered our hearts to find that even in the most distant lands, we have fellow christians sympathising in the distress of our afflicted poor, and ready to use every exertion in their power, to aid and in providing them with food.

The clergymen mentioned in the memorandum of the Rev. Mr. Ogilby, which was enclosed in your letter, are known to me, some of them personally—all of them by character, and none could have been named to whom I should, with more confidence, entrust the distribution of the relief which you have forwarded—they are not only persons of high respectability, but of long tried experience, benevolence and piety. I have given directions to my man of business, to request Messrs. Brown & Shipley, of Liverpool, to forward to them the quantities of corn meal marked in Mr. Ogilby's paper. The remaining 100 barrels of the cargo I shall have sent to Dunstable, in the county of Louth, to be transmitted from thence to the Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rector of Forkhill, the Rev. Ed. J. Disney, Rector of Newton Hamilton, and the Rev. Dr. Atkinson, Rector of Cregian—three parishes situated in a wild range of mountains; in the diocese of Armagh, where the want of food, and disease has reduced the people to extreme distress. Although measures have been adopted by our legislature for providing temporary relief for the destitute, they have not yet come sufficiently into operation to afford the assistance of which they stand in need; and the distress, in many districts of the country, is of the most urgent kind; so that the valuable contribution which you have sent is truly seasonable, and will, I trust, prove the means of alleviating the sufferings of a great number of families.

In the efforts made by the parochial clergy of the established church, to relieve thier distressed parishoners, no distinction has been made on the ground of difference of religious profession; and your wishes on this subject will be most gladly carried into effect. Again thanking you for the aid you have sent us, and for the friendly communication in which you have informed me of it,

I remain,
With much respect, your faithful servant,
JOHN G. ARMAGH.

III—The Archbishop of Dublin to Bishop Potter—LONDON, April 29, 1846.—Right Rev. and Dear Sir:—I have just received intelligence of the arrival at Liverpool, of the corn meal which has been so kindly and liberally sent for the relief of the distressed people of Ireland. The utmost care shall be taken to distribute this most welcome and seasonable supply, in such a manner as to carry into effect, as far as possible, the benevolent intentions of the donors. To you and the rest of them, I return, in behalf of the suffering poor, my most grateful acknowledgements. As a memorial, which I hope will be a lasting one, of your kindness and of our gratitude, I shall direct a parcel of books to be forwarded to you, which I wish to be considered as the property of yourself and your successors in office. Believe me to be, very truly yours,
RICHARD WHATELY, Archbishop of Dublin.

DESPATCHES FOR THE POST:

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

Latest from the Army.

REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE MORNING POST.

PHILADELPHIA, June 8, 5½ o'clk, P. M.

We have dates from Vera Cruz as late as the 25th of May. At that time nothing further had been heard from General Scott than was given in our last report.

General Taylor was to start for San Louis Potosi by the 1st of this month.

Com. Perry was reported to have taken a host of small towns along the coast; and was preparing to make an attack on Tobasco, where it was said there was a Mexican force of 2000 men.

We have dates from the city of Mexico to the 19th of May. Herrera was supposed to have been elected President; and Santa Anna was expected to have entered the city on that day.

There was said to have been a duel at China between two lieutenants in the Virginia Volunteers, in which both were killed.

New York Elections.

The Judicial elections are reported to have resulted in favor of the Democrats in the City of New York, and in the county. Brooklyn has given 62 of a Democratic majority, and Williamsburg a small majority for the Whig ticket.

FLOUR, in New York, is active at $8,50@$8,75.

BY TELEGRAPH

EXPRESSLY FOR

THE DAILY MORNING POST.

BOSTON MARKETS.

June 8, 5 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The market is still comparatively bare of Flour. Of Gennessee, Michigan, &c, there is a fair supply; but Southern is very scarce, and wanted for West Indies. To-day, sales western at $10 ⅌ bbl; Richmond, Georgetown, &c., at $10,-50; Gennessee and Ohio are selling at about the same figures.

GRAIN—There is an active demand prevailing for Grain; but prices are about the same.

PROVISIONS—The market continues very buoyant, and an improved demand is noticeable. The sales show no change.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

June 8, 9½ o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The business of the week thus far, has been of a very limited description. There is not much activity—the supply in first hands fair holders anxious to effect sales, and press their stocks on the market; and as a result, prices have given way. This morning, the market opened with a firm show on the part of the holders; but they soon gave way, and sales were made as follows, at $8,93¾ in the morning; towards noon 3000 barrels at $8,50, and 300 in the evening at $8,44¾. Holders generally ask $8,50; but the market closes dull, and with a downward tendency. It will go to $8,00.

WHEAT—Prices have given way from the closing rates of yesterday. Sales White at 208 c. @ 223 ⅌ bu.; and Red at 206@210.

CORN—Yellow declined 5 c. ⅌ bu, to-day.—This morning sales at 120, and market closed at 115.

OATS—Continue scarce; sales at 66 c. ⅌ bushel, which is an advance.

CORN MEAL—Sales at $5,50 ⅌ bbl, to extent of 3000 barrels.

RYE—The extreme prices are shown by the sales to day, 116@125.

WHISKEY—In barrels lower; sales at 38½ c. ⅌ gallon.

PORK—New mess; sales at $17@17.25 ⅌ bbl.

LARD—Is selling at 10@10¼ for No 1.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

June 8, 9 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The market has given way still further. Holders Howard street are offering their stocks freely at $9 ⅌ bbl., but there are no buyers at that price. City Mills held at $9,18¾. Market closes heavy, with a downward tendency.

WHEAT has declined. Sales prime Red at $2,03 ⅌ bu.

CORN—Sales of White at $1,12@1,14, and Yellow at $1,16@1,18.

WHISKEY—Sales at 37½c ⅌ gal.

CATTLE—The average price of Beef Cattle on the hoof is $3,75, and sales of 400 head.

PROVISIONS—Market dull. Sales to-day to a limited extent. Some sales Mess Pork for use at $17@17,12½, and of Prime at $14,50 ⅌ bbl.

BACON—Some sales very prime Bacon hog round at 10¾, cured expressly for the British market. Of Western, sales Shoulders at 7⅞@7¾, Sides at 9¾@10, and Hams at 9¾@10½c.

The market has been generally dull, and prices without change.

NEW YORK MARKET.

June 8, 8 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—There is not much animation in the market. Sales Genessee to-day at $8,75@8,93¾, extremes.

WHEAT has declined—sales White at $2,10@2,11.

CORN—Sales prime Yellow at $1,19@1,20 ⅌ bu.

OATS selling at 62@53c. ⅌ bu.

RYE—Sales at $1,32@1,35 ⅌ bu.

CORNMEAL—Sales at $5,68¾ ⅌ bbl.

COTTON—Market dull, and prices have slightly declined.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

June 2, P. M.

FLOUR—There is no change worth note. Sales Ohio, Illinois and Mo. brands at $6,75 ⅌ bbl.

SUGAR—The market is steady and sales moderate.

COTTON—The market has been unfavorable, affected, and prices ½ lower. It closes dull and heavy.

BARLEY—A sale at 40c. ⅌ bu.

Extra Sale of Millinery and Fancy Goods at Auction.

BY JAMES M'KENNA,

AT the Auction Rooms, No. 114 Wood street, three doors from 5th, to-morrow, Thursday, June 10th, at 10 o'clock, A. M., will be added to the Dry Goods advertised, a large assortment of Millinery and Fancy Goods.

JAMES M'KENNA, Aucty.
je9

TO the honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of P. A. BEHAM, of the Fourth Ward, Allegheny city, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the city and county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

P. A BEHAM.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the 4th Ward, do certify, That the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travellers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

George Proudley, Jos. C. Gordon, John Keown, G. E. Wiemarm, M. Voegily, J. C. Myers, G Austin, Thomas Gardiner, L. Miller, Z. Bogg, Isaac O. Angeny, Phillip Pauler. je9-3t*

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.
COMMITTEE FOR JUNE.
J. Carothers, Wm. A. Hill, N. B. Craig.

Movements of the Steam Ships.

Steamers.	Captains.	Leave Liverpool.	Leave Amer.
Hibernia,	Kyrie;	May 19	June 16
Cambria,	Judkin;	June 4	July 1

PORT OF PITTSBURGH.

5½ FEET WATER IN THE CHANNEL—FALLING.

ARRIVED.

Robert Fulton, Collier, St. Louis.
Fairmount, Poe, St. Louis.
New England, No. 2, Dean, Cincinnati.
New England, Ebert, Wheeling.
Wellsville, Catlett, Wellsville.
Wilmington, Dawson, Steubenville.
Lake Erie, Hemphill, Beaver.
Beaver, Hoops, Beaver.
Consul, Bowman, Brownsville.
Louis M'Lane, Bennett, Brownsville.

DEPARTED.

Hibernia, No. 2, Klinefelter, Cincinnati.
Germantown, M'Lean, St. Louis.
Saranock, M'Intire, N. O.
New Engtand, Ebert, Wheeling.
Wilmington, Dawson, Steubenville.
Harlem, Hunker, Wheeling.
Rhode Island, Dawson, Wheeling.
Lake Erie, Hemphill, Beaver.
Beaver, Hoops, Beaver.
Consul, Bowman, Brownsville.
Louis M'Lane, Bennett, Brownsville.

Daily Review of the Markets.

OFFICE OF THE POST,
WEDNESDAY-MORNING, June 9, 1847.

ASHES—Sales of Scorchings at 4¾c. ⅌ lb., and Pots at 4¾c.

FLOUR—The arrivals by steamboat and wagon were yesterday pretty heavy, but holders were much disappointed in effecting sales. There was the greatest indisposition on the part of dealers to buy. Most of the lots which arrived were stored away in warehouses. The highest price realized yesterday was $5,62½, but most of the sales were at $5,50. We heard of 1000 bbls. which changed hands at that figure.

WHEAT—Notwithstanding the decline in flour, wheat appears to be firm. Sales of 200 bu. at $1,10 ⅌ bu., which is a slight advance.

CORN—Sales of 150 bu. at 55c. ⅌ bu.

CHEESE is dull, and sales at 6c. ⅌ lb.

FRUIT—Sales of Dried Peaches at $1,25, and Dried Apples at 55c. ⅌ bu.

BEANS—Sales of small white at 90@$1,00.

FISH—Prices remain quite firm, with an upward tendency. Sales 25 bbls. No. 3 Mackerel, (1837) at $8,25 ⅌ bbl.

WHISKEY—Demand continues fair, and prices appear to be advancing. Sales of 50 bbls. Rectified at 25@26c. ⅌ gal. Little done in Common, which is held at 22@24c. ⅌ gal.

BACON—The demand and supply are both falling off. We quote City cured Hams at 8c. ⅌ lb.; Country do. 7c. ⅌ lb. Shoulders, 6¼@6½; Sides, 7¾; Hog Round, 7¼.

SALT—Sales at $1@$3, from Canal.

WOOL—Considerable quantities arrived yesterday, and sold at former quotations. There appears to be no competition amongst buyers.

HAY—Sales at $8@$10—according to quality.

ALE—Sales at $7@$9 ⅌ bbl.

PIG METAL—In fair demand and on the rise. Sales of H. R. at $35.

BLOOMS—Held at $70, but little doing.

IRON AND NAILS—Puddled and boiled Iron is worth 3c. on time. Nails $3,50 ⅌ keg, for 10d. Juniata bar, 3¾@4c; nails $4,50 ⅌ keg, for 10d.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A special meeting of Franklin Lodge, No 221, A. Y. Masons, will be held in the Hall, corner of Wood and 3d streets, this (Wednesday) evening, June 9th. A. D. 1847.

Resident and transient brethern are invited to attend. By order of the W M.
I. J. ASHBRIDGE, Secretary.

IRISH RELIEF.

The Executive Relief Committee will meet on every Tuesday at 4 o'clock at the Navigation Insurance Office. By the Committee.
R. H. KERR, Secretary.
may6.

To the Merchants, Manufacturers and Citizens of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, &c.

MR. ISAAC HARRIS, being very much engaged with a number of hands, in collecting materials and getting out his NEW DIRECTORY of the TWO CITIES, &c. as soon as possible, and wanting money daily to aid and help him—we have paid him our SUBSCRIPTIONS and CARDS in advance, and respectfully recommend our neighbors and citizens to help Mr. Harris in the same way when called upon.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1847.

Wm. Bell & Son,	S. S. Waterman,
George Albree,	N. Holmes & Son,
Whitmore & Wolf,	James May,
Murphy, Wilson & Co.,	George R. White,
Kay & Co.,	James C. Cummins,
Coleman, Hallman & Co.,	Lambert & Shipton,
Bagaley & Smith,	Gabriel Adams
Church, Carothers & Co.,	Wm. Robinson, jr.,
Bailey, Brown & Co.,	Blackstock, Bell & Co.
Lewis Hutchison & Co.,	Wm. Karns,
Atwood, Jones & Co.,	King, Pennock & Co.,
Wm. B. Holmes & Bro.,	John M'Faden & Co.,
Forsythe & Co.,	D. Leech & Co.,
John Hannen & Co.,	H. Graff,
H. Childs & Co.,	Clark & Thaw,
Sibbett & Jones,	John Grier,
John Graham,	Myers, Hunter & Co.,
A. Beelen,	Arthurs, Nicholson & Co.,
G. M. Horton & Co.,	Cuddy, Jones & Co.,
G. & J. H. Shoenberger,	Lorenz, Sterling & Co.
G. W. Jackson,	M. Allen & Co.,
Wm. Eichbaum,	Edward Heazelton,
Jas. Crossan & Son,	Woods, Edwards & McKnight.

je9-1t

Wanted Soon,

PLACES for a number of book-keepers, sales men, warehouse men, and boys in stores and to trades. Also, for a number of coach drivers, waiters, and colored men and women. Wanted, several house keepers, chrmbermaids and cooks, and girls for all work. Wanted, places for several men with small families, &c. Please apply at

ISAAC HARRIS'S General Agency and Intel. Office, 5th st. near Wood.
je9 4t

Port Wines.

33 BBLS. Port Wines, consisting of Taylor, Fladgate & Co., Hunt & Co., Treble Grape, Calabria, pure Juice, pure 1840, Queen's Port, Lagure's, Burgundy, Burmester, and old Port Wine, for Invalids, just receiving, and are offered wholesale or retail, at the Wine Store of

JACOB WEAVER.

Many of the above Wines I can justly recommend for Medicinal uses. They are as genuine as imported to the United States, and come to me direct from the hands of the importers. (je3) W.

IN the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny county, of June Term, A. D., 1847. No. 94. In the matter of the Petition of Francis Herron, Trustee of Eve Anshutz, wife of George Anshutz, for discharge from the further execution of a certain Trust.

And now, to wit, May 1, 1847; J. Harrison Sewell, Esq., presents the Petition of Rev. Francis Herron, Trustee of Eve Anshutz, (late Hampshire,) praying to be discharged from said Trust. And it is ordered, that notice of said application be given, to all persons whom it may concern, by publication once a week in the Pittsburgh Gazette, and Daily Post, until the second Monday of June next, at which time the prayer will be granted, if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary. From the Record.

my8-d1awtd HIRAM HULTZ, *Pro.*

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MANAGER,.....C. S. PORTER.
STAGE MANAGER,.....W. M. FOSTER.

PRIVATE BOXES $5; SINGLE TICKETS 75 CTS.
Dress Circle, 50 cents. | Second Box, 37½ cents.
Pit, 25 " | Gallery, 20 "

BENEFIT OF MR. COLLINS.

Wednesday Evening, June 9, 1847,
Will be performed the Drama of
Born to Good Luck.

Paudeen O'Rafferty, (with song,).....MR. COLLINS.
Nina, (with song,).....MISS PETRIE.
Dance,.....MISS BERTHA LEWIS.

To conclude with the Comic afterpiece of
TEDDY THE TILER.
Teddy Mulloway, (with song,).....MR. COLLINS.

Doors open at ½ past 7 o'clock, curtain will rise at ½ before 8.

The Box office will be open daily from 10 o'clock A. M., to 1, P. M., and from 2 to 5, P. M., where any number of seats may be secured.

☞ It is particularly requested that no children in arms be brought to the Theatre.

THEATRE!

MRS. LEWIS begs le