The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS R. SHUNK,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.
FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MORRIS LONGSTRETH,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

NOTICE.

The Democratic Committee of Correspondence, for Allegheny county, will meet at the Washington Coffee-House, on Wednesday next, (9th inst.,) at 11 o'clock, A. M.

A full attendance is requested, as business of importance is to be transacted.

June 2. JOHN C. DAVITT, Ch'n.

Army of Occupation.

On Saturday last, we had the pleasure to announce the arrival of *Gen. Patterson and Staff, with Capt. T. D. Shaw*, of the U. S. Navy, from the immediate scene of hostile operations in Mexico. Although we have conversed with those gentlemen, relating to general subjects of no inconsiderable interest, connected with the past, present and future operations of our army and navy in that section of the continent, yet, we confess, the true and exalted character of the soldier and sailor, were never, to our mind, so strikingly displayed, as in the studied narrative of passing events, to avoid any reference by those illustrious citizens to acts connected with their own personal valor. We could learn nothing from them where honorable mention had been made of their services by the Commander-in-Chief of the Army, or the Commodore in charge of the Fleet.

However, we have happily found several commercial gentlemen direct from Vera Cruz, who are on their way to the eastern cities for supplies, adapted to the wants of the new field of enterprise to yankee industry opened up by our army of occupation, and which may not be uninteresting to our citizens.

It is said, that at the time Gen. Patterson left Vera Cruz, there were not less than *two hundred* sail of foreign vessels in that port, richly laden with the products of various climes. The citizens of that unfortunate country say, no such evidence of commercial prosperity or enterprise, has been witnessed by them. And the public of Mexico, so far as our arms have gone, is loud in approval of the triumph of order, good government, prosperity and security to persons and property, which appear to follow as consequences incident to the administration of government under the flag of the United States. We learn further that, in view of the collections of customs under the War Tariff of President Polk for the first week of May last, a sum not short of *three hundred thousand dollars* will be revenue for the month of May, at the port of Vera Cruz. Our whig friends will, no doubt, express proper sympathy for the *poor Mexicans*, in this respect, whose government funds are thus seized to feed, clothe and pay our patriot citizens, in the enemy's country. What a subject for *heading*, this quartering upon the enemy would be for Botts!

Again, we are informed that about *seven thousand* of the volunteers are on the point to return home, having served their country for a definite period about to expire. Report will have it, there is no anxiety among the volunteers to deprive others of an opportunity to 'see the elephant' upon the plains of Mexico; besides, as the whigs desire a *military chieftain* for President, it is but just to numerous political aspirants, that an opportunity should be afforded to them of reaping laurels upon the battle field as an essential qualification to faithfully and efficiently administer our government in future time. The Mexicans are decided in their hostility to military rulers—that people regard the prosperity of the United States as the natural result of *civilians* being placed in power by us.—Indeed, the Mexicans are sincere converts to that admirable declaration of the Hon. Henry Clay—"*War, pestilence, famine, any other scourge than a military chieftain.*"

We confess, the positions of Gens. Scott and Taylor, are at present critical. In view of the withdrawal of the Volunteers, the former will have but about *five* thousand, and the latter only *three* thousand men.—a force not sufficient to maintain defensive operations. We must conquer a peace, and to effect that object *twenty-five* or *thirty thousand men* will be required to maintain the important posts between the Rio Grande and the City of Mexico, where the presence of a strong force alone can command a treaty of peace, based upon justice and international rights. That the country would sanction the President in calling into the public service an army adequate to the exigency of the task, with which the commander-in-chief is charged, we can entertain no doubt; for Mexico has recently adopted by law the famous *conscript system* of Bonaparte—a kind of national enrollment of all males between the ages of eighteen and forty-five for the defence of the country. While we make but demonstrations upon the borders of Mexico, and hesitate to advance into the heart of that country, it is reasonable to conclude judging from what has been done, that the war with Mexico is about as near to the period of a termination as it was twelve months ago. Humanity and public policy demand the immediate adoption of such measures as shall speedily put an end to the further waste of life and treasure to either country now in arms.

We have no inconsiderable pleasure, on this occasion, to reiterate expressions of public gratulation, for inestimable services rendered by Gen. Patterson, in connection with Col. Abercombrie and Capt. Williams, of his staff. Nor may we omit that brave and intelligent naval officer, Capt. *T. D. Shaw*, of the sloop of war "*Petrel*," who signalized himself at the capture of Tuxpan, and at the bombardment of Vera Cruz. The flotilla of which his vessel was one, sailed up to the forts of the enemy, and the official reports of the Commodore credit his enterprise with upwards of *one thousand shells* sent into the enemy's works. Those sons of Pennsylvania will be revered and honored not only while they sojourn among us, but we shall point to their deeds of valor and patriotism upon the brightest pages of our country's history.

Major Sanders.

We understand that this gentleman has been in the city for some days, but we were not aware of the fact until last evening. Major SANDERS is entitled to the highest consideration of his fellow-citizens; and we have no doubt will receive that attention to which his gallant and patriotic conduct entitles him. He has nobly sustained the honor of Pennsylvania, as the following extract from a letter of Maj. Gen. WOLFE, to Capt. MAY, will show. It is dated

CASTLE OF PEROTE, April 30, 1847.

"I trust our friend Sanders is, ere this, with his family; and taking the repose to which his gallant and devoted conduct has given so bright a claim."

Gen. Patterson.

The arrival of this distinguished citizen was announced in our paper of Saturday. During the day, he was waited on by a large number of our citizens, and a public dinner was tendered to him, as will be seen by the correspondence below. The urgency of his business at the Seat of Government required his immediate departure; and he accordingly left the city on the Brownsville boat of Saturday evening.

Correspondence.

PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1847.

GENERAL:

We greet you upon your arrival here, with unfeigned pleasure, and tender to you the hospitality due to your private worth, and distinguished public services. You have shed lustre upon the American Arms, and honored your own great State, by constancy and prowess upon the field of battle.

Intelligence of your devotion to the Citizen Soldier, and particularly to the Pennsylvania Regiments, in action and in the hospitals, has preceded your coming, and we thank you, in the name of the People and the Country.

Will you name a day, when it will suit your convenience, to accept a public entertainment?

Sincerely, your Friends, and Fellow-citizens,

Wilson M'Candless,	James May,
Jas. Patterson,	G. Adams,
W. B. M'Clure,	Thomas Bakewell,
Wm Wilkins,	John Shipton,
Richard Biddle,	John Aiken,
S. Jones,	Thomas O'Neal,
John Anderson,	Joseph Birmingham,
C. M'Kibbin,	R. S. Cassatt,
L. Harper,	Thomas Liggett jr.,
S. M'Kelvy,	Robert Nelson,
B. Patton,	Geo. R. Riddle,
A. Burke,	Geo. P. Hamilton,
J. R. M'Clintock,	R. C. Stockton,
Charles Shaler,	Thomas Farley,
George A. Bayard,	Levi G. Clover,
Alex. Black,	M. Swartzwelder,
Rody Patterson,	A. S. Nicholson,
Edward Simpson,	Morgan Robertson.
H. Hepburn,	

TO MAJ. GEN. PATTERSON.

PITTSBURGH, 5th June, 1847.

Gentlemen:—I have received your note of this morning, extending to me the hospitality of a public entertainment.

Be pleased to accept my cordial thanks for your polite invitation, and for the very complimentary terms in which you make mention of my services in Mexico. I assure you, that I could ask no higher reward for those services than the approval of my countrymen.

I regret, that circumstances not within my control, will compel me to forego the pleasure of meeting the citizens of Pittsburgh in a public manner, at this time.

I have the honor to be,
very respectfully and sincerely,
your friend and fellow citizen,
R. PATTERSON,
Maj. Gen'l. U. S. Army.

To WILSON M'CANDLESS, &c. &c.

Pennsylvania Rail-Road.

This morning, books will be opened at the Monongahela House, to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Pennsylvania Rail Road.

It will scarcely be necessary for us to write a lengthy article, to satisfy our citizens of the importance of this great work. As Pennsylvanians, as Pittsburghers, we all should feel a deep interest in its speedy completion. There is no doubt whatever, but that this Rail Road will be constructed. The Philadelphians, with their characteristic liberality, have taken the matter into their hands, and will push it through with the utmost energy. It is the duty as well as interest of our citizens to encourage and second the efforts of our sister city on the Delaware. We have so long been the dupes and victims of the chicanery of the Baltimore Company, that it is high time we were cutting loose from those who have so grossly betrayed us. We believe more favor will be found in Philadelphia. At all events, there is a certainty of a connection with that city, while all is doubt and uncertainty, so far as Baltimore is concerned.

TO BE NOMINATED.—Our cotemporary of the Post appears to be very desirous of a nomination on the ticket of his party. We hope the Locofocos of the county will show a proper appreciation of Mr. Harper's claims and merit by nominating him for the Senate.

☞ So says the *Great Defeated*, C. B. M. SMITH, editor of the Telegraph. When *we consent* to become a candidate for Senator, we expect to receive the unanimous nomination of "the Locofocos of the county," and what is more, we intend to be elected by an overwhelming majority over our federal competitor, whether that competitor be the Quixotic gentleman of the Telegraph, or any other "whig" giant! Smith feels awful bad since his late ignominious defeat; in fact, he scarcely ever makes his appearance in public. It is said he secludes himself in a dismal law chamber, on Fourth street, reading such works as "Zimmerman on Solitude," the "Sorrows of Werter," and the "Disconsolate Man." We would suggest that he throw these aside, and take to Campbell's "Pleasures of Hope."

By the way, we must remind Mr. Smith of a pledge he made not long since, to take the stump against Darsie, in case the latter should be nominated. It will not do for the editor of the Telegraph to deny this. We shall hold him to his word.

☞ It is mentioned by the Baltimore Sun of the 28th ult., as a singular fact, that a large number of sand snipes, in flying across a road near that city, came in contact with the wires of the Electric Telegraph, and instantly fell to the ground; and, upon being picked up, were found to have their wings or legs broken, and the heads of some of them nearly severed from their bodies. Whether they were affected by the electricity from the wires, or from the force with which they flew against them, is difficult to determine.

☞ Mr. ANDREWS, the enterprising proprietor of the Eagle Saloon, continues the Free Concert system during the present week. Messrs. Kneass, Murphy and Huntley are decidedly popular vocalists. The Saloon is nightly crowded with the beauty and fashion of the city. It will be seen that Andrews will introduce afternoon Concerts hereafter, commencing on next Wednesday.

IRISH RELIEF.—Mr. Allen informs us that he has shipped in all, up to last Saturday, about 400 tons of produce, destined for Ireland, and from the large quantity engaged with the canal lines for the present week, he anticipates getting off nearly all in store. From this, country contributors may look for quick despatch for any produce confided to his care.

"LIBERTY" NOMINATIONS.—Dr. F. J. LE MOYNE, of Washington county, was nominated for Governor; and W. B. Thompson, of Philadelphia, for Canal Commissioner, by the "Liberty" Convention which met at Harrisburgh, on Friday.

☞ The valuation of real estate in Lancaster county amounts to $22,594,524, and the whole taxable valuation to $28,103,454, being an increase of over $1,000,000 since 1845.

☞ We have nothing to communicate by the Telegraph. The Baltimore line was out of order; and there was nothing of importance to communicate at Philadelphia as late as 10½ o'clock last night.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* has a statement of the popular majorities in the different Congressional districts of Virginia, which, after making some corrections, we copy as follows:

List.	*Members Elect.*	*Dem.*	*Fed.*
1.	Archibald Atkinson,	72	
2.	G. C. Dromgoole, (dead,)	17	
3.	*Thomas S. Flournoy,*		1
4.	Thomas S. Bocock,	4	
5.	*William L. Goggin,*		110
6.	*John Minor Botts,*		594
7.	Thomas H. Bayly,	230	
8.	R. L. T. Beale,	152	
9.	*John S. Pendleton,*		719
10.	Henry Bedinger,	307	
11.	James M Dowell,	857	
12.	*William B. Preston,*		228
13.	*Andrew S. Fulton,*	1224	
14.	Robert A. Thompson,	451	
15.	William G. Brown,	856	
		4170	1652

Democratic majority in round numbers, 2500.

COMPLIMENT TO CORWIN, OF OHIO

The correspondent of the *New Orleans Delta*, writing from Buena Vista on the 29th of April, gives the following description of the honors conferred on CORWIN'S famous speech:

"By the way, the honorable Thomas Corwin was burnt in effigy by a large and respectable convocation of the boys, a few nights since, with very strong and unequivocal symptoms of disapprobation. A great many prayers, intended for the honorable Senator's benefit, were put up on the occasion. We are sorry to be compelled to remark, that their peculiar character is hit off in a popular little tract entitled "The Swearers' Prayer."

A poor fellow (*apropos* to Corwin) was drummed out of camp for stealing a horse. He belonged to the Arkansas regiment. The unfortunate man was in rags and dirt, wounded and bareheaded, marched along the line of mockers, while the fifes shrieked out that ancient insult, that musical tale of infamy and deep disgrace, the "Rogue's March."

General Taylor is still at Monterey. He issued congratulatory orders to his division of the army, on the receipt of the intelligence from Vera Cruz.

THE TARIFF OF '46.

☞ The following are some of the good effects of the Tariff of 1846:

Amount of duties collected at the port of New York under the Tariff of 1846, from the first day of December, 1846, to 1st day of May, 1847, five months, $7,534,082 27

Amount collected during the same period, from 1st Dec., 1845, to the 1st May, 1846, under the tariff of 1842. $7,801,899 52

Excess received under the tariff of 1846, over the tariff of 1842, in the first five months, $90,091 74

☞ An extensive rolling mill is in progress at Milton, for the manufacture of every description of merchantable iron, and an extensive nail factory will likewise be attached to it.

We could mention hundreds and thousands of similar cases, but these will do. These facts speak trumpet tongued in favor of Democratic men and measures. These measures are for the whole people—not a part—they look to the benefit of the mass, in every section of the Union, and not the favored few congregated in manufacturing cities and villages; and thus, by diffusing the benefits resulting from wise and enlarged principles of legislation, over all, tend to render the country prosperous as at the present moment. As long as *such* Rain flows from it we say!

HUZZA FOR THE TARIFF OF '46!

Bradford Gazette.

By Telegraph from Toronto.

TORONTO, May 31, 2 o'clock, 45 P. M.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—Our city was again the scene of a fearful conflagration this A. M. Mr. Mulholland, of Yonge street, discovered a tenement in the rear of his premises to be on fire, which quickly spread to the other frame and brick houses forming the block between Richard and Queen streets, and abutting on Yonge; but a short period had elapsed before three frame houses on Queen street, with tenements in the rear, were entirely destroyed.

The flames soon communicated with the Free Presbyterian Church, on Richmond street, which soon fell a prey to the elements, leaving nothing but the blackened walls. The fire was checked by tearing down several houses on Yonge street.

THE AMENDE.

Mrs. Fanny Kemble Butler has the following passage in her "Year of Consolation" passed on the European Continent, in which, while she finds that we do not spit much more than some other people, she acknowledges certain virtues of ours that seem to be ours alone:

"Oh, my poor dear American fellow citizens! how humbly, on my knees, I do beg your pardon for all the reproaches I have levelled against your national diversion of spitting, and the consequent filth which you create around you. Here I sit in the cabin of this boat, surrounded with men having and spitting; and whereas spittoons have been hitherto the bane of my life in the United States, a spittoon here to day would have been the joy of my heart and the delight of my eyes. How I thought, too, of the honor and security in which a woman might traverse alone from Georgia to Maine, that vast country, certain of assistance, attention, the most respectful civility, the most humane protection, from every man she meets, without the fear of injury or insult, screened by the most sacred and universal care from even the appearance of neglect or impertinence,—travelling alone with as much safety and comfort as though she were the sister or the daughter of every man she meets."

Illinois Debt.—Gov. French, having accomplished the object of his recent visit to our city, in securing the co-operation of the Illinois Bondholders in the movement about to be made for the re-funding of the State debt, has returned to Illinois, where the approaching session of the Convention for the revision of the State Constitution requires his presence. Two or three months must elapse before replies can be received from the bondholders in Europe, at the expiration of which, the Governor will return to New York to effect the exchange of securities. The business tact and efficiency of Gov. French have produced a most favorable impression upon those of our citizens who were brought into intercourse with him, and have confirmed the confidence to which the recent act of the Illinois Legislature gave rise, that a strenuous and successful effort is about to be made to retrieve the financial condition and establish the prosperity of the State.—*N. Y. Jour. Com.*

Adulterated Linseed Oil.—Several importers of Linseed Oil from London and Hull, have been surprised to find their oil largely adulterated with the oil of resin, a very cheap article, and ruinous to the qualities of linseed oil when mixed with it. Some large parcels are now on hand in this market and in Boston, which we dare say the importers will not attempt to sell, now that the fraud is discovered, but as this is a new fraud, the community need to be apprised of it. The oil of resin has a pungent taste like smoke or soot, which does not belong to linseed oil.—*Jour. Commerce.*

Marrying a Wife's Sister.—The Rev. Mr. McQueen has been restored to his position in the Presbyterian Church, by the action of the General Assembly. He had been suspended from the ministry for marrying the sister of his deceased wife. The Assembly, however, on restoring him, did not sanction the act for which he had been suspended.

A Pandemonium.—The Anti-Slavery Convention which met in Boston last week, is described in the papers of that city as a perfect Pandemonium.—Men and women—blacks and whites—wrangling, squabbling, fighting. One sturdy negro had his arms entwined around the neck of a white lady, whispering soft things in her ear.

AUGUSTA, May 28.

Death of the Hon. John Schley.—This distinguished and highly esteemed citizen departed this life very suddenly on Wednesday, 26th instant, at his residence five miles from this city. He was in good health, and had just returned from a drive of about two miles to the Bellville Factery, with which he was connected, when he was struck down with a cramp in the breast, which terminated his life in half an hour. He was in the 62d year of his age.—*Constitutionalist.*

TROPHIES OF WAR.

Among the most beautiful trophies which have been sent to the United States, are some of the rare flowers of Mexico. If our officers would recollect what fine additions they are competent to make to our greenhouses, from the great storehouse of the productions which they have conquered, they would imitate the example of Gen. Patterson, Lieut. Abert, and Paymaster Rich. Mexico abounds with the various and beautiful productions of the garden, and none more remarkable than the extraordinary family of cacti. We hope the collection in the conservatory of the Patent Office may be enlarged by additional trophies of this description. Our intelligent friend Brackenridge, who attended Captain Wilkes in his expedition, and gathered many of the exotics which grace the conservatory, is an excellent botanist; and one of the most agreeable visits we ever pay in Washington, is to his flower garden. The other evening he was polite enough to show us his splendid cacti, now in bloom, and to point out some of the flowers which had been sent to him from Mexico. Among them were flowers sent by Gen. Patterson from Tampico, expressly for the conservatory—viz: one barrel of plants, consisting of six species of *cacti*; one *yucca*, or Spanish bayonet; six species of *tillandsia*; seven epiphitic, or air plants. Among the last were *oncidiums, epidendrums, brassavola*, &c., &c., all in good condition.

From Paymaster William Rich (on his way to California) were also sent several kinds of seed, and the root of an *orchis*, collected in crossing from Chagres to Mazatlan.

Also, from Lieut. Abert, an assortment of seeds and plants, collected by him in Mexico, during his late survey of the northern portion of that country.

From Mr. E. Burke, Commissioner of Patents, seeds of several kinds of Brazilian *mimosa*, sent by Mr. Wise, United States minister to the court of Brazil.—*Washington Union, 14th May.*

BEAUTIFUL ANSWER.

What wonderful questions children often ask, and what equally wonderful answers do they sometimes give. What can be more touching than the following anecdote which we find in the New York Organ!

"A friend of ours while dressing a very young child, a few days ago, said—in rather an impatient tone—'You are such a lump of a shape, it is impossible to make anything fit you!' The lips of the child quivered and looking up, it said—in a deprecating tone—'God made me.' Our friend was rebuked; and the little 'lump' was kissed a dozen times.

"God made me!" Had the wise men of the world pondered on a fitting answer to such a careless remark, for a century, they could not have found a better than flowed naturally and spontaneously from the wounded heart of the child. "God made me, mother; it is not my fault that I am what you thus seem not to like—such a 'little lump;' God made me!" Blessings on thy innocent heart, sweet child—of such are the kingdom of heaven.—*U. S. Post.*

Disease of Sun and Air.—Dr Moore, the eloquent and amiable author of "The Use of the Body in relation to the Mind," illustrates the effects of the Sun and Air as follows:

"A tadpole confined in darkness would never become a frog, and an infant being deprived of heaven's free light, will only grow into a shapeless idiot, instead of a beauteous thing. Hence in the deep dark gorges and ravines of the Swiss Valais, where the sunshine never reaches, the hideous prevalence of idiocy startles the traveller. It is a strange, melancholy idiocy. Many citizens are incapable of any articulate speech; some are deaf, some are blind, some labor under all these privations, and all are misshapen in almost every part of the body. I believe there is, in all places, marked difference in the healthiness of houses, according to their aspect with regard to the sun, and that those are decidedly the healthiest, *ceteris paribus*, on which all the rooms are, during some part of the day, fully exposed to direct light. It is a well known fact that epidemics attack the inhabitants on the shady side of a street, and totally except those of the other side; and even in endemics, such as ague, the morbid influence is often thus partial in its action."—*Mechanics Journal.*

The Wooing of Jalapa.—The editor of the Jalapa Star thus raves about "lovely woman" in that quarter of the globe:—

"The more we see of the women of this city, the more we admire them, and if we were pleased on first beholding them, we are now in perfect raptures. Without exception, these ladies are the most fascinating we have ever seen, (of course, we do not mean the entire mass of "greaseritas,") and many a one of us who has passed through unscathed the temptations of other places in Mexico, will leave here with half a heart. If these things continue to increase, Mexico will have another difficult question to settle—one in which the aggrieved party will never yield—that of theft on the part of her fairer population—for it will be proved, we fear beyond doubt, that they have stolen hearts that are the *lawful* property of America."

"Ruffled Straps.—A lady was seen riding, on horseback, through one of the streets of Boston, one afternoon last week. All female equestrians are stared at in cities; but she was stared at particularly hard, because she sported a pair of nice, clean snowy-white pantalettes—*with ruffled straps.* We have heard of ruffled shirts, ruffled collars, ruffled tempers, but never before of—*ruffled straps.*—*Phil. Bulletin.*

Question Settled.—The Maryland Episcopal Convention have decided that a bishop has the right to administer the confirmation and regulate all the other services when he makes his regular canonical visitation to any parish.

That Leg.—Among other things brought in the brig Shamrock, which arrived at New Orleans the other day, is the veritable cork leg of Santa Anna—said to be a very beautiful piece of work.—Where is Barnum?

A boy in Jamaica was driving a mule; the animal was sullen, stopped, turned his arched neck upon the boy, as if in defiance and contempt. "Won't go will you? feel grand, do you? I guess you forgot your father was a jackass."

☞ The *Union* understands that Seth Barton, Esq., the new Charge to Chili, will probably go out in the Ohio (which is destined to the Pacific Ocean) about the 15th of June.

Nuns of the Elder Sort.—By a late ordinance of the King of Bavaria, females are prohibited from pronouncing any monastic vow until having passed their 33d year.

IRISH RELIEF.

The Executive Relief Committee will meet on every Tuesday at 4 o'clock at the Navigation Insurance Office. By the Committee.

may6. R. H. KERR, Secretary.

IRISH RELIEF.

Farmers and others bringing produce for the starving poor of Ireland, will please inform *Michael Allen*, Esq., on Water street, who will attend to the same and give storage in his spacious warehouse to all donations offered for the relief of the *poor of Ireland*. By the Committee,

ap29 ROBERT H. KERR, Sec'y.

Great Bargains in Queensware.

THERE is now offered, at the Warehouse of WALLINGFORD & CO., on the Canal Basin, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, the balance of the stock of an extensive Queensware store from the east, consisting of flowing blue, white granite, blue printed, and granite sprig Tea, Dinner, and Chamber sets, with an assortment of common ware suitable for country merchants. Also, some China and Britannia Teapots. The above goods must be closed—those who want to purchase, will therefore do well to call soon. je7-d1w

BY TELEGRAPH

EXPRESSLY FOR

THE DAILY MORNING POST.

NEW YORK MARKET.

June 4, 10 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The Hibernia's news has sent the market for Flour up largely. Buyers came forward and purchased very freely on the strength of it. 10,000 bbls. Genessee and Western sold to-day at $9,50 ⅌ bbl. for the former and $9,25 for the latter. The demand continues quite active.

WHEAT—Has gone up in the same proportion. Sales 3000 bu. prime White at at 225c. ⅌ bu.

CORN—Prime Yellow is up to 120@123c. ⅌ bu. and sales of 15,000 bu. at those figures.

CORNMEAL—Is held at $6 ⅌ bbl. without sales, however, to make that price.

WHISKEY—In bbls. has gone up—holders now demand 40c. ⅌ gall. No buyers at that.

The market for Provisions has been extremely active throughout the day in consequence of the news. Pork has advanced 12½@25c., and the sales reach 3000 bbls.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

June 4, 10½ o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The market has advanced, but not much. There is an excellent feeling prevalent, and sales of 4000 bbls. to-day at $9. Holders subsequently put the price up to $9,25, but buyers would do no business at that, and so the market closes.

PROVISIONS—Are unmoved as yet by the news, but holders are much more firm in their demands.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

June 4, 0 o'clock, P. M.

CORN MEAL—Is up; $6 37½ is now demanded. No buyers at that.

FLOUR—Holders are now demanding $10 ⅌ bbl., for Howard street Flour, but there are no buyers at that. The same is asked for city mills, but with no better result as to effecting sales.

Of prime Red Wheat sales at 213c., but 215c. is now asked.

108c. is asked for White Corn—sales 112@114c ⅌ bu.

Sales Whiskey in barrels at 27c.

There is an improvement, though but slight, in the prices of Provisions.

In Stocks no change.

P. S. The steamer brought over four hundred and two thousand pounds sterling in specie—upwards of $2,000,000.

[The above report of the New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, was received on Friday night, or rather Saturday morning, but at so late an hour as to render it impossible for us us to crowd it into Saturday's paper.]

BALTIMORE MARKET.

June 5, 9 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The stock of Flour in the market is not large. The receipts have been fair. For Howard street a price is claimed which buyers refuse to pay—$8,93¾ ⅌ bbl. Holders are sellers at that. The last sales of City Mills were at $9,75 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—Small sales of prime White at $2,17@2,19; and of similar quality Red at $2,12@2,15.

OATS—Realize 59@61c. ⅌ bu.

WHISKEY—Is a little lower. Sales of hhds. and bbls at 26¼@27¼.

PROVISIONS—The sales of the week have been moderate only, and at steady prices. Holders are much firmer since the news. Sales of Mess Pork at $16,50, and Prime at $14 ⅌ bbl

BACON—The demand continues good. Sales of Western Shoulders at 7½@8c. Sides 9½@10c., and Hams at 9@10½c.

LARD—Has not varied in price. No. 1 realizes 9½@10c. in bbls. and kegs.

BEEF—There have been some sales of Mess at $14@15,25—extremes of the market $15@15,50. Prime at $10@10,50.

BUTTER—Sales of 50 kegs good Western at 14c.

There have been small sales of Western Deer Skins in hair at 20@23c.

PHILADELPHIA MARKET.

June 5, 9 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The amount of business doing in Flour is moderate, and holders have not realized the amount they claimed. To-day, western and Pennsylvania brands sold at $9 25@$9 37½ ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—White on the spot realizes $2 20@$2 23 ⅌ bu.

CORN—Some samples of prime Yellow sold to-day at $1 23@$1 25 ⅌ bu.

OATS—Continue very scarce and fetch 58@61 c. ⅌ bu.

RYE—Has advanced to $1 40@$1 43 c. ⅌ bu. on the spot.

WHISKEY—In barrels, is still held at 40 c; but buyers will not come forward at that price.

COTTON—Has declined ½ c ⅌ lb. since the news.

PROVISIONS—The market continues rather quiet, but holders are very firm and claim full prices For new western mess, sales at $17 and old at $16 50.

Sales No. 1, Lard, at 10@10⅝ for barrels and kegs—demand good since the news.

Of Bacon, sales Hams of western cure at 10 c.; and city cured at 12@12⅝ c. Western sides at 9⅜ and shoulders at 8c., which is an improvement on the latter.

CLOVERSEED—The demand on Cloverseed has improved, and sales of prime at $4 62½@$4,75 ⅌ bu.

FLAXSEED—American is held at $1 42, without sales to establish the price.

TOBACCO—Kentucky Leaf is in request. The extremes of the market are 3½@10 c.

NEW YORK MARKET.

June 5, 10 o'clock, P. M.

FLOUR—The business done in Flour to-day is not large. The stock actually on sale is not very heavy. Sales Southern for use at $10 50 ⅌ bbl.

RYE—Some sales at $1 69 ⅌ bu.

PROVISIONS—Holders claim an advance, but the sales are light in consequence of the higher figures demanded. Sales new western prime pork at $14 25, and old at $13 62½. Of old mess at $16@$16 37½, while new is held at $17 without sales.

BACON—There is an excellent demand and sales of 110@120,000 lbs. western cured sides at 9 c.; and 30,000 lbs. shoulders at 6½ c.

FREIGHTS—To Liverpool, on Flour, advanced to 3 shillings ⅌ bbl.

Books Just Received.

SCHLEGEL'S Philosophy of History;
Schlegel's Dramatic Literature;
Roscoe's Life of Leo X.;
Roscoe's " Lorenzo de Medici;
Cox's House of Austria;
Sismondi's Literature of Europe;
Beckman's History of Inventions;
Lanzi's History of Painting;
Robt. Hall's Miscellaneous Works;
Mahan's Intellectual Philosophy;
Michelet's Roman Republic;
Todd's Kirk White;
Margaret Percival;
The Fairy Bower; for sale by
H. S. BOSWORTH & Co.,
ja7 No. 43 Market-st.

COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Prepared and corrected every Afternoon.

PITTSBURGH BOARD OF TRADE.
COMMITTEE FOR JUNE.
J. Carothers, Wm. A. Hill, N. B. Craig.

Movements of the Steam Ships.

Steamers.	*Captains.*	*Leave Liverpool.*	*Leave Amer.*
Hibernia,	Kyrie;	May 19	June 16
Cambria,	Judkin;	June 4	July 1

Daily Review of the Markets.

OFFICE OF THE POST,
MONDAY MORNING, June 7, 1847.

FLOUR—The market was in a very unsettled state on Saturday. Prices were fluctuating throughout the day. Holders were anxious to obtain high prices, and buyers extremely loth to purchase at present quotations. Sales were effected in small parcels at the following rates: $6,50, $6,62½, 6,70 and 6,75 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—Sales of Red at $1,00 ⅌ bu., and White at $1,05 ⅌ bu.

CORN—Sales at 45@46c.

RYE—Market light, and sales at 45c. ⅌ bu.

BARLEY—Sales to brewers at 40@43c. ⅌ bu.

WHISKEY—We notice a further advance in this article. Sales of Rectified at 25c. ⅌ gall., and Common at 24c. ⅌ gall.

COFFEE—Sales mostly for city consumption, in small lots, as follows: Rio 8¼@8¾c. ⅌ lb.; Java 10@14c. ⅌ lb.

ALE—Sales brisk at $7,00@9,00, according to quality, which includes the cask.

BACON—Sales of Shoulders at 6@6½c. ⅌ lb.

LUMBER—A few arrivals, but not much in yards. For Clear Lumber, inch stuff, at river, $20 ⅌ M.; for Common do. $10 ⅌ M. One and a half inch stuff higher in proportion. Shingles are selling at the river at $2,20 ⅌ M.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, Johnstown,
June 1st, 1847.

Amount of tolls received up to 1st of June, 1847,	$61,217 12
Amount received last year up to same time	36,850 35
Increase	$24,366 77
The amount received in the month of May was	$25,044 13.

O. EASON, Collector.

COMMERCE OF THE PORT OF NEW-YORK.

IMPORTS.

	In May, 1847.	In May, 1846.
Free goods	$738,753	$1,300,751
Dutiable	5,868,261	4,160,800
Specie	1,326,697	27,286
	$7,933,711	$5,488,337

Increase, $2,445,374.

EXPORTS.

	In May, 1847.	In May, 1846.
Domestic mdse	$3,073,393	$2,529,091
Foreign articles dutiable,	230,760	208,562
" " not "	97,711	85,850
Specie	158,000	291,041
	$3,159,864	$3,114,549

Increase, $1,045,315.

DUTIES RECEIVED.

May, 1847	$1,482,708 69	May, '46	$1,277,227 45
4 mos prev.	6,692,819 23		6,746,078 52
	$8,175,527 92		$8,023,305 97

Increase, $152,221 95.

The increase of imports during the last five months, compared with the same months of 1846 is, $18,763,273, of which about one-third was specie. Increase of exports, $7,107,272.

Liverpool Board of Trade.—From a return of the statistical department of the Board of Trade, just published, for the month ending the 5th Feb., of the present year, it appears that the declared value for exports for the month, has been less than in the two preceding years, viz: in 1847, £3,077,010 against £3,282,819 in 1846, and £3,361,371 in 1845. The tonnage entered inwards from foreign ports, has been, in 1847, 1425 ships, 308,680 tons, against 1425 ships, 284,410 tons in 1846, and 1435 ships, 318,231 tons in 1845.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MANAGER, ... C. S. PORTER.
STAGE MANAGER, ... W. M. FOSTER.

PRIVATE BOXES $5; SINGLE TICKETS 75 CTS.
Dress Circle, 50 cents. | Second Box, 37½ cents.
Pit, 25 " | Gallery, 20 "

Last night but one of Mr. COLLINS, the Irish Comedian.

Monday Evening, June 7, 1847,
The elegant Comedy of the
IRISH AMBASSADOR.
Sir Patrick O'Plenipo, (with song,) .... MR. COLLINS.
Dance, ... MISS BERTHA LEWIS.
To conclude with the afterpiece called
HOW TO PAY THE RENT.
Morgan Rattler, (with song,) ..... MR. COLLINS.

Doors open at ½ past 7 o'clock, curtain will rise at ½ before 8.

The Box office will be open daily from 10 o'clock A. M., to 1, P. M., and from 2 to 5, P. M., where any number of seats may be secured.

☞ It is particularly requested that no children in arms be brought to the Theatre.

Continued Success!

ANDREWS' EAGLE ICE CREAM SALOON.

FREE CONCERTS every evening during the week. Programme changed nightly.—The proprietor begs leave to state to his friends and the public that, at the advice of numerous families residing in and without the city of Pittsburgh, he has been induced to offer, for their amusement, a series of *Afternoon Soirees*, the first of which will take place on Wednesday, comming at 3, P. M. Tickets, 12½ cents, including a dish of Ice Cream. je7

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny:

The petition of Thomas Jessup, of Indiana township, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the city and county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment; and your petitioner, as in duty bound will pray.

THOMAS JESSUP.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Indiana township, do certify, That the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation and lodging of strangers and travellers, and that said tavern is necessary.

Andrew Galaher, R. Bell, John Galaher, D. H. Bell, John O'Hara, John Henderson, Jas. Hickey, John Grady, Peter Hutchinson, Wm. C. M'Cormick, E. Hauck, John Malone. je7-3t*

Champagne Wines.

25 BASKETS Champagne Wines, consisting of Key, Cross Bow, Tri Color, Crown, Ducal Grape, Bollingeurs, Anchor, the celebrated P. A. Mumm & Co.'s Anchor, Mumm's Sillery, Heidsick, and "Cock and Crown" brands. These Wines are superior, being obtained direct from the importers. Persons may rely upon not getting Newark Cider, when they buy these Wines from me. Just receiving and for sale by basket or bottle, by

je5 JACOB WEAVER.

Claret Wines.

25 CASES qts. Chateau Margaux, 1 doz. each.
16 " " St. Julien Medoc, 1 "
10 " " Chateau Dr. Leoville, 1 "
28 " " " Leffite, 1 doz. each very fine
10 " " Family use, 1 & 2 " extra.

Also 10 hhds. St. Julien, and 3 do. white Wine, all just receiving, and for wholesale or retail.

je5 JACO