The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH: SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

FRANCIS R. SHUNK,

OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,

MORRIS LONGSTRETH,

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

"We can't be beaten, General, when we all pull together!"

Such is said to have been the language of the brave Taylor, in reply to the congratulations of Gen. Wool, immediately after the battle of Buena Vista, where our patriotic little band contended against most fearful odds. The reply is worthy of the man; and is now offered to our political friends throughout the Union, as the watchword of our party—not indeed a new one, so far as relates to the experience of the Democratic party; but one which can never fail, if duly regarded, to produce a salutary effect among our friends, and carry consternation into the ranks of our opponents.

What a soul-inspiring and truthful sentence!—"*We can't be beaten* when we all pull together!" Let every one who regards the interests of his country as paramount; every one who feels an interest in the advancement of rational liberty; every one who seeks to promote the best interests of *the masses*; every one who professes to venerate the sacred principles of political truth, as contended for by the great Apostle of American Liberty, (Thomas Jefferson); every one who sustained and revered the undaunted Jackson; every one who would place the free citizens of this country upon the sure foundation of *equal rights*, both moral and political;—let all these, who have in the main acted together, since the organization of our government; and who have always constituted the actual majority in our country; remember that "We can't be beaten, when we all pull together!"

And the fact is in no way difficult to account for. The masses of our countrymen are actuated by the same desire—have the same end in view. There will sometimes be a difference of opinion respecting the means best calculated to attain the great end desired; but, after all, with *the masses*, the *end* to be accomplished is the same—that end the equal and permanent interest of the whole body politic. How important is it, then, that the broad basis of Truth alone should be adopted, on which to go forth to battle! How necessary that we should waive all minor differences—all sectional distinctions—and contend alone for those acknowledged principles, which have ever been recognized as the fundamental doctrines of our government. The Democratic party have never failed to succeed in an open contest with Federalism. They never will be defeated in a contest before the people, when they contend upon the broad ground of those principles. Nor can it be otherwise. The principles of the Democratic party, as contended for by Mr. Jefferson; and again so distinctly avowed and prosecuted under Gen. Jackson; are general and progressive. They recognize not the narrow limits of a county, a State, or a section; they cease not to operate in a day, or a month, or a year.—The wide extent of our whole Union is but a limited field in which to develop their growth; and the period when the human mind shall cease to advance in its struggles after truth—when man himself shall cease to exist—can alone be recognized as the time when they *might* become inoperative.—And can they cease to operate, even when *man* shall cease to exist upon this stage of action? No, they cannot. They are a part of the great system of the Universe, enduring as the Cause in which all things eternal originated.

"We can't be beaten, when we all pull together." The exclamation is worthy of any true patriot—most worthy of him who has never flinched in the field of battle; and not to be lightly regarded by those who are more accustomed to warfare in the field of political strife. There is as much necessity for union in the one case, as in the other; and we would say that the necessity is even greater, for union among those professing to regard as an object of primary importance, the establishment of great moral and political principles: for, in mere physical warfare, the *few* often overcome the many; but, in the establishment of political principles, numbers alone can succeed. Let us, then, as a party, contending for principles which we declare are diffusive and eternal, hail this watchword with delight. There have been crises in our history when it was acted upon; and *then* we triumphed. *Then* we were united; and sought to sustain ourselves by virtue of our principles alone. The people have decided upon the merits of those principles whenever fairly presented to their notice; and always in their favor, when thus presented. Thus the people of this country ever decide, when their intelligence, their patriotism, and their moral sense are appealed to.

We are not impelled to these remarks from any particular manifestations of division in the Democratic ranks; but rather through an apprehension that such a state of things *may* originate, in view of our present position as a people. We have never been defeated when the country was at peace, and in the enjoyment of prosperity; and we are never likely to fail in peace or in war, when the country is prosperous and we are united. Times like the present, are those in which we can best take a retrospect, and when we can most fitly prepare for the future; and they are such, moreover, as require the greatest vigilance on our part, as Democrats. We therefore, have thought the occasion a fit one, on which to submit a few thoughts for the consideration of our friends generally, and, if, perchance, they may lead to any good result in any county, or State, or section of our country, we will have attained the highest object of our ambition—to serve faithfully as a sentinel upon the watchtower, and sound the note of alarm when there is even an appearance of danger.

The most certain means which we can resort to, in every part of our country, to effect unity of action and ensure success, is that of a thorough organization for political purposes. Let this be done by States, by counties, by townships—even by districts—and we have nothing to fear. Our friends are by such means brought into frequent contact with each other, the state of affairs of each portion of the country becomes known, a deep interest is aroused in the minds of the people, discussions are had, and truth elicited. The artful designs of demagogues can be thus exposed, and every man is brought to feel that he is one of the great mass who is interested in the establishment of political truth. It is only in times of quiet, of inactivity, that the spirit of Democracy slumbers. It is only when Falsehood stalks abroad unopposed, that Truth is overcome. Such an organization as that referred to has always led us, as a party, to victory. It is just such an organization which led to the triumph of our forefathers in the great struggle for Independence. It is such an organization as this, which accords with the genius of our institutions. It is such an organization alone as will ensure to us a victory over Federalism; and enable us, when a victory is achieved, to maintain in safety our position.

☞The contest for Senator is waxing warm amongst our amiable and loving friends, the "whigs." All the "Old Hunkers" in the party are moving heaven and earth to secure the nomination of Mr. Darsie. The people in the country are generally friendly to the nomination of Mr. Hilands, but the city politicians, who always "rule the roast," have set their faces against the hard fisted farmers. A large and influential portion of the party, amongst whom, we understand, are the office holders around the Court House, the Prothonotary, Sheriff, Commissioners, &c., are out in favor of Mr Flannekin's nomination. The "Young Whigs," at the head of whom is C. B. M. Smith, Esq. Editor of the Morning Telegraph, a paper of extensive circulation and unbounded influence, are dissatisfied with all these persons as candidates. Mr. Smith, we learn, is determined to defeat Mr. Darsie's nomination. He is very vigilant. A "whig" friend of ours, who knows all the secrets of the party, declares that Smith's open hostility to Darsie arises altogether from the fact, that he (Smith,) is exceedingly anxious to have the nomination himself. His proverbial modesty and good nature forbid him from advocating his own claims boldly and fearlessly; but at the same time, he is setting his friends to work to pull the wires behind the scene. We shall have "oceans of fun," by-and-by. Of all the persons mentioned for Senator in the ranks of the opposition, we really believe the Editor of the Telegraph is the best qualified. Besides being a profound constitutional lawyer, he is a shrewd party tactician, and the cleverest fellow in the world. We almost feel certain that Mr. Smith will be nominated by acclamation!

Grand Temperance Celebration.—We are informed, by one of the Committee of Arrangement, that the Sons of Temperance, in this city and vicinity, intend having a grand Celebration, on Thursday, the 20th of May. It is expected that about fifteen hundred will participate in the festivities. Several distinguished gentlemen will entertain those present with eloquent speeches. White's Band, assisted by the Steubenville Band, will be present, and perform some fine pieces of music on the occasion. From what we hear, we presume it will be one of the grandest celebrations we have ever had in the city.

☞Our City Fathers have not yet decided upon the proper grade for Grant street. The question has been before them for some time, and at every step they encounter new difficulties. We do hope the matter will be determined speedily, and to the satisfaction of all the parties concerned. The up per part of Fifth street is in a miserable condition, and will so continue, of course, until it is properly graded and paved. The west end of Wylie street is no better. Property owners, who are anxious to build, are kept in suspense, and cannot move an inch until Councils have acted definitively.

☞Col. Tod, of Ohio, Minister to Brazil, bade good bye to his friends on last Saturday, and is now on his way to Norfolk, Va., from which place he takes a vessel for Rio Janeiro. We learn from the Mahoning Index that our old and valued friend T. J. Morgan, Esq., formerly of New Lisbon, and at present a Clerk in the State Department at Washington; has received the appointment of Secretary of Legation, and will accompany Mr. Tod. We trust Mr. Morgan's health will be improved by the journey.

☞At the battle of Taos, in Mexico, where many of those who had been concerned in the murder of Governor Bent and the other citizens of the United States, were engaged, our countrymen determined to be avenged upon the murderers, and scarcely gave any quarter. In many instances, it is said, Mexican women were found fighting in men's clothes; who were only recognized as such by disclosing their sex in their appeals for quarter.

Rev. J. Newland Maffit.—We understand that this distinguished and eloquent gentleman has accepted the invitation tendered him by the Irish Relief Committee, to deliver a Lecture—the proceeds to be applied to the relief of the destitute poor of Ireland. We are confident that there will be an overflowing church. We are informed that it will be delivered on Thursday night, at the Rev. Dr. Herron's church.

☞Nothing is more unpleasant, this warm weather than to be choked with dust on the streets. By taking a small hose, early in the morning or late in the evening, and attaching it to a hydrant, the streets may be dampened, and rendered quite cool and pleasant. We hope this suggestion will be attended to by our citizens generally.

☞A young man in Boston, lately robbed a fellow boarder, (a young lady,) of a considerable sum of money, notes, &c., and returned the notes, accompanied by a letter telling her that he had only borrowed the money, and would pay her interest upon it. His letter led to his arrest—though he had not been suspected until the letter was examined.

☞It is proposed in New York to have a telegraphic communication between the City Hall and each of the Police stations, so that information may be at once given of the locality of a fire, or any other important occurrence. This is a grand idea.

☞The amount to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, on the 30th ult., and which was subject to his draft, was $5,041,450 13. The assistant Treasurer in New York had in his custody $3,016,844 82.

Wheat Crop.—All the accounts which we receive from Canada, southern Michigan and Wisconsin, and northern Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, represent the prospect for a Wheat crop as being very gloomy. Most of the fall wheat has been killed during the past winter.

Bad Barrels.—There is a shameful waste of flour on our streets every day, in consequence of the barrels falling to pieces. Our merchants should make it a rule not to purchase flour unless it was securely put up in good strong barrels, well hooped and nailed, and the heads firmly fastened in.

☞On the 17th ult., the Court House at Napoleon, in Henry county, Ohio, was destroyed by fire, together with all the books, papers, &c., of the several offices connected with it, excepting a few books in the Recorder's office.

"The cry is still, they come!"—Gen. Wm. Marks of Robinson township, and John J. Muse and George Larimer, of Versailles, are announced as "Whig and Antimasonic" candidates for Representative.

☞We observe that a number of Democratic papers in Ohio are out in favor of the nomination of Hon. Reuben Wood for Governor.

War Items.—The Cincinnati Commercial says that Charles Brough Esq., recently editor of the Enquirer of that city, has nearly completed the raising of a company for Mexico, under the new requisition, composed of men of the highest respectability. We wish brother Brough may be as successful in overcoming the *native* Mexicans as he has been in battling with the *Mexican* Whigs. He has the courage—only give him *opportunity* and he will distinguish himself.

☞Two veteran Germans, who were with Napoleon in his campaigns for 16 years, are engaged in organizing a company in Dayton, Ohio. They endured the snows of Russia, and are now willing, in the cause of our country, to suffer the privations of a tour in Mexico.

☞The Adjutant General of the United States, gives public notice, that volunteers who re-enlist for a second term of service will be entitled to a second land bounty. So with regulars.

☞The N. Y. Evening Post says that a young French officer of high rank resigned his commission in the French army, and left his native land to enter the service of our country; and that he has enlisted in Company B under Lt. Charles Van Allen, of that city.

☞On the 3d inst. 175 soldiers from Michigan, arrived at Cincinnati, on their way to the seat of war. The Commercial says that four more companies were expected on the following day.

Fires.—A destructive fire occurred at Greensburg, Ky. on the 18th ult. A row of the finest buildings in the place was consumed, and the Court House considerably injured.

☞We learn from the Cincinnati Signal, of Wednesday, that the extensive Saw Mill and Planing establishment of Mr. G. H. Stolly, on Congress street, was destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss, $10,000. No insurance. A man whose name is unknown was found amongst the ruins the next morning, burnt to death.

☞There occurred a great fire at Griffin, in Georgia, in the latter part of April, by which fourteen valuable store houses and their contents were destroyed. Nearly the whole town was consumed.

☞On the 28th ult. a fire was raging in the pines of Monmouth and Burlington counties, New Jersey. The mails were stopped in several places, in consequence of it extent, and all other communication suspended.

Result in Virginia.

The Richmond Enquirer and Whig both agree in giving what is now generally believed to be the entire result of the election. The following comprises the Congressional Delegation:

DEMOCRATS.	WHIGS.
Arch. Atkinson,	John M. Botts,
Geo. C. Dromgoole,	John S. Pendleton,
Thomas S. Bocock,	Thomas S. Flourney,
Thomas H. Bayly,	Wm. L. Goggin,
R. T. L. Beale,	Wm. B. Preston,
Henry Bedinger,	Andrew S. Fulton—6.
James M Dowell,	
Wm. G. Brown,	
—— Thompson—9.	

The following result of the Legislation is given by both the Whig and Enquirer:

	Democrats.	Whigs.
Senate, hold over	16	8
Elected this spring	5	3
	21	11—D maj. 10.
House of Delegates	62	72—W. " 10.
	83	83

A tie on joint ballot. Last year there was a Democratic majority of 22.

☞Capt. Walker, of the steamboat Great Western, about three years ago bought a horse in Canada which he brought to Buffalo on his boat. Last winter the horse was seized, on account of the Captain not having reported him to the Custom House officer, and was condemned. Lately, the Secretary of the Treasury has decided that the boat likewise was liable, under our laws, to seizure and condemnation.

SOMETHING HANDSOME.

The *Union* publishes the following note from Lord Palmerston, presenting the thanks of the British Government and nation to the people of the United States, for their liberal contributions in aid of the suffering people of Ireland:

Foreign Office, March 31, 1847.

Sir: I have received your dispatch No. 8, of the 12th ult., stating that measures have been taken for the purpose of raising a subscription in the United States for the relief of the destitute Irish poor.

And I have to instruct you to take every opportunity of saying how grateful her Majesty's Government and the British nation at large feel for this kind and honorable manifestation of sympathy, by the citizens of the United States, for the sufferings of the Irish people. It might indeed have been expected that a generous and high minded nation would deeply commiserate the sufferings which an awful visitation of Providence has inflicted upon so large a population, descended from the same ancestors as themselves. But the active and energetic assistance which the people of the United States are thus affording to the poor Irish, while it reflects the highest honor upon our transatlantic brethren, must tend to draw closer, and to render stronger and more lasting, those ties of friendship and mutual esteem which her majesty's government trusts will long continue to exist between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon family, separated, indeed, from each other, by geographical position, but united together by common interests, to which every succeeding year must add increasing extension and force. I am, &c.,

PALMERSTON.

To the Right Hon. Richard Pakenham, &c., &c.

A SHOT IN THE CENTRE.

The rival candidates for Governor in Tennessee, (says the Pennsylvanian,) are two Browns, the present incumbent, Aaron V. Brown, who is the Democratic nominee for re-election, and Gen Neil S. Brown, the Federal nominee. The Gov. is said to be a perfect whole team; and the following extract from a late reply of his to his competitor, is proof that he is a rough customer in debate:

"Who can contend that the boundary of Texas was left open for the future action of Congress?—Look to the absurdity and cruelty of such an argument. The President sends our army to the Sabine. There General Taylor takes his position, and he and his brave army look over to the west. They see the Mexican army pass over the Rio Grande and invade Texas. Can't we fight them now? "No," say the Whigs, "the western boundary is open and unsettled." But look, they cross the Nueces! Can't we fight them now? "No," say the Whigs, "the western boundary is open." But look! they have crossed the Colorado! the towns are all on fire! the Texan people are fleeing before them! Cant we fight them now? "No, not yet," say the Whigs, "the western boundary is open!" But look! yonder are the Mexican lancers striking down and piercing through and thro' the poor decrepit old men, unable to flee from them, and yonder the licentious Mexican is laying his rude hands on the shrinking females—we almost hear their screams under the outrage.—O! can't we fight them now? "No, no," say the Whigs, "not yet, not yet: *the western boundary is open!*" Good God! have reason and justice and humanity fled the earth, that such doctrines are maintained among an enlightened people!

Mackinaw.—On the 22d of April, a fleet of vessels was at that port waiting for the breaking up of the ice in order to pass up Lake Michigan. The winter at Mackinaw is said to have been uncommonly severe. Provisions had become scarce, and not a barrel of flour could be obtained outside the garrison until the steamers arrived. Captain Carey's company of 2d Infantry at the post is ordered to Mexico, and a company of Michigan recruits will then occupy the post.

For the Morning Post.

Mr. Harper:—I am on terms of intimacy with a very excellent man who is a Whig, from whom I sometimes receive certain hints as to events that are to be brought to light by his party. All the plans and arrangements are first carefully matured by those able and skillful men, our County Commissioners, and afterwards a call is issued, and the Convention come together, and ratify what has been so well prepared to their hands. My friend informs me that the County Commissioners have selected the following ticket to be nominated for the Assembly. It looks formidable, and it will behoove us to select our very ablest men to oppose it, unless we intend to submit to an inglorious defeat.

Senate—T. J. Bigham.
Assembly—Samuel Palmer,
Alex. H. Miller,
Robert M'Knight,
John Jack.

For the Morning Post.

Mr. Harper:—With your permission I will trouble you to publish the following extracts, from gentlemen well informed, on the distress in Ireland. The first is from Mr. Burrett, which has been furnished me by my old preceptor, (in Montreal,) now a distinguished member of the New York bar. The other was handed me by a worthy friend, Mr. Wilkinson. Both letters have the most recent date. It gives me great satisfaction to state that our own country is acting nobly in the cause of human benevolence—Wherever I addressed meetings the people have come forward with a praiseworthy generosity, and contributed freely and largely—for "God loveth a cheerful giver." I am at a loss for words to express my acknowledgments to our warm hearted and christian friends throughout Allegheny. How pleasing it must be to all, to know that the grateful people of that ill-fated country are offering up their prayers to Almighty God, for the welfare and preservation of the people of our city, the first to send relief to Ireland.

Methinks I can see the proud emblem of our glorious republic—(the eagle,) towering aloft and skimming over the broad expansive ocean—spreading its ample wings over Ireland, saying arise—for the sons and daughters of Columbia will feed and keep you from starvation. Then cross over to haughty England and scream in the ears of Royalty—Behold the Americans feeding your famished subjects, that you have defrauded out of that which God intended for them. It will then wing its way back to its own bright stars that shine alike on all—where all are blessed with plenty—there rest in security on the loftiest pinnacle from all danger. Well do the American people deserve the thanks and gratitude of the British government, and not only of them, but they have exhibited to the whole world that nobleness of soul which will redound to the honor and fame of our infant republic. Never in the memory of man has there been any thing to equal the generosity and christian charity of our people. This country will forever be remembered and remain a blessing to millions.

I trust, for the sake of starving women and children, that our generous transporters will see the necessity of giving our freight the preference. We are willing to pay them the outside price. Let the poor souls have the food that the generous public are contributing, and Heaven will reward those that take care of the poor. I feel that I am amply rewarded for what little I have done, by the free-will offering of our gentlemanly editors. I ask no higher favor than the good opinion of the public.

With sentiments of true respect,

ROBERT H. KERR.

Extract from the letter of Mr. Burrett (now in Ireland.)

"I am making a tour of Ireland for the purpose of investigating the real condition of the people. The distress is wide-spread, not confined to towns or counties, but is general. It is heart-rending to witness the distress that has come under my notice. America must not relax her efforts to save their fellow mortals. Food will do it, and one hundred dollars worth from America would be as valuable as three hundred in money. Clothing, shoes, &c.; however old, will be the next acceptable and seasonable donation to food. I trust in God that each State will freight a ship for this country of famine and disease. I could give you several instances of the effects of this terrible famine, but I grow sick at the mere recital. Wives and Mothers of America, only think of an Irish mother placing her dear little offspring, to the number of five, on a pallet of straw, in a corner of a wretched house, and then think of her going there in the morning and finding all dead (save one) from famine and the famine fever, and that darling of her heart asking for two grains of corn. There are others equally as strong as this is, that plead our charity. Americans, in the name of God don't slumber in the work of preserving life."

Extract from Mr. Forrett's letter, to Mr. Wilkinson.

"To give you a correct answer to your letter from Pittsburgh—with reference to the times in Ireland, is more than I can do—as the Almighty only knows, what is to become of these times. You may consider the situation of the poor in this county (Donegal,) where there is not one meal of potatoes for them to eat, and at present, there is but few families in the county that have one pound of meal; my only fear is that the present is not the worst—our neighborhood is not the worst part of the county—we are better able to stand the shock than others in this country. But the distress is not confined to localities such as *Skibereen, Cork, Mayo*, and such like places; the distress is general all over *Ireland*. The Government have given loans of money to be repaid in *ten years*—active and energetic assistance which the people of the United States are thus affording to the poor Irish, while it reflects the highest honor upon our transatlantic brethren, must tend to draw closer, and to render stronger and more lasting, those ties of friendship and mutual esteem which her majesty's government trusts will long continue to exist between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon family, separated, indeed, from each other, by geographical position, but united together by common interests, to which every succeeding year must add increasing extension and force. I am, &c.,

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DESPATCHES FOR THE POST!

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

GREAT BATTLE WITH THE MEXICANS.

AMERICANS VICTORIOUS.

Five Mexican Generals taken Prisoners!

Philadelphia, May 7, 1847. 6 o'clock, P. M.

The southern mail, which has just arrived, brings more glorious news from our gallant little army in Mexico. Another great battle has been fought between the forces under General Scott and the Mexicans, near Cerro Gordo, which resulted in the entire routing of the Mexican army. But few Americans were killed and wounded, while the loss on the side of the Mexicans was immense. Five Mexican Generals had been taken prisoners!

LATER NEWS.

PARTICULARS OF THE GREAT BATTLE.

Mexicans Slaughtered by Hundreds!

AMERICAN LOSS VERY SEVERE.

☞After our first despatch was received last evening at 6 o'clock, the deepest anxiety was felt throughout the city, to learn the particulars of the great battle between Gen. Scott and Santa Anna. Owing to accumulation of messages at the other end of the line, we did not receive our second despatch until 12½ o'clock this morning.

Philadelphia, May 8, 1847. Saturday, 12½ o'clock, A. M.

The American troops took six thousand Mexican prisoners. Our loss in killed and wounded is estimated at five hundred. The Mexican loss is unknown, but is supposed to be immense. Hopes are entertained that Gen. Shields will recover. Col. Baker, of the Illinois Regiment, had fifty men killed and wounded. Our want of dragoons alone saved Santa Anna. The Kentucky and Tennessee troops suffered terribly. No mention is made of the Pennsylvania troops. Col. Haskins' Regiment lost eighty men. Col. Naylor's company from Philadelphia was with the Tennessee Regiment.

The Battle commenced on the 17th of April, with the advance of Gen. Twiggs. A very severe engagement ensued. The next day Gen. Scott came up, and the main battle was renewed. The fighting was bloody and desperate, but the Mexicans were completely routed. Santa Anna escaped on a mule through a chapparel, leaving his coach, all his papers, money, wooden leg, dinner and camp equipage, and all his munitions of war behind. Gen. La Vega, with five other Mexican generals, and a large number of officers, were taken prisoners. They will be sent to the United States. The Mexicans were slaughtered by hundreds. Our loss was severe, but the number not certainly known. Gen. Shields was mortally wounded. Maj. Sumner was shot in the head, but the wound was not mortal. Gen. Pillow was slightly wounded in the engagement.—All the field officers of Col. Haskill's Regiment were wounded. Captain Mason lost his leg.—Lieut. Ewell badly wounded. Lieut. M'Lean slightly. Gen. Twiggs, pursued the retreating Mexicans to near Jalappa. Lieuts. Derby, Dana, and Davis were badly wounded. Capt. Patton slightly. Lieuts. Nelson and Gill, of Memphis, Tenn., were killed. Gen. La Vega's brother and several Mexican Colonels killed.

On the 19th of April Gen. Worth marched for Mexico. Gen. Scott was to have followed the same day.

The Mexican prisoners will be paraded. The officers have arrived at Vera Cruz.

ATLANTIC AND OHIO TELEGRAPH.

Thos. Bakewell, Esq., and Gen. J. K. Moorhead, of Pittsburgh, were elected Directors of the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Telegraph at a meeting held in Philadelphia this afternoon.

Collector's Office, Pittsburgh, May 6, 1847.

Amount received at this office for canal tolls, during the week ending Wednesday evening, May 5th, $5508,32.

LEVI G. CLOVER, Coll't.

Fare to Boston.—The price of passage from New York to Boston, by the Stonington route, has lately been reduced to $4 for cabin and $2 50 for deck passengers. Freight is now taken at 7 cents the cubic foot, and 30 cents the 100 lbs.

☞A rare and scarce collection of Theological and Miscellaneous Books, will be sold at M'Kenna's auction rooms, this evening, at early gas light.

Specie.—The N. Y. Journal of Commerce of the 3d inst., says that the amount of specie received from foreign ports during the past week, was $1,484,250; and that the amount of specie in the vaults of the banks of that city on the 1st of this month, was $10,150,000.

Mineral Region of Lake Supertor.

A FEW doz. (latest edition) of "Houghton and Bristol's Mineral Region," accompanied by the map of the entire country, number and location of every permit, name and capital stock of all the mining companies, result of the geological and zygographical survey, together with all the statistical information relative to the Mineral Region of Lake Superior, are contained in the work. For sale by

HAYS & BROCKAWAY, Druggists, No. 2, Commercial Row, Liberty st.

may8-4tm

A. CROSS,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends, and the public in general, that he is now fitted up, and ready to receive Boarders at his house, on Fifth st., opposite the Jail. Refreshments and Meals can be had at any hour in the day. may8-3md

BACON.—20,000 lbs. Hams, Sides and Shoulders, part in canvass, for sale low by

P. C. MARTIN,
may8 Cor. Smithfield and Front sts.

Last Sale of Books,

OF PRESENT CONSIGNMENTS.

THIS evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Commercial Sales Room, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold, a large collection of valuable new and second hand Books, among which are Encyclopedia Americana, 14 vols.; Nicholson's Encyclopedia, 12 vols.; Works of Shakspeare, Byron, Burns, Scott, Shelly and other standard Poetry; Theology; History; Fiction; Medicine; Music; Law, &c.

Family and Pocket Bibles, Prayer Books, splendid Annuals, among which are 50 copies of the Odd Fellow's Offering, Letter and Cap writing Paper. Blank Books, Steel Pens, Engravings, &c.

my8 JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct'r.

Scarce and valuable Books,

And fine Engravings (the balance of an Eastern Jobber's Stock) at Auction;

BY JAMES M'KENNA, AUCTIONEER.

AT the Auction Room, No. 114 Wood street, 3 doors from 5th, this evening, Saturday, May 8th, at early gas light, will be sold without reserve, a large and valuable lot of Theological and Miscellaneous Books, the balance of stock of an eastern jobber returning home. Some are very scarce and seldom offered at Auction. Among which is Saint Binavetine's Life of Christ, from the original Latin, gilt edge and plates; Manuals and Prayer Books; Graham's Chemistry; Mrs. Ellis' Family Monitor; T. Babington Macauley's Essays, critical and miscellaneous; Meadow's French and English Dictionary; Anthony Ainsworth; Penny Magazines; Newton on the Prophecies; French, German and Latin Dictionary, very old editions, *Fons, Latinitatis, Corvinianus*; Family and Pocket Bibles, in extra bindings; and a general assortment of School and Miscellaneous Books.

my8.

LECTURE FOR THE POOR OF IRELAND.

The Executive Irish Relief Committe, take pleasure to state, that the Rev. J. Newland Maffit will deliver a Lecture, on Thursday night, the 13th inst., at 8 o'clock, at the Rev. Dr. Herron's Church, Wood street. The proceeds to be given to the starving poor of Ireland. The humane and benevolent public are expected.

Tickets 50 cents, to be had at the following places, viz: Johnston & Stockton's, Kay & Co., Luke Loomis's, Dr. Kerr's Drug Store, Mitchell's Drug Store, Allegheny city, and from R. H. Kerr.

By the Committee,
M. ALLEN, *Pres't. pro. tem.*
R. H. Kerr, *Secretary.*

HOSPITAL MEETING.

The Managers of the W. P. Hospital Association, will meet at the Bank of Pittsburgh this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

JOHN HARPER, *Sec'y.*

IRISH RELIEF COMMITTEES.

For this city and also for the city of Allegheny, are respectfully requested *to close their collections forthwith*, and hand the money over to

may7 M. ALLEN.

IRISH RELIEF.

The Executive Relief Committee will meet on every Tuesday at 4 o'clock at the Navigation Insurance Office. By the Committee.

may6. R. H. KERR, Secretary.

IRISH RELIEF.

Farmers and others bringing produce for the starving poor of Ireland, will please inform *Michael Allen*, Esq., on Water street, who will attend to the same and give storage in his spacious warehouse to all donations offered for the relief of the *poor of Ireland*. By the Committee,

ap20 ROBERT H. KERR, Sec'y.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

Manager,.....C. S. Porter.
Stage Manager,.....W. M. Foster.

PRIVATE BOXES $5; SINGLE TICKETS 75 CTS.

Dress Circle,	50 cents.	Second Box,	37½ cents.
Pit,	25 "	Gallery,	20 "

Fifth night of Mrs. MASON and Mr. WHEATLEY.

Saturday Evening, May 8,

Will be acted Tobin's Comedy, in 3 acts called the

HONEY MOON.

Duke Aranza,.....Mr. Wheatley.
Juliana,.....Mrs. Mason.

The entertainment of the evening to conclude with the thrilling Drama, in 3 acts, called

LUCRETIA BORGIA.

Doors open at ½ past 7 o'clock, curtain will rise at ½ before 8.

The Box office will be open daily from 10 o'clock A. M., to 1, P. M., and from 2 to 5, P. M., where any number of seats may be secured.

☞It is particularly requested that no children in arms be brought to the Theatre.

A Fresh Arrival of New Books!

AT MORSE'S (late Cook's) Literary Depot. An Overland Journal round the World, during the years 1841–42, by Sir George Simpson, Governor in Chief of the Hudson Bay Company's Territories.

A Dictionary of Poetical Quotations, consisting of extracts on every subject, compiled from various authors, and arranged under appropriate heads; by J. T. Watson, M. D.

The Medical Student's Vade Mecum: or Manual Examinations; by Geo. Mendenhall, M. D., lecturer on Pathology in the Medical Institute of Cincinnati, member of the Philada. Medical Society, etc.

Small Books on Great Subjects, 3 vols.

My Little Geography—a superior thing of the kind.

History of the Revolution in Germany.

Modern Chivalry: or the Adventures of Captain Farragut—comic.

Dombey & Son, No: 7.

Living Age, No. 155.

The Secret Band of Brothers, illustrated; by J. H. Green—a thrilling story.

The Arts and Mysteries of Gambling, illustrated; by J. H. Green.

Lives of early British Dramatists—a rare and beautiful work.

Blackwood's Magazine for April.

A Tale of the Old Convents of Paris.

Mexico as it was and is, with numerous illustrations.

The Meteor: or the Cutter of the Ocean—a Sea Story.

Gen. Taylor's Life, Battles and Correspondence—with illustrations.

Harper's Illustrated Shakspeare—complete and beautifully bound.

Just received and for sale at MORSE'S Literary Depot, 85 Fourth street. my8

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves together, under the firm and style of John Black & Co., for the purpose of conducting a Wholesale Grocery, Produce and Commission Business, and have taked that spacious Warehouse, No. 166 Liberty street, opposite Sixth, where they will be pleased to see their friends and former patrons.

HENRY MCCLLOUGH,
JOHN. BLACK.

Pittsburgh, April 1, 1847—may 8-1mo

IN the Court of Common Pleas, of Allegheny county, of June Term, A. D., 1847. No. 94.

In the matter of the Petition of Francis Herron, Trustee of Eve Anshutz, wife of George Anshutz, praying to be discharged from said Trust. And it is ordered, that notice of said application be given, to all persons whom it may concern, by publication once a week in the Pittsburgh Gazette, and Daily Post, until the second Monday of June next, at which time the prayer will be granted, if no sufficient cause be shown to the contrary. From the Record.

my8-d1awtd HIRAM HULTZ, *Pro.*

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned having taken out Letters of Administration upon the estate of James Little, deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the same, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JANE LITTLE, Administratrix.

may8-w6t

THE ORIGINAL BAND OF SABLE HARMONISTS

BEG respectfully to announce two of their unique Concerts, at PHILO HALL, on Monday and Tuesday evenings, May 10th and 11th. During each evening, a rich and rare selection of Ethiopian Melodies and Parodies from the Gems of the most favorite Operas of the day will be sung. For particulars see small bills. ☞Doors open at 7½, Concert to commence at 8 precisely. ma7-3t

Great English Remedy

For Coughs, Colds Asthma, and Consumption!

THE great and only remedy for Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Consumption, is the HUNGARIAN BALSAM OF LIFE, discovered by the celebrated Dr. Buchan, of London, England, and introduced into the United States under the immediate superintendance of the inventor.

The extraordinary success of this medicine, in the cure of Pulmonary diseases, warrants the American Agent in soliciting for treatment the worst possible cases that can be found in the community—cases that seek relief in vain from any of the common remedies of the day, and have been given up by the most distinguished Physicians as confirmed and incurable. The Hungarian Balsam has cured, and will cure the most desperate of cases. It is no quack nostrum, but a standard English medicine, of known and established efficacy.

Every family in the United States should be supplied with Buchan's Hungarian Balsam of Life, not only to counteract the consumptive tendencies of the climate, but to be used as a preventive medicine in all cases of Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Chest, Irritation and Soreness of the Lungs, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Hectic Fever, Night Sweats, Emaciation and General Debility, Asthma, Influenza, Hooping Cough and Croup.

☞Sold in large bottles, at $1 per bottle, with full directions for the restoration of Health.

Pamphlets, containing a mass of English and American certificates, and other evidences, showing the unequalled merits of the great English Remedy, may be obtained of the Agents, gratuitously.

David F. Bradeler, sole Agent for the United States, 119 Court street, Boston.

T. W. Dyott & Sons, General Wholesale Agents, No. 132 North Second street, Philadelphia.

For Sale by B. A. FAHNESTOCK & Co., corner of Wood and Front streets. may7

WILLIAM A. HILL & Co.,

BANKERS, EXCHANGE BROKERS, AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE, CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, BANK NOTES, AND SPECIE,

No. 64 Wood st., one door above Fourth, East side, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CURRENT Funds received on deposit, and collections made on all the Cities throughout the United States. Sight checks on Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and Cincinnati, constantly for sale in sums to suit purchasers.

The paper of the Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, and Virginia Banks bought and sold on the most favorable terms.

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THE undersigned, Agent for Messrs. ROCHE, BROS. & Co., is remitting money's to England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, at the rate of *Five Dollars*