The Morning Post.

S. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH, 9, 1847.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,
FRANCIS R. SHUNK,
OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
MORRIS LONGSTRETH,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

Opening of the Canal.

CANAL COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Harrisburg, March 5, 1847.

EDITOR OF THE POST—*Sir*: As great anxiety has been manifested, and numerous inquiries made, to ascertain the precise period when the Pennsylvania improvements will be open for navigation, you can assure your readers that, if no accident should occur, the water will be let into the main line of Canal on the 10th inst. Respectfully, &c.,

THOMAS L. WILSON, *Secretary.*

Proceedings of the State Convention.

We have received the Democratic Union, Extra, containing the proceedings of the Democratic State Convention, at Harrisburgh, on the 4th inst. As no address or resolutions accompany the proceedings, they are uninteresting to the general reader.

The Convention was called to order in the forenoon, by Mr. Sanderson, of Bradford county, who nominated JOHN C. KNZ̄ER as chairman pro tem. Agreed to.

On motion of REAH FRAZER, *Geo. R. Riddle, E. O. Jackson and Daniel B. Kurz* were appointed Secretaries pro tem.

The names of the delegates were then called over, who appeared and took their seats. We have heretofore published the names of the delegates.

In the afternoon, Mr. Guynn, from the committee for that purpose, reported a list of officers for the Convention, who took their seats; viz:

President.

Hon. WILLIAM BEATTY, of Butler county.

Vice Presidents.

Samuel Jones, of Allegheny county; R. C. Hale, of Mifflin county; John Bennett, of Lycoming county; John F. Deal, of Philadelphia city; Henry M'Bride, of Westmoreland county; Jacob Reifsnyder, of Berks county; James W. Goff, of Luzerne county; Daniel Fry, of Montgomery county; A. P. Eyre, of Philadelphia county; Isaac Robinson, of Adams county; Wm. C. Welch, of Clearfield county; Oliver Allison, of Chester county; Daniel Rider, of Washington county; J. K. Heckman, of Northampton county; Joshua F. Cox, of Somerset county; Horace Hawes, of Erie county; Andrew Dunlap, of Lancaster county; Wm. B. Clark, of Indiana county.

Secretaries.

E. W. Hazard, of Bradford county; E. O. Jackson, of Schuylkill county; Michael C Trout, of Mercer county; P. Barry Hays, of Philadelphia city; James E. Buchanan, of York county; S. B. Lowry, of Crawford county; Wm. J. Reed, of Philadelphia county; Joseph P. M'Donald, of Cambria county.

A letter was read from JAMES BURNS, declining to be a candidate before the Convention for Governor.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot for candidates for Governor, which resulted as follows:

FOR FRANCIS R. SHUNK.—Messrs. Allison, Beatty, Beaumont, Boughner, Black, Burns, Brinton, Bodham, Bennett, Buchanan, Christie, Cochran, Cleckner, Clark, Cox, Chapman, Clark, Donnelly, Drum, Dunlap, Denlinger, Deal, Demeres, Donaldson, Derr, Evans, Eyre, Frazer, Daniel Fry, Joshua Fry, Gwinn, Goff, Galloway, Gearhart, Heckman, Hayes, Holbrook, Hamilton, Hazard, Heckman, Heath, Hoover, Hartley, J. Glancey Jones, Samuel Jones, Jayne, Jackson, Kneass, Keesler, Kutz, Knox, Kugler, Lowry, Lyons, Longacre, Luchenbach, Leiper, Lippencott, Lee, James Miller, M'Cullough, M'Kinney, M'Donald, Moderwell, Mason, Montgomery, Moore, M'Menomy, M'Bride, Nill, O'Bryan, Painter, Ott, Alexander Power, Porter, Philips, Riddle, J. Robison, Reed, Henry Reily, Wilson Reilley, Reamer, Reifsnyder, Rohrer, J. Robinson, Rankin, Rice, Shimer, Shoe maker, Sanderson, Smith, Strohecker, Storm, Scouller, Steward, Sharp, Stallman, Trout, Lewis Taylor, Samuel Taylor, Voute, Warman, Winchester, Welch, and A. D. Wilson—106.

For N. B. ELDREN—Messrs. Brawley, Bower, Cake, Ebaugh, Dimmick, Fatzinger, Graham, Gloninger, Hawes, Marshall, John S. Miller, M'Cauley, Thomas J. Power, and Paine—14.

For H. D. Foster—Messrs. Davidson, Frost, Johnson, Searight, and A. P. Wilson—5.

Mr. Barr voted for WILLIAM BEATTY.
Mr. Hale voted for J. P. AND.
Mr. M'Williams voted for EPHRAIM BANKS.
Mr. Negley voted for WILLIAM BIGLER.
Mr. Wright voted for Geo. M. HOLLENSHOR.

FRANCIS R. SHUNK having a majority of all the votes cast, was declared the duly nominated candidate of the Democratic Convention, for the office of Governor of Pennsylvania.

On motion of S. S. WINCHESTER, the nomination was unanimously confirmed by the Convention.

From the Army.

The Washington Union of the 5th inst., says: The accounts which were received by the last evening's New Orleans mail, have excited some interest at Washington. They seem to indicate a more active campaign on the part of Santa Anna, and to threaten an attack upon Saltillo, Matamoras, &c.

If Congress had proceeded, at an early hour, to carry out the President's recommendation, and to order the enlistment of the ten regiments, they might, by this time, have been ready to assist in the defence of our line of occupation. But we hope that this line is not in imminent danger. We understand, to-day, on the best authority, that Gen. Taylor is at Saltillo with 6,000 troops, and that there are about 1,200 at Matamoras. Gen. Butler is in command at Monterey, with troops sufficient for its defence. General Scott must, by this time, be on the way to Vera Cruz, and, perhaps is already besieging the castle. It is a crisis of much interest, and we shall attempt to keep our readers as well informed of passing events as a prudent disclosure of official facts will enable us to do.

New Orleans.

The Chamber of Commerce of New Orleans held a meeting on the 23d ult., to take into consideration the subject of a Magnetic Telegraph between that city and the North. A lengthy report was submitted and adopted, favorable to the project, after which the following resolution was considered and passed:

Resolved, That after a patient and deliberate investigation, the chamber is convinced of great advantages and absolute necessity of a telegraph communication between New Orleans and the northern cities; and that besides, it is highly desirable and important that the controlling power of this end of the line should be in the hands of our own citizens; and they therefore earnestly recommend the subject to the attention of the capitalists and men of business of this city, and that subscription books for the required amount of stock be forthwith opened, upon the terms as recommended in the report of the committee, that the subscriptions be considered definite, so soon as the trustees appointed by the subscribers have made a satisfactory arrangement, as suggested in said report.

ST. LOUIS.—The St. Louis New Era estimates the population of that city at about 48,000. During the past year 5,383 buildings were erected.

Correspondence of the Morning Post.

Letter XLV.

HARRISBURG, March 6th.

The Democratic State Convention has at length adjourned, and never has there assembled one in this place, in which so much unanimity of feeling prevailed. The Whigs expected a great deal of confusion and uproar; but their anticipations were not in any way realized, for, from the temporary organization of the convention to its final adjournment, there never was a public body assembled for a like purpose, in which there was so much courtesy and kindness. As was expected, an effort was made to introduce the two thirds bill, but it signally failed. Mr. M'Cauly introduced the resolution, and followed it up by a witty and sensible speech. After he was through, Mr. Kneas moved to lay the resolution on the table. This gave rise to some little discussion, and if it had not been for the nerve and decission of the Honorable chairman, some confusion would have risen, but all signs of disorder or commotion were instantly checked, and the discussion went on in the greatest harmony. Col. Reah Frazer made one of his brilliant and effective speeches in favor of the motion to lay upon the table, which was finally carried by a vote of 93 to 30.

The convention then proceeded to nominate for Governor, and on the first ballot, Francis R. Shunk had four fifths of the whole number of votes; his nomination was then confirmed by the united cheers of the convention. Committees were then chosen to prepare resolutions, and an address to the people of Pennsylvania.

The Convention met at 8 o'clock the same evening, for the purpose of selecting a person as candidate for Canal Commissioner. A great many names were proposed, but at the fifth ballot all had been withdrawn but four, Messrs. Longstreth, Holmes, Dillinger and Hufnagle. On the fifth and last ballot Morris Longstreth. of Montgomery county receiving 83 votes, was duly declared the nominee of the Convention.

The Convention assembled again this morning, at 9, A. M., for the purpose of hearing the reports of the committees, and continued in session until 12 o'clock, when it adjourned *sine die.*

I cannot close this letter without noting the efficient manner in which the President, (Hon. Wm. Beatty, of Butler,) performed his duties. There is no situation in which a man can be placed that requires so much tact as that of Chairman over a political assembly, and no person has proved himself so capable of the situation as Mr. Beatty. A better selection could not have been made; and the manner in which he discharged his duties, met the approbation of every one.

The business to-day in the Legislature was dull and uninteresting.

The Senate confirmed the nomination of Judge Bell by a vote of 21 to 8.

KARL.

Letter from the First Pennsylvania Regiment

ISLE-DE LOBOS, *February 8th*, 1847.

An opportunity now offers for sending a letter to the United States, of which I take advantage; but it must be short, as the schooner by which I write, now lying off the island, will leave in a few minutes for the Brazos. We reached here a week ago last Friday—the first detachment of our Regiment, and the first of the Ninth Regiment. Four days afterwards the second detachment arrived. The balance of the Regiment has not arrived, but has been heard of. A portion of the South Carolina Regiment came here on Wednesday last; also a part of the Louisiana Regiment, but unfortunately the ship Ondiaka was wrecked. * * * *

We are now in sight of a volcano to the south of us, which sends out continually fire and smoke. The general health of the Regiment is good, one Company (the Grays) in particular. From the best information we are able to obtain, we will land at Alvarado, and march up to Vera Cruz. We will not move from here till at the Ninth Regiment arrives, which will not be for three weeks. Capt. Herron, Lieut. Trovillo, J. S. Hamilton, R. Scott, Lieut. Denny, and all my friends, except Lieut. Col. Black and Capt. Hay, are all in good health. The latter have been rather unwell for some days past, but nothing serious—mere effects of change of water, &c. The weather is exceedingly warm; the thermometer is up to about 85. I will write the first opportunity. W. J. A.

The Three Million Bill.

The following is the important act, known as the "Three Million Bill," as it was passed by Congress and approved by the President:

AN ACT appropriating three millions of dollars to enable the President to conclude a treaty of peace and limits with Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled, That whereas a state of war now exists between the United States and the Republic of Mexico, which it is desirable should be speedily terminated upon terms just and honorable to both nations; and whereas, assurances have heretofore been given to the Government of Mexico that it was the desire of the President to settle all questions between the two countries on the most liberal and satisfactory terms, according to the rights of each, and the mutual interest and security of the two countries; and whereas, the President may be able to conclude a treaty of peace with the Republic of Mexico prior to the next session of Congress, if means for that object are at his disposal; and whereas, in the adjustment of so many complicated questions as may exist between the two countries, it may possibly happen that an expenditure of money will be called for by the stipulations of any treaty which may entered into; therefore the sum of Three Millions of Dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the President to conclude a treaty of peace, limits, and boundaries with the Republic of Mexico, to be used by him in the event that said treaty, when signed by the authorized agents of the two Governments, and duly ratified by Mexico, shall call for the expenditure of the same, or any part thereof; full and accurate accounts for which expenditure shall be by him transmitted to Congress at as early a day as practicable.

JOHN W. DAVIS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
G. M. DALLAS,
Pres't of the Senate,
Approved March 3, 1847:
JAMES K. POLK.

General Benton.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Republican writes: "Before this reaches you, the papers will inform you that THOMAS HART BENTON has been appointed Major General. The effort made by the Senate to thwart the views of the administration will be of little avail. I speak to you in the *spirit of prophecy*—that man will bring this war ere long "to a speedy and honorable conclusion." The eyes of the Democracy, nay, of the nation, are turned upon him—the Cordilleras will be his monument, or he will be in the Halls of the Montezumas dictating a peace. He will secure to us all we desire—a peace on honorable and satisfactory terms. His generous nature will not allow him to triumph unnecessarily over a fallen and prostrate foe."

☞During the past year 1,335,874 bushels of coal were consumed in St. Louis. The average price of this was 12½ cents per pushel, amounting to the sum of $166,884 25, expended for coal in that city, during a single year.

For the Morning Post.

Should the Counties be for the New License Law?

An important question, involving the happiness of parents, and suffering women and children; and the present and future welfare of drunken men; and the interests of the tax-paying community.

It is objected to—FIRST: *Because it is unconstitutional.*—To what part of the constitution? No part can be pointed out. The *right* of the government to impose taxes for revenue does not make it binding on any State to sustain a certain number of liquor establishments for revenue, no more than it does to tolerate gambling-houses, or any other place that is found to be a "public nuisance," in order to obtain revenue. It is not generally stated whether it is the constitution of the United States, or that of Pennsylvania, which is violated by the recent wholesome enactments. The *general* principles of both sustain it. In the preamble of the former it is said, "in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, ensure *domestic tranquility*, provide for the *common defence*, promote the *general welfare*, and receive the blessing of liberty to ourselves and our posterity" we form this constitution. Past experience shows that no customs have more interfered with these important objects than selling and drinking intoxicating liquors; and therefore the support of them by government is sapping the foundation of our union.

In the 9th article of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, it is declared that "all power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their *peace, safety and happiness.* For the advancement of these ends, they have, at *all* times, an inalienable right to *alter, reform* or abolish their government in such manner as they may think proper." Here we perceive that instead of the new law being unconstitutional, the Constitution expressly gives the power to the people, through their representatives, to "alter, reform or abolish" any measure, when it conflicts with the "peace, safety and happiness" of the people. It is too late to argue that the sale and use of liquors for common purposes does *not* do so. Ten thousand *facts* declare, in letters written in tears and blood, that the common use does destroy "peace, safety and happiness."

The right to regulate the traffic in spiritous liquors was assumed by the colonial government of Pennsylvania,—has been acted upon ever since it was an independent government, and has never been questioned by well informed men. And the new law is only a *regulation* of the traffic, for it permits the sale of vinous and spirituous liquors, for necessary purposes, in *three* places in each township, borough, or ward. This plea of unconstitutionality is only gotten up to alarm the fears, whereas there is no law more constitutional, and none more *republican*, as it gives the privilege to the people to say whether they wish houses where drink is sold or not. We challenge an examination of the Constitution.

SECONDLY: *It is objected that the new law will diminish the revenue.*—Not to any county. The county of Allegheny, last year, as the records show, paid upwards of $6,000 as costs for the prosecution of criminals, made such through liquor. It will not diminish the revenue to the State. The money paid by temperance houses, store-keepers, and apothecaries, for license, will nearly make it up, and when we add to the political wealth, the sums gained by the general prosperity produced by a discontinuance of liquor as a beverage, we shall be, as a Commonwealth, gainers to a vast amount.

THIRDLY: *It is objected, that the temperance houses will not afford as good accommodations as the drinking establishments.*—And is the smell and presence of strong drink necessary to obtain good food, beds, &c. The fact that the latter had the start of the former, and stood in their way, will sufficiently account for any apparent want of accommodation heretofore. In some parts of our Union, we have temperance houses not excelled in any thing (but in strong drink) by liquor houses.

FOURTHLY: *It is objected that the new law will be broken.*—It is to be tried whether the dangerous precedent to any republican government of a general infraction of law will be tolerated. If it be in one instance, it may be in another, and then there is an end to government. If it should be violated in some instances, so was the old law. But when the people decide who have a right to sell, they will not be imposed on by retailers giving out that they have license, when they have not.

Fellow citizens: now is the crisis to abolish the general manufacture, sale and use. The new law is wise; it allows as much of the manufactured article to be sold as is necessary, and therefore, will not materially diminish the gram which thousands of suffering poor, and starving animals need. Come to the help "against the sale of liquors."

PATRIOT.

Later from the Brazos.

Prospect of an Action at Saltillo—Gen. Butler's Outposts driven in—Apprehensions of an Attack at Matamoras—Departure of Gen. Scott from the Brazos—Movements towards Vera Cruz, &c.

The schooner Cora, Capt. String, arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., from the Brazos, whence she sailed on the forenoon of the 19th ult. She brought over ten passengers, among whom was Dr. Hardy, of Louisiana, who has been stationed for months at the mouth of the Rio Grande as Post Surgeon. From intelligence kindly communicated by him, and from the Matamoras Flag of the 13th ult., the Picayune derives the following information:

The intelligence we have given of the prospect of an action at Saltillo is confirmed. All Gen. Butler's outposts are said by the Flag to have been driven in, and the attack, if made at all, was expected during the first few days of February.—Dr. Hardy is of opinion that General Taylor's command at Saltillo would exceed rather than fall short of 6,000 men. Of course, there was no fear as to the result. Many believed that when the Mexicans found him in such force and so strongly posted, the idea of an attack would be abandoned.

Very many officers were still of opinion that Santa Anna meditated no serious blow in that direction; that the movement of a division of his army thither was but a feint, and that he will lead the main body of his forces to Vera Cruz.

Various rumors have reached the city by this arrival, some of them to the effect that a general engagement had taken place. To none of these do we attach any credence.

A good deal of apprehension is felt at Matamoras of an attack from Gen. Urrea. This officer is understood to be on this side of the mountains, at the head of 4,000 troops. Of these 2,000 are not to be surpassed in the Mexican service; the remainder are irregular cavalry or rancheros.

Col. Drake has the command at Matamoras, where an Indian regiment is stationed. One company of rifles had been detached from it to relieve Capt. Lowe, in the command of Fort Brown. A company of regular recruits was shortly expected to garrison that post.

Col. Drake had provided muskets and ammunition for the use of the citizens of Matamoras in case of an attack. He had sent to Point Isabel for several pieces of ordnance for the defence of the city, and Capt. McDougall's company of Indiana volunteers had been converted into a corps of artillery, and stationed in the Plaza. We infer from all we can learn, that the danger threatening Matamoras was not very imminent. All accounts agree that the road from that city to Monterey is a perilous one to travel at present, save in considerable force.

The troops were still embarking at the mouth as rapidly as possible. Gen. Scott sailed on Saturday the 13th ult. Gen. Worth had not left on the 19th, and would seal his whole command on ship-board before leaving. The troops would be concentrated at the isle of Lobos as rapidly as possible, but we are informed by an intelligent gentleman that it was not supposed the army could move from Lobos before the 15th of March.

A Mons. Suzeneau, a respectable citizen of Matamoras, committed suicide on the 10th inst. The infidelity of his wife is assigned as the cause, and the Flag says that remorse had driven *her* to self-destruction *prior* to her husband's death.

LOCAL MATTERS.

WAGON MAKERS WANTED.

Quartermaster Birmingham has received instructions to employ a number of good wagon makers, who are to proceed to Mexico immediately. This is a fine chance for workers in this branch, who may desire to "see the elephant" without endangering their lives. They will be employed for six months at least, and have their travelling expenses paid.

CONCERT.

Don't forget the Concert to be given this evening in Philo Hall, by *White's* Band. It will be a rich entertainment, and deserves the encouragement of Pittsburghers.

DISTRICT COURT.—MARCH 8, 1847.

Before JUDGE LOWRIE.

Mahargh and wife, vs. Peter Miller. } No. 1 on Trial List. Assault and Battery. Flanegin and Mahon for Plaintiffs; Austin and Forward for Defendant. The above case will probably go to the Jury to-day.

Gliddon's Lectures.—Mr. Gliddon lectured last evening to a very large and highly intelligent audience. His subject was the alphabet and writing of the Ancient Egyptians. He shewed that the hieroglyphics employed by the Egyptians can be translated into words and sentences, so as to give an intelligible meaning to that which for years and centuries remained buried in obscurity Mr. Gliddon lectures to-night on the Pyramids of Egypt, and we advise those who wish to spend an agreeable or profitable evening, to visit the English Lutheran Church, on 7th steeet.

Banjo Stolen.—A black man yesterday gave information before the Mayor of the loss of one of those instruments so indispensable in Negro minstrelsy, a Banjo. It was found in a second hand furniture warehouse, the proprietor of which gave up the names of the persons who sold it to him. All of them, three men, one of whom was black, were arrested,—two gave bail, and one went to the hill. They will have a further hearing.

☞We understand that a certain iron establishment of this city—a new one—has employed workmen at about 20 per cent. below the customary wages. The profits of the employers amount to hundreds of dollars per day. If the workies are willing to submit to this, let them; but they should not throw any blame upon the Tariff of '46; the iron business could not be better than it is now. The demand for manufactures cannot be supplied by the mills at present in operation.

☞We observe by the *Chronicle* of yesterday morning, that Mr PORTER has retired from the establishment, having disposed of his interest to Mr. JOHN C. DUNN. The paper will hereafter be conducted by Whitney & Dunn. We regret to loose Mr. Porter from the fraternity, though we feel assured that his place has been well supplied. We wish the Chronicle all kinds of good luck.

☞A medical writer contends that eating Pork is the cause of the extensive prevalence of scrofulous affections.—*Chronicle.*

It isn't anything else. We should like to exhibit to the public three or four of our Pittsburgh pork-eaters. Virus of Scrofula should be its name.

☞A fireman requests us to say that there were no fights at the fires on Saturday evening. We did not mean to say that there were "firemen's fights," but we do say there were at least two little rows during the excitement.

☞We regret that Mr. Mestayer is unable to leave Wheeling, owing to lameness. The physician thinks he may be able to start on next Saturday. The frequenters of the Theatre will be rejoiced to see him.

☞The members of the Allegheny will have a Ball on the 8th of April. They are the boys to do such a thing right. It will be well patronized, we have no doubt.

☞Some of our Democratic friends talk of organizing a Club, with a view to make preparations for the next Gubernatorial election. Such an association will prove vastly efficient in the campaign.

☞Yesterday was delightful; it was such a day as our country friends would pronounce "good for sugar making." What fun they have during this weather.

☞We publish in another column, a letter from an officer in the first Regiment. It will be read with interest by his old friends in this city.

☞An article in yesterday's Post, headed "An act of justice to an old claimant," was a communication, we beg our correspondent Mc. to understand.

☞We saw an alderman on horse back yesterday, from which we rationally conclude that there was another wedding at the little *Rio Grande.*

☞Senators Houston, Hannegan, Crittenden, and Corwin, and some members of the House, have passed through this city on their way home.

☞The biggest hog yet was exhibited in the Diamond yesterday. It weighed 740 pounds.

☞Miss Julia Dean and Charley Webb are at the Cincinnati National.

☞Wilson M'Candlesss, Esq., arrived on Sunday night.

☞Hon. C. Darragh has arrived.

☞The N. Y. Herald of the 4th states, that the United States steamers Scorpion and Scourge, sailed from the Brooklyn navy-yard, the day before—destined for the Gulf—the former under the command of Captain Bigelow, and the latter under Lieutenant Charles G. Hunter. The greatest activity prevails in the yard in fitting out the bomb vessels, the Vesuvius, Hecla, and Electra

☞We are happy to learn, (says the Washington Union) that Brigadier General Worth has, in consequence of his gallant services, been nominated and confirmed by the Senate, *as major general, by brevet.*

Sad Casualty.—An inquest was held this morning upon the bodies of Ulis and William Garrow, who fell from the roof of a house on Front street, by which they were killed. They were engaged in shingling, and the roof being slippery, one commenced slipping, and the other, in endeavoring to catch him, lost his balance also, and both were precipitated to the pavement. They were brothers. Their parents, we learn, reside in Pittsburgh.—*St. Louis New Era.*

DESPATCHES FOR THE POST.

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH!

IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO!

Movements of the Troops.

PHILADELPHIA, March 8, 1847.
Monday, 10 o'clock, P. M.

We have Tampico dates to the 20th February. Gen. Scott arrived on the 19th, and was received by salutes from the troops. Letters from Vera Cruz say that Santa Anna had given positive orders that all the troops at that place should be withdrawn and march into the interior. It was generally believed that the Americans would take peaceable possession. Gen. Scott issued orders regulating affairs for establishing martial law.—Preparations were making to embark troops.

The Picayune has a letter from Vera Cruz which states that Santa Anna was on his march to Saltillo; was making preparations for attacking Monterey. Gen. Urrea was moving towards Matamoros.

Brazos dates to the 22d. The rumor of the capture of Page turns out to be untrue. The capture of the others is confirmed. Gen. Taylor was at Saltillo; it is said the Mexicans under Minon was near, but it was thought they would not attack him.

Gen Butler arrived at New Orleans, suffering from his wounds.

The news from Campeachy states that a British steamer was lost, and sixty persons perished No further particulars.

BALTIMORE, March 8, 1847.
Monday, 10 o'clock, P. M.

Maryland Legislature has passed the bill for the resumption of the State debt.

The libel case of Ex-Governor Thomas vs. Senator Benton has been compromised.

Auction sales

BY JOHN D. DAVIS, AUCTIONEER.

SOUTH-EAST CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

ON Thursday morning, the 11th inst., at 10 o'clock, will be sold without reserve, for Cash, currency, a large assortment of Foreign and Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, &c.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., 2 crates China and Queensware, embracing a handsome assortment suitable for housekeepers and others.

7 boxes Virginia manufactured Tobacco;
3 tierces Rice;
4 boxes No 1 Chocolate;
5 half chests and 2 caddy boxes Y H Tea;
10 doz. coal, Dovenshire and grain shovels;

An extensive assortment of new and second hand Household furniture, feather beds, mattrasses, bedding, lamps, looking glasses, engravings, carpeting, mantel clocks, 1 Iron safe, wire fenders, &c.

At 7 o'clock P. M., 2 new Gold Patent Lever Watches, made by Harrison; 3 new Silver do. do., made by Johnston; 20 Mackinaw Blanket Over Coats; fine, coarse, hickory and fancy stripe Shirts; Oil cloth Coats; Clocks; Jackets and South Westers; A retail stock of Dry Goods; Musical instruments, &c. [American copy.] mar9

Executor's Sale of Property in 2d Ward.

ON Saturday evening, the 13th instant, at 7 o'clock, at the Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and Fifth streets, will be sold the unexpired term of a lease which has 3 years and 9 months to run from the 1st of April 1847 of a Lot of Ground in the Second Ward of this City, having a front of 25 feet on Troy st. and extending back to Hill st., on which is erected two small frame two story dwelling houses and one large frame house with 4 rooms, cellar kitchen and cellar. Subject to a ground rent of $12 50 per annum.

For further information apply to Samuel Clark at the glass works of Messrs. Bakewell and Pears.

JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct.

Millinary and Fancy Goods at Auction.

ON Friday morning, the 12th inst., at 10 o'clock, at the store of Mrs Bickley, corner of King's Alley and Fifth streets, will be sold without reserve to close a concern—A quantity of Millinary and fancy goods, among which are silk velvet bonnets, silk Bonnets, lace Bonnets, spring do., tabby velvet do., ladies' street caps, face trimmings, a large lot of Ribbons, French and English Stays in great variety, 1 large show case, &c. &c., which may be examined on the morning of the sale.

JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct.

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of Wm. J. Nicholson, of the Borough of Birmingham, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the borough aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. WM. J. NICHELSON.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the Borough of Birmingham, do certify, that the above petitioner, is a man of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Isaac Wallace, Adam Winhold, John Beltshoower, J. A. Westerman, Henry M'Comb, Robert Westerman, Thomas T. Irwin, William Livingston, Richard Miller, T. Jones, Henry Whitfield, J. Killbreth.

mar9-d3t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of F. A. Schackleiter, of the First Ward, city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. F. A. SCHACKLEITER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the First Ward, do certify, that the above petitioner is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travellers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Edward Fenderich, H. Alel, H. Hoch, Adam Hoch, O. Freygangle, Valentine Sittinger, J. Scheibler, L. Steiu, J. H. Teeteer, Leopold Sahl, V. Stark.

mar9-d3t

Carpet and Dry Goods Warehouse,
NO. 110 MARKET STREET.

ROBERT D. THOMPSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving a large and splendid assortment of NEW STYLE CARPETING, OIL CLOTHS, &c., direct from the Importers and Manufacturers, composed in part of

Superfine Brussels Carpets;
Extra or Tapestry Brussels Carpeting;
Super Imperial 3 ply do;
Extra " " " do;
Superfine Ingrain do;
Fine " do;
Common " do;
5-8, 3-4 and 4-4 Plain Venitian do;
5-8, 3-4 and 4-4 Damask " do;
5-8, 3-4 and 4-4 Tapestry " do;

Steam Boat Trimmings.

Brown Drillings;
4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Sheetings;
6-4 7-4 8-4 Table Linens;
Linen Napkins;
Crash and Diaper;
Herckabuck Toweling;
Carpet Stripes;
New Style Table Covers;
Oil Cloths from 27 inches to 24 feet wide, cut to any size;

TOGETHER WITH

Rich Embroidered and Printed Table and Piano covers;
Figured Floor Cloths;
Chenielle, Brussels, Tufted, and Wilton Rugs;
Tufted, Chenielle, and Sheepskin Door Matts;
Manilla and Grass do do;
Brass Stair Rods, Flat and Oval;
Damask and Striped Stair Linen;
Carpet bindings;
4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Plain and figured Indian Matting;
Colored Spanish Matting, &c. &c.

Persons fitting up *Steam Boats, Hotels, or Private Houses*, are requested to call, as he feels confident they will find it to their advantage to do so before purchasing elsewhere.

DRY GOODS.

He would also invite attention to his extensive Stock of NEW SPRING DRY GOODS, (embracing every thing in that line,) now opening at the above stand ☞No. 110 Market st. mar9-3mdaw

Apples.

100 Bbls and 30 Boxes good Romanite apples, on consignment; for sale low by
P. C. MATIN,
mar9 cor of Smithfield and Front sts.

GENERAL HOSPITAL.

The Subscribers to the Fund for "the establishment of a Hospital in or near the city of Pittsburgh," are requested to meet at the Odeon, on Tuesday, the 9th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M., in pursuance of the terms of subscription to the said Fund.

N. HOLMES,
JOHN IRWIN,
THOS. M. HOWE.

Pittsburgh, March 5, 1847.

HILL & BROWNE,
Successors to Holdship & Browne,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
PAPER HANGINGS,
No. 87 Wood Street.

THE increasing demand for American Paper has induced them to enlarge and improve their Factory, and their facilities for manufacturing are now equal to any in the eastern cities. Having adopted the eastern scale of prices, they take pleasure in inviting their friends and dealers to examine their stock, which is now larger than at any former period, and may be found as follows:

French, American, Satin, Glazed and Common Paper Hangings;
Gold, Velvet and Imitation Borders;
Landscapes, Statutes and Fire-board Prints;
Curtain Paper, yard wide, plain green and figured;
Transparent Window Shades;
Writing, Printing and Wrapping Paper;
Bonnet Boards, &c. mar9-d3m

Removal and Card.

AS I am about removing from my old stand, No. 60 Water st., I take this method of returning thanks to the public in general, for the very liberal patronage bestowed on me heretofore, and I trust by strict attention to business to merit the same patronage, at the large and commodious Warehouse, corner of Front and Smithfield street, diagonally across from the Monongahela House, where my stock of Groceries, Fruits, Wines and Liquors, will be large and of the best quality, for sale low either for Cash or barter. P. C. MARTIN,
mar9 cor of Smithfield and Front sts.

SOLE AGENCY for Currie's Lithograph Prints; at New York prices. T. KENNEDY, Jr.,
mar9 cor 4th and Wood sts.

FRENCH PRINTS—Some of superior styles, just rec'd at T. KENNEDY, Jr.,
mar9 cor 4th and Wood sts.

THOMAS KENNEDY, Jr., has just received a large assortment of Variety Goods—Purchasers requested to call and look at his stock. Sold wholesale at very low prices. THOS. KENNEDY, Jr.

Looking Glass and L. G. Plates, a full assortment.
mar9-d3t

Found,

A CAPE of a Cloak, on 7th street. The owner can have it by calling at this office, and paying for this advertisement. mar9

For Sale,

THE light draught steamer ARENA, in good running order. She carries about 100 tons, has good Hull and Engines, new boilers, a comfortable plain cabin, and is well adapted for Towing. She will be sold at a low price, and reasonable terms for good paper. Apply to
mar9 JAMES MAY.

To Let,

THE third story of a Brick House, on the corner of 5th and Union streets. Apply to
mar9 JAMES MAY.

For the Ladies.

RUSSEL'S Ax Marrow Pomade;
" Vegetable Cosmetic Cream;
" Unrivalled Toilet Soap;
" Emmolient Sapponaceous Paste, for whitening and softening the skin;
" Extracts Verbena;
" " Patchouly;
" " Tubereuse;
" Poudre Superfine, a la rose;
" Tooth Paste;
Preston's Smelling Bottles, plain and cut glass.
Also, a large assortment of Cologne, American and French.
Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, &c.
HAYS & BROCKWAY,
mar9 No 2, Commercial Row, Liberty st.

CONCERT BY WHITE'S BAND.

THE members of White's Band respectfully announce to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh, that they will give their first Concert of Instrumental Music, on *Tuesday Evening, March 9th, AT PHILO HALL.*

PROGRAMME:—*Part First*: Overture La Caravan; Quick Step, Bas Solo, (Cuvalier;) Cornet Waltz, (Week;) Italian March, (Cotes;) Tippecanoe Quick Step, (Seipp;) Grand Poloneise, (Walch;) Somnambula Quick Step; Chickadee Waltz, (Zanonia;) Home, Sweet Home, on the double Flageolet; Gice: Mark the Merry Elves, (Cullcott.)

Part Second: Grand March, (Walch;) Stop Quick Step, (Cotes;) Silvery Night, (Cotes;) Ophecilide March, (Kendall.) Glee: See our Bark, (Stevenson;) Copenhagen Waltz, with variations on the E. Clarionett, accompanied by the Band; Rondo, from the Opera of "No Song No Supper;" Love Not Quick Step, (Braham.) The whole to conclude with the much admired *German Sleigh Waltzes*, beautifully representing incidents of a German Sleigh Ride. The 1st Waltz represents the party on the road. 2d Waltz represents the party at supper, to which the ringing of the tea bell alludes. 3d Waltz represents a Blacksmith shoeing one of the wagons, a perfect imitation of the sound of the anvil is heard. 4th Waltz represents the Landlady winding up the old Dutch Clock. 5th Waltz the party returning home represented by the jingling of Sleigh Bells, cracking of the Whip, and the sound of the Post Horn.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Concert to commence at 7½ o'clock. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the Music Stores. Front seats reserved for Ladies.

mar8-3t

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of John King, of the Third Ward, city of Pittsburgh, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travelers and others, at his dwelling house in the county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will grant him a licence to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray.

JOHN KING.

We, the subscribers, citizens of the 3d Ward, do certify, that the above petitioner, is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travellers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

Robert Walker, John Prescott, Charles Hopkins, John Frickman, Joseph Alender, Matthew Patrick, Robert Paul, Thomas Elliott, John Wallace, J. W. Young, James Hamill, Wm. Paul. [mar8-3t

Mr. George R. Gliddon,

FORMERLY U. S. Consul for Cairo, will deliver a course of FOUR LECTURES, illustrated by splendid Dioramic Diagrams and Genuine Antiquities, at the Lutheran Church, 7th st., commencing on Monday, 8th March, at 7½ o'clock, P. M. The course will be continued at the same place and hour Thursday 11th, Friday 12th, and Monday 15th.

TICKETS, with *Prospectus* and *Programmes*, for sale at the Book Stores of Kay & Co., Wood street; Elliott & English, Market street; J. L. Read, 4th st.; Johnston & Stockton, Market st.; Cook's Depot, 4th st.; J. B. M'F