☞ The demand for the *Post*, of Tuesday, containing the following article, was so great, that we are induced to republish it to gratify our friends, whigs as well as democrats. That full justice may be done the editor of the *Journal*, we give his replication to our article, without curtailment and without comment.

Republished from the Post of March 2d, 1847.

The Commercial Journal.

We laid aside last Friday's *Journal*, a "Native" newspaper published in this city, and edited by a young *son of an Irishman*, intending at our leisure to take some notice of an editorial article contained in that paper, headed "Excellent."

That *Journal* has, since we assumed the control of the *Morning Post*, taken occasion, repeatedly, to make on us most unwarrantable, scurrilous, and indecent attacks. These we have, heretofore, *for obvious reasons*, suffered to pass with slight or no notice. Of the cause of his unprovoked and malignant hostility to us, we are entirely unapprised; and indeed, to be candid, we heeded it so little, that we never considered it worth while to institute an inquiry on the subject, that might lead to a discovery. It is, however, certain that, owing to the very degraded character which that individual bears (we fear too justly and too truly) in this community, we have always studiously avoided any business transactions with him, and carefully shunned any approach to intimacy or acquaintanceship.

The cause of his hostility is as indifferent to us now as it has been heretofore, and we flatter ourselves that we are no less secure from its threatened consequences. Nor should we now take any lengthened notice of him, or his vulgar abuse, or contemptible journal, (and how could that journal be otherwise than contemptible when in such hands?) were it not for the peculiar mode of assault which he has adopted,—a mode of assault which strikes over our own shoulders at a great principle of human liberty, and at the interests, feelings, rights, of a large and meritorious class of our citizens. This consideration taken in connection—"a somewhat ludicrous connection" we must admit—with the position of the editor who makes the assault—a position not less *ludicrously* peculiar from the "accident" of his own *birth* and that of his immediate progenitors, than it is *painfully* peculiar from the contrast, the wide contrast which exists, and which we believe is recognized by our entire community, between the modest virtues, the laborious industry, the undoubted honesty, the scrupulous performance of every contract, the faithful discharge of every trust public and private, the unsullied honor, the unblemished reputation, which the public voice universally and deservedly ascribes to those progenitors, notwithstanding their "*foreign*," their "*Irish*" birth; and the notorious vices, the thriftless laziness, the suspected honesty, the shameless disregard of contract, the unblushing faithlessness to every trust public and private, the blurred and sullied honor, the blackened reputation, which the same public voice, with a consent not less universal, and a discrimination not less accurate, has ascribed to their "native" son;—this consideration and these circumstances, we say, induce us for the present to forego our wonted forbearance, and to take this notice of the very repulsive subject presented to us for dissection.

The *avowed* reason for the attack which the editor of the *Journal* made on us, in his paper of Friday last, was the notice which we took in the *Post*, the day previous, of the speech of Senator Corwin of Ohio, delivered on the subject of our existing war with Mexico. In that speech (and we copied extensive extracts from it into our paper) we thought, and so stated in our paper, that Mr. Corwin had taken unpatriotic grounds, and that he had assumed positions unfavorable, adverse to his country—that, by striving to withhold from our gallant troops, now in the field, who are reaping glory while they are risking life in their country's battles, all reinforcements of men and arms, and all supplies of money and munitions, he was strengthening the hands of the enemy and weakening and paralysing our own. We so thought, and as a public journalist, so we wrote; but our so doing has been seized upon by the editor of the *Journal*, as a pretext for the attack which he has made. He has himself assigned this as his excuse for the assault; he is therefore entitled to the full benefit of it, and we cheerfully concede it to him, to the fullest extent he can possibly desire.

The editor charges us with being "*young*."—We have yet to learn that youth is a fault; but if it be *one*, every year will tend rapidly to remove it. We think, however, that perhaps he did not mean to apply the charge to the number of years which have passed over our head, for in that respect we believe, and we beg it to be understood, that it is the only point of resemblance which exists between the editor and us. We are rather inclined to the opinion that the idea he seeks to convey is, that we are, unlike him, unpractised and inexperienced in debauchery, in gambling, in drunkenness, and in every species of dissipation and licentiousness—that we have not, like him, acquired the cunning which springs, not from a wise head frosted with grey hairs, but from a corrupt and depraved heart—that we have not learned, (and here the editor can state for himself whether or not he has attained the knowledge, made perfect by practice, of which truth compels us to confess our total ignorance,)—that we have not learned how to abstract, for the purposes of dissipation, large sums of money from the hard earnings of an aged father—how to squander, in gambling and riotous extravagance, the assets of confiding partners—how to induce an acquaintance, in the moments of convivial intercourse, to indorse our notes, and then suffer him, by legal process, to be forced to pay them. If such be his meaning—if he designs to impute to us inexperience in such practices, ignorance of such knowledge, then we are left no alternative but to plead "guilty." Nay, more, if to be proficient in such arts, if to be profound in such knowledge, be indispensible accompaniments of old age, we devoutly pray that we may never even count the number of years (if they exceed our own) of the editor of the *Journal*.

The editor says we are "an empty headed lad, destitute of the slightest claim to public consideration." If by "claim to public consideration," he means such infamous notoriety as he has acquired, then we can never hope to possess any. And if by "empty headed," he means that we are not corrupt hearted, we must submit forever to the imputation; and taken in the sense which we have just suggested, the editor may rest assured that not only must *his* conduct but *his* principles undergo a radical change, before any sane person will cast such an insinuation on him. And if, finally, by the whole charge taken together, the editor of the *Journal* is to be understood as asserting that we are incapable of following in any of his footsteps,—of doing any of those acts which would render us the degraded object no less of defrauded man's abhorrence and contempt, than of wronged woman's withering scorn,—then, once for all, we say he is right, perfectly right.

We come now to what the editor seems to consider his gravest charge against us; on which he has exhausted all his resources of wit and humor and classic learning, and but for which, indeed, we think we should not have taken up our pen to notice him at all. He charges against us in specific terms and with crushing effect, that we are an "Irishman," a "Paddy," a person of foreign birth, one h ving *no* right to "perceive peril to the interests of his (our) adopted country," to scrutinize the sentiments of "an American Senator," or "to criticise and question the patriotism of an eminent citizen," that we have exhibited "the characteristic modesty attributed to the Irish Nation," in daring to make any comments on the speech of "Senator Corwin;" he declares that forbearance from such comments is absolutely "enjoined by the accident of foreign birth," that none but "an American native and to the manor born" should be allowed to make them; and he asserts that as against all persons not of native birth, there should be instituted "a most natural inquiry into the nature of the ties which may or do bind a man to his country;" and finally, he expresses his "wonder at a great party, such as the Democracy really are, submitting to have their interests in this important district of Pennsylvania entrusted to such keeping."

Such is the nature of the charges brought against us by the Editor of the *Journal*, and of the profound and elaborate argumentation by which he enforces them. For ourselves, we are unwilling to enter into a controversy with *him*, about the qualities essential to form a good or bad citizen. As to the general rights of citizenship, and the privileges it confers and the duties it imposes, we are content to take for our guide the wisdom of those who framed the Constitution and Laws of the country; and in the race which every citizen runs, we think the reward of merit should be conferred on him who most appreciates that constitution, best obeys those laws, and complies with all the obligations, public, private, social and moral, which they and morality and religion, alike impose on all, whether native or naturalized. The Editor of the *Journal*, however, is of a different opinion; he thinks that "the accident of birth," for which it is apparent that he is entitled to as little personal merit in his case, as we are demerit in ours, should be the sole test and criterion; and perhaps, indeed, he of all men is excusable for entertaining such a notion, inasmuch as he has nothing else to urge. But we feel assured that the profligate life he has spent, the disgraceful example he has set, so far from winning neophytes to his peculiar political creed, will forever deter all but those of his own kindred herd.

But there is one circumstance to which we already in passing alluded, which taken in connection with the expressed opinions of the editor of the *Journal* on this subject, presents itself in a most "ludicrous" aspect. He is not—though a stranger in reading his article of Friday last might take for granted that he was—a descendant of the "Pilgrim Fathers!" No ancestral blood of his fertilized the battle fields of the Revolutionary, or late war!—no dust of theirs has yet been, and we sincerely trust it will be long before it will be commingled with American soil!—in a word, the editor of the *Journal* is the living son of living Irish parents!! We could wish, indeed, that so no other genealogy could be assigned him;—he is no credit to any country;—contending nations will never dispute for the honor of *his* birthplace.

There was one passage in the Journal man's article, which, at first glance, induced us to think that there was possibly a redeeming trait in his character. It was an exceedingly accurate, though somewhat broad, representation of genuine "Irish brogue." For a moment we supposed that he still remembered with fondness the accents,—that the sounds still lingered not reluctantly in his ears,—of the sweet lips that sung the lullaby of his infancy, for his cradle was tended by no hireling nurse; but on closer inspection, we discovered that the unfeeling wretch was but mocking the kind parents whom he had already plundered!!

We entertain scarce a hope that the gentle chastisement which we are now inflicting on the editor of the *Journal*, will produce in him any permanently salutary change. We fear he will not stop in his headlong career, to reflect on our admonitions. One who could resist a father's prayers, a mother's tears, a brother's kind entreaties, the soft influence of a sister's persuasions, and could go on from degradation to degradation, from infamy to deeper infamy still, is not likely to be affected by anything that we could say to him. Still, if he will not listen to us now, we beg him to lay by, to treasure up for some future day, what we say to him. He is still young, and there may be years of life before him yet. If then, in after years,—when prostrate on a bed of sickness, or more probable still, occupying a lonely cell in one of those Institutions which the philanthropy of modern times, as evidenced in the great amelioration of modern penal laws, has provided for incorrigible offenders,—reflection should force itself on his mind, he will discover, when too late, with bitter regret, how unprofitable are the wickedness and absurdity of his present ways, and how much more easy and successfully he may have walked in other and better paths.

From the Commercial Journal, March 3d, 1847.

THE POST.

It is the privilege of every blackguard to abuse those above him, and the license is indulged in proportion to the impunity allowed to the offender. The editor of the Post is no exception to the rule, for since he has been assured that he cannot exasperate us to the point, which in Cadiz subjected him to the disgrace of "the cow hide," he has gone all lengths in abusing us.

The article before us, is but a reiteration of the attacks heretofore made on us through the Post, and only differ from them in paternity.

The editor of the Post is not its author, but he has needlessly sought aid in this instance, for while he wrote his own articles, he was more effectual in assault, because it must be mortifying to any man of sense, to be compelled to measure swords with a fool. Harper had that advantage, while his temporary adjunct merely shows, that a liar, with more sense, is not so formidable as a malignant fool, in the same circumstances.

We have refused steadily to resort to mere personality in retort upon the "Young Irishman" of the Post. The "Cadiz papers," and the others, in our possession, are amply disgraceful to him; but we shall really feel ourselves to be the empty ass we take Mr. Harper to be, whenever he, or such as he, can provoke us to the use of those weapons he finds it necessary to employ against us. We hope he will not, in consequence, imagine that our forbearance is dictated by anything else than self-respect. We are exceedingly vain, and cannot descend to employ heavy metal against paper-houses, or address grave remonstrance to an idiot. If, now, the party behind the curtain were to come forth, we are not sure that the temptation to grave rejoinder might not prevail over our sense of propriety, and what our friend —— calls "the eternal fitness of things." But there is no reason to hope that the real author will venture to unmask, and we must regard the attack as though it were really, the production of the pleasant and sensible "young Irish" denouncer of Corwin, and other American citizens, and dismiss it with this notice.

In thus disposing of "Paddy," for the present, it may not be amiss to remark, as a significant circumstance, that in all the passages which have occurred between us, he has never retorted with the vehemence and malice peculiar to the idiot, except when we have made some jocular or pointed allusion to his "Irish origin."

This is decidedly adverse to the pretension he lately put forth, that he had never, in word or deed, denied his country; for it is undeniable, that the man who curses and swears when impeached of an "Irishman," a "Paddy," a person of foreign birth, one h ving *no* right to "perceive peril to the interests of his (our) adopted country," to scrutinize the sentiments of "an American Senator," or "to criticise and question the patriotism of an eminent citizen," that we have exhibited "the characteristic modesty attributed to the Irish Nation," in daring to make any comments on the speech of "Senator Corwin;" he declares that forbearance from such comments is absolutely "enjoined by the accident of foreign birth," that none but "an American native and to the manor born" should be allowed to make them; and he asserts that as against all persons not of native birth, there should be instituted "a most natural inquiry into the nature of the ties which may or do bind a man to his country;" and finally, he expresses his "wonder at a great party, such as the Democracy really are, submitting to have their interests in this important district of Pennsylvania entrusted to such keeping."

Our course would have been, to acknowledge both the modesty and absurdity of the offence, and proceed immediately to establish, as no doubt "Paddy" could, that he, although a "furriner," is more American than Tom Corwin, and better qualified to feel and appreciate the claims of country, and the duty of the citizen. While this would have been the manlier course, it would have been the safest, and delivered poor "Paddy" from the stain of an apostasy, which will stick closer than the stripe, or the stigma of a cow hide—a heavy penalty for a single fault, as his own sensabilities qualify him to judge. And this course, too, would have saved him from our redicule, which, after all, is the consequence of his folly most appreciated, and lamented, in the solitude of Mr. Harper's sanctum.

It is our deliberate conviction therefore, that the "young Irish patriot" of the Post has not obeyed wise counsels in his mode of defence, which presents him in the attitude of denying his country; and nothing can be clearer than that his mode of attack is equally objectionable since it exhibits him engaged *con amore*, casting filth that fails to reach the mark, and leaves him the ineffably disgusting object, a fool must always be, who, to his mental destitution, adds offensive habits which taint only his own atmosphere.

☞ There is one word in the attack of the Post; which we have elsewhere noticed, that seems to us, after all allowance is made for the silly worthlessness and irresponsible character of the editor of that paper, to demand a pointed notice. We allude to the occurrence of the phrase "suspected honesty."

We permit every blackguard to abuse us, in whatever form he may chance to find himself happ pies; and we offer no objection, when this last auxiliary of Mr. Harper's enters the fireside circle, that would have been sacred against notice. We care little for any thing that is not a libel upon manhood. The indulgence of that taste, even in the utmost limit of *tal*-shood, did not annoy, and could not damage us, for we well know that every man of sense would feel nothing but disgust toward the offender; and we do not cater for the appetites of folly. We have let that pass. But having our attention called to it, we discover this phrase, to which we have alluded, applied to us, and while we cannot stoop to give it grave denial, we cannot consent to pass it, as we do the other attacks of this writer.

As against Mr. Harper, who is really not a responsible person, we do not press this imputation for retraction. But we consider the question entitled to denial, to grave and earnest contradiction, *if backed by any person* who can present a character and position, that make him responsible, to us, or to society, for his conduct. If no other than Mr. Harper will venture to assume this responsibility, we must view it, as we do all his aspersions—as the jabberings of an empty fool. But as there is a concealed actor, we fling the lie in *his* teeth, and dare him to stand up and say before the world, and us, that in our whole lives a single act can be traced, which authorizes the connexion of our name, even with the coward phrase "suspected honesty." Whatever our mistakes, and they are many, we have never faltered in the intent to be honest, and imputation was never cast upon our integrity of purpose, *except by a rowdier, found guilty of libel, at least*. And if no one shall be found willing to bear this imputation, we shall ask the reader to bear in mind, that we have met it full in the face, and giving it the lie in the greatest breadth of that dishonoring term, defied its author to maintain it.

Nothing could be easier than for us to call Mr. Harper a thief, and to exhibit better ground for the charge, than our anonymous assailant has given for that against us. But the sense of self-respect, and the just appreciation of our responsibilities as a man, a citizen, and the conductor of a public journal, restrain us to the use of the most obvious truths, and always confine us to charges, which not only we can sustain, but which, without our aid, present themselves as legitimate subject of comment, in connexion with the public conduct of the man who may chance to be the object of our attack for the time being. When we call a man dishonest, we mean it, and hold ourselves bound for the production of proof whenever called on. We hold the hidden writer in the Post to this rule, and if he fail to stand up to it, we denounce him as a *liar and a poltroon*.

With this distinct understanding we dismiss him.

DR. I. SCHWARZ'S

CELEBRATED HEALING PLASTER,

A CERTAIN cure for all kinds of boalings, and particularly for the most dangerous old sores, and for fleshy tumors and sponges, which it causes to separte and heals directly.

This is to certify that I suffered extreme pain in my side and in my whole body, from a lump internally, the size of a man's fist, near and under my heart, for which I was treated by several physicians who all gave me up. I then got some of Dr. I. Schwarz's Plaster, which entirely removed it and made me perfectly well. H. BERKENKEMP.

I had a bad sore on my leg for years, and could not find any help by physicians until I got Dr. I. Schwarz's Plaster, which completely healed it. JOHN VOLLHARDT,

WITNESS, VICTOR SCRIBA.

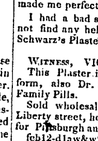
This Plaster is put up in the most convenient form, also Dr. Schwarz's Anti-Bilious Pills and Family Pills.

Sold wholesale and retail by Wm. Jackson, 89 Liberty street, head of Wood street. Only Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Price 25 cents per box.

feb12-d1w&cw2m.

Allegheny County, ss.

In the Orphan's Court of Allegheny County.



IN the matter of the Estate of Ardle O'Hanlon, deceased.

And now, to wit, February 20th, 1847, the Inquisition having been held and returned, the parties having been first duly warned in pursuance of the writ, and the inquest having found that the lands and tenements in said writ mentioned, could not be parted to and among all the parties in said writ named without prejudice, &c., but that the same could be parted and divided so as to accommodate four of the said parties, and therefore parted and divided the same into four parts or portions and valued the same at the sum of Two Thousand Dollars, and on motion of John J. Mitchell, Esq., the Court ordered and directed that the heirs and legal representatives of Ardle O'Hanlon, deceased, come into Court on the 4th Monday of March next, and accept or refuse the said four parts or shares and comply with the act of Assembly in such case made and provided, and that notice of this order be given to Esther O'Hanlon, widow, William M'Clum and Martha his wife, Charles Cassily and Ellen his wife, Alfred W. Harrison and Margaret his wife, and Esther Jackson, personally or by writing left at their places of abode, and on Thomas O'Hanlon, by publication in the Daily Morning Post, a newspaper published in the city of Pittsburgh, by three insertions in the same for 3 successive weeks, before the said 4th Monday of March.

Test JOHN YOUNG, Jr., Cl'k.

feb25-d1aw3t

WALL PAPER,

GLAZED AND UNGLAZED

Of every variety of patterns, cut from the latest French Samples.

15,000 PIECES SUPERIOR GLAZED PAPER.

THEY will be sold for cash, at less price than they can be purchased in Philadelphia or New York. THOSE having houses to paper AND OTHERS buying to sell again, will find a better article of WALL PAPER, for less MONEY than has been ever offered in this market before. Call at the Wall Paper Store of J. SHIDLER,

feb22-2m Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

☞ "Important to those who are afflicted with diseased Lungs.

Dr. Rogers Liverwort and Tar. This specific seems to deserve all that the vender claims for its all healing virtues, we have seen a very emphatic certificate from Dr. Cox, late professor in the Cincinnati Eclectic College, who represents it to be a very different article from the prevailing nostrums of the day, and as very valuable in the treatment of that insidious class of diseases which are the bane of this variable climate."

Cincinnati Morning Signal.

If physicians of Dr. Cox's character in the profession give their testimony in favor of this celebrated medicine, it must be valuable.

N. B. Notice the certificate of Professor Cox in another column, also, one of a remarkable cure from Mr. Gabriel Whitehead, under the head of Liverwort and Tar.

GREAT ITALIAN REMEDY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 26, 1846.

Being afflicted for some 8 years with that most distressing disease, the asthma, and for the last 3 years much of the time confined to my room, and at several different times my life was despaired of; I concluded to obtain some of Mazoni's Sicilian Syrup, which was recommended to me by a friend from New York, who stated that it had cured some of the most inveterate cases known to the medical profession. Suffice it to say, that, after using the above medicine for about 4 weeks, I was entirely relieved, and I believe radically cured. Yours with respect,

OLIVER W. OWEN,

No 175 Bertram st., Philad'a.

Hays & Brockway, Wholesale and Retail Agents; see advertisement. feb22

CHRISTIE'S Galvanic Remedies for all kinds of nervous affections they have been used with entire success in all cases of Rheumatism, acute or chronic, applying to the head, face or limbs; gout, tic doloreux, bronchitis, vertigo, nervous or sick headache, indigestion, paralysis, palsy, epilepsy, fits, convulsions, cramp, palpitation of the heart, neuralgia, general debility, &c. In cases of dyspepsia, which is simply a nervous derangement of the digestive organs—they have been found equally successful.

These applications are in the form of Rings and Magnetic Fluid, Bands, Bracelets, Belts, &c.

☞ See advertisement for further particulars on the outside of this sheet.

For sale at the only agency, 57 Market street. dec9

For Rent.

A FARM containing two hundred acres situate about nine miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements are a large and comfortable house and barn (60 feet long,) 100 bearing apple trees and about cleared land, about 12 of which is meadow. The farm is well watered, on a good road and will be rented remarkably low—apply to

BLAKELY & MITCHELL,

jan18 Penn st., Pittsburgh.

Farm for Sale.

WE have for sale a small Farm of Land in Pine Township, containing sixty-one acres—about Twenty-five acres cleared and under fence, with a comfortable dwelling house and other improvements. Title good and terms reasonable. Apply to

BLAKELY & MITCHEL.

feb4

Splendid Brick Dwelling Houses and Lot in the City of Allegheny at Private Sale.

THE subscriber is authorized to sell at low prices and on liberal terms the following valuable Real Estate:

That convenient, spacious, modern style and well finished 2½ story brick dwelling house, with suitable out buildings. Stable, Carriage house, Shrubbery, Fruit Trees, Pump, &c. on a lot having a front of 50 feet on Canal street, and extending back 273 to Liberty street. At present occupied by C. H. Kay, Esq., adjoining the residence of the Hon. Judge Greer. Also those two handsome, well finished, modern style new two story brick dwelling houses, with colonade fronts and back buildings; each lot having a front of 22 feet on East Common and extending back 140 feet, occupied at present by Rev. Wm. Preston and John Bassell.

JOHN D. DAVIS,

jan29-tf corner of Wood and Fifth streets.

For Sale or Rent.

A THREE story Brick House, situate in the village of East Liberty, 5 miles from the city; it has about ½ acre of ground attached, a good Garden; it is an excellent stand for a Tavern, having a good frame stable, a large shed for Carriages and Ten Pin alley; several good fruit trees and a pump of excellent water on the place. The House is large and in good condition, having been occupied as a dwelling for the same time by Mr. James Burnside. It will be sold or rented low on reasonable terms.

Persons desirous of further information will please call at J. D. Davis' Commercial Auction Rooms, corner of Wood and 5th sts. dec17-tf

For Rent,

AN excellent dwelling house, on Bedford street, Prospect hill, Sixth Ward, with seven rooms, basement, fruit trees, garden and excellent well of water. Rent, $125. Enquire of

feb5 BLAKELY & MITCHEL.

For Sale,

FOUR LOTS—Bounded by Penn, Liberty and Hay sts., each lot having 24 ft. front, and extending back 110 ft. Two of them are corner lots, and the position of the whole property is one of the most advantageous in the city. For further information apply to M. SWARTZWELDER, Fourth st.,

nov3-tf bet. Wood and Smithfield.

For Sale.

A two story BRICK HOUSE and LOT, 25 by 160 ft., in Allegheny city, situated on the bank of the river, be ween the Aqueduct and Upper Bridge. Half or two-thirds of the purchase money may remain 8 or 9 years. For sale low.

L. WILMARTH,

jn30-tf Penn st., bet. Irwin and Hand.

For Rent,

SIX Acres of ground, with Dwelling House, Stable, Garden, Fruit trees, schrubbery, &c. in the 7th Ward of this city, near the residence of J. D. Mahon, Esq. Also, a two story frame dwelling House, No. 87, Smithfield street above 6th st., adjoining the property of Martin Lytle. Apply to

JOHN D. DAVIS,

feb8-tf cor Wood and 5th sts.

For Sale or Rent,

A NEAT and convenient Frame Cottage, in Allegheny City, immediately below the Canal—Possession given on the 1st of April next. Apply to

[feb9] JAMES MAY.

The Half-Yearly Abstract of the Medical Sciences.

BEING a practical and analytical Digest of the contents of the principal British and Continental Medical works, published during the preceding six months, together with a series of critical reports on the progress of Medicine and the collateral sciences during the same period embracing the various branches under their proper heads, etc. Edited by W. H. Ranking, M. D., Cantab., Physician to the Suffolk General Hospital. Vol. 2, No. 2—July to October, 1845. Just received and for sale by

feb26 LUKE LOOMIS, Agt., 80 Wood st.

Handbook of Anatomy.

GENERAL, Special, and Typographical, Translated from the original German of Dr. Alfred Von Behr, and adapted to the use of the English Student, by John Burkett, Fellow of the Royal College of Students of England, and demonstrator of Anatomy at Guy's Hospital. For sale by

feb26 LUKE LOOMIS, Agt., 80 Wood st.

Fresh Oysters.

THE subscriber will receive fresh Oysters daily from Baltimore, which he will serve up in all the different styles, at the Franklin Hotel, Fourth st., between Smithfield and Grant.

C. SCHMERTZ

Country Residence.

HAVING removed to the City—for convenience to professional business—I will rent my Mansion House and its immediate enclosure, situate on the Bluffs of the Monongahela, one mile above Pittsburgh.

JAMES S. CRAFT.

an14-3twta

Dissolution.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of Walker & Woodwell, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by John Walker, at the old stand, No 85 Wood street.

JOHN WALKER,

JOS. WOODWELL.

Pittsburgh, January 1, 1847. jan15

Hardware.

JOHN WALKER, (late Walker & Woodwell,) would announce to his friends and the public, that he still continues the Hardware business at the old stand, No. 85 Wood street. He would respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore so kindly bestowed. He will be receiving in the Spring a large supply of foreign goods of his own importation. Country Merchants will please give him call. jan15

RYE FLOUR—5 bush rec'd and for sale by

feb19 LAMBERT & SHIPTON.

CINCINNATI PACKETS.

1847. SUNDAY PACKET. 1847.

THE Mail and Passenger Steamer ISAAC NEWTON, Capt. A. G. Mason, will run as a regular packet between *Pittsburgh and Cincinnati*, leaving Pittsburgh every Sunday at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Isaac Newton was built this spring, expressly for the trade, and offers to passengers every comfort and superior accommodations. feb13

MONDAY PACKET.

The regular mail and passenger steamer MONONGAHELA, Capt. Stone, will run as a regular Packet between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, leaving this port every Monday at 10, A. M., and Wheeling at 10, P. M., the same day. Returning, she will leave Cincinnati every Thursday, at 10, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

The Monongahela was built expressly for this trade, and offers to the passengers comfort, and superior accommodations. mar 31

1847 Tuesday Packet. 1847

The regular mail and passenger steamer HIBERNIA, No. 2, Capt. J. KINNEFELTER, will run as a regular packet between *Pittsburgh and Cincinnati*, leaving this port every Tuesday at 10 A. M., and Wheeling at 10 P. M. of the same day. Returning, she will leave Cincinnati every Friday at 10 A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

☞ The Hibernia No. 2, was built expressly for the trade, and offers to the passengers every comfort and superior accommodations. jan12, 1847

1847. Wednesday Packet. 1847

THE NEW ENGLAND, No. 2, Capt. S. DEAN, will leave Pittsburgh every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Wednesday evening at 10 P. M.; and Cincinnati every Saturday at 10 o'clock, A. M. feb20

1847. THURSDAY PACKET. 1847.

THE WISCONSIN, Capt. R. J. GRACE, will leave Pittsburgh every Thursday morning at 10 o'clock; Wheeling every Thursday evening at 10 P. M.; and Cincinnati every Sunday at 10 o'clock, A. M. feb19

SATURDAY PACKET.

The regular mail and passenger steamer MESSENGER, Capt. Linford, will run as a regular Packet between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, leaving this port every Saturday at 10, A. M., and Wheeling at 10, P. M., the same day. Returning, she will leave Cincinnati every Tuesday, at 10 o'clk A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

The Messenger was built expressly for this trade, and offers to her passengers every comfort and accommodation. mar 23

SATURDAY PACKET.

The regular mail and passenger steamer CIRCASSIAN, Capt. Isaac Bennett, will run as a regular Packet between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, leaving this port every Saturday, at 10, A. M., and Wheeling at 10, P. M., the same day. Returning, she will leave Cincinnati every Tuesday, at 10, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board.

The Circassian was built expressly for this trade, and offers to her passengers every comfort and accommodation. mar 23

THURSDAY PACKET.

THE new U. S. Mail steamer ACADIA, M. E. Lucas, Master, will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and the above port during the season of 1846, leaving every Thursday at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Acadia is a fine boat and has superior accommodations. For freight or passage apply on board, or to

ap9 J. NEWTON JONES, Agent.

MONDAY PACKET.

THE regular mail and passenger steamer UNION, Captain Maclean, will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, leaving this port every Monday at 6 o'clock, P. M. Returning she will leave Cincinnati every Thursday at 6 P. M.

The Union was built expressly for this trade, and affords every accommodation.

For freight or passage apply on bord. may9

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

The new and splendid passenger steamer COLUMBIA, O'NEAL, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports, regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

je1 D. WILKINS, Agent.

For Cincinnati and St. Louis

The passenger steamer PALESTINE, Capt. Williams, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports regularly.

For freight or passage apply on board. je9.

Tuesday Evening Packet.

The new and splendid passenger steamboat DECLARATION, Capt. Vorhees, will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, leaving this port every Tuesday evening at 3 o'clock. Returning she will leave Cincinnati every Friday evening at 3 o'clock.

The Declaration offers superior accommodations to passengers. For freight or passage apply on board. je1

For Cincinnati.

The well known fast running steamer CAMBRIA, W. Forsyth, Master, will run as a regular Packet, leaving every Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock, and Wheeling, at 10, P. M., the same day. Returning, she will leave Cincinnati every Saturday, at 10, A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to FORSYTH & Co., Agents,

ap16 No. 30, Water street.

Wellsville Regular Packet.

The steamer ARENA, REESE C. FLESON, Master, will leave Pittsburgh for Wellsville and all intermediate landings, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, at 9 o'clock, A. M.; and Wellsville for Pittsburgh on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 9 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. dec5

For Wheeling—Regular Packet.

THE splendid light draught steamer DOMINION, S. TYLER, Master, will run as a regular packet between Pittsburgh and Wheeling; leaving Pittsburgh for Wheeling every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.; and leaving Wheeling for Pittsburgh every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage apply on board. nov5

Books—Just Received.

THE Dog and the Sportsman: by Skinner;

The Book of Jasher;

Dow Junior's Patent Sermons;

1000 Nights Entertainment, 5 vols;

Bronson's Elocution;

Abbott's Young Christian and Corner Stone;

Dictionary of Quotations.

H. S. BOSWORTH & CO.,

feb24 No. 43 Market st.

New Goods! New Goods!!

OF THE LATEST SPRING STYLES,

JUST RECEIVED

At No. 62 Market st., Simpson's Row, bet 3d and 4th.

A. A. MASON begs leave to inform the public that he is constantly receiving, and is now in receipt of a large and well selected stock of rich Spring Dry Goods, amongst which may be found 4, 4 and 4-4 rich heavy dress Silks, imported under the new Tariff of 1847, and will be sold at much less than former prices; also 23 dozen ladies extra super Norwich and Badois light colored Kid Gloves, comprising every shade. A large lot of Alpaces and Alpines, Cashmeres, Mous de Laines and Ginghams, and some as low as 12½ cents; Calicoes of superior colors and style, including another entire case of those Orange and Blue prints; 1 case of rich English Prints at 18¾ cts. Our stock of bleach'd and brown Muslins is complete, and were purchased previous to the great advance of cotton goods, which will enable us to sell them at former prices. Purchasers will please bear in mind that we do an entire cash business, which enables us to sell goods from 10 to 15 per cent less than the credit system, and they will find it to their advantage to give us a call at No. 62, Market street.

feb25. A. A. MASON.

Thos. A. Hillier,

LOOKING GLASS MANUFACTURER, and fancy Furnishing Warehouse, No. 104 Wood st. near Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.; wholesale and retail.

English and French Engravings;

Japaned Waiters and Trays;

Looking Glass Plates, by the box or single light;

Table Cutlery;

Picture Glass of all sizes;

Brittania Tea ware, in sette or single pieces;

Portrait and Picture Frames,

Fire Irons and Fenders;

Mahogany Toilett Glasses, in 1, 2 and 3 drawers;

German silver and Brittannia tea and table Soons;

Hand and Magnifying Mirrors;

Candlesticks, Snuffers and Trays;

Gilt, Pier and Mantel Glasses;

Gentlemen's Shaving Cases;

Combs, Hair Brushes, &c.

☞ Merchants, Hotels and Steamboats supplied on liberal terms, and packing carefully attended to. Usual discount for cash. feb19-d2w

O Yes, O Yes.

YOU can always find at G. Schneck's, on the corner of Fifth and Smithfield sts., fresh Oysters served up in every style, on the shortest notice. Also, Ground Nut Candy, Fruits, and Pastrick of the choicest kinds. Call and see. nov12-dtap

POTASH—6 casks Potash, rec'd and for sale by

mar2 FRIEND, RHEY & CO.,

57 Water st.

BROOMS—27 dozen Corn brooms, received and for sale by FRIEND, RHEY & Co.,

mar2 57 Water st.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR—60 Hhds. N. O. Sugar per. Anglo Saxon, for sale by

mar2 FRIEND, RHEY & Co., 57, Water st.

FRESH FRUIT—100 drums Smyrna Figs;

20 bxs M. R. Raisins;

1 cask Zante Currants;

10 bxs Prunes;

For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS & Co.,

mar2 110 Wood st.

SALERATUS—10 bxs Prime, for sale by

mar2 J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

PEPPER—5 bags Pepper rec'd and for sale by

mar2 J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

Claret Wine.

40 CASES "St. Julien Medoc" Wine, just received and for sale by

feb27. MILLER & RICKETSON.

PLANTATION MOLASSES—300 barrels plantation Molasses just received and for sale by

feb27. MILLER & RICKETSON.

WHITE LEAD—55 kegs pure White Lead, in store and for sale by

feb27. MILLER & RICKETSON.

COFFEE—200 Bags Rio Coffee;

100 " Havana do;

10 Sacks Java do;

Just received and for sale by

MILLER & RICKETSON,

feb27 No 170 Liberty st.

LOAF SUGAR—20 Barrels No 4 Loaf Sugar, just received and for sale by

MILLER & RICKETSON,

feb 27 No 170 Liberty st.

L. S. Waterman,

WHOLESALE Grocer, Commission and Forwarding Merchant, dealer in Produce and Pittsburgh Manufactures, Nos. 31 Water, and 62 Front streets, Pittsburgh. feb23

CLOVERSEED—13 Bbls. just received, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front sts.

SCORCHINGS—3 Tons, a prime article, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No. 31 Water and 62 Front st.

SALARATUS—3 Casks, in store and for sale by

L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

ROLL BUTTER—13 Bbls. just rec'd, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

IRON—80 Tons assorted, in store and for sale by

L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

NAILS—300 Kegs assorted, in store and for sale

L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

20 BOXES Pound Lump Lynchburgh Tobacco; in store and for sale low to close consignment,

L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

COTTON YARNS—10,000 lbs. assorted Nos., in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

SPANISH SOLE LEATHER—100 Sides, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front sts.

SKIRTING—7 Bundles Skirting Leather, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

BRIDLE & HARNESS—3 Rolls Black Harness Leather; 3 Rolls Bridle Leather; in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front sts.

TANNER'S OIL—10 Bbls, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

LINSEED OIL—10 Bbls, in store and for sale by L. S. WATERMAN,

feb23 No 31 Water and 62 Front st.

KENTUCKY LEAF TOBACCO—29 Hhds, in store