The Morning Post.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH:
TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1847.

☞ The following article was written for yesterday's paper, but was crowded out by a press of other matters:

Hon. John M'Lean.

We observe in one or two of the federal papers in town a call for a meeting of the friends of the Hon. JOHN M'LEAN of Ohio—those, we mean, who are friendly to his nomination for the Presidency. The "universal whig party" has just as good a right to take up Mr. M'Lean as any other man in the country. We presume no person has any very serious objections to Judge M'Lean either as a man or a politician. He is a gentleman who has done but little to call forth either praise or condemnation—he possesses no more wisdom than will answer to carry him through the world, and we should think that he had no more claims to the Presidency than a thousand other men in the Federal ranks. We can name at least half a dozen of prominent individuals in this city, belonging to the same party with Judge M'Lean, who possess as many requisites for the Presidency as he does. But still we confess that we do not care a straw upon whom the Federal party let fall the mantle of their affections. We have good reason to believe that this M'Lean movement is not generally concurred in by the Federal party. There are many persons who have signed the call no doubt without reflection, and who have a preference for other individuals for the Presidency. We know there is now and ever has been a respectable Webster party in Pittsburgh—men who have always looked upon the Massachusetts statesman as the great embodiment of Federalism, and eminently worthy of their confidence and support. A large body of the opposition until very recently, have rested their hopes upon Mr. CLAY; but it is perfectly obvious that a change has come o'er the spirit of their dreams." Since Mr. CLAY took sides with the Democracy in the war with Mexico, he has unquestionably lost the confidence of the *leaders* of the federal party; but still the great mass of the opposition are as strongly wedded to him as ever they were. To doubt this would be to doubt their devotion to their country. We consider the M'Lean demonstration in this city as a stab at Mr. Clay, and those who participate in it unconsciously will in the end discover such to be the fact. Now is the time for Mr. Clay's true friends to bestir themselves, or they will find out when it is too late that they have been checkmated.

Railroad Meeting at Wooster.

The good people of Wooster are determined to have a Railroad to this city. We hope they will not be disappointed. At the meeting a few days since, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That Ezra Dean, John Sloane, and Edward Avery, be appointed a Committee to correspond with the citizens of Pittsburgh and intermediate points, upon the subject of the above Railroad.

Resolved, That petitions be circulated, to be presented to the Legislature of Ohio for the incorporation of the Company to construct a Railroad from Mansfield through Wooster, Massillon, Canton and Salem, to the Pennsylvania line.

Resolved, That the Corresponding Committee are authorized to call Railroad meetings whenever they may think expedient, and that this meeting now adjourn until Saturday the 30th inst, to meet at the Court House in Wooster, at one o'clock P. M.

Clarion County.

The Conferee meeting at Franklin, on the 15th inst., passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the administration of FRANCIS R. SHUNK, and particularly the doctrines of his late message, meets our hearty approbation, and in it we recognize a beacon light around which the democracy may again rally in safety; and, that we recommend Francis R. Shunk to the said delegates, for renomination to the Gubernatorial Chair.

Resolved, That Robert Lamberton and Geo. W. Connely, Esq., be our Senatorial Conferees; and D. W. S. Cook, Col. John Evans and Geo. F. Humes, our Representative conferees, to meet with those of the other counties in this Senatorial and Representative districts; that they be instructed to support MONROE B. LOWRY, Esq., for Senatorial Delegate, and SAMUEL F. DALE, Esq., for Representative Delegate to the 4th of March Convention, and that the said Conferees, in case of inability to attend, have power to appoint substitutes.

MORSE ET AL. *vs.* O'REILLY ET AL.—This case is now pending at the United States Circuit Court, at Philadelphia. Prof. Morse and others, patentees of Morse's Telegraph, filed an injunction against Mr. O'Reilly and his associates, to compel them to discontinue their telegraphic operations. The defendants resisted the motion for an injunction, and produced documents and proofs which the complainants were not prepared to meet, and hence complainants asked for a continuance of the case until the 1st of February next, which was granted by the Court. Mr. O'Reilly, in a card published in the Pennsylvanian, states that himself and associates had prepared a reply to publications of Messrs. F. O. J. Smith & Kendall, but out of deference to the Court, pending the action, it has been postponed.

LOOK AT THIS!—In one of the letters of the N. York correspondence of the "Union," we find the following statement:

"The Hon. C. Gray, a millionaire of Boston, where wealth is synonomous with more luxury and refined taste than in most other places in this Republic, it is said in the papers, gave a ball night before last, the getting up of which is said to have cost over $5000, and the wine alone more than $500; *the side walks were carpeted for the company to alight on, and so on.*"

It is said that the same Mr. Gray could not reconcile it to his sense of duty to give a single farthing to "aid and comfort" the patriotic volunteers from Massachusetts! Curious people in this world!

PRESIDENT POLK.—A correspondent of the New York *Evening Post*, in sketching men and things at Washington, pays the following high, and just compliment to the President of the United States.

"No man can enter into conversation with President Polk without being struck with his perfectly unpretending manners, and the appearance of honesty and directness in his whole demeanor. He is just such a man, you would say, after half an hour's talk with him, as is fitted to be at the head of a Democratic government; there is no want of dignity about him, but his manner carries with it a perpetual recognition of the doctrine of political equality."

☞ "England will buy nothing of us," say the sagacious whigs. Now let facts be submitted to a candid world." The bark Tiberius, Peadrick, says the Baltimore Sun of the 12th inst., cleared at this port last Thursday, by Osborn & Whittidge, for London, with a cargo of 2,150 bbls. flour, 51262 bush. corn, 271 tcs. and 140 bbls. beef, 940 kegs and 96 cans lard, 351 dry country hides, 176 bags quercitron bark, and 1 box minerals. The ship Monmouth, Torrey, cleared on Friday of last week, for London, by Clark & Kellogg, with 12,359 bush. corn, 6,931 bbls. flour, 200 do. pork, and 2000 barrel staves. The ship Rhone, Harvey Jr., cleared on Friday of last week, for Cork, Ireland, by J. G. Chappell, 5,680 bbls., and 240 half do. flour.

Canal Commissioners' Report.

This document is exceedingly interesting, and we regreat that it is is out of our power to publish it in full in our paper. We make the following extract shewing the receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year commencing December 1, 1845, and ending November 30, 1846.

The receipts and expenditures upon the public works during the fiscal year, have been as follows, viz:

RECEIPTS.

For motive power charges and for use of State trucks on the Philadelphia and Columbia railway, including fines, and for old materials sold,	$250,757 90	
For motive power charges and for use of State trucks on the Allegheny Portage Railway, including fines, and for old materials sold,	140,639 75	
For tolls on the Philadelphia and Columbia railway,	223,792 73	
For tolls on the Allegheny Portage Railroad,	46,038 01	
		$661,228 42
For tolls on the main line of canal including collections at our out-let locks, bridges, and aqueducts; also, rents, fines, and old material sold,	335,809 56	
For tolls, rents, fines, &c., on the Delaware division,	146,321 56	
For tolls, rents, fines, &c., on the Susquehanna, and North & West Branch divisions,	152,135 22	
		634,266 34
Total gross receipts,		$1,295,494 76

EXPENDITURES.

For maintaining motive power on the Philadelphia and Columbia railway, including repair and management of state trucks,	$157,846 23	
For maintaining motive power on the Allegheny Portage Railway, including repair and management of state trucks,	103,260 62	
For repairs on the Philadelphia and Columbia Railway,	58,702 24	
For repairs on the Allegheny Portage railway,	25,567 45	
For repairs on the main line of canal,	140,855 92	
For repairs on the Delaware division,	43,554 53	
For repairs on the Susquehanna, and North and West Branch divisions,	115,063 61	
For compensation of collectors, weigh-masters, inspectors of cargoes, including house rent, stationery and incidental expences of their offices,	32,073 68	
For compensation of lock-keepers,	33,906 60	
		709 930 01
Receipts over expenditures,		$585,563 85

From the above sum of $585,563 85 may be deducted $5,041 73, the amount expended for pay of Canal Commissioners, secretary, clerk hire, messenger, stationery, postage and incidental expences of their office, leaving $580,522 13 as the nett revenue produced by the canals and railroads of the commonwealth, for the year ending November 30, 1846.

The foregoing synopsis of receipts and expenditures, embraces the cost of maintaining the motive power on the Philadelphia and Columbia, and Allegheny Portage Railroads; the cost of repair, the ordinary and extraordinary, upon the canals and railroads of the State, as also the compensation of all the officers and agents employed on them during the year; the payment for work and labor done at the Eastern reservoir. The sums paid for damages, under general and special acts of Assembly, and the balance of a former appropriation for the purchase of new trucks, which was expended for that object, are not embraced in the foregoing statement of receipts and expenditures for the year 1846, as they are not considered as belonging to the repairs and management of the public works for any one fiscal year, but are brought into view in another part of this report.

UNION COUNTY.—The Union county delegate to the 4th of March Convention is Thomas Bowen, Esq. He had been instructed to vote for James Burns, Esq., as the first choice of the Democracy of that county for Governor, and N. B. Eldred, as their second choice; and in case neither are available to support a new man. He has also been instructed to vote for Col. H. C. Eyer for Canal Commissioner.

"AID AND COMFORT."—The Diario of Mexico copies an extract from Mr. Webster's "great Boston speech" in opposition to the war. Quite natural! Indeed, there appears to be a common feeling between the *leaders* of the federal party in this country, and the plundering despots of Mexico. "A fellow feeling makes them wondrous kind."

NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENT.—A letter to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot, dated Raleigh, January 16th, states that the Governor has appointed Robert T. Payne, of Chowan county, Colonel of North Carolina Regiment of Volunteers; John Fagg, of Buncombe county, Major. The regiment will be ready in two or three weeks to leave for Mexico.

☞ The Washington correspondent of the New York Evening Post very justly says of the Wise trouble: "Nobody here is ever surprised to hear that Mr. Wise has quarrelled with either governments or individuals, for that is his forte. He quarrelled with Mr. Gordon, the Consul at Rio Janeiro, to the great discredit of our country. He was continually quarrelling while at home, and the only wonder is that he has not succeeded in exciting serious ill feeling between his own government and the Brazilian court before."

WAR MOVEMENTS.—The *La Patria* of the 13th inst., Spanish paper of New Orleans, learns that the troops of the ten regiments asked for by the President, are to be assembled at Tampico, whence the whole of the disposable forces which can be collected at that point, will fall upon Vera Cruz and San Luis de Potosi.

BALTIMORE.—Last year upwards of 70,000 hogsheads of tobacco were inspected in Baltimore; 41,000 of Maryland growth and about 22,000 of Ohio growth.

More than 850,000 barrels of flour were inspected there, against 567,000 the previous year.

PARDON OF THE ANTI-RENTERS.—The Albany *Atlas* of the 19th says: "It is confidently stated that the pardon of the prisoners convicted of participating in the death of Sheriff SPEEDE, and of those found guilty of previous offences, will be announced in the course of a few days."

Correspondence of the Morning Post.

Letter XVI.

HARRISBURGH, Jan. 22d, 1847.

In the Senate, the members dont know what to go at since the Tariff has been disposed of. It afforded a subject in which every man could speak.

A resolution was offered and agreed to that a special committee of twenty-five be appointed to enquire into the causes of the recent dreadful accident and deplorable loss of life on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, and report whether such accidents can in any way be prevented by legislative anactment.

A great many private bills were read in place, but none of any consequence.

The bill enabling married women to have full control over their own property came off in the House on first reading, and after considerable discussion was postponed.

In the Senate Mr. Darsie presented the annual report of the Board of Inspectors of the Western Penitentiary.

Mr. Darsie read in place a bill entitled a supplement to an act incorporating the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.

The Committee on Claims, to whom was referred the petition of citizens of Pittsburgh, that money laid out by them in repairing the Aqueduct might be refunded, reported in favor of the petitioners.

KARL.

Productions and Improvements of the Trumbull Phalanx for 1846.

Power Looms	$75 00
Repairs on Factory and Upper Works	132 00
Production of Upper Saw Mill	360 00
" Lower "	627 00
" Grist Mill	441 86
" Tannery and Shoe Shop	1236 08
" Clothing Works	150 00
" Carding "	360 00
" Blacksmith Shop	49 00
" Hat Shop	112 00
" Wagon Shop	116 00
" Bowl Machine	33 00
Money rec'd for school teaching members	63 00
90 tons of Hay	360 00
20 " Corn Fodder	80 00
400 bushels of Wheat	250 00
300 " Oats	54 00
100 " Rye	37 00
100 " Buckwheat	33 33
1800 " Corn	933 00
200 " Potatoes	50 00
200 " English Turnips	25 00
625 " Ruta Bega	78 13
250 " Beans	187 00
137 " Onions	85 63
50 cords of Tan-bark	100 00
2 acres of Broom Corn	25 00
6 barrels Vinger	18 00
54 " Cider	54 00
300 grafted Apple Trees	75 00
250 Peach Trees	87 50
Erecting buildings, putting up fences, cutting cord-wood, putting in crops, gain on cattle, hogs, &c., and general improvement of the Domain	2240 00
	$9119 63
—CONTRA—	
Loss by use of Wagons and harnesses	48 00
" " Ploughs, Cultivators, Drags	12 00
" " Saw Mills	25 00
" Hunting thieves	45 00
Interest on Stock at 6 per cent	1192 49
" Debt	515 00
Taxes	82 65
Incidental Expenses	601 14
	$2520 77

Leaving $6598,86 to be divided among those who have produced this amount. The time wrought by each having been kept, a dividend of 77 cents is declared for ten hour's labor.

December 26, 1846. B. ROBBINS, Pres't.

PHILADELPHIA CITY.—The Spirit of the Times of Thursday last says:—"The City Delegates to the Fourth of March Convention were elected last night, and we understand that six out of the seven are in favor of Governor Shunk.

Considerable interest has been manifested for several days as to the result of this election, but all doubts are now removed, and the city and county will be nearly unanimous for the Governor's renomination. There was no instructing resolutions passed.

COUNTERFEITERS CAGED.—At Peoria, Ill., on the 5th inst., a nest of counterfeiters, three in number, were arrested and lodged in jail. In their possession was found $800 counterfeit money—6 $100 notes on the Planter's Bank of Tenn., the residue was 20's, on the State bank of Missouri and a few Indiana 1's; also a full and complete assortment of articles necessary for the prosecution of their calling. The names of the coveys are Dean, Raymond and Webb.

EDUCATION IN IOWA.—The Constitution of Iowa makes ample provisions for a magnificent school fund. In the organized counties, 442,107 acres of land have been reserved for that purpose, 462,048 acres in counties not yet organized, and 500,000 acres of the public domain, to which the State is entitled on admission into the Union—making an aggregate of 1,405,155 acres, appropriated to the purposes of common school education.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.—In the House the Committee on Banks and the Currency, to whom was referred a memorial, asking a revival of the banking powers of the Life and Trust Company, and the Lafayette Bank of Cincinnati, reported the same back, and asked to be discharged from further consideration of the subject.

☞ The U. S. Quartermaster has recently chartered at New Orleans, the following vessels to convey troops and government stores to the Gulf of Mexico, viz: ships Alhambra, Ondiaka, Russell Glover, Sharon, Archeleus, Statesman, Medford, Oregon, and Oxnard. They are all first class vessels.

TIRRELL ACQUITTED.—The trial of Tirrell for arson was concluded at Boston on Tuesday, the jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty. The prosecuting Attorney then gave notice to the Court that he should hold the prisoner on another indictment, viz: for adultery.

BOAT BUILDING IN ST. LOUIS.—Forty boats have been built at the St. Louis yards since 1838. Their tonnage is between nine and ten thousand tons, and cost of building about $600,000.

GROWTH OF ST. LOUIS.—It is estimated in the St. Louis Union that thirty-six hundred good and substantial buildings have been erected within the corporation of St. Louis during the two last years.

INTO THEM.—The New Bedford Mercury, speaking of the suicidal policy of its federal friends, in opposing the war with Mexico, gives the following petulent kick:

"We had supposed that the Whig party would profit a little by experience—but it seems *the fools are not all dead yet.*"

RIGHT—The Legislature of North Carolina, which is federal in both branches, has adopted a resolution appropriating the sum of $10,000 to the expenses of equipping the regiment called from that state.

☞ The Mayor and his Police have been enforcing the laws against hanging signs. A number were taken down by order, on last Friday and Saturday.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Recent occurrences have convinced many of our citizens of the evils attending the too frequent changes that are made in the Police Department of the city.

We are in favor of electing a Mayor for three years, and believe there are but few who have thought much on the subject, that will not concur fully with us. The officers of last year had just got "their hands in", when the potent voice of the people summoned them to leave, and their places have been filled by entirely new men. We would not be understood as objecting to the appointments that have been made by our present chief magistrate, nor to that dignitary himself, for we have much confidence in them all; but we do not expect them to be, nor is it possible that they should be, without experience, as capable of discharging their duties as peace preservers and rascality detectors, as the men who have been discharged. Now that the new Mayor is in and his appointments made, we wish he and his police were sworn for three years instead of one.

Changes in the government of towns, such as we have noticed, are very favorable to the light-fingered order. The recent robberies in our two cities are evidence conclusive that they avail themselves of the inexperience of the officers whose duty it is to protect the property of citizens.

The only remedy is a change in the term of office of the Mayor. Three years instead of one say we. We can think of no objection to such a reform. It is fair for one party as another, so far as we can understand what would be its results.

In addition to all that we have said, there is the expense and trouble of annual elections which would be avoided. These yearly excitements have a pernicious influence we are satisfied. Animosities are stirred up among neighbors by the unnecessary conflict of opposing interests that are brought to bear in municipal elections. The Mayor should have the confidence of the whole people, and this he cannot expect, while his claims are submitted to the test of public opinion in but a few months after he has learned how to discharge his duties. The same remark applies to all his officers.

The extension of the city,—now nine wards, instead of five, as in former times—is another matter to be considered in connection with this subject. It has added to the difficulties, before too numerous, that attend the proper discharge of the duties of the Mayor; and of course, requires more experience, which can be gained only by time and practice, than was necessary—when the duties were confined within the narrow limits of five wards.

This matter has been suggested to us by some old citizens, whose observations have confirmed them in the opinion that the Mayor and his Police should hold their respective stations *for at least* three years. We commend it to the attention of the public.

WARD MEETINGS.

We received the annexed returns since yesterday morning:

Eighth Ward—Samuel Morrow, M. Magiun.
Peebles—J. R. M'Clintock, Jno. M. Davis.
Lawrenceville—Henry M'Cullough, Jno. Johnson.
ALLEGHENY.—*Fourth Ward*—Thos. Donnelly, John Kown.
Third Ward—R. H. Kerr, Thos. Farley.
First Ward—John Haworth, Wm. Stewart.
Second Ward—C. Wallace and George R. Riddle.
Birmingham—Edward Ensell, —— Kockenower.

THE ESCAPE LADDER.

When we wrote our notice of the patent ladder, which appeared yesterday morning, we were not aware that the Councils had already acted upon the matter. In the proceedings of the 15th inst., we find the following:

"A communication was received from James Cox, patentee of a fire escape ladder, which was referred to "committee on engines and hose, concurred in by C. C."

It is expected that the committee will report favorably. We hope so, if the ladder is what it has been represented to be.

WILSON M'CANDLESS, ESQ.

The Richmond Enquirer copies the address delivered by Mr. M'Candless, on the occasion of the sword presentation to Capt. Johnson. It is complimentary to our townsman:

We commend to the officers and soldiers of the Virginia Regiment, who are about to engage in the Mexican campaign, the following extracts of an address delivered by Col. Wilson M'Candless of Pittsburgh, in presenting to Capt. J. W. Johnson, of the Westmoreland (Pa.) company, an elegant sword, in the name of the donors, Messrs. W. & P. Hugus, of Pittsburgh. They breathe a pure spirit of patriotism and genuine eloquence. No American soldier can read them, and not feel proud of his country's cause, and be inspired to great deeds in the hour of peril.

Another. Infanticide.—Coroner Richardson was yesterday morning called to hold an inquest on the body of a male child, found in a cellar in 7th street, seventh Ward. The examination elicited the following facts: The mother of the child is a Mrs. Logan, a widow lady, living in 7th street; the child is supposed to have been born on Friday last; it was found covered up in the cellar, and wrapped in a cloth.

The verdict of the Jury was that it came to its death in a manner unknown. Information sufficient to warrant an arrest was given, and she was committed for a further hearing.

Half Mast—The flags of the steamers in port on Saturday, were at half mast, on account of the death of Capt. HENRY JAYNES, of Beaver, who has been commander of the Roscoe. A short time since one of his little fingers was badly cut. From cold caught in the sore, Lockjaw resulted, and subsequently death. He leaves a large family.

☞ The Mayor calls upon the Draymen to take out their license before February next.

☞ The St. Louis papers are beginning to arrive occasionally in lots.

☞ Mr. Porter's company opened in Wheeling on Monday evening with the Hunchback.

The M'Lain Meeting last night was very fair; we mean the room was full. We were in for a few moments, during which time Mr. Dunlop was reading a long preamble, setting forth the claims of Mr. McLain. We can not speak further.

Markets.—The news by the Hibernia, received in this city, yesterday afternoon, by Telegraph, caused quite a stir among the dealers in FLOUR and GRAIN. The prices immediately jumped up, but we cannot say how high. We heard a merchant say he intended to add seventy-five cents per bbl. to the price of his Flour; Grain, of course, will rise in proportion.

☞ The opinion of Judges *Hepburn* and *Lowrie*, in the case of G. W. Layng, Esq. who was elected to the Select Council of the Seventh Ward, will appear to-morrow.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

MONDAY, January 25, 1847.

Present—Judges PATTON, KERR and PORTER.

Commonwealth vs. *George Hackathorn and Peter M. Evans.*—Indictment for being accessories after the fact of the murder of Lancaster Sullivan. The principal Charles Hackathorn having been acquitted, the accessories were also acquitted and discharged.

Commonwealth vs. *Wm. Bennet*—Indictment for keeping a Tippling House. The Defendant was fined $20 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. *James Miller*—Indictment for keeping a Tippling House. Defendant plead guilty, and was fined $20 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. *Barbary Keen.*—Indictment for concealing the death of a bastard child. The Defendant plead not guilty, and was defended by by Messrs Alden and Barton and acquitted on a technical error in the indictment.

A. W. Foster for the Commonwealth.

Commonwealth vs. *Gordon Sloss.*—Indictment Larceny. The Defendant was tried and acquitted.

The cases of the Commonwealth *vs.* John Savage, Thomas Lewis, Henry Whitfield, Daniel Shawhan, Charles H. Barnes, Henry Heagy, Benj. Trimble and Robert Young, were then taken up and severally disposed of by payment of fine and costs.

Independent Police.—The Telegraph noticed the organization of an independent Police in this city; by Messrs. Hague, Fox and Johnson. The two first named gentlemen are well known as most efficient rogue catchers; we are not acquainted with Mr. Johnston.

We know nothing of the plan upon which they propose to act. In the eastern cities such companies are common; whether they exist for good or evil we know not. We are anxious, however, that the plan may be tried here, and know of no persons more competent than the persons named above.

County Commissioners.—A petition is before the the Legislature to increase the pay of our County Commissioners from $1.50 to $2.00 per day. We think it just that the salary should be increased.—The office is one requiring men of judgment and experience, and the salary now given is not as much as a good clerk is fairly entitled to. We hope the Legislature will grant the prayer of the petititioners.—*Tel.*

☞ Until we read the above we were under the impression that the County Commissioners *were paid* for their services. Two dollars per day is a sum meagre enough for the arduous duties of a Commissioner of this county. We wish the Legislature may grant the prayer of the petitioners in this matter.

☞ We ask the attention of *our* Association friends to the Report of the Auditors of the Trumbull Phalanx. It looks more encouraging than we had reason to expect.

Correction.—The Niagara Ball comes off on the 11th instead of the 10th, as the type made us state the other day.

☞ To-morrow we shall publish a very interesting letter from a member of the Duquesne Grays.

"Old Medicine."—Dr. Chamberlin, leaves to-day on the Yorktown, for the army, where his services are required. God be with him!

TO the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Allegheny.

The petition of Benjamin Carpenter, of Versailles township, in the county aforesaid, humbly sheweth, That your petitioner hath provided himself with materials for the accommodation of travellers and others, at his dwelling house in the county aforesaid, and prays that your Honors will be pleased to grant him a license to keep a public house of entertainment. And your petitioner, as in duty bound, will pray. BENJAMIN CARPENTER.

We, the subscribers, citizens of Versailles Township, do certify, that the above petitioner, is of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and conveniences for the accommodation of travelers and others, and that said tavern is necessary.

David Sowah, John Ludwick, John M'Cauley, James Alexandria, Wm. Wallace, John Michael, Bryce Miller, Larkin Stonchonlee, Jacob Miller, Jr. Wm. Dry, James Mitchell. jan26-3tds3tw*

Auction Sales,

BY JOHN D. DAVIS, Auctioneer, south-east corner of Wood and Fifth sts., DRY GOODS, CUTLERY, &c., on Thursday morning, the 28th inst., at 10 o'clock, will be sold without reserve to close consignment, a large assortment of seasonable Dry Goods, fine Cutlery, Umbrellas, &c., among which are Super Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Ky. Jeans, Super Tweeds, Beaver and Pilot Cloths, Red, Green and White Flannels, Calicoes, Furniture Chintz, Suspenders, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, Alpaccas, Bleached and Unbleached Shirtings and Sheetings; a handsome assortment of fine Table and Pocket Cutlery.

At 2 o'clock, P. M., an extensive assortment of Queens-ware, China and Glass-ware; Table Lamps, Paintings, Engravings, Charts, &c., 4 half chests Y. H. Tea, 3 boxes manufactured Tobacco, 6 boxes No 1 Chocolate, 10 dozen bed Cords, 13 dozen Coal and Dovenshire Shovels, 50 dozen Corn Brooms, 6 good quality Feather Beds, 11 Bolsters and 20 Pillows, Blankets, Bed Comforts, Sheets, Towels, &c.; a large assortment of new and second hand household and kitchen Furniture.

At 6½ o'clock, P. M., a good quality seasonable ready made Clothing, fine Shirts, black Satin Stocks, Shirt Collars, fancy Cravats, Gum Shoes and Sandals, Musical Instruments, Watches, Shot Guns, a great variety of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, &c. &c.

jan26 (American copy.)

Valuable Works.

THE works of Charlotte Elizabeth, with an introduction, by Mrs. H. B. Stowe, in 3 vols.
Prescott's Conquest of Mexico;
" Ferdinand and Isabella;
Marshall's Life of Washington;
Sparks " do.;
" " Franklin;
Life of Samuel John on;
Horace Walpole's Letters, 4 vols.;
Arnold's History of Rome;
Hume, Smollett, and Miller's England;
Pictorial History of the United States;
Allison's History of Europe;
Ancient History, selected from Rollin and other authentic sources;
Pictorial Ancient History of the World, by Frost;
Later Roman Commonwealth;
Arnold's Miscellaneous works;
Life and Correspondence of John Foster;
With a general assortment of Theological, Classical and Miscellaneous works—for sale at low prices, at the Book and Paper Store of
ELLIOTT & ENGLISH,
jan25 Market st. bet 3d and 4th sts.

Dissolution.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between Hugh Anderson and the undersigned under the firm of
ANDERSON & PAISLEY,
was dissolved on the 13th inst., by the death of Mr. Anderson.
The business will be continued as heretofore, by the undersigned, at the old stand, Penn street Ninth Ward, near Toll Gate, where the affairs of the late firm will be settled by him.
jan23-1w S. PAISLEY.

For Rent.

TWO comfortable two story dwellings, one $60, the other $100 per annum. Apply to
H. CARROLL,
jan 23 Or BLAKELY & MITCHEL, Agts.

HOUSE *and Lot for Sale,*—A two story frame dwelling house, in good repair, Quarry street, between Elm and O'Hara sts., in Fifth Ward, for the unexpired term of eight years from the 1st of April next. For particulars enquire of
jan23-tf JOHN FULLERTON, 146 *Wood st.*

NO. MOLASSES—50 bbls N. O. Molasses, new crop, for sale by
jan20 J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

New Bacon.

5 Hhds New BACON (sides and shoulders,) rec'd per Steamer "American Star," and for sale by
FRIEND, RHEY & CO.,
jan22 No. 57 Water st.

50 KEGS Shot, assorted Nos.; for sale by
nov12 JAMES MAY.

DESPATCHES FOR THE POST:

BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH!

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Arrival of the

HIBERNIA AT BOSTON.

ADVANCE IN THE COTTON MARKET.

RISE IN THE PRICE of BREADSTUFFS

PHILADELPHIA, January 25, 1847. 3 o'clock, M.

The magnificent steamer Hibernia arrived at Boston this day, bringing later advices from the Continent.

The most important intelligence appears to be the rise in the price of cotton and breadstuffs, which will be read with interest by every American.

COTTON—Has advanced since the 5th of December, ¼ to 1 pence per lb. Georgia and Mobile has advanced ¼d. per lb., and Alabama and Tennessee ⅜c. ¾. There has been an advance in New Orleans cotton of ⅜c. ¼ per lb.

FLOUR—There has been an advance in the price of Flour of 6 to 7 shillings per bbl.

CORN—The advance in Corn has been from 12 to 14 shillings per quarter.

WHEAT—There has also been an advance in the price of wheat of 3 to 5 shillings per quarter.

CORN MEAL—Has advanced 4 shillings per 240 lbs.

From the above news it will be seen that there will be an increased demand in England for the products of the United States.

NEWS FROM THE GULF.

PHILADELPHIA, January 25, 1847. 3½ o'clock, P. M.

The steamship "Relief," which arrived at Pensacola, brings later news from our gallant squadron in the Gulf of Mexico.

It is reported that Lieut. STEWS had captured a Mexican vessel, the name of which is not given. Our despatches gives no further particulars.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS OF MONDAY, JAN. 25, 1847.

Mr. Benton made a long explanation of President Polk's reasons for asking the appointment of a Lieut. General of the army.

The Treasury Note Bill was next taken up.

Mr. Evans addressed the Senate.

HOUSE.—Mr. Rathburn, of New York, stated that Secretary Walker had refused to answer his Resolution of the 8th Dec., whether secret inspectors of Customs had been appointed.

Mr. Davis moved the appointment of a Committee to enquire whether the Secretary had really refused. Speaker decided motion out of order.—Great excitement ensued.

Mr. Beaty said that Secretary Walker told him that he had deemed it highly improper to answer. The matter was here dropped.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

PROCEEDINGS OF SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1847.

SENATE.—Petitions were presented from citizens, praying change in law incorporating Erie and Waterford Turnpike.

Mr. Gillis presented a petition from Mauch Chunk, relative to Beaver Meadows Canal Company.

Several other unimportant Petitions were presented.

Mr. Crabb reported a Bill compensating Mr. Chaplin, for his services as State Librarian.

Governor's nominations were confirmed, *viz:*—Charles Ritz, to be Associate Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Mifflin county; Jacob Brosh, to be Associate Judge of Common Pleas of Lancaster county; M'Tyler, to be Associate Judge of Susquehanna county.

HOUSE.—Mr. Hilands presented a Petition asking for an increase of the salaries of the Commissioners of Allegheny county to $2 per day.

Mr. Haley presented a memorial asking the Legislature to express an opinion in relation to Whitney's project of a Railroad to Oregon.

Mr. Knox offered a Resolution instructing Committee of Ways and Means to enquire into the expediency of making an appropriation of $5,000 for the relief of the families of the Volunteers.

A suppliment to the Act incorporating the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was lost; ayes, 50; nays, 40.

A CARD.

Mr. B. FORD, of Allegheny City returns his thanks to the ever-faithful firemen of the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, for their efforts in saving his property during the fire on Saturday.

☞ The office of the MORNING POST has attached to it the *most extensive* Job Printing Establishment in the city. We are prepared to fill all orders for printing at the shortest notice, and the work will be done in the best style and on the lowest terms.

New Books.

AT COOK'S 85 Fourth street. The following are received and for sale:
The Dog: by Wm. Youatt; edited, with additions, by E. J. Lewis, M. D.
Rory O'Moore; a National Romance: by Samuel Lover, Esq.
Encyclopedia Americana, supplementary volume: by Henry Vethake; a Popular Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, Literature, History, Politics and Biography, Vol. 14.
London World of Fashion—Godey's reprint—Only One Dollar per ann., delivered here free of postage.
Magazines for December.
Annuals for the Holidays.
Mammoth Brother Jonathan.
Lucretia; or the Children of the Night; a new Novel; by Bulwer—A further supply.
Life of Addison—in one volume—cheap edition.
Blackwood's Ladies' Magazine—Reprint—Only One Dollar per annum, free of postage. dec24

TO RENDER THE HUMAN HAIR SILKY, SOFT, FINE AND CLEAN; to make the scalp healthy, smooth, white and fruitful, so that a good crop may spring therefrom, persons have but to expend thirty seven and a half cents. And, reader, our only object for selling the article at that price, is knowing it to be all we state, that when you once try this you never will use aught else, whether it be merely to embelish, to dress, beautify, and preserve, to force growth, stop falling off, and cure scurfs or dandruffs, the JONES' CORAL HAIR RESTORATIVE will never fail to do all this, as hundreds will tell you with gratitude. It dresses the hair beautifully, and *makes red or grey hair grow dark from the roots.*

Sold at JACKSON'S Patent Medicine Warehouse. 89 Liberty street, head of Wood—price thirty seven and a half cents, fifty cents and one dollar per bottle. At the same place is sold the Italian Chemical Soap, Spanish Lilly White and unrivalled shaving soap
jy25-tf

Bacon.

4 Hhds. new Bacon, assorted Hams; Sides and Shoulders, received per steamer Hibernia, and for sale by FRIEND, RHEY & CO.,
jan12 No. 57 Water st.

LARD—39 Barrels prime leaf Lard, received and for sale by FRIEND, RHEY & CO.,
jan12 No. 57 Water st.

LEAD—1200 Pigs Lead; for sale by
jan12 JAMES MAY.

The Most Astounding Discovery.

A BLESSING! A MIRACLE!! A WONDER!!!
To cure Eruptions and Disfigurements of the Skin, Pimples, Freckles, Sunburn, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Sore Heads, &c. &c. &c.

FOUR years ago last August, the capital of France was astonished in consequence of a discovery made by an Italian Chemist. Many doubted—it seemed almost an impossibility that any thing made by the hands of man, could have such singular powers as that claimed by ANTONIO VESPRINI for his invention. Many classed him and his invention as a humbug, (and, alas! many foolish persons without trying, do the same now;) at length, after testing it in the hospitals, the Medical Society of Paris, (the best chemists in the world) delivered the following report to Signor Vesprini:

"We have how minutely and carefully examined the singular invention of Vesprini. We have analyzed its component parts—we have used it in several cases, and we hesitate not to pronounce it (The Italian Chemical Soap) as a great blessing, and a truly wonderful remedy for any cutaneous eruption or disfigurement of the skin. Its inventor we consider the true philanthropist of suffering mankind.

(Signed) LEOPOLD DUPREY, Pres."

Then comes the report of the "Societe de l'Institute," of scientific experiments:

"We are astounded," exclaims the aged president, "at this singular preparation—Vesprini's Italian Chemical Soap! Where, indeed, will science stop! Here we have a preparation made in the form of a beautiful piece of soap, which we know by actual practice, to cure every cutaneous eruption, every disfigurement of, and even discolored skin! Where will its magic and singular power cease? The Negro, the Creole, the Yellow Race of the East, and the Red Man of the Far West, are alike under the influence of its extraordinary powers of clearing yellow or discolored skin, and make it white and beautiful, and of changing the color of dark, or black, or brown skin." (Here several persons were brought forward by the president, who had used it, in proof of his assertions.)

READ THIS!

FROM THE INVENTOR HIMSELF TO THE PRESENT PROPRIETOR.

Paris, Nov 4, 1840.

In consideration of the sum of $3600, I have divulged to Mr. T. JONES, residing in the City of New York, N. A., the whole process of manufacturing, together with a statement of the ingredients composing my Italian Chemical Soap. He is to manufacture it for sale in the United States only, and to have the privilege of naming it *"Jones's Italian Chemical Soap."*

Witness, Henry J. Holdsworth.

(Signed) ANTONIO VESPRINI.

There are probably few persons of intelligence, who, after reading the above, will doubt the qualities of *Jones's Italian Chemical Soap*, in curing Eruptions, Disfigurements, Freckles, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Erisypelas, Sun