THE PITTSBURGH DAILY MORNING POST.

L. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, SEPT. 22, 1846.

Allegheny County Democratic Ticket.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,
WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr.,
OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

Congress,
WILSON M'CANDLESS, *of Peebles.*

Senate,
THOMAS HAMILTON, *of Pittsburgh.*

Sheriff,
RODY PATTERSON, *of Lawrenceville.*

Prothonotary,
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, *of Allegheny.*

Assembly,
SAMUEL W. BLACK, *of Pittsburgh.*
ROBERT H. KERR, *of Allegheny.*
JOHN H. M'ELHENNY, *of Jefferson.*
JOSEPH COOPER, *of Moon.*

Commissioner for 3 years,
ROBERT DONALDSON, *of Wilkins*

Commissioner for 1 year,
WM. BRYANT, *of Pittsburgh.*

Auditor for 3 years,
WILLIAM EWING, *of Robinson.*

Auditor for 1 year,
N. PATTERSON, *of Birmingham.*

Coroner,
LEWIS WEYMAN, *Allegheny.*

Are you Assessed?

If not, attend to it immediately—loose not a moment. Examine the assessment in each ward in the city, and each township in the county, and don't go away until you *see* your name there. The law requires each voter to be assessed at least *ten days* before the next general election. and pay a State or County Tax, otherwise he will be deprived of his vote. Democrats, be sure and see to this matter *before* the 3d day of October.

Democracy ever Triumphant!

We believe it is now reduced to the certainty of a "fixed fact," that the habits, feelings and predilections of the great mass of the American people, are naturally Democratic. On one or two occasions our federal opponents gained power in the National Government, and during that time they done more mischief than they can ever possibly expect forgiveness for. The Democratic party is now, we honestly believe, permanently fixed in power, and will continue hereafter to administer the affairs of government, unless a whirlwind of mad excitement, as in 1840, should, unfortunately, sweep over the country. During the late Presidential campaign our political opponents made a bold and vigorous rally to elect the man of their choice—the "embodiment" of their principles—but they failed most signally. Their Roorback Frauds and Garland Forgeries, although cunningly got up for political effect, availed them nothing. The Fates were set against them—Heaven willed the triumph of Democratic principles. With a candidate they admired and worshipped almost with Eastern idolatry, upon whom their hearts were set as their last hope, they were driven from the field, overwhelmed with defeat the most galling and disheartening. We have now a Democratic President, and a large democratic majority in both branches of the National Legislature.

Such being the position and prospects of the Democratic party, we have every thing to hope in the future. It is now settled that the policy of the country must be regulated by the Democratic party for a long time to come—perhaps forever. To our party, then, must the country look for the enactment of such measures as will effect the people of this great confederacy. The whigs can do nothing—they are powerless—broken up—scattered—dismayed.

These facts should be continually impressed upon every mind—let every honest whig in this Congressional District lay them to heart. In voting for Mr. Hampton, for Congress, they are doing that which can possibly be of no avail to them—they are essentially throwing away their suffrages—With an overwhelming democratic majority in the House of Representatives, Mr. Hampton and his federal colleagues could—

"Speak not a word,
But like dumb statues or breathless stones.
Stare at each other and look deadly pale!"

But on the contrary, if Mr. M'Candless is sent to Congress, he can make himself felt and heard to some purpose. His influence with the administration and amongst his fellow members will be greater than that of any federalist possibly can be. The people of Allegheny County know Mr. M'Candless well—they cannot doubt his talents, capacity or honesty. To his hands they can with perfect confidence, entrust their interests, and feel assured that those interests will never be neglected or barely surrendered.

Indiana, All Hail!

The last Indiana State Sentinel contains the official vote for Governor and Lieut. Governor in that State, at the recent election, which shows a glorious Democratic victory. The result is summed up as follows:

GOVERNOR.

For Whitcomb, (Dem.,)	64,101
" Marshall, (Fed.,)	60,067
Majority for Whitcomb	4,037

LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

For Dunning, (Dem.,)	62,965
" Stevenson, (Fed.,)	59,266
Majority for Dunning	3,699

Stevens, (the abolition candidate, we believe,) received 2,278 votes.

For a Convention	32,521
No Convention	27,185
Majority for a Convention	5,336

Thus it appears, notwithstanding the boisterous shouts of the ever confident feds a few weeks ago, our young Democratic sister of the west remains steadfast in the good cause—immovably attached to Democratic principles. Gallant Indiana!

Ridiculous Nonsense.

The disingenuous attempt of the Federal papers of this state to connect the name of WILLIAM B. FOSTER, Jr., with Free Trade, will only excite laughter every where. Mr. Foster's private opinions on Political Economy, cannot possibly have any thing to do with his duties as Canal Commissioner. Whether he is an ultra Free Trader or a thorough Protectionist, we do not know, and certainly do not care. The business of raising revenue to support the National Government, by reason of a tariff or tax on imported goods, is left peculiarly in the hands of Congress—our Canal Commissioner's opinions are of no more consequence in the settlement of that difficult question, than those of the King of the French. But the object of the Federal papers in charging Mr. Foster with being a Free Trader, is too transparent to escape detection. Their own candidate for Canal Commissioner, Mr. Power, belongs to the Plunder School of politicians, who, under the iniquitous administration of Ritner, brought our glorious old Commonwealth to the very verge of ruin! The people know this well, and hence the desire of our opponents to divert attention from the real issues involved in our state Election.

Right of Way.

A Convention is to be holden on the 25th inst., at Weston, Lewis county, Va., to consider the question of granting the Right of Way to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It is said Lewis county will send one thousand members. The Weston Sentinel says, "the *whole earth* will be literally alive with the anxious and indignant people!" There is a perfect enthusiasm in that quarter, for a terminus on the Ohio River at Parkersburg. The Richmond Republican says, "they are enlisting sympathisers not only from the South-east, but from the Valley." The Virginians are a little behind-hand in this movement. Pittsburgh will soon be the terminus of the Great Work, we think, beyond a peradventure; and Virginia may as well not disquiet herself on the subject. Pittsburgh commands the Mississippi Valley, but its proximity to the Lakes makes it an irresistable point of attraction to the Baltimore Company. Almost simultaneous with the Connellsville Railroad, there must be a Railroad connexion with the great Northern Seas, and Baltimore and Pittsburgh, in united destiny, will control a commerce of almost unbounded value. And the idea is by no means visionary, that by reason of the Railroad connexion between Baltimore and Pittsburgh, and hence to Lake Erie, the former will rise to be the *greatest commercial city on the sea-board*, as the latter will become the most important inland city in the Union.

The Cheering News from Europe!

☞The news received by the steamer Cambria from Europe, published in yesterday's *Post*, is highly important to every American. The passage of the Tariff act in this country, it appears, has improved the Iron trade in Great Britain. We again quote the paragraph in full, and specially direct attention to it:

"The British Iron trade has sensibly improved "in consequence of the passage of the new American tariff, a fact that will be gratifying to the "American Iron trade, as it must tend greatly to "relieve any excess of apprehension that may have "been thoughtlessly and foolishly engendered."

After this, we trust the efforts of wicked politicians to create a panic in this country, will cease forever—they should hang their heads, or call on the rocks and hills to cover them!

The failure of the potato crop in Great Britain will unquestionably help the grain market in the United States. The repeal of the corn laws, it was thought, instead of attracting, would drive away American grain from the British Market, on account of the cheapness of the wheat of the Baltic. But, strange as it may appear, yet it is nevertheless true, that we are now actually sending *American wheat* to the Baltic itself, and the ports of Germany which open upon the Baltic! We are also shipping our flour to the ports of Liverpool and London, notwithstanding the low price of wheat in those markets at present. These facts will cause every American farmer to feel encouraged.

☞ CAUTION.—We understand that a person by the name of F. A. Shepard is travelling through the country acting as agent for several Newspapers. He is not authorized to do any act for this establishment whatsoever, and we hereby caution our friends to have nothing to do with him.

"A TREATISE ON CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF MINERALS, *by Otto Kunz, Professor of Chemistry*"—Such is the title of a neat pamphlet of 60 pages which has been laid on our table by the author.—It treats upon a subject with which we are but little acquainted, but from the hasty examination we have given it, we have no doubt the work will prove interesting to those who are fond of the study of mineralogy.

ACCIDENT.—A young lady, the daughter of Robert Christy, Esq., was severely injured by being thrown from a buggy, the horse attached to which took fright and ran off one day last week.

ACCIDENT.—As a young lady, whose name we have been unable to learn, was walking on the verge of the hill above the new basin, on Sunday evening, the earth gave way, precipitating her some feet down the hill. By the fall one of her legs was broken in two places, and her person otherwise seriously injured.

THEATRE.—Full houses greet Murdoch nightly. This evening, the "Gamester," with a powerful cast, MURDOCH and OXLEY both appearing. When does the Manager intend to give us "WITCHCRAFT" It would draw a tremendous house

DEPARTURE.—The Duquesne Greys left yesterday morning for the encampment at Greensburg

MORE LYNCH LAW.—A shocking case of this kind occurred recently near Evansville, Ia. A merchant finding five hundred dollars less in his safe than he left there, suspected the money was stolen by a man who deposited that amount with him some months before. He then proposed to his clerk to take him to an island in the Ohio, and give him as many lashes as he required to produce a confession. The old man was tied by the neck to a tree, and then received, as some say, five hundred (probably three or four hundred) lashes. His cries were hushed by drawing the rope tightly round his neck, his toes touching the ground. He bore it nobly, and told them to kill him, but that he would never acknowledge himself a thief. He was proved innocent by an alibi, and the money paid to him the second day after. Great excitement prevails. The guilty parties are highly respectable, and can well afford to pay the *cost* which their act of Lynching will cost them.

MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—*Reproduction of the Potato.*—The Rev. N. S. Smith, of the city of New York, has discovered a method of raising excellent potatoes from the seeds of the ball of the plant. About four years ago he planted the seeds of an ordinary plant, and obtained potatoes about the size of a pea. These he planted the next year, with the seeds from their plants, and both yielded potatoes of an increased size. Again, the third year, he planted the second year's potatoes and their seeds, and had the pleasure of gathering potatoes large enough for the table, of the finest flavor and texture, and entirely free from the rot, although planted alongside of those having the disease. He finds that the potato raised from the seeds, instead of the roots, is as hard and good in the spring as when dug from the drill. This fact is worth millions of dollars to the world, as it may be the means of saving a valuable esculent.

FROM BRAZIL.—By the Brewster, at Boston from Rio Janeiro, July 30, the Advertiser of that city learns, that on the 20th, the Empress gave birth to a princess, on which occasion there were great public rejoicings, and business was suspended for the space of five days, the custom-house and other public offices being closed.

A FACT NOT GENERALLY KNOWN—*Washington's Death.*—It is a fact not perhaps generally know, says an Eastern paper, that Washington drew his *last* breath in the *last* flour in the *last* day of the *last* week in the *last* month of the year, and in the *last* year of century. He died Saturday night, 12 o'clock, Dec. 31, 1799.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

A MOST DETERMINED SUICIDE.—The most singular suicide on record was committed at St. John, N. B., on Wednesday week, by a man named John Moore, who had been for some time past been afflicted with a pain in the bowels. He cut up his bowels and pulled them out, and dragged away by force a portion of his intestines, and separated other portions, nine or ten in number, of eight or nine inches in length. Finding death did not ensue as speedily as he desired, he attempted to cut his throat, which in his weakened state he was unable to accomplish.

BELL'S Life in London, of the 16th of August announces the result of a trotting match for 100 sovereigns between two ponies, one owned by Mr. E. Dyeer, an English gentleman, and the other by Mr. Jackson, the well known American Deer, *and nephew to the late President of the United States!*—Jackson won the match.

FIRE—Niblo's spacious and magnificent Garden, in the city of New York, together with its theatre, concert saloons, and numerous out-buildings, was entirely destroyed by fire on the 18th inst. The loss is immense, but it is believed to have been covered by insurance.

NOT BAD.—One of the Kentucky volunteers, a native, however, of New York, writing to a friend, from Matamoras, says: "I went to a Mexican ball the other night, and must say I never saw more ladies in a *dishabille* dress so near nature before. I have heard of *bear* dances, but a *bare* dance was something new.

Gov. FORD has remitted $30,000 to N. York, to be appropriated to the payment of the July interest on the public debt of Illinois. The Springfield Register says there is, or will be, $30 or 40,000 on hand to meet the January interest. This looks encouraging.

THE BRIDGE over the Little Miami, seven miles this side of Xenia, fell on Saturday last. The *Torch Light* says, that at the time of the accident there were on the bridge, a man with an ox team and another on horseback. The latter was badly though not dangerously hurt.

COMICAL COMPLIMENTS.—It is said that the California ladies, when dancing fandangoes, crack eggs over the heads of the gentlemen—but they are filled with cologne, lavender, rose-water, or some other perfume. Rather doubtful.

THE story going the rounds that Kirkham, the Grammarian, recently died of delirium tremens in an old distillery, is totally untrue. He died in the city of New York of consumption, May 19, 1843.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.—George Latimer, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States for the Port of St. Johns, in the island of Puerto Rico, in the place of Henry G. Hubbard, deceased.

RECOVERY OF STOLEN MONEY.—Notes to the amount of $6000, stolen from the Harrodsburg branch of the Commonwealth's Bank of Kentucky, in 1839, sixteen years ago, was found concealed in an old house in Harrodsburg.

FREEMAN'S CASE.—The Albany Evening Journal states that Mr. Justice Beardsley, after consultation with the Chief Justice, has allowed a writ of error, and directed a stay of execution in the case of Freeman, convicted at Auburn of the murder of the Van Ness family.

IMPROVEMENT.—Heretofore, in the cutting and boring of glass, emery, sulphate of copper, &c., were used with the instruments. Now a solution of the camphor and turpentine is used with the same effect in boring glass.

A CHARITABLE OFFICE SEEKER.—A self-nominated candidate for Sheriff in Onondago county, N. Y., Hiram A. Deming, proposes that if the people will lend him a helping hand for that office, he will give three per cent. of its profits the first year as a donation to the Orphan Asylum, and add one per cent. additional for each year that the people see fit to let him remain in that position.

OBSTRUCTION ON RAILROADS.—The Camden and Amboy Railroad Company offer a reward of five hundred dollars for the apprehension and conviction of the villains who placed upon their road, near Newton, certain obstructions, which endanger ed the lives of passengers and the safety of property

TRUE PHILANTHROPY.—We learn that the American Female Reform Society is at this moment engaged in the arduous enterprise of collecting funds to build a "Home" for destitute and virtuous women in New York, wherein they may stay and work until good places can be obtained for them

DOUBLE HEADED CHILD.—A very wonderful natural curiosity is now being exhibited at the Coliseum Hall, New York. It is a child born alive on the Island of Nantucket, with two heads and necks, a beautiful formed body, two hearts four lungs and one stomach.

A SMALL DIFFERENCE.—The original estimate of the cost of constructing Girard College, with all its out-buildings was $900,000. The actual cost so far has been $1,643,398. It will take to complete it $285,283, which, added to the above will make only $1,928,681 over the original cost.

SPURIOUS COIN.—The officers of Recorder Vaux, of Philadelphia, have succeeded in taking possession of about $1,000 in counterfeit coin, Mexican and American dollars and halves, which they found in a lot near the Permanent Bridge.

A MONSTER.—The Ohio Statesman of Columbus, says that Gen. M. S. Wade, of Cincinnati, has raised from a young tree, a pippin apple one foot and a quarter in circumference, and in weight twenty ounces.

AN IDEA.—Some of the English village, celebrated the passage of the corn law bill, by making great puddings, and then making a great parade before eating them.

THE American Board of Missions has about one hundred mission establishments at prominent points of influence throughout the globe, and its receipts for the past year have exceeded $200,000.

COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED.—Six or eight individuals, supposed to be engaged in counterfeiting, were arrested in Nashville last week.

ROBBERY.—The jewelry store of D. S. Hudson, in Maysville, Ky., was robbed on the night of the 15th inst., of jewelry to the amount of four thousand dollars.

Hon. O. B. FICKLIN, of Illinois, has taken a wife. He was married a few days ago in Georgia, to the eldest daughter of Senator Colquitt.

THE U. S. GAZETTE says that the Thomas Thumb who is here must be the *right* Thumb, for the *left* is in England.

WISCONSIN.—The democrats have elected their entire ticket in Racine county, by majorities ranging from 250 to 450.

MASSACHUSETTS.—The Democratic State Convention, to nominate candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, assembled in Faneuil Hall, Boston, on the 16th inst., Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, of Worcester, was nominated for Governor, and Hon. GEORGE WOOD, of Lynn, for Lieut. Governor.—Resolutions were passed in favor of the Independent Treasury law and the new Tariff Law, and the President was highly complimented for his successful administration of the affairs of government.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTE.—The Board of Regents of the "Smithsonian Institution" have adjourned to meet again in Washington on the 30th of next November. The subject of a plan for an edifice for the Institution was referred to a committee, and another committee was appointed to consider and report a system or plan for carrying out most completely, and most in conformity with the presumed intentions of Mr. Smithson, the great object expressed by the works of his will, "the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." The edifice, it is said, will be on the Public Mall; but the precise locality has not been determined on.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

DANVILLE, *August* 18 1846.

To Gen. SIMON CAMERON:

DEAR SIR:—The recent change in our import or revenue laws, has filled the mind of every honest-hearted, thinking man, in this State, with the apprehension and dread of the results of the practical operation of the new system:

To you, sir, we tender the oblation of grateful hearts, for the patriotic, wise and manly conduct you displayed in your place in the Senate, in making a very able, though unsuccessful resistance to the passage of the British tariff bill of 1846.—While others, whose situations we deplore, have been unable to withstand the influence of the remunerating power, and have sunk themselves, as was emphatically expressed by a democratic Senator from the west, "so low that the arm of resurrection can never reach them," you, sir, "unawed by influence and unbribed by gain," have stood erect, the able champion of the poor laboring man's rights, and of the great interests of the Keystone State. This we offer you as the effusion of warm hearts, glowing with recollections fresh and verdant of all that you have done in the glorious cause of protection to our home industry.

Desirous as we are, by some public demonstration of our sense of your merits, and our own State and country's obligations to you, we, your friends and admirers of the iron region of the county of Columbia, without distinction of party, most cordially invite you to partake of a public dinner in the town of Danville, on the earliest day you may designate. And we most earnestly and respectfully entreat that you will not deny to your numerous friends here, the anticipated pleasure of meeting you face to face, at a festival, in honor of your eminent public services and private worth.

With great respect your fellow citizens,

Wm. Donaldson, J. G. Montgomery, J. P. Grove, J. C. Horton, D. N. Kownover, Simon P. Kase, E. Young, Thos. Woodside, Thos. Shepherd, John C. Grier, David P. Davis, N. M Cay, Jno M Reynolds, A. Jordan, David Blue, John Groves, Joseph Maus, Samuel Cakes, Iram Derr, B. R. Gearhart, J. N. Fisher, Martin M'Allister, William Delong, G. M. Shoop, Michael Risel, John Cooper, John C. Boyd, Lewis Vastine, Geo. Leebrick, John M Qohae, Hugh M'Williams, Jonas Wolf, Henry Crawford, Thos. C. Ellis, M. Fornwald, W. G. Gaskins, Eli Trego, W. G. Scott, Jno. D. Petrikin, Jacob Gearhart, Paul Leidy, Jacob Eyerly, A. W. Frick, Jno. D. Colt, Oscar F. Moore, C. H. Frick, J. W. Sheriff, W. H. Harenplug, Jas J. Stebbins, Jno. S. Wilson.

MIDDLETOWN, *August* 31, 1846.

GENTLEMEN.—Your letter, inviting me to partake of a public dinner at Danville, has been received, and, while I attribute the high honor you design to confer on me, to your kindness and the partiality arising from early associations rather than to any merit I may possess, or any services I may have performed, I am still profoundly grateful for it.

Such a public demonstration as you propose is only due to the statesman of high reputation, earned by long and important services rendered his country. I can lay no claim to such distinction. The recent session of Congress was the first occasion of my connexion with public affairs. I had no desire when I entered upon its duties to remain long in the public service, and I have now no ambition connected with official station further than to perform my duty fearlessly and faithfully to the best of my abilities during the continuance of my term. It was my fortune to be in Congress when this revenue measure, which affects so vitally the interests of my native State, was under discussion and connected as I am in all my sympathies with her laborers and mechanics, I could not do otherwise than oppose with all my zeal and such ability as I have, a bill affecting so detrimentally their comfort and happiness, and through them the prosperity of the Commonwealth. I only regret that my exertions were not more successful.

My rule through life has been not to despond for the past, but to look with hope and confidence to the future, and to "persevere unto the end" in a good cause. If the friends of domestic industry pursue this course, we will compel a change of this obnoxious and ill digested law at the next session. A little reflection will teach the pure but mistaken men among its advocates of their error, and the others will have to yield. Pennsylvania has strong claims upon the sympathies of her sister States and she is too important to the interests of the confederacy to permit any of them to continue this wrong upon her, if she resists it boldly, steadily, and legally.

We may be surprised that South Carolina, who in 1833 would have destroyed the Union but for the firmness of Gen Jackson, should, so soon after his death, fix upon it the very principles upon which she based her nullification, and while we cannot approve her threatened treason, we may with profit, follow the example of her determined perseverance. We have only to be true to ourselves and we cannot fail to succeed in procuring a repeal of this law. A few months will show the want of wisdom in its principles and details, and prove its failure as a revenue measure. The very men who have forced it upon us, all of whom deny its paternity, will probably soon seek an excuse for its change. All thrifless persons are discontented with their own situations, and envious of the prosperity of their more frugal neighbors. Neither men nor States who do not work can be prosperous; and our Southern fellow citizens will find that no reduction of the tariff will make them rich, nor bring us down to their condition. They may retard our onward progress for a time, but no system of laws which they can force upon us, will destroy the ultimate prosperity of Pennsylvania. Until we can accomplish its repeal in a constitutional way, we must make the best of this law; and by greater economy, and more intense labor make up, in some degree for the advantages which it takes from us, and gives to the workman of foreign countries. The Farmers of the West will soon see that they have been deceived by the promised British market for their agricultural products; and that instead of higher prices, they will find them reduced with the prostration of the home market, hitherto furnished them by the manufactories of the North. Having thus learned the truth of the old-fashioned democratic doctrine, that agriculture, manufactures, commerce, and the mechanic arts are mutually dependent on each other, we may expect to see them again acting with their natural allies of the North for the common good.

With many thanks, gentlemen, for the honor you intended me, I pray you to excuse my acceptance of it. I shall some time before the re-assembling of Congress, pay my accustomed annual visit to Columbia county, and it is my intention to spend some time about Danville, among your workmen, and in your mines and manufactories, to glean such facts and information as may be useful in the labors of the next session, and I anticipate while there, the pleasure of taking many of you by the hand, at your own firesides.

With sentiments of respect, &c. &c.

SIMON CAMERON.

To Messrs. Cooper, Boyd, Montgomery, Vastine, Donaldson, Petrikin, M'Reynolds, Grove and others.

Clickner's Sugar-coated Vegetable Pills.—All diseases have their origin in impurity of blood. However excellent the general health, there is no security against fever, where the blood is impure, as indicated by eruptions of the skin, vertigo headache, lassitude, &c. The best purifier of the blood is Clickner's Sugar-coated Pill, which is so skilfully compounded, that it does not cause griping, the great objection to all pills. The envelope of sugar prevents all nausea, so that, save from the powerful, yet easy operation, the patient would hardly be aware that he had taken any medicine at all. So well convinced is Dr. Clickner of the efficacy of his pills in all specified cases, that he is pledged to return the money, when the promised effect is not produced.

Sold by Wm. Jackson, corner of Wood and Liberty streets, who is general Agent for Dr. Clickner's Pills in Pittsburgh and vicinity.

PUBLIC MEETING.

We, the undersigned, citizens of Fayette township, desirous of hearing the two candidates for Congress discuss the principles and measures of both parties, respectfully invite Wilson McCandless and Moses Hampton, Esqrs., to be present at a meeting of both parties in Noblestown, on Friday, the 2d October, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

M. E. Baldwin, D.	W. Sturgeon, D.
A. Major, W.	W. T. McEwen, W.
M. McGregor, D.	T. M. Campbell, W.
R. W. Glenn, D.	B. F. Mevey, W.
T. Matthews, D	B. A. Mevey. W.
Wm. Matthews, D.	J. B. Kelso, W.
J. W. McMurray, W.	J. A. Glenn, W.
J. Donahoo, D.	B. Kelso, W.
Wm. Radcliff, D.	G. Kelso, W.
J. Kelso, W.	R. A. Johnson, W.
G. Head, W.	J. C. Ramsey, W.
J. H. Smith, D.	J. Allison, W.
	R. C. Sturgeon, D.

Both candidates have promised to attend.

THE M'KEESPORT ENCAMPMENT.

M'KEESPORT, Sept. 17th, 1846.

To the Officers and Privates of the several companies in attendance at the Encampment in our Borough on the 9th and 11th inst.

At a meeting of the Committees of Invitation and arrangements and citizens generally, the undersigned were appointed a committee to tender to you their sincere thanks for your attendance, fine display and good military order during your stay with us, and especially to the "Yough Artillery" under Capt. Douglass, is the thanks of our citizens due for their early attendance and their services as an escorting Company. Rest assured, gentlemen, one and all, in retiring from the "tented field" you carry with you the highest respect and consideration of our people, and it shall always be with feelings of pleasure and delight that we recur to your visit.

Permit us in performing the delicate duty assigned us to express our earnest desire for your future welfare as citizens, and should you ever be called to the field of clashing steel, may the Nation's banner wave triumphantly in your hands.

JESSE GILL, WM. SPEALMAN,
W. W. HILL, WM. S. MILLER,
GEO. SOLES, WM. CAVEN.
JAMES STEWART, LEWIS SOLES.

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[COMMUNICATED.]

☞*The New York Express* states its belief that the reduction of tolls on railroads and canals throughout the country, wherever it has been adopted, is productive of increased revenue. In the case of the Erie Canal, this has been uniformly the fact. The reduction, in years past has been gradually, yet the receipts have been steadily increasing. This year the reduction is 13 per cent., and yet the collections show that up to the second week in June, the

Receipts were	$770,845
For the same period last year	736,039
Increase of 1846	34,806

And yet Wm. B. Foster, Jr., whom the Locofocos of this State have put in nomination for Canal Commissioner, for a second term, has blindly and pertinaciously persisted in keeping up the tolls on our State works, against the united and frequently expressed opinions of our ablest merchants and men of most sound judgement. Although every reduction has hitherto been productive of tolls in other States has been promotive of the best effects, yet this man obstinately adheres to his own judgment, refusing even to try the experiment, which if it did not answer, would be productive of no great evil, and which, it is believed, would add greatly to the revenue of the State and the business of our people. Let the people recollect these things at the county election.

The above statement from the New York *Express* appears in the Pittsburgh *Daily Gazette and Advertiser* of the 4th inst., accompanied with the ungenerous, unjust and *false* conclusions, as stated by the editors of that paper, respecting the course pursued by Wm. B. Foster, Jr., the present able and efficient President of our Board of Canal Commissioners. A stranger to the regulations which govern in carrying on the State improvements would be led to conclude that the whole was directed and conducted by William B. Foster, Jr., alone, instead of three of the most intelligent and upright citizens in the commonwealth, selected and elected by the votes of a large majority of the citizens throughout the whole State; and it is well known that it requires the assent of two members of the board to carry any measure. It must be known to those editors that the price of toll on some articles was reduced in 1845 from the prices of 1841, and the result was an increase of tonage transported in 1845, and a decrease in the amount of tolls received the same year of twenty thousand dollars.—They also know that the price of tolls on the canals and railroads have been very considerably reduced from what they were last year. Instance, the price of motive power on the railroads is reduced 99 per cent. on every article of freight. The canal tolls last year on Bacon, Pork, Beef, Tallow, Lard, Butter, Cheese, &c., &c., was 4 mills per mile per 1000 lbs., on the canal, and 6 mills on the railroad. This year the same articles pay only 3 mills on the canal and 5 on the railroad, and on Mineral Coal the toll is reduced 2 mills per 1000 lbs.; and yet the price of freight on these articles last year from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia, was not more than 40 to 45 cents per 100 lbs., and the present price is not less than from 60 to 65 cents. The article of Flour, on which but little change in the price of tolls has been made, except in the price of motive power, was carried last year for 65 to 75 cents per barrel, and the present price is one dollar per barrel. Last year the boatman was charged 5 per cent on the amount of his freight, which was from 10 to 12 dollars on each load, as a commission for procuring it for him. The present season no commissions are charged the carriers.

Now I ask, can the editors of the *Gazette* explain the reason why all these changes in the course of business take place? The fact is they don't want to tell the truth. The senior editor of that paper was urged on to publish so many falsehoods during the Presidential and Governor's canvass in 1844, that it has become a fixed disease on him, and he cannot help making mis-statements whenever he attempts to write of a man in office, or a candidate for office who is not of his own party. And yet, "Deacon White" is said to be a very pious and honest man in his own way.

William B. Foster, Jr., has been nominated by almost the unanimous vote of a numerous convention of the Democracy of Pennsylvania, as their candidate for re-election to the office of Canal Commissioner, in October next. Here lies the whole cause of the false statement in the *Gazette*. Well, now, I should like to hear what miricles the Deacon proposes to work out in the management of our public works, by the election of his Whig candidate of Mercer county, (Mr. Powers) as Canal Commissioner. Is he to influence the decisions of the other two members of the board by his superior talents and experience in such business. Will he bring to their aid more experience, more capacity, and more integrity than Mr. Foster possesses, who has been employed for twenty years on the various public works in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Kentucky? —all of which he left with a high character for capacity and integrity. And is it likely that Mr Powers, who it is said is a stockholder and manager in the company which now owns the Beaver and Erie Canal, would feel a deeper interest than Mr. Foster in the encouragement to bring freight along the State improvements? Would he not instead, be disposed to direct it from the Ohio river at Beaver by way of Erie to New York! In conclusion it may be worthy of notice, that notwithstanding the high price of freight to the east this season, three times the quantity has been shipped from here in the month of June that was sent in. June 1845. TRUTH.

[sep22-1t]

NOTICE.

Those indebted to the late firms of Bigler, Sargeant & Bigler, and Bigler & Sargeant, for subscription and advertising up to the 21st of July last, and for job work, until this date, are requested to call at the office of the Morning Post, without delay, and settle their accounts. One or other of the last named firm will attend there for that purpose, for a limited time. By arrangement with our successor, L. Harper, Esq., all accounts for subscription and advertising in the "Daily Morning Post" and "Weekly Mercury and Manufacturer," since the 21st of July last, (the commencement of the fiscal year of said papers,) have been assigned to him; and he is to fulfil all our contracts with subscribers and advertisers.

BIGLER & SARGEANT.

sept16.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

MANAGER.....C. S. PORTER.

Prices of Admission:

First Tier,	50 cents.	Second Tier,	37½ cents.
Third "	20 "	Pit,	25 "

PRIVATE BOX, 75 CTS.

Last night but one of Mr. MURDOCH.
Mr. OXLEY will also appear.

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 22, 1846.
Will be acted the Tragedy of the
GAMESTER.

To conclude with the Farce of
MY NEIGHBOR'S WIFE.

Doors to open at 7, performance to commence at 7½ precisely. sept22

New Books.

JUST received at Cook's, 85, Fourth st. Lady's Book for September.

Genevira, or the Chevalier of Maison Rogue, an Episode of 1793, by Dumas.

The Mysterious Monk, or the Castle of Altenheim

The Horticulturist and Journal of Rural Art and taste. Edited by A. J. Downing; Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

The Redskins, or Indian and Ingin, by J. F. Cooper, new supply.

Three Guardsmen, or Twenty Years After, being the sequel to the Three Guardsmen, by Dumas.

Life in London; a story of thrilling interest, founded upon the scenes of happiness, misery, virtue and vice, which constitute Life in the British Metropolis.

Spanish, German and French without a master, new supply.

The Widow's Walk, or the Mysteries of Crime, by Eugene Sue.

Received and for sale by J. W. COOK, 85, Fourth street. sep22

Book and Job Printing Office,

N. W. CORNER OF WOOD AND FIFTH STREETS.

THE proprietor of the *Morning Post* and *Mercury and Manufacturer* respectfully informs his friends and the patrons of these papers, that he has a large and well chosen assortment of

JOB TYPE, AND ALL OTHER MATERIALS

Necessary to a Job Printing Office, and that he is prepared to execute

LETTER PRESS PRINTING, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Books,	Bills of Lading,	Circulars,
Pamphlets,	Bill Heads,	Cards,
Handbills,	Blank Checks,	Hat Tips.

All kinds of Blanks, *Stage, Steamboat and Canal Boat Bills with appropriate cuts*, printed on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He respectfully asks the patronage of his friends, and the public in general, in this branch of his business. (sept 22) L. HARPER.

Lath at a Reduced Price.

THE subscribers are agents of the Monongahela Lath Company. They will be supplied constantly with Lath which they will be enabled to sell at a reduced price and of as good quality as has heretofore been offered in this market. They have a call from Lumber Merchants and Plasterers.

ISAIAH DICKEY & Co.
sept22-1w Water and Front st.

VINEGAR—20 Barrels, just received and for sale by (sep22) MILLER & RICKETSON.

MACKEREL—In Barrels, half Barrels, and Kits, just up for Family use, in Store and for sale by sep22 MILLER & RICKETSON.

ALUM—12 Barrels Alum, in store and for sale by (sep22) MILLER & RICKETSON.

COPPERAS—15 Barrels Copperas, in store and for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON. sep22

BROOMS—50 doz. Pomeroys extra;
60 " " Medium;
50 " " Common;
In store and for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS & Co. sep. 22.

VINEGAR—10 bbls. Cider Vinegar;
2 " Wine " for sale by
sep. 22. J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

HAMS—75 Prime Family Hams, for sale by J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st. sep. 22.

GLASS—100 boxes 6-8, 7-9, 8-10, 8-12, 10-22, and 10-14; for sale by
sep. 22. J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

SPICES—3 bags Pepper;
2 " Pimento;
50 " Cassia;
2 bbls. Ground Pepper;
1 " Alspice;
2 " " Ginger;
10 canisters Cassia;
5 " Cloves;
1 keg Nutmegs; for sale by
sep. 22. J. D. WILLIAMS & Co., 110 Wood st.

CANDLES, 6 boxes Sperm Candles.
10 " Star do.
5 " Summer mould do.
5 " Dripped do.
For sale by J. D. WILLIAMS & Co.
sep. 22. No. 110 Wood street.

SUNDRIES, 10 Bbls. Chipped Logwood.
5 " Ground Camwood.
3 " No. 1 Herring.
2 " " Trim'd Shad.
20 " No. 1 and 2 Mackerel.
3 " No. 1 Salmon.
Received and for sale by
J. D. WILLIAMS & Co.
sep. 22. No. 110 Wood street.
(American please copy.)

5000 Vols. Books at Auction.

AT 6½ o'clock P. M., on Tuesday the 22d, Wednesday the 23d, Thursday the 24th and Saturday the 26th inst., will be sold without reserve, a splendid collection of valuable standard Medical, Theological, Historical and Poetical and Miscellaneous Books. Elegant Bibles, Annuals and Illustrated Works. Letter and Cap Writing Paper, Blank Memorandum Books, Steel Pens, which are warranted new and perfect. Private sales during the day at very low prices.

sep22 JOHN D. DAVIS, Auct'r.

Jackson Independant Blues.

YOU are hereby notified to attend a Parade, this day (Tuesday) at 1 o'clock P. M., with blue pants—white pants in reserve; By order of
sep22-d1 A. HAY, Capt.

Choice Building Lots, for Sale or to Lease.

FOUR Building Lots on Grant street nearly opposite the new Court House, each 20 feet front, and extending 85 feet back to a 10 feet alley.

Also, four Building Lots on Fourth st., between Cherry alley and Grant street, each 24 feet 6 inches front, (including the privilege of a 3 feet alley,) and running back 110 feet to an alley of 20 feet in width.

An indisputable title can be given for the above desirable property, which will be sold on the most accommodating terms, or let on perpetual lease at a moderate ground rent. For particulars, apply to
BAKEWELL & PEARS,
Corner of Wood and Second streets;
Or to WILLIAM BAKEWELL,
sep 21-1w. Bakewell's Law Buildings, Grant st.

WANTED TO BORROW—On the best security; for different persons several sums of money in parcels from $50 to $100, $300, $500, $1000, &c., &c. Places wanted in stores, warehouses, &c., for clerks; salesmen; warehouse men; schoolmasters, and boys for trades, in stores; and for various employments. Wanted from the country and country towns around Pittsburgh, about 100 good girls and women for cooking, housekeeping, chambermaids for steamboats; nurses, &c. ☞ Places wanted for a number of colored men and women, boys and girls, and for all kinds of work. All kinds of Agencies attended to promptly for moderate charges.

ISAAC HARRIS,
Agency and Intel