

FARMER'S COLUMN.

Best Time to Exterminate Bushes.

A farmer in western New York, writing to the N. Y. Herald, says: Having been brought up on a farm I used to hear much said by farmers in regard to the best time for cutting bushes, etc., and remember well the various opinions given on the subject. Some recommended to cut one season, some at another; some regarded the "moon," others the "signs," etc. I also remember that the same kind of under-brush, if cut at one season, would start again and grow luxuriantly, but if cut at another would be completely "used up." I have also, within the last few years, had opportunity to notice the same facts; and the conclusion to which I have arrived is, that different shrubs of bushes, trees, etc., may be cut at different seasons of the year. Some are killed by cutting as early as the first of August; and so on till October or even November. The rule is this: "Cut any plant or shrub about the time that it has done growing for the season, and its destruction is almost certain." If cut before this it will generally start again the next year. The exceptions are few. So much for the fact, now for the theory. First, in the spring of the year, all the roots are vigorous, hence if a tree or shrub be cut at this season, or while in full growth, the root will send forth a new set of shoots. The exceptions are—first, evergreens generally, as pine, hemlock, spruce, etc.; second, that have a copious flow of sap in the spring, as the maple, birch, etc. Yet even some of these will start again if cut soon after the buds have opened; that is, after the spring flow of sap has ceased; except in the case of old trees, in which the root appear not sufficiently vigorous or evaporation from the stump too rapid to allow of the formation of new shoots. Second—in autumn, when a shrub or tree has done growing for the season, the active energies of the root ceases, being, perhaps, somewhat exhausted by its summer action. If then, the bush or tree be cut after it has done growing, but while the stem and leaves are fresh and full of sap, the vital force of the root will rarely be sufficient to cause a new growth; but if left till the foliage is dead or dying the energies of the root are restored by the return of the sap and are ready for action again as soon as the season of growth shall return. Hence too early or too late cutting will be equally unsuccessful.—Cut your under-brush then at the time above specified, and it will rarely start again. If it does, the growth will appear stunted or sick, and soon die of its own accord, or a second cutting at the proper time will insure success. The same rule applies to all plants, as Canada thistles, milk weeds, etc., with greater or less certainty, according to the greater or less vital force or tenacity of life peculiar to the root of each kind of vegetable. The "proper time" can easily be determined by observing whether new leaves continue to appear at the ends of the prominent branches. If deferred long beyond this time, or till the leaves begin to turn yellow or fall, cutting will be of little use, as the root will be "strong" for a new start on the opening of a new spring.

Steam Mower, Reaper and Thresher.

The Germantown Telegraph says that some time ago the patenting of a steam mower and reaper and thresher was announced by one Marcus V. Cummings, of Geneseo, Illinois, and gives the following description: "The boiler is thirty inches in diameter by five feet in length, and is of the tubular pattern. There are two steam cylinders each four by eight inches, together with a water tank holding five barrels of water, and coal bunkers containing five bushels of coal. The large driving wheels are five feet in diameter and eight inches in tread, the front steering wheel four feet in diameter, with similar tread. The grass-sickle cuts six feet four inches and the grain-sickle cuts nine feet four inches. The inventor states that he drives his engine from farm to farm without the aid of horses, and that it traverses over plowed land, up hill or down, with the greatest ease. The rate of speed is about four miles per hour, and an acre of ground can be mown in twenty minutes. The grain-threshing machine is placed on a two-wheeled carriage, which is coupled on behind the engine, and is thus hauled by the latter over country roads, from place to place, throughout whole counties. The entire weight of the apparatus is 4200 lbs. Judging from the facts mentioned, this invention appears of considerable importance and worthy the attention of farmers having large tracts of land under cultivation. The patentee states that his means did not admit of his constructing more than one machine, by the aid of which, however, he has earned sufficient to build another. If, as asserted, and doubtless with truth, its advantages, both in itself and as a traction engine, are so extended, it amply deserves a reputation much wider than it has attained."

E. E. Union county, O., says: "Locust stumps are killed to avoid sprouting, by boring a hole in the middle pretty deep and filling it up with common salt. That will kill the roots to the very points. To rot the stumps, fill the same holes with vitriol. To burn them out, fill the hole with coal oil; let it stand until it has saturated it through, then apply the match. A floating cannon ball is one of the sights at Vienna. It weighs fifty pounds, and it floats in a cauldron of quicksilver.

A New Catechism.

Q. What is the church? A. A corporation in which the honorary members are more numerous than the paying members.

Q. What is resignation? A. A willingness to go to heaven when you can't stay any longer in this world.

Q. What is benevolence? A. Giving twenty-five cents to send the gospel to the heathen, and fifty dollars for new clothes.

Q. Why are elders ruling? A. Because they sometimes rule the other members of the session, and rule the pastor, and rule the whole congregation, and rule everything but themselves.

Q. How is the Sabbath kept? A. By reading the newspapers, worldly talk and criticizing the preacher.

Q. How can a boy be ruined? A. By giving him plenty of money, no restraints, and allowing him to stay out late at night without any questionings.

Q. How can you finish off a girl? A. By gossip, dress and novels.

Q. Who tells the most lies? A. 'They say.'

Q. What is a competency? A. A little more than one has.

Q. What is often the most difficult part of a pastor's work? A. Collecting his salary.

Q. Who are a very promising people? A. Those who do not pay their church subscriptions.

Q. What is a pulpit? A. A successful invention to repress eloquence.

Q. What is the right of private judgment? A. The privilege of entertaining the same opinions that we do.

Q. What is the test of truth? A. The opposition of foolish and unreasonable men.

Q. Why are many prayer meetings like some large mercantile firms? A. Because they have many silent partners.

Q. What is the most important part of knowledge? A. The knowledge of one's own ignorance.

Q. When the people suddenly impressed with their poverty? A. When you present them with a call for charity.

Q. What neighborhoods are most noted for gossip? A. Those of which we know the most.

Q. Is there any limit to the capacity of the human family for lying? A. Positively none.

Q. When are people ready to find fault with their pastor? A. When they are in arrears for his salary.

Q. What is one of the lost arts? A. Minding one's own business.

Q. What is an air-castle? A. A man who is in debt devising plans for expending his money when he becomes a millionaire.

Q. Of what ought most people to be ashamed? A. Themselves.

Q. What can't come out of a man's head? A. That which is not in it.

Q. What is an old fogey? A. A man who should have been born in the dark ages.

Q. Who never finish their work? A. Fault finders.

Q. What never puts anything into the contribution box? A. Good wishes.

Q. Who are most confident in their opinions about anything? A. Those who know the least about it.

Q. Who is the great representative of those who oppose enterprises of benevolence? A. Judas.

Q. How does it appear that many treat religion in the same way they do poor relations? A. They keep at a distance, and don't admit it to familiar intercourse.

Q. How does Cowper describe a class of men of whom there are now many in the church? A. They "do nothing with a deal of skill."

Q. How may a man secure the ill will of a large number of people? A. By writing such an article as this.—Southern Presbyterian.

The Persian women at home are kept very much like dogs in Europe. A room or an apartment is allotted to them—they are left alone there and fed scantily at fixed hours. All the wives of an establishment never live together, for they would certainly fight if they did so.—Sometimes, but very rarely, two of them agree well enough to keep company, but it is generally found safer and quieter to lodge them apart. The best Persian houses are little better than the stables at an inn. The worst are more abominable than the kennels of a dog fancier.—They are a very dirty people. They have no domestic conveniences; no windows, no doors that will shut.

The charitable ladies of Chicago have a pleasant way of raising money for benevolent objects. They rent rooms in the heart of the city, and spread a splendid fifty-cent luncheon for business men. The tables are decorated with flowers, and are served by pretty volunteer young ladies. The managers receive free supplies in a bundance, and their landlord refuses to charge rent, so that a week's operations usually fill the treasury to the desired point.

There is no wretchedness like self-proach.

The Last Mine Horror.

One of the most terrible mining disasters that has happened in the vicinity of Pottsville for many years occurred last Monday afternoon a week at a colliery owned by the Reading Railroad Company, in that portion of St. Clair known as Scalpingtown. One man was killed and two horribly wounded.

Frank Lynch, a young man who was among the party in the mines when the accident occurred, makes the following statement: There were fourteen of us in the portion of the mine where the explosion occurred. We were on what is known as the night-shift, having gone into the mine at three o'clock in the afternoon, succeeding a shift that went off just before that. We work eight hours, when we are relieved by another shift. The men at the time were engaged in drilling a hole, a young man named Hugghey Devlin holding the rod, and McDonald doing the striking, while another young man named Joseph McLaughlin helped the striker. When the hole, which was a perfectly perpendicular one, had been bored a distance of about ten inches, the explosion occurred. Devlin was thrown back in a perfectly unconscious state, with his right leg almost blown off at the centre of the thigh, and the left leg nearly blown off just below the knee. McLaughlin was badly injured about the head, and one of his eyes nearly blown out, while McDonald, who is only 25 years of age, was gashed all over, the worst wound being upon the knee of the left leg. The missiles flew like hail, and all engaged about that portion of the mine were injured to some extent.

As soon as those who had not been badly hurt recovered from their shock, one of them rang the bell for the buckets to be lowered, and the wire breaking he was compelled to shout for aid, and not being understood, it was some time before the wounded men were released from the mine. They were immediately placed upon litters improvised of rude boards and conveyed to their homes, with the exception of McLaughlin, who was conveyed to his home at Mt. Laffey in a wagon. The accident occurred about six o'clock, and when the news became noised a little there were at least three hundred persons gathered about the mouth of the shaft, inquiring anxiously about their friends and relatives who worked in the mine.

STRANGE HALLUCINATION.—The Davenport (Iowa) Gazette vouches for the absolute truth of the following: A citizen of North Davenport had a young daughter who was betrothed to a young man of fair promise, a clerk in Dubuque. Arrangements had been made for an immediate union when the bride elect died. The young man returned to Dubuque. Nervous fever set in, and a hallucination seized him that his lost one was present in the room, draped in the same garb which had enveloped her clay. He minutely described her and her position; even when his friends would sit or stand where he declared her to be, he saw her glide away and take another place. This went on for weeks, and the patient was gradually sinking when a friendly nurse was tried.

Coming to Davenport his mother found that the funeral garments were purchased at the store of C. & M., and made by Mrs. B. She procured the material, had it made up in fac simile, and returning, a young lady as near in height and appearance as could be found, was dressed to resemble his deceased love, and during one of his fevered and brief raptures was introduced into the room, taking her seat in a shaded corner.

His awakening was anxiously watched. He woke, and turning his eyes in the direction of the pious friend, stared with fixed eyeballs for a few seconds, then, raising himself almost upright in his bed, flung his arms aloft, and shrieking in an unearthly voice: "My God there are two of them!" fell back and expired.

On Sunday a week, in New Orleans, a young lady at church, during the sermon, suddenly became aware that something of a crawling nature was making an expeditionary journey up her leg.—With a determined effort, by the time the "thing" had got a short distance above her knee, she clutched it through her dress with a vic-like grip. For full three-quarters of an hour the brave girl sat there perfectly composed to the close of the service, when she departed homeward, never relaxing her grip until reaching home, when, giving hurried explanations to her mother, she fainted away. A quick examination revealed the presence of a rat, dead as a door nail.

The West Chester Village Record says: Joseph A. Smedley of Uchion, is living in a stone mansion which is one hundred and forty-two years old, and in that time it has only had three new roofs covering it, the last one being put upon it this spring. Mr. Smedley's grandfather moved into the house in 1732. The roof which covered his head lasted for 66 years when it was replaced by a new one, built of cypress shingles. It lasted for 76 years when Mr. Smedley, the present owner, substituted a new one last spring. In the house are yellow poplar window frames which have been worn away one inch.

An Ohio boy, ten years old, flagged a train just in time to save it from a culvert, and he has been given a free pass for five years and a gold watch.

Affronts are innocent when men are worthless.

MIFFLINTOWN WHOLESALE AND RETAIL HARDWARE STORE,

D. P. PAISTE, CRYSTAL PALACE BUILDING, MIFFLINTOWN, PA., Invites attention to his Large Stock of

HARDWARE, IRON AND NAILS,

Which are now ready for inspection, consisting of the most desirable Goods ever brought to Juniata county.

SKATES, KNIVES, FORKS, POCKET CUTLERY, PLATED WARE,

OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &C.

STOVES AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES,

to make room for other goods.

Wall Paper at Cost.

Agent for Fouse's IXL Horse and Cattle Powders.

D. P. PAISTE.

Dec. 11, 1874-4]

D. W. HARLEY & CO.'S

Is the place where you can buy The best and the Cheapest

MENS' YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, AND FURNISHING GOODS.

WE are prepared to exhibit one of the most choice and select Stocks ever offered in this market, and at ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES!

Also, measures taken for Suits and parts of Suits, which will be made to order, at short notice, very reasonable.

Remember the place, in John Hoffman's New Building, on the Southeast corner of BRIDGE and WATER STREETS, MIFFLINTOWN, PA. [July 2, 1874-5]

WHAT TO WEAR, AND HOW TO WEAR IT.

Just Step into SAMUEL STRAYER'S CLOTHING STORE, Bridge Street, Patterson, Pa., and He will tell You all About It.

Having just returned from Philadelphia and New York, he can supply you with the Latest and Choicest Styles of

Clothing of all Kinds,

Coats, Pants, Vests, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Watches and Jewelry, Notions, Furnishing Goods in endless variety, Carpets, Floor Oil Cloth, Furniture, &c., cheaper than the cheapest, for the same quality of goods. Call in and be convinced.

Measures taken and suits made to order. SAMUEL STRAYER. Patterson, May 14, 1873.

DR. P. C. RUNDIO, PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

PATTERSON, PA., DEALER IN EVERYTHING THAT CONSTITUTES A FIRST-CLASS

DRUG STORE.

The public attention is also invited to his large assortment of

Perfect Spectacles.

All persons who are in need of Spectacles will find it to their advantage to call, as they will find the largest stock in the county to select from. COME AND HAVE YOUR EYE-SIGHT RESTORED. Also, a splendid assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES FOR THE LADIES,

With an immense stock of NOTIONS, something for everybody, young and old, at the

PATTERSON DRUG STORE.

Juniata Valley Bank Oil, Paint & Varnish, WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, COLORED PAINTS IN OIL, BURNT UMBER, RAW UMBER, CHROME GREEN, PARIS GREEN, CHROME YELLOW, DROP BLACK, Prussian Blue, Lamp Black,

Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, WHITENESS BRUSHES, SASH BRUSHES, Whiting and Rosin by the Barrel, Soaps, Japan Dryer, White Varnish, Concentrated Lye, Babbitt's Potash, Putty and Glass.

The above goods, with a large variety of DRUGS and PATENT MEDICINES, always on hand at the

PATTERSON DRUG STORE. [July 2, 1874-5] Dr. P. C. RUNDIO.

THE undersigned, fashionable Boot and Shoemaker, hereby respectfully informs the public that he has located in the borough of Patterson, where he is prepared to accommodate the most fastidious in

LADIES' WEAR, Gents' Fine and Coarse Boots, Brogans, CHILDREN'S WEAR, &C. &C. Also, mending done in the neatest manner and upon the shortest notice. A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed. Shop located on the north side of Main street, two doors east of James North's new brick building. J. W. DEAN. March 8, 1872

Miscellaneous.

U. S. PIANO CO.

\$290.



It costs less than \$300 to make any \$900 Piano sold through agents, all of whom make \$100 per cent. profit. We have no agents, but ship direct to families at factory price.

We make only one style, and have but one price,

TWO HUNDRED AND NINETY DOLLARS, net cash, with no discount to dealers or commission to teachers. Our lumber is thoroughly seasoned. Our cases are

Double Veneered with Rosewood, have front round corners, serpentine bottom and carved legs. We use the full iron plate with overstrung bass—French Grand Action

with top dampers, and our keys are of the best ivory, with ivory fronts. Our Piano has seven octaves—is 6 feet 9 inches long, 3 feet and 4 inches long, and weighs, bored, 955 pounds. Every Piano is fully warranted for five years.

Send for illustrated circular, in which we refer to over 700 Bankers, Merchants, &c. (some of whom you may know,) using our Pianos in forty-four States and Territories.

Please state where you saw this notice.

U. S. PIANO CO., 819 BROADWAY, N. Y. June 25, 1873.

Register's Notice. Notice is hereby given, that the following named persons have filed their Administrators, Executors, and Guardian accounts in the Register's office of Juniata county, and the same will be presented for confirmation and allowance at the Court House, in Millintown, on Wednesday September 3rd, 1874:

1. The account of Amos Miller, Administrator of Ann Hockenbraugh, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

2. The account of Jeremiah Lyons, Administrator of Mathias James, late of Delaware township, dec'd.

3. The account of Philip Harley, Executor of John Sell, late of Fayette township, dec'd.

4. The account of Jacob B. Strub, Administrator of Catharine Strub, late of Susquehanna township, dec'd.

5. The partial account of Joseph Rothrock, Administrator of Susan Sellers, minor child of Wm. Sellers, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

6. The account of David Smith, Executor of Benjamin Landenslager, late of Delaware township, dec'd.

7. The partial account of James H. Junk, Administrator of Wm. Junk, late of Juniata township, dec'd.

8. The second partial account of Dr. J. M. Morrison and Matthew Clark, Executors of Wm. J. Kirk, late of Tuscarora township, dec'd.

9. The final account of John M. Mooney, Administrator of John Mooney, late of Millford township, dec'd.

10. The account of Robert McQueen, Administrator of Margaret Dunn, late of Fayette township, dec'd.

11. The final account of J. Harvey Beale, Administrator of Wm. Ramsey Beale, late of Philadelphia, dec'd.

12. The final account of Ezra D. Parker, Administrator of James K. Morrison, late of Spruce Hill township, dec'd.

13. The partial account of Benj. Weidman, Administrator of Adam Weidman, late of Fayette township, dec'd.

14. The account of Jonas Kauffman, Guardian of Sarah E. Bashear, formerly Sarah E. Kauffman, minor child of Isaac Kauffman late of Walker township, dec'd.

15. The account of Thomas Shellenberger, Guardian of Solomon Sellers minor child of Wm. Sellers, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

16. The account of Thomas Shellenberger, Guardian of Susanna Sellers, minor child of Wm. Sellers, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

17. The account of Thomas Shellenberger, Guardian of Amanda Sellers, minor child of Wm. Sellers, late of Monroe township, dec'd.

18. The account of Robert A. Reynolds, Administrator of James Robinson, late of Fernham township, dec'd.

19. The first and partial account of Amos H. Martin, Executor of Joseph M. Belford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

20. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Executor of Margaret Kinloch, late of Walker township, dec'd.

21. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Guardian of Pamela G. Crawford, minor child of Dr. E. D. Crawford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

22. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Guardian of Charles J. Crawford, minor child of Dr. E. D. Crawford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

23. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Guardian of Erasmus D. Crawford minor child of Dr. E. D. Crawford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

24. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Guardian of Ellen B. Crawford, minor child of Dr. E. D. Crawford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

25. The account of Edmund S. Doty, Guardian of Erasmus D. Crawford minor child of Dr. E. D. Crawford, late of the borough of Millintown, dec'd.

26. The account of Susan Baum, Amilia (trix), and T. B. Coler, Administrator of Augustus Baum, dec'd.

27. The final account of Augustus Baum, Executor of Wm. Baum, as stated by Thos. B. Coler, Administrator of Augustus Baum. ELI DUNN, Register.

REGISTERS OFFICE, Millintown, July 29, 1873.

INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF AND SOUND, REFRESHING SLEEP

Guaranteed by using my Instant Relief for the Asthma.

It acts instantly, relieving the prostrating asthma, and enabling the patient to lie down and sleep. I suffered from this disease two years, but suffer no more, and work and sleep as well as any one. Warranted to relieve in the worst case. Sent by mail on receipt of price, one dollar per box; ask your Druggist for it.

CHAS. B. HURST, ROCHESTER, BEAVER CO., PA. Feb 19-ly

Miscellaneous.

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800 Pages, 250 Engravings. An interesting and amusing treatise on the Medical Humors of the past and present. It exposes Quacks, Impostors, Travelling Doctors, Patent Medicine Vendors, Noted Female Cheats, Fortune Tellers and Mediums, and gives interesting accounts of Noted Physicians and Narratives of their lives. It reveals startling secrets and instructs all how to avoid the ill which death is heir to. We give exclusive territory and liberal commissions. For circulars and terms address the publishers.

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IN ALL COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD. Beg a Comprehensive Account of their Manners and Customs, and of their Physical, Social, Mental, Moral, and Religious Characteristics.

By REV. J. G. WOOD, M. A., F. L. S. 500 Engravings, 1500 Super Royal Octavo Pages, IN TWO VOLUMES, OR TWO VOLUMES IN ONE.

Agents are making over \$100 per week in selling this work. An early application will secure a choice of territory. For terms address the publishers.

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THE GREAT DISCOVERY. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON will efficaciously cure Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhea, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach or Intestines, such as Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood, to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sinking or Fluctuating at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Fluctuation at the Heart, Choking or suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, constant imaginings of evils and great depression of spirits. THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE and contain no Alcohol, Stimulants and all injurious ingredients, and are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operations, will remove impurities from the body, and give health and vigor to the frame.

KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON. This truly valuable Tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life. I must not omit to mention its valuable Tonic. Price \$1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, 239 NORTH NINTH STREET, below Vine, Philadelphia.

ASK FOR KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON AND TAKE NO OTHER. For sale by BANKS & HAMLIN, Druggists, Millintown, Pa.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY. WINTER TIME TABLE.

Through and Direct Route to Washington, Baltimore, Elmira, Erie, Buffalo, Rochester and Niagara Falls.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCT. 25th, 1873, the following Northern Central Railway will run as follows:

NORTHWARD. MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore 8:50 a.m. leaves Harrisburg 1:25 p.m. leaves Williamsport 6:15 p.m. arrives at Elmira 10:30 p.m.

CIN'TI EXP. leaves Baltimore 8:10 a.m. arrives at Harrisburg 12:30 p.m. leaves Williamsport 5:40 p.m. arrives at Elmira 9:40 p.m.

FAST LINE leaves Baltimore 11:15 a.m. leaves Harrisburg 3:40 p.m. arrives at Williamsport 8:35 p.m. arrives at Elmira 10:50 p.m.

SOB'N EX. leaves Baltimore 10:30 a.m. arrives at Harrisburg 2:50 p.m. leaves Williamsport 7:40 a.m. leaves Elmira 10:50 p.m.

NIAGARA EX. leaves Baltimore 7:40 a.m. leaves Harrisburg 10:50 a.m. leaves Williamsport 3:20 p.m. arrives at Elmira 6:20 p.m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Harrisburg 4:25 a.m. leaves Williamsport 8:40 a.m. leaves Elmira 12:50 p.m. arrives at Cananigua 6:50 p.m.

SOUTHWARD. MAIL TRAIN leaves Elmira 6:50 a.m. leaves Harrisburg 9:25 a.m. leaves Williamsport 12:15 p.m. arrives at Baltimore 6:30 p.m.

FAST LINE leaves Harrisburg 6:50 a.m. arrives at Baltimore 10:30 p.m. ERIE EXP. leaves Harrisburg 8:45 a.m. arrives at Cananigua 12:50 p.m.

ERIE MAIL leaves Harrisburg 11:15 a.m. arrives at Harrisburg 11:25 a.m. ERIE MAIL leaves Cananigua 2:45 p.m. leaves Elmira 6:20 p.m.