



MIFFLINTOWN, Pa. Wednesday Morning, September 27, 1871.

B. F. SCHWEIER, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL: DAVID STANTON, OF BLAVER COUNTY.

SURVEYOR GENERAL: ROBERT B. BEATH, OF PENNSYLVANIA COUNTY.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

PRESIDENT JUDGE: HON. BENJ. F. JUNKIN, OF PENN. COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES: DAVID M. JAMISON, OF FAYETTE TOWNSHIP; J. W. BEALE, OF PENNSYLVANIA COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSEMBLY.

NOAH HERTZLER, OF TOWNSHIP.

TRASURER: W. C. LAIRD, OF PATTERSON.

COMMISSIONER: MICHAEL SIEBER, OF WALKER TOWNSHIP.

SURVEYOR: WILLIAM DUNN, OF FAYETTE TOWNSHIP.

AUDITOR: GEORGE B. SHELKER, OF TOWNSHIP.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 40 Park Row, New York. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, N. Y.

THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

The Greatest Political Event of the World.

How the Ninth Anniversary was Observed in Philadelphia.

The grandest event of the Nineteenth Century, and the grandest political event of the world, was the Emancipation Proclamation of Abraham Lincoln, issued on the 22nd day of September, 1862. It doubtless will be said that it is a broad assertion to declare it the grandest political event of the world. If we consider it only so far as numbers are concerned, it would not be entitled to the first place in the catalogue of grand events in the history of the world. If we were to measure it by numbers alone, it would fall under the emancipation edict issued in the same decade by the Czar of Russia, who by a stroke of the pen emancipated thirty millions of slaves or serfs within his domain, while Abraham Lincoln's emancipation proclamation liberated only four millions of slaves. It is not, however, to be measured by numbers. It is the motive that induced the liberation and emancipation that makes it grand. It is the cause for which it was done that makes it the superlative political event of the world. The Czar of Russia issued his edict for the liberation of the serfs, not for the purpose of furthering human liberty and free government—that was not his motive, that was not the cause in which all his energies were enlisted—but he issued it to save the throne and perpetuate his dynasty. The nobles of his Empire were powerful; many of them owned hundreds of thousands of acres of land, and all of the people thereon. Thousands of slaves in some cases belonged to a single noble. A number of this privileged class were engaged in schemes that were not favorably looked upon by the throne. By a close union they could have mustered large armies from among their slaves or serfs to fight against the Czar. The Czar to frustrate the insurrection and break the power of the nobles, determined to free the serfs. An edict of emancipation was issued, and they were freed. The object of their freedom was not the establishment of free government—it was not the general good that was sought—but the perpetuation of the ruling family.

Abraham Lincoln issued his emancipation proclamation for the furtherance of human liberty and free government. His object was to preserve and perpetuate free government, as it is practically illustrated in the Northern States—to break the doctrine of caste that has ever ruled the world, and yet rules more than nine-tenths of it. His motive was pure, and truly noble. He worked not for a class, not for nobles, not for king, not for self and family, but for a government by the people for the people. When thus considered and compared, Abraham Lincoln's emancipation proclamation, as an event, greatly overshadows the liberation of the serfs of Russia and the liberation of any people in bygone days. And how indelibly this event is engraved in the public heart is happily and forcibly illustrated by the vast concourse of one hundred and fifty thousand people who participated in the dedicatory ceremonies attending the unveiling of a monument to the Martyr President, in Fairmount Park, in Philadelphia, on last Friday, the ninth anniversary of the emancipation proclamation.

Revocation of a Nomination.

A despatch from Reading under date of 23d read as follows: The Republican County Nominating Convention, which met here a week ago, was reassembled to-day, for the purpose of revoking the appointment of Thomas D. Fister, of Kutztown, as one of the delegates to the next National Convention, the reason being that Fister had been engaged in the service of the Rebellion, a fact which was overlooked when his appointment was made. Fister was a delegate to the convention at its first session, and a member of the Committee on Resolutions which reported his name. Capt. G. W. Moore of Womelsdorf, was to-day appointed a delegate in his stead. Fister and the other delegates from his township protest against the regularity of the re-calling of the convention and ignore the action taken to-day.

The Democratic county commissioner, John Harris, of the county of Cumberland, was convicted at the last court of receiving a bribe of \$50 from a bridge builder in that county, and received his sentence last Thursday. The court dismissed him from office and ordered him to pay a fine and costs, amounting to some two hundred dollars.—E.

Ten Kuklux, charged with attempting to take the life of Hon. J. M. Justice, of North Carolina, last June, in Rutherford county, were sentenced on the 22d inst., in a Federal Court, at Raleigh, to pay fines ranging from five hundred to five thousand dollars, and from six months to six years' imprisonment in each case.

A despatch from London, on last Friday, says that European papers positively assert that Napoleon had advanced money to bribe a French regiment to arrest the leading members of the present government of France.

Last fall, during the campaign, the Register was wild in its advocacy of the "white man's party." To read it now, one cannot learn that ever such a party existed. What a change within short twelve months.

The yield of castor oil in California is estimated at 30,000 gallons.

A TERRIBLE SITUATION.

Brutal Escape from Death—An Insane Man Attempts to Jump from a Passenger Car Window—Heroic Conduct of His Wife.

Yesterday morning an accident of a very unusual nature, and at the same time particularly horrifying, occurred on the Allegheny Valley railroad, not a great distance from the city. The facts of the case, as narrated to one of our reporters, are briefly these: The victim a young married man named John Laughton, had been in the petroleum business for some months near Oil City. Not long ago he had a severe attack of fever, and on his recovery it became apparent that his mind was affected. At first he was not very violent, but with the progress of time his mental faculties became so far impaired that he had to be constantly watched. Mrs. Laughton corresponded with her father-in-law, a resident of Fairview, West Virginia, and informed him of the condition of her husband.—The father at once visited Oil City, and under medical advice it was determined to remove the unfortunate man to Fairview for treatment.

On Monday evening the father of Mr. Laughton, with his unfortunate son, and accompanied by his daughter-in-law, left Oil City for Pittsburg en route for West Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Laughton, Jr., rode in a section of a sleeping car, while Mr. Laughton, Sr., occupied a seat in one of the forward cars of the train.

The unfortunate man had been very quiet for several hours after starting, and at the request of his wife lay down in the berth and apparently fell asleep.—About an hour after retiring, Mrs. Laughton was alarmed at a sudden movement of her husband and on pulling aside the curtain hanging around the section, saw that her husband had raised the car window, and had almost succeeded in dragging his body through the opening.—When discovered the unfortunate man had the upper portion of his body out of the window, and as he supported his back on the sill attempted to reach up to the roof of the car. Mrs. Laughton at once caught her husband by the legs and screamed for aid. Strange to say, of the persons in the car at the time no one seemed to comprehend the situation and, despite the frantic screams of the woman, it was not until an accident happened that relief came to her aid. While hanging out of the window the unfortunate man would reach up towards the top of the car, and obtaining a grasp of some obstacle, would hold it for a moment until the sudden turnings of a curve or the jolting of the car would cause him to lose his hold, and then he would fall down, his head dashing against the side of the car.

For fully ten minutes was Mrs. Laughton holding her husband before her terrible condition was discovered, and as we have said, this was by accident.—In passing the abutment of a bridge not far from the city the man was caught and dashed to the ground. The train was stopped at once and Mr. Laughton was carried to the car again. He was so violent then that it took the united efforts of three men to hold him down.—He was brought to this city yesterday morning and subsequently conveyed to the residence of a physician, a relative of his, in Allegheny. His injuries, which are quite serious, are confined to his arms and shoulders, which are terribly crushed. His condition last evening was favorable to his recovery, yet how he escaped instant death is a mystery.—Pittsburg Commercial.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL, among the magazines for October which have come to hand, deserves especial mention. A list of articles illustrated and otherwise, compose its table of contents. We would particularly mention the following: William Claiborne Governor of Massachusetts; The Youthfulness of the World, or the signs of its perpetuity; Eye Openers; Foster Blood; Men, as Husbands, which we commend to the personal of such; Witch-Hazel; Gramblers; New Studies in Physiognomy, or the Model of Respectability; Human Food, its preparation; Street-sights in China; Agriculture and American Indifference—we agree with the writer in his strictures on the want of interest shown by young Americans in the tillage of the Soil; Bad Air; Writing by Dashes; Alice and Phoebe Cary; Some Hints on Pruning; The Deserted Village, with new illustrations; Alexander H. Stephens' Head; Girls' Education We cannot understand how any intelligent and discerning man, who has the welfare of his family at heart can dispense with this most valuable periodical. Terms \$3 a year, single Nos 30 cts. On trial three months 50 cents. S. R. WELLS, New York.

The French have a story that Sir Walter Scott once offered his youngest daughter her choice between a dowry of one hundred thousand francs or "Queen Darnward." She asked to see the MS, took it surreptitiously to the publisher, found that he would give her one hundred and twenty thousand francs and dutifully and meekly told her father that she would rather have the MS, than the money. Sir Walter was deeply touched by this mark of filial devotion. The Paris Journal which tells this story, says that a French girl would never have done such a thing as that. She would simply have taken the one hundred thousand francs, and—she would have found some way to have gotten the romance also.

Short.—The wheat crop in France.—So despatches from Europe say.

Just as We Found Them.

There are 459 patients in the insane asylum at Harrisburg.

There are fifty thousand children under fifteen years of age in San Francisco. A grey sunset indicates wet weather, because the earth is covered with moisture.

A Harrisburg paper says the Susquehanna is below the low water mark of 1866.

Boston sells annually over 1,200,000 pounds of curled hair. South America furnishes the most of it.

The cracking of salt when thrown into the fire, is caused by the rapid conversion of the water it contains into steam.

A despatch from Salt Lake City, Utah, says squads of men are drilling at night, said to be Mormon militia. The object is not understood.

A village in Wisconsin lately expended two thousand dollars at a circus, after having refused to appropriate fifteen hundred dollars for an engine.

A girl in Racine, Wis., wanted her lover to swear on the Bible that she was all the world to him, and when he wouldn't, she knocked him down with the sacred volume.

Game is said to be unusually abundant this fall in the vicinity of Petersburg, Va., as we hear is the case almost everywhere. The fields abound with partridges and rabbits, and the woods with squirrels. Deer are also very numerous, and are being hunted every week.

A German woman, who has lived in Shakopee, Minn., many years, but who cannot understand a word of English, recently received a visit from her son, who has lived in an eastern State nine years, and cannot speak or understand a word of German. They are trying hard to converse a little by signs, but it is hard work.

Twenty-four years ago Eli Stilson established himself in the wild-ness of Wisconsin, near what is now Oakkosh. His farm now has 1,100 acres, worth \$100,000. He has a neat little white house, no larger or more showy than one would ordinarily see upon a forty acre farm in New England, but his barn is 660 feet in length.

A shooting affray occurred on the 17th inst., at Shawneetown, Ark., between P. F. Grundy McGaverick and Mr. Hadford, both well-known planters, resulting in the mortal wounding of both McGaverick was shot in the mouth, the ball coming out of the back of the head. Hadford was shot through the lungs.—The affray originated in a dispute concerning some hogs.

The fog horn adopted by the Superintending Steamboat Inspectors is described as a light structure of tin, three feet long when closed, but opening and shutting like a telescope. It is operated by a piston, which forces compressed air through a reed, and produces a sound of great shrillness and volume. It can be heard for six miles, with a favoring wind, and three miles in ordinary weather.

At a recent political meeting in Texas, which was first addressed by General W. T. Clark, Republican nominee for Congress in the Third district, the Rebel Democrats manifest their spirit by pulling down and tearing to pieces, with every evidence of hatred, a large United States flag which had waved over the meeting. The campaign in that State proceeds in the most spirited manner, and Republican prospects continue to improve.

A man named Russel has for several years inhabited an island near the mouth of the Sacramento river, and is known as the "lone man of Twitchel's Island." He is without neighbors, has neither kith nor kin, but is fascinated by the beauty of the spot. By occupation he is a trapper, and has built for himself a substantial and convenient domicile. He varies the vocations of trapping by cultivating bees, and annually ships large quantities of honey to San Francisco.

Once more we hear of that fine old veteran, Rev. Peter Cartwright, Methodist minister for 63 years and a presiding elder for over 50 years. This gentleman celebrated his 87th birthday on the 1st inst., at Pleasant Plains, Sangamon county, Ill. Just think of the patriarch, surrounded upon this touching occasion by 120 children, grandchildren, and great grandchildren—population enough for a small township. There was a pleasant reunion, and the octogenarian was not too old to make an interesting speech.

When the atmosphere is heavily laden with moisture, the oxygen deficient, and the animal heat low from rapid evaporation, we have aching of the bones, stiffness of the muscles, headache, dyspepsia, and a bilious feeling generally, as indications of lowered vitality. While the lower animals, such as the pig squeal, frogs croak loudly, owls screech, peacock scream, guinea fowls quack, ducks quacks, dogs bark, and the animal creation generally, give vent to their bad feelings by a general tumult.

On the 19th inst., whilst Ephraim Cole, Jr., was engaged in threshing out the grain crop of Amos Peterson, near Woodstown, in Salem county, New Jersey, the boiler exploded, killing Mr. Cole instantly, and throwing a part of the boiler through the barn and setting it on fire. Mrs. Peterson was looking on at the time, and was slightly injured about the neck and face. There was no insurance on the barn, although Mr. Peterson has been repeatedly urged to effect one.

Southern Claims.

About 7,800 claims have been audited by the Southern Claims Commission, the aggregate amount of alleged damages sustained being upwards of \$20,000,000 owing to seizures of supplies, etc., for the United States troops, belonging to those claiming to have been Union men during the late war. Evidence has been taken in six hundred cases and decisions arrived at one hundred and fifty of them. The commission have the remainder under consideration. It is expected that they will report at the next session of Congress three hundred cases with their decisions thereon, together with abstracts of the testimony, as required by law, and additional evidence is being taken by a special commission in some of the Southern States.—Press.

Four little Poughkeepsie boys recently took a dangerous railroad ride. An extra locomotive on the Hudson River road had stopped here a few moments, and, supposing it an switch engine employed at the depot, they jumped on the rear of the tender. Three sat on the guard, only six inches wide, and the other got astride the bumper. Soon after the engine started it was running forty miles an hour. The boys were terrible shaken. They could not be seen from the engine; the dust and smoke concealed them from the flagmen they passed, and their cries were drowned by the noise. A man at Poughkeepsie suspected trouble, and the engine was stopped by telegraph at New Hamburg. The boy who was astride of the link was unable to walk when taken off, his legs being awfully chafed. The hands of the other boys were blistered terribly, and the blood oozed out from under their finger nails, so tightly had they grasped the woodworks of the tender. They were nearly exhausted, and a short distance more would have killed them.

On Sunday afternoon Wm. O'Reilly climbed up the ladder placed against the steeple of the Central Baptist Church, Syracuse, N. Y., till he reached the uppermost scaffold. In coming down by means of a rope inside of the steeple, used in hoisting materials, he became confused, and either let go his hold or the rope slipped through his hands, and he fell. After falling a short distance he struck on a board placed across the steeple, which broke, and he fell to the ground, striking on a coil of rope. The distance which O'Reilly fell is between fifty and sixty feet. He was insensible when taken up, and was thought to be dead. He revived, however, and it was found that no bones were broken. He is believed to have sustained severe if not fatal internal injuries. His trade obliges him to work on high places, and he climbed the steeple in the hope of overcoming his timidity.

Last Sunday the 24th it was rumored at St. Paul and Duluth, Minnesota, that a surveying party of the North Pacific railroad had met with a large body of hostile Indians, who had compelled them to turn back. A Mr. Baldwin, who recently left Fort Wadsworth says there were rumors that "Sitting Bull," with two thousand warriors, intended to dispute the right of the party to make the surveys.

New Advertisements.

PROPOSALS. Sealed proposals will be received at the Commissioners' Office in Mifflintown up to Oct. 24, 12 o'clock, for the erection of a Bridge across the Conococheague Creek, near Brown's Mills, in Fayette co., Pa. Stone work to be built by the perch. Iron structure and wood structure to be separate bids. The Commissioners to have the privilege of saying whether they prefer the wood or iron bridge. Plan and specifications of said Bridge can be seen at the Commissioners' Office from the first day of October up to 12 o'clock October 24th, 1871. By order of Commissioners. JOSEPH MIDDAGH, Clerk. Sept. 27 '71.

Administrator's Notice. Estate of Frederick Wack, deceased. WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of Frederick Wack, late of Walker township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present the same properly authenticated for settlement. WELINGTON SMITH, Adm'r. Sept. 13, 1871-6t.

WANTED—BY THE NORTH-WESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY—organized in 1838—with assets of over Ten Millions (\$10,000,000). District Agents for the following counties: Bucks, Montgomery, Chester, Delaware, Lancaster, Schuylkill, Berks, Lehigh, Northampton, Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Monroe, Adams, Juniata, Bedford, and any other unexpired territory that we hold. This is a rare chance for some first-class men. Call on or address WELINGTON SMITH & STOW, State Agents East Penn'a., 430 Walnut St., Philadelphia. Call in person if possible. Aug. 9, 1871-4w.

Dr. R. A. Simpson. Treats all forms of disease, and may be consulted as follows:—At his office in Liverpool Pa., every SATURDAY and MONDAY—appointments can be made for other days. At John T. Lipp's residence, Mifflintown, Juniata Co., Pa., Sep. 28th, 1871, till evening. Be punctual. W. B. BURNETT, Adm'r. Call on or address DR. R. A. SIMPSON, Liverpool, Perry Co., Pa. dec 7

A. G. POSTLETHWAITE & CO., General Commission Merchants FOR THE SALE OF ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE. No. 264 South Front Street, PHILADELPHIA. MAR 11-1f

MARTIN & WALTERS always keep up their stock of GROCERIES and will not be excused either in the quality or price of their goods in this line. Give them a call before going elsewhere. JOHN HORNING. June 14, 1871.

New Advertisements.

For Circulation of the Iron City College, the most popular and successful institution in the United States, for the thorough practical education of young and middle aged men, address J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal, Pittsburgh, Pa. Aug. 1, 1871-3m

THE NEW DISINFECTANT! Bromo Chloralum, NON-POISONOUS, ODORLESS, POWERFUL DEODORIZER AND DISINFECTANT. ENTIRELY HARMLESS AND SAFE. ARRESTS & PREVENTS CONTAGION. Used in private dwellings, hotels, restaurants, public schools, hospitals, insane asylums, dispensaries, jails, prisons, poor-houses, on ships, steam-boats, and in tenements, houses, markets, for water-closets, urinals, sinks, sewers, cesspools, stables, &c. A specific in all contagious and pestilential diseases, as cholera, typhoid fever, ship fever, small-pox, scarlet fever, measles, diseases of animals, &c. Prepared only by TILDEN & CO., 175 William St., N. Y. Sold by all druggists.

1,003 GIFTS. Grand Gift Concert and Distribution for the Benefit of the Foundling Asylum of New York, and Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphan's Home, Washington, D. C. To be held in Washington, as soon as all tickets are sold, of which Ten Days' Notice will be given, and not later than Nov. 23d, 1871. Entire number of tickets, 52,000—\$5 each. 1,003 Gifts, amounting to \$500,000, to be awarded. Send for Circular, giving list of Gifts and References. Tickets can be had of EILEY & SARGENT, Cor. Thirty-first & Market Streets, Philadelphia. Or, P. C. DEVILIN, Gen'l Ag't, 21 Nassau Street, New York. Hon. H. McCULLOUGH, Elkhart, Ind., Com'r. Maj. Geo. T. CASTLE, Baltimore, Md., Com'r. Hon. J. S. NEBLEY, Pittsburg, Pa., Trustee.

H. HENDERSON'S FAMILY LIQUOR CASES. Each Case contains One Bottle of OLD PALE BRANDY, 1 BOTTLE GIN, OLD BLEND WHISKEY, OLD PALE SHERRY, FINE OLD PORT, OLD BURBON. Guaranteed Pure and of the very best quality. PRICE SEVEN DOLLARS. Sent by Express C. O. D., or Post-office order. H. HENDERSON, 15 Broad St., New York.

AGENTS WANTED for the TRANSMISSION OF LIFE. COURSES IN THE NATURE AND HYGIENE OF THE MASCULINE FUNCTION. By DR. NARRIS, author of "The Physical Life of Woman." It relates to the male sex: is full of new facts; delicate but outspoken; practical and popular; highly endorsed; sells rapidly. Sold by subscription only. Exclusive territory—Terms liberal. Price \$2. Address for agents, &c., J. G. FERGUS & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CONGRESS ARCTIC. The BEST winter OVERSHOE! NO BUCKLES to break! NO TROUBLE to put on! NO GETTING cold feet! ASK YOUR SHOE DEALER FOR IT!

FREE FOR ONE MONTH TO ALL WHO ASK FOR IT! \$2.50 to Jan. 7, \$1.50 to July 7, \$2.50 to Jan. 7. THE METHODIST. Every week a Lecture, Read by Beecher; Sermon or article by Talmage (second only to Beecher in popularity); Mrs. Willing's great serial story exposing secret workings of Romanism in America, and much other good reading. G. H. BAKER, 114 Nassau St., New York.

BAND LEADERS. For something interesting, send your address to GEORGE W. GATES, Franklin, N. Y.

\$30. WE WILL PAY \$30. Agents \$50 per week to sell our great and valuable discoveries. If you want permanent and pleasant work as Lecturer, or as Band Leader, Address DYER & CO., JACKSON, Michigan.

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NORTH-EAST MISSOURI Farms and Improved Lands for sale by McNerr & Moss, Paris, Mo.

THE CURTAIN RAISED. How it is done, and who does it. The Allen Club, 123 cents, gorgeously illustrated with cuts, positions, &c. Sent by mail, unsealed, for fifty cents. Grand Circular, free. Address PELLANDY EARL, 638 BROADWAY, New York.

Agents! Read This! WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF \$30 PER WEEK and Expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & CO., Marshall, Mich.

A CARD. A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a Missionary, discovered a new and simple remedy for the Cure of various Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of Disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, he will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, free of charge. Address Jos. T. LINNAY, Station D, Bible House, N. Y. City.

Administrator's Notice. Estate of Mary Dietrich, deceased. WHEREAS Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Dietrich, late of Fayette township, dec'd., have been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement. SAMUEL LEONARD, Adm'r. July 19, 1871-6t.

CAUTION. ALL persons are hereby cautioned against passing on the lands of the undersigned, in Black Log township. Persons so offending will be dealt with to the full extent of the law. Robert McIntire, J. E. McIntire, Samuel Lauer, William Lauer, David Lauer, Charles Glick, Michael Hommon, William Brier, Adam Smith, Samuel Hoffman, George Smith, Sebastian Ripman, Frank E. Cornelius, George Smith, Jr., Thomas Ramler, Isaac Baughman, and Thomas J. Darling, George W. Gorzon. June 21, 1871.

Sales of Real Estate.

Orphans' Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, appointed Trustee of the estate of George McConnell, late of Lack township, dec'd., will expose to sale by public outcry, on the premises, at 1 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1871. The following real estate, to wit: A tract of land situate in Lack township, Juniata county, containing THREE HUNDRED AND TEN ACRES, more or less, bounded by lands of G. W. Stewart, heirs of Elizabeth Collins, Joseph Robinson, John H. Gray, Henry Long, and others. About two thirds of the land is cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance heavily set with choice oak and chestnut timber. The improvements are a TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, BANK BARN, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Wood House, Carriage House, Well of water, with pump, at the door, also a large Orchard of choice grafted apples, &c. TERMS.—So much of the purchase money as will be necessary to pay the expenses of these proceedings to be paid on confirmation of sale by the Court; one-half of the remainder on the first day of April, 1872, and the balance on the first day of April, 1873, with interest from date of confirmation—the purchaser to enter into recognizance with security for the payment of the purchase money. The Deed to be delivered on possession given April 1, 1872, and the purchaser to pay the taxes for the year 1872. J. M. MORRISON, Trustee of George McConnell, dec'd. Sept. 20, 1871-4t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE! THE subscriber will expose to sale by public outcry, on the premises, on FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1871, at ten o'clock A. M., the following described real estate, to wit: A TRACT OF LAND, situated in Beale township, Juniata county, Pa., containing 190 ACRES, adjoining lands of William Gleson on the north, Neal McCoy and David Yoder on the east, on the south by lands of Beale, and on the west and southwest by lands of John Kelley and James W. Allen, being the well known Allen property, and the greater portion tillable, and to be subject to the interest of Hannah Kelley, late of Beale township, dec'd., as contained in the will of said Samuel Allen, Sr. Sold by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Juniata county to John Waldsmith, Committee of Samuel B. Allen, habitual drunkard. TERMS.—One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-half of the balance on April 1, 1872, and the other half of balance on April 1, 1873, with interest on the whole from the day of sale, to be secured by judgment bond, and mortgage on the premises. JOHN WALDSMITH, Committee. Sept. 20, 1871-4t.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold, on the premises, on SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1871, the real estate of Joseph Tyson, dec'd., situate in Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., consisting of lands of Joseph Beahour, Dr. Philip Hamlin, Moses Kyle, Joseph S. Hartman and others, containing 20 ACRES AND 94 PERCHES of cleared land; having thereon erected a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen and Summer-House; a good BANK BARN, Hog Pen and other outbuildings; with a Well of good water at the door, and a variety of Fruit on the premises. The above property is situated in a good neighborhood, on the turnpike, about midway between Mifflintown and Mexico, one and a half miles from either place, and about the same distance from Perryville; convenient to schools, churches, stores, &c., and is a very desirable piece of property. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, when attention will be given and terms made known by THE HEIRS. Sept. 6, 1871-4t.

A Valuable Farm IN WALKER TOWNSHIP AT PRIVATE SALE. THE undersigned offers at private sale, a valuable farm, situated in Walker township, about one fourth mile northeast of Perryville, on the east side of the Juniata river, adjoining lands of William Dietrich and Mrs. Shuman, containing ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ACRES, Nine Acres of which are well set with young timber. The remainder is cleared and in a good state of cultivation—every acre being tillable; having thereon, erected a large new Brick Dwelling House, also a good STONE HOUSE, suitable for renting or can be used as a summer house, a good Spring House near the Dwelling House, Bake-oven and good Well of ever-flowing water—all under one roof. This farm was formerly owned by Samuel Bashore, dec'd., and can be bought from his widow, Mrs. Anna Myers, residing in Mifflintown, Pa. Full particulars will be given and terms made known by the undersigned, residing on the premises. M. L. BASHORE. July 12, 1871-2m

VALUABLE FARM IN FERMANAGH TOWNSHIP AT PRIVATE SALE! THE undersigned offers at private sale a valuable farm, situated in Fermanagh township, Juniata county, about 2 1/2 miles northeast of Mifflin, (by the road) adjoining lands of C. B. Horning, Jacob Thomas, Sr., and William Allison containing 130 ACRES, About Thirty Acres of which is good Timberland—a portion of the timber on it being straight oak, suitable for heavy frame work. The remaining one hundred acres are clear, and in a good state of cultivation, and well fenced, having thereon erected a new FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, thirty feet square, with fountain pump at the door, a Good Frame Bank Barn, 40 by 72 feet, Trough with fountain pump for watering stock near the barn. Two Corn Crib, Stone Spring and Wash House, and all other outbuildings usually found on a well-improved farm. There are two Springs of excellent water near the house. There is also on the premises an Orchard with a FINE COLLECTION OF FRUIT. This property is in close proximity to schools and mills, and is a desirable place for a farmer. Particulars, as to price and terms, can be learned by calling on or addressing the undersigned, residing in Mifflintown, or Philip Sively, on the farm. JOHN HORNING. June 14, 1871.