Juniata Sentinel.

A union of lakes, and a union of lands,
A union no power shall sever;
A union of hearts, and a union of hands,
And the American Union forever!

MIFFLINTOWN:
Wednesday Morning, May 29, 1867.

H. H. WILSON, Editor and Publisher

☞ *THE JUNIATA SENTINEL* ☜ Is the *Largest Circulation* of any paper published in this County. It is therefore the *best advertising medium.* It is a Paper, truly loyal, ably conducted, a first class Localist, and well worthy of the patronage of every loyal citizen in the County.

COMMITTEE MEETING.

At a meeting of the Republican, County Committee, held at the SENTINEL office on the 25th inst., B. F. Schwier, Col. J. N. Moore and P. S. Liggett, were elected Senatorial, and J. J. Patterson, Dr. S. O Kempfer and Capt. C. McClellan, Representative Conferees to represent Juniata county in the District Conference, to be held at Lewistown, for the purpose of electing delegates to the Republican State Convention.

TREASON A FARCE.

If one man instigates a small riot in which, only a half dozen persons get killed, says the Richmond *New Nation*, he is arrested, tried, convicted and hanged. If another instigates a mob on a larger scale, in which hundreds and thousands of lives are lost, and the country filled with widows and orphans, and a whole nation is made to mourn, he is arrested, bailed and set at liberty, and cannonized as one of the greatest heroes of the world. John Brown violated the organic law of Virginia, when he excited a small insurrection at Harper's Ferry, in the interests of human liberty. He was overpowered, arrested, tried, convicted and hung by the neck until he was *dead, dead, dead!*—The law was enforced, the penalty inflicted, and there the matter appeared to end.

In 1861 an insurrection on a gigantic scale was commenced—an insurrection in the interest of human slavery—an insurrection in the interest of human despotism—an insurrection to overthrow the government of the greatest Nation on earth—an insurrection to sweep every vestage of freedom from the land, except to the privileged class. Millions on millions of dollars were spent—half a million of souls were swept into eternity from the battle fields—lamentations and mourning were heard all over the land—fathers and mothers, weeping for their sons, and refused to be comforted, because they were not—widows wrung their hands and wept in bitterness—the nation was astonished—the world stood aghast at the then supposed enormity of the rebellion—men were hunted down like wild beasts of the forest, and hustled into prisons to starve and die, because they refused to aid in the overthrow of the government of their country. Others had to fly from their homes and families, and exile themselves for years to save their own lives. Then men were so stupid as to believe that there could be such a *thing* as treason committed in the land, still more stupid were they to suppose that treason was a crime, but most stupid of all were they in supposing that treason should be made odious and traitors punished. Four long years of civil war has taught the learned statesmen and people of this great Nation, and the nations of the world, that there is no such crime known in the United States as treason. That is all bosh! All that ambitious aspirants have to do, to immortalize themselves is to make large preparations, and go in for making a big job of it—involve all they can by intrigue, bribery, and force, and no matter whether they succeed or fail in overthrowing the State government, or the government of the United States, if they can only plunge the State or Country into a general fight, all will be well at the last. Treason against the Government is all a farce.—Treason and traitors are nothing but ideas flitting through the brains of mad-caps and wild fanatics. Its all a humbug, sheer nonsense.

THE BANKRUPT LAW will go into operation on the first day of June. Under it, imprisonment for debt ceases throughout all the States and Territories. By it all stay laws, preferences, voluntary agreements, and secret attachments are set aside. Five hundred dollars worth of household furniture, the wearing apparel of each family, and such other property as is by law exempted in the different States can be held by debtors.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Colonel A. K. McClure, writing to the New York *Tribune*, from Omaha, Nebraska, under date of the 7th instant, says:

"I found the *Tribune* of the 1st inst., to-day, and was not a little annoyed at the startling dispatches from St. Louis about the so called Indian war. I see that the *Herald* has had dispatches from Leavenworth, stating that General Augur was about to move west from Fort Phil. Kearney with 6,000 troops, and that 11,000 hostile Indians were encamped on the line of his march between Forts Phil. Kearney and C. F. Smith. I had just returned from a protracted interview with General Augur when I saw a dispatch in the *Tribune* correcting the *Herald's* sensation dispatch. The truth is that there are not 5,000 troops in all, and there are not half of 11,000 Indian warriors who are hostile or doubtful in the whole of General Augur's department; and so far from being about to march from Fort Phil. Kearney west, he will not get his troops to Fort Laramie before the first of June; will not start from there on his expedition before the 10th or 15th of the same month, and cannot reach Fort Phil Kearney before the middle of July.—When he does start from Fort Laramie, his force will consist, as I am officially informed, of the 2d Cavalry, the 30th infantry, a battallion of the 18th Infantry, a battallion of Pawnee Scouts numbering about 200—giving him an effective force of about 2,000 men, nearly one-half of them mounted. It seems to be a small force to move against the Indians, according to the general conceptions of Eastern people about the Indian war. The impression prevails generally that the campaigns of General Hancock south of the Platte, of General Augur north of the Platte to the Yellow-stone, and of Gen. Terry up the Missouri, are intended as a war of extermination against the Indians. Such is not the expectation of the commanders. If this were their purpose, the general criticism of the Eastern press on the folly of hunting Indians with infantry and artillery would be just. An army of 100,000 men could not extermanate the Indians in ten years, and I find military men have more rational ideas than to attempt it, and humanity than to consider it necessary. If the Indians were now engaged in a general war, as is persistently represented by speculators and other interested parties, they could drive all the troops east of the Missouri in sixty days, or scalp two-thirds of them if they preferred. Not a coach or train could pass across the mountains, and yet the overland coach runs daily, and trains pass over all but Powder River route with comparative safety. Occasionally a weak train is captured on the Smoky Hill route—through Kansas, and much of Fort Laramie travel is not allowed, while the massacre of Fort Phil. Kearney indicates a savage, implacable hostility in the Powder River region; but as yet the Indians have made no hostile demonstrations, looking like a general war, such as is anticipated in the East. That such a war may come, is barely possible; but if it does come, it will be more the fault of the Government Agents than of the Indians.

"But for the white tents which dot the bluffs near this place, the crowd of officers who throng the streets, and the hurried moving of military stores, with an occasional hearty curse you hear hurled at the Indian, no one here would suppose that there were any troubles on the plains The trains and coaches are regular. Passengers come through the gory West, and laugh when interrogoted as to the danger of Indians. They had not heard or thought of them, is the usual reply.—Crowds go westward daily, and all things were to be considered but the danger of assault or capture by the Indians. All are well armed, and the men going westward, especially those who have been there, all consider themselves able to whip any number of Indians single-handed if they should cross their path. Families embracing mothers and daughters, start out by every train, and the far Western ladies make the trip unattended without any fear as to their safety. Gen. Potter will leave his headquarters at Fort Sedgwick (Julesberg,) with ten companies of troops, to protect the stage route and the construction of the railroads, and no apprehensions are felt about the interruption of travel on the Plains. True, a roving band of Indians may attack a small party at any time, but it is evident that no considerable body of hostile Indians can endanger the overland route for any length of time. Yesterday a band of them struck one of the stations between Julesburg and Denver, capturing the horses and burning the station.—They are just now in search of horses and will likely to trouble the overland stations—much more likely to raid upon the stations than upon the stages, for they have no love for uncertain warfare, and they can never calculate the armed force in a stage until they draw its fire. They have met with several severe defeats by attacking stages, and they call them the "fire-wagons."

THERE is a strong concurrence of testimony as to the unprecedented breadth and promise of the wheat crop. The weather has been and is favorable for it; but not so well for corn. Still, there is abundant time yet for that unless, indeed, the coming autumn shall be cold and unpropitious, as the last was. In some places the fruit has suffered some. Nevertheless, the indications are pretty general for a bountiful yield.

OUR NEXT SENATORS.

The importance of securing good and able men as candidates for this responsible office can hardly be over-estimated.—Our district is, confessedly, a very close one. We can all recall the anxiety which we felt for the result at the last election. Nor can we shut our eyes now to the fact, that if we wish to elect our men, we must nominate the strongest and most available men that can be found in the district. In large intercourse with the people of this and other counties composing the Senatorial District, we have frequently heard the name of DAVID WILSON mentioned as a gentleman eminently qualified for this responsible post. Mr. Wilson, by virtue of his business habits, talents and education, would make an able Representative; and having resided for a considerable time in the counties that compose the District, and being very generally and favorably known throughout all this portion of the State, we think he is THE man to be offered by our County as one of the candidates; and for this purpose he will be sustained by MANY.

SENATORIAL.

CAPT. H. H. WILSON—*Dear Sir:*—As the time is approaching for nominating suitable persons for the various offices to be voted for this fall, I would, through your columns, respectfully suggest to the consideration of the Nominating Convention Dr. J. P. STERRETT as a person eminently qualified for the position of State Senator. The Doctor is well-known throughout the District, and it is unnecessary to say anything at length in regard to his views on the great and leading questions which are agitating our country. He has always been a true Republican, and firm in advocating such measures as promote the interests and tend to the perpetuity of this great Republic. LACK.

SHERIFF.

CAPT. H. H. WILSON—*Dear Sir:*—As the time is fast approaching when proper persons should be selected for the different offices to be filled this coming fall, allow me to name PETER CARGETTER, of Monroe township, as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention. EAST END.

New Advertisements.

THE OLD STAND—The undersigned takes this method of informing farmers and others in need of anything in his line that he still continues the Saddle and Harness Manufactory on Water street at the old stand formerly occupied by William Kemry. Everything sold at reduced prices. Repairing done to order. Carriage and Buggy trimming neatly executed.
may 29, 1867-tf.] JOHN DIEHL.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, Commissioners of the County of Juniata, will, by virtue of a Special Act of Assembly, approved the 8th day of April, 1867, sell at public sale, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 13th, 1867,

At the Court House, in Mifflintown, that

EXCELLENT FARM

Known as the Poor House Farm of Juniata county, situate in Beale township, said county, adjoining lands of Samuel Bonebrake, John and Thomas Harris, John Jenkins and others, containing

318 Acres,

And 105 Perches, about 200 acres of which are cleared and in a fine state of cultivation, the balance is well timbered. There is erected on this property

A Large Two-Story Stone House,

Bank Barn, and other necessary out-buildings. There is also on this property a Young Bearing Orchard of excellent Fruit, and several

FINE SPRINGS OF WATER;

One of which is large and near he dwelling house. The quality of the land is good, being Limestone and Flint.

The location is desirable, being in a good neighborhood, within five miles of the Penn'a Railroad and Canal at Mifflintown, the County Seat, and quite convenient to Mills, School Houses and Churches, and upon the whole is a very desirable property, and may be conveniently divided into two farms.

Any person wishing to view the property can do so by calling on Nicholas Arnold, residing on the same.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day.

☞ Terms made known on day of sale by
JOHN KENAWELL,
MATTHEW CLARK,
DAVID DIVEN,
Commissioners of Juniata County.
may 29, 1867-ts.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned residing at Academia, Juniata county, Pa., has for sale a NEW CITY OMNIBUS, capable of holding sixteen persons. Any person wishing to purchase will find a bargain.
mar. 20-tf. SAMUEL BAIRD.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Cumberland Valley Mutual Protection Company, Dickinson twp., Cumberland county, Pa. Insures on as good terms as any other reliable Company. Capital over $700,000
WM. B. MULLEN, Pres't.

Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Office East Main street, York, Pa. Accumulated capital over $520,000.
H. KRAMER, Pres't.

Insurance Company of North America, Philadelphia. Capital $500,000. (oldest Stock Insurance Company in the United States) Incorporated in 1794. $19,000,000 losses paid in cash. Assets January 1, 1867, $1,763,207,23.
ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Pres't.

Horse Thief Detecting and Insurance Company of York, Pa.
DAVID STRICKLER, Sec'y.

JOHN McLAUGHLIN, of Port Royal, Juniata county, Pa., is the Agent of all of the above Companies. [may 29, 1867-tf.

FARMS FOR SALE

THE undersigned offer at private sale the following Real Estate, located in Juniata county, Pa., viz:

No 1.—A tract of land located in Beale township, said county, Seven Miles from the Pennsylvania Rail Road, at Perrysville Station, containing TWO HUNDRED ACRES, One Hundred and Seventy of which is cleared and under good fence, the best quality of Limestone Land, with BANK BARN 84x100 feet, GOOD DWELLING HOUSE, Spring House with never failing Spring of Water.—A large Orchard of choice varieties, of all kinds of Fruit.

No. 2.—A tract of Land in Spruce Hill township, same county, containing 151 Acres of first quality Limestone Land, with a new BANK BARN, LOG DWELLING HOUSE, Spring House, and never-failing Spring of Water at the door, with a Young Orchard of excellent fruit.

No. 3.—A tract of Land adjoining No. 1, in same Township and County, containing ONE HUNDRED & SEVENTY FIVE ACRES with a Good Water Power

GRIST AND MERCHANT MILL

thereon erected, with THREE RUN of BURS, finished off with all the modern improvements. GOOD SAW MILL, TWO GOOD DWELLING HOUSES, Bank Barn, Spring House, Wash House and all necessary out buildings. This property is as well located as any in the county—four public roads coming together at the Mill—and is not surpassed by any for merchantile purposes as it is on the post road from East Waterford to Perrysville and will be sold low and on terms to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to see either of the above properties can do soby calling on Wm. Okeson, residing on No. 1, or J. P. Doyle, residing on No. 3.

May 29, 1867. GKESON & DOYLE.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN
Spring & Summer Goods

of CHOICE QUALITIES, and at GREAT REDUCTION in prices at Mickey & Pennell's in Patterson.

THE undersigned having just returned from the Eastern Markets with a fresh supply of all kinds of Ladies' Dress Goods, &c., are now ready to supply the citizens of Patterson, and vicinity, with anything and everything that is usually kept in a country store. We are determined to sell goods at greatly reduced prices, and make it an object for people to buy from us, a large stock of DRY GOODS consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as:

FRENCH MERINOES, POPLINS, MOHAIR, ALPACCAS, FRENCH PLAIDS, LAWNS, DE LAINES, GINGINGHAMS, PRINTS, &c., &c.

And a large stock of Domestic Goods such as *Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Checks, Cotton and Linnen Table Cloths Crash, Nankeens, Drillings, &c., Fancy and Plain Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Kentucky Jean, Flannels, Linens, Hoop skirts, Balmoral skirts, and a large stock of Ladies clothing Cloths* Groceries of every description—Fish Salt, Bacon, Hams Sugars and Syrups at all prices. Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, Queensware, Cedar and Willow-Ware, and a large stock of Notions—Gloves, Hosiery, Bugle Trimming, Buttons, Handkerchiefs and everything in the notion line—cheap for cash or country produce. MICKEY & PENNELL.
may 29, 1867-tf.

100,000

WHITE PINE SHAVED, LAP AND JOINT SHINGLES.

Also, BOARDS,
OAK PLANK,
PLASTERING LATHS,
AND PICKETS.
FOR SALE BY
GRAFF & THOMPSON,
my 8-6m. Milroy, Mifflin Co., Pa.

FLORENCE
LOCK-STITCH REVERSIBLE FEED
SEWING MACHINE.

Best Family Machine in the World. Highest Premium—Gold Medal Last Fair of the AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
New York.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
No. 505 Broadway.

The machines can be seen at the residence of the Agent, Miss E. C. Stambaugh, Main Street, Mifflin, Pa. [may 22, '67-tf.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—By virtue of an Order out of the Orphans' Court of Juniata county, the undersigned, Executor of John Stonsroad, dec'd., late of Walker township, Juniata county, Pa., will sell at public sale, on the premises, in the above named township, on

THURSDAY, JUNE 13th, 1867,

A tract of Land containing Fifty-one Acres, more or less, bounded on the west by Engler and Griffith, on the north by John McMeen, on the east by McMeen and Snock, and on the south by McKnight's Heirs and Widow Wilson, having thereon erected a Two-story Log House and Barn, a spring near the house, an Apple Orchard and other fruit, with a sufficiency of Timber Land for the use of the place.

TERMS.—One-third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and the balance on the first day of April, 1868, with interest secured by bond. Persons wishing to see the premises will please call on the subscriber.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day.
may 8-ts. JOHN McMEEN.

GOOD NEWS!

Spring and Summer Goods at prices to suit the times.

FRANK, COOK, & Co,
PATTERSON, PA.

Have just returned from the Eastern Markets with a fresh supply of all kinds of Ladies' Dress Goods, consisting in part of

POPLINS, MOHAIR, ALPACCAS, FRENCH MERINOS, DE LAINES, GINGHAMS, PRINTS, &C, &C.,

Every description of Domestic Dry Goods, such as

Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeens, Drillings, &c., Fancy and Plain Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Flannels, Linens, Ladies' Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Tibet, Wool Knit and French Shawls, Groceries of every description, Fish, Cheese, Bacon, &c., Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Queensware, Cedar and Willow-ware, Hardware, Tobacco, Segars, &c.

The largest stock in the county.

In connection with our other business, we have a MARKET CAR running to Philadelphia and arriving in Patterson, every Tuesday, on which we receive each week fresh supplies of new goods. The public can be supplied with all kinds of Marketing, Fresh Fish, &c., either at the car on Tuesday, or at our Store during the week. [may 8, 1867.

GOOD NEWS
ONCE MORE!

J. B. M. TODD has just received a fresh arrival of New Goods from the City, at greatly reduced rates which he is selling at the following prices:

American Prints from	10 to 18c.
Others	10, 12, 15 to 16.
Ginghams	20 to 25c.
De Laine	22 to 28c.
Ladies Dress Goods	20 to 50c
Brown Muslins	12, 15 to 20c.
Bleached "	10, 12, 15, 25c.
Ticking	20, 25 to 38c
Cottonades	20, 25 to 40c
Ladies Gaiters from	$1.75, $2.00, $3.00

also a fine assortment of Misses Gaiters.

Best Lowering Syrup	40c. qt.
Good Syrup	20 to 25c qt.
Brown Sugar	11, 14c.
White "	3lbs. 50cts.
Best Rio Coffee	40cts. lb.
Coal Oil, (best)	15cts. qt., or 50cts. gal.

Also a fine lot Cassimeres, Casinets and a good assortment of the latest styles of Men and Boys' Hats, cheap—a large assortment of Notions—Ladies new styles of Gloves and Bugle Trimmings

The following prices paid for Butter & Eggs: Butter 25cts., Eggs 20cts. doz., Potatoes 80 to 90cts. bush.

A full supply of Mackerl and Herring on hand. [april 24, 67-tf.

Huntingdon & Broad Top Rail Road.

ON and after May 6th, 1867, passenger trains will run as follows:

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

	Express. A. M.	Mail. P. M.
Huntingdon	7.15	6.00
Saxton	9.30	7.33
Bloody Run	10.05	8.04
Mount Dallas	10.30	8.17

LEAVE NORTHWARD.

	Mail. A. M.	Express. P. M.
Mount Dallas	6.10	1.30
Bloody Run	6.14	1.34
Saxton	6.30	2.00
Huntingdon	9.10	4.45

Distance from Mount Dallas to Bedford six miles. A reliable line of Hacks connect at Mt. Dallas for Bedford and Bedford Springs.
JOHN McKILLIPS,
may 22, 1867-tf.] Superintendent.

NEW STORE

On Ridge Road Street, Perrysville, Pa.

The undersigned has just received from the Eastern Market the most attractive stock of Goods ever brought to Perrysville.

Our stock consists of Ladies Dress Goods latest style, Calicoes, at low prices, best quality of Muslins, &c.,

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

Groceries, Queensware, Salt, Fish, &c.

Call and examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere. We take great pleasure in showing our goods believing them to be cheaper than can be bought elsewhere. The highest cash price paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

Remember the place, Ridge Road Street, Perrysville. JACOB ENCHELMOYER.
may 15, 1867.

NEW GOODS at NEW PRICES
AT MRS. F. HANNEMAN'S
IN PATTERSON,

WHO has just returned from the City with a large assortment of

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

Consisting in part of Bonnets and Bonnet Silks, Flowers and Trimmings, Emborderies, Lace Goods, Handkerchiefs, Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Gloves, Bead Gimps and Ornaments, Notions and small wares, forming the best assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

In the County.

She solicits a call from the public, being confident that she can suit all.
may 1, 1867-3m.

PERRYSVILLE
MARBLE WORKS.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership are prepared to fill all orders for Tombstones, Monuments, Table Tops, or any other articles in our line of business, on short notice and the most reasonable terms. Italian and the different qualities of American Marble always on hand.
C. EMERSON,
may 1, 1867-tf] L. L. KENEPP.

NEW MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT IN PATTERSON.—Miss R. J. Bothrock, has located permanently in Patterson, and is prepared to furnish BONNETS, HATS and all kinds of Trimmings. Work done promptly and in the latest style. Perfect satisfaction given. Charges moderate. Call at her residence on Bridge street, one door east of Strayer's Store.
apr. 24-3m.

GROVER & BAKER'S
SEWING MACHINES

Were awarded the highest premiums at the State Fairs of

New York,	Kentucky,
Vermont,	Tennessee,
New Jersey,	Missouri,
Pennsylvania,	Alabama,
Ohio,	Mississippi,
Indiana,	Virginia,
Michigan,	North Carolina,
Wisconsin,	California,
Iowa,	Oregon,

At the Fairs of the American Institute, Franklin Institute, Mass. Mechanics' Association, Penn'a Mechanics' Institute, St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanics' Association, And at numerous Institutes and County Fairs, including all the Fairs at which they were exhibited the past three years. First prizes have been awarded these Machines at the exhibitions of London, Paris, Dublin, Linz, Besancon, Bayonne, St. Dizier, Chalons, and they have been furnished by special command, to the *Empress of France, Empress of Austria, Empress of Russia, Empress of Brazil, Queen of Spain, and Queen of Bavaria.*

The GROVER & BAKER Elastic-Stitch Sewing Machines are superior to all others for the following reasons:

1. They sew with two threads direct from the spool, and require no rewinding.
2. They are more easily understood and used, and less liable to derangement than other machines.
3. They are capable of executing perfectly, without change of adjustment, a much greater variety of work than other machines.
4. The stitch made by these machines is much more firm, elastic and durable, especially upon articles which require to be washed and ironed, than any other stitch.
5. This stitch, owing to the manner in which the under thread is interwrought, is much the most plump and beautiful in use, and retains this plumpness and beauty even upon articles frequently washed and ironed until they are worn out.
6. The structure of the seam is such that, though it be cut or broken at intervals of only a few stitches, it will neither open, run, nor ravel, but remains firm and durable.
7. Unlike other machines, these fasten both ends of the seam by their own operation
8. With these machines, while silk is used upon the right or face side of the seam, cotton may be used upon the other side without lessening the strength or durability of the seam. This can be done on no other machine, and is a great saving upon all articles stitched or made up with silk.
9. These machines, in addition to their superior merits as instruments for sewing, by a change of adjustment, easily learned and practiced, execute the most beautiful and permanent embroidery and ornamental work.

GROVER & BAKER'S M. CO.,
730 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Machines delivered at the residence of any one purchasing in either of the Boroughs.

Needles, Oils, Needles, and Everything other article appertaining to the working of the Machine on hand for sale by J. B. M. TODD, Patterson, Pa.

The above Sewing Machines are for sale by
J. B. M. TODD, Patterson, Pa
H. H. LOUDON, Mifflintown, Pa.
may 15, 1867-tf.

NEW STORE
AT
THOMPSON'S LOCK.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he has just received from the East, a large assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

which he offers at the lowest market prices Give me a call. NATHAN REELY.
apr. 17, 1867-tf.

PATTERSON HOUSE

PATTERSON, Juniata County, Pa.

The undersigned, having re-furnished the above House, is now prepared to furnish the public, on the most reasonable terms, with

Meals and Refreshments at all Hours.

Farmers and others visiting town can procure meals at almost any price. Also, large Stable attached for the accommodation of travelers, attended by careful ostlers.

ICE CREAM IN SEASON.

A share of public patronage is solicited.
may 15, 1867-tf.] WM. REESE, Pro.

NEW DRUG STORE, Patterson, Pa.—Dr. P. C. RUNKLE wishes to inform the public that he has just received an assortment of Fresh Drugs and Medicines, of all kinds, which he offers for sale at the Patterson Post Office. He also keeps on hand Perfumery of all kinds, and Hair Dye and Extra Black Ink, of his own manufacture. Persons in need of anything in his line will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

N. B.—Invalids can write a statement of their symptoms or disease and receive medicine and directions for their use. All communications strictly confidential.
march 27, 1867-tf.

NEW TIN SHOP, IN THOMPSONTOWN.—I would respectfully inform the citizens of Thompsontown and vicinity, that I have opened a Tin and Sheet Iron establishment and am prepared to accommodate the public with TIN and SHEET IRON WARE, also, Stoves at the lowest cash prices.

Roofing and Spouting promptly attended to. All work made of the best material.
WM. C. LOGAN,
Thompsontown.
feb. 20-6m. Juniata county, Pa.