



TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The JUNIATA SENTINEL is published every Wednesday morning, on Bridge street, by H. H. WILSON.

THE SUBSCRIPTION PRICE of the paper will be TWO DOLLARS per year in advance, and \$2.50 if not paid within the first three months.

NO paper discontinued until all arrears are paid—except at the option of the editor.

ADVERTISING.—The rates of ADVERTISING are for one square, of eight lines or less, one insertion, \$1.00; for two or three insertions, \$1.50; for four or five insertions, \$2.00.

Business Cards. JEREMIAH LYONS, Attorney-at-Law, Mifflintown, Juniata County, Pa., Office on Main street South of Bridge street.

WILLIAM M. ALLISON, Attorney at Law, and Notary Public, Will attend to all business entrusted to his care.

JOHN T. L. SAHM, Attorney-at-Law, MIFFLINTOWN, JUNIATA COUNTY, PA. OFFERS his professional services to the public.

VENDRE AUCTIONEER CRIPPER The undersigned offers his services to the public as Vendre Auctioneer.

MILITARY CLAIMS. The undersigned will promptly attend to the collection of claims against either the State or National Government.

JEREMIAH LYONS, Attorney-at-Law, Mifflintown, Juniata Co., Pa.

NEW TOBACCO STORE.—Just received at Barnes' Cigar and Tobacco Store, a fresh supply of pure Yara Cigars and Tobacco.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—The undersigned finding it impossible with one Market Car, to supply their customers, have purchased another.

DENTAL CARD.—R. M. KEEVER, DENTAL SURGEON Takes this method of informing his friends in Juniata county.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD.—The undersigned begs leave to inform the public that he has constantly on hand a large stock of Coal and Lumber.

JOSEPH S. DELL, CLOTHIER Clothing superior to any other establishment in the City and at lower prices.

WESTERN LAND AGENCY.—C. G. GRIFFITH, Real Estate, Wisconsin, will buy and sell REAL ESTATE.

NEW FAMILY

SEWING MACHINE. The superior quality of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either family use or manufacturing purposes.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINES, which has been over two years in preparation, and which has brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense.

MILITARY COACH AND WAGON MANUFACTORY.—We are constantly manufacturing and ready to order every description of Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies, Wagons, &c.

MIFFLINTOWN.—We are constantly manufacturing and ready to order every description of Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Sulkies, Wagons, &c.

MILITARY CLAIMS. The undersigned will promptly attend to the collection of claims against either the State or National Government.

NEW CLOTHING EMPORIUM IN MIFFLINTOWN. In Wilson's Brick Store Room, on the North West Corner of Bridge and Water Streets.

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Select Poetry.

LAUGH AND SET THEM FLYING.

Let those who will repine at fate And drop their heads with sorrow; I laugh when cares upon me wait— I know they'll leave to-morrow.

I've seen some elves, who call themselves My friends in summer weather, Blow far away, in sorrow's day As winds would blow a feather.

And still, as sorrows come to me— As sorrows sometimes will come— I find the way to make them flee, Is finding them tight welcome.

They cannot break a cheerful look— They're used to sob and sighing, And he that meets them with a smile, Is sure to set them flying.

Miscellaneous Reading.

LOCAL ELECTIONS.

The following is a list of the Officers elected on Friday, March 15th, 1867, in the different Townships and Boroughs of this County:

BEALE TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Joseph Brown—Judge, William Leonard—Inspector, J. F. Leach.

BELLEVILLE TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

BERRYMAN TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

BIRCH TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

CLAY TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

CLINTON TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

CLYDE TOWNSHIP. Justice of the Peace, Irvin D. Wells—Judge, David Dixon—Inspectors, Wellington Smith, Isaac Pyle—School Directors, Jos. Dyingier, Michael Slicher, John Cook.

SPRUCE HILL TOWNSHIP.

Judge, J. W. Taylor—Inspectors, C. DeLancy, J. C. Gibson—Justices of the Peace, Wm. Taylor—Constable, Joseph Ard.

FAYETTE TOWNSHIP. Judge, Henry Harschbarger—Inspectors, Joseph Long, S. O. Myers—Assessor, Aaron Luddy—Asst. Assessor, C. D. Shallenberger.

MONROE TOWNSHIP. Judge, Jacob Watts—Inspectors, John Seimond, Ephraim Hertz—Supervisors, Chas. Armstrong, Susan Seimond—Auditor, C. A. Lauer—School Directors, John Watts, M. Roush.

PERYSVILLE BOROUGH. Judge, Salomon Hertzler—Inspectors, J. W. Stimmel, Jonas Porschke—Burgess, George House—School Directors, G. W. Graham, J. L. Stewart—Town Council, M. S. Wetzler.

PATTERSON BOROUGH. Judge, J. A. Rowe—Inspectors, John Diven, Lawrence Kulp—Burgess, Jas. North—Town Council, William Deters, John Bellamant.

LACK TOWNSHIP. Judge, James Gray—Inspectors, William High, Johnston Kennedy—Assessor, W. D. Wip—Asst. Assessor, F. Shale, D. Thacker.

TUSCARORA TOWNSHIP. Judge, S. P. Linde—Inspectors, John Sevin, Daniel Fausmann—Supervisors, Jas. Wiley, Francis Snyder—Constable, David Dean.

RECONSTRUCTION. The United States shall contrary to every State in the Union a republican form of government.

MR. MILLER. Mr. Speaker, the bill under consideration is one of grave importance and has been attacked with great severity.

The first division of the bill divides the ten late insurrectionary States, to wit, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas.

The second section designates what officers shall be assigned to the command of the districts. The third section provides:

That it shall be the duty of every officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder, and violence, and to punish, or cause to be punished, all disturbers of the public peace and criminals.

The fourth section provides when and in what manner writs of habeas corpus may issue, and the fifth and last section provides— That no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be va-

lued until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and laws and regulations for the government of the Army shall not be altered by this act, except so far as they conflict with its provisions.

The main argument urged against the passage of this bill is that the proposed law is unconstitutional—that the said ten late rebellious States have organized governments, and therefore no power exists in Congress to extend over them martial law to take the place of the civil law.

I admit, Mr. Speaker, that this extraordinary power should only be exercised in extreme cases. It is, however, a universal rule among all civilized nations that, when the civil law is not strong enough to afford ample protection, the more powerful, to wit, that of martial, must be resorted to.

Who, then, can make the laws? Not the Executive, as he possesses only the power to give or withhold his assent when bills are presented to him. The answer is indicated by the Constitution, and that is, it rests with Congress to pass laws, and if the Executive interpose the veto power, such bills can, notwithstanding such veto, become laws if the same shall be passed by a two-third vote in each House.

Though the Apostle Paul when he persecuted the saints, owing to his training in strict conformity to the sect to which he was attached prior to his conversion, may have thought he was doing God's service, is that any apology or justification for Lee when he turned traitor against his country? He was educated in the military school of the United States and instructed in all the arts of war.

This injunction vests in Congress plenary power to use all measures necessary to accomplish such a result. These ten States are in a peculiar position. Having rebelled against the Government of which they are a part and attempted to set up one independent of that of the United States, they by that act suspended their operation as State governments, and are amenable to the General Government, which they attempted to destroy.

It is said, Mr. Speaker, that if they are to be considered as States then we have no power to extend over them in time of peace martial law. In answer to that I have to say that although the open rebellion in arms has been subdued, still the people therein who participated in the rebellion yet show in their actions a rebellious spirit, and it must be born in mind that the Constitution expressly declares that to "every State" a republican form of government shall be guaranteed.

It is said, Mr. Speaker, to undertake to answer the arguments of the gentleman on the Democratic side of this House, as they all oppose any reconstitution, but favor the admission of Representatives from those ten insurrectionary States without any guaranty whatever for their future conduct, and desire that they should retain their present President State governments, for which they claim to have the sanction of Andrew Johnson, the President of the United States. This, Sir, never will be allowed as long as we have a loyal Congress who stand up for a safe and secure Government.

The bushels of snake loaves were found in a ledge of rocks, a few days since, near Cedar Rapids, Iowa. A correspondent of the Chicago Journal says that it was where the Copperheads went in last fall.

Wm. G. v. Geary has been elected worthy Patriarch of the division of the Sons of Temperance lately started in Hardburg of which he is a charter member.

no authority exists in the Constitution for a State to secede, but in case of an attempt was made there was no power to coerce.

I am happy to say that such infamous doctrine is not taught by the Constitution nor sustained by any precedents, and no true loyal citizen ever did, and I trust never will, maintain such an absurd idea.

Whether an amendment of that kind may be offered in the Senate I of course cannot say; that, however, is a subsequent consideration, but suffice it to say that stern justice demands speedy action in order to afford adequate protection, and there is no time to tarry; let us do one thing at a time. This bill has been agreed upon by the Reconstruction Committee, composed of members from each House.

After speaking of supposed sincerity of rebels, Leask:

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