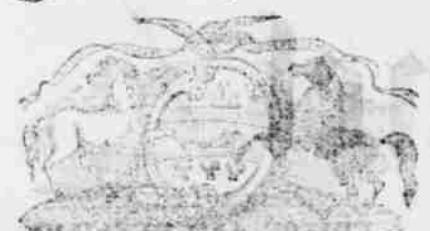


Juniata Sentinel.



A union of lakes, and a union of lands,
A union no power shall sever;
A union of hearts, and a union of hands,
And the American Union forever!

MILLETT TOWN:

Wednesday Morning, March 20, 1867.

H. H. WILSON, Editor and Publisher

THE JUNIATA SENTINEL has
had the largest circulation of any paper pub-
lished in this County. It is therefore the
best advertising medium. It is a paper truly
and well worthy of the patronage of every
loyal citizen in the County.

THE FIRST VICTORY IN 1867.

Gen. Walter Harriman, the eloquent champion of the principles of the Republican party, and who stamped our State last fall in behalf of Gov. Geary, has been elected Governor of New Hampshire, by a majority of over 3000. The Republicans of that State have also elected all three of the Congressmen, and nine out of twelve State Senators, four out five Councillors, and will probably have seventy-five majority in the House. The result is more favorable to the Republicans than was generally expected.

THE KANSAS LIQUOR LAW.

The Legislature of Kansas has passed a liquor law, allowing any person to make application for license who can procure the signatures of a majority of the inhabitants of the city, town, or township in which he resides, male and female, over the age of twenty-one. We do not know how this law will do in Kansas, but if such a law was put in force in this State, we think it would be very difficult to procure majorities of the signatures, as the females are bitterly opposed to liquor sellers, and who has a better right to be opposed to them?—They are the ones who are compelled to suffer most from the abuse of the liquor law, and they should certainly have a voice in saying whether liquor should be sold and who should sell it.

MISSISSIPPI AND JEFF. DAVIS.

A despatch announced that the Mississippi Legislature had made an appropriation of twenty thousand dollars for the defense of Jeff. Davis. If the State has money to spare it should be given to some purpose. Just now the cry of starvation is coming up from the South, and our hearts are daily pained while reading the accounts of misery, want and death which prevail throughout every portion of that section of our country. The great heart of the North has been moved at the sad and harrowing sight, and money is being raised and forwarded to relieve the necessities of the sufferers. Thus far the Southern States have made no provision for their starving thousands. But priding herself in her treason, Mississippi finds time and means to devote to the defense of the arch traitor, Davis. While General Howland, and Governor Jenkins, of Georgia, are representing the terrible condition of affairs in the South, Mississippi, closing her eyes to the horrors of starvation, takes into consideration the case of the men who more than any other, brought these same horrors upon her own people and those of her sister States. For the man who is cared for by the government, who has three times a day his oysters, his roast beef, his bread, butter, coffee, tea and every luxury he wishes, and whose pockets are filled with "greenback" furnished him by sympathizing friends in the North, the Legislature of Mississippi can afford to set aside the large sum of \$20,000. The thousands of poor, perplexed, homeless and starving people within her borders are unworthy of notice at the hands of these treason worshipers. So the life of Davis is taken out of jeopardy, they are satisfied. This action of the Legislature is both an insult to the national government and positive proof that the spirit of rebellion is still brightly and defiant.

A. W. Lee, who stole about \$40,000 in 7-30 and 5-2 bonds from the loan branch of the Treasury Department, at Washington, the 20th of last January, was arrested at the Planters' Hotel in St. Louis, last week, under the name of C. Miller. Thirty-five thousand dollars in bonds and four thousand dollars in greenbacks were found in his trunk. Lee at first denied the theft, but subsequently acknowledged it. He was taken to Washington. The money and bonds were sent forward by express. Lee was a clerk in the Department from which he stole the bonds.

DOINGS AT HARRISBURG.

A bill has been passed giving the courts of common pleas power to grant charters of incorporation in all cases wherein any number of persons, citizens of this Commonwealth, are associated for the purpose of insuring horses, cattle, or other live stock against loss by death, from disease or accident, or from being stolen, and also grant charters of incorporation to water, land and ladder companies, musical associations, teachers' institutes, skating parks, and building associations. The same act also makes valid all charters of incorporation which have been granted heretofore by any of said courts of common pleas in cases wherein the Supreme Court only had power and authority to grant the same.

The simultaneous weddings of three brothers with three sisters is announced in Burlington, Iowa, and great preparations are being made for the event.

Louisiana Rebels.—The Legislature of Louisiana not knowing in what other way to get rid of their loyal Governor, Wells, are about to prefer articles of impeachment against him. But we guess he will get ahead of them by reason of the new Reconstruction law.

A Switch Teacher, named O'Brien, whose negligence caused the death of two passengers on the New Jersey Railroad last summer, has been convicted of manslaughter at Newark, and sentenced to \$100 fine and three months' imprisonment.

Virginia is taking the back track at last—but Houses of the Legislature have voted a bill to call a convention in accordance with Reconstruction law, but the House accompanied it with a protest against its constitutionality!

The Ladies of Washington city, who formerly waited and slept for the arrival of Lee's army in the national capital, are now busily engaged in manufacturing Union hats, and long skirted backs, for presentation to Mrs. Jeff. Davis. What's up?

Our Navy.—The whole number of vessels now in the United States navy is 274. Of the iron-clads, 24 are at Long Island, 19 at New Orleans, 8 at Mobile City, 6 at Washington, 2 at Boston and 2 at San Francisco. 25 vessels were sold during the last year.

The question of removing the Capitol from Pennsylvania to Philadelphia, is again to be agitated in the Legislature. A few days ago Mr. Myers gave notice in the House that he would shortly make a move for the appointment of a special committee to inquire into the propriety of removing the Capitol to the city above named. Whether sufficient "influence" can ever be brought to bear upon the Legislature to effect a removal, I do not pretend to say, but there is no denying the fact there is no real cause for such a move. The Capitol buildings are now large enough for all purposes and accommodate every branch of the State government. The Capitol extension, which cost the State several hundred thousand dollars, is not yet entirely completed, and if Mr. Myers should succeed in his undertaking, this very costly and magnificent building would be a dead loss to the Commonwealth. An executive mansion was purchased two or three years ago at about \$10,000. If this, and the extension, and the old Capitol buildings, were put up at sale, they would not bring one-third their cost, for the reason that they would be useless for private purposes.—We've the Capitol to be removed, new buildings in Philadelphia would cost several millions of dollars, which would have to be paid by additional taxation. The people are not prepared to submit to this. Besides there is another matter to be considered. If, as it is alleged the Legislature is corrupted in a city the size of Harrisburg, with a population of twenty-five thousand, what could be expected from that body were it to hold its sessions in Philadelphia, which boasts of several thousand inhabitants.

The House has passed a supplement to the mechanics' law, authorizing them to be taxed for improvements upon buildings, as well as upon the original structures, providing the repairs or improvements amount in value to over twenty dollars.

A bill incorporating the National Home at Gettysburg, has passed the Senate. This institution, located on ground rendered sacred by the blood of Union soldiers who fell in the great Pennsylvania battle against Southern traitors, is destined to become one of the most prominent in the country.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

As the matter now stands, the officers for the command of the military districts will be Generals Sherman, Meade, Hancock, Schofield and Sickles. The arrangement will not affect Gen. Thomas in the command of his department, probably Gen. Sheridan, both of whom have dependent under their control.

Congress will not probably adjourn until all the business is finished up that would seem to require attention at this time. An adjournment will then take place until fall.

If Congress remains in session this month, the question of impeachment, so far as the Judiciary Committee is concerned, will be settled.

Gen. Fullerton, now Postmaster at St. Louis, who has been dodging the subcommittee of the Judiciary in the impeachment matter, is to be exonerated to Washington. The money and bonds were sent forward by express. Lee was a clerk in the Department from which he stole the bonds.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned residing at Academy, Juniata County, Pa., has for sale a NEW CITY CHIMNEY, capable of holding sixteen feet of logs. Any person wishing to purchase will find a bargain. Mar. 20, 1867. SAVAGE BAKER.

NEWS ITEMS.

PUBLIC RECORD EXHIBIT NO. 1867.

Receipts and Expenditures of the Asylum for the Poor in the County of Juniata, JAMES NORTH, TREASURER, DR.

1866, April 7, to cash from Directors \$1000.00

" Aug. 18, " cash " 15.70

" " 22, " cash " 43.00

1867, Jan. 21, " cash " 53.51

" Feb. 19, " cash " 156.35

" Mar. 4, " cash pr Thos Ramsey 23.18

Balance due Treasurer 54.85

\$175.32

C.C.

1866, April 7, By amt order No. 1 of

Directors, \$ 393.00

" " " " 2 275.00

" May 19, " " 150.00

" " 19, " " 5 129.65

" " 14, " " 6 50.00

Aug. 18, " " 7 50.52

June 26, " " 8 25.00

" Aug. 18, " " 9 200.00

" Sept. 7, " " 11 150.00

1867, Jan. 1, " " 12 50.00

" Feb. 20, " " 13 156.35

" Mar. 1, " " 14 43.54

" Mar. 3, " " 15 5.00

" " " " 16 23.18

Commission 25.00

\$175.32

C.R.

STATEMENT of the Indebtedness of the Asylum for the Poor in the County of Juniata, and also the Income of the Corporation from the 1st day of April, 1866, to March 25, 1867:

Purchase of farm, as per agreement \$13000.00

Interest on same 15.50

Note due Mrs. Margaret Ramsey 1600.00

Interest eleven months 35.00

Note due Mrs. Jane M. Wilson 425.00

Interest twelve months 35.00

Commission 175.00

Interest eleven months 5.00

Commission 200.00

" " " " 25.00

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