

Junia Sentinel.



A union of lakes, and a union of lands. A union no power shall sever; A union of hearts, and a union of hands, And the American Union forever!

MIFFLINTOWN. Wednesday Morning, October 31, 1866.

H. H. WILSON, Editor and Publisher.

THE JUNIATA SENTINEL has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in this County. It is therefore the best advertising medium. It is a Paper, truly loyal, ably conducted, a first class Leader, and well worthy of the patronage of every loyal citizen in the County.

MARYLAND--BALTIMORE.

In the city of Baltimore the persons designated to hold elections are appointed by the Police Commissioners, a board created by law, and chosen, we believe, by the people of the city. In the other districts of the State these election officers are appointed by the Governor.

The Police Commissioners of Baltimore are Republicans, as are a large majority of their constituents. Gov. Swann is a friend and supporter of President Johnson. The Commissioners appointed Republicans, while in every instance, as is stated by the Baltimore American, the Governor appointed men of the opposite party.

Parties in Maryland are not, as with us, divided into Republicans and Democrats, or Copperheads, but into Union men and rebels; but the Union men are generally Republicans of the most radical type. The opposing parties are more widely separated, and more bitterly hostile, than in any other State.

There is a registration law in that State requiring every citizen who is registered as a voter to take an oath that he in no way aided the rebellion, which excludes thousands who were active rebels from the polls. It is to get rid of the obstruction to rebel suffrage that the Governor has been applied to remove the Police Commissioners of Baltimore.

The Governor is a candidate for the United States Senate; but unless he can, by some means, secure the votes of the twenty-one members from Baltimore he has no chance of an election. It is that if he can, on some pretext, get rid of the Police Commissioners, and thus sweep away the Union Republican election officers, and open the way to rebel voters, his friends might carry that city.

We see that he has summoned the Commissioners to Annapolis to have a hearing; but what the result may be we shall not undertake to predict. But everything indicates a warm time in that city should Governor Swann take it upon himself to interfere with the law and with its established institutions.

JOHNSON'S LOGIC.

If we would see the extreme rashness and folly of the President's partisan declarations, wherein he speaks of Congress as an incompetent body, because certain States are not represented in it, we have only to carry them out to their logical sequences.

If this reasoning is correct, then Congress fell into that condition the moment the eleven rebel States tore themselves away from the Union and recalled their representatives, and we have had to Congress since. Then the whole national debt is invalid, and the national securities worthless. Then every enactment of Congress since 1861 is as null and void as are the ordinances of secession. Then the second election of Mr. Lincoln was no election at all. Andrew Johnson never was Vice President of the United States, and consequently is not now the President. The logic, when carried out, cannot stop short of this. If the secession of the rebels worked such disasters as these, it was more successful than any of us supposed it was.

We have the authority for saying that \$50,000 was used in this County and Congressional district to defeat our Congressman, Hon. Geo. F. Miller. This, it will be remembered, was considered a doubtful district, and hence great effort was made for the defeat of our candidate for Congress. Mr. Miller's majority of 1515 does not indicate the district to be a doubtful one for the Union cause.—Miltonian.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Legislature of this State assembled a few days ago, and Governor Humphrey sent in his message. It is a gloomy document. The only bright speck he can see in the political landscape is the removal of the colored troops from the State. He speaks of "that small cloud of fanaticism that rose in the East at first no larger than a man's hand," having overspread the land with its "portentous blackness," and destroyed "the rights and property (slaves) of a portion of the States in the Union," and then pitches into the Constitutional amendment thus: "The Radical Congress has enacted laws and proposed amendments to the Constitution which, if adapted, will destroy the rights of the State and of the people, and centralize all the powers of Government in the Federal head."

This amendment, adopted by a Congress of less than three-fourths of the States of the Union, is a palpable violation of the rights of more than one-fourth of the States in such an insulting outrage and denial of the equal rights of so many of our worthiest citizens who have shed lustre and glory upon our section and our race, both in the forum and in the field, such a gross usurpation of the rights of the States, and such a centralization of power in the Federal Government, that I presume a mere reading of it will cause its rejection by you."

Very well, the Union can do without Mississippi's representation in Congress as long as Mississippi can do without the Union; and if she must be treated as a judicious parent would treat a refractory child, by it so. And should she undertake to show her independence and civility by abusing the most helpless portion of her population, she will be put under yet closer bonds.

TERRIBLE HURRICANE.

HALIFAX, October 25.—The schooner Victor makes the following report: Turk's Island, on the 30th of September, (Sunday) was visited with a terrible hurricane, destroying over eight hundred houses. Twenty lives were lost, and a number of persons were crippled and otherwise injured. Over three thousand persons were rendered homeless, penniless and almost naked. The whole laboring portion of the Colony is in the most destitute condition. The government houses and public offices were shattered. One hundred and twenty thousand bushels of salt were swept away. Six foreign and twelve island crafts were lost, with twenty of their crews.

At Salt City the ruin is equally severe—five vessels are ashore.

At Cockburn Harbor the ruin is quite as great—scarcely enough houses remain to shelter the destitute. Four more vessels were lost.

REDUCTION OF TAXES.

It is confidently predicted that one of the first acts of Congress, when it reassembles, will be a general reduction of taxation. The investigations of revenue commissioners provided for at the late session of Congress, have been of a character to warrant a recommendation for the reduction of taxation—for the repeal of the entire tax on manufactures and raw material, as well as a reduction of the income tax, making it three per cent, on incomes over a thousand dollars. It is only necessary for the present Congress, to make such a reduction, to complete its great acts in favor of the country's peace and prosperity. But for other considerations, looking to the welfare of the great consuming and laboring classes of the country, we trust that this contemplated reduction of taxation will be speedily and liberally made.

IMPEACHMENT.

There has been a great change within a few days in the sentiment of our jurists and statesmen on the question of impeachment. The President seems desirous of making the matter both necessary to the country and easy for Congress. The extraordinary and specific statement in the message of the Governor of Mississippi that Andrew Johnson advised the violation of the civil rights bill, and his abuse of the pardoning power, to say nothing of New Orleans and of his part in the Maryland complications, have seriously affected the judgment of the most prudent. The appointment of rebels to office in defiance of the test oath is another important fact.

JEFF DAVIS.—There does not seem to be any probability that the arch traitor Jeff Davis will be brought to trial for his crimes for some months to come, at least not until next spring. This is shown by the correspondence between the President and the Attorney General. The Circuit Court, it is said, cannot meet in Richmond next month, and in December there will be no opportunity. The despatch says that process from the State courts cannot reach him, and darkly hints at the possibility of a pardon or a release on parole by Andrew Johnson.

CANADA.

TRIAL OF FENIAN PRISONERS.

BUFFALO, Oct. 25.—The Courier has received a special despatch from Toronto, which says: "Colonel Lynch, a Fenian prisoner, is to be hung on the 13th of December."

"Great excitement privately over the sentence, but the people seem to concur in it, and will oppose any attempt at a reprieve."

TORONTO, Oct. 26.—Notwithstanding the wet weather, the court-house was again densely crowded and the interest in the Fenian trials unabated. The first person placed in the dock to-day was David F. Lumsden, who professes to be a clergyman of the Episcopal church. M. C. Cameron appeared for the prisoner and asked for a postponement of the trial to procure two important witnesses—the Rev. Dr. Fuller, of Syracuse, and Bishop Aze, of Buffalo—the American consul having undertaken to procure their attendance.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron, Crown council, replied that ample time had been allowed to procure witnesses, but that the Crown would put no technical difficulties in the way, and Saturday week was agreed upon for the trial.

The next prisoner placed in the dock was John McMahon. The defendant's attorney challenged only one juror. Mr. R. A. Harrison, in behalf of the Crown, then addressed the jury. The indictment contains three counts, charging the prisoner with being an American citizen, and, as such, invading that province with the intent of levying war.

The second count charges that after entering he continued to act with persons invading the province. The third count charges the prisoner with being with persons who levied war on the province. The first witness, John Ray, of Fort Erie, swore he saw McMahon at Fort Erie on June 1st with the Fenians. Saw him again with them after the fight at Fort Erie. The next witness, Alfred Wilcox, swore he saw the prisoner at Fort Erie June 1st. He was giving orders about some potatoes. He saw no arms about him.

Alexander Milligan testified he saw the prisoner, who had a revolver at his side, and was advising the Fenians to take care of themselves. Other witnesses testified to the same effect.

M. C. Cameron then made a long speech for the defence, saying the prisoner was a Catholic priest, and was compelled to go with the Fenians to give spiritual succor to the wounded; that, as a priest, he could not refuse to attend the wounded and doing more. He was on his way to Montreal on private business, when the Fenians, at Buffalo, compelled his attendance.

The Hon. J. H. Cameron replied at length, saying that in law the fact of the prisoner having in any way aided the invaders made him equally guilty.

The judge then charged the jury, who, after retiring for nearly an hour, brought in a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to be hanged on the 13th of December next.

Singular Death and Resurrection.

The following remarkable case is from the Albany Knickerbocker, of Wednesday: Night before last a child of William Wells residing in the town of Bethlehem, a short distance from the city, died rather suddenly. To all appearances the child was dead, and it was accordingly prepared for the grave, and actually laid in the coffin. The coffin containing the body was placed in the front room; after having been thus arranged, and the family retired. The funeral was to have taken place yesterday. During the night, however, Mr. Wells heard a noise in the front room, and supposed it was the cat or dog that had got in there. He went in to drive it out. Imagine his surprise to find the body of the child turned in the coffin. He raised it up and the little thing opened its eyes looked up and commenced crying. Life, animated life was there. The father's heart leaped with joy. The mother again clasped her child to her bosom. The physician was sent for, and the whole neighborhood were soon aroused. Nourishments were administered, and the child yesterday was doing well.

The banner township in Indiana is Platteville precinct, in Hendricks county. It gave the Republican ticket 621 votes, and not one Copperhead. In 1854, McClellan had one vote and Lincoln 575; but the lone Copperhead went crazy, and is now in the insane asylum. He could not stand so much light. The Republicans increased their vote since 1864 by forty-five. This is the banner Republican township in the United States.

A New York milliner has just paid \$35,000 for a "shop" on the Fifth Avenue.

NEWS ITEMS.

C. L. Daboll, of New London, Conn., the inventor of the frog trumpet, died last week.

The English people pay annually for intoxicating liquor enough money to pay the national debt of the United States.

Over \$20,000 worth of sumac leaves and twigs have been sold this season at Fredericksburg, Va., by the country people round about.

"Time and Tide wait for no man" Neither will the Copperhead boats wait on the Johnson Republicans, as they are below par at Head Quarters.

A man, who was stolen from Jackson, Michigan, thirty years ago, when a mere boy, has just returned to his parents, who for a lifetime had supposed him dead.

The presentation of medals to the veteran soldiers and sailors of Kings county, N. Y., took place at Brooklyn one day last week, with appropriate ceremonies.

Copperheads used to crow over the fact that they marched by twos into the Philadelphia Convention. They forget that the dumb creatures walked by twos into Noah's ark.

Professor A. Wood, with a party of gentlemen, lately ascended Mt. Hood, in Oregon. His report establishes the fact that Mt. Hood is really a volcano, and that it is the highest mountain in the United States, being 17,900 feet.

A prisoner in the Memphis jail recently picked the pocket of one of the jailers of his watch, and sent it by another jailer to a confectionary and had it pawned for five dollars' worth of cakes, with which to treat his fellow prisoners.

There is a farm in Colorado, 18 miles long by twelve wide, which pastures 3000 head of cattle and 6000 sheep, and last year yielded \$80,000 worth of grain. It is worked by Mexican laborers, who are fed and managed by officers, like an army.

West Virginia, where no rebel votes are thrown, elects the whole Radical ticket for Governor and Congress by increased majorities. Poor Maryland has no patriot in the executive Chamber, like Governor Boreman, to protect her against the daggers of the returned chivalry.

A thunderbolt from a perfectly cloudless sky struck a church and three dwelling houses at Rising Sun, Indiana, a few days ago. It killed a girl outright and stripped all the clothing from a boy, when, strange to say, it only stunned. A more remarkable electrical phenomenon has rarely occurred.

There is at present being exhibited in Ireland a boy of enormous size, who was born November 7, 1849. He weighs 512 pounds, measures across the shoulders 1 yard and two inches, 73 inches round the waist, 50 inches round the calf of the leg, 22 inches round the muscle of the arm, and above a yard round the thigh.

Mrs. Deborah Bedford, aged ninety-three years, the sole survivor of the historical Wyoming massacre, which occurred during the revolutionary war, is still living, with her son, Dr. A. Bedford, in Waverly, Pa. Although she has, of course, during so long a life, suffered somewhat from the storms of time, her mind is still active, and she is capable of describing, in a perfectly clear and unimpaired manner, the cruel scenes which she witnessed as a six years old child.

ONE of our Democratic exchanges, in an effort to console its afflicted readers under their late defeat, resorts to that never failing source of consolation, "the good time coming," and exclaims: "Victory yet awaits us, if we remain true to the country, to principle, and to ourselves." No doubt about it; but the trouble with what is called the Democracy is, that for many years they have not been true to any of these things. It was because they gave up to party and to slavery what was due to country and to liberty, and gave up to a haughty aristocracy and finally to traitors who belonged to their government, to the people and themselves, that their party is now overwhelmed with disaster and disgrace.

Mrs. CUNNINGHAM-BURDELL.—The supposed heroine of the great Bond Street tragedy, in New York, was on board of the ill-fated steamer. She had established an extensive and fashionable maison de grisettes in New Orleans, and was returning to that place from a visit to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston, where she had collected a fresh troop of young girls known as nymphs du prive, whom Mr. Cunningham was conveying to the Crescent City, in order to promote her nefarious business, which was assuming vast proportions. The matress du salon has gone to the bottom of the ocean, in company with thirty employees and co-workers in crime.

VALUE OF OUR CROPS.

Dr. Loring, in his address before the Vermont State Fair, stated that, in 1840, the total value of the principal crops was \$336,000,000; in 1861 this value reached \$736,586,320 in the loyal States alone, excluding all the cotton, rice and tobacco of the States then in rebellion. In the twenty-one States upon whose crops the computation of 1861 has been made, we may estimate the grain crop of 1866 to be worth \$1,500,000,000. Of the cotton crop we can hardly estimate the value when subjected to free labor.

The issue in the States yet to hold elections in the year 1867, is strictly defined and accepted to be between the People and the President; whether the President has the power to usurp the functions of the Legislature branch of the Government, and thus ignore the right of the representatives of the people to make laws for the government of the country. It would seem as if the people, after having rescued the Government from rebellion, are determined by their action at the ballot box strictly to define what they expect their servants to do.

General Sheridan never does anything by halves. His order of the 25th instant, deliberately recognizing the Liberal Government in Mexico, and warning off the "buccanniers" of the Imperialists, will be cordially responded to by the American people. Notwithstanding yesterday's denial of the news imputing to our Government heavy action of Junitz, we believe Sheridan acted under orders from Washington.

SOUTH CAROLINA intends to defeat the Constitutional Amendments, because her people continue to believe in the right of secession, the justice of rebellion to resist the National Government, and the obnoxiousness of the Union. How can South Carolina believe otherwise when we have a President who preaches all these dogmas?

DISGRACEFUL.—John Morrissey the prize fighter, has been nominated by Congress by the democracy of the seventh district in New York, and will be elected. It is disgraceful for a gentleman to be catalogued with a "kniser" in the halls of Congress. But so low has democracy run.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—The Vanover Mercantile House is for rent. Possession will be given on the 1st day of April next. It is located in a good situation for retailing goods. JOHN MCENNY, Vanover, Juniata county, Pa. Oct. 21-66.

MASTERSVILLE TIN SHOP.—The undersigned has established himself in Mastersville in the Tinning business. Persons wanting anything in his line should call before purchasing elsewhere, as he is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Tinware Sheet Iron Ware, and to sell as low as they can be purchased elsewhere. His old customers and the public generally are respectfully invited to call, as he hopes by strict attention to business to deserve a share of patronage. Oct. 21, 1866-67. JACOB G. WINEY.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF GOODS.—J. R. M. Todd has just received a large assortment of Fall Goods, which he is selling at reduced prices. Prints from 15 to 20c. Best Domestic Ginghams 25 to 30c. Brown Madras 1/4 wide, 15 to 20c. " " 1/2 " wide 20 to 25c. Cassimeres from 25 to \$1.00. A large assortment of Furs and Muffs at city prices. Best sugar at 21c per quart. Brown Sugar 12c to 15c. A large assortment of Blankets, \$8.50 to \$25.00. White do. 10, 14, at \$7.50 to \$25.00. Also, a large assortment of coats of the best quality at from \$3.00, \$2.00 to \$5.00. Also, a large assortment of Ladies Gaiters at reduced prices. The above prices are for Cash or Country produce. The following prices will be paid for marketing: Butter 30c per lb. Eggs 25c per dozen—cash. J. R. M. TODD, Patterson, Pa.

In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Juniata, Estate of Daniel Burns. The auditor appointed by the court to distribute the balance in the hands of Henry Cross committee of Daniel Burns, deceased, and to amongst the creditors of the said deceased will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment on Thursday the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day at his office in Mifflintown, Juniata county, Pa. JEREMIAH LYONS, Auditor.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—William Cross of Delaware township, Juniata county, Pa., surviving partner of the late firm of Kurtz and Cross, composed of Joseph Kurtz, dec'd., and said William Cross, having on the 20th day of October, 1866, made a voluntary assignment of all the estate Real, personal and mixed belonging to said firm to the undersigned assignee in trust for the benefit of creditors. Notice is hereby given to all persons owing or indebted to said firm to come forward and make immediate payment and those having claims against said firm or partnership to present their account for settlement to Henry Cross, Perryville, Pa. JEREMIAH LYONS, Assignee. Oct. 21-66. Mifflintown, Pa.

ENVELOPES AND WRITING PAPERS, &c. at wholesale, SAMUEL BAYNOR & CO., 115 & 117 William St., New York. Envelope manufacturers, including every style of Epistolary, Note, Letter, Official, Pay Draft and Portfolio Envelopes. Also sole agents for the Irving & Harrison Mills Writing Papers, by the case or smaller quantity. Price list with samples sent by mail when requested. Dealers are invited to call and examine stock, styles, prices, &c. Oct. 17-66.

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.—The following real estate will be sold on the premises in Fayette township, Juniata county, one mile south of July Sitters Mill, two miles from Salem and six miles Northeast of Thompsonstown, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1866. A tract of land adjoining lands of Z. Wingerdiner, riding Ford and others, containing SEVENTY ACRES, a good portion of which is cleared has been heavily timbered and proceeds well.

The improvements consist of a good LOG HOUSE, a TENANT HOUSE, and a LARGE FRAME BARN with ample stabling, beneath it, together with all other necessary outbuildings. The Coconamus Creek passes through the property affording good water power. There is a SAW MILL in good running condition and doing a large business. There is on the premises an orchard of choice Fruit such as Apples, Peaches, Pears, Cherries, &c., all in their prime.

Persons wishing to invest money in land, would find it to their advantage to view this property before purchasing elsewhere as it will be sold at a bargain. For further information call upon the subscriber residing on the premises, or address him at East Salem, Juniata county, Pa. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by E. P. WICKERSHAM, Oct. 21, 66.

WHEELING COACH & WAGON MANUFACTORY.—We the undersigned beg leave to inform our customers and friends by this and adjoining counties, that we have enlarged our shop, and by the addition of Steam Power, are prepared to do work at the shortest possible notice.

We are constantly manufacturing and ready to order, every description of Coaches, Carriages, Buggies, Sulkeys, Wagons, &c., also Family and York enter ships. We are also prepared to manufacture Road Wagons—from one to four horse.

Having been working at the business for a number of years ourselves, and employing none but the best of workmen. We further guarantee that our work cannot be surpassed for neatness and durability; in this or adjoining counties.

We always keep on hand from twenty to thirty sets of best second growth, Jersey Holey Spools, in order to make durable wheels. And will warrant our work for any reasonable time.

Sulkeys and Buggies re-painted with neatness and durability. All other repairing heavy or light will receive strict attention. Come and examine our stock and work before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the name, BRUFFLEBERGER & CHISEWELL, Corner of the Pike & Cedar Spring road, June 27-66.

AGENTS WANTED FOR ELKAN MOORE'S NEW WORK.

"WOMEN OF THE WAR." Agents will find this a book of real merit and intrinsic value—subject new, intensely interesting and exciting. No work ever so successful and engaged the public mind like this. Everybody wants it, and thousands will purchase it as soon as an opportunity is afforded them. Read what agents say of it.

One experienced agent writes: It is the most neat and pleasant book to sell he ever encountered for; and says people are delighted with it, the ladies especially. Another says: "Women of the War" is the Book of the season. Another, 167 orders in four days.

One reports 17 orders the first day of canvassing. Intelligent, active males or females will find the sale of this work a pleasant and lucrative employment. This book has no competitor—it comes fresh and new to the people. The territory is clean and clear. Agents and dealers stand the advantages in this particular. For full particulars send for circular. Address S. S. SCANTON & CO., 126 Asylum St., Hartford, Conn. Oct. 17, 1866-67.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—The undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Henry Mott, late of Ferrymanagh township, Juniata county, dec'd., will expose to public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, November 3, next, at 10 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to-wit: a tract of land, situate in the above named township, adjoining lands of David Mott, George J. Mott, Samuel Sider, R. U. Gallaher, N. A. Fisher and others, containing Ninety-two acres, more or less, in a good state of cultivation, having thereon erected a large two-story Brick House, James Rankin Barn and all the necessary out-buildings. There is an excellent young apple orchard on this tract. The property is located in a good neighborhood, convenient to mills and markets, which makes it a very desirable and pleasant residence.

TERMS OF SALE.—One fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court, one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1867, one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1868, and the remaining one-fourth on the 1st day of April, 1869, with interest on the last two payments from the 1st day of April, 1867. E. S. DOTY, Adm'r. Sept. 19, 1866-67.

HOOP SKIRTS. 628. OPKIN'S "OWN MAKE" NEW FALL SEWERS.—Are in every respect first class, and embrace complete assortment for Ladies, Misses, and Children of the Newest Style, every length and size of waist.

Our Skirts, wherever known, are more universally popular than any others before the public. They retain their shape, before, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and really cheaper than any other Hoop Skirt in the market. The Springs and fastenings are warranted perfect. Every lady should try them! They are now being extensively sold by merchants, throughout the country, and at wholesale and retail at Manufacturing and Sale Rooms, No. 628 Arch Street, below 7th, Phila. Ask for Hopkins' "Own Make,"—buy no other.

CARROLL.—None genuine unless Stamped on each Kid Pad.—Hopkins' Hoop Skirt Manufacturing, No. 628 Arch Street, Phila. Terms: Not Cash. One Price Only. Sept. 6, 1866-67.

JUNIATA HOTEL.—MIFFLINTOWN, PENNA. The undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has taken charge of the above named Hotel, formerly kept by Amos Snyder. This is an old and well-known stand, and none more desirable for the accommodation of the public. The BAR will be stocked with the best quality of Liquors, his TABLE spread with the best the market can afford, and his STABLE, which is one of the most desirable in town, will be attended by good and trusty hostlers. April 4, 66-67. S. E. NOSTRINE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Kurtz, dec'd., late of Delaware township, have been granted to the undersigned residing in Fayette township. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them duly authenticated for settlement. SAMUEL LEONARD, Adm'r. Oct. 17, 66-67.