



A union of lakes, and a union of lands, A union no power shall sever; A union of hearts, and a union of hands, And the American Union forever!

MIFFLINTOWN, Wednesday Morning, February 21, 1866

H. H. WILSON, Editor and Publisher

THE JUNIATA SENTINEL has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in this County. It is therefore the best advertising medium. It is a Paper, truly loyal, ably conducted, a first class Localist, and well worthy of the patronage of every loyal citizen in the County.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS. AFTER the 1st day of March 1866, the SENTINEL will be discontinued to all subscribers residing outside of the county unless the subscription is paid in advance. Jan. 31-17.

Repeat of the Tax on Real Estate.—The Hypocrisy of Democratic Profession and Practice.

We have already announced the fact of the passage, in the House, of a bill repealing the tax on real estate. On the final passage of this most meritorious measure, says the Telegraph, the vote was almost unanimous, from which it could fairly be inferred that no opposition was offered to the bill, did the facts connected with its progress in the House not show otherwise. But from the first reading of the bill down to the taking of the vote on its final passage, the Democratic side of the House opposed it with marked violence. Amendments were proposed calculated to render it odious. Republican members clearly showed that the measure was designed to benefit the tenant and not the landlord, as the former and not the latter paid the tax on real estate. The argument had no force with the opposition, as they continued their efforts with the measure, until, as we have already stated, the bill reached its final passage, when the very men who sought its defeat voted for its adoption. But this was a miserable dodge. It was an effort to escape the odium of utterances indulged during the discussion of the bill; and when the debate is published, it will be shown that no measure recently before the Legislature received a fiercer opposition from the Democracy than the repeal of the tax on real estate. After all the professions of Democratic love for the poor man, with which the country has been so frequently nauseated, this last evidence of their hypocrisy will suffice to pillory these partisans in the contempt of the people.

The Freedmen's Bureau Bill now in the hands of the President, for his signature, provides that its operation shall be extended to all parts of the United States. Under it the President is authorized to reserve from sale or settlement under the homestead or pre-emption laws, and to set apart for the use of freedmen and loyal refugees, male or female, unoccupied public lands in Florida, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana and Arkansas, not exceeding in all 3,000,000 of acres, provided that not more than 50 acres is given to each freedman or refugee. The latter are to pay such annual rent for said land as may be agreed on. With regard to the South Carolina cotton lands the bill provides that Gen. Sherman's orders giving freedmen the lands shall be confirmed for three years from January 10th, 1865. The owners can make application for the restoration of their lands, provided the occupants consent to be removed to other lands, either public or private. In other respects the bill is nearly the same as the law now in force.

The great event at Washington last week was the "Lincoln Memorial" exercises which took place in the Hall of the House of Representatives on Monday. It being the anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln, the Hon. George Bancroft, by a resolution of both Houses of Congress, delivered an eulogy on the late lamented President. The oration is too lengthy for our columns. It was an impressive and thoughtful production, and was more of a review of the administration of Mr. Lincoln than a eulogium of his character.

Two commissioners, one from France and the other from Belgium, have arrived here on the way to Mexico.

The gubernatorial question at home and abroad.

While the loyal men of Pennsylvania are looking among the prominent gentlemen in their own ranks for a candidate for Governor, it must not be forgotten that our friends in other States have either selected candidates for Governor, or, like ourselves, says the Telegraph, are actively preparing to do so. In Connecticut, a convention of loyal men made a nomination for Governor on the first ballot, the candidate selected having been a soldier from civil life during the rebellion. Maj. Gen. Hawley is now the standard bearer of the Union men of Connecticut, and will, without a doubt, be elected Governor of that State. In Rhode Island, a very active canvass is being made for the gubernatorial nomination. The friends of Maj. Gen. Burnside are sanguine of his nomination, and well they may be, as while that distinguished soldier is now engaged in Pennsylvania constructing a railroad in the oil regions, his friends, the people of his native State, Rhode Island, are preparing to elect him Governor thereof. In other States, where State officers are to be canvassed for, we notice that the general voice of the loyal press unmistakably indicates the nomination of soldiers. It is not strange, therefore, in the midst of such an influence and occupying a most prominent position among all the great States of the Union, that the loyal people of Pennsylvania should also yield to the same just purpose of nominating a soldier as a candidate for Governor. Already, in Pennsylvania, the instruction of delegates indicates the nomination, by the Union men, of a soldier for Governor—Lancaster, Chester, Cumberland, Perry, and a large number of other counties, have formally instructed in favor of General Geary, it being safe to assert that for the first ballot, General Geary has delegates enough secured to make his nomination in the forthcoming Union State Convention. These facts make the nomination of Maj. Gen. John W. Geary, as the Union candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania, beyond the peradventure of a doubt. Indeed, his most sanguine friends insist that the spirit of harmony which now prevails the Union organization, will induce the withdrawal of all the other candidates, in acknowledgment of Geary's superior strength, and that his unanimous nomination will be effected on the first ballot. If this be true, the motives which prompt it are worthy of the men and the measures of our glorious organization.

These simultaneous movements of the Union men in the different States, for the recognition of their claims by the nomination of soldiers for responsible offices, speak well for the national organization in the future. By thus bestowing high honors on the defenders of the Union, the people indicate the intense feeling of devotion with which they cling to the federal compact. It is the illustration of the old Jacksonian sentiment that the Union must and shall be preserved—the fulfillment of Republican pledges that those who perilled their lives to defend the life of the Government, should, if surviving the fearful conflict, be invested with its authority and crowned with its honors.

Outrages on Union Men in Tennessee.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—The Nashville Press and Times of the 6th instant says: Intelligent persons from Robertson county give a deplorable account of affairs there. Some two months or more since, Thomas Payne, an old and respected Union man living a few miles from Mitchellville, on the Kentucky line, was hunted up in one of his fields by a rebel named Foster, and shot down in cold blood, and again shot when he was dying. The murderer then committed further outrages upon the female members of Payne's family. The Sheriff of that county is one of Morgan's men, and the Justice of the county cannot be induced to take any notice of the case, though the murderer is still there, apparently unconcerned. It is supposed that if they venture to arrest the offender their own lives will be in danger.

On February 2nd, an old and inoffensive Union man, Mr. Smith, was found dead in one of his out houses, shot twice, once through the head. His only offense was loyalty to his country. Our informant had heard of two other cases of Union men being found dead from violence, but could not give the particulars. A week ago, the notorious Harper was at Mitchellville and attempted to kill the postmaster, for the infamous offense of taking the test oath and holding office under the Government. He was with difficulty prevented from executing his purpose. A number of the Unionists of that county are preparing to go North. Mr. Barlow, whose wife had the misfortune to see the murder of Mr. Payne, has taken his family to Illinois, fearing his wife would be murdered to keep her from testifying in the case.

NEWS ITEMS.

Cuba's sugar crop will be larger than usual this year.

Gen. Perry county, has instructed her delegate in favor of John W. Geary for Governor.

General Jackson's motto: "Think before you act, but when the time comes for acting, stop thinking."

Look out for counterfeit fives on the Union Bank of Haverhill, and counterfeit tens on the Essex Bank, about Haverhill, Mass.

From all parts of the South comes a cry for change, and \$200,000 of fractional currency has been sent there to supply the deficiency.

A hotel, covering an acre and a half of ground, surpassing any in the country, is to be erected at the South End in Boston; cost \$1,500,000.

Warrants against the Government under ten thousand dollars, and quarter-masters' checks under five thousand dollars, will be paid entire in cash.

At Brownsville, Texas, it is a common remark at the breakfast table, "Well, who was killed last night?" or "Were there any bodies found floating in the river yesterday?"

The cattle disease is spreading in all parts of Holland, notwithstanding the precautions taken by the authorities to prevent the admission of diseased cattle into the country.

A report has obtained currency that Brigham Young has purchased, or obtained the refusal of two of the Sandwich Islands, to which he intends removing the polygamous Paradise, when compelled to make his helira from Utah.

A pair of lovers, fleeing from stern and cruel parents, were married in the cars near St. Louis the other day. Papa telegraphed to the conductor to send his daughter back, but he telegraphed back: "Never return a fare on this road."

The Swiss are highly gratified at the result of our late war, and all Switzerland seems to be glorifying America. They are going to send an artist over here for the portraits of Lincoln, Johnson, Seward, Grant and Sherman, to place in their national capital.

Gen. Dyer, of the United States Army at Springfield, has ordered the remodeling of five thousand of the Springfield rifles, with Albin's breech-loading improvement. The alteration does not materially change the appearance, or affect the range, but provides for the discharge of eighteen cartridges in a minute.

Some of the Oil companies of this State make a deplorable exhibit to the Auditor General. The law requires them to assess their stock at a valuation so that the tax can be adjusted. The same stock which a few months ago was represented by the directors to be cheap at ten dollars per share; is now valued by the same directors at five cents per share, and at this last assessment many of the taxes are computed and paid.

We find the marvelous story in an Eastern paper that on Sunday night last some body snatchers at Norwalk, Conn., dug up the body of a young lady who had been buried that afternoon, and succeeded beyond their anticipations. She had been buried while in a cataleptic fit, and upon being exposed to the night air, animation was restored. The resurrectionists fled, and she walked home. Her parents refused to admit her, believing her to be a ghost. She then went to the house of a young man to whom she was engaged. He took her in, and on Monday morning they were married.

Shocking Affair—Man Buried Alive

A story has been floating about town for several days, which seems incredible, but it has come to us from so many sources that we are hardly permitted to doubt it, though we have not yet been able to learn full particulars. We give the story as it comes to us, and leave our readers to take it with what grains of allowance they may. The tale runs that a returned soldier was found frozen in the grove near Urbana, and taken into a barn, where he laid for several days before burial. Soon after his interment, while some men were engaged in digging a grave, they heard strange sounds, which so frightened them that they left the cemetery in haste, under the impression that ghosts and goblins had taken possession of the city of the dead. Their wonderful story determined others to investigate the matter, and the grave of the soldier was opened, when the horrible discovery was made that he had been entombed alive, his body yet retaining some warmth, though the vital spark had fled. The noises that had attracted attention are supposed to have been made by the victim in his desperate struggles to escape a fate too awful to contemplate. —Champion (Ill) Union, Feb. 8.

Chaucey C. Burr, one of the shining lights of Jersey Democracy, says the Telegraph: insists that unless his party are ready to recognize the virtue, patriotism and heroic sacrifices for good, of Jeff Davis, Bob Lee, and other traitors, and to maintain that Seward, Stanton, Chase, Grant, "and all who fought against the South" are tyrants and cut-throats, it cannot ever hope consistently for success. Burr declares that Democracy means literally the superiority of the white man over the black man—that such a superiority can only be preserved by the enslavement of the blacks—that those who fought for slavery were the best Democrats—and that if the Democracy of the North desire to be consistent, they must avow now and forever, as just and sacred, the cause of the Southern slaveholder. Burr is certainly a bold as well as a lucid expounder of Democracy.

VALANDIGHAM RAMPANT.—At a late copperhead meeting in Ohio, Clement L. Valandigham made a speech counselling the most aggressive party actions. He relieved his feelings as follows:

"To-day the Democratic party, in many places in the land, languish from a false politeness and a sick sentimentalism. We have to change all that. We must speak in the vernacular; call things by their right names; take the aggressive, make charges upon the enemy, instead of parrying and warding their blows. Let us teach the enemy that there are blows now to be given, and none to be received. Let us go forward, and using the best words of Marston, which the great Wizard of the North put in the mouth of his hero:—'Charge, Chester, charge. On, Stanley, on.'"

New Advertisements.

WANTED.—A good Blacksmith can find constant employment and liberal wages at Rachel's Tannery, near McCullough's Mills, in Tuscarora Valley, address H. H. BECHTEL, McCullough's Mills, Juniata county, Pa.

ESTABLISHED 56 YEARS. SORREL HORSE HOTEL, No. 268 NORTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. A. DETWILER, Proprietor.

STRANGE BUT TRUE. Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge) by addressing the undersigned.—Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant, THOMAS F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing—

JOHN R. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York

GRAYBILL & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Cedar, Wood & Willow Ware, OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, Brooms, Mats, Brushes, Cotton Laps, Buckets, Twines, Wick, &c., 315 NORTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Feb. 21, 1866-ly.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try it, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, FREE, by return mail, will please address—

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings Co., New York.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, the following valuable Real Estate will be exposed to public sale on the premises in Fayette township, Juniata county, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14th, 1866, about one and a half miles from Oakland Mills and the same distance from McAllisterville. A Lot of ground adjoining lands of Wm. Harman, jr., Andrew Senior and others, containing SEVEN ACRES more or less, having thereon erected a good LOG HOUSE and BARN with running water on the door, a number of Fruit Trees of all kinds, and a well. ALSO—Another undivided one-half Lot, containing ONE ACRE and SIXTY-THREE PERCHES, adjoining lands of Thomas Dunn, David Clare and others—all cleared and under good cultivation.

TERMS.—The one-half on the First day of April 1866, when possession will be given; the remainder with interest on the First day of September 1866, when deed will be given. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given by SAMUEL LEONARD, Adm'r.

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between Jas. B. Souder and Samuel M. Elliott, doing business under the name of Souder & Elliott, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Patterson, Jan. 19-66

RUN AWAY.—Run away from the residence of the undersigned in Mexico, Juniata county, Pa. NEHEMIAH CONRAD.—As he has left my house without any cause, this is done for the purpose of cautioning all persons against harboring or trusting him on my account, as I will pay no debts of his contracting. ANDREW B. CONRAD, Mexico, February 21, 1866-6t.*

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF SADDLERY.

JAMES H. SIMONS would respectfully announce to his old customers and the public generally that he has a large stock of SADDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS, WHIPS and all other articles usually kept in a SADDLER SHOP, which he will sell at the following reduced prices: Best Silver Plated Harness \$34 00 Second do 32 00 Third do 30 00 Common Plated do 25 00 Common do 23 00 Best Spanish Saddles 19 00 Second do 22 00 Common Quilted Seat do with Horn 18 00 Common do without horn 16 00 Wagon Saddles 9 00 Five inch Breech-Bands & Side Leathers for two Horses 40 00 Four inch do 35 00 Back-bands 8 inches 3 20, 6 inches 2 40, 5 inches 1 75. Double set of Yankee Harness which includes bridles, hames, collars, lines, but chains, &c. 6 00 Pair of Yankee Bridles 4 00 Five-ring Halters 1 50 Three-ring do 1 25 Check lines 3-4 inch do do 1 inch 3 25 Blind Bridles 3 00 Riding Bridles from \$2 50, 3 00 4 00 Good Draft Collars 3 00 Harness do 2 00 Wagon Whips 2 00, 1 75, 1 50, 1 25 Ruggy do from 75 cents to 1 00 Doggy Lines, flat 2 00, round 3 00 Flow Lines 3-4 inch 1 00, 1 inch 1 15 1-4 inch 1 25. He would also invite the public to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can sell cheaper than any other establishment in the county. His motto is quick sales and small profits. Give him a call and save money. REPAIRING neatly executed and all work warranted. JAMES H. SIMONS, Bridge St., Mifflintown Pa. Oct. 11-ly.

READING RAIL ROAD WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOVEMBER 27, 1865. GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM New York, Reading, Pottsville, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Altoona, Elmira, &c. Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 8:00, 7:25 and 9:05 A. M., and 4:45 and 9:00 P. M., arriving at New York at 5:40 and 10:00 A. M., and 3:40 and 10:55 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad; Sleeping Cars accompanying the 8:00 and 9:05 A. M. trains without charge.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tanawagon, Shamokin, Ashland, Pine Grove, Altoona and Philadelphia, at 7:25 A. M., and 1:45 and 9:00 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and all Way Stations; the 9:00 P. M. Train making no close connections for Pottsville and Philadelphia. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Ashland via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 4:00 P. M. Returning: Leave New York at 9:00 A. M., 12:00 Noon and 8:00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8:00 A. M., and 3:30 P. M.; Pottsville at 8:30 A. M. & 4:15 P. M.; Ashland, 8:00 and 11:45 A. M., and 1:15 P. M.; Tanawagon at 7:55 A. M., and 1:40 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, at 6:45 A. M., Reading Accommodation Train: Leaves Reading at 6:30 A. M., returning for Philadelphia at 4:30 P. M. Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6:10 A. M. and 6:15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lancaster, Columbia, &c. On Sundays: Leave New York at 8:00 P. M., Philadelphia at 1:15 P. M., Pottsville at 8:00 A. M., Tanawagon 8:00 A. M., Harrisburg 9:05 A. M., and Reading at 1:00 A. M., for Harrisburg, and 10:52 A. M., for New York. Commutation, Mailing, Seaman, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced Rates. Baggage checked through: 80 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent, Reading, Pa. Nov. 27, 65-17

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be exposed to public sale at the residence of the subscriber, residing in Fernsenght township, Juniata county, Pa., about 3 miles from Millin, on FRIDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1866. A Certain tract of Land, adjoining lands of Jacob Hoffman, William Stremp and others: Number 1 contains Ten Acres of well timbered land with a TWO STORY DWELLING, Kitchen and Milk House attached, Wood House, Corn Crib, Sheep Stable, Large Horse Barn, a good Saw Mill with one-up and down saw, two circular saws, whip saw, &c. Number two contains ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES, Fourteen acres of which is set with heavy timber, well fenced; 60 acres has been ploughed and limed, produces good grass and is well calculated for grazing, being well watered. No 3 contains 10 acres of large rock soil and chestnut timber. This land must be sold, the subscriber having purchased land in Lancaster county, intends moving to it the coming spring. The terms will be made easy. At the same time and place there will be sold

TWO GOOD MARES,

Three Milch Cows, 1 Sow, 4 Shoats, 37 Good Sheep, 2 two-horse Wagons—one nearly new, 2 Wagon Beds, Horse Cart, Horse gears, Collars and Bridles, Plough Lines, 2 Spreads, Double and Single Trees, ONE IRON HARVESTER, Stead-toothed Rake, Flows, Shovels, Harrows, shovel Plows and spike Harrows Log Wagon, 3 Log Chains, Hay Ladlers, Corn Sheller, sheep trough and ladder, Spring Wagon.

1 BUGGY, 1 CARRIAGE,

Mattock and Ficks, Shovels and Corn Hoers, Tackles and forks, Hay pitcher, poles and pulleys, Cow Chains, two Grain Cradles. FIVE ACRES WHEAT IN THE GROUND, Fifty bushels of Potatoes, Corn by the bushel, eight tons of good Hay, Corn Fodder, Eye Straw by the bundle, a first-rate Cabinet-maker's Work Bench. ALL THE MACHINERY FOR STEAMING & SHAPING SLIGHT RUNNERS. Household and Kitchen Furniture: Bureaus, Cane Bottom Chairs, Book Case, Clothes Press, Settee, Kitchen Cupboard, Dish Bench, Bench Table, 1 good Cook and 2 Parlor Stoves, Store pipe, Milch Crook, 2 Closets.

SUITLESS ARE PROHIBIT DSELLING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS ON THE GROUND.

SALE to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when a liberal credit will be given by Feb. 7-15. WILLIAM WHITSON.

CREAT RUSH

AT THE New Firm

OF SULOUFF, FROW AND PARKER,

IN THE CRISTAL PALACE BUILDING, MIFFLINTOWN, PA.

Bargains!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED the stock of goods formerly belonging to Sulouff & Staunbaugh, and having added to it quite an assortment from the Philadelphia market, are now ready to supply the citizens of Mifflintown and vicinity with anything and everything that is usually kept in a country store, and a great many things that have never been kept before. We are determined to sell goods at a REDUCED PRICE and make it an object for the people to buy from us. A large stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of Ladies Dress Goods, such as FRENCH MERINOS, SHEPHERD PLAIDS, (all wool), FANCY PLAIDS, (all wool), FLAIN WOOL DELAINES, DRESS FLANNELS, FLAIN BACK FLANNELS, WHITE FLANNELS, BLUE TWILLED FLANNELS, RED FLANNELS, MUSLINS, BREAKFAST SHAWLS, &c., &c. Can be had at SULOUFF, FROW & PARKER'S.

MOURNING DRESS GOODS:

Black Shawls, Veils, Colars, Gloves, Gauntlets, Second Mourning Balmorals, Hoods, &c., &c. Everything desirable in this line, and a very large stock, At Sulouff, Frow & Parker's.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF GENTLEMEN'S GOODS,

consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Over Coatings, Vestings. Can be had at SULOUFF, FROW & PARKER'S.

REMOVED TO

62 103 37

16 John St.

Having supplied ourselves with a new and superior lot of Goods of the latest styles and patterns, and having secured from the importers many articles of great beauty and value, we are now prepared to make for the Spring and Winter better arrangements, and present greater inducements to purchasers, than we have ever before offered. We have 50,000 valuable and beautiful articles of Goods, comprising Pianos, Watches, Diamonds, plain and ornamental Jewelry, and Fancy Goods of every description, that we will sell at 25 each, regardless of value or cost.

HOW WE DISPOSE OF OUR GOODS.

We have 50,000 Oil Colored Photographs, comprising every subject—Religious, Sentimental, Comic and Fancy—that we will sell at Thirty cents each, or four for One Dollar; and with each Photograph we give two numbered notices. The notices are numbered from 1 to 50,000, and put into envelopes, sealed up, and thoroughly mixed; and when Photographs are purchased, two for each Photograph are taken out and sent with it. The articles of Goods are numbered from 1 to 50,000, and any article, no matter what value may be, corresponding with the number on the notice, will be sent for Two Dollars, free of cost, except when sent by express, then at the expense of the receiver. We do assure you that should the notice correspond with a Piano or other valuable articles of goods it will be sent to the purchaser for Two Dollars.

LIST OF GOODS AT \$2.00 EACH.

Seeca Octave Pianos, Rosewood Melodions, Gold Hunting Case Lever Watches, Silver Watches, Diamond Sets, Silver Tea Sets, Silver Choping Dishes, Sets Silver Teapoons, 20,000 Coral, Opal & Enamelled Brooches, Mosaic Jet, Lava and Florentine Set Gold Rings, Gold Pencils, Toothpicks, &c.

Comprising a list of endless variety and the choicest quality of Goods. We warrant our Goods superior to any establishment in the country, and hope you will give us one trial at least, and if the article is not as represented, and does not give satisfaction, return it, and we will send you a money back.

HOW TO ORDER GOODS.

Send us Thirty cents for one Photograph, or One Dollar for five—the extra one and two extra notices to the agent. When an Agent has sent us \$10.00 for Goods and Photographs, we will give one notice and the article it calls for free of charge; for \$5.00 three notices free; for \$2.00 four notices free; for \$25.00 a splendid Photographic Album, or six free notices; or for \$5.00 a good Silver Watch, warranted a good time-keeper. We keep an account of all money sent, and an Agent can order his commission at any time. Be particular and write your address full and plain, as we sometimes have orders in our office for months that we cannot answer for the want of proper directions.

ADDRESS—BARTHEW & CO., Box 6216 New York.

Jan. 3, 1866