

(Democratic Record Continued.)

"I deny as I have ever done since this department of civil war has awakened me to the truth, that the Federal Government has any right under the Constitution to coerce by force of arms or any one or more of its great constituencies."

PRO SLAVERY RECONSTRUCTION.

So far from maintaining the indissoluble nature of the Federal bond, the Democratic Party at an early period in the struggle adopted the theory that the secession of the South absolved the remaining States from all further obligation to the Constitution, and that they were individually at liberty to separate and set up for themselves or form new connections on such terms of alliance as they might please.

"Resolved, That in the deliberate judgment of the Democracy of Philadelphia, and so far as we know it, of Pennsylvania, the dissolution of the Union by the separation of the whole South, a result we shall most sincerely deplore, may release this Commonwealth from the bonds which now connect it with the Confederacy, and would authorize and require its citizens, through a convention to be assembled for that purpose, to determine with whom their lot shall be cast; whether with the North or the South."

That these were the views of the dominant men of the party is evident from the fact that Judge Woodward at that time made no secret of his desire that Pennsylvania should go with the South.

So, in the spring of 1861, ex-Governor Price, of New Jersey, in a letter to L. W. Barnett, of Newark, argued the matter thus:

"I believe the Southern Confederation permanent. The proceeding has been taken with forethought and deliberation—it is no hurried impulsive but inevitable act, based upon the sacred, as was supposed, 'equality of these States' and in my opinion, every slave State will, in a short time, be found united in one confederacy. Before that event happens, we cannot act, however much we may suffer in our material interests. It is in that contingency, then, that I answer the second part of your question, 'What position for New Jersey will best accord with her interests, honor, and the patriotic instincts of her people.' I say emphatically, they would go with the South from every view, prudential and patriotic reason."

At the time of the Chicago Convention, these views were not so openly ventilated, but they evidently were not at the bottom of the reconstruction contemplated by the "cessation of hostilities" and "convention of all the States" advocated in the platform. One speaker, however, D. H. Mahoney, of Dubuque, Iowa, was bold enough to enunciate them, and they were favorably received.

"We must elect our candidate, and then, holding out our hands to the South, invite them to come and sit again in our Union circle. [A voice—'Suppose they won't come!'] If they will not come to us, then I am in favor of going to them." [Loud cheers.]

And the Van Buren County Press, at Paw-Paw, Michigan, declared:

"If the North and South are ever reunited we project it will be when the Confederate States North adopt their new ('Montgomery') constitution, or something very near like it. There's a good time coming boys."

[To be continued next week.]

RESTORATION OF MISSISSIPPI.—On the first Monday in October an election will be held in Mississippi, under her new free State Constitution, for a regular Governor and other State officers, &c., a Legislature and members of the Federal House of Representatives. On the third Monday in October the Legislature is to meet, and all local officers are to be sworn in. Recently Provisional Governor Sharkey, issued a proclamation directing the formation of one company of cavalry and one of infantry militia in each county of the State, with the professed object of putting a stop to the prevalent outlawry of the guerilla bands. It appears, however, that General Slocum, commanding in Mississippi, thought that this looked very much like the re-arming of the South, and has therefore ordered that no such military organizations be formed anywhere in the State, and that all citizens having arms shall at once surrender them to the national officers.

Wenz, the Andersonville butcher of Union prisoners, now on trial in Washington, has asked for the consoling company of two priests. His request has been granted by the War Department and of course everybody knows what the villain meant when he solicited such consolation. His guilty soul begins to sicken at the approach of his doom, and as he cannot escape the punishment of men, he intends to evade it, if possible, by the grip of the devil.

Juniata Sentinel.



A union of lakes, and a union of lands, A union no power shall sever; A union of hearts, and a union of hands, And the American Union forever!

MIFFLINTOWN, Wednesday Morning, Sept. 13, 1865

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

A. L. GUSS, Editor.

Lev. 26: 13. Proclaim Liberty Throughout the Land to ALL the Inhabitants Thereof.

THE JUNIATA SENTINEL has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in this County. It is therefore the best advertising medium. It is a Paper, truly loyal, ably conducted, a first class Localist, and well worthy of the patronage of every legal citizen in the County.

Union Republican State Nominations

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, Maj. Gen. JOHN F. HARTMAN, OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, Col. JACOB M. CAMPBELL, OF CAMBERIA COUNTY.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER, JOSEPH M. BELFORD, OF MIFFLINTOWN.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, BENJAMIN F. WALLS, (3 years) Color Bearer of the 47th P. V. Aged 60 years, OF LACK.

JOSEPH B. McDONALD, jr (1 year) Private in Co. A 1st Penna. Cavalry, OF DEALE.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER, HARRY H. WILSON, Captain of Co. F. 16th Penna. Cavalry, OF PATTERSON.

FOR COUNTY AUDITOR, TROOPHILUS T. DAVIS, Quartermaster of 53rd Regt. P. V. OF PATETTE.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR, WILLIAM DUNN, Esq. OF PATETTE.

"Treason must be made odious! Traitors must be punished and impoverished. They must not only be punished, but their social power, must be destroyed; and after making treason odious, every Union man and the Government should be remunerated out of the pockets of those who have inflicted this great suffering upon the country."—President Johnson, April 21, 1865.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—

The JUNIATA SENTINEL is Published on Main Street, next door to the Post Office, Mifflintown, Juniata County, Pa., on every Wednesday at the rate of \$2.00 per year in advance and \$2.50 if not paid within the year. We wish to do a cash business as nearly as possible. We wish to deal honest and alike with all, and therefore need not be asked to vary from our terms by any one. Thankful for past favors we ask the continued...

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—

Seventy-five cents per square of ten lines or less for the first insertion; three insertions for \$1.50 and 50 cents for all subsequent insertions. Estate Notices \$2.00. Professional and Business cards with paper \$8.00 per year. Merchantile cards with paper \$15.00 per year. Local notices 10 cents per line.—People ought to look to their interest and advertise in the SENTINEL as its circulation is about one third larger than any other paper published in the county.

JOB WORK RATES.—

Eight sheet bills, \$1.25; quarter sheet bills \$2.00; half sheet bills \$3.00; whole sheet \$6.00—50 bills are always given if desired. Blanks \$2.00 per quire. Colored or fancy work extra. Cards at \$1.50 per hundred. Job Work respectfully solicited as we believe we can do up jobs as neatly and attractively and expeditiously.

Assess the Soldiers!

It is the duty of district committees, and the privilege of individuals, to see to it that all soldiers are assessed on or before the 30th of this month. Soldiers who served and voted in the army lost their citizenship, temporarily, at home, and it must therefore be restored before they can be permitted to vote.

A TABLE OF DISTANCES.—We have a very fine table exhibiting the distances between 26 of the principal places in Juniata County—price 10c on cards.

The Democrat's Idea of Good Things.

The Davis-organ down town, gets off the following, which it endorses as one of "good things!"

"Chalk and ivory! Heels and shins! Sambo's glory now begins! Go 'way white man! You don't know How to vote right—lat is so. Yaw, yaw, yaw!—Yaw, yaw, yaw! De happiest day I eber saw!

Man and brudder—equal born— De Maker's image (in a horn!) De glory ob de risin' day— De called cuss from Africa! Oh, kinky, minky, stinky, oh! If dis ain't glory, tell me so!"

We can not deny the character and destiny of that man who professes to believe in the religion of the Lord Jesus Christ, and yet delights in such "good things" as the above sample of silly negro-hate and infidel sarcasm. By such mighty arguments (?) art thou upheld, oh sham Democracy!

Wholesale Falsehoods.

In the last Register we find the following false assertions about the Republican Union Convention:

- 1. That the convention was held under lock and key.
2. That there were but eleven delegates.
3. That they sneaked out of the room like burglars.
4. That half of the townships were not represented.
5. That only one vote was cast in Walker township.
6. That several speeches were made.
7. That some wanted to nominate soldiers while others thought the soldier business a humbug.
8. That Liggitt is a friend of the editor.
9. That Liggitt was sent out with a search warrant to seek somebody to represent delinquent townships.
10. That it looked as if the party was played out.
11. That a delegate said it was not worth while to nominate a ticket.
12. That we will get licked like the d—anyhow.
All these things the writer well knew to be untrue when he penned them.

In the last Democrat we also find the following falsehoods:

- 1. That the Convention met in Will's back Room to nominate a ticket.
2. That quite a number of districts were not represented.
3. That it was unanimously passed to put out all spectators.
4. That a committee was appointed to inform certain supposed privileged characters to leave.
5. That some one made the silly speech published in the Democrat.
6. That Lack, Fayette, Greenwood and Monroe were not represented.
7. That the Convention was controlled through feuds, bickerings and jealousies to disturb and go home.
8. That the gathering was the greatest of humbugs.
All these things and many more were well known to be false by the writer.

Union County Convention.

Pursuant to the call the Delegates from the various Districts assembled in Mifflintown on Saturday the 2nd and after consultation it was agreed to adjourn until Thursday the 7th at which time the Convention assembled at the Court House and was organized by the election of Hon. John Beale as President and Col. J. N. Moore and H. A. Stambaugh as Secretaries.

Credentials were then handed in as follows: Mifflintown—H. A. Stambaugh, J. H. Simons, Fermanagh—S. W. Henderson, Eph. Sieber, Fayette—Michael Hoffman, T. T. Davis, Monroe—A. G. Shellenberger, S. C. Strasser, Susquehanna—Levi Light, Sol. Updegrave, Greenwood—H. Minium, S. Shellenberger, Delaware—J. T. Carpenter, Emanuel Smith, Patterson—Geo. Goshen, F. M. Miekley, Perryville—Lt. Sam. Laird, P. S. Liggitt, Turbett—Jacob Hoops, Henry Arbogast, Milford—Col. J. K. Robinson, S. Minnichan, Beale—Hon. John Beale, Dr. J. P. Serritt, Spruce Hill—A. J. Patterson, W. J. Evans, Tuscarora—James Irwin, Henry Morrow, Lack—William Varner, Mathias Stamp, Black Log—Rob. McIntyre, Samuel Shearer.

On motion the Convention proceeded to nominate Candidates by acclamation.

On motion of Harry A. Stambaugh, it was unanimously resolved that JOSEPH M. BELFORD of Mifflintown be nominated for the office of County Treasurer. On motion of P. S. Liggitt, BENJAMIN F. WALLS, the color bearer of the 47th Regiment, of Lack township was unanimously nominated for County Commissioner for the long term (3 years).

On motion of Dr. J. P. Serritt, Jos. B. McDONALD, jr private of Company A, 1st Pa. Cavalry, of Beale township was unanimously nominated for County Commissioner for the short term (1 year).

On motion of T. T. Davis, Capt. H. H. WILSON, of Company F, 16th Pa. Cavalry, of Patterson borough was unanimously nominated for Jury Commissioner.

On motion of J. N. Moore, Lieut. T. T. DAVIS of Company I, 53rd Regiment of Fayette was unanimously nominated for County Auditor.

On motion of A. J. Patterson, Esq., WILLIAM DUNN of Fayette township was unanimously nominated for County Surveyor.

On motion of P. S. Liggitt Messrs Capt. H. H. Wilson, Capt. W. H. Patterson and C. B. Horning were elected to meet the conferees of Mifflin and Huntingdon counties and nominate a Legislative Ticket.

On motion of A. J. Patterson, the President was authorized to appoint the usual County Standing Committee.

The President has appointed the following Standing Committee:

Mifflin—Col J. Patterson, Capt. A. H. Martin, Fermanagh—Elias Horning, R. C. Gallagher, Fayette—Michael Hoffman, Capt. L. Degen, Monroe—A. G. Shellenberger, S. Strasser, Susquehanna—Levi Light, Sol. Updegrave, Greenwood—S. Shellenberger, H. H. Minium, Delaware—J. P. Thompson, Elihu Benner, Walker—J. A. Gallagher, John Motzer, Patterson—Lt. Samuel Brown, Geo. Goshen, Milford—Col J. K. Robinson, Theo. A. Hardy, Turbett—Stewart Turbett, Isaac Kaufman, Perryville—Lt. Sam. Laird, P. S. Liggitt, Spruce Hill—Wm J. Evans, Thomas Patton, Beale—Dr. J. P. Serritt, Richard Doyle, Tuscarora—James Irwin, George M. Smaker, Lack—Mathias Stamp, John Leonard, Black Log—R. McIntyre, Samuel Shearer.

On motion, Messrs F. M. Miekley, Dr. J. P. Serritt, A. L. Guss, J. T. Carpenter, and Michael Hoffman were appointed a Committee to draft Resolutions expressive of the sense of this Convention, in regard to the political issues of the day.

The Committee on Resolutions report the following:

Resolved, That we congratulate the Union Party of Juniata County that the war for the Union was not a failure, but that the general Government by the aid of its loyal people has vindicated its authority in every State, has subdued the hosts of treason and has triumphantly shown the wisdom and patriotism of all its measures.

Resolved, That the Union Party, having redeemed all its promises, now presents its principles and nominees, with the strongest possible claims, to the earnest support and suffrages of the American people.

Resolved, That we endorse heartily the platform and principles and candidates set forth by the Union State Convention recently assembled at Harrisburg.

Resolved, That we hail with pleasure the fact that the hobbies, faultfindings and falsehoods of our political enemies, during four years of war, have gone down with the rebellion which they were designed and calculated to aid and comfort.

Resolved, That the record of the so called democratic party, of Juniata County, and of the State, in opposing and voting against the Amendment granting Soldiers the right to vote, presents in them a spirit so ungrateful, unpatriotic and infamous, that it ought never to be forgotten by any true soldier or soldier's friend.

Resolved, That the dastardly conduct of our leading so called democrats in disturbing and interrupting public meetings, and the repeated efforts to gag and curb the organ of the party in this county conclusively prove that all their complaints about "free speech and free press," "arbitrary arrests, military interference, &c., &c.," are but the vilest hypocrisy, as they lack only the power to effect for themselves what they falsely charge upon the friends of the general Government.

Resolved, That we present this day candidates for the various county offices, men who are honest, capable and worthy, and as far as possible men who have shown their devotion to the Union on many bloody fields—that their claims on the suffrages of our people are of the very highest character, and more especially so when compared with their opponents, all whom while sitting at home in security have been loud and bitter in their denunciations of the war and of every efficient measure adopted to subdue the rebels.

Resolved, That we revere and gratefully cherish the memory of A. LINCOLN, who saved and delivered his Country with an honesty, faithfulness and patriotism that commanded the admiration of the world, and who after having fought the good fight and kept the faith, was fearlessly slain by hands rebelling and prepared by the teachings of our political enemies.

Resolved, That we endorse the demerit of ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States; that we appreciate the zeal and faithfulness of AND. G. CURTIN Governor of our noble Commonwealth; and that our thanks are due to JEREMIAH LYONS, Esq., for the honest devotion that characterized him in his labors as Chairman of Standing County Committee during the past year.

On motion the Convention united in three rousing cheers for the Union Soldiers Ticket just nominated, which was responded to by those present with a will which betokened a most decided enthusiasm in the good cause.

The Convention on motion then adjourned.

Hon. JOHN BEALE, Pres. J. N. MOORE, H. A. STAMBAUGH, Secretaries.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1856, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county within the Commonwealth to give public notice of the General Elections, and set forth the officers to be elected, and the place at which the election is to be held.

I, SAMUEL B. LOUDEN, High Sheriff of the county of Juniata, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Juniata that on the SECOND TUESDAY OF OCTOBER next (being the 10th day of the month) a General Election will be held at the several election districts established by law in said county, at which time they will vote by ballot for the several officers hereafter mentioned, to wit:

ONE PERSON to fill the office of Auditor General of the State of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of Surveyor General of the State of Pennsylvania.

TWO PERSONS, in connection with the counties of Huntingdon and Mifflin, to fill the office of Member of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of Treasurer of Juniata county.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of County Commissioner of Juniata county for three years.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of County Commissioner of Juniata county for one year.

TWO PERSONS to fill the office of Jury Commissioner of Juniata County.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of Surveyor of Juniata county.

ONE PERSON to fill the office of Auditor of Juniata county.

I ALSO HEREBY MAKE KNOWN and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid General Election in the several districts are as follows, to wit:

- At the Court House in the borough of Mifflintown, for the borough of Mifflintown.
At the Court House in the borough of Mifflintown, for Fermanagh township.
At the School House in Mexico, for Walker township.
At the Academy at Thompsonstown, for Delaware township.
At the Public House of Thomas Cox, for Greenwood township.
At the School House in Richfield, for Monroe township.
At the School House, for Susquehanna township.
At the School House in McAllisterville, for Fayette township.
At the School House in Patterson, for the borough of Patterson.
At the School House in Perryville, for the borough of Perryville.
At the Locust Grove School House, near the residence of John Melin, for Milford.
At the Spruce Hill School House, for Spruce Hill township.
At the School House near the residence of Samuel Allen, for Beale township.
At the School House near McCulloch's Mills for Tuscarora township, except that portion of it lying north-westward of the summit of the Shade Mountain.
At the Lick School House near the residence of Benjamin Walls, for Lack township except that portion of it lying north-westwardly of the summit of the Shade Mountain.
At the Centre School House, for so much of the townships of Lack and Tuscarora lying north-westwardly of the summit of the Shade Mountain.
At the Church Hill School House, in Turbett township, for Turbett township.

I ALSO MAKE KNOWN and give notice as in and by the 13th section of the aforesaid Act, I am directed, that every person, except Justice of the Peace, who shall hold an office of appointment, of profit or trust, under the Government of the United States, or of this State or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, judiciary or executive department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature and of the Select and Common Council of any city, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or other office or any such election shall be eligible to any office."

Also that in the 4th section of an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to Executive and for other purposes," approved April 18th, 1860, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as Judge Inspector or Clerk of any General or Special Election of this Commonwealth."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 7th section of the Act first aforesaid:

"The judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificates of the election of their respective districts and produce them at the meeting of the judges from each district, at the Court House in the Borough of Mifflintown, on the third day after the day of the election, being the 13th day of October, A. D. 1865, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said Judges."

Also, by the 19th section of "an Act to regulate elections by soldiers in actual military service, approved the 25th of August, A. D. 1865," "the return judges of the several counties shall adjourn to meet at the places now directed by law, on the third Friday after any general or presidential election for the purpose of counting the soldiers' vote."—The return judges will re-assemble at the Court House in the borough of Mifflintown, on Friday, October 27, 1865, who shall receive from the prothonotary of the county and shall include in their enumeration, the votes so returned, by soldiers in actual military service. Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable accident is unable to attend said meeting if judges then the certificate of return aforesaid, shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said Judge unable to attend.

The return judges for this Assembly district will meet at the Court House in Lewisburg, on Friday, November 3, 1865, then and there to do and perform such duties required by law of said Judges.

Also, that an Act of Assembly, entitled an Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth passed July 23, 1859, further provides as follows, to wit:

"That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they belong, before 9 o'clock, in the morning of the SECOND TUESDAY IN OCTOBER, and each of the said inspectors shall appoint one clerk who shall be a qualified voter of such district."

Agreeably to the provisions of the 61st section of said act, every General and Special election shall be opened between EIGHT and TEN O'CLOCK in the forenoon and continue without interruption or adjournment until SEVEN O'CLOCK in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

SAMUEL B. LOUDEN, Sheriff, Mifflintown, September 13, 1865-66

New Advertisements.

H. F. SAIGER WITH PEPPER & MARKLEY, MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES

No. 31 North Third Street, Philadelphia. M. G. PEPPER, H. F. SAIGER.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ, forty different styles, adapted to the colored and uncolored music, from \$30 to \$600 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York.

WANTED. A Situation as Clerk in a store by a young man of responsibility. The best references given. For information apply at this office. Aug. 24, '65.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENTS.—Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of Thomas Shorner, late of the borough of Patterson deceased, either by Note or Book Account to come forward and pay up before the first of September, or these claims will then positively be put into the hands of a Justice for collection. ANNA SHORNER, D. A. DOUGHERTY, Administrators. Aug. 2-31

FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned Administrator of Estate of John East, will offer for sale at public outcry by order of the Orphans Court on the premises in Delaware township, Juniata County, Pa., about two and one half miles North West of Thompsonstown, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH 1865. A tract of land situated as above stated and bounded by lands of H. O. Evans, David Walker a Heirs, Margaret Finson and others containing about

160 Acres.

About 35 acres of which are cleared and under good cultivation, the balance being timber land. There is on the premises a LICK HOUSE and LOG BARN and a Spring of water near the door, and on the place

AN APPLE ORCHARD.

TERMS.—One half of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale by the Court and the other half on the first of April next to be secured by judgment. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day, when attendance will be given by the undersigned, from whom any additional information may be obtained prior to the sale. SAMUEL J. KURTZ, September 6, 1865-66.

The Universal Clothes Wringer



WITH COG WHEELS.

HIGHEST PREMIUM PRICES REDUCED. Large Size, \$10 00. Medium, \$6 50.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

The Universal Cog Wheel Clothes Wringer

Was pronounced superior to all others at the WORLD'S FAIR IN LONDON. In 1862: received the Bronze Medal, (highest premium) at the Great Fair of THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

In New York City, in 1867. It has also received the FIRST PREMIUMS at the following State Fairs:

New York, 1862-1863; Vermont, 1863; Pennsylvania, 1863-1864; Michigan, 1864; Indiana, 1865-1864; Illinois, 1863-1864; Iowa, 1865-1864; Wisconsin, 1864; Conn; River Valley Fair, 1864; Champlain Valley Fair, 1864; and at the principal County and Institute Fairs throughout the land.

TESTIMONIALS.

"My family would as soon give up the cooking stove as this Clothes Wringer. It cannot be too highly recommended."—Solon Robinson.

"After a constant use of the Universal Clothes Wringer for more than four years in my family, I am authorized by the 'powers that be,' to give it the most unqualified praise, and to pronounce it an indispensable part of the machinery for housekeeping."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

"This is the first Wringer I have found that would stand the service required of it."—J. P. Higgins, Lovell's Hotel.

"In the Laundry of my house there is a perpetual thanksgiving on Mondays for the invention of your excellent Wringer."—Mrs. Theodore L. Cuyler.

"We think the Machine much more than pays for itself every year in the savings of garments. We think it important the Wringer should be fitted with COGS."—O. Judd.

"I heartily commend it to economists of time, money and contentment."—Rev. Doctor Bellows.

"It saves labor, expedites work, makes the laundry good natured, does not tear out buttons—and is indispensable in a well regulated family."—R. S. Steers, Jr., D. D.

"Every week has given it a stronger hold upon the affections of the inmates of the laundry. Every member of the household is in admiration of it."—New York Observer. On receipt of price from any part of the country where we have no canvassers, we send the Wringer free of freight charges. A good canvasser wanted in every township. Send for Illustrated Price Circular. E. C. BROWNING, No. 347 Broadway, N. Y.