

Juniata Sentinel.



A union of lakes, and a union of lands,
A union no power shall sever;
A union of hearts, and a union of hands,
And the American Union forever!

MIFFLINTOWN,
Wednesday Morning, August 2, 1865

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

A. L. GUSS, Editor.

Lev. 25: 10.
Proclaim Liberty
Throughout the Land
to ALL the
Inhabitants Thereof.

THE JUNIATA SENTINEL has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in this County. It is therefore the best advertising medium. It is a Paper, truly loyal, ably conducted, a first class Localist, and well worthy of the patronage of every loyal citizen in the County.

Written for the Sentinel.
The Soldiers' Monument Fund.

Mr. Guss, Have the receipts for the Soldiers' Monument stopped? I see their weekly publication has been discontinued. What is the matter? Are the people not interested, or have the committees neglected to wait upon our citizens? We cannot erect a monument without funds, and we cannot get funds unless those into whose hands this important work has been entrusted—discharge the duties devolving upon them. If any of the committee decline to act, let others be appointed who will, and the good work go on. We believe from what we know of the public sentiment, that the erection of a monument in honor of our brave boys, who have fallen in battle, during the late bloody struggle, meets with the general approval of the people, and all that is necessary to obtain the few thousand dollars requisite to its erection, is, that the subject should be intelligently brought before them. There seems to be an opinion prevalent among our country friends, that the proposed monument is to be put up in the Court Yard, in Mifflin, especially for the benefit of town. Such is not the fact. The monument is to be erected, and dedicated to the honor and memory of the heroic dead, of our whole country. The project had its origin in town, and that has been spoken of as a suitable place to have it erected, but the location, as yet has not been selected. Every district in the county has an interest in it, and has a voice in the selection of a location.

The committees, I think are the proper persons to decide where and how it should be built. Let them go to work, call upon every Lady and Gentleman, ask them politely for their ten, five and ones; and don't slight the boys and girls, their halves, quarters, tens and fives all help to make dollars; and even the little ones penny, will help us to put up this noble structure.

It need not, and must not fail.
Yours Respectfully,
H.

MULE SALE.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that we are to have an extensive sale of mules at this place on next Friday, to be continued most probably on Saturday. We have no doubt that many of our farmers and teamsters would do well to attend this sale. These mules will come to themselves much sooner than horses, and when once fed up, are death on a pull, never die, are easily kept, and have many advantages over horses. This will most likely be the last chance to secure the animals and we expect to see a large crowd here next Friday.

John H. Sarratt one of the murderers of President Lincoln has been captured in Texas and was yesterday taken on through this place to Washington and to the gallows.

Don't neglect to read the special sale of mules advertised in this weeks paper.

We call the attention of all our fun and wonder loving readers to the Animal and Circus Show advertised in another column. We believe this to be a good show and expect to see a large turn out. The Elephants the Hippopotamus and other animals will be a sight themselves worth seeing and the fun loving folks will not be overlooked. Come and

The Entertainment of the Soldiers' Orphans.

Elsewhere in our issue of to-day we give a copy of the programme, &c. connected with the Entertainment of the Soldiers' Orphans. We had originally suggested to Col. McFarland the propriety of the Entertainment, and had taken upon ourselves the responsibility of providing and making arrangements. Had it proved a failure, doubtless there are those who would have laugh and scolded at our expense. But we are happy to state it passed off with unusual satisfaction to all our citizens. Everybody as far as we have heard considers it a success, and the citizens feel that while they entertained the fatherless, they in turn were entertained. Every heart seemed to be touched, and seldom if ever was such a universal turn out of our citizens as there was on Thursday evening around the Court Yard to see the Orphan Boys parade.

We had arranged a complete programme for the distribution of the boys and girls, but on their arrival it was partially deranged by causes not necessary to enumerate. Consequently we had to do the best we could, and rejoice that the difficulty was that there were more who were willing and anxious to keep these little orphans than there were of them to be kept. We record this with pride, as it speaks well of our citizens, and especially so as some ignorant thoughtless, or wicked person was luscily circulating the story that the children were not fit to be entertained in respectable families—that they had the measles, the itch and other contagious diseases, and that they were dirty lousy and ragged. It seems really as if there were always some persons ready to speak evil of anything good. It was to counteract all such silly rumors that we felt anxious to have the school in town over night and sing some of their songs, as we well knew it would impress our citizens favorably and excite a sympathy for the unfortunates. We did not expect an artistic performance, but we still knew that they could touch our hearts.

Remarks were made by Dr. Thos. H. Burrows, Col. McFarland, Revs. Allison and Kirby. A collection was taken up to aid the children in purchasing a Sunday School Library which amounted to \$22.72, and might have been twice as large if all the people could have been seated in the Church. The school had given an entertainment in McAlister's hall the night previous and nearly \$10 were there realized. Col. McFarland returned his thanks to those who had taken an interest in getting up the entertainment and providing places for the children and keeping them over night.

We accompanied about 50 of the children the next day westward, dropping them off at stations up as far as Altoona. Here we took supper with Mr. Dorn of the Tribune and after a chat with several friends returned home. It was amusing to see the interest which the children excited along the road. "Who are they" and "what are they" were constant questions. At Lewistown an incident occurred to which we expect to refer next week.

The House of Representatives.

[From the Chicago Tribune.]
By an act of Congress, May 23, 1850, the number of Representatives was established at 233, which number was apportioned among the several States (rebel included) in 1852 upon a basis of 124,183 population. Several large fractions occurring, Congress, by an act of March 4, 1862, gave an additional member to each of the States of Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Vermont, thus increasing the number to 241. Nevada having since been admitted to the Union with one member, the total is now 242. The present apportionment stands a fixed fact until the 3d of March, 1873. The eleven States now in process of reorganization are entitled under it to the following representation:

Virginia, 8;	North Carolina, 7;	South Carolina, 4;	Georgia, 7;	Florida, 1;
Alabama, 5;	Mississippi, 5;	Louisiana, 5;	Texas, 5;	Arkansas, 3;
Tennessee, 8.	Total, 58.			

Elections of members have been made for the Thirty-ninth Congress in all the States of the Union, except the aforesaid eleven, and Kentucky and Nevada. Of the 180 members already elected, 144 were chosen on Lincoln tickets, and 36 by the opposition. It is difficult to make political estimates for the future; but in any event the Republican side will have a clear majority of 48 in a full House, as follows:

Republican	Opposition
26 States have elected 141	36
3 (Ky. and Nev.) estimated 4	6
11 Southern States,	
Total	141 36

Democracy Fishing For Gudgeons.

We had supposed that the democracy had yielded to copperheadism, and that the end of the war had killed off both. But the recent address of the "National Committee of the Democracy of the United States," proves that we were mistaken. Mr. Charles Mason, as chairman, an old office-holder under Presidents Pierce and Buchanan, speaks in the name of the "national" democracy, and bursts forth in a most extravagant eulogy upon President Johnson for his reconstruction policy, admitting at the same time that he and the democratic party have been widely separated by what the address chooses to call "extraneous circumstances."—The strangeness of this attempt on the part of the Democratic party to claim Andrew Johnson, by reason of his reconstruction policy, is apparent from the fact that Johnson is carrying out Mr. Lincoln's policy and for which the latter was so cruelly abused by the Democracy. We thus have the same thing which made Abraham Lincoln a "tyrant" and a "usurper," making a saint of Andrew Johnson. So manifest is this inconsistency, and so ridiculous do its authors become, that they are doomed to inevitable defeat.—The idea that President Johnson will abandon the true and loyal men who have elected him and saved the country for the purpose of going over to the semi-rebels and political potfloggers who compose what is left of the Democratic party—for such is the object of this flattery—is ridiculous in the extreme. The garb is too clumsily baited to catch even the blindest of gudgeons, and cannot deceive a politician so sagacious and experienced as President Johnson.

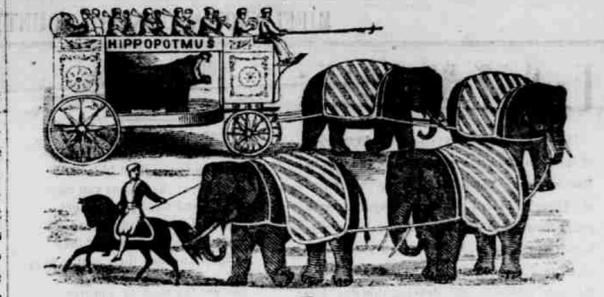
The servility of these men is pitiable in the extreme. As long as the rebellion continued, and the Southern Confederacy stood for their support they leaned upon it and their political hope entwined about it as affectionately as the vine around the tree. That reliance gone, we now find them reaching desperately in every direction to find something else to cling to.—It matters not, apparently, what the character of the support may be, if it is only sufficient to keep them out of the mire and sustain their worthless political existence. Consistency, principle, manhood are all utterly disregarded in this eager search for a position. The professions of the past are forgotten or treated as worthless, and every desire for the future seems to be centered in the one idea of finding some measure or some individual upon which they can lay hold to sustain themselves, and keep their organization from utter extinction.

Of course, such a policy is liable to lead those who practice it into the most inconsistent and awkward positions, and place them in attitudes which would be intolerable to men capable of shame.—The leaders of "the Democracy," however, were never particularly sensitive in that regard, and hence we find them bearing up under the ignominy and humiliation of acts of selfabasement, and under a load of public scorn, with the callousness befitting their cause. A rebuff in one quarter, apparently, makes them only the more eager for a smile in another.—Like unfortunate suitors, who have wholly failed on the objects of their own desires, they are ready to make love to the mistresses of any and all others, who happen for the time to be alienated from their natural and legitimate attachments. When General Sherman lost caste for the time with the loyal men of the country, who always sustained him, on account of his unlucky negotiation with Joe. Johnson, the Democrats rushed fawningly to his feet, and obsequiously vowed their willingness to adopt him as their own.—So with President Johnson; when they find a disagreement prevailing between him and some of the more radical of the Republicans, on the subject of reconstruction—it matters not that he has been their most hated man for the last four years—they rush eagerly forward, and call upon him to come to their arms.—They have abused him without stint or mercy, and he has by no means been complimentary in his expressed opinions of them; nay more, he is even now engaged in carrying out a policy of prescription and punishment towards the rebel leaders which must be in the highest degree distasteful to the Democracy, and yet they are perfectly ready to take him to their bosoms, if he will change his policy—oh no—if he will only separate himself from the Republicans.—He may hang Jeff Davis, the idol of the Democrats, and practice any enormity he chooses upon their friends, the rebels, they will nevertheless take him, if he will only allow them to call him their own.

A movement is on foot by colored men to purchase the Charleston Mercury and publish it as an anti-slavery journal. Some progress has been made, and money is being subscribed with a good prospect of success.

G. F. BAILEY & CO'S AND METROPOLITAN QUADRUPLE COMBINATION

Enlarged, Improved and Re-Organized,
Being at present the Largest Traveling Establishment in the country consisting of—



Jas. Melville & Co's Grand Circus, and world renowned Equestrian Troupe, comprising the STAR RIDERS of both hemispheres.

Herr Driesbach's Extensive Menagerie!

Comprising a magnificent collection of rare BEASTS and REPTILES, among which will be found Lions, Tigers, Leopards, Hyenas, Cougars, Lynx, Pumas, Lamas, Panthers, &c., Birds of gorgeous plumage, and a Colony of Monkeys.

Sands, Nathans & Co's Performing Elephants!

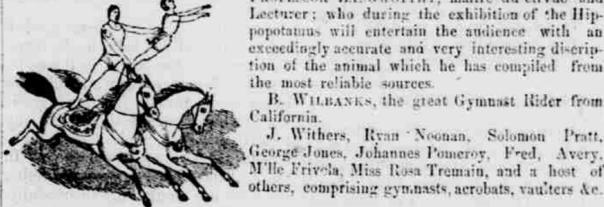
whose wonderful feats surpass anything ever before witnessed, and whose extreme docility and intelligence, have attracted the attention of the most noted savants and students of Natural History.

The Gigantic Hippopotamus!

or "BEMMOTH" of Holy Writ, of whom it is declared (Job 40—33) "Upon earth there is not his like." This rare specimen of the brute creation, the last vestige of pre-Adamic existence, was captured by the present keeper, A.H. the Egyptian by order of the Viceroy of Egypt, 2000 miles above Cairo, on the White Nile, in Africa, and was imported into this country at an expense of more than \$40,000, by G. C. Quick, Esq., with whom such arrangements have been made as to enable the Management to present him to the public in conjunction with the other unique attractions which make up this Catalogue of Wonders comprising this gigantic combination.

The Circus Troupe is the largest and most complete ever combined in one establishment, being composed of the most popular, skillful and accomplished performers in the profession, having been selected from the first establishments in Europe and America. Among the principal Artists are the following:

- MADAM MELVILLE, the Austrian Equestrian, the most beautiful and accomplished Lady rider in the world;
- JAMES MELVILLE, the Australian performer, who stands without a Peer in the arena. The distinguished Australian family whose Equestrian and Miscellaneous Performances have won a wide world reputation;
- MASTER FRANK MELVILLE, the youthful Equestrian;
- MASTER SAMUEL MELVILLE, a wonder in Equestrian in all he attempts.
- GEO. MELVILLE, the principal Equestrian.
- PHILO NATHANS, an artist whose praise is great in mouths of wisest censure, whose performances on one, two, three and four horses are excelled by no one in the world.
- WM. KINKADE, the man of a hundred Summersaults and the renowned representative of the Eccentric PETE JENKINS.
- SHARPEE & WHITENEY, the Acrobats, par excellence of the United States, the most daring and thrilling Trapeze Performers ever seen.
- JIM WARD, the funniest of Clowns in Comic Songs, Sayings, Dances, Slack Rope exercises, Plate Spinning, Tumbling, never failing to create a big fuss generally.



J. WITHERS' famous Washington Brass Band.

THE STUD OF HORSES is composed of the finest English, American and Arabian thoroughbreds, highly trained and magnificently caparisoned; and the programme of the arena will comprise all the elegant, sensational, thrilling, comic and entertaining novelties of the day.

The whole of these MAGNIFICENT ATTRACTIONS will be exhibited in
MIFFLINTOWN, PA.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 10TH, 1865.

DOORS OPEN AT 2 & 7 P. M. under one enormous pavilion, for one price of admission, which, notwithstanding the enormous outlay attendant upon such an unprecedented combination, is fixed at the low figure of 50 cents. Children under ten years of age, half price.

The GRAND PROCESSION will enter the town at 11 o'clock A. M., preceded by the GIGANTIC HIPPOPOTAMUS drawn by a TEAM OF ELEPHANTS, (four in number,) followed by WITHERS' WASHINGTON OPERA BAND; the grand MENAGERIE, the extensive CIRCUS and Troupe of Artists, together with the Gorgeous Paraphernalia of the Metropolitan combination.

J. MELVILLE, Director of Arena.
C. H. FARNSWORTH, Agent.

New Advertisements.

GREAT SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES.

25,000 ANIMALS TO BE SOLD DURING THE MONTH OF AUGUST.
In the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Delaware, Maryland, and New Jersey, and the District of Columbia.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C. July 24, 1865.
Will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the time and place named below, viz:

NEW YORK.
New York city, Tuesday and Friday of each week, 200 Horses each day.
New York city, Wednesday of each week, 200 Mules each day.
Elmira, Tuesday, August 8, 200 Horses.
Elmira, Tuesday, August 15, 500 Mules.
Albany, Friday, August 25, 500 Mules.
Buffalo, Wednesday, August 30, 500 Mules.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Philadelphia, Thursday of each week, 200 Horses each day.
Philadelphia, Wednesday and Saturday of each week, 100 Mules each day.
Pittsburg, Thursday of each week, 150 Mules each day.
Pottsville, Tuesday, August 1, 200 Mules.
Mifflintown, Friday, August 4, 200 Mules.
York, Friday, August 4, 200 Horses.
Newville, Wednesday, August 9, 100 Horses.
Newville, Thursday, August 10, 100 Horses.
Reading, Friday, August 11, 200 Horses.
Shippensburg, Wednesday, August 16, 100 Horses.

ERIE.
Erie, Thursday, August 17, 200 Horses.
Shippensburg, Thursday, August 17, 100 Mules.
Williamsport, Friday, August 18, 200 Horses.
Indiana, Monday, August 21, 100 Horses.
Chambersburg, Wednesday, August 23, 100 Horses.
Chambersburg, Thursday, August 24, 100 Mules.
Millon, Friday, August 25, 200 Horses.
Carlisle, Wednesday, August 24, 100 Horses.

OHIO.
Columbiana, Tuesday, August 1, 100 Horses.
Salem, Wednesday, August 2, 100 Horses.
Alliance, Thursday, August 3, 200 Horses.
Canton, Saturday, August 5, 100 Horses.
Cleveland, Tuesday, August 8, 1,000 Mules.
Massillon, Tuesday, August 15, 200 Horses.
Crestline, Thursday, August 15, 500 Horses.
Cleveland, Monday, August 21, 200 Horses.

INDIANA.
Fort Wayne, Thursday, August 21, 1,000 Mules.

DELAWARE.
Wilmington, Tuesday of each week, 200 Horses.
Wilmington, Friday of each week, 200 Mules each day.

NEW JERSEY.
Trenton, Thursday, August 10, 200 Mules.
Trenton, Thursday, August 24, 200 Mules.

MARYLAND.
Baltimore, Wednesday, August 9, and Wednesday of each week thereafter, 200 Horses each day.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Each week day, 200 Mules.
GIESBORO, D. C.
Each week day except Wednesday, 200 Horses.

An opportunity to purchase a superior class of saddle and draft animals, at far less than their true value, is now offered to the public. Though the majority of them are sound and serviceable, they are no longer required in the army, and must be sold.

Many of the mules were bought in the beginning of the war, when young, accompanied the armies in all their marches and camps, and are thoroughly broken, hardened by exercise, gentle and familiar from being so long surrounded by the soldiers.

Animals will be sold singly.
Sales to commence at 10 A. M.
TERMS—Cash in United States currency.
JAMES A. ERIN,
Proc. Brig. Gen. in charge
1st Div. U. S. M. G. C.
Aug. 2nd '65.

ESTATE NOTICE—
Estate of Isaac Hollman, dec'd.
Notice is hereby given that letters of Testamentary on the estate of Isaac Hollman late of Mifflintown, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned residing in Fernsough township. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will please present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH ROTHROCK,
Executor.
Aug. 2, 1865-66.

ESTATE NOTICE—
Estate of Benj. Yoder, dec'd.
Notice is hereby given that letters of Testamentary on the estate of Benj. Yoder, late of Delaware township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned residing in the same township. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will please present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JONAH YODER,
Executor.
Aug. 2, 1865.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given to all persons who have subscribed for "Schmucker's History of the Rebellion," to Isaac Hollman, deceased, and who have received the first volume, that the second volume is now ready and will be delivered in a short time, by the undersigned.

PETER REED.

MEDICAL CARD.
DR. S. O. KEMPFER, (late army surgeon) having located in Mifflintown, tenders his professional services to the citizens of this place and surrounding country.
Dr. K. having had eight years experience in hospital, general, and army practice, feels prepared to request a trial from those who may be so unfortunate as to need medical attendance.
He will be found at Will's Hotel at all hours, except when professionally engaged.
July 22, 1865.

NOTICE!
Ladies wishing to be supplied with neat and good shoes will find it to their advantage to call on H. D. WELLES, at his shop on Main Street above Cherry, where they can be supplied with almost every style at moderate prices. Gentlemen having repairing their wish, durably and neatly executed will be promptly attended to by giving him a call—
FRANK'S CASH,
H. D. WELLES,
Mifflintown, July 29th '65.