Democrat--Local.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Oysters—Keystone Saloon.
Book Binding—Lyons & Drake.
Owners Wanted—L. M. Baldwin.

Notes About Town.

Methodist sociable at Mrs. Ann Lewis' on Friday evening next.

Grange mite society at C. J. Hollister's on Friday evening, Oct. 29th.

Woman's Temperance Prayer-meeting at Miss E. M. Frazier's, Thursday at 3 p. m.

Mr. Frank Herrick is building a new dwelling house on the corner of Drinker and Lincoln streets.

Our "boys" in the office tender their obligations to Mr. Kirby Bunnell, of Bridgewater, for a large basket of very fine apples. We also have had some fine potatoes left by some one, whose name we cannot remember.

Mr. Joseph Steiger, of Jessup, left 18 eggs up on our table, the product of one hen. This hen has laid 44 eggs during the summer all of which have had an average measure of 8 by 8 inches each. The 18 which we have weigh 3 pounds and 2 ounces. Seventeen of them measure 6 by 8 inches and the other one measured 6¾ by 8½ inches. Can any one give a better report?

We have been forced by other duties in the political canvass to devote so much time and space in drawing the indictment of the Court House Ring, that we have been obliged to give less attention to correspondents and other local matters; but our duties after this number will be less urgent in that direction when we will give all due attention. We make this apology that any may not feel that we have intentionally put them by.

On account of the press of other duties we were unable to notice the event of the nuptials of Miss Katharine H. Bentley, daughter of G. V. Bentley of Montrose and Mr. Nathan H. Shafer of Scranton, which happy event occurred on Thursday evening, Oct. 14th. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. G. Miller at the Presbyterian church before a large audience of invited and uninvited guests. It was one of the grandest affairs of the kind that has ever taken place in our town and well it should be, for Miss Kittie is one of the fairest of the daughters of Montrose, and the appreciation of her was manifested in many different ways as well as in very beautiful and costly presents.—Miss Bentley for a long time has been the Organist at the Presbyterian church, and the church and Sunday School united in paying her their respects and gratitude by many tokens of affection in silver and gold. May the happiness she so richly deserves, be awaiting her for many years to come.

The Radical speaker at the Court House on Friday night last, Mr. G. G. Lee, said that he knew of a man from Bradford county who had been all his life in office and seeking office and that he was very corrupt. We felt sorry for Judge Streeter who sat in the bar at the time when the attention of every body in the house was thus called to him, as he has been in office since he was 21 years of age, as they must have certainly thought the speaker meant him, the coat was so perfect a fit. We have never enjoyed a Republican meeting so much as we did the one at the Court House on Friday evening last. There must have been nearly 75 persons present men, women, children, and boys to hear the Hons. G. G. Lee and Ashman speak their pieces. Their pieces had been prepared for Philadelphia and about one half of what they said was about their local politics. Mr. Ashman's gun did kick on the Radical leaders in a fearful manner and we were surprised that they submitted to the outrage. He said that the Democrats charged the Republican leaders with corruption, and he said he was willing to admit that they had a large amount of corruption among them, but that it came from "converted felons from the Democratic party."—There sat such men as Judge Streeter, W. W. Watson, Wm. J. Turrell. In fact every man who is an official or leader in the party is one of those "converted felons" from the Democratic party, General Grant and Hartranft included. So that there cannot be another felon left in the party. We noticed the Ring organ did not applaud the speakers much, this truth "soured on them." Mr. Ashman opened his speech by repeating verbatim, Henry Ward Beecher's discription of the time he was "in the fog" in the White Mountains. The meeting was an utter failure and one of the candidates, who is on the Radical ticket, said, "if this is a representation of the Republican party in Susquehanna county, we are all gone to——(a hot place.)

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

Ring Candidates not Responsible.

The Republican Ring attempts to allay the restiveness of the people under their corrupt rule, by saying that if they have been corrupt he candidates now nominated are not responsible.

We charge that every candidate on the Ring ticket for 1875 was put there by the influence of the "Court House Ring," and therefore is the political property of the Ring and if elected is pledged to support the Ring, and we further assert that it will be the cash power of the Ring that elects them if they are elected. Every child can see this "Rah for the Ring."

The cost of Improving the Bench.

The *Republican* paper and stumpers have much to say about its costing too much to change Judges, because Mr. Little is concerned in so many cases and would have to change Courts with an adjoining district.

Now, if this is an argument at all, it proves too much. For the Judge in office has only, through incapacity and weakness, or through design, to let three years business accumulate on his hands, in order to put this plea to silence competition. No lawyer with experience and practice, (without which he cannot be competent) is to compete for the office, on account of the very thing that qualifies him to discharge its duties! Why not give Mr. Streeter a lifetenure? Why elect a Judge at all? If a term of ten years, with a salary of $40,000, does not satisfy his wants why not double the term and give him twenty years? He wants more office does he? When do you expect this hard-working, energetic producer will be so full of office and salary as to retire?

But if Mr. Little is elected, he will change Courts, with another Judge until his cases are off; and it will be no additional expense to the people. The two Judges will simply change works, neither doing any more work than he would have done without the change. The men who put this out do it to catch votes.

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

Voice from Republican Ranks.

FRIEND HAWLEY: I met with a friend from Susquehanna Depot to day. We had some conversation on the political questions of the day, viz.: The Democratic Reform Platform. He said he had made up his mind to vote for reform regardless of party. He said one of the Ring drivers of Montrose came to him and said, I hear you are going to vote the Democrat ticket this fall. He said yes. The Ring driver said if you do it will ruin you for all time to come. I would ask the voters of Susquehanna county to stop and think for a moment. A man who dares to vote according to the dictates of his own judgement and the interest of his country and himself he is to be ruined forever. If it has come to that, because a man will not vote as the Ring drivers dictate, he is to be ruined forever, it is high time the voters of Susquehanna county begin to wake up to their condition, and assert their manhood and show the Ring drivers that we not only desire but will vote for the best interest of ourselves and our country. I find that a great many of the Republicans of our town are going to vote the Democratic Reform ticket.

NEW MILFORD.

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

A Word to Soldiers.

The Montrose Ring *organ* has always asserted that no body but Republicans had any credit as soldiers. Now we never have had any politics in the question of soldiers, for whoever went to the front to lay down his life, on the alter of his country has never been asked by us what his politics were, for he has ever received our highest gratitude and however much we may have criticised the policy that managed him in the field our heart goes out with gratitude to him that he perilled his life in our stead. But we have only to point to the empty sleeves and vacant firesides in Susquehanna county to show that Democrats were well represented in the front, in the camp, and in the grave yard.

We would ask the soldiers, however, to see what the Court House Ring want of them.—HARVEY K. Sherman their candicate, and the Ring, traduced a man who, we are told by the soldiers who were at the front under his command, was as brave a captain as any in the field and who left a leg on his country's altar in evidence, by asserting up and down the streets of Montrose, that Captain E. B. Gates was unfit for the office of Sheriff, because he was a *drunkard* and in evidence of this we refer our readers to the letter from almost every citizen in the township of Dimock, all of whom were his neighbors, which the Ring organ dare not refuse to publish, proclaiming the assertion a base falsehood. We are further informed by soldiers who have been Republicans in politics, that Harvey K. Sherman reported that Captain E B. Gates was a *coward in the army and shot himself by which he lost his leg*, and these soldiers intend to resent it at the polls, and no man, Democrat or Republican, can find fault with them for such action.

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

From Liberty.

Quarterly meeting at the brick church Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Rosa Vance is expected to teach our winter term of school.

After our dearth of sunshine how welcome is this Indian summer.

Potatoes are rotting badly, though some varieties seem nearly to escape.

The bank of the creek by the Baptist church has been firmly and substantialy fortified.

A horse of Theron Smith's well to all appearance, suddenly dropped dead in the harness.

A stranger stopped at Mr. Oliver Alerds the other evening. He has not spoken a word and shows not the least intention of leaving.

Mr. Renseler Northrop is building a cider mill near E. Standford's, a good idea if he had only commenced before the apples were all ground up.

Mr. Ezra Southworth, who a few weeks since started for Germany to complete his musical education, has arrived there in safety and has already entered school.

The Graded School on orthodox hill in Franklin has opened under the supervision of Mr. Wright and Miss Tuttle, who are first-class teachers and every way qualified to ensure success.

Our place is entirely destitute of news carriers. Nobody seems to make it a specialty to peddle bits of information or some of these home fixtures might possibly get an item now and then to write. ZOE.

Liberty, October 23, 1875.

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

Law for Jail Tax 1867 and 1868.

We give below the authority which the legislature gave the County Commissioners, to build a jail in this county, to which we referred last week and in vindication of our assertion that they had no authority to use the five mill tax for any other purpose or to bond the county for more than $16,000.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the commissioners of the said county of Susquehanna are hereby authorized to erect a new jail, in and for the said county, at an expense, to the said county, not exceeding thirty-five thousand dollars, to be located upon a site, selected by the said commissioners, upon the lands of the county, situate in the borough of Montrose, in the said county.

SECTION 2. That the tax of five mills upon the dollar of valuation, which the said commissioners have caused to be assessed and levied, for the purpose of repairing the present jail, in pursuance of the recommendations of the said grand juries, is hereby legalized and made valid; and the said commissioners are hereby authorized to collect the same, and apply the proceeds thereof to the erection of the new jail, as provided by the first section of this act.

SECTION 3. That the said commissioners are hereby authorized to issue the bonds of the said county, to an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars, payable at such time, or times, as the said commissioners shall direct, and bearing interest at a rate of not exceeding eight per cent., and to be applied to the payment for the erection of the said jail.

JOHN P. GLASS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LOUIS W. HALL,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The tenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven. JNO. W. GEARY.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the commissioners of the said county of Susquehanna are hereby authorized to expend, in the erection and completion of the said jail, the further sum of six thousand dollars, as provided in the act to which this is a supplement.

SECTION 2. That the said commissioners are hereby authorized to issue the bonds of the said county for the said sum of six thousand dollars, in such amounts and payable at such times as they shall direct, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding eight per centum, to be applied to the payment of the said six thousand dollars.

ELISHA W DAVIS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The eighth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight. JNO. W. GEARY.

Read and circulate this paper; take it to the polls with you.

Homer's Charge of Exorbitant Bills.

The Ring *dog* barks at us in his paper of week before last, in an assertion that we have charged higher than he has for publishing statements and proclamations, and assumes to put forth figures. Will the Commissioners make any such charge over their signature?—We trust that they will not but will speak the truth and their clerk will "attest" it, and assert that the following is the facts:

That up to some time in 1873 we always went to the Commissioners' office with our bill for advertising with no amount carried out and that Wm. A. Crossman, in the presence of the Commissioners, always showed us what was the amount of H. H. Frazier's bill and we carried out our bill by duplicating his, and we here assert that if any other figures appear in that office it is because we were deceived by their clerk, and we call on the different Commissioners to verify our statement. We further charge that when we had criticised the statement on reduction o fexpenditures, in our paper in 1872 that we were called before the Commissioners at their office and told that if we were making such statements that they would commence upon us to reduce expenditures, and *ordered* us not to publish the statement but *two weeks* and render our bill to them, all of which we did and told them it was perfectly satisfactory to us, and that we did not publish the statement for a bribe to close our mouth, and we call upon Mr. Beebe of Franklin, who was one of the Commissioners at that time, to verify the assertions and we know he will do so.

We further charge that in 1875 we presented our bill for publishing the very large statement, for $156, and that Wm. A. Crossman showed us H. H. Frazier's bill, for the same thing, for $176 and said we ought to have the same and were entitled to it, but we told him we were now making our own bills. We call upon E. G. Ball to verify this statement and we know Mr. Ball will do so.

The following is the article that appeared in the DEMOCRAT, February 14th, 1873, for which we were ordered, by the Commissioners, to render our bill at once and take the statement out of our paper which we did.

"We hear considerable criticism upon some parts of the County Statement of finances as published this year, not from Democrats but from Republicans. Now we would suggest a remedy for all of these suspicions. If there is dissatisfaction with the statement as audited, let there be a committee appointed by the people to examine the Ledger accounts. We have no right to charge dishonesty in this matter without proving it by a thorough investigation. It is due the board of Commissioners, that such an examination take place to exculpate them from suspicion, and were we one of them we should demand such action, for honest deeds will bear daylight just as well as darkness."

After the bill was rendered and settled the Commissioners took pains to inform us that it was done because of the above article and we said to them that we were perfectly satisfied.—That we did not take the publishing of the statement as a bribe and that we should say no more if they refused it and no less if they gave it to us, and we call upon Mr. Beebe and Mr. Crossman to verify this statement.

In 1873, just before the time of publishing the statement for that year, C. M. Gere came to us and said that the Commissioners were very much offended at what we had said and he thought they would not give us the statement but would let some of the other papers publish it. We told Mr. Gere that was a matter for them to decide, that we had said what we believed and had no apology to make and that such a threat would not close our mouth. We call upon C. M. Gere to verify this statement.

We should not refer to this at this time as we intended to leave such personal matters until after our duty to the people had been discharged before this important election, but we find that the Ring *hounds* are attempting to soften the effects of our charges by circulating H. H. Frazier's wilful, base and malignant defamation.

How the Ring Explain.

The Ring are attempting to explain away the figures in the DEMOCRAT respecting their administration of the county finances by clamoring that they have been behind the counters in the Commissioners' office, and made up such and such figures. Now we do not care what kind of figures they now make up from that source. We hold them to a strict account for the figures they have published to the tax-payers in the county Statements they have made to them from year to year. It only makes a bad matter worse if they have now different figures behind the counter in the Commissioners' office.

They falsify us, to begin with, by reporting that we said in our issue of October 6th, that the duplicates for 1874 were $54,565.35. We refer to the DEMOCRAT and prove this a false assertion. We said this and we repeat it with increased emphasis, that the Commissioners' Statement for the year 1874, showed that they "collected, received and loaned $54,565.35," and they know that any other assertion is a base misrepresentation of us.

That all who have not a file of the county paper may know what the statement says we give it below.

The County Treasurer says, that from the

County Treasurer of 1873, he rec'd	$ 5,709.18
From dupl'tes, unseated lands, &c.	48,856.17
Total	$54,565.35

He then credits himself as follows:

Refunding orders	$ 8.44
County orders redeemed	40,966.33
Exonerations to collectors	246.26
" State tax	51.85
Percentage to collectors	1,431.89
" State tax	66.79
Treasurer's percentage	1,600.67
Balance in Treasury	4,193.21
Total	$54,565.35

Every syllable they explain from behind the counter at this time is but adding insult to injury, to the people. We charge that the above statement shows just what we said that $50,372.14 was the gross amount of running expenses of this county for 1874 and that not one dollar of the bonded debt is redeemed in the transaction. The proof is on the face of it when the Treasurer says that he has redeemed county orders to the amount of $40,966 33 and the balance is principally percentage. If the Treasurer had redeemed one dollar of county bonds it would appear as such having been cancelled by him, to be taken out of the statement for 1875. If the facts are otherwise then the statement of the County Treasurer of 1874 is a misrepresentation to the people upon the face of it, to the impeachment of every other report in that statement.

The County Statements are put out before the people under oath and are taken by them as positive evidence of their financial condition and any statement from behind the Commissioners' counter that changes them, impeaches the Commissioners themselves. We will go back to 1867, the commencement of the "jail tax levy" and debt, and quote from the different statements and leave the people to reconcile it for themselves.

Gross tax levy (before jail levy,) 1866	$16,119.34
" " " (including jail tax) 1867	31,655.45
" " " " " 1868	32,472.01
" " " " " 1869	32,399.47
" " " " " 1870	32,360.60
" " " " " 1871	32,077.75
" " " " " 1872	32,074.53
" " " " " 1873	31,996.16
" " " " " 1874	28,884.98

The above taken from their published statements is very ominous and vindicates our assertion that there has been over $90,000 collected upon the five mill "jail tax" and that said tax has been continued. It is ominous also to see that in 1874, just before an important election, that the tax levy is less when the expenses are greater, but we will leave the people to decide that.

Now for the jail debt business. The Treasurer says:

Jail orders redeemed 1867	$20,296.12
" " " 1868	16,601.01
Total	$36,897.13

Now we come to 8 per cent. Bonds, or what Skinner calls "lawfull interest." The statement says, (not the Treasurer,) that

Bonds redeemed in 1869	$12,321.44
" " 1870	2,656.79
" " 1871	2,849.97
" " 1872	2,139.40
" " 1873	702.00
" " 1874	18,143.96
Amount Bonds claimed redeemed	$38,813.56

The Treasurer says:

Loaned of Wm. H. Cooper	1867	$10,000.00
"	1868	6,850.00
"	1869	15,550.00
"	1870	1,572.00
" and indebtedness	1871	5,486.73
"	1875	1,000.00
"	1874	16,000.00
Amount loaned		$54,458.73

Now what does this show? We answer this, and leave it in the hands of the people and the Commissioners to prove that we err.—

Amount loaned in 8 years	$54,458.73
" claimed paid on bonds	38,813.56
Loaned more than paid out	$15,645.17

Now we charge (under the law of 1867 and 1868 published elsewhere) that they have collected a five mill additional assesment on $3,000,000 and over, for eight years. That by so doing they have raised at least $120,000. That in addition to that their statements show they have borrowed $54,458.73. That they had authority only, by the act of assembly, to expend $41,000 on the jail. That it only gave them authority to issue bonds to the amount of $16,000 at what they call "lawful interest" which is EIGHT PER CENT. That their statement shows that in 1867 and 1868 they paid in "County orders" $36,897.13, which they declare is more than the jail cost. Therefore, after collecting the $90,000 and after borrowing in addition $54,458.73 and admitting that they have redeemed $38,813.56 the following condition of things appears.

Jail debt	$36,287.07
Borrowed in 8 years	54,458.73
Total	$91,745.80
By Jail orders paid 1867	$20,296 12
" " " 1868	16,601.01
Bonds claimed as redeemed	38,813.56
Total	$75,710.69
Amount jail debts and loans	$91,745.80
" bonds and orders redeemed	75,710.69
Balance 1874	$16,035.11

Now we ask the tax-payers to examine the records themselves as printed in the Montrose *Republican* from year to year for the above facts and figures.

What other conclusion can be arrived at than this? That the county was bonded to the amount of $16,000 for *jail debt* under the law of 1867 and 1868, at EIGHT PER CENT. interest, and that not one dollar of those bonds has ever been redeemed, but remain in full force against the county drawing 8 per cent. interest, and are in the hands of H. H. Reed of Philadelphia. That they have been used as a sort of a banking fund to raise money and have been drawing interest from the tax-payers of this county at 8 per cent. ever since.—If our figures and conclusions are not substantiated by every evidence the people have of knowing, which is the County Statements, then we will stand convicted, when it is shown to the contrary.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

MEN TO CARRY IT OUT.

The "Court House Ring" and their henchmen having attempted in various sections of the county to dishonor us, as candidates before the people, and to falsify our position upon the platform of Retrenchment in the expenses of the county which was unanimously adopted by the Democratic Convention, held at Montrose, September 20th, 1875, and to which each and every one of us for himself personally pledged his support in accepting a nomination after its adoption; and who are also attempting to belie the honest motives of the Democracy in declaring for old time honesty and economy in the administration of the affairs of the county and state therefore, we take this method to renew our pledge in a more personal manner.

That *we*, the several candidates of the Democratic party of Susquehanna county, do, each personally and for himself pledge his sacred honor to maintain and carry out the terms of said platform to the minutest particular viz:

The candidate for Treasurer, Henry C. Tyler, pledges his honor to the people of Susquehanna county, that, if elected, he will not, *under any circumstances*, receive but $600 per annum for performing the duties of that office.—The candidates for Commissioner, Leander Griffis and Matthew Ryan, each, for himself, pledges his honor to the people of Susquehanna county, that, if elected, he will not *under any circumstances* receive to exceed $250 per annum for performing the duties of that office and that the salary of the clerk shall be fixed at $500.

Each and every one of the remaining candidates for himself hereby solemnly pledges his sacred honor that he will employ his every energy and all lawful means to carry out the fullest and strongest interpretation of the following platform in its very letter and spirit; To wit:

Resolved, That for the purpose of paying the bonded debt of this County—amounting to over $18,000—upon which we are paying to a foreign holder of the bonds *eight per cent.* per annum, the salary of the Treasurer shall be fixed at $600 per annum. The salary of Commissioners' Clerk at $500 per annum, and the pay of the County Commissioners shall not exceed $250 each per annum.

Resolved, That the fees and salaries of all County officers should be reduced by legislative enactment, to such sums as shall be a reasonable compensation for the service performed. The people can not afford to enrich a Sheriff and Prothonotary every three years.

(Signed.)

Ralph B. Little,	Henry C. Tyler,
William White,	Matthew E. Ryan,
Curtis C. Gilbert,	Leander Griffis,
Roger S. Searle,	L. B. O'Doud,

W. L. Richardson.

Having a common interest with all tax payers of this county we take this opportunity to demonstrate to them the partial effect of the triumph of the above proposed Retrenchment.

The average amount paid annually to the three Commissioners of this county in the aggregate since the year 1869 (6 years) as per county statement, published in each of the county papers, which any one can inspect for himself, is $1,324.12. In lieu of this, take the terms of the above platform and the aggregate for the same will be $750 per annum.

Three Commissioners	$1,324.12
Three Commissioners, Democratic Platform	750.00
Difference per annum	$574.12
Difference in 3 years	$1,722.36
Comr's. Clerk per annum	$1,000.00
" " Democratic Platform	500.00
Difference one year	500.00
Difference in 3 years	$1,500.00
Treasurer per annum	$1,000.00
Treasurer Democratic Platform	600.00
Difference per annum	1,000.00
Difference in 3 years	$3,000.00
Am't saved on Comr's	$1,722.36
" " " Clerk	1,500.00
" " " Treasurer	3,000.00
Whole amount saved in 3 years	$6,222.36

From this source alone in nine years the whole county debt would be paid with interest.

Jury List.

The following is a list of Grand and Traverse Jurors drawn for the term of Court to commence at Montrose, on Monday, November 8th.

Grand Jurors.

Auburn—John Linsbury, Warren Sterling.
Apolacon—Richard Rooney.
Brooklyn—James O. Bullard.
Clifford—Cyril Crandall, James F Hodgson, Jacob Stephens.
Franklin—Daniel H Blowers.
Friendsville—Mark C Sutton.
Gibson—Jacob L Gillett.
Great Bend tp.—Amasa T Trowbridge.
Harford—George F Foot.
Harmony—Squire M Munson.
Lathrop—Samuel Glaze, William Miles.
Montrose—Riley Fletcher.
New Milford Boro.—William Hayden.
New Milford tp—Ernstus B Smith.
Rush—Benjamin Bertholf, Bernard Carl.
Susq's Depot—Charles Gilbert.
Springville—James H Lyman, Gilbert Palmer.
Silver Lake—John Evers.

Traverse Jurors—First Week.

Auburn—Joseph Case, Charles Fuller, Joseph D Lusbury.
Ararat—Samuel L Sweet.
Bridgewater—Jeremiah Baldwin, Frank McDowell, Simeon Lewis, Isaac G Lake.
Choconut—William Coggin.
Dundaff—John Rivenberg.
Forest Lake—Michael Mann.
Great Bend tp—Joseph DuBois, Ira Griffin, Ruben H Hayward, Wm. C. McIntosh.
Gibson—Andrew Slocum, Herman Weber, James Fuller.
Harford—Farris A Barnard.
Harmony—Edson A Barrett, Joseph L Marsh.
Hesse C Payne.
Jessup—John Smith.
Lenox—Martin Conrad, Sydney Finn, Lafayette Stephens.
New Milford tp—Samuel Green, Robert Gillespie, Edward J Tyler.
Springville—David Dailey.
Susq'a Depot—Wm H French, Sylvester French.
Silver Lake—James Murphy.

Traverse Jurors—Second Week.

Auburn—Peter LaFrance, John Overfield.
Bridgewater—James Calph, Lewis E Chamberlin.
Brooklyn—David Kinney.
Clifford—Hiram Rivenberg, Thomas Reynolds, Joel Stephens.
Gibson—Herbert Abel, George B Milliken.
Great Bend tp—Thomas B Smith.
Herrick—Herbert N Nichols, Ashford Tingley.
Jessup—Thomas Beaumont.
Jackson—Patrick Callow, John W Cargill.
Lathrop—Henry W Decker.
Lenox—Edwin C Hartley, Albert Jerold, William Payne, George Tingley, Willard W Whitney.
Liberty—Ansel L Ives, Henry Ives, Julius Wilber.
Montrose—John H Backus.
Middletown—George Canfield, John Condon.
New Milford Boro—Llewellyn Brady, Albert Corbin, Ezra A Pratt.
New Milford tp—Lemuel S Everett.
Springville—Edward P Brush, Freeman Fish.
Susq'a Depot—Frank Hall.
Thomson—Franklin Barnes.

Traverse Jurors—Third Week.

Ararat—Leonard O Baldwin.
Auburn—Daniel Yonker.
Bridgewater—Harvey Griffin, Sylvester J Hart.
Brooklyn—Ansel E Tewksbury.
Clifford—Ellery C Burns, Wm D Horton.
Dimock—Hiram Blakeslee.
Friendsville—John Foster.
Franklin—Jeremiah Watson.
Gibson—Edwin F Clinton.
Great Bend Boro—James E Howe, Christopher Hamlin.
Great Bend tp—James B McCreary, Jr., James Simrell.
Harmony—James Fowler, Lord Wellington Scott.
Jessup—Ralph S Birchard, Wright V Bedell.
Liberty—Nathaniel Banker, Harlow Knapp.
Lathrop—Wm Johnson.
Lenox—Albert J Titus.
Montrose—John S Hannas, Edwin Lathrop, Simon M Sayre.
Middletown—David Thomas.
New Milford tp—Henry Mead.
Oakland—Royal Tyler.
Susq'a Depot—John Andrews, Wm Emery, Daniel R Pope.
Springville—Cyrus W Bard, Ziba Smith.
Silver Lake—Jeremiah Bull, Anson Meeker.

Circulate this paper all you can after you have read it.

Business Locals.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!! OYSTERS!!! Good oysters cheap at the KEYSTONE SALOON. 4tf

BOOK BINDING.—Books are ready for Avery, Bircard, Bolles, Bronson, Bunnell, Dickerson, Fessenden, Helme, Jagger, Lyons, (Susq'a) Nellr, Reynolds, Sayre, Sherwood, Summers, Smal, Smith, Thayre, Solman, Wakeley, Walker and Williams. Bindery at the store of Oc. 27, 1875. LYONS & DRAKE.

OWNERS WANTED.—Owners wanted for two umbrellas and one parasol, taken by an umbrella mender to repair, some weeks ago. The repairer becoming intoxicated they were left in my care, I having paid the charges on them.—The owners can have them by paying for the repairing and for this notice. L. M. BALDWIN.
Montrose, Oct. 27, 1875. 43w3.

MEN'S and Boys' Neck Ties, 20, 25, 37, 50c. 42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

MEN'S all wool Cass Shirts, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2 00. at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Coats & Clarks Cotton in all numbers at 5c. a spool at CHEAP JOHN'S.

FELT Skirts, Drab, Brown, Purple, Scarlet from $1, to $2 50 at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Boys good Kip Boots $1 25, $1 50, $2, $2 50.
" " Calf Shoes, 1 25, 1 75, 2.
42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

LADIES, Misses and Children's fancy wool stripe Hose in all the latest shades and colors, 42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Water proof—Black,	90,	$1 00,	$1 10.
" " " Brown,	90.	$1 00.	
" " " Navy Blue,		$1 25,	$1 50

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Mens good Kip Boots,	$3 00,	$3 25,	$3 50
" " Calf "	4 00,	4 50;	5 00.
" " " Shoes,	2 50,	2 75,	3 00,
" " Brogan Shoes,	1 50,	1 75,	2 00

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Ladies Merino Underwear,	65,	75,	$1.00.
Misses " "	50,	65,	75.
Mens " "	50,	65,	75.
Boys " "	50,	65,	75.

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

MILLINERY Goods in all the latest shades and styles in Wings, Birds, Silks, and Velvets &c. Also Trimmed Hats and Bonnets in Straw, Felts and Velvet for Ladies, Misses and Children, at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Calicoes,	8,	9,	10c.
Bleached Muslin,		9,	10, 12c.
Unbleached Muslin,	8,	9,	10, 12c.
Canton Flannels,	12,	15,	18, 20c.
All Wool Flannels in Red, White and Blue,	25,	30,	35, 40c.

Alpacas and Dress Goods lower than ever
42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

TO FARMERS.

S. Wilcox, Veterenary Surgeon, M. R. V. S., Toronto, Ontario, is now located at the Tarbell House, and tenders his professional services to all who have diseased horses.
Montrose, Oct. 20, 1875.

REV. J. B. SUMNER and wife will sing, providence permitting, in the M. E. church at Brooklyn, Pa., for the Ladies' Aid Society, on Thursday evening, Oct. 28th, at 7 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Their entertainments rank among the very highest in the land. Admission 25 cents—Children half price.
PASTOR.
October 20, 1875. 42w2

$50 REWARD.—Elizabeth Rooney left her home in Middletown, on Friday last, and since that time has not been heard of. She is somewhat insane, small in stature with light colored short hair and had on a red dress. The above reward is offered for information where she can be found or returned to Thomas Rooney, of Apolacon, or John Condon, of Middletown.
Middletown, Oct. 20, 1875pd. 42w3

IN fact we have and are every day receiving all kinds of goods of latest styles and patterns, and will sell them at 25 per cent. less than any store in the State. Give us a call and we can satisfy you of these facts.
Respectfully
(Cheap John.) S. PILLMAN & Co.
Remember we allow a discount on all you buy of us in amounts of over $5.00
Montrose, Oct. 20, 1875.

DON'T WANT TO MOVE IT.

I will offer my large stock of Flour and Salt, and general line of grocery goods very low for a short time for cash, as I expect to move in a few days into a new store building opposite Cooper & Co's. Bank, and do not want to be at the expense of moving a large stock of heavy goods. Now is a good time to buy your Flour and Salt. I have never had a better stock of good Flour, fresh ground than at the present time. E. P. STAMP.
Montrose, Oct. 20, 1875 tf.

GRAND ANNOUNCEMENT!—Having on hand at present the largest and best assorted stock of MEN'S, BOYS', and YOUTHS' CLOTHING, LATELY PURCHASED AND CAREFULLY SELECTED, we will sell the same for the next *fifteen days at cost*, to make room for goods constantly arriving. ☞ Persons wishing to buy clothing of good make, style, and quality will do well to avail themselves of this splendid and ONLY CHANCE, as it is POSITIVELY for *Fifteen Days Only!* S. PILLMAN & CO.
CHEAP JOHN.
Montrose, Oct. 20, 1875.

Misses Peble Goat Button Shoes,	$1 50,	$1 75	
" " " Lace "	1 40,	1 62	
" Morocco Calf "	1 62,	1 75	
Childs " " copper toe	1 00,	1 25	
Ladies " " Lace Shoes	1 75,	2 00	
" Peble Goat " "	1 90,	2 10	
" Glove Kid " "	2 75,	3 00	

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Two per cent. discount on bills of over $5 00.

Mens Overcoats from	$8 00 to $15 00.
Mens full suits from	10 00 to 20 00.
Mens pants from	1 25 to 5 00.
Mens hats from	1 00 to 3 00.

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

Five per cent. discount on bills of $10 and over.

Boys and Youths over coats from	$6 00 to $10	
" " full suits	8 00 to	15
" " pants	2 00 to	4

42tf at CHEAP JOHN'S.

7½ per cent. discount on bills over $20.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—Pictures taken in all the latest styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged. Also a splendid lot of frames for sale cheap, at G. W. DOOLITTLE'S.
Montrose, June 10, '74.—tf.

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry repaired on short notice and warranted, at F. D. Melluish's Jewelry Store, formerly Isbell & Melluish's.
Montrose, July 28, 1875.—tf

OXEN FOR SALE.

One pair of Devon oxen, four years old last spring, large size, well broken, and well matched. Inquire of or address
M. BINCHARD,
Birchardville, Pa.
Oct 13, 1875. 41w2pd.

A. B. BURNS, at the Eagle Drug Store, keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of pure Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils and Varnish, also a very large assortment of Port Monnaies, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, and Toilet Soaps. Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours of the day and night. Give him a call. Sign of the Golden Eagle and Mortar.
Montrose, June 9, 1875.—tf.

THE Supreme Court of the State of New York has decided that J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell, have the sole right to use the words CHERRY PECTORAL for a medicine, and has issued an injunction against F. V. Rushton, of New York city, for selling Rushton's Cherry Pectoral or Cherry Pectoral Lozenges, or any other use of the name to deceive the public.—This decision of the high court includes all dealers who sell any similar article.—*Port Jefferson (L. I.) Leader.*

TO THE PUBLIC.—As a guarantee that Taylor's Family Medicines are the best in market, of their kind, and that the quality of the goods shall hereafter be maintained, I would say to all: "If after using them you are not satisfied you have received benefit in proportion to the price paid, return the empty bottle or package, and get your money back, as I want no man's money unless he is satisfied he has received its equivalent. Respectfully,
H. BROWNING TAYLOR, Prop'r.
October 6, 1875.

PRINTING.

We have just received a very large stock of plain and fancy envelopes, letter and note paper, plain and fancy bill head papers, cards of all sizes and colors, colored poster papers, etc. all of which we can afford to print cheaper than any office in this or neighboring counties, and in as good style. Work done in black and colored inks. If you think there is any that can beat us, give us a trial, and we will show you what we can do. All kinds of blanks on hand or printed to order.

CLAIRVOYANT EXAMINATIONS FREE.

There is no subject that requires so much study and experience as the treatment of chronic diseases. The astonishing success and remarkable cures performed by Dr. Butterfield, are due to the gift of clairvoyance, to the lifelong study of the constitution of man, and the curing of diseases from natural remedies. Cures the worst forms of Scrofula, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weakness, Asthma, Kidneys or Bladder. Will be at the Cafferty House, Binghamton, Friday, and Saturday, October 29th, and 30th.

Dr. Butterfield will be at the celebrated Mineral Springs, at Rush, on Thursday, October 28th, on a visit. Patients can call.

WE THINK that the people of Montrose and vicinity are finding out where the most popular Dry Goods House in Binghamton is located for C. F. Sisson & Co. inform us that their trade, from this section, is very large and constantly increasing. In their stock may now be found a large and carefully selected stock of Dry Goods, suitable to the wants of everybody. They make a specialty of Black Silks, Black Cassimeres, Black Mohairs, Black Alpacas, and the finer grades of Dress Goods, and in this line are prepared to give some decided bargains. We suppose that nearly everybody is aware that their store is located at 61 Court Street, next to the Canal.
Binghamton, Sept. 22, 1875.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

The Annual Examinations will be held as follows:

Liberty—Lawsville Centre, Thursday, October 28th.
Rush—Orangerville, Friday, October 29.
Middletown—Centre, Friday, November 5.
Springville—Centre, Tuesday, " 9.
Auburn—Corners, Wednesday, " 10.
Bridgewater—Montrose