Democrat--Editorial.

Circulation Increasing TWICE as Fast as any Paper in Northern Pennsylvania.

Gold closed in New York, on Saturday at 115¼.

Henry Ward Beecher once publicly boasted (if he did not thank God) that not a Democrat was in any manner or form connected with Plymouth church. It is now the turn of the Democrats to be thankful that such was the case.

Mackey, the Pennsylvania State Treasurer, whose books showed a balance of $1 76 in the Treasury of that great Commonwealth, not long ago, now refuses to submit his accounts to the scrutiny of an investigating Committee. If they can keep those books closed, the Republicans will do it.—*Courier-Journal.*

The Allopathists of Michigan failed to defeat the bill which has been pending in the lower house of the Michigan Legislature, providing for the establishment of a Homœopathic Medical Department in the State University at Ann Harbor, and which passed that branch of the Legislature a few days ago. This is considered a great victory for the Homœopathists, who have long striven for such a public recognition of their school of practice.

We have received a copy of the pamphlet laws of Pennsylvania for 1875, a volume of 65 pages and embracing fifty-nine acts and joint resolutions. When the Radicals had their own way in both houses, the number of acts and joint resolutions reached about five thousand and it required a volume of from fifteen huffdred to two thousand pages to print them. In the mere matter of printing the laws alone, the Democrats of the House have saved thousands of dollars.

The Chicago *Times* says:

The wholesale swindling of colored people revealed by the investigation of the affairs of the defunct Freedman's bank, at Washington, has alienated the affections of nearly all of that class from the Republican party, and the managers of that tottering concern are becoming extremely solicitious to regain the ground they have lost. To do this the administration has hit upon an expedient rather more ingenious than honest. It is proposed to buy the bank building, on the pretense that it is needed for department purposes, for an amount sufficient to cover the accounts of the defrauded depositors.

The amendment to the postal laws, smuggled in at the close of the Forty-third Congress through the joint agency of Senators Hamlin and Ramsey, continues to pan out immensely for the express companies, for whose especial benefit the job was put through. Under the new rate for third-class mail matter, the shipment of bullion from the gold-producing regions to Chicago and the East will be taken from the mails and transferred to the express companies, who will be able to exact from shippers three or four times what it cost them before. The Hamlin amendment develops slowly, but very surely, into something vastly worse than anybody expected of it.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A Washington special says that Post-Master-General Jewell is still pushing the investigations into post office frauds, and has already discovered that a large number of contracts, submitted at different times, have been taken from the files or have otherwise very mysteriously disappeared. The examinations thus far show a loose way of conducting business, and naturally excite suspicion that some further developments will be reached.—During the present Administration it has grown to be a habit to steal or destroy documents, whenever an investigation is likely to be made. The attempts to burn the Navy Department, which were so often repeated, were undoubtedly for the purpose of destroying tell-tale documents and the work was no doubt accomplished as will come out one of these days.

Here is strategy! Down in Darke County there lives a man named. Wm. Allen, a long, lank, sullen, dyspeptic, tobacco-chewig man, who was once a Democrat, who served a couple of terms in Congress—once as as a Democrat and another as a Republican. He is a lawyer has been a Judge, and has boxed the political compass thoroughly. The only thing good about him is his name. Now the Republicans think if they could only put up this Wm. Allen against our "Old Bill" they would make a point. We don't think it would amount to much, though it would lead to the confusions which used to attend the fight between "Old Doctor Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla" and that of "Young Doctor Jacob Townsend." Ours is the original William, and having once "risen," all the namesakes and Radicals in the State can't keep him from being re-elected. Hurrah for the original Bill! No counterfeit Bill taken by the people of Ohio.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

There is now a little inquiry to know if "Freeman," in the Montrose *Republican*, is not the last flow of emptyings from that "McF," from the "Pasting and Folding room" at Harrisburg, who has lately been writing up the temperance record of Senator Watson. Leave off the "Mc" and it seems to tally all right. He asked Homer, last week, to give him "vent," and Homer has done so. There is no doubt but that he has got so filled up with Harrisburg "paste" that it is necessary that he should counteract the fermentation by giving it vent through the *Republican*, or he would "bust." We presume the Grangers are pleased with the sample of "paste," which he and Homer is using as it will tend to stick them tighter together. We have no interest in the matter except in this "Freeman." We suggest that Homer and his senator, shall carefully place him in one of those "Senate Chamber" envelopes that are circulating about the county, and seal it up with some of this "paste," and lay him away, secretly, in some dark corner on the shelf. He apparently is not quite old enough to bear the light of the "Court House Ring," yet.

The civil rights bill finds no favor with federal judges who find themselves called upon to place a construction upon a political fraud. The Baltimore *Sun* says: In an address to the grand jury of the United States court for the eastern district of North Carolina, at Elizabeth, last week, Judge Brooks charged the jury that the criminal features of the civil rights law, in which they as a grand jury alone were interested, were unconstitutional. During the same week Judge Dick charged the grand jury of the western district of North Carolina, at Statesville, in which he declared that "a citizen of the United States, under the broad constitution of this country, can go to any portion of it and exercise all the immunities which by his freedom he possesses, but no law, human or divine, can compel a *hotch-potch* of citizens; all that are necessary are suitable comforts, and every inn keeper has a right to exercise his privilege as to where he shall place his guests, convenience and comfort being all that is required, and no law can say all men shall be equal socially."

The Pittsburgh *Commercial* is laboring with great earnestness to pilot Gov. Hartranft out of the absurdity of his position in sending a military force into Luzerne county before the sheriff had tried what virtue there was in civil methods of putting down lawlessness. But the task is so burdensome that the *Commercial* is obliged to resort to its invention for facts. The truth is, that Sheriff Kirkendall and Gov. Hartranft have both been the complaint servants of the coal corporations. The sheriff never showed his face at the alleged scene of disorder, nor did he, nor did his deputy for him, call upon the *posse comitatus* to sustain the civil authority; nor did the governor ascertain, as he should have done, whether the civil power had been exhausted. Between the governor and sheriff they have inverted the order of authority. The sheriff was overrun with complaints; he importuned the governor and the governor called out the troops. The attempt to escape responsibility by making a scapegoat of the sheriff is a poor subterfuge. The governor was bound to know that proper measures had been taken to preserve public order, before he resorted to the gunpowder method. His failure has cost the people a pretty figure, and seems likely to cost as much more.—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

The Springfield *Republican* rejoices in the fact that in its fifty years of existence it has been tried for libel only once before this year. The previous case was that of an aggrieved tavern-keeper, who lost his suit, the truth being put in as evidence In 1878 the lamented Mr. Fisk began a suit against the *Redublican* for its remarks upon his administration of the Erie Railway, and he got Mr Bowles arrested in New York and locked up over night. But he afterward thought it prudent to abandon the attack, and the most fearless and free-spoken journal in New England has remained undisturbed by writs till now, when a certain "Boss" Phelps, of Springfield, is trying conclusions with it before the county court.—Phelps is a prominent railroad man in Massachusetts, who has had much to do not only with railroads, but with legislatures, and the *Republican* went for him very fiercely, calling him "a public robber and a public corrupter," and explaining how he had robbed the city and the State. All this Mr. Phelps thinks is intended to injure his fair fame, and makes complaint accordingly. The *Republican* admits the publication, and the judge is now going to hear the facts and the arguments. The case would be an interesting one under any circumstances, but it is especially interesting from the manner in which it is to be tried, the parties having agreed to dispense with a jury, as the law in Massachusetts allows.

THAT BUNCOMBE RESOLUTION.

The Scranton *Times* makes the following suggestion to the Radical Prohibition county committee of this county, who passed that third term resolution.

"Of course any third term resolution, however ingeniously worded it may be, would be aimed directly at Grant, and would be so understood by the whole country. Under the circumstances, Grant may very plausibly say, that such action is a sort of cowardly, back-handed insult to a man who has had no opportunity to place himself right on the record. As the case now stands, an anti-third term resolution at Lancaster would lay the Pennsylvania Republicans open to censure from the authorities at Washington, and the charge of necessarily creating dissensions to the party. The mistake of the Republicans lies in not having laid the proper foundation for such action, by giving Grant an opportunity to rise and explain, and state exactly what position he occupies in respect to the next Presidential election. It is not yet too late to correct the matter, and as the Susquehanna Committee have been the first, so far as we know, to take any official action in the premises, we suggest that it would be eminently proper for the Republicans of that county to send a committee to Washington to bring the matter squarely before the President, and give him an opportunity of saying exactly where he stands, so that the convention at Lancaster will not be going it blind in any action it may take. The composition of such a committee would be a matter of importance, and, though we do not wish to be considered officious, we would suggest that no better men could be selected than Amos Nichols, of Montrose; Joseph Slocum, of Dundaff, and J. T. Ellis, of Herrick. The anti third term committee would be represented by Nichols, the office holders by Slocum, late postmaster in charge at Dundaff, while Ellis, who is a preacher, would go as a representative of a great mass of the party who don't care a continental for anything, except licking the Democrats, and to pray for the other members of the committee, if the exigencies of the case should require it. We admit that, perhaps, these men have not at present nation reputations, but they would have by the time they had accomplished their mission, and their fame would, in some degree, reflect itself upon the whole body of the Republicans of the county, and tend to bring them into that prominence which their unvarying support of the regular ticket deserves. We claim no credit for these suggestions, but shall feel ourselves amply rewarded if they shall be the means of enabling Grant to get off the third term disclaimer, which, according to some of his spokesmen, he is bursting his buttons trying to retain."

OUR LEADERS.

It is now time for the people to begin to cast about them so as to have abundance of opportunity for securing the right men in the right places, to be their official servant, or at least, to represent their idea of what such ought to be. We are pleased to hear it spoken often, of late, by the honest men of all parties, that it is about time the people had something to say as to who shall be their public servants. We are all aware, or should be so, that opposition parties are the life of Republican institutions, and we find that the true men of our country are equally well satisfied that a blind partisan zeal, regardless of consequences, is as certain to destroy that life. That when party leaders, cliques and rings, are allowed to make up their own official "slates" rotating the offices around their own corrupt circle, passing buncombe resolutions as a legerdemain performance, as devoid of true sentiment as they themselves are of political honesty and only intended to deceive the people for a corrupt purpose, the people will be robbed, both of their substance and their good name. This is true of all parties of whatever name or character, and there is now hardly a schoolboy, who can read, that does not fully comprehend it, and under such light and knowledge, the masses themselves are becoming participating criminals, by their knowledge after the fact, in the deeds of official robbery and corruption that, if continued, must prove the downfall of a free people and a perpetual obstacle to the full enjoyment of "life, liberty and the persuit of happiness."—The people have seen it demonstrated in all political parties (and we may say all human organizations) that when partisan zeal runs so high that a few men are allowed to form a corrupt combination and deal out official doses in accordance with their own corrupt schemes which will the better advance their own personal interests and carry out a deep laid plot to forage, for life, upon the substance of the laboring masses, and then lay on the party lash with the cry "no bolting now, or you will destroy your party," then the vilest corruption abounds and a nation mourns. Where the party lash should be applied, is to these dishonest servants, by an independant people. You should drive them to the rear of your ranks in deep disgrace, making official rascality as odious as criminal acts are in a private citizen, if you would save your party. By this course you will simply distroy the "Rings" instead of your party, which is the right interpretation of the prayers of these political Pharisees.

The people of this county had a "Fire Proof Clique" in the old Democratic party which was fostered by the party lash until it became unendurable, and finally fell by a division of itself. Had the people exercised their power upon the onset, and applied the party lash to the leaders instead of cowardly obeying their beck and nod, a different statue of affairs would exhibit in Susquehanna county to-day.

There is now a "Court House Ring" which has been aping this old time "Fire Proof" for a long time and the people should profit by past experience.

Our advice to the Republican masses of this county, which we have the satisfaction of knowing to be honestly given, is for them to apply as they please, but we have a word or two to say to the Democracy which our position demands that we should say and which they are not at liberty to pass by so easily under the cry of partisan bias.

It is known by every honest man of whatever party, that rings and cliques are not made up, wholly, from the party they control. In order to be effective they must have their allies from the opposite party who act as secret spies to betray it into the hands of the ring and these Judases are better served by the price they receive for this infamy than they could be in the success of the opposition. The Democracy of Susquehanna county, are men of perinciple, men who have the good of their country at heart, men who do not ask the ascendency of any party for official patronage but who are contending for the ascendency of principles which they deem vital to our prosperity, and which in the main are not denied by their opponents. They have demonstrated for more than twenty years, that it was not office they were contending for. But there are a few assumed leaders among them, less in number than the apostles of old, who don the lion skin of Democracy, and who have been using the organization for their own personal benefit and who in reality are as much members of the "Court House Ring" as any of the opposition party, and who have distracted the party, by their base counsel and BETRAYED IT FOR SILVER. There is to be an important election this fall and the people of this county intend to be heard, if possible, above the clamor of the "rings," and the Democracy have a greater responsibility to meet, both to themselves and to the people,—than has devolved upon them for many years past. We have got the honest, true metal in our party for official servants, those, whom the people will rally around and bear on to victory if we will but see to it that they, and no other, are placed on the lead. Let none but honest, capable, and representative men be put upon guard, and we predict that the "Court House Ring" will be shaken from centre to circumference. There are men who are attempting to gather up certain official positions by "seeking" whom they may betray into their support in traversing the county either personally or by their lackeys, and who have been doing so for a long time. Beware of such! Put the party lash upon them and show them that hereafter offices must seek the men. Remember that those who spend from $1,500 to $2,000 to get a place intend to make the people pay it back out of their treasury when they get there.

Susq'a County Council P. of H.

Council met in Hall of Susq'a Grange, No 74, April 20th 1875. Committee of three appointed on credentials. Delegates present from fourteen Granges, Nos. 74, 101, 152, 172, 246, 260, 266, 289, 339, 342, 387, 417, 418, and 514, being duly represented. Visitors also were present from Granges in Bradford county, Pennsylvania and Chenango county, New York.

A committee of three was appointed to take into consideration the propriety of taking steps to organize as a 5th degree Council according to arrangements made by National and State Granges therefor; minutes of last meeting read and approved. Report of the executive committee was read by the Secretary. Committees were appointed on the different recommendations of the executive committee.

Committee on organization of 5th degree council, reported favorably thereon. Report received and committee discharged.

The secrecy of the Grange business arrangements discussed, and it was strongly urged upon the members the necessity therefor, and that to successfully carry out such arrangements for the benefit of the order and its members, all prices given by Merchants and manufacturers should be kept private, unless the manufacturers themselves should choose to make them known.

Madden, of the Eureka Co., Bradford county, stated that as far as his company was concerned it made no difference. They sold to Grangers at wholesale prices by retail, to others at retail prices no deviation, and they did not care if the farmers knew that in joining the Granges they could get a plow for $7 they had to pay $16 for, another for $10 that retailed as $22; a mowing machine for $80 that out of the Grange they had to pay $120 for; that before the Grange movement they had to pay $140 for, etc. He believed in helping build up the order, as they were building up his business, and enabling him to this year manufacture at lower prices than last year, and that as business increased and as the company could afford it, the prices would be made still lower.

At this point the Council resolved itself into a committee of the whole to examine into the merits of the contents of divers baskets, that had somehow got into the Grange with the members thereof, and it was hinted without giving the pass word; but the contents were quickly passed out and properly disposed of, to the evident satisfaction of all present.—After called to order, committee on Grange fund, reported that "Whereas we have experienced great inconvenience in the matter of making purchase through the Grange on account of lack of ready funds at times wanted, therefore recommend the adoption of report of executive committee, relating thereto, which was affirmed and committee discharged.

Committee on charter for Council, also on Mutual Fire & Life Insurance Companies, reported favorably thereon and named twelve members for directors therefor—report approved and committee continued. The other recommendations of executive committee were approved and on motion the executive committee were requested to have the report printed in the county papers, such portions of it as could properly be done.

Question of wool and how to dispose of this year's clip, discussed. Also the raising of wheat by our farmers for home consumption instead of buying so much.

Report of Granges as to progress, etc., all growing. Gain of four Granges in county and two hundred and sixty five members, since our last meeting—three months.

Executive committee present bill for expenses, etc., which was refered to finance committee, who recommended that it be paid, and also that $10 be appropriated to procure Charter for 5th degree council. Reports were made by visiting Brothers, Peet and Madden, of Bradford county, and of Chenango county, New York, of the progress of the order in their districts; giving good cheer to all present and many other things were said and done for the good of the order, but known only to those that heard and will profit thereby, that would not be proper to publish to all, lest they might go and do likewise. No further business appearing, Council closed to meet third Tuesday in July, unless sooner convened by call of the Master.

J. R. LYONS, Secretary.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The Bloody Shirt Business.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The published declarations of Hon. W. D. Kelley in regard to the condition of affairs in the South excite the anger of the third-term schemers. The kitchen organ of the White House yesterday morning spoke very disrespectfully of Judge Kelley, and two members of the Cabinet in speaking of him to-day were still more severe, but Judge Kelley is not the only prominent Republican who has returned from a visit to the South with his eyes opened.—Henry Wilson bore equally strong testimony to the loyalty and fealty of the Southern people to the Union and to their disposition to deal justly by the colored man. The truth is, the Republicans have no other issue than the bloody shirt one on which to make the fall campaign. The only hope the prominent leaders of that party hereabouts have is that the fifty or sixty Confederate generals elected to the Forty-fourth Congress will make egregious asses of themselves. This et the best is a very slim thread to hang heavy hopes upon, for, as a rule soldiers are not so radical and irrepressible as the politicians, who were always valiant when there was no enemy in sight. Now, the only two Southern men in the last Congress who were at all indiscrete in their utterances were not soldiers, and on the other hand every Confederate general in the last Congress was conspicuous for his conservativness.

A Terrible Tornado.

AUGUSTA, Ga., May 1.—A terrible tornado struck Columbia, S. C., at half past five this afternoon. The steeple of the Presbyterian church was demolished and the roof of the market blown off. Although a hundred persons were around no one was seriously hurt. The depots of the Greenville & Columbia and South Carolina railroads were unroofed and otherwise damaged. Trees were uprooted in every direction. Only one death is reported.

The storm overturned a passenger train on the Georgia railroad as it was leaving Rutledge. Dr. Montgomery's house, near Rutledge was blown down, and his son, four years of age, was blown away. John Norton's wife and child were badly hurt at Covington.

The Marriage of Miss Greeley.

NEW YORK, May 1. 1875.—Miss Ida Greeley, eldest daughter of the late Horace Greeley, was married this morning, to Col. Nicholas Smith, of Covington, Ky. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mrs. Cleveland, aunt of the bride, and it was performed by father Farrell. Miss Greeley's sisters and her cousin were the bridesmaids. The bridal party leave for Europe this afternoon. Col. Smith, the groom, was at one time in the regular army, but during late years he has been engaged in the practice of law and literary pursuits. He is a widower, his first wife having died in 1869. The company at the wedding, this morning, included a large number of distinguished persons.

The Beecher Trial to be Prolonged.

BROOKLYN, May 1.—Mr. Beach stated yesterday that the great scandal trial will be prolonged beyond the 9th of May, as Mr. Evarts intends devoting a week at least to his address to the jury.—Mr. Beach says he will not take long to address the jury. He will take up the salient points and group around them sufficient argument to make them clear, but will not enumerate in detail.

The Tweed Case.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Judge Barrett, in the Supreme court to-day, granted an order in the suit of the State vs. William M. Tweed for $6,000,000 to show cause why the plaintiff should not furnish a bill of particulars. The order is returnable for Monday.

Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Loans, increase, $2,367,900; specie, decrease, $2,534,100; legal tenders, increase, $3,161,900; deposits, increase, $135,800; circulation, decrease, $361,900; reserve, decrease, $156,150.

The Horse Plague.

SOMERVILLE, Tenn., May 1.—The *Falcon* estimates the loss of horses and mules in that county (Fayette) from last Friday night until Monday at from 3000 to 6000 head.

Ice and Snow.

OMAHA, May 3.—Ice formed one-half an inch in thickness in this section last night. Light snow, mingled with rain, fell all the afternoon. It is very cold still and raining.

Brevities.

A heavy storm occurred at Knoxville, Tenn., Saturday evening. It blew down the county bridge over the Tennessee river, and also damaged the Charleston Railroad bridge. The loss to the county is $40,000.

Mr. John O'Connor Paurr, member of Parliment for county Mayo, will lecture in the United States next season on the present condition of Ireland.

The present production of the mills in Lowell, Mass., as compared with the product before the strike, shows a decrease of 25 to 40 per cent.

A Sonix City despatch says that the hostile Indians are coming into Cheyenne Agency at the rate of twenty lodges daily.

Oliver Wendell Holmes said: If the whole world were burned up, fortunes would be made from the trade in potash.

A chimney burning out frightened Mrs. Carver, of Maine, so much that her own vital spark went out.

The jury in the Storey libel case, in Chicago, came into court Saturday morning having failed to agree.

Thomas M. Edwards, formerly a member of Congress from New Hampshire, died last Sunday.

The Straits of Macinaw are now open, and vessels can pass through without difficulty.

The Michigan Legislature has passed a bill repealing the prohibitory liquor law.

The snow at Alta City, Utah, is fifteen feet deep.

TO ALL, particularly invalids, spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated, and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying.

Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—headache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take, without delay, Schenck's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action.—It at once strikes at the root of the disease and produces a healthy tone to the system. People never need suffer from any disease arising from a disordered condition of the liver if they would take this excellent medicine when they feel the first indications of the malady. Families leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in one or two hours, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding bile, and will effectually prevent a billious attack. They are sold by all druggists.

New Advertisements.

EAGLE DRUG STORE.

A. B. BURNS, the place to get Drugs and Medicines, Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Pocket-Books, Specialies, Yankee Notions, &c. Brick Block.
Montrose, Pa., May 5th, 1875.— 18

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—In the estate of Timothy Downs, deceased, late of Choconut, Pa. Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.
PHILIP O'CONNELL, Administrator.
ay 5th, '75.—6w-18

WHAT IS GREAT ENGLISH WEEKLY PACIFIC GESS

It is a liquid Linament for House and stable use. A valuable combination, discovered by a celebrated English chemist and horse-farrier. Was introduced in the United States in the year 1856, and since that time, by its great success, in the cure of diseases, it has won for itself that world wide reputation it so richly deserves, and now stands at the head of all linaments unrivalled

AS A FAMILY MEDICINE.

It has already gained the confidence and admiration of thousands of households for its many cures of diseases were external applications are of so much importance. It is especially admired as a family remedy for its peculiar chemical combination, possessing no harsh ingredients, like tinctures of Cayenne or red pepper, of which cheap and valueless Liniments are largely composed, which increase instead of diminish the inflamation, making it or nature a speedy cure for

RHEUMATISM, HEADACHE, SORE THROAT, COLIC, COUGHS, CHOLERA, TOOTHACHE, BRUISES, SPRAINS, LUMBAGO, CRAMPS, COLDS, CHILLS, FROST, TIC DOLOREUX, BURNS, CUTS, BITES OF POISONOUS INSECTS, &c.

Testimonials and directions accompany each bottle.

Buy one—only 25 cents, 50 cents, or $1.00—and if it does not give good satisfaction return the bottle half full and your money will be refunded. Call for G. E. S., and take no other.
D. G. CARY, & Co., Proprietors, Middletown, Orange Co., N. Y.

FOR SALE BY
A. B. BURNS and ABEL TURRELL,
Druggists, Montrose, Pa.

Purchasable at all Wholesale and retail stores in the County.
Montrose, May 5th, 1875.— no-18

New Advertisements.

Figures Do Not Lie!

SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

OUR NEW PRICE LIST

For SPRING and SUMMER of 1875.

Heavy cottonade pants,		$ 1.00
Stout wool-mixed pants,	$ 1.75 to	2.50
Good all wool pants,	3.00	4.00
French cassimere pants,	5.00	7.50
Heavy workingmen's suits,	7.00	10.00
Scotch cassimere suits,	8.00	12.00
Harris cassimere suits,	13.00	17.50
Fancy check and stripe suits	10.00	20.00
Black frock coats,	6.00	9.00
Black dress coats, imported,	10.00	14.00
Black cloth vests,	1.75	4.00
White linen vests,	1.25	2.50
BOYS' SUITS, 3 to 9 years.		
Boys' cotton suits,	$ 2.00	$ 4.00
Boys' mixed suits,	4.00	6.00
Boys' fancy wool suits,	5.00	10.00
BOYS' SUITS, 9 to 15 years.		
Boys' school suits,	$ 4.00	$ 7.00
Boys' fancy suits,	7.00	10.00
Boys' finest cassimere suits,	8.00	14.00
Youths' suits, all styles,	5.00	20.00
Good cotton shirts,		50
Good overalls,		50
Good rubber suspenders,		25

And all other Goods in proportion.

The above prices are for cash only, and are quoted for customers from a distance.

$100 FORFEIT if the above price list is not fulfilled; which prices are guaranted 15 per cent. lower than those of any other house in this city or vicinity.

WEBSTER, The Clothier.
62, 64, 66 Court Street,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Binghamton, May 5th, 1875.—tf

New Goods!

A full and complete assortment of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

consisting of

DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS, DOMESTIC NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS.

Boots, Shoes,

HATS & CAPS,

At Bargains.

READ & STROUD.

Montrose, May 5th, '75.—2w.

Legal Advertisements.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF *REAL ESTATE.*

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Susquehanna County State of Pennsylvania, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Forest Lake, on

Tuesday, June 1st, 1875,

the sixth-sevenths, undivided interest of Thomas, Bridget, Margaret, John, Mary, and Daniel Fury, minor children of Patrick Fury, deceased, in the estate of said decedent, as follows: An undivided sixth-sevenths interest in and to all that certain mes-suage or parcel of ground situate in the township of Forest Lake, county of Susquehanna and state of Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by the line of lands contracted by the estate of E. H. Rose to Carfray and Bennett, on the South by line of lands of B. T. Case, deceased, on the east by a lot surveyed for E. Dunn, and on the west by John Dufrey's Lot, containing fifty acres of land. Also, another piece or parcel of land situate in the township, county, and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a port the south-east corner of lands of Michael Hays, thence by the P. Carfray lot south 73 and 6-10 perches to post, thence by the Underhill and Sager lots, West, seventy-three perches to a post: thence by a line of Michael and Patrick Kean, north 45 degrees, west 102 perches to a post; thence by lands of Michael Hays estate, one hundred and forty six perches to the place of beginning containing fifty acres, be the some more or less.

TERMS:—$100 down, at time of sale, on each 50 acre lot. One half the balance at final confirmation, and the balance in one year thereafter, with interest.

BRIDGET FURY, *Guardian.*

Forest Lake, April 21st, '75.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN AUBURN.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Susquehanna county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of James Murtagh, dec'd, will sell at public sale on the premises

Monday, May 10th, 1875,

at 1 p. m., the following described lot of land, to wit: all that certain lot of land situate in Auburn, Susquehanna county State of Pennsylvania, described as follows: On the north by lands of Mrs. Catherine Thayne and Milton Harris, on the east by lands of Milton Harris, on the south by land of Michael Muldoon, on the west by lands of G. R. White, containing 84 acres, more or less.

TERMS—$200 down on day of sale, $1,000 on final confirmation and the balance in six months thereafter with interest.

E. O'NEIL, Adm'r.
April 14, 1875. 15w3

ROAD LETTING IN SILVER LAKE.

THE SUPERVISORS WILL LET A NEW ROAD, May 8th, 1875, to be built from Jeremiah Hayes to the Forest Lake line, to the lowest bidder, at 2 o'clock p. m.

C. DELHANTY,
J. J. DONNOVAN, } *Supervisors.*
L. STONE.
Silver Lake, April 21.—16-3w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

In the estate of John Leslie, late of Harford, deceased letters of Administration on the said estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.
WM. G. LESLIE, Administrator.
April 28, 1875.—6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Whereas letters of administration on the est. of Owen McDonough late of Middletown, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay.
OWEN McDONOUGH, Administrator.
April 28, 1875.— m-19-6w

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—WHEREAS Letters testamentary to the estate of Simeon Van Fleet late of New Milford, dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them without delay.
ELLIOT ALDRICH, Executor.
April 28, 1875.—6w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration to the estate of Reuben Wells, deceased, late of Bridgewater, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay.
A. O. WARREN, Adm'r., *cum testamento annexo.*
April 21, '75.— a-22-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration to the estate of Jacob Decker, late of Jessup township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay
J. B. McCOLLUM, Adm'r.
April 21, 1875.— a-21-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Whereas letters of administration to the estate of James Johnson, late of Harford, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay.
D. M. FARRAR, Administrator.
April 21, '75.— a-21-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—In the est. of Elias Dayton, dec'd, late of Gt. Bend twp. Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay. W. P. DAYTON, Administrator.
March 31.—18—6w.

LEGAL BLANKS at this office.

New Advertisements.

GRAND OPENING OF SPRING GOODS AT H. & W. T. Dickerman's,

NEW MILFORD, PA.

MORE GOODS, A BETTER VARIETY, AND AT LOWER PRICES,

THAN EVER OFFERED IN THE CO. BEFORE.

We Wish it Distinctly Understood that we do a Cash Business and WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD! We will Duplicate any Bill you may buy in Binghamton or elsewhere, and save you your expenses.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES OF NEW

SPRING STYLE DRESS GOODS

AND IN

COTTON GOODS A LARGE STOCK

VERY LOW.

WE HAVE THE

LARGEST STOCK OF CLOTHING

Ever placed on Exhibition in the town, Newest and Nobbiest, and at Prices Way Down!

OUR BOOT AND SHOE | Department is Complete. Of Ladies' Wear we make a Specialty. Shoes for the Baby, the Misses, the Matron, and the Easy Shoe for the Old Lady.

A HUNDRED STYLES OF HATS & CAPS, ALL NEW!

—ALSO—

A LARGE STOCK AND NEW PATTERNS IN WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS!

We have our Large Store filled with new goods of the newest styles. Come and see us. You will find the boys at home, happy to see you, and ready to make good all they advertise.

H. & W. T. DICKERMAN.

New Milford, April 14.—15-4.

Music Books for the People.

FATHER KEMP'S OLD FOLK'S CONCERT TUNES. Price, 40 cents.

CONTINENTAL HARMONY. $1.50

Ye Olde Folkes Note Books are printed at our shoppe, from whence we send them Poste-Payde, on ye receipt of ye retaile price. Olde and Yunge love ye veleent tunes.

POPULAR CANTATAS.

And more popular every season, are "Esther, the Beautiful Queen," "Belshazzar's Feast," [50 cts.]; "Daniel," [50 cts.]; "Flower Queen," [75 cts.], "Picnic" [$1.00], "Haymakers," [$1.00], "Culprit Fay," [$1.00], "Musical Enthusiast," [50 cts.], "Winter Evening Entertainment," [$1.00]. May be given with or without costumes.

FINE COLLECTIONS OF EASY MUSIC.

Winner's Band of Four,	$1.00
Musical Garland, Violin, Piano acc't.	$2.50.
Musical Flowers, Flute,	$2.50.
Violin Amusements,	$1.50.
Flute Bouquet,	$1.50.

Sold by all the principal music dealers. Sent, postfree, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston. CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 B'dway, N. Y.
12-tc [May 20, 1874.—1y.]

TAYLOR'S FAMILY MEDICINES.

Pain and Lameness relieved in a short time by the use of Taylor's Celebrated Oil, The great Rheumatic and Neuralgic Remedy. This medicine is not a cure all, but is warranted to cure more of the ails and illes to which flesh is heir than any other medicine ever discovered. Give it a trial; if you do not find it so, it costs you nothing. It may be used with the utmost advantage for any kind of Pain, Lameness, Wounds or Sores upon man or beast. Will not smart the rawest wound or sore. Full directions for use around each bottle. Ask your Merchant for a free vial. No Cure—No Pay.

Taylor's Cough Syrup or Expectorant, for all Throat and Lung diseases is very pleasant to the taste and contains nothing injurious. Try it, and stop that cough and take the soreness from your Throat and Lungs. Ask your Merchant for a free vial. No Cure—no Pay.

Taylors Condition Powders for all kinds of stock and poultry. Warrant the best renovator of the system of run down or diseased stock, that has ever been discovered. Try them for all diseases incident to the brute creation. Directions for use around each package. No Cure—No Pay.

All the above medicines for sale by Abel Turrell and Burns & Nichols, of Montrose, and all Druggists and Dealers throughout the country.

H. BROWNING TAYLOR.
October 21, '74.—1y. 1m—al—1m.

A NEW STOCK OF Crockery, just received and for sale by H. J. WEBB.

SUPERFINE FLOUR. For sale by H. J. WEBB.

ALSO, ALL KINDS OF GROCERIES, At the store of H. J. WEBB.

Fresh Oranges, For sale by H. J. WEBB.

Montrose, April 21, 1875.

Horse Cards.

THE CELEBRATED TROTTING STALLION

GENERAL SHERMAN,

Will stand the ensuing season at the stable of Jared Baker, Brooklyn Centre, Pa., From April 10th to August 1st, 1875, except Saturdays, when he will be at the Hotel Stable of M. J. Harrington, Montrose.

General Sherman is a dark chestnut, with dappled spots, silver mane and tail, stands 16 hands high, is 9 years old, and weighs 1200 pounds. He is an Andrew Jackson horse, sired by old Andrew Jackson, and he by old Kimble Jackson, of Long Island, and his dam was the celebrated Goldwire Mare,—making a very fine cross

This Horse can trot a 2:40 Gait,

was never trained a day in his life, and is considered by all good judges to be the finest trotting horse of his size in the State.

TERMS.—Twenty-five dollars to insure. Persons parting with mares before foaling will be held responsible for the pay. JARED BAKER.
Brooklyn, April 7, '75.-3m.

HAMBLETONIAN AND PATCHEN STALLION

MAX!

Sired by Knickerbocker, Out of Dot, by Prophet, Gr. d. Emily Brante by Austin's Son of George M. Patchen,

WILL MAKE THE SEASON OF 1875,

at $30 to Insure a colt.

At the Farm of J. S. CARMALT, near Montrose.

Apply to CHAS. H. STONE, FOREMAN.

April 21, 1875.—16-4w.

New Advertisements.

FOOT & HAWLEY,

57 Court Street,

ARE NOW RECEIVING AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

MENS' & BOYS' CTOTHING,

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

FURNISHING GOODS

AND TRUNKS,

For Spring and Summer trade.

The Custom Department

Is now under the charge of S. H. BABCOCK, late of New York City, and formerly with O'Hara & Co., which is a full guarantee that we cannot be beaten by any house in this city.

Our stock comprises all the late styles, and will be sold at bottom prices.

☞ Don't forget the place,

(Opposite Exchange Hotel.)

JOHN C. FOOT. - - O. M. HAWLEY.
Binghamton, N.