

Democrat-Editorial.

Gold closed in New York, on Saturday at 114.

The Washington Chronicle asserts that \$250,000 has been provided to carry through an extension of the Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine patent.

Grant wants the Radical party in Congress to pass a law giving him the power to suspend the writ of habeas corpus whenever and wherever he may think proper.

There's a good time coming and it's almost here. Twenty-one Democratic Governors and a Democratic House of Representatives after the fourth of March. -Boston Post.

There is to be two Alabama reports. One will contain the truth and the other will be constructed with a view of saving the Radical party. It is a difficult matter, however, to make rotten eggs small sweet.

The public debt increased \$1,500,000 last month, and the Secretary of the Treasury asks for more taxation. All this goes to show that the Radicals are "Professors of economy" they preach but do not practice.

The New York Herald having suggested that there is a possibility of Grant becoming L. B. an L. D. or D. C. L. a correspondent interprets these as follows: L. B. as denoting Lover of Long Branch, L. D. as Lover of Large Donations, D. C. L. as Destroyer of Civil Liberty, U. S. G., Unprincipled Salary Grabber.

Hon. Angus Cameron, of La Cross, Wisconsin, has been elected United States senator, to take the place of Hon. Matt. Carpenter. Mr. Cameron will take his seat by virtue of Democratic votes and pledged to the support of several vital principles of democratic policy.

The Republican journals seem much concerned about the rights of the minority in Harrisburg, but have no compassion for the minority in Congress. In regard to the ruling of Speaker Patterson in the case of Mr. Wolfe, having all the facts before us, we believe the Speaker's action, which could not be had acted in an arbitrary or an unfair manner.

It is said that Secretary Bristol does not favor the increased tax on whisky, being satisfied that the present tax secures to the country the maximum of revenue. It is shrewdly suspected that the proposition to increase the tax on whisky ten cents per gallon is only a device of speculators who wish to add to the value of stocks in hand by such legislation.

The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce says: "An authority usually trustworthy states that the increase in the public debt as shown by the statement of to-day would have been five millions, but for the withholding of warrants for ten days past. The same authority states that warrants for \$13,000,000 are now withheld, having accumulated within a year."

The desperate ruin of radicalism, the Forty-third congress, having but a few days longer to survive, has thrown aside all the restraints imposed by the conventional rights of the minority, and given itself up to unbridled license. It refuses to undertake discussion, it will simply vote, and drive through under the new rule adopted, every objectionable job that can obtain the assent of a bare majority.

It is announced from Washington that the Radical caucus of the Senate resolved to endorse Grant in all that he has done in Louisiana. This resolution is a matter of course. It is the duty of every Senator to support the President.

The Montrose Republican advises that the Radical party shall hold out its hand to the Liberal Republicans, and try to win them back to the party again. We have no doubt that they begin to feel this necessity. Let their corrupt leaders travel right on in the road of tyranny and robbery they are now on and in a short time they will be forced to extend their hands to coax a respectable dog to keep them company.

Some of the organs are sneering at senator Andrew Johnson. They ought to remember that soon after he was inaugurated President he declined to receive a spanking team of horses and carriage from parties in New York; besides he refused all gifts and only drew twenty-five thousand dollars a year. They should turn their attention to the record of that man, Grant, if any desire an object worth sneering at.

Does it require much discernment to see that there was a bottle of whisky in one pocket and their arguments for Local Option in the other, in order to be all things to all men, for party success, when the Radical majority in the legislature shirked their responsibility as honest representatives of the people, and made no LAW, calling it "Local Option," instead of standing up like men and passing or refusing to pass a prohibitory law for the whole state? In the last instance they would have been pronounced honest legislators, while as it was, they were simply political snakes, and the same sobriquet should attach to our representatives now if they use petitions to shelter them from promises made before election and partisan responsibility afterward. A man who has not got the moral courage to stand for his own conviction of right, let it be for or against the repeal of Local Option, without petitions from this county to stiffen his back, had better be called home to his family at once. Neither his coun-

ty or state will profit by his presence at Harrisburg. We do not feel called upon to lend our name to give him any instructions.

**The Latest Villainy.**

The President is as determined as ever to secure his third term. He and Gen. Sheridan and their tools have felt provoked the Southern people, that inhuman project of provoking another civil war for the sake of carrying the next Presidential election will have to be abandoned. Nothing, therefore, promises so well as a foreign war. Accordingly it seems the Administration will, as a last resort, force a quarrel upon Spain.

For the past six years the Administration has not vented to even speak a kind word for the struggling Cuba, nor did it properly resent the Virginia outrage on the American flag. During this period, Secretary Fish's son-in-law continued to earn his large fees as counsel for the Spanish Government, and the Administration winked at everything which Spanish impudence asked. Now, however, that Grant sees his waning popularity demands desperate remedies, we find him sending in a war message, and apparently getting ready to spring his last trap.

The X. Y. Herald, after canvassing the preliminary movements in the programme, says: "Nothing is more the duty of independent men—Democrats and Republicans—than to deal with this war spirit which comes muttering to us from Washington as they would deal with a crime against the integrity of the Republic. Grant should be forced to resign, and the Presidency should be transferred to Mr. Wilson. Sharp, peremptory, decisive expressions of opinion by Congress in the evening may save disaster to the end. Such action ever now may compel Grant to surrender the office he uses to the injury of the country. But the war purpose exists, and the President should be taught that he cannot thus trifle with the country for his own personal ambition. The resignation of Grant means peace, and so long as he hesitates we are threatened with war."

**A Disgraceful Scene.**  
A scene occurred in the state legislature on Monday evening, February 1st, which is almost unparalleled in the history of our state, and the responsibility of the disgraceful scene must rest upon the Republican members who resented by force the execution of the orders of the House—constructive officers of the House—interests of Wolfe in leading such a demonstration should receive the fullest condemnation of the public. That we may not be accused of giving a partisan report we go outside the state and copy this from the New York Herald:  
A most disgraceful scene occurred in the lower House of the Pennsylvania Legislature. Soon after the opening of the session a motion was made by W. Cooper Talley to take up the consideration of a petition of citizens of Lancaster county, contesting the seat of D. L. Rosenthal, republican, from that district, which had been presented on the first day of the session, before the members had been qualified, and was postponed.

The Republicans raised the point of order that the petition could not be considered without being presented anew as an original petition. The Speaker (Mr. Patterson) decided the point not well taken, and, upon an appeal from his decision, a very lively partisan debate ensued. The decision of the chair, however, was sustained by a vote of 100 yeas to 25 nays, whereupon Mr. Wolfe, republican, sustained the further point of order—that it required a two-thirds vote of the House to take up the petition, a suspension of the rules being necessary. The Speaker also decided this point not well taken, and as no appeal was made from his decision, immediately entertained a motion to adjourn, whereupon Mr. Wolfe, in an excited manner, sprang to his feet and demanded to be heard. The Speaker ruled him out of order as there had been no appeal taken, and a motion to adjourn was not debated.

Mr. Wolfe said—I am not out of order and I won't take my seat. The Speaker—the gentleman will take his seat or the Sergeant-at-Arms will remove him from the hall. Mr. Wolfe—No he won't. (Cries of "No, no" from the republican side of the House.) The Speaker—the Sergeant-at-Arms will remove the gentleman from the hall. That officer at once proceeded to discharge his duty, when the republican friends of Mr. Wolfe interfered and the members all left their seats and pistols were drawn upon the Sergeant-at-Arms. Everything was confusion, worse confounded, and, in the midst of hisses and yells, the Speaker adjourned the House. Wolfe and his friends are to blame for the row, as there appeared to be a studied effort on their part during the whole evening to vex and annoy the Speaker.

It is thought that the democrats will demand the expulsion of Wolfe from his seat in the House. During the commotion the voice of Parson Plummer, democrat, was heard vociferously calling for "Sheridan," a herald yelled lustily for "Grant and his troops." A motion was subsequently found in the House that Mr. Wolfe should be censured for his conduct.

**NEW ORLEANS, February 6.**—The congressional committee to-day examined several witnesses who had been called by the conservatives. The general tone of the testimony was that the last election was fair and free. No violence was attempted where witnesses resided. One witness said the returns in 1872 were manipulated by Warmoth. Another said the recognition of Kellogg by the legislature last elected would suit the people best.

It is understood that the congressional committee unanimous in the opinion that the action of the returning board was illegal, and that the conservatives elected a majority of the members of the legislature at the late election. The committee will conclude the investigation to-morrow, and will leave at once for Washington.

THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT, FEB. 10, 1875.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, FOR THE YEAR 1874.

Made and published in pursuance of an Act of Assembly of the 13th of April, A. D. 1834.

TABLE SHOWING THE BALANCE OF COLLECTORS' ACCOUNTS FOR COUNTY AND STATE TAXES FOR THE YEAR 1874.

Table showing the balance of collectors' accounts for county and state taxes for the year 1874. Columns include Township and Collectors, County, and State. Rows list various townships like Appleton, Auburn, and others, with corresponding amounts and percentages.

RECAPITULATION.

Summary table for Recapitulation showing Total Amount of Duplicates, County, and State totals.

STATEMENT OF DOG TAX ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR 1874.

Table for Dog Tax Account showing amounts for Dog Tax and various fees.

FINES AND JURY FEES RECEIVED FOR YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1874.

Table for Fines and Jury Fees showing amounts for Fines, County, and State.

STATEMENT OF M. B. HELME, SHERIFF, IN ACCOUNT WITH FINES AND JURY FEES FOR 1874.

Table for Sheriff's account showing amounts for Fines and Jury Fees.

STATEMENT OF THE TREASURER'S ACCOUNT IN RELATION TO ROAD AND SCHOOL TAXES ON UNSETTLED LANDS FOR THE YEARS 1872 AND 1873.

Table for Treasurer's account showing Road Taxes and School Taxes.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY SS.—COMMONWEALTH vs. DANIEL O'MARA AND PATRICK IRVIN.

In the Quarter Sessions of January Term, 1874. Statement showing the amount of expenses and costs in the prosecution of the above entitled case, as follows: Amount paid M. B. Helme, Sheriff, for board...

EXPENDITURES OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY FOR 1874, EXHIBITED IN DETAIL.

Large detailed table for Expenditures of Susquehanna County for 1874. Columns include Department, Amount, and Remarks. Rows include items like Constable's Salary, Road Damages, and various official expenses.

EXPENDITURES OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY FOR 1874, BROUGHT UP.

Table for Expenditures of Susquehanna County for 1874, Brought Up.

EXPENDITURES OF SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY FOR 1874, BROUGHT UP.

Table for Expenditures of Susquehanna County for 1874, Brought Up.

GRAND AND TRUSTEE JURORS.

Table for Grand and Trustee Jurors listing names and amounts.

COURT HOUSE.

Table for Court House expenses listing items and amounts.

TOWN CLOCK.

Table for Town Clock expenses listing item and amount.

GENERAL TOWNSHIP AND SPECIAL ELECTIONS.

Table for General Township and Special Elections listing items and amounts.

RECAPITULATION.

Summary table for Recapitulation showing County and State totals.

DISCOUNTS.

Table for Discounts listing items and amounts.

BLACKSMITH WANTED.

Notice for a Blacksmith Wanted, mentioning terms and location.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Public notice regarding legal matters or proceedings.

FREE SAMPLE TO AGENTS.

Offer for free samples to agents, listing products.

SOMETHING FOR YOU.

Advertisement for a service or product, offering something for the customer.

AGENTS WANTED.

Notice for agents wanted for a specific product or service.

EMPLOYMENT.

Job openings or employment opportunities.

NEW STORE IN BRACKLEY P.

Advertisement for a new store in Brackley Park.

DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY.

Advertisement for a store selling dry goods, hardware, and crockery.

SAVE TIME AND MONEY.

Advertisement promising to save time and money on purchases.

FAIRBANKS SCALES.

Advertisement for Fairbanks Scales.

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE.

Advertisement for Franklin Institute.

PARIS EXHIBITION.

Advertisement for the Paris Exhibition, 1875.

THE WYOMING SPRING BOIL.

Advertisement for Wyoming Spring Boil.