THE DEMOCRAT.

Local Intelligence.

Summer Arrangement of Mails.

VIA RAILROAD:

	Arrives.	Departs.
Tunkhannock, (Daily,)	7 00 p m	12 15 m.

VIA STAGES:

Montrose Depot, (Daily.)	6 00 p m	6 20 a m
New Milford, (Daily,)	10 00 a m	1 30 p m
Wyalusing, (Daily,)	9 45 a m	2 00 p m
Friendsville, (tri weekly,)	6 00 p m	8 00 a m
Conklin Station, (tri weekly,)	7 00 a m	7 00 a m
Binghamton, (via S. Lake, (tri weekly),)	6 00 p m	7 00 p m
Meshoppen, (tri weekly,)	10 00 a m	4 00 p m

The New York, (via Montrose Depot,) New Milford, Tunkhannock, and Wyalusing are daily.

The Conklin Station mail runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

The Binghamton mail, (via Silver Lake,) runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Friendsville mail runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

The Meshoppen mail runs Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

ADDITIONAL STAGES:

A Stage leaves daily for Montrose Depot at 1 p. m. and returns at 6 p. m.

A Stage leaves daily for New Milford at 7 a. m. and returns at 3 30 p. m.

E. C. FORDHAM, P. M.

Montrose Railway.

Arrangement of Trains. To take effect on Monday, May 25th, 1874.

Down Trains. SOUTHWARD. A. M.	P. M.		Up Trains NORTHWARD. A. M.	P. M.
5 10	1 15	Montrose	10 20	5 30
5 20	1 25	Allen's	10 05	5 18
5 24	1 29	Coal's	10 00	5 15
5 30	1 35	Hunters	9 55	5 10
5 40	1 42	Dimock	9 45	5 03
5 47	1 50	Tyler's	9 33	4 55
6 00	1 55	Springville	9 25	4 50
6 12	2 10	Lynn	9 15	4 40
6 20	2 20	Avery's	9 05	4 33
6 28	2 30	Lemon	9 00	4 25
6 35	2 40	Lobeck	8 55	4 17
6 42	2 47	Marcy's	8 45	4 10
6 55	3 05	Tunkhannock	8 30	3 55

All trains connect at Tunkhannock with P. & N. Y. R. R. going north and south.

JAMES. I. BLAKSLEE, Pres't.

Montrose, May 27, 1874

New Advertisements.

Auditor's Notice—estate of John Cowalson.
Auditor's Notice—estate of E. A. Low.
Auditor's Notice—estate of W. N. Tingley.
Administrator's Sale—estate of Joel Turrell.
Insurance—Henry C. Tyler.
Music Books—Ditson & Co
Miscellaneous Advertisements—Dauchy & Co

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Christmas Presents—Bronson.
Holiday Goods—Read & Stroud.
Large Stock of Goods—Bronson.
Donation Visit.
Holiday Goods at Bronson's.
Basswood Lumber—Crandall & Co.

Take Notice.

After January first 1875, postage must be prepaid on all papers going outside the County, (no postage within the County.) All persons who pay their subscription in advance will receive the DEMOCRAT free of postage. Advance payment will be the rule in such cases hereafter. Let our subscribers govern themselves accordingly.

Notes About Town.

The people outside of Montrose talk of "stinging the bosom that nourishes" Homer.

Homer says to the pure striped stockings are pure. Who said they were not?

The Monthly Union Temperance Meeting will be held in the M. E. church next Sabbath evening.

To cure a horse of blindness, bleed him at the nose. To open a man's eyes, bleed him in the pocket.

If any of our young ladies desire to keep their hands free from chaps, let it be reported that they have no money.

We notice that the *Republican* has something to say about "Johnny" this week but not one word about "Wattie." Passing strange!

When a man calls you a liar take him by the hand and call him a gentleman. (This is not intended for the editor of the Montrose *Republican.*)

Mr. John Crocker has opened a shop over Isbell & Melhuish's Jewelry store on Public Avenue, for the purpose of carrying on the harness business. We understand he is a first-class workman.

The Sewing Society connected with the Methodist church will meet at the residence of Wm. Haughwont, on Friday afternoon, December 11th. There will be a sociable in the evening, to which all are invited.

Homer says he saw those "striped stockings" he spoke of last week, hanging in the store windows. Rather of a strange place for them to be "raging," but we hasten to give him the benefit of an explanation.

The following advertisement appears in the Elmira *Gazette:*

Lost on Nov. 3d, 1874, the celebrated "Towanda Ring." The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the office of the *Bradford Reporter*, in Towanda Pa.

The *Republican* had better take warning and keep an eye on its brother members of the Court House "Ring," in this county, or it will be necessary to advertise that in the same way.

The Montrose Musical Union under the direction of Mr. Charles B. Derman, who has been giving them instruction for some time, will give a Concert at the Court House, on Thursday evening, Dec. 10th. The programme was handed us too late for publication.

Homer desires to know why the DEMOCRAT is not conducted in the same way that the *Republican* is? Because the editor has never been a Know nothing. In the first place, we don't like to do so, and in the second place, we are no such kind of a man.

It seems to be as much of a crime to stop at the Tarbell House, in the "green eyes" of the *Republican*, as it is to be a Granger. Judge Cook and, in fact, nearly the whole Republican party had better change their quarters. Don't you let Homer see you on the street either, at your peril.

The Woman's Temperance Society will hold a public meeting in the lecture room of the Baptist church, at 2 p. m., Wednesday, Dec. 16th. Mrs. S. B. Chase, vice President of the Woman's National Christian Temperance Union, is expected to be present and report the proceedings of the late Convention at Cleveland. Committees on Montrose will also report. A large attendance is requested.

Homer of the Montrose *Republican* tries to put the coat we made for nabobs and extortioners, upon Judge Streeter. Homer must have his reasons for so doing. If we were in the Judge's place we would ask him to explain why he did so. His paper must be as interesting to Judge Streeter this week as it was to ex-Sheriff Moxley last week.

The *Republican* says that: "It is said that the new burners on the street lamps do not work well. Would it not be better to dispense with these boulevards entirely, and use instead pine knots, or candles, or lightning-bugs?"

Does Homer intend at this late date, to infringe upon the patent of the DEMOCRAT and "ruin the prosperity of the town?" Our observation of the new burners is, that they operate finely, thus far, and we have watched them pretty closely. Now we beg of the editor of the *Republican* not to "ruin our town" by attacking the street lamps at this time. "*Maud*" is his watchword on the "Legal Association" and the "shylocks," except to give them a little encouragement by his anathemas upon the DEMOCRAT.

W. C. CRUSER, of the DEMOCRAT, who is now acting as canvasser, added twenty-one new subscribers to our list in less than a day and a half, the first of the week.

An inquiring man thrust his fingers into a horse's mouth to see how many teeth he had.—The horse closed his mouth to see how many fingers the man had. The curiosity of each was fully satisfied.

Hark! Hear what the Montrose *Republican* says. "The man who has done and is doing more than all others to give Montrose an evil name, and ruin the prosperity of the place, is E. B. Hawley—a viper, stinging the bosom that nourished him!"

Well! We must say that the above is more mysterious to us than the "striped stockings." It is a stretch of poetic license seldom seen in prose writing. As we are unable to know what Homer means by what he says, we must be permitted to wait until he shall have explained. We think he must have seen the above idea in the "Court House (Ring) window." We have never been nourished much in the "bosom" of the Montrose *Republican*. We never have been nourished much in the "bosom" of the "shylocks," We never have been nourished much in the "bosom" of the "Court House Ring." We never have been nourished much by the "Legal Association gobble." These are the only ones who have been stung. Now will Homer please tell us which "bosom" he means.

"Nuff Sed"

Mr. N. Ea-Travis of Springville, killed a calf last week, seven months old, which dressed 300 pounds.

A Sad and Fatal Accident.

A child of Perry Bushnell, and his wife, residents of Auburn, were so badly burned on Thursday night last, that the child died soon after, but the mother, it is hoped, will recover. A mixture of some kind of paint was heating or boiling upon the stove, and some explosive or combustible ingredient in it ignited, enveloping the mother and child in the flames and caused this terrible result.

Since writing the above, we learn that Mrs Bushnell is dead. She only lived a short time longer than the child. Both were burried on Sunday last.

Renney Creek Items.

E. Chalker talks of going to Picture Rocks.

Little snow and a great deal of mud just now.

Going to Montrose to "Court" seems to be the ocupation of some of our young ladies and gentlemen, as well as some of the more sedate people.

School commenced last week, taught by Theressa Bellentine, a Binghamtonian.

C. M. Robbins has left the place to return to her old occupation, that of training the young minds to shoot. May succes crown her efforts.

Wm. O. Cruser visited the patrons of the Montrose DEMOCRAT in this locality last week, and we were considerably delivered from monotony by his cheerful manner. We hope he will be as successful as heretofore in circulating so much home news.

J. Robbins' health is not improving so much as was expected.

The steam mill of Hanigan & co., was totally destroyed by fire, November 3d. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

A little visitor made her appearance at the house of Peter Wayman a short time since, weighing about 11½ pounds avoirdupois.

ROAMER.

From the Coal Regions.

It snows.

First catch your turkey.

Wilkes-Barre has a steamboat.

Pittston has a mine cave.

In the election returns, the Cleveland *Herald* sees another dam disaster in Massachusetts.

Another Southern outrage,—a Wilkes-Barre darkey arrested for larceny

A new dress for the ladies—chemiloons.

The three dark graces, Law, Physic and Divinity.

A Plymouth man had the curiosity to look into a dog kennel the other day, the dog being at home, the man now wears his nose in a sling.

Another Republican victory—in France.

If anyone attempts to pull down the Democratic rooster, Tilden him on the Dix.

Hon. Carl Schurz lectured at Wilkes-Barre, Nov. 21st, 1874.

Wilkes Barre has just opened a soup house for the poor, where five cents entitles the bearer to a pint of soup or a cup of coffee and a roll. A splendid charity. JUST SO.

An Unpleasant Rumor.

Our readers will remember that about the time of the mysterious disappearance of Mr. M. L. Truesdell, of Liberty, this county, and who has never been heard from since, there was found the charred remains of a person, where a barn had been burned, near Athens, Bradford co., Pa. Friends of Mr. Truesdell, were telegraphed for, and went there to solve the mystery if possible but nothing satisfactory was obtained. We copy the following late reference to it from the Bradford *Reporter:*

"An unpleasant rumor is afloat in regard to a murder said to have been committed in Athens, some time since. It will be remembered that a barn was burned near the village early last Spring, and the remains of a human being found in the ruins. No clue to the mystery was ever discovered, but in a quarrel among the members of Charles Day's family last week, a daughter charged her father with having something to do with the affair. We have not heard the particulars, and sincerely trust that there may be no truth in the report."

Had His Leg Amputated.

Some months ago Ed. H. Bingham, a well-known citizen, engaged as an agent for a Syracuse hardware firm, while on the road in some way hurt his right leg, but as the injury was not thought to be of any consequence, it was neglected, and but recently increasing in severity and character, became so painful that the advice of a surgeon was asked, and after a close examination the fact was revealed that the hurt had resulted in the ulceration of the larger of the two bones which form the second segment of the leg, and that it would be necessary to have the leg amputated. On Friday morning last Dr. Andrews, assisted by Dr. Ely and others performed the operation of cutting the leg off just below the knee. Owing to previous suffering and subsequent amputation Mr. Bingham is in a critical condition.—*Binghamton Democrat.*

Death of a Mammoth Young Man.

On Wednesday the heaviest young man in the state, if not in the country, died at Douglassville, Berks county. Although but twenty-one years old he weighed 470 pounds. The calf of his leg measured twenty-nine inches in circumference. He was five feet eight inches in height and had a handsome face. The name of this marvel was William Kupp. The young man's death was sudden, he having retired to bed in good health the night preceding the morning on which he breathed his last.

Subscribe for the Montrose Democrat.

A New Bishopric.

The diocese of Philadelphia, it is stated, is to be divided into two. The See of the new diocese is to be at Reading Pa., and Father Toner, of Towanda, is to be its first bishop. A number of our Catholic contemporaries, amongst them the New York Tablet and Baltimore Mirror, speak in glowing terms of Father. Toner's fitness for his new position.—*Irish World*

A Perilous Ride.

An engineer on the Susquehanna Division of the Erie recently saw ribbons and clothing fluttering from the front of the engine. On going forward he found a woman on the cowcatcher. She stated that she was crossing the track at Philipsville, when the engine struck her and picked her up. She was bruised but not seriously injured. The train was going at a good speed when she was taken aboard, and it is a wonder that she did not lose her life.

A Third Rail.

The work of laying a third rail on the Albany & Susquehanna Railroad between Nineveh Junction and Binghamton, was begun on Monday November 30th, and will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible. The "outside" rail on the Nineveh branch, is being removed, and the iron used for the third rail on the main line. This is one of the most important steps toward a reduction of guage that has yet been taken, as hereafter none but narrow guage engines and cars can be used on the Nineveh branch, and as all the new rolling stock of the Deleware and Hudson Coal Company is narrow guage it will be seen that the company's intention is to reduce as rapidly as possible, the guage of the entire line and of their rolling stock, to comform to the established narrow guage system of the country.

Mysterious Disappearance.

A mysterious disappearance caused some excitement in our town last week. Charles Clark who has been a resident of Granville, for the past fifteen years, came to town on Monday, sold his butter to Reddington & Leonard, received a check for about $700, got it cashed, forgot to pay $200 that he had promised Orrin Fuller, left his team under the shed uncared for paid a bill of $38 at the Enterprise Company's store, called at this office and advertised a note, and took the afternoon train to Canton. He said nothing to the men who came with him, and it was feared he had been foully dealt with, as he exhibited the money to several persons.—It has since been ascertained that he left Canton the same night, remarking that he was going down to Williamsport "on a tear." He left a wife and two children in Granville.—*Northern Tier Gazette.*

Labor.

It is a mistake to suppose that labor is an unpleasant condition of life. It is a matter of experience that there is more contentment in attending to any kind of occupation than there is in looking for some occupation. Attend, therefore, to your business, and regard your business as being worthy of all your attention. Workingmen are apt to consider that their occupations alone are laborious; but in that matter they are mistaken. Labor of mind is generally even more fatiguing than physical labor. It is erroneous to suppose that others do not work as well as we do, simply because their work is different from ours. Labor is the earthly condition of man, and until the nature of man is changed, the want of something to do will produce all the horrors of ennui. Gambling and other reprehensible dissipations are all owing to the fact that human nature cannot support a state of idleness. To live without purpose is to lead a very restless life.

Historical Charts.

We have lately had the pleasure of examining Lyman's Historical Chart, a work which we believe is destined to take a prominent place in our schools and libraries as an almost indispensible aid in the study of history. The plan is novel and striking. It presents the world's history by centuries, and contains all the prominent events of the civil, religious, and literary history of the world, from the earliest times to the present day. It brings the *eye* to the aid of the *mind* by the use of a chart, in which time is represented as a stream, flowing a certain alloted space each century; different contemporary nations are represented by different colored streams flowing paralel; when a nation begins, the stream begins; when one nation conquores another, the stream sweeps around, blots it out, and moves on, wider than before. The events are all written down in the stream just when they took place, those more prominent in larger type, those less prominent in smaller type. The date of the century is given in large figures at the top of each page, and the date in that century of each event recorded is placed just before the event. Thus the reader has spread out under his eyes the history of a century, and in such shape that at a glance the mind takes in the general aspect of the whole period, the relative importance of each nation, the particular history of each, and the contemporaneous history of all, and the mind imbibes and retains the facts which are given both to the eye and the thought. The chart is really a successful effort at "historical object teaching."

Here are a few examples of what is said in its favor:

Rev. S. Robinson, D. D., well known through out the United States as a leading historian, says: "I would recommend *Lyman's Historical Chart* from a *certain knowledge of its immeasurable importance* in acquiring distinct conceptions of history, by methods which years of reading could not supply' I am persuaded that in one month a more competent knowledge of history can be gained by its inspection that in *one year* by any course of reading."

Prof. Calvin E. Stowe, D. D., of Andover Seminary, says: "It affords the same advantage to the study of History that maps do to the study of Geography, and needs only to be known to be universally regarded as equally indispensible."

Prof. C. D. Cleveland, of Philadelphia, says: "Having some years ago felt the need of some aid *to the eye* in teaching history, in order to give an enlarged, general, and connected view of the history of the world, I imported one or two Historical Charts from England, but they did not answer my expectations, and I threw them aside. But in Mr. Lyman's Chart I feel that I have the *very thing* I have long wished; and I have believed it to be a sober truth that more correct knowledge and more clear conceptions of the facts and the great moral bearings of history can be gained from the study of this in *one month* than could be gained from mere text books in *one year*."

Prof. Wm. C. White, of Wabash college, says: "I consider it an exceedingly important work. For the mere reader of history it is a most valuable companion, and for the professed student of history it is an almost indispensible aid. It does for the great department of historical study just what illustrations are doing for Botany, Optics, and kindred Sciences:—It is a *picture* of history; nations rise, flourish, and decay before you as a panorama, and all former events pass visibly before the eye.

Mr. J. N. Young, of Dimock township, has the agency for this Chart in Susquehanna co., and is now canvassing for subscribers.

Get your Job Work done at this office.

Worth Reading

MESSRS EDITORS—Finding the following verses in a scrap-book, and thinking that they might be interesting to some of your readers, I send them to you for publication. RUFUS.

BOARDING ROUND.

Let others give a fancy sketch,
In roseate colors dyed,
My truthful reminiscences
Are on the shady side.
'Twas in a famed New England State,
Where teachers still abound;
I took my first certificate, and went to boarding round.

With courage strong for one so young
(My age was scarce fourteen,
But you must know that Yankee girls
Are never very green,)
With courage strong and heart elate,
I tread the untried ground—
The teaching part was pleasant work,
But O the boarding round!

To Mrs. Smith I first applied—
She wished to put it off;
Her 'helps' had left, and little sis
Had got the whooping cough.
The Mallorys were cleaning house,
But Mrs. Jones, I found,
Was always ready to receive
The Teacher boarding round.

The Browns were very clever folks
(As easy people are,)
They heaped my plate and wondered why
I did not eat my share.
I went to bed but not to sleep,
For soon, alas! I found
Teachers were not the only race
Who lived by boarding round.

Those sun-dried dinners, mile long walks
Through dust and mud and rain,
That heavy satchel tugged to school,
And then lugged back again,
Such were the stern realities
Which on my pathway frowned,
Some five and twenty years ago,
When I went boarding round.

O, relic of the darkened age,
When custom made the laws,
I blush for that community
Who would defend thy cause.
Let all who with the galling chain
Have hitherto been bound,
Exclaim with one united voice,
We'll never more board round.

Diptheria.

Dr. Elisha Harris, registrar of vital statistics, New York, states that diptheria now prevails in about half the cities with which his bureau is in correspondence in the United States, proving more fatal in interior towns than in large cities. In view of this fact the Board of Health of New York has devoted considerable attention to this subject. At the last meeting of that body it adopted an interesting and important report of the Sanitary Committee, referring to this matter.

The report speaks of the mode of attack.—Diptheria is caused by the inoculation of the air passages with the diphtheritic poison, which from this point infects the whole system. The local inflamation is extended with the formation of membrane (exudation.) The fever and general symptoms are the result of this local infection. Diphtneria is, therefore, a contagious disease, (not, perhaps, as markedly so as scarlet fever,) induced by contact with objects and persons infected. It may be diffused by the exhalations of the sick and the air surrounding them, or directly by the exudation, as in the act of kissing, coughing, spitting, sneezing, or by the infected articles used, as towels, napkins, handkerchiefs, &c.

The poison clings with great tenacity to certain places, rooms and houses, where it may occasion cases after a lapse of months. In ordinary attacks the poison begins to act the moment it lodges upon the tissues, but, like a vaccination, causes slight sensible effects for from two to five days. Then there is marked prostration, dryness of the throat, and pricking pain in swallowing. The throat becomes red, and patches of white exudation appear. The glands of the neck swell. In mild cases these symptoms subside on the third or fourth day after their appearance. If more severe, these symptoms may be prolonged and the fever increases, the local inflamation spreads, and exudation rapidly follows.

Diphtheria attacks by preference children between the ages of 1 and 10 years, the greatest mortality being in the second, third and fourth years; children of feeble constitutions, and those weakened by previous sickness, and those suffering from catarrh, croup and other forms of throat affections. All classes are liable to attacks of diphtheria where it is prevailing, but those suffer most: evenly who live upon low wet ground, in houses with imperfect drainage, or surrounded by offensive matter, in damp rooms and cellars, in overcrowded and illy ventilated apartments. Diphtheria is not affected by either snow or rain, cold or heat or drouth.

The precautions suggested are cleanliness in and around the dwelling, and pure air in living and sleeping rooms are of the utmost importance wherever any contagious disease is prevailing, as cleanliness tends both to prevent and mitigate it. Every kind and source of filth around and in the house should be thoroughly removed. Cellars and foul areas should be cleansed and disinfected; drains should be put in perfect order, dirty walls, and ceilings should be lime-washed, and every occupied room should be thoroughly ventilated. Apartments which have been occupied by persons sick with diphtheria should be cleansed with disinfectants, ceilings lime-washed, and woodwork painted, the carpets, bedclothing, upholstered furniture, &c., exposed many days to fresh air, and the rooms exposed to currents of fresh air for at least one week before reoccupation.

No child should be allowed to kiss strange children, nor those suffering from sore throat (the disgusting custom of compelling children to kiss every visitor is a well-contrived method of propagating other grave diseases than diphtheria,) nor should a child sleep with or be confined to rooms occupied by, or use articles such as toys, taken in the mouth, handkerchiefs, etc., belonging to children having sore throat, croup or catarrh. If the weather should be cold, the child should be warmly clad in flannels. When diptheria is in the house or in the family, the well children should be scrupulously kept apart from the sick, in dry, well aired rooms, and every possible source of infection through the air, by personal contact with the sick, and by articles used about them, or in their rooms should be rigidly guarded.

Every attack of sore throat, croup and catarrh should be attended to at once. The feeble should have invigorating food and treatment. The sick should be rigidly isolated in well aired (the air being entirely changed at least hourly,) well-lighted rooms, the outflow of air being, as far as possible through the external windows by depressing the upper and elevating the lower sash, or a chimney heated by a fire in an open fire-place. All discharges from the mouth and nostrils should be received into vessels containing disinfectants, as solutions of carbolic acid or sulphate of zinc, or upon cloths which are immediately burned, or, if not burned, thoroughly boiled or placed under a disinfectant fluid:

In Australia, where diphtheria has been extremely prevalent and virulent, it is said that the administration of a sulphuric acid in a tumbler full of water has been found very efficacious, the acid mixture appearing to disintegrate the diphtheritic membrane, which is then readily removed by a coughing effort on the part of the patient. In connection with this small pieces of ice dissolved in the mouth afford quick and permanent relief.

Steamboat at Wilkes-Barre.

The new steamboat Hendrick B. Wright, at Wilkes-Barre, made her trial trip on Thanksgiving day, carrying ninety passengers, including stockholders, invited guests, and the Plymouth band. Everything about the boat is said to be in good shape and worked finely.—The boat is 108 feet long and 22 feet wide; lower deck 6½ feet in height and upper deck 7½ feet high. The engines are of 80 horse power and built by the Vulcan works, Wilkes Barre. The total cost is about $11,000.

A Spider in the Stomach.

A short time since a young lady, a resident of Brookville, Pa., experienced a creeping sensation in her nose after she had retired in the night, and all efforts to remove the annoyance were without the desired effect, the difficulty remaining for several days, merely changing to a location further up in the nostril. At length it seemed to pass down into the throat, causing a choking sensation. Immediately after its disappearance the victim experienced acute pains in the stomach, and called medical assistance in vain, the only thing that gave her any relief being copious doses of brandy, which failed to produce any of the usual effects. Finally severe vomiting ensued, and after one whole night's suffering, and the patient giving up hopes of life, the cause of the trouble was removed, and an examination found it to be a small particle of blood and matter, in the center of which was a common-sized black spider. Evidently the brandy saved the young lady's life.

How to Admit Beneficial Air.

In nearly all small dwelling houses ventilation is allowed to take care of itself, and while the occupants are not confined to one room, but move from one room to another, the ciculation of air caused by the opening of doors is sufficient to keep up a supply of fresh air. During sickness, however, and at nights, there is nothing left but a Hobson's choice between foul air and a dangerous draught. A recent author treating of philosophy for practical use suggests a method of avoiding both. A piece of wood three inches high and exactly as long as the breadth of the window is to be prepared.—When ventilatilation is required raise the sash, put the strip of wood on the sill and draw the sash down closely upon it. If the window is well fitted there will be no draught at the lower part of the sash, but between the upper bar and the lower bar of upper sash there will be an opening through which a purpendicular current of air may enter or pass out of the room but not be felt as a draught such as would be created by simply raising or lowering the sash.

Don't Abuse the old Horse.

If the faithful servant that has worked for you so many years is not quite as strong or fleet as in years gone, perhaps he is worth as much to you as to anybody. Good care and generous feeding will make even an old horse more valuable than if starved and abused. If your business requires younger and smarter horse flesh, keep the old one for the women and children to drive. Old acquaintances are safer than the new ones. If you cannot keep both give the old one to some old farmer who you know will be kind to him, with the promise that he shall not trade him off to some brutal master, but will keep him as long as he is worth keeping, and then kindly lay him away where he will be beyond the reach of hunger, cold and pain.

Many an old horse if he knew his situation, would thank his owner to take away life as a burden too heavy to bear. We have got into the habit of being too careless and too cruel to old horses in this country. We owe it to them as our servants, as well as to ourselves as human beings, that we see to it that our horses are not necessarily abused or neglected as soon as they begin to show signs of old age.

Business Locals.

A LARGE STOCK of Goods expected for the holidays at Bronson's Music and Jewelry store, Montrose, Pa. 49—2w.

A FINE Present for Christmas, a George Wood & Co's., Organ, Call and see them at Bronson's Music Store.
Montrose, Dec. 9, 1874. 49—2w

PARTIES looking for presents for the Holidays will find a nice assortment at Bronson's Music Store, Montrose, Pa. 49—2w

BASSWOOD LUMBER.
Parties wishing to make arrangements with us for the sale of basswood lumber should call at our office as soon as convenient, as we are now ready to engage our next year's supply.
C. M. CRANDALL & Co.
Montrose, Dec. 9, 1874. 49—4w.

HOLIDAY GOODS
Just received a fine assortment of Useful and Fancy Goods expressly for Holiday times.
☞ New Goods every week at the *Cash Store.*
Dec. 9, 1874—2w. READ & STROUD.

DONATION VISIT.
There will be a Donation Visit at the house of Rev. G. O. Beers, in Rush, Pa., on Wednesday, December 23d, afternoon and evening.—All are invited to attend.
BY ORDER OF COM.
Rush, Dec. 9, 1874.

COMING.
A fine stock of Fancy Goods and Notions for the Holidays. ☞ Look out for them at
BURNS & NICHOLS.
Eagle Drug Store,
Brick Block. Montrose, Pa.
Dec. 2, 1874. 48—3w

OYSTERS.
On and after this date Oysters will be sold at the *Keystone Saloon* at the following reduced prices: Best Large Counts, 80 cents per quart, formerly $1.00; Selects, 60 cents per quart, formerly, 75 cents; Commons, 40 cents per quart, formerly 50 cents.
None need go hungry. Bring along your pails and try them. GEO. C. HILL.
Dec. 2, 1874. 48—2w

MUSICAL CONVENTION
A Musical Convention will be held at Gibson, Pa., commencing Tuesday morning, Dec. 15th, 1874, and closing the following Friday evening with a grand Concert, conducted by Prof. H. E. Cogswell and wife. The new book
"THE LEADER," (BY EMERSON.)
will be used during the Convention. The Gibson Cornet Band will furnish some excellent music at the concert. Those attending the Convention from a distance will be furnished with good boarding places, free of charge.
Admission to Convention—Gentlemen, $1.00 Ladies, 75 cents. To Concert 25 cents, children under 10 years, 15 cts.
Dec. 2, 1874. 48—2w.

BLANK NOTES in Book Form for sale cheap at this office.

BOOTS! BOOTS!
Men and Boys' Calf and Kip Boots, Cheap for Cash at PORTER & NICHOLS.
Nov. 4, '74.

A WORD to consumers of tobacco; you can save 20 cts. per pound by buying your chewing tobacco of E. P. Stamp, on the west side of Public Avenue, Montrose, Pa. 47—4w.

ANOTHER Half Ton of Herkimer County Cheese, just received at
Nov. 4, '74. PORTER & NICHOLS.

TEACHERS' CONTRACTS and Blank Notes newly printed at this office.

SOMETHING NEW IN BOOTS.
Call and see the new sanseam Boots at
Nov. 4, '74. PORTER & NICHOLS.

DOOLITTLE,
The Photographer, is doing all kinds of Picture Framing, of all sizes, on short notice.
July 22, '74.—tf. G. W. DOOLITTLE.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—Pictures taken in all the latest styles. Old pictures copied and enlarged. Also a splendid lot of frames for sale cheap, at G. W. DOOLITTLE'S.
Montrose, June 10, '74.—tf.

COAL! COAL!!
Plenty of first class coal. All sizes at J. R. Raynsford's Coal Yard. Dunn Station. Leave Orders at Central Express Office, or send to the Yard.
Oct. 21, '74. J. R. RAYNSFORD.

THE attention of the public is called to the advertisement of Taylor's family medicines, in another column. All afflicted with pain or lameness or other ills will do well to try them. They are all sold on the principal of No Cure No Pay.

BINGHAMTON OFFERS AN ATTRACTION
For gentlemen who wish to dress well.—The WASHINGTON STREET TAILORS have engaged the services of the celebrated W. H. Lindly, a gentleman of considerable note with the tailoring fraternity of this country. They are now prepared for the summer trade, as they have just received all the new things in the way of cloths, cassimeres and vestings. Their references are the best, having taken the first premium at the Tailor's Institute in New York last fall. Give them a call.
H. H. HALLOCK, Proprietor.
81 Washington St.,
Binghamton, N. Y.
May 20, 1874.—1y.

A MAN IN RUINS.—One of the saddest spectacles in the world is a human being shattered and broken down by the use of ardent spirits. But the damage may be repaired, the ruin restored to perfect soundness, by a course of that most powerful of all invigorants, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. Beware of those "tonics" of which rum is an element. They aggravate disease and promote decay

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PLACE to buy your
Laces,
Alpacas,
Poplins,
Crapes,
Silks,
Corsets,
Gloves,
Kid Gloves, and Hosiery,
is at C. F. SISSON & Co's.,
61 Court St., Binghamton, N. Y.
N. B. You will also find Mr. C. C. Faurot here to attend all your wants.
Binghamton, Nov. 4, '74.—1y.

Carver & Pratt.

Great Excitement at

CARVER & PRATT'S

Over their splendid stock of

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

AND MILLINERY GOODS,

of all styles and varieties. Their stock of ready-made HATS and BONNETS is unequalled in the country for style and cheapness.

First Class Custom Work Done Here.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

W. J. CARVER - - W. P. PRATT.

Binghamton, Oct. 14, 1874.—1y. 21 Court St. Cr. Water.

MARRIAGES.

RICE—DECKER.—In Great Bend, Nov. 26th, by Rev. W. J. Arney, Mr.—Rice, of Binghamton, and Miss Esther Decker, of the former place.

BAYLESS—PAYNE—On the 25th, inst., by Rev. P. B. VanSyckel, Mr. Henry C. Bayless, of Kirkwood, N. Y., to Mrs. Amanda Payne, of Gibson, Pa.

PICKETT—WESLER—At J. Wesler's, in Pike, Nov. 22d, by Rev. T. Thomas, Mr. Frederick Pickett, of Auburn, Susquehanna co., and Miss Jerusha Wesler, of Pike, Bradford co.

DECKER—QUICK—At the M. E. Parsonage, Nicholson, Dec. 2d, by Rev. J. L. Race, Mr. Ezra Decker, to Miss Alice Quick, both of Lathrop.

BALDWIN—BOOTH—At the Fairdale parsonage, by Rev. E. W. Breckinridge, Mr. Edwin E. Baldwin, of Bridgewater, to Miss Mary Ann Booth, of Forest Lake.

DEATHS.

DOWNER—In Jessup, Nov. 24th, of Typhoid fever, Hettie, second daughter of R. B. and Betsey Downer, aged 21 years.

STUART—In Lathrop, Nov. 28th, Abram N. Stuart aged 19 years.

WATSON—In Falure, Saline co., Kansas, Nov. 23d, Melvina, wife of Geo. Watson, and oldest daughter of Asa and Candace Hammond, aged 55 years, 10 months, and 15 days, formerly of New Milford.

HOLLEY—In Springville Pa., Oct 6, Alnie E., daughter of Elam L. and Amelia A. Holley, aged 10 years, 9 months and 13 days.

HOLLEY—In Springville, Pa., Oct. 13, Mary Jane, daughter of Mr. Elam L. and Mrs Amelia A. Holley, aged 4 years.

TAYLOR—In Lynn Pa., Oct. 20th, Gideon Taylor, aged 61 years.

NUTT—In Springville, Oct. 25th, Lucy, wife of Johnathan Nutt, aged 84 years.

SMALES—In Lynn, Nov. 22, Charles D., child of Wm. and Sarah E. Smales, aged 4 years and 5 months.

ATKINSON—In Washington, Wyoming co. Pa. Oct. 24th Mrs Lucinda Atkinson, aged 71 years 5 months and 20 days.

FOSTER—In Montrose, Nov. 23d, William Foster, aged 77 years, and 7 months.

FOSTER—In Jackson, Nov. 25th, of scarlet fever, Arthur R. youngest son of E. M. and Emeline Follet Foster, aged 3 years, 7 months and 25 days.

TRAVIS—In Brookdale, Nov. 28th, Samuel W. Travis, aged 48 years and 11 months.

Mr. Travis has been an invalid for many years and a portion of the time a great sufferer. He leaves a wife and nine children.

Centaur Liniment.

There is no pain which the Centaur Liniment will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, etc., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing, pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever sold before, because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain, or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, etc., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, etc., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—the liniment are worth your attention. No family should be without them. "White wrapper family use;" Y llow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists.—50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. ROSS & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

Castoria is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimulate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.
Oct. 25.

Commission Merchants.

JAMES M. ROWAN,

Commission Merchant

AND RECEIVER OF

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, POULTRY, AND VEAL CALVES,

84 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK CITY.

Consignments solicited and returns made immediately on sale of goods. Send for shipping cards and stencils.

References:
National Park Bank of New York.
North River Bank of New York.
Nassau National Bank of New York.
Long Island Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Feb. 12, 1873.—tf

Miscellaneous.

FINANCIAL.

These prices are

FOR CASH ONLY,

and for Customers from a distance:

Good Winter Pants, lined,	2 00
Heavy Business Suits,	8 00
All Wool Cassimere Suits,	12 00
Broadcloth Dress Suits, all woo.,	16 50
French Diagonal Suits,	15 00
English Basket Suits,	18 00
Cutaway Coats and Vests, fine,	14 00
Heavy Grey Overcoats,	5 00
Black Union Beaver Overcoats,	6 50
Castor Beaver Overcoats,	11 00
Chinchilla and Fur Beaver,	10 00
French Beaver and Kersey,	15 00
Good Under Shirts and Drawers,	40
Good Knit Jackets,	1 25
Good Cloth lined Paper Collars, per box,	10

And all other Goods in proportion.

Also an immense stock of

CLOTHING

for boys, from 3 years of age, up to men's size at prices from $2 00 a suit upwards.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO GO 50 MILES

to buy a supply of Winter Clothing at these prices.

WEBSTER, The Clothier.
62, 64, 66 Court Street,
Binghamton, N. Y.
Binghamton, Nov. 11, '74.—tf.

**NEW ARRANGEMENT