THE DEMOCRAT.

E. B. HAWLEY & CO., Editors.

Wednesday, July 1, 1874.

Gold closed in New York, on Saturday night last, at 111⅝

Hon. Eugene Hale, of Maine, has accepted the position of Postmaster General to which he was recently appointed by President Grant.

The Democracy of Missouri join with their brethren of Pennsylvania and Ohio and designate the 26th of August, as the day for holding their State Convention.

The third-term prophets have been wiping their telescopes since Grant sent in the name of Boss Shepherd for district commissioner. This was a touch of Cæsarism they were entirely unprepared for.

The Prohibitionists met in convention Thursday, and adjourned without making any nominations, until the second of July. They wish to take a look at the candidates of the old parties, and if any of them please them, they will consider their case.

A number of our exchanges have published a pharagraph purporting to be a copy of "an act exempting property from levy and sale on executions and distress for rent, etc." No such law was passed last winter. As the publication may lead to difficulty we make this statement, for the benefit of whom it may concern.

By a law enacted during the late session of Congress newspapers must be prepaid at two cents per pound. and magazines at three cents per pound. Bound public documents are to be uniform at ten cents, and if unbound, at newspaper rates. Exchangers pay postage, but all papers circulate free in the county where printed. Prepayment to commence January 1, 1875.

An old acquaintance in a new jacket turns up in New York. The prohibitionists have put in nomination for Gov. Myron H. Clarke, of New York. The instinct of these one-ida people is as fine as the scent of a sleuth-hound. The old enemy of the Germans who sought to take away their ballots is now after their beer.

The Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin*, radical, is vastly displeased with the determination of the temperance people to run a state ticket next fall. As long as temperance can be used as a moral dodge for the advancement of the republican party it is all very well, but the moment an attempt is made to make a distinctive and honest stand independent of party, it meets with undisguised condemnation.

It is nearly time that the regulation organs should come to some agreement in regard to the character of the currency bill. One portion of them describe it as consistant with the doctrines of the Jones Memorandum, since it limits the amount of legal tender currency, and the others claim that it is a triumph of the inflation policy of Morton, Kelley and Logan, as it fails to make any provisions for the resumption of specie payments and releases not much less than sixty millions of legal tender service. The others are evidently more nearly in the right.

The principal points in the amended bankrupt law are that forty days of default in the payment of commercial paper are required instead of fourteen under the existing law; that one-fourth of the entire number of the creditors, and one-third of the amount of debts, must join in the petition for voluntary pankruptcy; the new law shall apply to the pending class in bankruptcy instituted since Dec. 1, when the debts secured by the suit shall have been paid, or when a majority of the creditors are for a discontinuance; that a voluntary bankrupt shall be discharged upon the payment of 30 per cent. of his inebtedness; that an involuntary bankrupt shall be discharged when he shall have been proved innocent of any fraud; and that the fees and expenses of bankruptcy proceedings shall be reduced temporarily until the Supreme Court shall establish a new system, looking to permanent reduction and simplification.

The first or long session of the Forty Third Congress closed on Tuesday last at four o'clock. Just what was done what was when nearly all the bills pending between the two houses not done, in the closing hours of the session, were settled by conference committees it is almost impossible, at present, to say. The most important measure adapted, however, was some kind of a patched up financial measure, the leading features of which is an increase in the circulating medium and a redistribution of the National Bank Circulation. This will benefit principally the South and West, as for instance, under the new apportionment the State of Indiana will be entitled to about $2,800,000, Ohio to about $9,000,0000, Minnesota $600,000, and Nebraska 300,000. The other West and Southern States will be entitled to much larger amounts. The Geneva Award bill was passed; some kind of a new tarriff bill was aggreed upon and other matters of like importance were rushed through the last hours of the session. In the jumble of things we cannot see what became of the bill, passed some time since by the House, repealing the act which taxed newspapers with postage in the county where published. By next week we shall have a clear ides of what was done.

There is a probability that in the coming gubernatorial canvass in the state of New York Gov. Dix is to be put on a prohibitional platform. The N. Y. *Evening Post*, thus alludes to the temperance issue.

Nevertheless we believe that prohibition had better be abandoned; not because it could not do its work, but because it is not a proper principle of legislation when carried to its local conclusion. Moreover, as our political system is now constituted prohibition is not merely wrong in itself, but it is a cheat in legislation, perpetrated by the very man who despises the policy. Our experiance in prohibitory law might have been more satisfactory if its efficiency had been shown where it prevails or pretends to prevail. But there is no promise of a better enforcement of the law anywhere, and its effect is simply to induce every bad man to engage in the traffic and to poison the liquors they sell, and to encourage young men to defy the law. We hope that respect for honest legislation, at least, may soon prevail upon the states now having prohibitory laws to adopt some other system.

Butler in Congress is like a bull in a china shop, and he never gets on the rampage but that all efforts to check him result in adding to the demoralization of the occasion. On Friday he made an elaborate speech on the moiety question, in which he declares that one-third of the custom revenues were stolen. He assailed bitterly the house of Phelps, Dodge &Co., intimating that they were smuggling, perjured villans. He charged that they had imported statues of the "Goddess of Liberty," Washington and Jackson, under exemption laws, and then melted them into metal. He declares that Mr. Dodge had a comma taken out of a law and another put in by which he cleared $250,000. Mr. Butler created great amusement by reading a letter written by Mr. Foster, an Ohio member, in which the latter said he was "prepared to rap Old Cockeye." Mr. Butler exultingly declares that in the Sanborn contracts investigation, "Old Cookeye" had escaped without a rap as usual. Mr. Foster then took the floor and sharp cross-firing occured between him and Butler. He defended Mr. Dodge and his firm, as did also Mr. Roberts, of New York, and Mr. Tremaine, who made it quite lively for Mr. Butler.

During a strawberry festival, which was held at the parlors of the Central Baptist church in Syracuse, at about 9½ o'clock on Tuesday eve., 23d ult, the floor gave way precipitating a room full of people into the story below. The parlor was on the second floor and the room underneath was also full of people. Over sixteen persons were killed and about two hundred injured more or less seriously. The entire police force and fire department were called out and took charge of the work of recovering the dead and wounded. Broken timbers were hoisted with great dimcuity. The walls of the church did not fall in, but are seriously damaged. The church is comparatively a new one. A few moments before the floor gave way it trembled so violently that many persons left the room, fearing the accident which had been predicted by many.

The accident was caused by the giving way of the joist that supported the floor. The joist ran from both sides of the room, to a cross stringer, the middle of which was supported by iron rods from the roof. The stringer gave way, pulling the ceiling and roof down upon the people and precipitating them into the room below.

The illness of Pius the Ninth brings to mind how long his life has been. A cheerful disposition and careful diet have enabled him to servive many severe attacks of sickness. He has appeared to be even better since his determination not to leave his palace. In fact his prison life agrees with him so well that the committee of prison reform ought to investigate the regulations in force at the vatican. The sovereign pontiff, when not ill, rises daily at half past five— old people are nowadays early risers. Thiers gets up with the lark, and Guizot with the sun. After private prayer in his room, he passes to his private chapel, indulges in prayer half an hour, then administers the sacrament if able, and if weak partakes of it from the hands of his chaplin. Having given orders respecting the most urgent affairs, about nine o'clock he takes a little black coffee or soup, at two o'clock he dines, previously enjoying a slight walk, and devoting a few moments to prayer, his dinner is simple, a soup, a friture of fish, or a chicken, some vegetables and fruit Wine and water is his principle drink, and his abstemiousness is proverbial, latterly he has been ordered a liquor glass of pure claret after each frugal repast. After dinner he indulges in a siesta of fifteen minutes duration, then reads his breviary, and after prayer again promenades, some hours' work and audiences occupy his time until nine, when he sups on soup, two potatoes and a litte fruit, at ten precisely he retires to his chamber, previously making a short visit to his chapel.

There is a negro Sampson named Nelson de Lisle, in New Orleans. He is a horse dealer by profession, and the trick is to take possession of horses in an unauthorized manner. He was denominated a horse-thief before the Court in New Orleans in 1869 and sent to the State Prison, where he stayed only six days of the five years awarded him. He broke jail by snapping iron bars as if they had been sticks, and carrying the outer gate, and fled and hid. The police have been on the lookout for him, and afraid they would find him. The other day two or three of them got hold of him; but he broke loose and laid them out on the pavement with one blow of his mighty arm. De Lisle then ran, and the cry of "stop thief" was raised, and a gathering crowd surged in pursuit. A policeman fired three shots at him without any apparant effect, and he was at length brought to a halt by running, as it were, in a crowd of about a thousand men who had collected about him, both beforeand behind, in his flight. The friction of such a crowd was too much, and he saw the living wall close around him. It took twelve muscular white Americans to take him to the station-house, as he kept up a skirmishing fight all the way. He was put in the stocks, and it was found that a pistol ball had passed through his thigh, and a club had indented his forehead over his eye. His vitals, which were covered with a heavy coating of upper leather, were unharmed. He is not of exaggerated size, being a little over medium size, but his mold is Herculean and his endurance is equal to that of a steam engine of twenty horse-power.

The Third Term.

The New York *Ledger* is not generally very good authority on political questions but as it admits, did support Grant for a second term. In those days Grant was wont to ride out with Bonner, behind Dexter, or some other of his fast trotters Unless the unlucky Jones has alienated Grant from his old friends, Mr. Bonner may be supposed to know something of the President's future intentions, and the following from a recent editorial in the New York *Ledger* is significant of public sentiment if not of Grant's purposes:

In the long line of Presidents, there is no precedent to be found for even so much as an attempt to be elected a third term. To be sure, there is no provision in our written constitution against a third term. But the tradition which limits the office of President to eight years has become so fixed and sanctified, in the minds of the people, by the uniform example of our greatest men, that it possesses all the force of a constitutional provision. Any attempt to depart from it now would be looked upon with well grounded suspicion as the first treacherous step toward the overthrow of Liberty and the foundation of Empire.

We do not doubt that such a movement would be met by a most crushing defeat. But this would not be all; the popular reprobation would blacken and brand the name of him who should seek to be satiated by a longer lease of power than that which Washington and Jefferson, and Madison and Monroe, and Jackson found sufficient to fill the measure of ambition. No reputation is so high that it cannot be sacrificed. Arnold was unquestionably one of the greatest Generals of the Revolution; but, beneath the obloquy and infamy which cover him even his military genius is lost to view. At the end of eight years Gen. Grant will quietly walk out of the White House, or he will forever place himself out side of the esteem of the American people.

A Rotten Government.

One by one the schemes of Radical corruption are being exposed, and the party is forced to abandon them. No field for official villainy has been more rich than the District of Columbia, where under guise of "public improvement," millions have been stolen from the general government and over taxed citizens. Boss Shepard and his gang have had the advantage of Tweed and his ring in that the former have been at the capital where they could mine into the United States Treasury, and "crack" the vaults of the nation. A vast amount of improvement has been made in Washington in the past few years, but it is safe to say that of the $20,000,000 debt now resting on the District, at least half was stolen by the Ring. And the head of this ring accompanies Grant on his jaunts to Cape May? Even wicked New York, has too much respect for decency to look with favor upon an attempt to pardon the convicted Tweed, but the President of the United States hob-nobs with the Great American Thief.

The Radical press on the contrary has contended that the charges made against the territorial government could not be sustained, last-week a Republican Congressional Committee unanimously reported that the Board of Public Works let contracts for public improvements, without competition open to the public. thus paying an increased price to the contractors, many of whom sub-let their contracts to others; the business of the Board, involving the expenditure of millions, was carried on very loosely and the accounts of the Board were unreliable and inaccurate. The Committee favors the immediate abolition of the District Government and the appointment of a Commission to conduct its affairs until the next Congress provides another form of Government. Such a Government has been upheld by the influence of the Administration.

Special Notices.

BRILLIANT RECORD OF CURES.

An American humorist tells us that it would have been money in his pocket if he had been born without a stomach and then proceeds to figure up the cost of a chronic dyspepsia, to which he is a martyr, and which he says it is impossible to cure. On this point, "Josh Billings," (for he is the party referred to is mistaken. Unless his stomach differs from all other dyspeptic stomachs, Hostetter's Bitters will cure him in less than three months. This it would be safe to guarantee under any penalty. There are a few, a very few, actual specifics for disease in existence, and Hosteters Stomach Bitters may be set down as one of them. In case of indigestion it never fails. Persons who had suffered for many years almost every conceivable species of torture from this agonizing complaint, have been permanently cured with the Bitters in six weeks. Hundreds of such instances are on record, authenticated by the testimony of prominent men in every walk of life eminent physicians among the number. But this celebrated vegetable preparation is something more than a stomachic and tonic. It is also an alternative of wonderful virtue. In liver complaint its effect is as direct and immediate as that of calomel or blue pill, and far more salutary; and in all diseased conditions of the bowels, notable in cases of constipation, its regulating properties are in the highest degree serviceable. The new settlements in the west and all low-lying tracts of country infested with miasmatic exhalations, so fruitful at this season, of the various types of intermittent fevers, should be always well stocked with this incomparable chologue, which will cure any case of fever and ague in a period varying from three days to three or four weeks, according to the violence of the complaint. Nervous disorders which are always aggravated by the adulterated liquors usually prescribed by physicians, are readily cured by a course of this admirable combination medicine, in which the properties of a stimulant, a tonic and alternative are happily blended.

SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC.—In the atmosphere experienced here during the summer months, the lethargy produced by the heat takes away the desire for wholesome food, and frequent perspirations reduce bodily energy, particularly those suffering from the effects of debilitating diseases. In order to keep a natural healthful activity of the system, we must resort to artificial means. For this purpose Scenck's Sea Weed Tonic is very effectual. A few doses will create an appetite and fresh vigor to the enervated body. For dyspepsia, it is invaluable. Many emminent physicians have doubted whether dyspepsia can be permanently cured by the drugs which are generally employed for that purpose. The Sea Weed Tonic in its nature is totally different from such drugs. It contains no corrosive minerals or acids; in fact it assists the regular operations of nature, and supplies her deficiencies. The tonic in its nature so much resembles the gastric juice that it is almost identical with that fluid. The gastric juice is the natural solvent which, in a healthy condition of the body, causes the food to be digested; and when this juice is not excreted in sufficient quantities, indigestion, with all its distressing symptoms, follows. The Sea Weed Tonic performs the duty of the gastric juice when the latter is deficient. Scenck's Sea Weed Tonic sold by all Druggists.

New Advertisements.

ROAD BUILDING.

The Supervisors of Bridgewater township, will meet at the residence of Joseph Jamison, in East Bridgewater on Saturday, July 18, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of offering to let the making of a surveyed road at the lowest and best bider. Inquire of Joseph Jamison as to the locality of said road

KIRBY BUNNEL, W. E. BABCOCK, M. S. TYLER } Supervisors.

July 1 '74.- 3w

BANKRUPTCY MEETING.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In Re Albert Moss Jr., and W. D. Knapp, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that there will be an adjourned second general meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupts, for the purposes contemplated in the 27th Section of the Bankrupt Act, on the 30th day of July, 1874, at 9 o'clock a. m. at the office of EDWARD N. WILLARD, Register in Bankruptcy, Scranton, Pa., and all creditors who have proved their debts, are here by notified to be present at said meeting.

G. B. ELDRED, Assignee.

July 1, '74.—2w.

PUBLIC SALE.

The following described lot of land late the estate of Martin W. Wood, of Lenox township, will be sold at public vendue, by virtue of a decree of Court,

July 28, 1874, at 1 o'clock p. m.

Description: Beginning at a corner of Wm. Stephens's land in the centre of the Lott road, thence along said road south 47 deggees west 28 chains and 3 links to a corner of Peter Lott's land, thence along said Lott's land north 43 west 5 chains and 43 links, thence by the same south 47 west 42 chains and 88 links, thence by lands of G. Allen north 34 west 9 chains and 12 links, thence north 46 east 28 chains and 3 links along the lands of J. Holmes, thence by lands of G. A. Carr south 43 east 14 chains and 25 links to the place of beginning, containing 41 acres, 2 roods, and 20 rods.

☞ To be sold on the premises.

Terms of sale made known on the day of sale.

SILAS HARTLEY, Committee of Lunacy.

Lenoxville, July 1, 1874.

DIRECTOR'S ANNUAL REPORT for Great Bend Borough School District for the year ending 1st Monday in June, 1874.

Amount of indebtedness June, 1873		$900 00
Cash in Treasurer's hands	$ 208 88	
" rec'd from all sources	2019 57	
	$2228 45	
Paid teacher's wages	$1820 73	
Fuel and contingences	213 70	
Repairs and interest	146 97	
On debt	500 00	500 00
Cash on hand	198 05	
	$2228 45	

Liabilities of District ..... Cents

Resources and note	$50 00	
Unsettled bills	61 63	
Cash on hand	198 05	311 68

Liabilities in excess of Resources $88 32

A. B. WHITING, Secretary.

July 1, 1874.

LICHENSTEIN & BLUMENTHAL BROS.,

New Milford, Pa.,

Wholesale and retail dealers in Fine Watches and Rich Jewelry, Sterling Silver Ware, French and American Clocks, Fine Plated Ware, and Silver Tea Sets. Also all kind of Gold and Silver plating, Watch, Clock, and Jewelry Repairing, and Plain and Ornamental Engraving, neatly executed.

June 24, '74.—1y

WOOL WOOL

1,000 pounds

Wool Wanted

Highest Market Price Paid in Cash.

June 17, '74.—tf A. LATHROP.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In Re. Amos H. Mills Bankrupt. No. 2000 in Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given that there will be a 2d general meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, for the purpose contemplated in the 27th Section of the Bankrupt Act, on the Sixteenth day of June 1874, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of EDWARD N. WILLARD, Register in Bankruptcy, Scranton, Pa., and all creditors who have proved their debts, are hereby notified to be present at said meeting.

F. B. WILLIAMS, Assignee.

Scranton, Pa., May 18, 1874.

INCORPORATION NOTICE.

The subscribers, with others, having formed an association or company, the object of which is to construct and maintain a bridge across the Susquehanna river, between the borough of Susquehanna Depot and the town of Oakland, in Susquehanna, Co., hereby give notice that they intend to make application for a charter and to have said occupancy incorporated under the name of the "Susquehanna Depot and Oakland Bridge Company," according to the act of Assembly entitles "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874.

J. H. COOK, M. H. BISMAN, HARVEY HOLDRIDGE, E. G. TAYLOR, J. C. KANE.

Susquehanna Depot, June 10, 1874.—3w.

EXCURSION TICKETS,

TO

SCRANTON, PITTSTON, AND WILKESBARRE

AT REDUCED RATES.

FOR SALE AT

D. L. & W. EXPRESS OFFICE.

Montrose, June 10, '74.

MONTROSE RAILWAY.—Arrangement of Trains. To take effect on Monday, May 25th, 1874.

Down Trains. SOUTHWARD. A. M.	P. M.		Up Trains. NORTHWARD. A. M.	P. M.
5.10	1.15	Montrose	10.20	5.30
5.20	1.25	Allen's	10.05	5.18
5.24	1.29	Cool's	10.00	5.15
5.37	1.33	Hunters	9.55	5.10
5.40	1.43	Dimock	9.45	5.03
5.47	1.50	Tyler's	9.38	4.55
6.00	1.55	Springville	9.25	4.50
6.12	2.10	Lynn	9.15	4.40
6.20	2.20	Avery's	9.05	4.33
6.28	2.30	Lemon	9.00	4.25
6.35	2.40	Lobeck	8.55	4.17
6.42	2.47	Marcy's	8.45	4.10
6.55	3.05	Tunkhannock	8.30	3.55

All trains connect at Tunkhannock with P. & N. Y. R. R. going north and south.

JAMES. I. BLAKSLEE, Pres't.

Montrose, May 27, 1874.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Proposals will be received for the following specification of a church to be built in Meshoppen. To erect a good substantial frame building 55 feet in length, 30 feet in width and 20 feet in height. To side the said church with good, sound pine siding to shut the walls on the outside with inch hemlock boards, and to wainscot the walls on the inside up to the windows with white pine. The floor is to consist of yellow pine. To put on a good heavy cornice of white pine, and the roof of the church is to be of good slate to put in ten windows as marked on the plan and double door in front. The siding and all the out sides work is to be painted with three coats of the best white lead and oil. The foundation of said church is to consist of stone and mortar two feet under surface and two feet above surface. All the work is to be done under contracts, and must give satisfaction.

Any builder or carpenter who would wish to erect said church will please send his bids within three weeks to Rev. P. J. Murphy, Auburn Centre, Susq'a co., Pa.

June 24, '74.—3w*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—WHEREAS Letters testamentary to the estate of Amos J. Rice, late of Harford twp., dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay.

ROBERT ALEXANDER Executor.

May 20, '74—6w. E. W. SMITH, Attorney.

FOR SALE—The farm late of Nathan Aldrich, dec'd, situated about half a mile west of Montrose Depot, in Brooklyn township, containing about 111 acres of land mostly improved. Inquire of the undersigned, executor of said estate, at New Milford, Pa.

ELLIOT ALDRICH.

New Milford, Jan. 25, 1873.—tf

NEW MILFORD

MACHINE SHOP.

JULIUS SHULTZ, Practical Machinist, respectfully solicits the patronage of all who may want Engines, Millwork, Shafting, Hangers, Pulley gears &c.

N. B.—Special attention paid to repairing.

New Milford, June 10, '74.—1y.

ATTENTION, FARMERS.

Wanted, as soon as possible,

5000 FAT VEAL CALVES,

10000 DEACON SKINS, 5000 EARLY LAMBS,

For which the highest market price will be paid in cash, by A. D. WELLMAN.

And will also say to the farmers of Dimock, Jessup Forest Lake, and Bridgewater townships, those having veal calves to sell will deliver them at Harrington's Hotel at Montrose, on Monday of each week between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, until the above date of delivering be changed to some other day of the week. They will also notify me of the number of calves they bring each week by mail one week previous to their delivery.

Address,

A. D. WELLMAN,

April 8th, '74.—6m. New Milford, Pa

ADJOURNED SALE

OF THE

Real Estate

OF MOSS & KNAP, BANKRUPTS.

The undersigned Assignee of the estate of Moss & Knap, Bankrupts, will, on Tuesday, the 30th, day of June, A. D., 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon, expose at public sale, by vendue, at the Moss & Knap Factory in New Milford borough Susq'a county Pa. all the real estate of said Bankrupts not sold on the 6th of May, 1874, as follows to wit:

Lots No. 3 and 4 of the real estate of said Moss & Knap, and lots No. 2, 8, 10, and 13 of the real estate of Albert Moss, Jr., one of said Bankrupts

Terms of Sale.—One third cash on day of sale, one third in six months, and one third in one year from day of sale; the unpaid purchase money to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises, with clause to keep insured where there are buildings on the premises. Other conditions of sale the same as in former notice.

G. B. ELDRED, Assignee.

June 10, 1873.—8w.

J. H. BARNES. | G. S. BARNES. | H G. BLANDING.

—o—

BINGHAMTON MARBLE WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1849.]

BARNES BROS. & BLANDING,

DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Italian & American Marbles,

AMERICAN AND SCOTCH GRANITES,

Marble and Slate Mantles,

26 Chenango St., Near Depot,

May 14, 1873. BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

H. BURRITT,

Would call attention to his New Stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Now on sale, in new

DRY GOODS,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS, NEW STYLE OF PRINTS, SHAWLS, WATER-PROOFS, FLANNELS, DALMORAL, AND HOOP SKIRTS, VELVETS, HOSIERY, HEAVY WOOL GOODS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, PAPER HANGINGS, BUFFALO AND LAP ROBES, FURS, HATS AND CAPS; BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS, STEEL, STOVES AND GROCERIES, ETC.

In great variety, and will be sold on the most favorable terms, and lowest prices.

H. BURRITT.

New Milford, June 3, 1874.

Hambletonian and Patchen Stallion,

MAX MARETZEK.

Foaled May 22d, 1870, bay horse with star, tip and near hind foot with a ruffe white, 15¾ hands, sired by KNICKERBOCKER, out of DOT, by PROPHET, g. gr. d. EMILY BRONTE, by AUSTIN'S SON OF GEO. M. PATCHEN, g gr. d., the dam of JESSIE PATCHEN and said to be an inbred Bashaw Mare.

KNICKERBOCKER, by Ryedick's Hambletonian, out of Lady Patchen by George M. Patchen, g. d. by Abdallah, g. gr. d. by May Day.

PROPHET, by thoro' bred Nero, out of Meg Dodds, &c., &c.

Knickerbocker, Prophet, Geo. M. Patchen, and Austin's son of Geo M Patchen, were all bays, without marks, and 16 hands high.

MAX MARETZEK is brother, on the sire's side, to Peggotty, the winner, when but two years old, of the three-year-old stakes at Nicholson last year, Sheriff Hoyt's bay mare that trotted a trial in 2:38, the Williams colt, Al Boyce, Canary Bird, and others

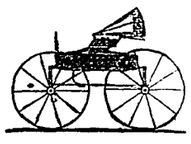
MAX MARETZEK will serve a limited number of mares besides his owner's at the farm of James E Carmalt, near Montrose, Pa., at $20 to insure if paid before March 1st, 1875, or $25 to insure a standing colt.—For further information address

M. NUGENT, Groom, Montrose, Pa.

May 13, 74.—6w.

NEW

CARRIAGE



EMPORIUM!

The undersigned will keep constantly on hand and for sale, very low,

Phaetons,

PLATFORM WAGONS,

(for one or two horses,)

TOP & OPEN BUGGIES,

WITH WARNER'S PATENT WHEELS,

TWO-SEATED CARRIAGES,

And Lumber Wagons.

Heavy spring wagons, second hand carriages and open and top buggies, for sale cheap.

Will make to order to suit parties, all kinds of carriages. Work Warranted. Repairing done neatly.—Shop at Springville, Pa.

Enquire at D. L. & W. Express Office of

D. D. SEARLE, Montrose, Pa.,

Or at Springville of E. H. CULVER,

Montrose June 3, 1874.—tf.

VISITING CARDS! CALLING CARDS!

Neatly written.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. 30 cents per dozen.

Montrose, March 25, '74. KIRKMAN.

POPULAR COLLECTIONS OF

Organ Music!

FOR PIPE ORGANS.

Organ Gems. Davenport.	$2 50
Batiste's Organ Voluntaries.	2 50
50 Pieces for Organ. Batiste.	2.50
Clark's short Voluntaries.	1.50
Organist's Portfolio. Rimbault. 2 Vols.	ea. 5.00
Hile's Short Voluntaries. 9 Nos., each	50
Zeuner's Voluntaries. Complete	3.00
250 Easy Voluntaries. Zundel.	2.00

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK NEARLY READY.

FOR REED ORGANS.

Organ at Home.	2.50
Recreations for Cabinet (Reed) Organs.	1.50
Clark's Short Voluntaries.	1.50
Clark's Reed Organ Companion.	2 00

Fine collections of Pieces, Songs and Tunes, may also be found in Emerson's New Method. Clark's New Method, and in Root's School for Cabinet Organs.

NEW CHURCH MUSIC BOOK.—IN AUGUST.

Sent post-paid, on receipt of retail price,

OLIVER DITSON & Co., Boston. CHAS. H. DITSON & Co., 711 B'dway, N. Y.

May 20, 1874.—1y.

BLATCHLEY'S

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP, Tasteless, Durable, Efficient, and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump, or disturbing the joints. Also, the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other.

For sale by Dealers & the Trade generally. Inquire for Blatchley's Pump, and if not for sale in your town, send direct to

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, Manufacturer, 506 Commerce St., Philadelphia, Pa.

April 1st, 1874.—6m.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

The Subscriber is now prepared to furnish, in the Borough of Montrose,

Fresh Ground Cayuga Plaster,

either by the ton, car load, or in smaller quantities.

—ALSO—

Lime, Cement, and Sand,

constantly on hand.

HIRAM HALL.

Montrose, May 13th, '74.—tf.

THE EAGLE

DRUG STORE,

BURNS & NICHOLS, PROPRIETORS.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN EAGLE AND MORTAR,

Brick Block, Montrose

—o—

We desire to say to the public that our store is well stocked with Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, proprietary and patent preparations, and all other articles usually kept in first class drug stores. We guarantee our goods genuine and of the best quality, and will be sold at *low prices for cash.* Respectfully Yours,

A. B. BURNS, AMOS NICHOLS.

Montrose, Feb 20, 1

TORONTO CHIEF, Jr.,

Is a blood bay with black legs, free from white, and weighs 1200 pounds. He is one of the best foal getters there is in this county. His stock can be seen in Dimock at the farm of P. Conklin, at M. K. Lemon's, and at C. Smith's; in Bridgewater at Jared Dean's and G. Decker's; in Springfield at Orin Pritchard's and A. Green's; in Auburn at James Loot's and Wm. White's.

PEDIGREE OF SIRE.

TORONTO CHIEF, Jr., was sired by the fast trotting Stallion Toronto Chief, (now serving at $200 for the season) who was sired by the celebrated Royal George, was by Black Warrior, and he by the imported Tippoo. The dame of Royal George was a thorough-bred mare, imported by an officer in the "Royal George Guards."

PEDIGREE OF DAM.

TORONTO CHIEF, Jr's, dam by the thorough-bred Jefferson, out of a Majesty mare. Jefferson, was by Virginian, (be by Sir Archy, the sire of Sir Henry, and grand sire of American Star,) dam by Old Favorite; 2d dam by old Bell Air; 3d, Fairy, by imported Pantaloon; 5th, a mare by the imported horse Master Stephen; 6th, a mare by the imported horse Juniper; 7th Bland's imported mare Dutchess.

TORONTO CHIEF, Jr.,

Will stand the present season as follows: Saturdays at the stable of M. J. Harington in Montrose, and the rest of the time at Dimock Four Corners.

TERMS,—To insure with foal, $10. Bills payable March 1st, 1875.

H. N. CRISMAN.

Dimock, April 25, '74.—2m.

Miner & Coats

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GROCERIES,

and

PROVISIONS

MAIN STREET,

Montrose, Pa.

June 25, 1873.—tf.

BILLINGS STROUD,

General

INSURANCE AGENT,

Montrose, Pa.

Capital Represented, $100,000,000!

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE:

Home Ins. Co., N. Y., Capital and Surplus.		$4,000,000
Hartford Fire Ins., Co., Capital and Surplus		$3,000,000
Liverpool, London & Globe		$30,000,000
Ins. Co., of North America	"	$3,250,000
Penn. Fire Ins. Co., Phila.,	"	$1,200,000
National, Phil'a.	"	$500,000
Ins. Co., State of Penn'a	"	$600,000
Union Mutual	"	$400,000
Lycoming Fire	"	$6,000,000
Narragansett, Providence, R. I.	"	600,000
Merchants'	"	450,000
Clay, of New Port, Ky.	"	250,000
Newtown, of Bucks Co.	"	300,000
Alemmania, of Cleveland,	"	400,000
Lancaster Fire Ins. Co.	"	200,000
Fire Association of Phila.	"	2,000,000
Home Ins. Co., Columbus, O.,	"	800,000
Lehigh Valley Fire, Allentown,	"	300,000
Citizens' Fire Ins. Newark, N.J.	"	300,000
South Side Ins. Co. Pittsburg, Pa.	"	120,000
Alemmania of Pittsburg,	"	400,000

The undersigned is SPECIAL AGENT for the following companies for Northern Pennsylvania:

Fire Association of Philadelphia.

National Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

The Insurance Co. of the State of Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia.

LIFE.

Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co.,	Assetts	$35,000,000
American Life, Phil'a.	"	$4,500,000

ACCIDENT.

Travelers Ins. Co., Hartford, Capital and Surplus		$2,000,000
Railway Passengers	"	$350,000.

The undersigned has been well known in this county, for the past 17 years, as an Insurance Agent. Losses sustained by his Companies have always been promptly paid.

☞ Office first door east from Banking Office of W. H. Cooper & Co., Turnpike st. Montrose, Pa.

BILLINGS STROUD, Agent.

CHARLES H. SMITH, Solicitors.

Montrose, Dec. 24, 1873

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

Wallace & Low, Commission Merchant No. 250 Greenwich St., New York, have sold out and wish their patrons to stop shipping to them. By order of the firm.

Yours truly,

Dimock, May 20, '74.—3w. F. H. BUNNELL.

DAIRYMEN ATTENTION.

If you want quick sales and prompt returns, send your butter to Jackson & Low, No. 250 Greenwich St. New York.

Yours truly

J. T. Wallace,

Of the firm formerly Wallace & Low.

Dimock, June 3, '74.—3w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans's Court of Susquehanna County on exceptions in the final account of Henry S. Griswold and F. B. Thayre administrators of the estate of Sedate Griswold dec'd will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of M. J. Larrabee Esq., in Susquehanna Depot, Pa., on Tuesday July 28th, 1874, at one o'clock p. m, at which time and place all parties interested may attend and be heard if they think proper.

W. W. WATSON, Auditor.

Montrose, June 3, '74.

HERRING & FARREL,

257 Broadway N. Y

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES.

The oldest and most reliable firm in the United States. They took the prize medal awarded at the

WORLD'S FAIR AT LONDON!

All Safes are warranted free from dampness and corrosion.

BILLINGS STROUD, Agent.

Montrose, May 6, '74.—tf

THE INDEPENDENT

Sewing Machine!

THE GREATELT ACHIEVEMENT OF THE AGE!

Sews from but One Spool of Thread.

It has but six working parts, is noiseless, and sews more rapidly than any Machine in the Market.

Has a self-setting Straight Needle.

It Combines Durability with Beauty and Simplicity, and has all the Modern Improvements.

☞ A FIRST-CLASS MACHINE ON A BLACK WALNUT TABLE FOR $35.

Agents Wanted.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Address,

THE INDEPENDENT SEWING MACHINE CO.,

Dec. 24, 1873. Binghamton, N. Y

Printed at this Office, Cheap.

STATEMENTS, BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS, ENVELOPES, BUSINESS CARDS, VISITING CARDS, WEDDING CARDS, POSTERS, SALE BILLS, HORSE BILLS, SLIP BILLS, PROGRAMMES, CIRCULARS, LABELS, RECEIPTS, TAGS, CATALOGUES, NOTES, PAPER BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CERTIFICATES, BONDS, PATENT DEEDS, NOTES, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Printed at this Office, Cheap.

MONEY SAVED!

NEW FIRM,

NEW STORE,

NEW GOODS,

NEW PRICES.

GRIFFIS & SAYRE,

Have opened, at the old location of M. S. Wilson, in the Brick Block Montrose, and we shall be pleased to see all of our old friends and the many new ones we hope to gain. Our stock will consist of

Iron, Nails and Hardware

OF ALL KINDS,

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

in large quantities and variety. Stone Ware, Wood Ware, House-Furnishing Goods and Groceries. We shall give particular attention to the Grocery Trade and keep a full assortment of Teas, Sugar, Coffees, Family

Groceries & Provisions,

in full variety, Salt and Flour. We shall keep constantly on hand fine brands of flour at much less than old prices, and warrant it to please. Goods delivered promptly to our town customers.

TERMS:—Our terms will be strictly

Ready-Pay,

(cash or produce.) This it will be well to remember,