THE DEMOCRAT.

Local Intelligence.

Religious Services.

The services in the several Churches of Montrose are as follow:

BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. J. E. Cheshire D. D. Pastor.
Sabbath Services..........10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sabbath School..........12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday Evenings..........7½

CATHOLIC CHURCH..........Rev. P. J. Murphy
Sabbath Services,.....1st and 3rd Sunday in each Month
Sabbath School..........Immediately before Mass

EPISCOPAL CHURCH..........Rev. Geo. H. Kirkland.
Sabbath Services..........10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School..........2½ p. m.
Week-Day Services—Wednesdays..........7½ p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL..........Rev. W. J. Judd.
Sabbath Services..........10.45 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Sabbath School..........12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursdays..........7.30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH..........Rev. J. G. Miller.
Sabbath Services..........10.45 a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sabbath School..........12.15 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday Evenings..........7½ p. m.

Winter Arrangement of Mails.

Via Railroad:

	Arrives.	Departs.
Tunkhannock, (Daily,)	7 00 p m	12 15 p m

Via Stages:

	Arrives.	Departs.
Montrose Depot, (Daily,)	6 00 p m	6 20 a m
New Milford, (Daily,)	10 00 a m	1 20 p m
Wyalusing, (Daily,)	9 45 a m	2 00 p m
Friendsville, (tri weekly,)	6 00 p m	8 00 a m
Conklin Station, (tri weekly,)	7 00 a m	7 00 a m
Binghamton, via S. Lake, (tri weekly)	6 00 p m	7 00 p m
Meshoppen, (tri weekly,)	10 00 a m	4 00 p m

The New York, (via Montrose Depot,) New Milford, Tunkhannock, and Wyalusing are daily.

The Conklin Station mail runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

The Binghamton mail, (via Silver Lake,) runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Friendsville mail runs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

The Meshoppen mail runs Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

Additional Stages:

A Stage leaves daily for Montrose Depot at 1 m., and returns at 6 p. m

A Stage leaves daily for New Milford at 7 30 a. m. and returns at 3 30 p. m.

E. C. FORDHAM, P. M.

List of New Advertisements.

Flour—H. J. Webb.
Notice—Wm. K. Hatch and others.
Pain Killer—Perry Davis & Son.
Antagonist of Disease—Hostetter & Smith.
Administrator's Notice—Estate of Reuben Reynolds.
History of the O'Mara Murder Trial—E. B. Hawley & Co.

Business Locals.

Annual Meeting—Chas. H. Smith.
Peruvian Syrup.
Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.
Parsons' Purgative Pills.
Notice—Committee.
Montrose Ahead—Isbell & Melhuish.
Fruit and Ornamental Trees—H. J. Reynolds.

Notes About Town.

"Blind Tom's" concert next monday evening, March 16th.

Messrs Isbell & Melhuish advertise to clean watches for thirty cents. See notice.

O. D. Stebbins & Co., have reduced the prices of their coal to $4.80, for all kinds.

Send a copy of the "History of the O'Mara Murder Trial" to your distant friends.

Send in your sale-bills, horse-bills, posters, cards, checks, envelopes, &c., if you want a neat job, cheap.

Rough & Ready Fire Company, No. 1, will hold their Fifth Annual Reception on Friday, March 20th, 1874.

Rev. W. J. Judd, of the M. E. Church, is necessarily absent from his pulpit to attend a quarterly meeting in Fairdale next Sabbath; and Rev G. E. Palen, of Tunkhannock, will fill his place morning and evening.

You can forward a newspaper to a friend for one cent, or a postal card for a cent; but if you paste a scrap of paper on a postal card, the charge is three cents. And this is authorized by the postmaster-general.

On Monday night last the Methodist Mite Society was held at the house of G. Decker, about two miles south of town. Quite a number assembled, notwithstanding the heavy storm, and all seemed to enjoy themselves, thanks to the kindness of Mr. D.

At the semi-annual election of Rough & Ready Fire Company, No. 1, on Monday evening, March 2d, 1874, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term: Foreman, L. Searle, jr; 1st Ass't, Hugh Mitchell; 2d Ass't, F. W. Crandall; Secretary, H. T. Birchard; Treasurer, H. C. Jessup; 1st Pipeman, E. B. Pickering; 2d Pipeman, G. C. Hill; Wardens, Wm. H. Jessup, Amos Nichols, D. D. Searle, B. Stroud.

The "little" band of Shylocks in Montrose may have governed the action of R. R. Little on the usury Bill. He may think that they own this portion of the state, but we opine that he will wake up hereafter to find that it is only a few farms that they own. The people know them.

What would the firm of Jones & Little in the Legislature, and their organ, the *Republican*, have done for an anathema for the editor of this journal, if the word "demagogue" had never been coined. If they look in the dictionary they will find it not so bad a cognomen as Shylock.

Every Democrat ought to take the county paper. If he admires Democratic principles, he surely can afford two dollars a year to spread them. The cost of a paper is no excuse for not taking one. Not a week passes but that ten times the amount is spent foolishly, which might have been much better invested in a newspaper. It buys more reading matter than twenty dollars will purchase in the shape of books. A man may read books all his life, but if he fails to read the papers he may be called ignorant. Without a newspaper a man is virtually out of the world.

The editor of the *Republican* has our thanks for publishing an account of our denunciation in the Legislature. He has done pretty well, only misrepresenting us in two particulars: First, by not publishing the "circular" which is a key to the article, and secondly, by correcting the statement of Mr. Orvis from what it was in the Legislative *Journal* and as he delivered it, both of which are in the Journal from which he says he copied. Mr. Orvis said that we were a candidate for "*re-election*" last fall instead of "election," as the editor has chosen to correct it. This may seem a trivial correction, but the object of Mr. O. was apparent. He wished to present a falsehood to make out that we were repudiated at home, for the benefit of his "band," and he did it expressly for that purpose, and Homer should not take the responsibility to correct unless he is anxious to be "white-washed" by that committee.

◆

Small Pox.

Great destitution exists in some of the families in our city on account of the ravages of the small pox. The prevalence of this disease cut off supplies heretofore furnished to these poor families, persons charitably disposed being afraid to venture near them. A family named Kearney, consisting of father, mother and seven children, is the latest case brought to light.—Two of the children are now suffering with the loathsome disease, and the family are in the most destitute circumstances. They live on Chester Street, Hyde Park. The poor directors and small pox committee should attend to the wants of these destitute persons at once.—*Scranton City Journal.*

Too Late.

Our Great Bend correspondence came too late for this week, but will appear in our next.

◆

"Six Year Old" Editor.

The editor of the Susquehanna *Journal* copies a composition from a six year old girl. It compares very favorably with his editorials, except that it contained childish truth.

◆

Economy.

Norristown *Herald* says: The most economical married couple live in Bridgeport. They had their mouths put in order for new sets of teeth last fall, but the panic coming on interfered somewhat with their calculations. They could purchase but one set and have worried through the winter by wearing them alternately.

◆

What's in a Name.

A while ago a farmer in the Highlands lost his wife, and out of love for her memory called his estate "Glenmary." A neighbor having met with the same affliction, and equally desirous of keeping before him the image of his dear departed, followed his example, and his farm is known by the name of "Glenbetsy."—*Monmouth Inquirer.*

◆

Unity in Life and Death.

The funeral of Mr. and Mrs. Eben Blanchard was attended from the Jackson Baptist Church on Sunday last. They were born within five days' time of each other; and, living to a ripe old age, died within thirty hours' time of each other. O. T. Smith, of this place, and D. W. Eymer, of Gibson, were the undertakers.—*Susquehanna Gazette.*

◆

Patrons of Husbandry.

A council will be formed consisting of the representatives of all the subordinate Granges in Bradford, Susquehanna, and adjoining counties, will be held soon, in which an arrangement will be made for the purchase of all kinds of farming implements, sewing machines, and other articles; hence it is desirable that as many representatives of the farming interest be present as possible. Therefore we urge every town to organize and be ready to send its representatives to this meeting, which will be held sometime this month.

◆

A Caution to Mothers.

The Newburgh *Journal* says, a child three years old, the daughter of Mr. Henry Cleaves, a colored man in the employ of Mr. James Patton, town of New Windsor, was burned to death in the residence of Mr. Patton. It seems that the mother of the child went out, leaving her to amuse an infant still younger that had been tied in a chair. When Mrs. Cleaves returned she found the clothing of the little three year old girl in flames, and the child screaming with agony. Unfortunately the mother lost her presence of mind, and instead of trying to extinguish the flames she ran out to alarm one of her neighbors, some distance off. When they returned they found the child dead having breathed the flames of her burning clothing.

◆

The New Ten Cent Note.

The new ten cent fractional currency note, series of 1874, is a trifle larger than that of the last series, the size being 8⅛ inches in length and 2 inches wide, and instead of the large red seal across the face, it has the small seal of the Treasury Department extended with lathe work in green, on the lower portion of the note. The portion engraved in vignette form, of William Meredith, Secretary of the Treasury during the administration of President Taylor, appears on the left end of the note. At the left of the portrait enclosed in a panel is the white face of Roman capital lettering, "Fractional Currency."—At the lower and upper ends of this panel is the monogram "U. S.," and in the corners forming the borders of the note are the figures, "10, X." elaborately ornamented with scrolls.—As a specimen of artistic skill, the note is far superior to any ten-cent fractional currency note heretofore issued.

◆

The First Blue Stone.

The first blue stone ever quarried and sent to market were gotten out at Westbrookville, in Sullivan county, very near the line of Orange, in 1840. The stone were sent down the Delaware & Hudson Canal to Rondout, where they were shipped on board of a sloop of which Mr. Charles McEntre was owner and captain, and taken to New York for sale. In those days the sidewalks were laid in brick and people were opposed to all innovations on old customs, so no market could be obtained for the blue stone, and they were accordingly brought back to Rondout by the same vessel in which they went to New York.

The President's house, in Rondout, now the residence of Mr. S. D. Coykendall, was then in course of construction, and those flagging stone were used to pave the area. No doubt the identical stone are yet where they were first laid.

The failure to find a market for the first blue stone sent to New York put a stop to all quarrying operations at Westbrookville for thirty-five years, but an immense traffic has since grown up in that region.

◆

Obituary.

At a stated meeting of Huron Lodge, No. 483 I. O. O. F., the undersigned committee were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Lodge.

Whereas, It has pleased an All wise Providence to remove by death, our well beloved brother, P. G., Samuel Dinsmore; therefore

Resolved, That in the death of P. G., Samuel Dinsmore, we mourn the loss of a worthy brother, one with whom we have long been pleasantly associated, a kind friend, a good citizen, and an exemplary member of our fraternity. To those of his immediate relatives and friends who are most heart stricken at the loss we have all sustained, we can only sincerely, deeply, and most affectionately sympathize with them in their afflictive bereavement, and while we extend to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy, let us throw around his foibles the broad mantle of Charity; nor withhold from his memory the commendation that his virtues claim at our hands.

T. W. Clinton,
S. W. Pickering,
C. A. Kennedy
} Comm.

Jackson, Feb. 28th, '74.

◆

Strike of the Erie Shopmen.

On Monday morning last, at 9 o'clock a strike was begun by the Erie shopmen of this place, for a regular pay day, a reform in the apprenticeship system, etc., which was announced by blowing the whistle and ringing the bells in the shop; whereupon all left the shop, except those deputized by the striking committee to guard the company's property from injury.—The shopmen went to their homes, dressed themselves in their "store clothes" and congregated in groups on the street; giving it the appearance of a holiday, but everything was quiet and orderly, all the liquor saloons being closed by order of the committee. About 2½ o'clock it was announced on the street that the committee had just had an interview with the Master Mechanic Mr. Fry, and had a report to make. Accordingly they filed by twos and threes up to Skinners Hall where they were met by the committee who read to them a sound, common sense letter from Mr. Fry in which we believe everything was made satisfactory to the men and that they were to resume work in the morning, which communication was greeted with cheers by the men. Immediately afterward, headed by the committee the men formed into a procession, which nearly filled Main St., from the Post office to the Erie office, and marched down to see Mr. Fry. He came out and addressed them in a short but friendly speech, in the course of which he stated that had a proper understanding between him and the employees existed there would have been no necessity for a strike and hoped in future that in all things they would be united and work together for the best interest of both the men and the company. His remarks were applauded loudly by the men, and the meeting broke up with a better feeling between the men and the company than has before existed in some time. All the men were in their places the next morning and work was resumed as usual, and all is again quiet in Susquehanna.—*Susquehanna Journal.*

◆

The Relentless Destroyer.

A stranger named Reges Huot, was killed at the upper depot, on Wednesday evening last.—Being nearly destitute of money, the watchman had given him permission to sleep in the room under the water tank. He had been in the tank but a short time, when the caboose of a passing freight train jumped the track and coming in contact with the tank, demolished it. The unfortunate man was found with the hot stove on his body, and lived but a short time.—Drs. Johnson and Woodburn were summoned but the injuries were of such a nature as to render medical skill of no avail. Supt. Packer was untiring in ministering to the wants of the sufferer, and telegraphed his friends in Canada an account of the sad affair.

"There is but a step between me and death." On Tuesday morning, Montie, youngest child and only son of D'A. Overton, Esq., of this place, was apparently in the enjoyment of perfect health, and on Wednesday morning he was a corpse. Mr. and Mrs. Overton have the hearty condolence of the entire community in their sudden and great loss.

The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.—*Bradford Reporter.*

◆

Boy Drunkards.

Drunkenness among boys is a prolific scource of crime. The passion for strong drink has been the means of leading hundreds of children of respectable parentage to prison, penitentiary and gallows. Recently a fourteen year old boy died in one of the eastern cities of intemperance. A post mortem examination of the body revealed the fact that "death had been caused by the continual and excessive drinking of the vilest rum." The medical testimony further went to show that the vital organs had been literally eaten away, that the liver was in as shocking a state as if it had belonged to a drunkard of fifty years' standing. The mother of the deceased boy stated to the coroner that he had arrived at that stage when he could do nothing but drink. He had not eaten any kind of solid food for a considerable time before death.

It is only when the lives of boy drunkards terminate like those referred to that the police hears anything about them. The instances of the kind in which death is supposed to have resulted from natural causes are rarely referred to in newspapers. That drunkenness is largely on the increase among boys cannot be denied; neither can it be denied that parents are responsible to a great extent, if not altogether, for it.—The parent who permits his boy to keep bad hours, to possess a revolver or knife, and spend money without rendering a strict account of it, should not strive to ignore the fact that he is deliberately aiding him to become a gambler drunkard or thief, or perhaps all three. Few boys are strong enough to resist temptation when thrown in the way of it, and if their natural protectors fail to protect them to whom can they look?

◆

The Old Mill of Orange County.

Deerpark can boast of having within its boundary, says the *Mercury*, the oldest mill in Orange county, if not in this section of the State—although it has not been in use as a mill for many years. It is near what is now called Rose Point, on the Monticello Railroad, above Cuddebackville. It was erected long before the Revolution, by a man named Wm. C. Rose, who came from Connecticut. The mill was built entirely of white oak, and the nails were all made by hand by a blacksmith at Huguenot.—The Neversink river furnished inexaustible water power for the mill, and from miles, around, in dry seasons, the early settlers brought their grists to it to be ground, coming as far as from the Connecticut settlements along the Delaware and Cochecton, Damascus, Pa., and other distant localities. They used to make up small parties to bring in the grist, sometimes traveling on foot, and sometimes on horseback. Often some hardy pioneer would go alone to mill, tramping fifty or sixty miles through the unbroken wilderness that lay between the neighboring settlements, carrying his grist on his back.

The old mill was used as a fort during the troubles with the Indians, and many a time saved the lives of the settlers around it. From the original Rose family the mill property passed into the possession of Col. Wm. Cuddeback When the Delaware & Hudson Canal was constructed, the property was purchased by that Company, in order to control the water power of the Neversink, to feed the canal. The change of owners destroyed the usefulness of the mill, and it and the property belonging to it was subsequently purchased by the late Wm. C. Rose, of Port Jervis—no relative, however, of the original owner. Mr. Rose lived on the place many years. The old building still stands, in good repair, bearing marks of Indian bullets, and of the attack of time, a reminder of the struggles and privations of those who first dared the dangers of the wilderness now blossoming as the rose.

◆

Meeting of Workingmen.

A meeting of the employes in the car and machine shops of the D. L. & W. Co., was held at Father Matthew Hall, on Thursday evening, for the purpose of asking a restoration of the ten per cent, taken from their wages last fall. About five hundred were present.

The meeting was called to order by Mr. Thomas P. Brown, who stated the object for which they had met. The meeting was organized by elevating Thomas P. Brown as permanent president, and David L. Brown, as secretary. The president said they should start the movement they had entered upon in earnest and stick to it, so that they would win. Their demands were not unreasonable, and they should know no such word as failure.

Mr. M. McGinn suggested, as the most feasible way of accomplishing their wish, that a committee be appointed to wait on the master mechanic of both shops, Messrs. Dawson and McKinney, who would present the matter to the company. All they wanted was the ten per cent that a few months ago was taken from their wages. They did not want to restore the ten hours; they were satisfied with eight. If the company did not see fit to accede to the committee's request, there was no alternative but to remain idle for a while. The idea of filling the shops with men from Patterson and elsewhere was one that he did not think the company would entertain. Mr David L. Brown was in favor of not taking any arbitrary measures. He suggested that a petition emanate from each of the shops to the Board of Directors, to be transmitted by the master mechanics. This suggestion was very favorably received.—Mr. J. Lehan moved the appointment of a committee consisting of a man from each department, to act as a delegate on behalf of his fellow-workmen, and present their wishes to the company. This motion was carried, and the following were appointed: M. McGinn, machine shop; G. Thomas, upper blacksmith shop; M. Flaherty, boiler shop; John Lehan, eight-wheel car shop; David Gibson, four wheel shop; Jacob Liendecker, "jimmy" shop; Ed. Kear, lower blacksmith shop; M. Tobias, paint shop; E. Lynott, laborer's department; John Dernod, plane shop; B. Reilly, yard man; M. Hand, turning shop; M. Kean, laborers' department; F. Sweet, Medway's shop; and Wm. France, upper pattern shop.

Mr. McGinn moved that the committee wait on the master mechanics Friday, and report the result at a meeting to be held this evening. The motion was carried and the meeting adjourned to assemble this (Saturday) evening at half-past seven o'clock.—*Scranton City Journal.*

◆

Township Elections.

Messrs. Editors Democrat:—Please give space in your worthy paper for a few lines from Silver Lake, in regard to Township Elections. It will be remembered that after the Election in Silver Lake, one year ago, there was an article in the Independent *Republican*, claiming Silver Lake as bidding fair to become a Republican "Banner Township." The matter had been quite forgotten until the Saturday before the election of the present month. On that day there was a caucus held at Mud Lake with the largest attendance that has been known for many years and well represented by Republicans. The meeting was organized and presided over by a Democratic Chairman and a Republican Secretary, something never known to occur in Silver Lake before. Matters began to look as if there was some truth in the article referred to let the author be who he may. Democrats bolted and withdrew from the meeting and organized a caucus with a good, sound Democrat presiding, made nominations and on the 17th inst., elected their candidates to a man with good, sound legal tickets. Now we will see what this mongrel caucus did. They made nominations to correspond with the meeting. They came to election on the morning of the 17th, worked all day and finaly claim they have elected an assessor, and what is the most amusing is, they have elected him with what I call blank tickets, for when folded they showed nothing more or less than scraps of white paper without any labell, without any heading whatever, and I claim should have been rejected by the board. Those are the kind of tickets used on election day by the Republicans of Silver Lake, and assisted by a few weak democrats—tickets contrary to all law and order, for the act of assembly, of the 13th day of March 1860, provides what a ticket shall consist of. That one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labelled "Township" That act is specially for tickets, and provides for nothing more only requiring the Sheriff to publish the first section in his Election Proclamation, which has been done each year since its passage and we have not heard of that being repealed.

And further in regard to those tickets. When the polls were closed, and those bald headed tickets unfolded, there were ticket after ticket with the names of two Inspectors of Election contained in them, and were counted, which is contrary to law and always has been, and which the new constitution provides for as well, that each elector shall vote for Judge and one Inspector. These are the kind of tickets voted by the Republican party on election day in Silver Lake and endorsed by the man they claim to be elected Assessor, for he would go to his neighbor's house on election day and ask him to come to the polls and vote these worthless tickets.—Those are the kind of men that were claimed one year ago to be elected to office without regard to party. Claimed to be the best men of Silver Lake. Pretty men indeed, that are not capable of preparing a proper ticket to be voted on election day. I claim those men have not elected an officer, not even an Inspector of Election, which one proper ticket would give them. I claim as before that we have elected our whole ticket lawfully, although the returns may not show it to be so. I will refrain from exposing those men in their official capacity, although there is plenty of room, but I would suggest that some disinterested person outside of Silver Lake would published what a ticket should contain for the sake of charity towards these men, to see if they can be kept from shaming the Township.

A Democrat.

Silver Lake, Feb. 20th, '74.

Business Locals.

Within the Whole Range or tonic and alterative medicines known, none is entitled to more consideration than the Peruvian Syrup.—In all cases of enfeebled or debilitated constitution it is the very remedy needed. The most positive proof of this can be adduced.

Montrose Ahead!
Cleaning watches, 30 cents; main springs, 50 cents; and all goods proportionately low. Best rolled plated sets for five to seven dollars.

Isbell & Melhuish.

Montrose, March 11, 1874.—tf

Annual Meeting.
The annual meeting of the Odd Fellows' Hall Associations, will meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, April 7th, 1874, at 7 o'clock, a. m. Election of officers and transaction of general business. Chas. H. Smith, Sec'y.

Montrose, Feb. 11, 1874.

Donation.
The friends of Rev. Arthur Folsom, will make him a donation visit at his residence, in Dimock, on Thursday afternoon and evening, March 18, 1874. An oyster supper will be served in the evening. A general invitation is extended to all.

By Order of Comm.

Dimock, March 11th, 1874.—w1.

Notice.
There will be an exhibition on Friday evening, the 13th of March, at the Fairdale M. E. Church, for the benefit of the Sunday School.—An interesting variety may be expected, consisting of dialogues, declamations, tableaux, and appropriate singing and music. Ten cents admission.

By Order of Comm.

Fairdale, March 11, 1874.—w1

It is a rare thing that physicians give any countenance to a medicine, the manufacture of which is a secret. About the only exception we know of is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. This we believe, all endorse, and many of them use it in their practice with great success.

Persons requiring purgative or pills should be careful what they buy. Some pills not only cause griping pains, but leave the bowels in a torpid, costive state. Parsons' Purgative Pills will relieve the bowels and cleanse the blood without injury to the system.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees.
The time for ordering trees for planting this spring is drawing to a close. If parties within a reasonable distance of Montrose will drop me a line through the Post Office soon; I will come and see them and learn just what they want.

Over 50 citizens of Montrose and vicinity to whom I have sold trees have signed the following:

This is to certify that the trees we have re ceived of H. J. Reynolds are the best in every respect that we have ever seen delivered in Montrose. We must say they were delivered in the very best of order.

H. J. REYNOLDS, Agent.

Montrose, March 11, 1874.—w3*

LOST.

Somewhere in the borough of Montrose, between Burns & Nichols' drug store and Zipron Cobb's dwelling, a fur cape. Any one finding the same and returning it to Z. Cobbs's store in Montrose, or informing where it may be found, will be suitably rewarded.

Montrose, Feb. 25th, 1874.

The last Quarterly meeting of this ecclesiastical year, will be held in Fairdale for this circuit, by Rev. W. Judd of Montrose, on the 14 and 15 of March 1874. Preaching on Saturday at 2 p. m., and on Sunday a. m. at the close of the Lovefeast, which will commence at 9 o'clock. The public is earnestly invited.

E. W. BRECKINRIDGE, Pastor.

MARRIAGES.

BRYANT—CORSE—At North Jackson, in the Free Will Baptist Church, Feb. 22d, by Rev. C. M. Prescott, Mr. Fred Bryant to Miss Mattie L. Corse, both of North Jackson.

PLATT—CANFIELD—At the house of the bride's father, in Pike, January 28th. 1874, by Rev. S. Elwell, W. A. Platt, of Herrick, to Miss Dora A. Canfield, only daughter of Solomon Canfield.

WRIGHTER—TENNANT—At the Baptist parsonage, Jackson Corners, Feb. 28, 1874, by Rev. B. T. Davies, Mr. Lewis J. Wrighter to Miss Florence S. Tennant, both of Thomson, Susq'a co., Pa.

DEVINE—BEEBE—In Farmington, Tioga co., Pa., at the residence of the bride's father, March 4th, 1874, by the Rev. Benjamin Russell, Lott A. Devine, of Rush, Susq'a co., Pa., and Miss Ada V. Beebe.

DEATHS.

BLISS—In Silver Lake, February 27, 1874, Mrs. Isabella Bliss, widow of Horace Bliss, aged 78 years.

TAYLOR—In Lathrop, Susquehanna county, Feb. 11, 1874, Hiram Taylor, aged 71 years and 10 months.

NEWMAN—In Little Meadows, Susquehanna county, Pa., February 23d, 1874, Martin Newman, aged 64 years.

ROSE—In Silver Lake, Feb. 27, 1874, Francis Rose, son of Andrew H. and Anna Rose, aged 21 years and 5 months.

SHANE—In Hampton, Iowa, Feb. 7th, 1874, Elmer O., only child of George W. and Angie A. Shane, aged 6 months and 24 days.

SISK—In Nicholsen, on the 1st inst., after a long and painful illness, of dropsy of the heart, Mrs. Sisk, relic of the late Michael Sisk, and mother of R. R. Sisk, aged 58 years.

SWISHER—In Auburn, Pa., Feb. 27th, 1874, suddenly of erysipelas, Em M., wife of R. B. Swisher, aged 20 years, 11 months.

Faithful in life—beautiful in death.

WALKER—In Jessup, Feb. 24, 1874, Mrs. Ruth Walker, in the 80th year of her age. The deceased was for many years a worthy member of the Rush Baptist Church, and was highly esteemed by those who knew her. H. H. G.

WALLACE—In Dimock township, Feb. 17th 1874, Mehitable Jane, wife of James M. Wallace aged 43 years, 7 months and 28 days.

The accompanying excerpt from a scrap book, culled in their mother's childhood, seems to give voice to the sorrow of her smitten household:

"We miss thee, dearest mother,
We miss thee every day;
Death might have claimed another,
And let *our* mother stay,

Rest, mother rest, thy work is done,
Thy life on earth is o'er;
Thy Father's voice hath called thee home,
And thou shalt weep no more.

'Twas sad to hear thy dying groan,
Without the power to save,
'Twas hard to see the much loved form,
Laid in the silent grave.

But Jesus wants thee mother, dear,
To dwell with him above,
And, though we fain would keep the here,
We yield thee to his love.

No sorrow there can cloud thy brow,
Or weigh thy spirit down,
Thou art a shining angel now,
A star in Jesus' Crown."

Commission Merchants.

JAMES M. ROWAN,

Commission Merchant

AND RECEIVER OF

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, POULTRY, AND VEAL CALVES,

77 Dey St., New York.

Consignments solicited and returns made immediately on sale of goods. Send for shipping cards and stencils.

References:

National Park Bank of New York.
North River Bank of New York.
Nassau National Bank of New York.
Long Island Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Feb. 12, 1873.—tf

The Markets.

New York Produce Market.

Reported Every Week Expressly for THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT by Rhodes & Server, Produce Commission Merchants, 25 Whitehall Street, New York.

BUTTER—Firkins, N. Y., N. J., & Pa.	.43	@	45
Tubs " " "	.48	@	50
Pails " " "	.53	@	57
CHEESE—State Factory, fine to fancy	.16½	@	15
State Dairy, common to fair	.12	@	15
EGGS—State and Pennsylvania	.23	@	23
Western, prime		@	21
GRAIN—Corn	.90	@	94
Rye, State.	1 08	@	1 10
OATS—State	.58	@	60
HAY AND STRAW—Hay, per 100 lbs	1 05	@	1 10
Straw, " Rye	.83	@	90
" " Oat	.83	@	90
POULTRY—Chickens, State, prime	.14	@	16
Turkeys, " "	.14	@	16

Financial.

Perfect quiet reigns in the money market.—There is an excessive supply of funds seeking employment, and the banks are eager to lend on satisfactory securities. Very little business paper is making. These are by no means healthy symptoms. We continue to quote loans on call at 4a6 per cent. Two-named mercantile paper, strictly first-class, having three our four months to run, is rated at 6 per cent; singly-named ditto at 6a7. Loans on government are negotiated at 5 per cent; first-class bonds and stocks at 6, and on second class ditto at 7a8 per cent.

	Bid.	Ask.
Gold	111⅝	
Silver		
U S 6s 1881	119½	119¾
5 20 Coupon, 1862	116¾	116⅞
5-20 Coupon, 1864	118¾	119
5 20 Coupon, 1865	119¾	120
5-20 Coupon, 1865	118	118¼
5-20 Coupon, 1867	118⅝	119
5-20 Coupon, 1868	118	118⅜
New 5 per cts	114	114¼
10-40s	112¾	113
Paris Exchange	463¾	453¾
Sterling Exchange	542	546

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1874, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of S. F. LANE, of New Milford, Susquehanna Co., Pa., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debt, and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at the office of Littles & Blakeslee, in the borough of Montrose, Pa., before Edward N. Willard, Register, on the 13th day of March, 1874, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

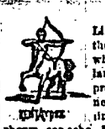
JOHN HALL, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger.

March 4, 1873.—2w.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—A FIRST CLASS dwelling house and barn, together with 7 acres of land, with plenty of fruit trees; situated ½ mile from Birchardville, Susquehanna Co., Pa. Will be sold cheap or exchanged for a place in some town.—L. B. SILVARA.

Birchardville, Dec. 17, 1873.—3m.

Centaur Linament.



There is no pain which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swellings, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all-healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless, and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle. They sell as no articles ever sold before, because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rheumatism, pain, or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe, &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for spavined or sweenied horses and mules, or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them "White wrapper family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists.—50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. ROSE & Co., 53 Broadway, New York.

Castoria is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimulate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals, morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

Miscellaneous.

THE BOTTOM

Has Fallen Out of

DRY

GOODS

—AT—

C. B. PERRY & CO.'S,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

An Immense Stock Just Bought from

THE GREAT FAILURES

of New England, at prices

CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE KNOWN

Binghamton, Nov. 12, 1873.-tf.

H. BURRITT,

Would call attention to his New Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Now on sale, in new

DRY GOODS,

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, BLACK AND COLORED ALPACAS, NEW STYLE OF PRINTS, SHAWLS, WATER-PROOFS, FLANNELS, BALMORAL, AND HOOP SKIRTS, VELVETS, HOSIERY, HEAVY WOOL GOODS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, PAPER HANGINGS, BUFFALO AND LAP ROBES, FURS, HATS AND CAPS; BOOTS AND SHOES, HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS, STEEL, STOVES AND GROCERIES, ETC.

In great variety, and will be sold on the most favorable terms, and lowest prices.

H. BURRITT.

New Milford, Jan. 28th, 1874.

A NEW ARRANGEMENT!

PIANOS & ORGANS,

At L. B. Isbell's Jewelry Stand,

Where a larger and better stock of the following goods will be found than elsewhere in Northern Pennsylvania:

FINE AMERICAN WATCHES,
JEWELRY & CLOCKS,
SOLID SILVER & PLATED WARE.
(OF ALL KINDS.)
FINE TABLE CUTLERY,
DIAMOND SPECTACLES,

and a general assortment of Musical Merchandise, Sheet Music, Violin Strings, etc. etc.

All Fine Watch Repairing done, (as usual,) by L. B. Isbell.

Sewing Machines and Organs Repaired by F. Melhuish.

Isbell & Melhuish.

Sept. 10, 1873.-1y. Montrose, Pa.

EAGLE COAL YARD:

At Coon's Crossing,

(Terminus of the Montrose Railroad.)

The Best Coal

Ever offered to the people of Montrose and Vicinity.

Having had long experience in the business, the undersigned guarantee satisfaction every time. Coal as free from slate and dirt as could be desired.

PRICES—Terms Cash:

EGG, $4.50. STOVE, $4.60. CHESTNUT, $4.60.

O. D. STEBBINS & CO.

Feb. 11, 1874.-tf.

V. RECKHOW & BROTHER,

General Undertakers

AND

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF COFFINS, CASKETS, ETC.,

GREAT BEND, Penn'a

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

V. RECKHOW & BRO.

April 23, 1873.—tf.

GREAT UNITED STATES TEA CO.,

BURNS & NICHOLS, Ag'ts.,

Montrose, Pa.

This Tea is put up in AIR TIGHT TIN CANISTERS thereby preserving its full strength, which is certainly a great desideratum.

☞ Call and get a can and try its merits.

BURNS & NICHOLS.

DR. W. W. SMITH,

DENTIST. Rooms at his dwelling, next door north of Dr. Halsey's, on Old Foundry street, where he would be happy to see all those in want of Dental Work. He feels confident that he can please all, both in quality of work and in price. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Montrose, Feb. 11, 1874—tf

WE DEFY ALL COMPETITION IN *Job Printing.* Bring on your work.

Miscellaneous.

AT

ROBINSON'S

Southern Tier

FURNITURE EMPORIUM!

88 Washington Street,

Binghamton, N. Y.

You will Find the

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS,

At the Lowest Prices of any Store in Southern New York.

All Goods Sold are WARRATED as Represented.

E. D. ROBINSON.

Nov. 873.—1yr

PROCLAMATION!

HEAR YE! HEAR YE!

All ye good people having anything to do before the Honorable Judges of what is good to eat and drink come forth and give your attendance, and your wants shall be supplied; and all men and *women* who are summoned as *Jurors*, to try the good qualities of our goods please answer to your names at first call and save your fines. And know ye all that

A. N. BULLARD

is constantly receiving large additions to his stock of Choice Groceries and Provision, such as Wheat and Buckwheat, Flour, Corn and Oat Meal, crushed Wheat and Graham Flour, Hams, lard, and fish, dried fruit, and berries, fresh fruits and vegetables of all kinds, (in their season,) sugars, (maple,) also molasses and syrup, teas and coffee, of the very best qualities, spices, soaps, salt, crackers, and cheese, raisins, figs, geletine candles, candies and nuts, books and stationery, yankee notions, tobacco and cigars, canned goods, a very large stock of the very best qualities, and all at extremely low prices for cash or ready pay.

A. N. BULLARD.

Montrose, Jan. 7th, 1874.

The American Submerged Pump,

"THE BEST IN THE WORLD!"

Double-Acting, Non-Freezing. The simplest and most powerful in use. It is proved to be the cheapest, most effective, durable, and reliable, not only for family use, but also for Florists, Factories, Breweries, Distilleries, etc. It is particularly recommended by Insurance Companies, as the smallest pump that will throw 50 to 75 feet through a hose. It is the most effective because it never fails. The most durable because it is composed of but few simple parts of iron (enameled so as to prevent any unpleasant or brackish taste in the water.) Has no leather packing. A child can work it. It never freezes, as no water remains in the pipe when not in action. It furnishes the coldest water, being placed in the bottom of the well. See opinion of Orange Judd, in the *American Agriculturalist*, June No., 1873, page 260; also Jan. No., Page 31.

Having purchased the county right, I will sell town rights to suit purchasers, and to those in want of a pump I am prepared to sell as cheap as they can be sold by the company. Send for circular and price list to

W. M. WILMARTH,

Oct. 15, 1873.—6m. Oakley, Pa.

NEW FIRM

In Lanesboro.

HOBERT & MAIN,

having entered into co-partnership, are now prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of

Wagon Making and Blacksmithing,

FROM A WHEELBARROW TO A COACH.

REPAIRING IN ANY PART OF THE BUSINESS will receive prompt attention.

HOBERT & MAIN.

Lanesboro, Pa., Oct. 15, 1873.-tf

PAMPHLETS CONTAINING THE

O'Mara Murder Trial,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

EDGAR A. TURRELL,

COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 170 Broadway, New York City.

Attends to all kinds of Attorney Business, and conducts causes in all the Courts of both the State and the United States.

Feb. 11, 1874.-1y.

For Sale.

Real Estate for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale the following Real Estate, to wit:

THE FARM

known as "Robert Moore Farm," situate in Bridgewater township, Susquehanna Co., Pa., about two miles east of Montrose Borough, containing 130 acres of excellent grass and grain land, about 25 acres of timber, a good farm house and outbuildings, a fine orchard of choice fruit, well watered, and adapted for dairying purposes. Stock, dairy fixtures, and farming utensils, will be sold with the Farm if desired, unless previously disposed of.

ALSO, A HOUSE AND LOT

situate in the Borough of New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pa., pleasantly located on the Main street, near the centre of the town. Lot 64½ feet front, a good convenient two-story dwelling, a good sized garden spot, and a convenient well of good water.

ALSO A FARM OF FIFTY ACRES

one fourth of a mile from the borough of New Milford, 25 acres improved, and the balance well timbered, principally with chestnut and hemlock. A good 30x40 feet barn, and a thrifty young orchard.

ALSO THE HOTEL PROPERTY.

known as the CHAMBERLIN HOTEL, in Gibson Hollow, Susquehanna Co., Pa., containing 90 acres of land, mostly improved, with Hotel, Wagon Barns and outbuildings. Convenient either as a hotel or for farming and dairy purposes.

ALSO A DISTILLERY

for the manufacture of Cider Brandy, in good running order, lately occupied by R. C. Vail, deceased, and about 60 perches of land adjacent to the aforesaid Hotel property.

Terms

made easy to suit the purchaser, upon good security.—For particulars inquire of E. B. Hawley, DEMOCRAT Office, Montrose, Pa., or of the subscriber on the Robert Moore Farm, Bridgewater, Pa.

JOHN GAVITT,

April 30, 1873.-tf.

FOR SALE—The farm late of Nathan Aldrich, dec'd, situated about half a mile west of Montrose Depot, in Brooklyn township, containing about 111 acres of land mostly improved. Inquire of the undersigned, executor of said estate, at New Milford, Pa.

ELLIOT ALDRICH.

New Milford, Jan. 23, 1873.—tf

FOR SALE.—A span of valuable horses, one roan, nearly ten years old, the other black, nearly eight. Residence of the owner on the Summersville road, in South Franklin. P. O. address, Montrose Susquehanna Co., Pa.

H. E. TIFFANY.

Montrose, Feb. 21, '74.—tf.