THE DEMOCRAT.

Local Intelligence.

Religious Services.

The services in the several Churches of Montrose are as follow:

BAPTIST CHURCH. Rev. J. E. Cheesman D. D. Pastor.
Sabbath Services.....10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sabbath School.....12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday Evenings.....7½

CATHOLIC CHURCH.....Rev. J. Slattery
Sabbath Services,.....Second Sunday in each Month
Sabbath School.....Immediately before Mass

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.....Rev. J. M. Sterret.
Sabbath Services.....10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School.....9 a. m.
Week-Day Services—Wednesdays.....7½ p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.....Rev. W. J. Judd.
Sabbath Services.....10.45 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Sabbath School.....12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursdays.....7.30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.....Rev. J. G. Miller.
Sabbath Services.....10.45 a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sabbath School.....12.15 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday Evenings.....7½ p. m.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

	Arrivals	Departures.
Montrose Depot, (Daily,)	6 00 P. M.	6 20 A. M.
New Milford, "	10 00 A. M.	1 30 P. M.
Wyalusing, "	9 43 A. M.	2 00 P. M.
Tunkhannock, "	10 00 A. M.	3 00 P. M.
Friendsville,	6 00 P. M.	8 00 A. M.
Conklin Station,	7 00 P. M.	7 00 A. M.
Hawleyton,	6 00 P. M.	7 00 p. m.
Meshoppen,	10 00 A. M.	4 00 P. M.

The New York, Tunkhannock, New Milford, and Wylusing mails are daily; the Conklin Station mail will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays; Binghamton mail, *via* Silver Lake, will leave on Monday at 6:30 a. m., Tuesday and Thursday at 8 p. m; Meshoppen mail will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; Friendsville mail leaves and returns Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The Binghamton mail via. Hawleyton, will arrive Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 p. m. m.—Leave same days at 7 p. m.

ADDITIONAL STAGES.

Montrose Depot, (Daily,)	6 00 P. M.	11 00 A. M.
New Milford, "	3 30 P. M.	7.30 A. M.

E. C. Fordham, Postmaster.
Montrose, January 4, 1873.

List of New Advertisements.

Notice—D. A. Lathrop.
Opportunity for a Mercantile Business—Enock Mack.
Auditor Notice—Estate of George Frink.
The following are from Geo. P. Rowell & Co., Agents, New York: Canvassing books; M. R. N. Y.; Housekeeper's Manuel; Institute; New Book; Wanted; Scientific American; Crown Wringer; Fashons; Guns; Felt; Fireside; Cider; Money; Stammering; Women; $5 to $20.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Oysters—F. G. Wonder.
Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

Notes About Town.

Cold, wet weather these last few days.

Ice will soon be dispensed with as a luxury.

Wood wanted at this office on subscription, immediately.

The list of teachers' examinations will be published next week.

The time to borrow your neighbors' saw and hammer to fix up the coal bin has arrived.

Isaac Hamlin is building an addition to his house, and otherwise fitting up his premises.

Snow, about three inches deep yesterday morning. Cattle were bawling and men also.

A very bad time for threshing buckwheat and cutting corn, or even digging potatoes.

Let men laugh when you sacrifice desire to duty if they will. You have time and eternity to rejoice in.

Rough & Ready Fire Company No. 1. will hold a "Masquerade Party," at their Parlor on Wednesday Evening, Oct. 22, 1873.

The sociable connected with the Baptist church will be held at the residence of Wm T. Moxley, on Friday evening, October 10th.

F. G. Wonder has added an oyster department to his already tasty and well-filled bakery and lunch room, under the Post-Office. Give Fred a call.

There will be plenty of Chestnuts this fall. Mothers are hiding their extra pillow cases, and the agricultural members of the community are putting their guns in order.

Mr. A. O. Merriman, of Bridgewater, has left at our office a sample of Prince Albert potatoes, several in number, the average length of which is nine inches, and weight, one and one-fourth pounds. Good enough.

There will be an Oyster Supper given at the Engine House, on Tuesday evening, November 11th, 1873, under the supervision of Rough & Ready Fire Company No. 1. The proceeds are to be used towards liquidating debt on Hose Carriage. All are invited to attend and help them along.

The attorney for the editor of the Montrose *Republican* in the "Sittser Divorce Bill," has accused us of publishing "illegal" and "obscene" advertisements. Our readers know better, and we challenge him to point out one, unless it be our reference to the "Sittser Divorce Bill." Senator Fitch was counsel for the defendant, in the trial in Montrose, and heard the evidence, which was certainly too obscene to appear in print or any where else, and yet he says he "thought it was a meritorous bill, or he should not have procured its passage in the Senate."

We caution our readers against expressing an opinion upon the guilt or innocence of the prisoners charged with the murder of Margaret and Mary O'Mara. They have not yet been indicted by the Grand Jury, and they cannot be convicted or acquitted, until they have a trial. If the people of the county in the heat of excitement, express their opinions upon the matter, it may disqualify them for acting as jurors, and force a change of venue into some other county, increasing the difficulties and expenses of meteing out impartial justice. No person is competent to render a decision legally in this case, until he has heard the evidence as a juror before the court, which cannot take place until after they are indicted before the Grand Jury at November Term.

The march of improvement in our Borough has extended to the Suburbs, on Cherry Street. Mr J. R. Cooley has a very nice dwelling lately erected, and has just been laying a new plank walk. Mr. Nelson Smith has a new dwelling on the opposite side of the street, has just completed a new picket fence, also a large and commodious barn on his lot opposite, and has laid a new plank walk. Mr. Thomas Warner is making quite extensive improvements, and repairs on his dwelling and premises. He also has put down a new plank walk. Mr. Hiram Welch is erecting a good and comfortable dwelling on his lot, lately purchased, and preparing to lay a new walk. Dr. Decker is building a new barn on the premises lately purchased of Mr. Read. Other improvements are being made, and on the whole that is among the most pleasant and enterprising portions of the town.

Discharged.

The examination of Mr. Fagan, father-in-law of Daniel O'Mara, who was arrested last week on suspicion of having knowledge of the murder of Mrs. Margaret O'Mara and her daughter, resulted in his discharge.

Fire at Glenwood.

Black & Clearwater's tannery at Glenwood, was destroyed by fire on the 15th ult. The loss on building and stock machinery, etc., is $53,-261. There is an insurance of $9,250 on building and fixtures, and $40,000 on stock. This is a great loss for so small a community as Glenwood.

Our Mistake.

We copied a notice of the marriage of Addison Morgan, and Miss Lizzie Bronson, from the Montrose *Republican*, last week, and we were told by one of our citizens that it was a contemptible hoax. We are sorry that we were led into publishing an "illegal advertisement" from that paper. The person who procures the publication of such, ought to be visited with stoga boots.

Post Mortem Examination.

According to the order issued by the Court last week, the remains of the murdered O'Mara women, buried at Susquehanna Depot, were exhumed on Thursday last for examination, for the purpose of determining whether they were killed by the cars, or whether they were dead at the time they were placed on the track. The examination was made by Drs. Halsey and Blakeslee, of Montrose, Dr. Ainey, of New Milford, and Dr. Birdsall, of Susquehanna Depot. They have made no report in regard to their conclusion, but probably will at the time of the trial.

What would You Say?

If the editor of this paper had been appointed a commissioner to fill the quota of men for the army, required by the government from this town, and the money had been raised by the people generally of the town to exempt the town from draft, and if he had put in the men and caused one of them to be credited to him as a substitute and got his name out of the wheel, and the remainder of those liable had been obliged to submit to a draft afterwards, and he exempted by this sly use of other people's money, what would you have thought of the transaction? Henry M. Jones did that thing in the township of Harford, in 1864.

Registered Letters.

The Third Assistant Postmaster General is making arrangements to secure better protection to registered letters in their transmission through the mails. At present the railway postal clerks are obliged to receipt for each package, and the registered matter in seperate registered pouches, with a special lock to only which postmasters at distributing offices will have keys. The postal clerks will then be required to receipt for the registered pouch. It is expected that the danger of loss will be less by this new system. The receipts for registered letters during the last fiscal year were $225,000, yielding a net revenue to the Government of $85,000. The custom of sending gold packages by mail from the Pacific slope is increasing.

Death of Father O'Reiley.

This community was startled by the announcement on Sunday morning last, that Father O'Reiley, residing at Susquehanna Depot, had been killed by the cars at that place. The circumstances as we gather them are, that Saturday evening he had just returned from Binghamton, and was walking along the track, and loser undoubtedly, than he was aware of, he was struck by the bumper to an engine, knocked on the track, and the engine passed over him, severing one leg and cutting his body almost diagonally to the opposite shoulder. He was over eighty years of age. His funeral was attended yesterday. We will give our readers hereafter a more extended history of Father O'Reiley, whose name and deeds are so closely connected with some of the best interests of our county.

Death of Eld. Solomon Dimock.

[A Correspondent of the Montrose *Republican* gives the following.]

Many readers doubtless suppose that Solomon Dimock long since finished his earthly career. Born in Bennington, Vermont, in 1780, he removed into Middletown, Susquehanna county Pa., where, about 1816, he was lincensed to preach, and in 1819 was ordained, in Mehoopany, at the first session of the Susquehanna Baptist Association. He was the first Moderator of the Bridgewater Baptist Association, but in 1828 removed to Allegheny county, N. Y., and thence to Northwestern Ohio, in 1834. He labored two years as a missionary, and then as a pastor, closing his active labors at Strongville. For the last twelve years he preached but little excepting an annual sermon, and died at Olmstead, Lorain county, Ohio, August 8th 1873, lacking 42 days of being *ninety-three* years old. He was a cousin of the late Eld. Davis Dimock, who was his senior by birth four years but Solomon survived him fifteen years. "The fathers, where are they?"

Corner Stone Laying.

The Corner Stone of the new M. E. church in Montrose, was laid on Friday last, with due and very appropriate ceremonies. Providence smiled upon the projectors with a beautiful day. The congregation was large and composed of all denominations. The singing by the choir was very fine, and especially the "Corner Stone" hymn, written by the wife of the pastor, expressly for the occasion. There were nine clergymen present, most of whom took part in the exercises. The following order of exercises was observed:

1. Singing by the choir. Voluntary.
2. Introductory address by the pastor, Rev. W. J. Judd.
3. Prayer by the P. E., Rev. L. Peck.
4. Responsive Scripture reading, conducted by Rev. L. Peck.
5. Singing, hymn read by Rev. E. W. Breckinridge.
6. Address, by I. T. Walker.
7. Financial Statement, by the pastor.
8. Singing of the "Corner Stone Hymn."
9. List of articles in box placed in the stone.
10. Corner Stone laid.
11. Prayer by Rev. A. D. Alexander.
12. Singing, Voluntary Anthem.

The following is a list of the articles which were placed in the box.

A Bible, Hymn Book, Church Discipline, Copies of the following papers, *Christian Advocate, Northern Advocate, Sunday School Times, Sunday School Lesson Leaf*, Montrose Democrat, *Independent Republican, Binghamton Daily Times, New York Daily Times, Scranton Daily Times and Republican.* Name of the pastor of this church, names of all the members, names of trustees, steward, and building committee, names of all the choir, names of teachers and officers in the Sunday School, names of workmen engaged upon the church, carpenters, stone cutters, masons and laborers. Programme of these services; copy of Corner Stone hymn, also an American quarter dollar, placed under the box by Tracy Hayden, county Treasurer.

This church when completed, will be an ornament to our borough, and we hope through the mediation of Him, who is the Head of Christianity, that it may prove a great blessing to its members and the community at large.—The pastor and all who are engaged in its projection, are worthy of great commendation for their energy and tact, and should receive the support of all who can contribute to its erection. All who live in this borough and vicinity, are indirectly benefited, financially as well as morally, by every such addition, and we hope they will do all that their circumstances will permit to hasten its completion.

Corner Stone Hymn.

Sung at the Laying of the Corner Stone of the M. E. Church, at Montrose, Pa., October 3d, 1873. Written expressly for the occasion by Mrs. W. J. Judd, wife of the pastor.

TUNE—WARD.

We build a temple, Lord, to Thee,
Where thy Great Name may honored be;
O grant our humble work to own,
As now we place this Corner stone.

O let Thy Spirit, Lord, descend;
Speak to us now, as "friend with friend;"
And may our hearts unite as one,
In Christ, our "precious Corner Stone."

O let this place be blessed of Thee;
Here may dear souls rejoicingly
The precious, loving Saviour own,
And trust in Him, their "Corner Stone."

Here may Thy saints be comforted,
And many hungry souls be fed;
The weak and sinful, sad and lone,
Find help in Christ, their "Corner Stone."

May every heart Thy temple be;
Fitted and set apart for Thee;
And when the work of life is done.
We'll rest with Christ, our "Corner Stone."

Court Proceedings.

The Adjourned Court commencing on Tuesday the 30th ult., for the trial of certain Railroad cases from Wyoming and Bradford counties, was opened with the case of James Bunnell, of Wyoming, vs. "The Pennsylvania & New York Canal & Railroad Company," (being the extension of the Lehigh Valley Railroad up the Susquehanna river,) for damages by the construction of said Railroad through the farm of the plaintiff. For the prosecution, Wm. H. Jessup, of this county, and F. C. Ross, of Wyoming. For the defense, H. W. Patrick and G. D. Montanye, of Bradford, R. B. Little, of this county, and W. E. Little, of Wyoming. After an able effort on each side in the examination of witnesses and pleading the case, the jury on Friday rendered a verdict of $4,676.14, including interest since 1868.

The case of Joseph Bramhall, of Wyoming county, against the same Company, was settled before coming to trial. The Company purchasing his farm.

The case of Gen. H. J. Madill, of Bradford county, against the Company on a similar claim, commenced on Friday, closing on Saturday.—For the prosecution, Wm. H. Jessup and J. B. McCollum, of this county, and Ethanan Smith and G. D. Montayne, of Bradford, with R. B. Little, of this county, for the defense. A verdict of $2,300 was rendered for the plaintiff.

My Sea Shell.

I prize it above all earthlygifts—I call it "my precious treasure." Not for its beauty; for among my collection are many far prettier but not none so rare, for me, in all the world.

Would you know why? Listen! In the "long ago" two children played together—a brother and a sister, each sharing the others joys and sorrows.

How did I love him? that brother mine—Let me count the ways—I loved him to the depth, the breadth, and height my soul could reach—I loved him freely, purely with the breath, smiles and tears of all my life. I can remember certain happy evenings, when we snuggled in sofa corners, and planned tricks or ate stolen goodies, and sometimes he would put his curly head in my lap and let me stroke it, when he was tired. He did not get into scrapes himself, but possessed a splendid talent for deluding others into them, and then morally remarking "There, I told you so!" His way of saying "You dare'nt do this or that" was like fire to powder;—It was he who incited me to jump off of the highest beam in the barn to be borne home on a board with a pair of sprained ankles; It was he who dared me to rub my eyes with red peppers and then sympathizingly led me home blind and roaring with pain—and yet for all that I loved him still.

The years sped all too fast!
Then "Time and Change."

I stood upon the wave-washed shore with a burden on my heart. I had come hither to say "good bye" to my brother. He and his fellow ship mates sailed blithely away, and I watched the white-winged vessel far, far, out upon the water, until his form grew to be a mere speck—as he stood upon deck waving me his *farewell*. He had started on a great voyage. Would he return? Ah! *did* he return! When out at sea about a week they hailed a vessel homeward bound, greetings were exchanged. *Then* came to me tidings of my brother. A letter, accompanied by my little sea shell. He had sent as "a *remembrance*" the letter said. Ah Dear Brother Mine! I shall *not* forget you! The strong hands of Time are too feeble and slender to garland the grave that is made in my hert. I *would* not forget you—I live but to remember. Since then not a word has come, I know not where he is or if he still lives. For ten long years I've waited and watched—yet no tidings. Perhaps he received a sailor's burial—Perhaps the ship was wrecked with all its crew.

"But that beautious head if it *did* go down
Took *sunshine* into the sea."

The very suspense is agony—There is a striving after something lost—and I never look into the pink heart of my little sea shell but what I fain would fathom the mystery—It brings to mind the form of a living, breathing boy, and that—*my own brother*. Do you wonder that I treasure my Sea Shell?

WAIF.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.

[We invite our friends, from different towns, to send us items of interest. Send the facts; we can arrange them.]

FROM SUSQUEHANNA DEPOT.

Judge Cook is in Montrose attending Court.

Wm. D. Outwater has moved into his house near the Baptist church.

The basement of the M. E. Church is being painted and papered.

James B. Gregg has sold his residence to M. H. Eisman, consideration $10,000.

Frank Kirby has opened a boot and shoe store, next door to the Union store.

A new sidewalk has been laid in front of George H. Crandall's store, on Main street.

C. A. Miller has some very fine cranberries from his marsh, one and a half miles from this place.

W. J. Falkenberry has commenced the foundation for a news-room opposite the post-office, on Erie street.

D. A. Lyons has repaired his side walk, the plank that have lain there all summer have disappeared.

Rev. A. J. Vancleft occupied the pulpit in the M. E. Church, at Great Bend, Wednesday evening, October first.

S.

Why So It?

The senior editor of this paper is made the objective point in this canvas, by the "Ring" organ of this county. Why is it necessary for the "Ring" officials to make nothing but personal flings at him, and those without specification, proof, or foundation? It seems necessary even to impugn his religious conscience, and cast a slur upon the church with which he is connected. A kind of tactics which was resorted to in 1869, when a candidate was a Methodist and that church was slurred. If the people of this county are satisfied with their Representatives, it being strongly Republican, it is not necessary that such trepidation should seize them. It is *prima facia* evidence that they are not, and the fear has overtaken these men that retribution will be meted out to them. Because E. B. Hawley has been fearless and advocated local measures irrespective of party issue, the fear has overcome the "Ring" that the independent masses will not vote for him simply as a Democrat, but because they wish to punish infidelity and stand by principle in the party if they can, out of it if they must. If the Democratic candidate should be elected, he must expect to meet any record he shall make on the same basis, as the people are certainly inclining to take matters in their own hands again. He did not "button-hole" any one to get his nomination, and he *has* not, nor *will* not do so, to get any one to vote for him. He simply asks the Democracy to do their duty, which is to sustain him with their every vote, and he is willing to abide by the decision of the people.

The O'Mara Murder.

The murder of Mrs. Margaret O'Mara and her daughter Mary, at Montrose Depot, on the night of September 20th, 1873, has created much excitement for the past ten days. There are so many stories afloat that it is hard to get at the truth, yet the following may be considered authentic:

On the morning of Saturday, the 27th, about 6 o'clock, as a team was approaching the crossing at the Depot, the horses, seeing something lying on the track, became frightened, and could not be induced to proceed further. As the driver could not see the objects on the track, (it being bearcely light,) he called one Killela, a trackman, and some other men, to assist in starting the team. The men soon discovered that two bodies were lying on the track, and informed Mr. Case, the station agent, who telegraphed to Scranton "that two bodies were lying on the track, at Montrose Depot," and requested to know what should be done with them. He was immediately answered, and ordered to have the bodies removed into the depot; which was done.

The bodies were recognized, with considerable trouble, as those of Mrs. O'Mara, and her daughter Mary. The body of Mrs. O'Mara lay between the two tracks, with a sadly bruised head, and one leg nearly severed at the knee.—The girl lay on the southern bound track. She had several gashes cut in her face, and her left arm severed at the elbow, and also injured at the shoulder. At first it was supposed they had been run over by the cars, but as the woman was old and the girl nearly blind, it was considered very improbable that they should be walking on the track in the night. It was also noticed that their shoes were clean and dry, while between the depot and their house, (nearly three miles distant,) there were mud holes which it would have been impossible to pass without getting the shoes badly soiled. As these things made it look like foul play, word was sent to Daniel O'Mara, (son of the old lady, and brother of the girl,) that their bodies had been found as before stated. He merely remarked that "he heard a noise in their room about three o'clock, as if some one was dressing, but paid no attention, and went to sleep again." He and his hired man, Patrick Irving, soon came down to the Depot, and Daniel, looking at the bodies, coolly said that "if it had not been for their clothes, he should not have known them."

The Coroner's jury was then called, and while they were examining the bodies, Patrick Houlihan, brother of the old woman, came down to the depot, and made a startling statement to the effect that there were pools and drops of blood all the way from O'Mara's house to the railroad crossing, where the bodies were found, and that there was an ox-cart, belonging to O'Mara, standing in the woods, about a mile from the house, towards the depot, with spots of blood on nearly every part, although it had the appearance of having been wiped off with leaves, a quantity of which were found, also stained with blood. The jury proceeded to the house where was found evidence considered proof of the murder. On the door posts were spots of blood, as if they spurted out of something, and some one had been trying to scrape it with a knife. In one room was a spot that had been mopped, but on examining closely, blood was seen in the cracks. On the floor, at the head of the bed wherein slept the mother and girl, was another large blood stain; and also in the room where the son, Daniel O'Mara, slept, was a streak, as if something bloody had been dragged across the floor. On the stairs was another place where the blood had been planed off with a plane, and a plane was found with the bloody chips in it; also, up the stairs were bloody boots tracks leading to the bed where Irving slept. In the barn were found an ox yoke, ropes, strings, and other articles, all more or less besmeared with blood. Also, the ox-en had blood on the necks and horns. These, and other like evidences, led to the supposition that these women came to their death at the hands of Daniel O'Mara and Patrick Irvin, and that, after they had killed them inside the house, they carried the bodies to the barn, lashed them to the oxen, and carried them in this way past the houses of Patrick and Dennis Houlihan, to the woods where their cart stood, (which had been used the day before in drawing bark,) placed them in it, and took them down to the crossing and placed them on the track, where found.

The jury rendered a verdict to the effect that the "deceased had come to their death by violence, at the hands of O'Mara and Irving."—They were accordingly arrested and brought before Esquire Avery, of this place, by whom they were remanded to jail to await a further hearing, which took place on the Monday following. The hearing continued all day. The prisoners were bound over to November term of Court, for trial.

The remains were taken to Susquehanna Depot on Sunday, and buried in the Catholic Cemetery.

Soldiers' Encampment.

HEADQUARTERS CAMP MIDDLE LAKE,
HARFORD TOWNSHIP, PA.,
September 18, 1873.

The Encampment was held on the grounds of John J. Smith, for the use of which he would take nothing from the soldiers, giving that and the wood used from his woods freely and heartily, inviting them to come again; for which he received a straight vote of thanks, with three cheers thrown in.

The camp was organized by appointing a committee of five, viz.: A. C. Follett, M. L. Truesdell, C. M. Chapman, Charles F. Watrous, and Michael G. Hill, who presented the names of the following persons for officers, who were duly elected: For Commander of the Camp, Col. J. R. Lyons; Lieut. Col., A. T. Sweet; Major, C. F. Watrous; Adjt., D. A. McCracken; Q. M., Lieut. Pickering; Com., Fred. G. Wonder. The same committee of five were instructed to divide the county into twelve company districts, appoint a comrade in each district to devise ways and means to organize a company in his district to be in readiness for the next Encampment, each company to elect their own officers, and when organized to report to the Adjutant General, the first company reporting to be Company A, the next company B, etc.—the companies to be divided into two Battalions 1st and 2d, or Eastern and Western, with field officers and staff for each Battalion, and a General to command the whole and the next Encampment—all officers to be elected yearly, on the Encampment. The result of their deliberations, which was unanimously adopted, was as follows:

EASTERN BATTALION, DISTRICTS.

1. Great Bend township and borough, and New Milford township; to organize Company, L. W. Chichester.

2. Susquehanna Depot, Oakland and Harmony; to organize Company, R. H. Hall and B.C. Stoddard.

3. Jackson and Thomson; to organize Company, M. T. Whitney.

4. Ararat, Herrick, Clifford and Dundaff; to organize Company, Philo Burritt.

5. Gibson and Harford; to organize Company, A. T. Sweet.

6. Brooklyn, Lathrop and Lenox; to organize Company, C. M. Chapman and A. C. Follet.

WESTERN BATTALION, DISTRICTS.

1. Apolacon, Choconut, Middletown, and Friendsville; to organize Company, Abijah Spafford.

2. Rush and Auburn; to organize Company, John W. Granger.

3. Jessup and Forest Lake; to organize Company, Peter Roe.

4. Springville and Dimock; to organize Company, E. B. Gates.

5. Bridgewater and Montrose; to organize Company, Joseph Jameson.

6. Liberty, Silver Lake, and Franklin; to organize Company, Benjamin Vance.

The soldiers above appointed to organize Companies in the townships are expected to appoint deputies to assist them and to make a complete roster of all the soldiers, sailors, and marines in their districts, to notify the Adjutant at least one month before the Encampment of the number of soldiers who will be present. The Quartermaster will provide tents for the formation of a regular regimental camp. A cap, blouse, and musket, with bayonet, can be furnished each soldier at a cost not exceeding $2 00 per man, it thought best.

For Officers of Eastern Battalion.—Col., J. C. Foot, of Susquehanna Depot; Lieut. Col., Philo Burritt, of Herrick; Maj., A. T. Sweet, of Harford; Adjt., Smith L. French, of Jackson; Q. M., George Taylor, of Great Bend; Com., C. M. Chapman, of Brooklyn.

For Officers of Western Battalion.—Col., D. A. McCracken, of Montrose; Lieut. Col., M. L. Truesdell, of Liberty; Major, John L. Guile, of Auburn; Adjt., E. P. Howe, of Jessup; Q. M., Chas. Hungerford, of Springville; Com., Abijah Spafford, of Middletown.

For General Commanding, Wm. H. Telford, of Susquehanna Depot, who appointed the following as his staff: Adjt. General, J. R. Lyons, Montrose; Q. M. General, E. G. Taylor, Susq'a Depot; Com. General, B. C. Vance, Franklin; A. D. C., H. F. Beardsley, Brooklyn, and Dennis Shay, New Milford. For Drum Major, E. N. Barney, of Brooklyn, was chosen. It was recommended that the time for next encampment be two or three weeks earlier than the present, and the place at or in the vicinity of Heart Lake.

Business Locals.

ALL kinds of blanks for sale at this office.

OYSTERS, by the plate, pint, quart or gallon, at the Montrose Bakery.
Oct. 8th, 1873. F. G. WONDER.

IT IS AN ESTABLISHED FACT, that Consumption can be cured: but it is far better to prevent the cruel disease from fastening itself on the system, by the timely use of a remedy like *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.* This standard preparation will speedily cure a cough or cold and even Consumption often yields to its great power. wl.

DR. GARVINS TAR REMEDIES give tone to your system.

FRESH OYSTERS at the Keystone Saloon.
Sept., 3d, 1873.—tf. GEO. C. HILL.

NEW lot of Blank Notes just printed, and for sale at this office.

FRESH OYSTERS have commenced arriving at the Keystone Saloon. GEO. C. HILL.
Sept., 3d, 1873.—tf.

FARMERS, AND OTHERS,
When you come to town on business, or other purposes, drop into Wonder's Lunch Rooms, (under the Postoffice,) and get a "good square meal," cheap. Bread, pies, and cakes on hand.
Aug. 27. F. G. WONDER.

CLAIRVOYANT EXAMINATIONS, FREE!
By Dr. E. F. Butterfield, at the Cafferty House, Binghamton, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, October 8, 9, 10, and 11. Any one suffering from any disease, however obscure, can, by calling on the Doctor, have a clear and positive statement of their condition and symptoms, without any questions being asked. Let those call who are not satisfied with the nature and condition of their diseases.
Scrofula, Catarrh, Piles, etc., a specialty.
Sept. 17.-3w.

NOTICE.
The Sunday School Institute for Wyalusing District, will convene in the M. E. Church, Tunkhannock, Pa., Oct. 26th, 1873, at 7 o'clock p. m., to continue the two days next following. Rev. Y. M. Freeman, of New York city, will conduct the Institute, aided by our P. E., Rev. L. Peck. Pastors of the district will see by the programme already in their hands, that work has been assigned to each. And the honor lies in *acting well our part.* The exercise will consist in addresses, essays, discussion, etc., interspersed with singing and prayer. A good and profitable time is expected.
P. R. TOWER, Sec'y.
Skinner's Eddy, Sept. 24th, 1873.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.
The National Board of Underwriters hereby offers a reward of five hundred dollars for the detection, conviction, and punishment of parties charged with the crime of arson, in firing the premises situate in Great Bend, Pa., owned by P. Churchill, and occupied by Mrs. M. P. Rooss, on August 3d, 1873. Said reward will be paid only on due proof being furnished the Executive Committee, of the conviction and actual punishment of said criminals.
By order of the Executive Committee,
STEPHEN CROWELL, Chairman.
New York, Sept. 24th, 1873.—w3*

TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Your attention is especially invited to the fact that the National Banks are now prepared to receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of the Centennial Board of Finance. The funds realized from this source are to be employed in the erection of the buildings for the Internal Exhibition, and the expenses connected with the same. It is confidently believed that the Keystone State will be represented by the name of every citizen alive to patriotic commemoration of the one hundreth birth-day of the nation.—The shares of stock are offered for $10 each, and subscribers will receive a handsomely steel engraved Certificate of Stock, suitable for framing and preservation as a national memorial.
Interest at the rate of six per cent, per annum will be paid on all payments of Centennial Stock from date of payment to January 1, 1876.
Subscribers who are not near a National Bank can remit a check or post office order to the undersigned.
FRED'K FRALEY, Treasurer.
924 Walnut St., Philadelphia.
Sept. 24, 1873.

JURY LIST.—The following is a list of Traverse Jurors drawn for the Adjourned Court to commence at Montrose, September 29th, 1873:

Second Week.

Auburn—Michael McGavin, Henry L. Lott.
Brooklyn—George W. Sterling.
Clifford—Isaac Morgan, jr.
Dundaff—Henry F. Bennett.
Forest Lake—James Kane.
Franklin—John R. Pierson, Gilbert H. Smith.
Great Bend boro—James H. Shurell, Milo Gurnsey, Henry Ackert.
Gibson—Samuel R. Holmes.
Harford—Amos V. Tiffany.
Harmony—Thomas J. Nicholson.
Jackson—Chas. W. Esterbrooks, Jas. Y. Potter.
Jessup—Ephriam P. Howe.
Lathrop—Isaac Wilmarth.
Lenox—David G. Black, Alpheus S. Benjamin.
Little Meadows—John Kimble.
Middletown—John Britton, Frank Keenan Roger Phillips, George Jones.
Montrose—Josephus Boyd, Joshua H. Corwin.
New Milford boro.—William Smith.
New Milford twp.—John Truesdell.
Oakland—Charles J. Lyons, Sylvester H. Esterbrooks.
Springville—James B. Lyman.
Silver Lake—Henry H. Skinner, Wm. Meeker, jr.
Susq'a Depot—Thomas Furman.
Thomson—Sylvester King.

MARRIAGES.

BRADLEY—SHOEMAKER—In Summersville, New Milford, Pa., by the Rev. Geo. W. Phinney, on the 24th day of September, M. O. Bradley, and Miss Grace Shoemaker.

LAMOREUX—HOWELL—At the residence of the bride's mother, in Providence, Pa., Sept. 23d, 1873, by Rev. W. Bixby, Edgar A. Lamoreux, of Dundaff, Pa., and Miss Lizzie Howell, of Providence.

LITTLE—LODERICK—At the home of the bride, in Tunkhannock, Oct. 2d, 1873, by Rev. J. L. Race, C. A. Little, and Miss Georganna Loderick, both of Tunkhannock.

LEWIS—SHAY—At the M. E. Parsonage, Tunkhannock, Oct. 2nd, 1873, by Rev. J. L. Race, David Willian Lewis, of Peckville, Susq'a co., and Miss Frances L. Shay, of Dimock, Pa.

DEATHS.

HANNON—In Susquehanna Depot, Oct. 1, 1873, Mary E., daughter of Michael and Ann Hannon, aged 3 months and 12 days.

Miscellaneous.

FLOUR FLOUR

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS OF FLOUR,

of choice brands, for sale at the store of
Montrose, April 20, 1873.—tf. H. J. WEBB.

A NEW ARRANGEMENT!

PIANOS & ORGANS,

At L. B. Isbell's Jewelry Stand,

Where larger and better stock of the following goods will be found than elsewhere in Northern Pennsylvania:

FINE AMERICAN WATCHES,
JEWELRY & CLOCKS,
SOLID SILVER & PLATED WARE,
FINE TABLE CUTLERY, (OF ALL KINDS,)
DIAMOND SPECTACLES,

and a general assortment of Musical Merchandise, Sheet Music, Violin Strings, etc. etc.

All Fine Watch Repairing done, (as usual,) by L. B. Isbell.

Sewing Machines and Organs Repaired by F. Melhuish.

Isbell & Melhuish.
Sept. 10, 1873.—1y. Montrose, Pa.

ABEL TURRELL,
DRUGGIST,

Montrose, Penn'a.,

is continually receiving NEW GOODS, and keeps continually on hand a full and desirable assortment of genuine DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, Paints, Oils Dyestuffs, TEAS, Spices, and other groceries, stoneware, wall paper, glass-ware, fruit jars, mirrors lamps, chimneys, kerosene, machinery oils, tanners' oil, neatsfoot oil, refined Whale oil, oil for lanterns, oil for sewing machines, Olive Oil, Sperm Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Varnishes, Canary Seed, Vinegar, Potash, Concentrated Lye, Axle Grease, Trusses, Supporters, Medical Instruments, Shoulder Braces, Whips, Guns, Pistols Cartridges, Powder, Shot, Lead, Gun Caps, Blasting Powder and Fuse, Violins, Strings, Bows, etc. Flutes, Fifes etc., Fish Hooks and Lines, Bar and Toilet Soaps, Hair Oils, Hair Restorers, and Hair Dyes, Brushes, Pocket Knives, Spectacles, Silver and Silver Plated Spoons, Forks, Knives, &c., Dentist Articles, a general assortment of

FANCY GOODS, JEWELRY, and PERFUMERY.

All the leading and best kinds of PATENT MEDICINES.

The people are invited to call at the Drug and Variety Store of ABEL TURRELL.
Feb. 1, 1873. Established 1843.

THE EAGLE

DRUG STORE.

BURNS & NICHOLS, PROPRIETORS.

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN EAGLE AND MORTAR,

Brick Block, Montrose.

—o—

We desire to say to the public that our store is well stocked with Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, proprietary and patent preparations, and all other articles usually kept in first class drug stores. We guarantee our goods genuine and of the best quality, and will be sold at *low prices for cash.* Respectfully Yours.
A. B. BURNS.
Montrose, Feb. 20, 1873. AMOS NICHOLS.

TIME TESTS THE MERITS OF ALL THINGS.

1840. For Over Thirty Years. 1873.

PERRY DAVIS'
PAIN-KILLER

HAS been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to American. It is the constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveler, on the sea or land, and no one should travel on our *Lakes or Rivers, without it.*

Since the PAIN-KILLER was first introduced, and met with such extensive sale, many *Liniments, Reliefs Panaceas,* and other *Remedies* have been offered to the public, but not one of them has attained the truly *enviable standing* of the PAIN-KILLER.

WHY IS THIS SO?

It is because DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is what it claims to be a Reliever of Pain,

Its Merits Are Unsurpassed.

If you are suffering from INTERNAL PAIN, *Twenty to Thirty Drops in a little Water* will almost instantly give you. There is nothing to equal it for

Colic, Cramps, Spasms, Heart-burn, Diarrhea, Dysentary, Flux, Wind in the Bowels, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, &c.

In sections of the country where FEVER AND AGUE prevails, there is no remedy held in greater esteem. Persons traveling should keep it by them. A few drops, in water, will prevent sickness or bowel troubles from change of water.

From foreign countries the calls for PAIN-KILLER are great. It is found to Cure Cholera when all other Remedies Fail.

When used externally as a Liniment, nothing gives quicker ease in Burns, Cuts, Bruises, Sprains, Stings from insects, and Scalds.

It removes the fire, and the wound heals like ordinary sores. Those suffering with RHEUMATIS, GOUT, or NEURALGIA, it has a positive cure, they find the PAIN-KILLER gives them relief when no other remedy will.

IT GIVES INSTANT RELIEF FROM ACHING TEETH

Every House-Keeper should keep it at hand, and apply it on the first attack of any Pain. It will give satisfactory relief, and save hours of suffering.

Do not trifle with yourselves by testing untried remedies. Be sure you call for and get the genuine PAIN-KILLER, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle. Price 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 per bottle.
Sept. 17, 1873.

Commission Merchants.

CASH
PAID FOR BUTTER
AT THE
Express Office,
MONTROSE, PA.

The Highest cash price paid for Butter at New York Quotations, as a guide.
A. G. GILMORE & CO.
June 18th, 1873.—tf.

J. M. Rowan,

GENERAL

Produce and Commission Merchant,

77 Dey St., New York.

Consignments solicited and returns made immediately on sale of goods. Send for shipping cards and stencils.

References:
National Park Bank of New York.
North River Bank of New York.
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