THE DEMOCRAT.

E. B. HAWLEY & CO., Editors.

Wednesday, Sept. 3d, 1873.

Democratic Ticket.

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STATE.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT,
HON. JAMES R. LUDLOW,
of Philadelphia.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
FRANK M. HUTCHINSON,
of Allegheny county.

DEMOCRATS! RALLY!!

By the call of the County Committee, published elsewhere, it will be seen that on Saturday afternoon next, primary meetings are to be held in the different election districts, to elect delegates to the County Convention, which assembles September 8th, the Monday following. We hope every district will see to it that they are properly represented. If the primary meetings are made the voice of the masses, the Convention will be so, of necessity. The grand old principles of pure Democracy are still afloat in the Quaker State as will be seen by reading the proceedings of the late Convention, which assembled at WilkesBarre. The influences which there prevailed were strong and healthy, and come to us like a fresh rural breeze, to invigorate all those who are sick of Land grabbers, Credit Mobilier and Back Pay thieves. We have men of "honesty and capability" and who will "administer the Constitution" at the head of our State Ticket, in contradistinction to the plundering "Mackey Ring," to be rid of which the law, for the election of State Treasurer by the people, was passed. The rebuke of the Salary grab was complete and overwhelming. Unlike the hollow hearted catch pot of the late Radical Convention at Harrisburg which was forced by necessity to demand the repeal of the law, but endorsed the *Chief* man who made it a law, U. S. Grant, who grabbed $100,000 of the people's hard earnings. And also they endorsed John F. Hartranft one of the chiefs of the Mackey Treasury "Ring" who agreed to work for the people when he was elected for $5000, but before he took his seat in the gubernatorial chair had it doubled, which takes $15,000 out of the tax ridden yeomanry of this Commonwealth. We say, unlike the rotten hypocrisy of the Radical party, the Democracy began by defeating Congressman Spear (who voted against the "grab," but afterwards took the "swag") when named as presiding officer of the Convention. Not one morsel of Radical slime which soiled the garments of Democratic Congressmen who simply allowed Radical Salary thieves to put their stolen treasure into their coat-tail pockets, was permitted to be wiped off on the grand old Democratic party of the Keystone State. They were emphatically commanded to take a rear position, until they have washed out the foul stain.

The sound ring of the resolutions will carry encouragement to every honest ear, and startle the horde of plunderers who see their own downfall from place and power, in the revival of the principles and practice of the better days of the Republic. Under these happy auspices opens a campaign for the restoration of pure, honest government, for the good of the many instead of the few who, combined in "Rings," now control and dishonor the Republican organization. It is a campaign in which we may ask the sympathy and aid of all good citizens who are true to the public interest and the principles on which our government is founded.

Such Virtue.

"Samuel J. Randall, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, voted for the back pay salary grab *eight* times, and drew and pocketed the money."

The above from the last issue of the Montrose *Republican*, is a piece of information, which, would be cheering to the Radical Salary grab party, providing it was true. The editor seems inclined to defend them with the same zeal and veracity that he does the "Curbstone Brokers." We say that Samuel J. Randall is not Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Pennsylvania.—He was Chairman last year, and appointed before he betrayed his party, for Radical silver. He, together with Congressman Spear, was taken by the ear at the late Convention at WilkesBarre, and led to a back seat, for an opportunity to purify their garments, which have been tarred by the Radical, Grant "grab" stick. Can the editor say as much of Grant, Cameron, and the long line of back pay thieves, who were endorsed by the party "of great moral ideas" at their Convention in Harrisburg? That Convention denounced the the grab, and endorsed the thieves. The editor of the *Republican* to show his independence (?) just before the Convention said "If we had the casting vote Mackey would not be nominated." But if he has the casting vote in October, we venture that Mackey will be elected, or that Kemble, Evans, or Yerkes would have been the same, if set up by the "Ring." Such disinterested (?) virtue is not to be found outside the Radical ranks.

WELL DONE!

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock by Hon. Samuel J. Randall, Chairman of the state Central Committee. The list of delegates was read, responded to by the delegates and corrections made where needed. The name of Andrew J. Nebinger of Philadelphia was presented for temporary chairman of the convention, who was unanimously elected. Upon taking the chair he made some very appropriate remarks:

P. Gray Meek, Capt. Brockway, and A. W. Fletcher were made temporary secretaries. The following order of bu iness, the first offered by A. L. Roumfort and the two latter by Col. Wright, were, after lengthy discussion, consuming more than an hour's time, adopted:

The selection of a committee of one be named by the delegates from each Senatorial district (except those which are contested) on contested seats, whose decision shall be final.

The selection of a committee of thirty-three members of this Convention to be named by the delegates from each Senatorial district to report resolutions upon platform to this Convention to which committee all resolutions upon platform shall be referred without debate and without being read.

The selection of a committee of thirty-three members to be named by the delegates from each Senatorial district to report permanent officers to this convention.

Motions were made but lost to postpone the appointment of the Committees on platform and permanent organization until the contested seats were acted upon.—A motion was made but lost to allow the Philadelphia delegation to dispose of their contested seats themselves. It was discussed by a number of gentlemen of the convention, but was voted down decidedly, evincing considerable feeling on the part of the country delegates to the Philadelphia delegation. The following committees were appointed and retired to the rooms to which they were assigned and the convention adjourned until 2½ o'clock P. M.

COMMITTEE ON CONTESTED SEATS.

1. J. H. Heverin,
1. T. E. Gaskill,
3. Major Stable,
4. C. W. Carrigan,
5. P. Baker,
6. Frank M. Kane,
7. H. W. Scott,
8. G. S. Wonder,
9. W. H. Eagle,
10. Michael Rooney,
11. Wm. J. Rothrock,
12. C. Rodimal,
13. F. A. Beamish, J. B. Stark,
14. Abner Griffis,
15. S. M. Gamble,
16. J. R. Anderson,
17. Lem Shipman,
18. A. J. McPike,
19. I. H. Graham, Jr,
20. A. H. Glatz,
21. T. W. Jackson,
22. G. W. McGoffy,
23. Contested.
24. R. A. Ruthledge,
25. J. M. McConnell,
26. I. H. McCreary,
27. C. L. Barrett,
28. Albert Price,
29. P. Church,
30. Alfred Short.

COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS.

1. Dr. A. Nebinger,
2. Thos. G. Gaskill,
3. A. H. Ladner,
4. Thos. R. Elcock,
5. R. E. Moneghan,
6. Charles Heist,
7. W. W. H. Davis,
8. William Rosenthal,
9. S. S. Detwiller,
10. Myer Strouse,
11. Major R. Klotz,
12. A. L. Roumfort,
13. P. F. Fulmer, H. B. Wright,
14. E. B. Hawley,
15. Peter Ent,
16. John R. Anderson,
17. Jacob Leisenring,
18. Jas. B. Hill,
19. Saml. Erminger,
20. A. G. Zeiger,
21. J. J. Hoffman,
22. A. H. Shaffer,
23. Contested,
24. C. F. Warden,
25. Richard Campbell,
26. Capt. I. Ziegler,
27. J. B. Wilson,
29. M. P. Davis,
30. G. M. Parmalee,

COMMITTEE ON ORGANIZATION.

1. Contested,
2. James Atwell,
3. John W. Powell,
4. C. W. Carrigan,
5. John C. Leiper,
6. Leikens B. Clayton,
7. Nathan C. Jones,
8. J. L. Getz,
9. W. P. Brinton,
10. W. G. Thomas,
11. G. L. Gross,
12. J. H. Bletz,
13. H. J. Brannen, J. H. Doney,
14. H. B. McKean,
15. Mordecai,——,
16. J. R. Anderson,
17. Dr. Charles Wilson,
18. C. S. McCormick,
19. B. M. Kead,
20. E. W. Stahle,
21. B. F. Myers,
22. James Worth,
23. Contested,
24. J. J. Johnson,
25. J. L. McConnell,
26. George W. Miller,
27. A. B. Barr,
28. H. B. Plumer,
29. H. V. Goetchins,
30. G. N. Paunies.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The convention reassembled at three o'clock, the temporary chairman calling order. The report of the committee on contested seats was received and adopted. It settled the contested places by admitting C. H. Dougherty as the delegate from the 5th Philadelphia district, Wm. Kendall from the 7th district, Samuel Josephs from the 3d district, and that in the Allegheny district both delegates be admitted with the right to each cast five votes. Objection was raised to the admission of Samuel Josephs, but as the resolution had made the action of the committee final, and the report being adopted, it amounted to nothing. A resolution was adopted that the Allegheny delegation be permitted to name their member of the committee, and the smaller branch of the delegation attempted to do it, but pending action upon the matter a recess of half an hour was taken to perfect the work of the committee on organization.

At the end of the half hour the convention was again called to order, and the report of the committee on permanent organization received. The name of Hon. R. Milton Spear, of Huntingdon was presented for permanent chairman A motion that the nomination be nonconcurred in was made by A. H. Glatz, of York, for the Reason that Mr. Spear had accepted the back pay. This created a sensation, and when Mr. Spear stepped forward and asked the attention of the chair the utmost quiet prevailed. At his conclusion, Mr. Glatz explained that he asked non-currence on the ground of consistency, as he understood there would be a plank in the platform denouncing the back pay question. R. E. Moneghan, of Chester, made a very forcible speech, opposing M. Spear as permanent chairman, which was loudly applauded and received the entire approbation of the convention J. Lawrence Getz, of Berks, rose to say that Mr. Spear had opposed the measure throughout Congress, while he had voted for it. He was hissed so violently that he was compelled to sit down without proceeding further.

Mr. Spear rose and in further remarks withdrew his name and proposed Dr. Nebinger as permanent president, who was elected, the vote of Getz being the only one opposed to him, The remainder of the report was then read and adopted it comprising the usual number of vice presidents, secretaries, &c. On motion of Col. Wright the convention at once proceeded to the work of making the nominations. The following gentlemen were named for Supreme Court Judge:

James R. Ludlow, Philadelphia.
James Thompson, Philadelphia.
James H. Graham, Cumberland.
William Elwell, Columbia.
Henry Ross, Bucks.
George R. Barrett, Clearfield.

The first ballot was taken with the following result:

Ludlow 26; Thompson 19; Graham 18; Elwell 29; Barrett 11; Ross 26.

The names of George R. Barrett, James R. Graham, James Thompson were withdrawn.

The second ballot was taken resulting in favor of Judge Ludlow. The whole of the Allegheny vote was then changed to him, many other delegates following this example, and finally his nomination was made unanimous, and the tally not announced.

The nomination of a candidate for State Treasurer was now taken up. The following gentlemen were named:

F. M. Hutchinson, Allegheny.
Frederick Lauer, Berks.
William P. Willis, Perry.
Joseph Laubach, Northampton.
Edward Perks, Centre.
Wallace P. Ryan, Schuylkill.

On the first ballot Hutchinson had 43 votes, Lauer 18, Willis 8, Perks 35, Laubach 14, Ryan 6; no choice.

The names of W. P. Ryan and Joseph Laubach were withdrawn.

On the second ballot Hutchinson received 66 votes, Lauer 28, Perks 33, nominating Hutchinson. The nomination was then made unanimous.

A resolution that a committee of seven be appointed to notify the candidates of their nomination was carried, and the committee named as follows: Robt. P. Dechert, H. B. Wright, W. D. Moore, R. E. Moneghan, J. H. Herron, T. R. Clark, A. L. Roumfort.

Adjournment then took place until 8 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session was called to order at 8.30. Music by the Ninth Division Band proceeded the opening and added much to the interest of the occasion.—The committee on platform and resolutions presented their report, which was read.

The report was unanimously adopted and after more enlivening music by the band, a motion was adopted that the Chairman of the State Central Committee be appointed by the Chairman and nominees of the convention. A motion was adopted that the State Central Committee be composed of one member from each district, to be appointed by the delegates of the district. A resolution was adopted thanking the people of Luzerne county for the use of their court house and other courtesies extended. The State Central Committee was then appointed; the thanks of the Convention were returned to the officers. Mr. F. M. Hutchinson, of Allegheny, the candidate for Treasurer, was then introduced to the Convention, and he expressed his gratification and thanks for the honor conferred upon him. Hon. Richard Vaux, of Philadelphia, was then introduced and delivered a stirring address. He was followed by Hon. Wm. H. Witte, of Philadelphia, after which the Convention adjourned, a closing piece being played by the band.

PLATFORM OF RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, in State Convention assembled, believing that the platform of the late Democratic Convention in Ohio is sound in principle, do hereby substantially resolve

Resolved, First, That the Democratic party seeks to revive no dead issue but stands by its principle which is suited to all times and circumstances. It supports the Federal Government, in all Constitutional authority, and opposes nullification and secession. It defends the reserved rights of states and people, and opposes centralization that would impair or destroy them. In order to maintain and preserve these rights, it insists upon a strict construction of the Federal Constitution. It resists all attempts of one Department of Government to usurp or destroy the Constitutional rights or independance of another department. It opposes all interference by law with the private affair or business of men not required by public peace or safety, and advocates the greatest individual liberty consistent with public order. It believes in the capacity of the people for self-government, and opposes all property qualifications as conditions to the right of suffrage or eligibility to hold office. It favors liberal laws for the naturalization of foreigners. It insists upon equal and exact justice to all men. It opposes all monopolies and denies that it is within the province of the Government to legislate for the benefit of particular classes at the expense and detriment of the rest of the community, and, therefore, opposes the system of which a large portion of the profit-producing wealth of the country is exempted from taxation, and demands that all Constitutional means shall be used to remedy this injustice.

It recognizes the evils of an irredeemable currency, but insists that in return to specie payments care shall be taken not to seriously disturb the business of the country, or unjustly injure the debtor classes. It appreciates the benefit conferred by railroads but opposes all combinations of railroad companies to prevent competition and thus enhance the cost of transportation. It opposes all laws that give to capital any advantage over labor. It requires honesty and economy in every department Federal and State, and condemns corruption whoever maybe the guilty parties.

It is in its very nature, and is necessary as the result of its principles, a party of progress, and supports all measures of reform or improvement that are sanctioned by justice and commended by sound practical wisdom.

Resolved, That the wealth of the country is the produce of its labor, and the best use of capital is that which gives employment and liberal wages to the producing classes. Hence every just measure that tends to protect them from oppression and to improve their condition and dignify their calling deserves and receives our sympathy and support, and that we cordially recommend the conservative resolutions adopted at the recent National Labor Congress at Cleveland, favoring arbitration and co-operation.

Resolved, That although always a large majority of the American people, the agriculturalist have never demanded of the government, State or Federal, any special privilege; have never infested the halls of Congress or Legislature with lobbyists or "Rings;" but on the contrary, have suffered under discriminating and unjust laws until forebearance has ceased to be a virtue. We hereby pledge our sincere and honest efforts to obtain for them redress of their grievances, and equal and exact justice.

Resolved, That the public lands should be sacredly reserved for settlers who will dwell upon and cultivate them, and we will continue to denounce and oppose all gifts of such lands by the government to incorporated companies.

Resolved, That the greatest danger to free institutions is wide spreading corruption, that threatens the utter destruction of public virtue, when Credit Mobilier frauds pass unpunished; when those engaged in them are elevated to high official position; when seats in the Federal Senate are notoriously purchased; when vast sums of money are corruptly employed in popular elections; when the army of office-holders, with the sanction of the government, use their official influence to control elections; when bribery of custom-house officers is an established usage; when rings of plunderers are recipients of millions of money appropriated for public use; when official defalcations are of such frequent occurrence as scarcely to excite attention; when Presidential pardons release defaulters from punishment, and Presidential appointments reward Credit Mobilier and salary-grabbing Congressmen, and when Congressional investigation is generally a white-washing affair, it is not strange that men begin to lose confidence in free institutions, and that fame of the great republic is tarnished throughout the civilized world. To remove these evils we insist that the receipts and expenditures of the government shall be diminished; that its patronage shall be curtailed, and all useless offices abolished; that it shall cease to usurp the functions to which it has not title; but official misconduct and fraud, corruption in elections shall be vigorously punished and that public virtue shall be upheld and want of it condemned by the voice of the people.

Resolved, That we condemn without reserve the act of congress granting additional salaries and back pay grabs as unjust and unjustificable, and demand its immediate and unconditional repeal, and we denounce every member of Congress, whether Republican or Democrat, who supported the law or received the money procured thereby, and we especially denounce the conduct of President Grant in using the influence of his high position for its passage, and whose official signature made it a law.

Resolved, That we will no longer tamely submit to the repetition of the election frauds by which the will of the people expressed at the ballot-box has been subverted for some years past, and that the Democratic State Central Committee be directed to use all their efforts to prevent a repitition of these outrages on the franchises of the people, and if, in spite of their efforts to secure an honest election, the popular will is again fraudulently overborne, to adopt such measures as will result in the certain vindication of the rights of the legal voters of the Commonwealth.

Resolved, That the act of the President in setting up by the bayonet a government in Louisiana not chosen by her people, and having no title whatever to rule over them, was a flagrant violation of her rights under the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That every department of the government being in the hands of the Republican party, they are justly responsible for the evils and wrongs in legislation and administration of which the country complains.

Resolved, Ninth, That under the time honored Democratic Organization with this declaration of principles inscribed in its folds, we engage in conflict and we earnestly appeal to the patriotic men of every class, without regard to party names or past differences to unite with us in terms of perfect equality in the struggle to rescue the government from the hands of dishonest men and redeem it from the flood of corruption which threatens its ruin.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

UNDEVELOPED VIGOR.

The feeble and debilitated usually fancy they are in more hopeless condition than they really are. The resources of nature are not easily exhausted. Even when strength and appetite fail when the eyes are heavy and lustreless, the complexion pallid, the nervous tremulous, the body attenuated, and the mind depressed, there is generally a reserve of latent power behind such palpable evidences of weakness. Various modes of treatment are resorted, to by physicians in the hope of developing and rendering available this store of sleepy vitality, but the surest, and indeed the only thoroughly safe and reliable means of awakening the dormant energies of the system is a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Electricity, shower baths, the flesh brush, sea bathing, &c., may be well enough in their way, as auxiliaries, but they do not reach the source of the evil. All physical debility proceeds either from a derangement of the functions of the assimilating, secretive and vital organs, or from a sluggish constitution. In either case, and also in cases where both causes exist, the Bitters will invariably produce an immediate and salutary change in the condition of the patient, and eventually effect a complete cure. None of the dangerous alkaloids, too often administered as tonics, can be otherwise than deleterious under such circumstances, and to give mercury is positively criminal. The direct effect of the great vegetable specific will be manifested in an improved appetite, a more cheerful frame of mind, a gradual return of strength, an increase of flesh, and a healthier complexion. Meanwhile, however, the constitution, if inert and feeble, will have been roused and renovated by the subtile elements of invigoration contained in the Bitters.

September 3d, 1873.—4w.

New Advertisements.

Stoneware.

LARGE LOT BUTTER POTS, JARS, ETC.

At Lower Prices than Ever Before. Also,

WHITE GRANITE & ROCKINGHAM WARE CHEAP, at

LYONS, DRAKE, & CO.'S.

Salt, Salt,

By the barrel, bushel, or pound.

Ashton Salt Big Bags and Little Bags—any way to suit,

and Syracuse Butter Salt.

Also—Fine Table SALT in boxes & bags.

LYONS, DRAKE, & CO.

FLOUR.

Very best Double Extra, as well as Lower Grades, at prices as low as the lowest.

ALSO, OAT MEAL, GRAHAM FLOUR Corn Meal, Rye Flour, Rice Flour, and Crushed Wheat, CRACKERS AND CAKES OF MANY KINDS.

LYONS, DRAKE, & CO.

Teas, Teas,

TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

Black, Green, Japan, English Breakfast, Imperial Twanky, etc. Some as low as 40 cents per pound, and up to the best grades to be had.

LYONS, DRAKE, & CO.

Coffee.

Rio, Maricaybo, Java, and Mocha.

Fresh Roasted Coffees; ground if desired without extra charge.

LYONS, DRAKE, & CO.

Montrose, Sept. 3, 1873.—4w.

Business Men, as the Fall Trade begins, have your job printing done at this office. Work Unexcelled. Prices *very* low.

Business Men, as the Fall Trade opens, advertise your business in the Democrat. Advantages apparent. Rates reasonable.

Special Notices.

THE CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID,

PUBLISHED AS A WARNING and for the benefit of YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOSS OF MANHOOD, etc., supplying *the means of self-cure*. Written by one who cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope.

Sufferers are invited to address the author,

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR,
Box 133, Brooklyn, N. Y.

June 18th, 1873.—m6

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—In the estate of Anastasia Maddock, late of Middletown, dec'd, letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.

JOHN C. MADDOCK, } Adm'rs.
MARY MADDOCK,

Middletown, Aug. 13th, 1873—w6

FLOUR **FLOUR**

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS OF FLOUR,

of choice brands, for sale at the store of

H. J. WEBB.

Montrose, April 30, 1873.-tf.

GREAT UNITED STATES TEA CO.,

BURNS & NICHOLS, Ag'ts.,

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This Tea is put up in AIR TIGHT TIN CANISTERS thereby preserving its full strength, which is certainly a great desideratum.

☞ Call and get a can and try its merits.

BURNS & NICHOLS.

Montrose, July 16, 1873.—tf.

Public Sale.

The subscriber, having sold his Farm, will sell, at public sale, on

Tuesday, Sept. 2d, 1873,

on the farm lately occupied by him, in Bridgewater Township, the following property to wit:

ONE PAIR OF HEAVY TEAM HORSES,

5 choice cows, 3 yearling *heifers*, 2 calves, 3 shoats, 1 breeding sow, 1 lumber wagon, 1 democrat wagon, 1 under sleigh, 1 light sleigh, bob sleds, fanning mill, 2 sets double harness, 2 horse hay forks, rope and pulleys, mowing machine, horse rake plows, drags, forks, shovels, hoes, rakes, chains, crowbars, cooking stove, parlor stove, sitting room stove, burners, lounges, chairs, bedsteads, beds, extension table, full leaf table, crockery, looking glasses, carpets, stands, pictures, churning machine, churns, pans, pails, lumber, rails, stone boat, and many other things too numerous to mention. Also, at the same time and place, 1 horse, harness, and buggy.

TERMS—all sums of $5, or less, cash; over $5, and less than $50, six months' credit; over $50, one year's credit, with interest and approved security.

M. J. HARRINGTON.

LUTE BUCK, Auctioneer.

Montrose, Aug. 20, 1873-2w.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE CO.

(FORMERLY WOOD & MANN.)

STATIONARY & PORTABLE

Steam Engines.

The Best & Most Complete Assortment in the Market.

These Engines have always maintained the very highest standard of excellence. We make the manufacture of Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills a specialty. We have the largest and most complete works of the kind in the country, with machinery specially adapted to the work.

We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowest prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engines specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Threshers and all classes of manufacturing.

We are now building the celebrated Lane Circular Saw Mill, the best and most complete saw mill ever invented.

We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.

Our aim in all cases is to furnish the best machinery in the market, and work absolutely unequaled for beauty of design, economy and strength.

Send for Circular and Price List.

UTICA STEAM ENGINE CO.
UTICA, N. Y.

May 1, 1873.—eowtm.

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$3,000 FOR 20 CENTS.

Before you start on a journey, buy an accident Insurance Ticket of the Railway Passengers Assurance Co., of Hartford, Conn. Tickets for sale at railroad stations. Ask for an Insurance Ticket.

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with the newest and best treatment for all cases. The only thorough work of the kind in the world. Embraces Small Pox, Yellow Fever, Cholera and all analogous diseases. No family safe without it, and all Buy It.—Has 24 chromatic illustrations. The biggest chance of the season for agents. Address, H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 147 Tremont St., Boston.

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179 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Breech loading Shot Guns, per to $200. Double Shot Guns, $8 to $150. Single Shot Guns, $3 to $20. Rifles, $8 to $35. Revolvers, $5 to $25. Pistols, $1 to $4.—Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, &c. Large discounts to Dealers and Clubs. Army Guns, Revolvers, etc., bought or traded for. Goods sent by express C. O. D. to be examined before paid for.

A FORTUNE.—How? By speculating in stocks and gold. Capital, $10 to $100; will pay $100 to $1,000 a month. Full explanation sent free. W. F. HUBBELL & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 39 Wall St., New York. Box 2,082.

$25. MONEY MADE FAST $1000.

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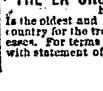
$5 to $20 PER DAY! Agents wanted!—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON, & CO., Portland Maine.



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Established in 1837.

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31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

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IN WANT OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING

CARPETS,

MILLINERY GOODS, HOUSE-KEEPING GOODS, HATS & CAPS, ETC., ETC.

At the Popular Store of

Guttenberg Rosenbaum & Co.

You will find a

New Stock of Ready-Made Clothing.

New Suits for Boys,
New Suits for Youths,
New Suits for Men.

New Stock of Cloths for Custom Work.

New Cassimeres,
New Coatings,
New Vestings.

New Stock of Dress Goods.

New Black Silks,
New Silk Warp Poplins;
New Linen " "
New Colored Alpacas,
New Black " "
New Grenadines,
New Orandies,
New Wash Poplins,
New Linen Dress Goods,
New Dress Goods in Variety.

New Stock of White Goods.

New Mercieles and Piques,
New Swiss Mells,
New Plain and Striped Nansooks,
New Parred and Striped Jacontts,
New Drapery Muslins,
New Nottingham Laces,
New Mercieles and Honey Comb Quilts,
New Linen Table Damask
New Linen Towels and Napkins, etc.

New Stock of Millinery Goods.

New Trimmed Hats for Ladies.
New Trimmed Hats for Misses and Children.
New Untrimmed Hats in Great Variety.
New flowers
New Ribbons.
New Turqus Silks.
New Laces, Blonds, etc., etc.

New Stock of Shawls.

New Skirts and Corsets.
New Kid Gloves and Lisle Thread, do.
New Embroideries & Laces.
New Mercelles Trimmings and Fringes.
New Parasols and Fans
New Hosiery and Buttons.
New Hair Switches and Braids.
New Linen Collars and Cuffs.
New Lace Collars and Puffings.
New Collarettes and Puffings.
New Ladies' Ties and Bows.
New Fichus and Scarfs.
New Dress Trimmings, etc.

New Stock of Carpets.

New Oil Clothes.
New Matts.

New Stock of Domestics.

New 7-4, 10-4, 8-4, 4-4 Sheetings.
New Lines of Prints.
New Percales.
New Ginghams.

New Stock of Cassimeres.

New Cottonades.
New Linens for Mens' and Boys' Wear.

New Stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

New Hats and Caps.
New Ties and Scarfs.
New Shirts, Collars, and Cuffs.
New Linen Wrappers.
New Trunks and Satchels.
New Umbrellas, etc.

☞ We buy our goods in large quantities FOR CASH—a great share of them are from recent Auction sales in New York, and were bought at bottom prices

☞ WE DEFY ALL COMPETITION. In any form, whether in or out of town. Having been established in this place for nearly twenty years, we can with pride refer to our past record for fair dealing.

GUTTENBERG, ROSENBAUM, & CO.
M. S. DESSAUER, Managing Partner.

Montrose, May 14, 1873.

Ready-Made Clothing, and Garments Made to Order, [after measure,] a Specialty.

REMEMBER OUR NEW STOCK OF CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, ETC. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

The Latest Styles in MILLINERY GOODS, Received Daily, In Season.

For Sale.

Real Estate for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale the following Real Estate, to wit:

THE FARM

known as "Robert Moore Farm," situate in Bridgewater township, Susquehanna Co., Pa., about two miles east of Montrose Borough, containing 150 acres of excellent grass and grain land, about 25 acres of timber, a good farm house and outbuildings, a fine orchard of choice fruit, well watered, and adapted for dairying purposes. Stock, dairy fixtures, and farming utensils, will be sold with the Farm if desired, unless previously disposed of.

ALSO, A HOUSE AND LOT

situate in the Borough of New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pa., pleasantly located on the Main street, near the centre of the town. Lot 64½ feet front, a good convenient two-story dwelling, a good sized garden spot, and a convenient well of good water.

ALSO A FARM OF FIFTY ACRES

one fourth of a mile from the borough of New Milford, 25 acres improved, and the balance well timbered, principally with chestnut and hemlock. A good 60x40 feet barn, and a thrifty young orchard.

ALSO THE HOTEL PROPERTY

known as the CHAMBERLIN HOTEL, in Gibson Hollow, Susquehanna Co., Pa., containing 90 acres of land, mostly improved, with Hotel, Wagon Barns and outbuildings. Convenient either as a hotel or for farming and dairy purposes.

ALSO A DISTILLERY

for the manufacture of Cider Brandy, in good running order, lately occupied by H. C. Vail, deceased, and about 69 perches of land adjacent to the aforesaid Hotel property.

Terms

made easy to suit the purchaser, upon good security.—For particulars inquire of E. B. Hawley, DEMOCRAT Office, Montrose, Pa., or of the subscriber on the Robert Moore Farm, Bridgewater, Pa.

JOHN GAVITT

April 30, 1873.-tf.

VALUABLE FARM For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale the valuable farm known as the

"Summers Place."

Said farm is one of the most desirable in the County and is beautifully situated in the village of Summersville, Susquehanna County, Pa. There is a good Store, Flouring Mill, Saw Mill, Plaster Mill, and Blacksmith Shop in said Village. The farm is directly on the line of the D. L. & W Railroad, 1½ miles from the depot in New Milford, 4 and miles from the New York & E. R. R. at the Great Bend Station; contains 190 acres of land, 180 acres improved; is well watered, having a lasting stream of water running through it, and a never-failing supply of water conveyed in pipes to the house, barn, and cattle yards; it is well fenced, and under good cultivation, is well adapted to growing grain, and is well fitted for stock or dairying. There is a large and convenient dwelling, newly painted, and a beautiful front yard with shrubbery, a large horse barn, a large carriage and tool barn, a large cattle barn with two cattle yards, ample sheds and stables for feeding stock or stabling cows, 3 small hay barns, ice house, brick smoke house, corn house, and 2 orchards of grafted fruit.

The subscriber also has 3 SMALLER FARMS that he will sell. TERMS of payment made easy. For information address

R. L. SUTPHIN,
New Milford, Susquehanna County, Pa

August 23d, 1873.—6m.

FOR SALE—The farm late of Nathan Aldrich, dec'd, situated about half a mile west of Montrose Depot, in Brooklyn township, containing about 111 acres of land mostly improved. Inquire of the undersigned, executor of said estate, at New Milford, Pa.

ELLIOT ALDRICH.

New Milford, Jan. 25, 1873.—tf.

DISSOLUTION.

By the death of S. T. Henstock, the firm of HENSTOCK & HAWLEY ceases to exist.

The accounts of the late firm are with the undersigned, and MUST BE SETTLED without delay.

Montrose, Aug. 6th, 1873. N. HAWLEY.

MR. PHILLIP HAHN will continue the Meat Market, and will be glad to see all the old patrons of the Market, as well as new ones.

Montrose, Aug. 13, 1873.-w4