THE DEMOCRAT.

Local Intelligence.

Religious Services.

The services in the several Churches of Montrose are as follow:

BAPTIST CHURCH Rev. J. E. Chessbrough D. D. Pastor.
Sabbath Services.... ....10¼ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sabbath School ....12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Wednesday Evenings.....7½

CATHOLIC CHURCH..... .....Rev J. Slattery
Sabbath Services.....Second Sunday in each Month
Sabbath School .. . . Immediately before Mass

EPISCOPAL CHURCH.. .....(Vacant)
Sabbath Services..... .....10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School .... 9 a. m.
Week-Day Services—Wednesdays..... ...7½ p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL..... ....Rev. W. J. Judd.
Sabbath Services. ..... . .10.45 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Sabbath School ....12 m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursdays .....7.30 p. m.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH..... Rev. J. G. Miller.
Sabbath Services ....10.45 a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sabbath School ....12.15 p. m.
Prayer Meeting, Thursday Evenings.....7½ p. m.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

	Arrivals	Departures
Montrose Depot, (Daily,)	6 00 P. M.	6 20 A. M.
New Milford, "	10 00 A. M.	1 30 P. M.
Wyalusing, "	9 45 A. M.	2 00 P. M.
Tunkhannock, "	10 00 A. M.	3 00 P. M.
Friendsville,	6 00 P. M.	8 00 A. M.
Conklin Station,	7 00 P. M.	7 00 A. M.
Hawley, "	6 00 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Meshoppen,	10 00 A. M.	4 00 P. M.

The New York, Tunkhannock, New Milford, and Wyalusing mails are daily; the Conklin Station mail will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays; Binghampton mail, *via* Silver Lake, will leave on Monday at 6:30 a. m., Tuesday and Thursday at 8 p. m; Meshoppen mail will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Friendsville mail leaves and returns Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. The Binghamton mail via. Hawleyton, will arrive Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 6 p. m. m.—Leave same days at 7 p. m.

ADDITIONAL STAGES.

Montrose Depot, (Daily,)	6 00 P. M.	11 00 A. M.
New Milford, "	3 30 P. M.	7 30 A. M.

E. C. Fordham, Postmaster.

Montrose, January 4, 1873.

New Advertisements.

Please read the following advertisements, new this week:

Kenwood Boarding School—Charles Jacobus.
Auditors Notice—est of Hiram Osborn.
Great United States Tea Company—Burns & Nichols, Agents.
The Very Best Plan—Travelers Insurance Co.
Epidemic and Chronic Diseases—H. S. Osgood & Co.
Everybody's Own Physician—H. N. M'Kinney & Co.
For Sale—P. W. Sheafer.
Adorn Your Homes—W F Carpenter.
Forty dollars a week—A. Coulter & Co.
Money—S M Spencer
Five to twenty dollars per day—G. Stinson & Co.
Medical Dispensary—H S Hunsdon.
Sheriff Sales—M. B. Helme, Sheriff.

Business Locals.

Ottawa Tar Remedies.

Notes About Town.

Frequent showers, and very copious ones, have furnished an abundance of rain. It is said that corn never grew as fast as it has in a few days past.

Bills are out for a railroad meeting, at the Court House, this evening, at 7 o'clock, for the transaction of important business, relative to bringing the Montrose railway through to this place. All interested should attend.

New styles of ladies' bustles show a wonderful increase of size. There is enough wire expended in their construction to form the nucleus of a small Atlantic cable, and they are so elastic and springy that if dropped out of the hand on a level road they can beat an ordinary horse down hill for a quarter of a mile or so.

The Convocation, which met at St. Paul's church, last week, was well attended, and it seemed to be a universal expression of both ministers and laymen, that it was one of the most interesting we have ever had. There are about eighteen clergy in the N. E. Convocation, and ten of them were present. There were large congregations attendant upon each service, and much interest seemed to be manifested.

We are charged with injuring the reputation of Montrose, by our "glowing generalities," on Carbstone butchery. It was more than human wisdom that said, "The wicked flee when no man pursueth." Such fear shows conclusively, that those afflicted with it, have no confidence in themselves, and but little in their reputation among their neighbors. For the benefit of all those whose reputations in this matter are so fragile that they dare not trust them without a "specific," we will say, that our columns are open to a plea of denial over their signatures. There is certainly some hope of reform, when such self abnegation seems to be demanded.

There is room, either for the Court or the Legislature, to settle quite a vexed question in Local Option circles. Two cases have occurred in our borough, where application has been made to our druggists, for the purchase of wine for sacramental purposes, and they find that the law gives them a right to sell for "mechanical and medicinal purposes" only. Now the question to be settled is, can a physician prescribe for the church. We are informed, that a prescription was given by one of our physicians, purporting to be for sickness, but it was known and intended to be used for sacramental purposes. Is this an evasion of the law? A church, must be in an unhealthy condition, indeed, that takes such a prescription.

We have some men in our midst, who are, and is called "ranting Local Optionists," and who are great sticklers about the enforcement of laws and yet who violate, not only the statutes of our State, but the laws of humanity, morality, and Christianity, every day, by their fraudulent "curbstone" practices. The true and grand old principles of Washingtonian temperance suffer by such examples, as it is apparent from their apology for drunkenness in high places, first they go into temperance, the same as they do into "curbing," because they think they can make something by it. We, perhaps, should be charitable to them, as the temperance hobby is the last round in the ladder, by which they may hope to climb into official station, or even into a respectable social position.

One of our attorneys has fully demonstrated that Grant men "know about farming." He purchased, not long ago, a plant, which he considered a new kind of tomato, and set it out with great care, watering and hoeing it often. After some time he felt that it did not develop as it should, and called in one of his neighbors, who had read the *Tribune* some, as counsel in the matter. Upon examination, his neighbor pronounced it pig weed. An essay on "what I know about pig-weed," is next in order. Had he been a Greeley man, he would have been better posted in farming. Such mistakes in agriculture do not effect the public very materially, but the official *pig weed*, so much cultured in the Radical ranks, has choked out the genuine plant to an alarming extent.

At a meeting of the Directors at the Tarbell House, on Thursday last, it was decided to suspend the work on the Montrose Railway, until twenty thousand dollars additional stock is taken. By mismanagement, it is claimed, that the cost of the right of way has brought them in debt about that amount over and above what the subscription secures, and also above the terms of the contract for grading the road to our borough. Whether it is an error which might heretofore have been avoided, or not, is a matter now beyond remedy, and the present exigencies of the case must be met as best they can be. We learn that about $12,000 of the "preferred stock," has been taken, up to last Saturday, and it is believed that the remainder will be forth coming. There are those in our midst, who always expect to ride the public wagon, and others should not be ruled by their example. They are like mosquitoes. They live upon the blood of other people, but furnish none from their own veins. We shall stand by the Montrose Railway company, so long as they continue to maintain an open and fair hand with the people, and no longer.

It was announced with much flourish in the Montrose *Republican*, before it took place, that the "Rev. D. C. Babcock, would spend the Sabbath, June 22, in Montrose, and preach at the M. E. Church in the morning, at 3½ p. m. Children's Union Temperance services, at the Baptist church, in the evening will address union meeting of the three Congregations, at the Presbyterian church." We have waited patiently three weeks, for a report of his doing by Homer, but alas! none has come forth. In the issue of his paper, June 30th, we find a statement that this Rev. gentleman (a character in which the editor placed such high esteem in his Jackson correspondent for truth, as opposed to our statement,) is merely an "itinerant lecturer," who has believed a lie about the President, that he may be damned by the *Republican*, and the "Brungess' Temperance politicians of Montrose." A man who is honest enough to admit the truth, even though he be of the clergy, must not proclaim it in Montrose, "for he will injure the town," which simply means, a few Radical politicians, who make everything, even "curbstone butchery," subserve to party. They make our borough "a howling wilderness" on local option, but woe unto him who dares to expose the drunkenness of the *gods* in high places, for it might injure party success. Out upon such hypocrisy!

An Accident.

A little son of O. W. Stone, of Fairdale, while playing in the yard one day last week, fell into a kettle of lye head foremost. He was badly bruised about the head, but is now recovering. He is attended by Dr. C. Decker, of Montrose.

No More Endorsed Tickets.

The Erie Railway Company has abolished the practice of endorsing tickets by conductors for persons who wish to stop off at way stations. Instead of having their through tickets endorsed, passengers will be given "stop-off" tickets, which will allow them to get off at any one station named, and resume their journey again within five days.

New Railroad Route.

We have it on pretty reliable authority that it is the intention of the Erie managers to make a new survey at the present time to demonstrate the practicability of the project of cutting off and doing away of the heavy grades between Deposit and Susquehanna. It is to run a line from this place to Hale's Eddy, and from thence to Starrucca, and so to Susquehanna Depot.—The survey, we learn, has been made, and a favorable report rendered as to the proposed new line.—*Hancock Times.*

Holy Days and Holidays.

A correspondent having stated that all the public holidays of the present year are upon the same day of the week as in 1851, an examination has been made in the matter with the following result: The years 1860, 1873, 1879 and last ten months of 1884 have the general holidays and also the church fasts and festivals on the same day of the week and month. The ordinary public holidays in the United States occur on the same week, month and day in the years 1800, 1806, 1817, 1823, 1834, 1845, 1851, 1862, 1873, 1879, 1890, the last ten months of 1828, 1856, 1884 and the first two months of 1812 and 1896.

Masonic Matters.

The Freemasons of our State are making elaborate preparations for the dedication in September next of their new Broad street temple, which is the finest Masonic edifice in the world. The chief ceremonies will take place Friday, September 26, to be preceded by a reception of the Knights Templar on the evening of the 25th. The procession of the Grand and Subordinate Lodges will be an imposing one.—On September 29th, the Grand Chapter will dedicate its portion of the building, whilst on the 30th the Knights Templar take possession of theirs. This succession of Masonic ceremonies will attract a large number of visitors to the city, as the displays made by this powerful Order hitherto in in Philadelphia have always done.

Folly in Funerals.

They put him in a show case! was the remark by one who, some time since, attended a fashionable funeral. And it was true, for modern funerals are certainly more like ostentatious show than the solemn consigning of the remains of a human being to their last resting place.—pompous displays which those who make them would have the world believe are tributes of affection to the deceased are nothing more or less than efforts at notoriety—attempts to eclipse in magnificence and show the obsequies of some other fashionable's loved departed. Getting married and being buried have become matters of serious import; that is, if the newly wedded, and the friends of the dead desire to be considered anybody. The old-fashioned methods of entering upon the joys of married life, and the old time ways of burying the dead have all departed, except with a few common people.

An Important Law.

The following act for the better collection of debts in the State of Pennsylvania, was passed by the recent Legislature:—

That in all cases where any judgement has been heretofore obtained, in any court in this Commonwealth, against any person or persons if an execution be issued upon the said judgment, which is returned by the sheriff *nulla bona*, or that the debtor has no property out of which the said judgment and execution can be satisfied, the Judge of the said Court may thereupon issue a subpœna commanding the the said debtor to appear before a judge or any commissioner duly appointed by the said court, to undergo an examination under oath as to his property and effects, with power to compel obedience to the subpœna by attachment and the production of books and papers necessary in the said examination.

In case the said examination does not disclose any property or effects, the expenses thereof shall be paid by the party instituting the same, otherwise they shall be part of the regular costs of suit.

Drowned while Bathing.

Thomas McGrugan, recently employed in the Erie Yard, was drowned while bathing in the river, opposite this place, on Friday afternoon o last week.

The deceased was born and always lived near Belfast, Ireland, until seven months since, when he came to this place. He was unmarried and about 25 years of age. He had recently received a letter from his mother in the old county, complaining of ill health and desiring him to come home; and he intended to sail this week. On the morning of his death his photograph was taken at Harner's Gallery. Being a Protestant, his funeral was held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning. Rev. P. H. Brooks officiating.—*Susquehanna Journal.*

An Absurd Idea.

There are many people who still suppose that a dead body must be left in the place where it is found, if death by violence is suspected, until the arrival of a coroner. It is a total mistake. The other day a woman was thrown from a wagon into a creek near Binghamton, and her husband being too drunk to help her, she was drowned. People came to the spot and the body was plainly seen in the water, but no one would pull it out until a coroner came. If the people had not been afflicted with the most dense ignorance they would have rescued the body and tried to restore animation. The inexcusable neglect may have been fatal, as life is often restored after such accidents.—*Chenango Telegraph.*

June Weather.

As we have no authority nearer home, we will fall back upon the record kept at the Pa. Hospital. It appears that the mean temperature of the month of June was over two degrees above the average of the mean temperature of the corresponding month of last year. The thermometer ran above 88 degrees on eight different days; during June, 1872, on eleven days, and during June, 1870, the warmest on record, on nine days only. There was only eight days during the month in which rain fell, and the total for the month measured only .89 of an inch the smallest on record for June during the past thirty-six years. The quantity of rain which has fallen thus far during the year 1873 has measured 23.74 inches, against 18.24 inches during the first six months of last month.

Where Honor is due.

There is a rumor that William P. Miner, esq. is an applicant for the Wilkes-Barre postoffice. It is time that the press had some recognization in this district. In Bradford county one editor of the *Reporter* has the postoffice in Towanda, and the other is Surveyor of the port in Philadelphia. In this county there was one editor held a postoffice and he is the only postmaster removed so far.—*Wilkes-Barre Record.*

It is a fact, apparent in many localities, that editors are treated like the rank and file of our armies. They are expected to fill the breach of danger while a few "cornfield political generals," who remain a safe distance from the front because "they cannot leave their dear families" expect to gobble up the honors. It may always be so, and it may not. It certainly is just, that those who fight the battles should receive some of the honors and emoluments.

Foreign Newspaper Postage.

For the information of those interested, we print the following circular:

Returned Letter Office,
General Post Office, London,
June 17, 1873.

Sir—A newspaper addressed to you has been stopped and sent to this office, where, after one week's detention, it will, in accordance with the usual practice, be destroyed in consequence of an infringement of No. 2 of the Newspaper regulations quoted below.

In order to prevent a recurrence of this mistake, and consequent disappointment to yourself, it is desirable that the sender of the Newspaper in question, if known, should be advised to pay particular attention to the regulations relating to Newspapers for places abroad—the principal of which are as follows, viz:

1. A Newspaper, to pass as such, must be registered for transmission abroad; all Newspapers not so registered being liable to Book Rates of Postage.

2. The full postage must be prepaid at the proper foreign rates, as given in the British Postal Guide. (It is a common mistake to prepay inland postage only.)

3. The Newspapers must be posted within eight days of publication.

4. They must contain no enclosures except the Supplements belonging to them.

5. They must bear no marks or writing other than the address, etc.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
John Tilley,
Secretary.

Various Items.

He that reads no newspapers, is only spared of heaven that he may sit on a jury.

It is reported that J. B. Adams, esq., of the *Daily Democrat*, will be a candidate for Assembly this fall, in Luzerne county.

F. E. Line was killed in a fight at Wilkes-Barre on Tuesday morning, A. R. Nein, the murderer is still at large.

The Supreme Court has decided that Sunday schools do not form any part of the worship of God.

A barrel of corn per year was at one time the rent of a square mile of land where now stands the city of Binghamton.

Lehigh valley rails are to be laid on Salt Lake city street railroads. An Allentown mill has an order for fifty-five tons.

The Wyoming District Camp Meeting will commence on the 18th of August, at the camp ground near the village of Wyoming.

Under the militia law of this State, each military company will draw annually from the State Treasury, four hundred dollars.

He thought she was a paragon—she thought he was a paragon—and now being married they find themselves a pair-o-goners.

The annual report of the Pa. Bible Society showed that the circulation amounted to 100,530 Bibles and Testaments.

Harvey's Lake, in Luzerne county, is the longest inland lake in Pennsylvania. It is 1,500 feet above the ocean. Good fishing is found there.

One inch of rainfall distributes 100 tons of water over an acre of land—a suggestive fact in a mechanical as well as an agricultural point of view.

The D., L. & W. R. R. Co. are about to excavate a new tunnel through Bergen Hill, N. J., and will shorten the distance from New York to Newark three-fourths of a mile.

The Moravians of Bethlehem celebrated their 131st anniversary last week. The first of their number came to that place in 1741. In 1742 they resolved themselves into a congregation.

The Lackawanna Valley House Scranton has been leased for a term of eight years to Mr. S. M. Nash, late of the Wyoming House. The House has been greatly improved, and will be, with the addition now completed, one of the largest hotels in that section. Mr. Nash has already commenced furnishing it, and will open it to the public about the first of August.

A Novelty in the Printing Business.

The latest novelty in printing inventions is a machine for making and setting type, all at one time. It is the property of "The New York Type and Electrotype Company," who claim that "the machine casts and sets its own type at the same instant of time," taking it as molten metal from a gas heated tank at one end, casting each letter in a matrix, on which a heavy mould closes, and, passing it between revolving cutters, sends it, all trimmed and perfected, into the composing stick exactly as if it had been placed by the fingers of a compositor. The action is repeated with succeeding letters as wanted at the surprising rate of forty to fifty letters a minute, according to the expertness of the operator. The type, after being once used, is again sent back into the tank and remelted, to be used over again as new type, every time—thus saving altogether the cost of distribution. It is claimed for the invention that it saves the whole cost of the new type, the whole cost of "distributing" type "and two thirds the cost of composition." One workman, it is claimed, can compose with one of these machines as fast as three working by hand, beside making new type. The machine is worked like a piano. Of course, if these claims are true, and the machine can be furnished at any reasonable rate, it will make a revolution in the printing and newspaper business. We observe that the price of the machine is put at $5,500, which would nearly enable a machine to pay for itself the first year, in the office of any considerable daily journal. But the first thing a newspaper would want to do before buying a half dozen of these machines would be to satisfy that the thing is really a practical one, and capable of doing all that is claimed for it.—*Hartford Times.*

Feminine Gossip.

Ladies of taste, says a fashion writer, make their own bonnets.

Dainty parasols now take their places between pretty faces and the sky.

Modoc hats are the latest style for ladies.—To make the hats fit it is necessary to "raise the hair."

The courts have decided that a man is not responsible for slanders uttered by his wife.—Good news for husbands.

Embroidered muslins are recommended for ladies' wear this summer. They look so simple and are *so* expensive.

When a woman gets a letter she carries it in her hand; but a couple pounds of sausage she manages to squeeze into her pocket.

Anna Dickinson disavows the report that she is engaged to a New York editor; and she cannot be pressed into matrimony.

The stove-pipe head-dresses now worn by women, are going it taller in the autumn which is coming—the panniers will be broader—the boot heels higher—and evening dresser lower.

The bonnet of the period is a miniature kitchen garden. It is decorated with cherries grapes, blackberries, little carrots, bits of parsley, long pale, green beans, sorrel, majorum, and other vegetables familiar to professors of the culinary science.

Referring to the fans which the ladies now wear suspended from their belts like an officer's side arms, a chap says, "what fashion won't they adopt next? wearing great daggers on a belt to scalp a fellow if he looks at 'em!"

The attention of the fair sex is invited to a patented process for manufacturing "switches" from the bark of the redwood tree, but a school mistress of our acquaintance says that for young ladies under her charge she would much prefer the old-fashioned birch ones.

Secrets of a Sanctum.

The humorist of the Detroit *Free Press* observes that there is always one vacant chair in the sanctum of every daily paper, or it would be vacated for the right man. It is the position of "really-very-good-but-we-haven't-room-for-it" man. When a young man, wearing a very exultant countenance, walks into the editorial rooms with a bundle of manscript under his arm, all the staff know what is coming. He has been writing an ode to spring, or a poem on the fast disappearing Indian race, or five hundred verses on the power of love. It is really wonderful how sanguine he is. He has selected this particular paper as a great favor to the paper, and he is certain that the publishers won't think of offering him less than a dollar a verse and that after they have handed him the money they will pat him on the back and say, "Go on young man, there is a wealth of laurels for you in the future." He walks around the room a few times to collect himself, and then goes to the nearest man. He is referred to the man in the other room," and the man in the other room heaves a sigh as he sees him enter. "Here's a few verses on springtime which I dashed off the other day," says the young man, as he deposits the roll on the table; "you can look them over, and I will call for the money Saturday."—He goes out, and the recipient of the roll unrolls it, feels his hair raise up as he sees that some lines have ten "feet," others six, and that a pile-driver could not pound the metre into shape. He puts it away, and begins to dread Saturday. Saturday comes, and with it the young man, who expects a check and a compliment. He sits down and there is a long pause. The editor would rather tackle a Bogardus kicker than to say what he must say, but he finally gets around to it. "Very good—seasonable—well written—but, ah!—ahem! we haven't room for it just at present; you'd better send it to the New York *Post*." That young man gets up with an awful look of contempt and revenge on his face, seizes the roll, and goes out feeling that he shall be an enemy of the paper, the editors, reporters, compositors and apprentices forever after. There is the woman who has written nineteen verses on her dead baby; the old man who has hashed up a ballad and wants to be brought out as the author; the young man in love who has written a poem on his Hannah and five or six others. Each one must be refused in such a manner as not to wound his feelings, and yet his feelings will be wounded. If he hadn't a cent in the world, and was in need of bread, he wouldn't feel half so bad to be refused a cash loan as he would to be told that his poetry wasn't first class, and that he'd better turn his attention to a trade.—The poets are not all. There is the man with the "Essay on Sober Second Thought;" the man with the two columns on "The Degeneration of American Politics," and the scores of men with essays on this and that, which no one but the writer would read. They must be met, repulsed and got rid of; and though the editor is as tender as a lover, the chances are that within three days he will receive a letter reading something like this:

"Dear Sir: Owing to the fact that my article on the 'Rejuvenation of Mummies' did not appear in your issue of Wednesday, you can stop my paper. I shall subscribe to the *Ark*, which is a live, go ahead daily, fully up to the times. Yours, Cato."

Everybody drinks "Ottawa" at the Keystone Saloon. G. C. Hill.

BLANK LEASES and LAND CONTRACTS for sale at this office.
Also, Notes, Deeds, and all other Blanks.

The newest thing out—"Ottawa" Beer at the Keystone Saloon. Try it.
G. C. Hill.

Business Locals.

The coolest drink in town is "Ottawa," at the Keystone Saloon. G. C. Hill.

DR. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES ARE a Superior Tonic.

Nothing so good for this hot weather, as the "Ottawa," at the Keystone Saloon.
G. C. Hill.
Montrose, July 9th, 1873.—tf

If You
Want a Cook,
Want a Situation,
Want a Salesman,
Want a Servant Girl,
Want to Rent a Store,
Want to Sell a Piano,
Want to Sell a House,
Want to lend Money,
Want to buy a Horse,
Want to rent a House,
Want to sell a Carriage,
Want to sell Furniture,
Want to sell Hardware,
Want a Boarding Place,
Want to Borrow Money,
Want to sell Dry Goods,
Want to sell Real Estate,
Want a job of Carpentering,
Want a job of Blacksmithing,
Want to sell Millinery Goods,
Want to sell a House and Lot,
Want to find any one's Address,
Want to find a strayed Animal,
Want to buy a second hand Carriage,
Want to sell Agricultural Implements,
Want to find anything you have lost,
Want to advertise anything to advantage,
Want to find an owner for anything Found,
Advertise in The Montrose Democrat, where important advertisements are looked for, and by which means your object will be attained.

MARRIAGES.

Holding—Jones—At Elmwood Seminary, July 2d, by Rev. M. E. Ellison, Chancellor of that institution, Professor William J. Holding and Lodeska E. Jones, daughter of Wm. Jones, of South Bridgewater.

Corey—Brown—At Church's Hotel, Scranton, Pa., July 2d, by Rev. Jas. E. Fisher, Mr. Erastus Corey, of Sunbury, Ill., and Miss Elzina Brown, of Lathrop, Pa.

Hibbard—Smith—At the residence of the bride's parents, July 5th, by Eld. H. H. Gray, C. W. Hibbard, of Rush, Susq'a co., Pa., and Miss Ettie A. Smith, of Auburn, Susq'a co., Pa.

DEATHS.

Hazen—In Jackson, at the residence of Alvin Barrett, David Hazen, aged 88 years.

Houghton—In Apolacon, March 24th, W. P. Houghton, aged 78 years, 7 months and 14 days.

Lewis—In Jessup, July 3rd, 1873, Rosina A. wife of Lester Lewis, aged 40 years, leaving two sons and one daughter.

Smith—In Lathrop, Pa., June 10th, Mary Alzina, wife of Geo. B. Smith, aged 29 years, 4 months and 24 days.

Since her conversion, last winter, she has been a consistent and faithful christian, but is early called to her reward. An afflicted family, and a large circle of friends mourn her loss.

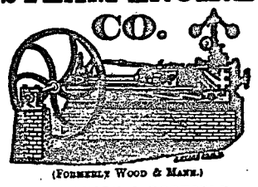
Rose—In Lanark, Ill., June 16th, 1873, of purpura hemmorrhage, after a painful illness of four weeks, Mr. Ira S. Rose, aged thirty-three years—formerly of Susquehanna co., Pa. He leaves a widow and three children. He was a son of George Rose, now of LeRaysville, Bradford county, Pa. He was a man greatly respected by all who knew him.

New Advertisements.

For sale—The farm late of Nathan Al[illegible], situated about half a mile west of Montrose Depot, in Brooklyn township, containing about 111 acres of land mostly improved. Inquire of the undersigned, executor of said estate, at New Milford, Pa.
Elliot Aldrich.
New Milford, Jan. 25, 1873.—tf.

Administrator's Sale
Of Real Estate.
In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Susquehanna County, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Jane Smyth, deceased, will sell, at public sale, on the premises in East Bridgewater,
On Monday, the 4th day of August, 1873, at 1 o'clock p m., the following described premises, to wit:
THE LOT OF LAND DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:—Bounded on the north by lands of Mrs. L Kennard, on the east by lands of N. O. Paesmore, on the south by the plank road, and on the west by a highway, containing about one-half acre of land, more or less, with the appurtenances
Terms made known on day of sale.
Wm. C. Curtis,
July 9, 1873.—3w. Administrator.

Express Notice!
THE
CENTRAL EXPRESS
WILL FORWARD ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
EXPRESS MATTER, MONEY, JEWELRY, VALUABLE PARCELS, ETC., ETC.,
to all the principal cities and towns in the UNITED STATES AND CANADAS with the utmost despatch.
Particular attention paid to making collections as heretofore.
For further information apply at the Company's Office at F. B. Chandler's Store.
J. R. Raynsford, Agent.
Montrose, July 9, 1873.—2w.

UTICA
STEAM ENGINE
CO.

(Formerly Wood & Mann.)
STATIONARY & PORTABLE
Steam Engines.
The Best & Most Complete Assortment in the Market.
These Engines have always maintained the very highest standard of excellence. We make the manufacture of Engines, Boilers and Saw Mills a specialty. We have the largest and most complete works of the kind in the country, with machinery specially adapted to the work.
We keep constantly in process large numbers of Engines, which we furnish at the very lowest prices and on the shortest notice. We build Engines specially adapted to Mines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Tanneries, Cotton Gins, Threshers and all classes of manufacturing.
We are now building the celebrated Lane Circular Saw Mill, the best and most complete saw mill ever invented.
We make the manufacture of Saw Mill outfits a special feature of our business, and can furnish complete on the shortest notice.
Our aim in all cases is to furnish the best machinery in the market, and work absolutely unequaled for beauty of design, economy and strength. Send for Circular and Price List.
UTICA STEAM ENGINE CO.
UTICA, N. Y.

Commission Merchants.

CASH PAID FOR BUTTER,
AT THE
Express Office,
MONTROSE, PA.
The Highest cash price paid for Butter at New York Quotations, as a guide.
A. G. GILMORE & CO.
June 18th, 1873.—tf.

J. M. Rowan,
GENERAL
Produce and Commission Merchant,
77 Dey St., New York.
Consignments solicited and returns made immediately on sale of goods. Send for shipping cards and stencils.
References:
National Park Bank of New York.
North River Bank of New York.
Nassau National Bank of New York.
Long Island Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y.
Feb. 12, 1873.—2m*.

The Markets.

Financial.

New York, Saturday, July 12.

The money market exhibits no new feature. The rates of interest do not differ from those we have named previously. Indeed there have been very few changes for several days past, say since the 1st inst. The supply is very abundant, and there is a constantly increasing surplus at the banks, which cannot be profitably used. The rates rule very low.

Gold was nearly steady, opening at 115¾, selling up to 116⅛, but closing finally a fraction weaker at 115⅞. Sterling exchange, 126⅜@127⅜.

	Bid.	Ask'd.
Gold	115⅞	.....
Silver	.....	.....
U S 6s 1881	116⅞	120¼
5-20 Coupon 1862	117	117¼
5-20 Coupon 1864	117¼	118
5-20 Coupon 1865	118¾	119
5-20 Coupon 1865 July	117¾	118
5-20 Coupon 1867	118⅞	119¼
5-20 Coupon 1868	118	118¼
New 5 per cent. bonds	115¼	115¾
10-40s	114½	114¾
Paris Exchange	451	446¾
Sterling Exchange	127	127⅞
Currency Bonds	.....	.....

New York Produce Market.

Corrected weekly by Harding, Hayden, & Co., 325 Washington St., New York.

Butter, tub	28@29
" pail	29@30
Cheese, dairy, per lb	11½@12
" factory"	@12
Eggs, per doz	22@23
Flour, per barrel	8.00@10.00
Corn meal,	3.00@3.65
Wheat, per bushel	1.62@1.64
Rye "	80@81
Oats "	48@53
Corn "	60@61
Hops, crop of 1872	40@48
Tallow "	8@8½
Lard per lb	8@9
Potatoes per bbl	6.00@7.00
Apples "	6.50@6.50
Turkeys per lb	15@18
Chickens "	17@18
Ducks "	

Miscellaneous.

CASH PAID FOR WOOL!
CLOTH EXCHANGED for WOOL!
WOOL MANUFACTURED ON SHARES OR BY THE YARD.
OVER AT MOTT'S WOOLEN MILL!
DON'T FORGET IT!
Montrose, July 2d, 1873.—3m. J. W. MOTT.

WANTED,
100,000 POUNDS OF WOOL.
The subscriber is also dealer in
Anthracite and Bituminous
COAL.
Can furnish it on either side of the river. Office at Ross & Lewis's Store.
J. H. Simrel,
Great Bend Village,
Susquehanna Co., Pa.
May 14, 1873.—3m.

J. H. Barnes. | G. S. Barnes. | H. G. Blanding.
—o—
BINGHAMTON MARBLE WORKS.
[Established in 1849.]
BARNES BROS. & BLANDING,
DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Italian & American Marbles,
AMERICAN AND SCOTCH GRANITES,
Marble and Slate Mantles,
26 Chenango St., Near Depot,
May 14, 1873. BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Uncle Sam's Favorite Child!
Elgin Watches the Best in the World!
A good supply constantly on hand.

CALENDAR, AND OTHER CLOCKS!
Jewelry,
SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE
Fine Table Cutlery, Diamond Spectacles, and a general assortment of Musical Merchandise, Sheet Music, and the very best Violin Strings.
All at L. B. ISBELL'S.
Montrose, May 7, 1873.

Legal.

Administratrix's Notice.—In the Estate of David Taylor, deceased, letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay. Cornelia B. Taylor, Adm'rx.
Lanesboro, Pa., July 9, 1873.—6w.

Executor's Notice. Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of David Green, late of Bridgewater, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them without delay.
David A. Green, } Executors.
Jefferson Green, }
Bridgewater, June 25th, 1873.—w6

Administrator's Notice.—In the estate of Charles W. Deans, dec'd, late of Harford, letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.
Priscilla Deans, } Adm'rs.
D. C. Sweet, }
Harford, June 4th, 1873—w6

Administrator's Notice.—In the estate of Bartholomew Mara, late of New Milford, Susquehanna Co., Pa., deceased, Letters of Administration in the said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons owing said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them without delay.
Daniel Mara, Adm'r.
June 18th, 1873.—w6

Administrator's Notice.—In the estate of Cornelius Hickey, deceased, letters of Administration in the said estate, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment to the Administrator; and those having claims against the same, are requested to present them at once.
Business transacted at the offic of J. B. & A. H. McCollum Montrose. Michael Hickey, Adm'r.
Choconut, July 2 1873.—6w.

Auditor's Notice. The undersigned having been appointed an Auditor, by the Orphans' Court of Susquehanna County to distribute the fund in the hands of Hon. C. F. Read, Trustee, etc., of the estate of George M. Dennison, late of Dimock, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Pitch & Watson, in Montrose, on Friday, July 31, 1873, at 1 o'clock, p. m. at which time and place all persons interested in said fund must present their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.
W. W. Watson, Auditor.
Montrose, July 2, 1873.—4w.

B. R. Lyons & Co.
PAINTS AND OILS.
A FINE STOCK AT
B. R. LYONS & Co.'s.
Montrose, May 14, 1873.

CARPETS,
CARPETS AT 20 CENTS AND UPWARDS.
—Less than N. Y. Prices—
May 14, '73. For Sale by B. R. LYONS & Co.

SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE,
and other
Groceries
At Low Figures at
B. R. LYONS & CO.'S.

WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS.
A LARGE STOCK,
AND NEW PATTERNS RECEIVED EVERY WEEK, DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTORY.
On Sale by
B. R. LYONS & CO.
May 14, 1873.

SPOOL THREAD.
COATS, CLARK'S O. N. T., & JOHN CLARK'S SPOOL THREAD—WHITE, BLACK, & COLORED—FROM No. 8 TO No. 130, AT 75 CENTS PER DOZEN.
For sale by
B. R. LYONS & CO.
Montrose, May 14, 1873.

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE
AT
WILLIAM SMITH'S
Extensive Furniture Wareroom you will find the largest stock of
FIRST CLASS AND COMMON
FURNITURE
To be found in this section of the country, of his own manufacture, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction. He makes the very best
EXTENSION TABLES
In the County, and WARRANTS them.
UPHOLSTERY WORK
Of all kinds done in the neatest manner.
SPRING BEDS
OF VARIOUS KINDS.
PURE NO. 1 MATRASSES,
COMMON MATRASSES.
UNDERTAKING
The subscriber will hereafter make this a specialty in his business. Having just completed a NEW and the most elegant HEARSE in the State, all needing his services will be attended to promptly and satisfactory charges.
WM. W. SMITH & SON.
Montrose, Pa., Jan. 31, 1872.—no5—tf.

A MYSTERY EASILY SOLVED.
A
New Stock of Goods at the "Head of Navigation."—
A. N. BULLARD is constantly receiving large additions to his stock of *GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS* at his old stand at the head of Navigation, where any man, woman, or
CHILD
can find the very best articles that can be
FOUND
in any grocery house in the town. The old system of slow sales and small profits is
DEAD
or ought it be, and in its stead the better system of quick sales and small profits, and by selling for ready pay only, there will be no bad debts to make up from good customers. Call
IN
and examine my goods and prices, and see if they do not compare favorably with any other house in
MONTROSE.
A. N. BULLARD.
Montrose, April 30, 1873.—tf.

FARMERS, DAIRYMEN, AND BUTTER BUYERS!
Pack your Butter in
WESTCOTT'S RETURN BUTTER PAIL!
Approved and recommended by the leading authorities of our country on dairying, and acknowledged by all butter dealers to be the very best package in use.
Butter packed in this Pail brings 5 to 10 cents more a pound in the New York City Market than the same quality in any other package.
Dairymen, send for a Circular! Dealers, send for a Price List! We are the sole manufacturers of
WESTCOTT'S RETURN BUTTER PIAL!
and also manufacture very extensively
BUTTER FIRKINS, HALF-FIRKIN TUBS, 20-POUND BUTTER PAILS, WELL BUCKETS, &c., &c.
Our Goods are marked with our name, and are for s