# The Montrose Democrat.

E. B. HAWLEY, EDITOR.

MONTROSE, PENN'A:

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1872.


## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
Of Columbia County.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
HON. JAMES THOMPSON,
Of Erie County.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
WM. B. HARTLEY,
Of Bedford County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
HON. RICHARD VAUX,
Of Philadelphia.
JAMES H. HOPKINS,
Of Allegheny County.
HON. HENDRICK B. WRIGHT,
Of Luzerne County.

DELEGATES TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

1. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, Philadelphia.
2. JEREMIAH S. BLACK, York.
3. WILLIAM BIGLER, Clearfield.
4. WILLIAM J. BAER, Somerset.
5. WILLIAM H. SMITH, Allegheny.
6. F. B. GOWEN, Philadelphia.
7. John H. CAMPBELL, Philadelphia.
8. S. H. REYNOLDS, LANCASTER.
9. JAMES ELLIS, Schuylkill.
10. S. C. T. DODD, Venango.
11. G. M. DALLAS, Philadelphia.
12. R. A. LAMBERTON, Dauphin.
13. A. A. PURMAN, Greene.
14. WM. M. CORBETT, Clarion.

ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

EDGAR COWAN, of Westmoreland.
GEORGE W. SKINNER, of Franklin.

REPRESENTATIVE.

SELDON MARVIN, of Erie.
JOHN S. MILLER, of Huntingdon.
S. GROSS FRY, of Philadelphia.

*Districts.*

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. Thomas J. Barger. | 13. D. Lowenberg. |
| 2. Stephen Anderson. | 14. J. M'Knight. |
| 3. John Moffat. | 15. Henry Welsh. |
| 4. George R. Burrel. | 16. Henry J. Stahley. |
| 5. [Not agreed upon] | 17. R. W. Christie. |
| 6. Isaiah B. Houpt. | 18. Wm. F. Logan. |
| 7. Samuel A. Dyer. | 19. R. B. Brown. |
| 8. Jesse G. Hawley. | 20. F. M. Robinson. |
| 9. H. B. Swarr. | 21. J. R. Molten. |
| 10. B. Riley. | 22. T. H. Stevenson. |
| 11. John Kuncle. | 23. John B. Bard. |
| 12. F. W. Gunster. | 24. George W. Miller. |

## THE GRANT BLACK-MAILING BANDITTI.

The desperate band of official plunderers who now hold control of our national government, mistook their man when they addressed the following infamous circular to Mr. L. C. Swisher, of Auburn, this county, who was the late Postmaster of that place. Mr. Swisher is not one of the Radical official Demi Monde who have sold, signed, sealed, and delivered themselves over to be tythed and debauched by the piratical crew that have boarded our ship of state and mantled her in degradation and who, if not driven from her decks, will pillage her of all our blood bought liberties under honest government and sink her in infamous and tyrannous ruin.

We give below a *verbatim* copy of this blackmailing circular, which Mr. Swisher received and which is the first assessment to add to the corruption fund to aid in thwarting the will of the people. Any one who wishes can call and examine this monstrosity, as we shall preserve it for future exhibition. It reads thus:

ROOMS OF THE
NATIONAL GRANT CLUB,
202 SPRING STREET,
NEW YORK, June 12, 1872.

Mr. L. C. SWISHER,

*Dear Sir:*—You will please remit to this office, without delay, the sum of three dollars. This Association is composed of Eighty-four prominent and wealthy citizens of New York; each of whom has subscribed the sum of $1,000. They will devote their whole energies during the present campaign to bring about the re-election of General Grant to the Presidency. You are aware, of course, that immense sums of money are required to conduct a Presidential campaign. Political speakers are to be paid; thousands of banners to be raised in all parts of the Republic; special trains are to be paid for; thousands of dollars are to be paid for advertising in many journals. Other items could be enumerated which are inseperable from expense in all political campaigns.

Money collected by this Association will be disbursed in the Western States and in Pennsylvania.

Hon. W. JACKSON CARPENTER Pres't
Hon. PALMER WATERS, Vice-Pres't.
Ex-Judge Marshall Scudder, Treas.
John F. Hamilton, Sec'y.

All communications and remittances must be addressed. JOHN F. HAMILTON, Sec'y.
202 Spring Street, N. Y.

"This association is composed of eighty-four prominent and wealthy citizens of New York, each of whom has subscribed the sum of $1,000." This aggregates $84,000. Just consider for a moment. The "draft" upon the Auburn P. M., whose salary is $200 or $300, is three dollars, which is an assessment of about 10 per cent. Our P. M. at that rate has to pay $15 or $20, and thus it goes through the vast official brigade, which would make it sum up to hundreds of thousands and perhaps millions of dollars, and for what purpose? THE RE-ELECTION OF GRANT TO THE PRESIDENCY, as it is shamelessly asserted in the above circular.

In the name of the seat once occupied by a Washington, and now so wantonly disgraced by a gift taker and nepot, who is corrupting every department of our government to compass his own base ends; in the name of our noble progenitors, who passed through the furnace of Revolution to free our land from the same yoke of corruption and tyranny which now threatens republican institutions, in the name of these, we call upon the honest but deluded masses, who have been goaded by party stigma to worship this golden calf, foisted upon the pole of his military record alone, to pause and consider while yet there is time. The army of reform is already in the field, and with honesty and the love of country, and a desire to return to primitive Democracy for its war cry, recruits will multiply and victory will adorn its banner. We have faith to believe the masses are not corrupted as yet, and the vast amount of corruption money collected by a damnable system of black mailing, which would have made English robbers blush, is not intended for the purchase of their principles, but it is for the purpose of supplying the demands of the official harpies who surround the imperial throne of their master, Grant, and to secure their services in his behalf, and who work for pay only, and who will resort to any scheme to carry their point.

"How have the mighty fallen."

### Greeley and Grant.

The Philadelphia *Age*, one of the soundest Democratic journals in the State, closes an article on the situation in the following manner. It has been one of the most ardent advocates of straight Democratic ticket, but is not of the "rule or ruin" kind, but stands upon the pure Democratic doctrine to submit to the will of the majority, whatever that may be, at the Baltimore Convention. This will be the spirit that will govern all Democrats, the spirit that has caused victory to perch upon our banner in former times and the spirit that will cleanse the Nation's Capitol from the foul taint of corruption, which now permeates all its avenues, by the use of the most certain means at our command to oust the money changers who now profane the Temple. The *Age* says:

"We do not feel called upon to abuse Mr. Adams or Mr. Greeley, because they aspire to the Democratic nomination. It is a creditable aspiration. It may be that they thus abandon long cherished opinions, but that is to their credit, since the opinions were erroneous. We are not for Greeley, yet whenever the comparison is between him and Grant, we certainly shall not deny the moral and intellectual superiority of Greeley. We are not for him; yet we do not see how any Christain can say that he sees no difference between Greeley and Grant. There is as much difference as between the repentant and the un-repentant 'thief on the cross.' The former was promptly admitted into Paradise.

"Grant now is and Greeley is not dangerous to free civil government. In the last week of the last session of Congress, the appropriation bills were jeoparded and delayed by Grant's desperate efforts to thrust into them the Ku Klux bill and Enforcement bill. The aim of these bills was purely and simply to afford a cover for violent interference with the elections, such as the Marines attempted in this city two years ago by orders from Washington. The chief danger to the stability of this government is from intrigues and plots of the crew of political desperadoes, who hope to renew with Grant, the same game that was played in France with Louis Napoleon, and ended in national degradation and ruin. Therefore we think there is popular sagacity in the cry of 'any body to beat Grant.' He represents to-day the element that is most dangerous to free Federal government. This, most intelligent men see, as well as Charles Francis Adams. We know that Mr. Greeley sees it, somewhat tardily. Nevertheless he does see it; with this we credit him, and we would cheerfully receive Mr. Greeley into the Democratic party on his eleventh hour repentance. But we see no propriety in instantly setting him up as the exponent and exemplar of Democratic principles, and the chosen candidate of the party, before its convention assembles. Not by a day or an hour would we abridge the time for reflection on this important matter. If the nomination of Greeley be the good thing it is said to be, it will keep till the ninth day of July. We refuse to accept the foregone conclusion which the advocates of that nomination wish to force upon the public mind. It will be quite time enough to treat Mr. Greeley as the Democratic candidate after he is nominated by the Democratic convention; if that event happen as his friends so confidently anticipate.

### The Real Platform of the Philadelphia Convention.

Pensylvania was the state and Philadelphia the city on which Grant could best rely as the scene of the packed convention. It was under Pennsylvania management, Forney, M, Michael and Cameron being the leaders, and the man that Pennsylvania chose to represent it on the national committee was the master of its real platform. It is found in a letter of which this is a literal copy:

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, PENNSYLVANIA, HARRISBURG, March, 1867.—*My Dear Titian:* Allow me to introduce you to my particular friend, Mr. George O. Evans. He has a claim of some magnitude that he wishes you to help him in. Put him through as you would me. *He understands addition, division, and silence.*

"Yours,
"W. H. Kemble.

"To Titian J. Coffey, esq., Washington, D. C."

That is it: Addition, division and silence. Grant understands it, the belted and epauletted sphynx. He knows what to add to his own fortune, how to divide among his own family and how to keep silence. Murphy and Leet, the speculators in French arms, Robeson and the heads of the navy bureaus, the postmaster general when dealing with mail contracts, the senatorial cabal when distributing lands to railroads or bounties to steamships, understand and practice on the golden rule of addition, division and silence.

That was the real platform of the office-holders' convention, not the platitudes of Curtis, nor Wendell Phillips' demagoguism nor the trickster phrase of the committee. The Keystone state and its sandstone candidate are settled down on the solid foundation of addition, division and silence!—*Albany Argus.*

### An Honest Election Secured.

The praise of the bayonet-election law by negro orators in the Grant Convention drew forth rounds of applause from the office-holders there assembled. A delegate from Georgia, a carpet-bagger, was heard to declare. "If Congress will only give us that law we do not care who the ballots are for when they go in the the box; we will make it all right when it comes to the count." This atrocious sentiment was applauded by a crowd of by-standers. Luckily for the country the Democrats and the decent Republicans in Congress have proved strong enough to prevent the re-enactment of the infamous bayonet-election law.

☞In December, 1866, the Supreme Court of the United States, in an opinion delivered by Judge Davis, in the case of Lambodin P. Milligan, declared that the people of the United States are not "subjects" of a military despotism, either in peace or war; but are entitled to the rights of citizens as declared by the Constitution of the United States. For this opinion Judge Davis was denounced by the whole Radical press. Nevertheless, it is still "the law of the land."

☞The same day General Grant was renominated at Philadelphia, D. L. Stanton, one of his friends and appointees, late Collector of Revenue, at Baltimore, was indicted for embezzling thirty-five thousand dollars of the people's money. The next day another of his friends, Mr. Bansted, of Jersey City, was sent to the Penitentiary for robbing the people of that place.

☞The Grantites dote on Gerrit Smith as though he were a strawberry shortcake whitened with a whole shower of powdered sugar. None of them cares to remember that *he* signed Jeff Davis' bail-bond. O no. It is only Mr. Greeley's signature that was wicked!

☞Horace Knows.—Horace Greeley, in his "Essays on Farming," says the only way to effectually destroy "widow's weeds," which seem to thrive in some kinds of soil, is for the husbandman to say, "Wilt thou?" They generally wilt.

☞At the Liberal Republican Conference in New York, on Thursday, General Cox, of Ohio, presided. Senators Trumbull and Schurz and most of the speakers favored Greeley.

### An Eloquent Extract.

In the course of his speech at the Greeley ratification meeting at New York the Hon. James R. Doolittle, of Wisconsin, said:

"The words free trade and protection are in constant use—understood by some, misunderstood by many. The advocates of both are always earnest, sometimes extreme, and even fanattical. For the present, and for many years to come, there must be a tariff for revenue. If laid upon articles of import, not produced here, it is simple tax on consumption. The question of free trade may be important; but what is that compared with the question now at issue? What is the question of free trade compared to the question of a free country? the question of centralized despotism? of the growing imperialism of Grant's administration? What is the duty on pig iron compared with the power of a dictator to suspend the *habeas corpus*, without which liberty cannot exist? Sacred writ of *habes corpus*! sweet angel of liberty! that opens the prison doors to those that are bound, and sets free the innocent—and even sets free the guilty, so eared is human liberty unless they are bound and held, not by military order, but by due process of the Anglo Saxon common law. What is the duty upon the coat or hat a man wears, compared with the one man power to take away from all of us the right of trial by jury, which is the bulwark of all our rights and of all our liberties? What is a duty upon sugar, silk, or wine, compared with the sacred right of the whole people of a State to govern themselves in their own domestic affairs, free from the control of Federal bayonet, which under various pretexts hold 10,000,000 of people in subjection, while thieving carpet-baggers and scalawags rob and plunder them by dundreds of millions? (Applause.) What is the question of a revenue tariff compared with a truly beneficent national reconstruction and of a new departure from the jealousies, strifes, and hates, which no longer have adequate motive or plausible pretext, into an atmosphere of peace, fraternity, and mutual good will?"

☞The New York *Evening Post*, which opposed Greeley and Brown, takes the following glimpse at the political situation in Pennsylvania:

Whatever may be the special motives of these contestants, there can be but one opinion as to the contest; it must be a personal one, because the men against whom the revolt is raised have no principles to stand upon. Transposing the language of one of the journals, let us say that principle is nothing and no party is anything when the great issue of personal integrity is made up and character is wanting. Cameron must go down, not because he is Cameron, nor because Forney and M'Clure oppose him, but because he represents no principle and is inspired by a mercenary ambition. It is not necessary to the preservation of any respectable party that it should be called upon to support bad men. In this case the preservation of the republican party depends upon the rejection of men who have disgraced it and who have had more influence in driving out of it many of its earliest and most consistent support than all others causes combined.

—A Clever old lady, apparently just arrived on a train from the country, entered one of the Springfield, Mass., R.R. station the other day, and said she had left her parasol on the settee. A general search commenced and lasted for some time. Finally one of the waiters asked the old dame when she left it, to which she answered, after counting up on her fingers. "Well, it was just three years last 4th of July. There was a general roar, much to the astonishment of the old lady, who went away with a very puzzled look upon her countenance.

### Dioccesan Convention.

The First Annual Convention of the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania, assembled at Williamsport, on Tuesday, June 11th, at 5 P. M. Bishop Howe presided. By his address delivered on Wednesday he reports Confirmations in this Diocese, 600; Consecrations, 5 churches; Ordinations, one deacon and one priest; preached 76 sermons; and traveled 3913 miles.

Committees were appointed in regard to the vestage fund; titles to church property; life insurance for the clergy; fire insurance for churches; for securing a Diocesan boys' school; and other matters of interest and importance.

The standing committee, which in the absence, death, or inability of the Bishop, is the ecclesiastical authority of the Diocese is compounded as follows:

Rev. A. A. Marble, D. Washburn, W.P. Orrick, W. C. Leverett, and William Paret, D. D. Lay members—Judge E. O. Parry, Hon. R. A. Lamberton, Hon. Asa Packer, Hon. J. W. Maynard, Mr. V. L. Maxwell.

Although two ballots were had for deputies to the general convention, but two gentlemen, Hon. Asa Packer and Mr. President Coppee were elected. The matter was then postponed.

The committee appointed at the primary convention reported a constitution for the diocese, which, with some slight amendments was approved, preparatory to its submission to the next Convention for final action and approval. One or two canons were also adopted, but the general body of them was laid over for action at the next convention.

St. John's Church, Catawissa; Christ Church, Lykens; St. James Church, Gibsonburg; and St. Peter's Free Church, Tunkhannock, all new parishes, were admitted into union with the convention.

A report on women's work in the church was made and a resolution was adopted requesting the Bishop to organize sisterhoods and a female diaconate. $75,000 are to be raised for the Episcopal fund.

The convention adjourned on Thursday evening, after having appointed the next convention to be at Reading, on the second Tuesday in June at 7 P. M.

—Grant's letter of acceptance written with a lead pencil on a half sheet of paper while the committee were waiting for it is as prodigious a literary achievement as that of the immortal K. N. Peffer. In a postscript to one one of his "oads" he exultingly exclaims: "P. S. I writ all this myself with my left hand into a sling."

—The Grant papers are misquoting the grave-digger in "Hamlet" in this wise, and seem to take much comfort therein:

"A tanner will last you nine year,
*Hamlet.* Why he more than another?
*Clown.* Why, sir, his hide is so tanned with his trade that he will keep out water a good while."

### The English Throne.

The following table gives the names of all the sovereigns of England, from William the Conqueror down to her Majesty, Victoria, together with the date of their coronation. It is worth preserving for future reference:

William I. (*Conqueror*)—1056, Dec. 25.
William II. (*Rufus*)—1087, Sept. 26.
Henry I. (*Beauclerc*)—1100, Aug. 5.
Stephen—1135, December 26.
Henry II.—1154, December 19.
Richard I.—1189, September 9.
John—1199, May 25.
Henry III—1216, October 28.
Edward I—1274, August 19.
Edward II—1307, July 8.
Richard II—1377, June 22.
Henry IV—1399, October 13.
Henry V—1413, March 21.
Henry VI—1422, September 1.
Edward IV—1461, March 4.
Edward V—1483, April 9.
Richard III—1483, June 26.
Henry VII—1485, October 30.
Henry VIII—1509, April 22.
Edward VI—1547, January 31.
Mary—1553, July 9.
Elizabeth—1558, November 17.
James I—1603, March 24.
Charles I—1625, March 27.
Charles II—1660, May 29.
James II—1685, February 6.
William and Mary—1689, February 13.
Anne—1702, March 8.
George I—1714, October 20.
George II—1727, October 11.
George III—1760, October 25.
George IV—1820, January 29.
William VI—1830, June 26.
Victoria—1838, June 28.

Edward VI. was succeeded by Lady Jane Grey, who was the nominal queen for ten days—July 9 to July 19, 1553.

Charles I. was beheaded January 30, 1649 after having named his son, Charles Stuart as his successor. But his son (Charles II.) was not recognized as King until 1660. During the interim, the people essayed to govern as a commonwealth. Oliver Cromwell ruled as protector of the Commonwealth from April 20, 1653 to the day of his death, September, 2, 1658.

On the accession of Queen Victoria, Hanover became a seperate state, according to the Salic law.

—Charles H. Staples, aged 18 years, has been arrested at Boston, and held in $6,000 bail, charged with kindling the forest fires which, six weeks ago, caused great damages in Franklin and Medway counties.

—An old lady who inquired for "the dollar varden hat" went away sorrowing when the clerk told her that they were just out, but he had plenty of "six dollar vardens."

—Aiken, in South Carolina, is a great resort of stranger invalids in the winter season. From this source the town last year profited to the extent of half a million dollars.

—A Michigan man's curiosity to see the "inside workings" of the State prison, about which he had heard much, became so uncontrollable that he went and perpetrated grand larceny. He got in.

—A clerk in a grocery store in Manchester N. H., struck the bulging top of a hogshead of molasses with a mallet, when it exploded throwing him violently across the store, and flooding everything with molasses.

—A lady in Carrolton county, Ind., recently rode into town the wife of one man, and a few hours afterwards returned home the wife of another, having been divorced, received license and married again in the interim.

—A party of United States soldiers at Opelika, Ga., visited the residence of a quiet citizen and under pretence of searching for somebody, robbed the family of everything valuable they had. Yet the Ku-Klux law should be extended.


## New Advertisements.

1872. 1872.

GREAT

INDUCEMENTS!

IN

DRY GOODS

AT

M'KENZIE & CO.,

NEW GOODS,

CONSTANTLY ARRIVING!

Beautiful Dress Goods, in all the novelties of the Season.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF WHITE PIQUES JACONETS, NAINSOOKS, SWISS MUSLINS, VICTORIA LAWNS, LACE COURTAINS, ETC., ETC.

SUMMER SHAWLS! PRETTIEST AND CHEAPEST IN MONTROSE.

PARASOLS! AT 40cts AND UPWARDS, SPLENDID KID GLOVES, at 75cts PER PAIR, and 2 BUTTON GLOVES at $1.25cts, BEST BARGAINS EVER OFFERED IN MONTROSE!!

BLACK SILKS IN GREAT VARIETIES AND AT LOW PRICES, CALICOES, AND PERCALES, NEW STYLES, TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK!

GREAT VARIETY OF GENTS and BOYS LINEN GOODS!

SPLENDID SCOTCH SUITS FROM $11.00 UPWARDS, NEW SHOES, NEW HATS, BARGAINS IN ALL KINDS OF FANCY GOODS,

We are determined to make it an object for the public to buy of us. Our stock is bought for cash and will be sold as Cheap for cash as any concern in the country.

☞Try us and be Convinced.☜

M'KENZIE & CO.

June 26, 1872—1

GREAT BEND BOROUGH SCHOOL REPORT.

| D. | | |
|---|---|---|
| Total amount of indebtedness of the Board June 1, 1871 | | $1900 00 |
| Amount of cash in Treasurers hands, June 1st, 1871 | 126 49 | |
| Amount each received from all sources | 1799 53 | |
| | | 1926 02 |
| Cr. | | |
| Amount paid for teachers wages | $546 00 | |
| " " " fuel & contingences | 113 51 | |
| " " " interest and repairs | 178 73 | |
| " " on debt | 700 00 | 700 00 |
| " cash in hands of Treasurer | 87 76 | |
| | | 1926 02— 1200 00 |
| Amount of Debt June 1, 1872, less cash on hand | | 87 76 |
| Balance of debt at this date | | $1,111 24 |

(Signed) R. T. STEPHENS, President.
Attest, A. B. WHITING, Secretary.
June 26, 1872—

Presidential Campaign.

CAPS, CAPES AND TORCHES!

Send for ILLUSTRATED CIRCULAR and PRICE LIST.
CUNNINGHAM & HILL,
Manufacturers, No 204 Church St., Philadelphia.
June 12, '72—m4.

$1,000 REWARD!

BRIGGS' ALLEVANTOR is composed of Ammonia, Chloroform, Spirits of Camphor, Tincture of Topuline, Oil of Juniper, and Alcohol This compound is unequalled in the annals of medicine for the cure of Nervous or Sick Headache, Neuralgia, Trembling or Twitching of the Nerves, and all Nervous Diseases. It will counteract all poisons, banish pimples, cure scaly eruptions, itching, humors, &c., it equalizes the circulation, invigorates the system, increases the action of the heart, without exciting the brain, cures Heartburn, Palpitation and Fluttering of the Heart, Dyspepsia, &c. Briggs' Allevantor absolutely possesses more curative properties than any other preparation. Physicians, chemists and others are requested to examine and test the remedy and $1000 will be paid if found different from representation.

COUGHS. Much has been said and written, and many remedies have been offered for the relief and cure of throat and lung diseases: but nothing has been so eminently successful or obtained such a wide celebrity, as Briggs' Throat and Lung Healer.

CORNS. The excruciating pain produced by Corns, the unceasing twinging from Bunions, the piercing, distressing pain from ingrowing Nails, cannot be described. Thousands suffer, not knowing there is a cure. Briggs' Corn and Bunion Remedies are no acid or potash compounds, but are reliable soothing, and effectual, and just merit the success they have earned from an appreciative public. The Curative is a healing ointment; immediate relief is obtained by its application, and it will positively cure the worst cases of Festered Corns, Inflamed and Ulcerated Bunions, the sorest instep, the largest and severest Blisters, the most extensive Callosities on the soles or heels of the feet, unequalled in the cure of Chilblains or Frosted Feet. The Allevantor for ordinary corns and preventing their formation is absolutely unexcelled by anything known.

PILES have been a terror to mankind for centuries, and almost every attempt to cure them has been baffled. By unceasing study and experimenting, Dr. Briggs has discovered and absolute cure for internal, bleeding, external, and itching piles. Briggs' Pile Remedies are mild, safe and sure.

Corns, Bunions, Bad Nails, Diseased Joints and all diseases of the feet, also, Piles, Cancers and Scrofulous Humors, skillfully treated by Dr. J. Briggs & Co., 637, Broadway, N. Y.

Sold by ABEL TURRELL, Montrose, Pa., and BURNS & NICHOLS, Montrose, Pa.
June 19, 1872.

SMYTH'S REVOLVING CARRIAGE GATE.

[PATENTED, OCTOBER 31, 1871.]

Is claimed by our best Judges, to meet the necessity long felt, of a Convenient, Practical, Durable Gate, so indorsed by the highest authority in America. Is entirely different from and has many advantages over any other Gate ever invented. Is Cheap and easily constructed and for convenience cannot fail to please all. Can be opened and closed without the opperator changing his position, lifting or pulling a pound, and if desired can be easily arranged to be opened and closed without dismounting. It occupies no more ground when opened then two posts without gate, this making it very desirable over any other Gate to farmers and those living in Villages and Towns. Is in order every day in the year, no snow to shovel in winter. It cannot sag or get out of repair.

For further particulars address the undersigned, who will as far as possible visit the several Counties in Pennsylvania and adjoining States, for the purpose of exhibiting and introducing the same.

Farmers and enterprising men generally, will do well to give this special attention, as this Gate certainly will go into general use.

GEO. S. MACKEY, Proprietor.
Nicholson, Wyoming Co., Pa.
June 12, '72.—1f.

RICH AND RARE!

GROVES & SAUTTER.—With Their united experience, both in the Old World and New, with over forty years close application. We both feel confident that we can not fail to please all who may favor us with their patronage. Strict attention to business and warrant all work to be done in the Best STYLE of the trade and the most approved FASHIONS of the day. ☞Cutting and Repairing done in the neatest manner Shop over F. B. Chandler's Store.

GROVES & SAUTTER.
Montrose, May 22, 1872.—m3.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of McKenzie & Faurot has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, to take effect April 1st, 1872. The books and accounts are in the hands of C. C. Faurot for immediate collection.

Notice of new firm next week.

R. McKENZIE.
C. C. FAUROT.
Montrose, May 20, 1872.

FOUND!

AT the OLD COURT HOUSE, in MONTROSE, a FASHIONABLE DRESS-MAKER, late of New York City. Entire satisfaction will be given to all who will favor her with a call. ☞PLAIN SEWING done in the NEATEST MANNER.

Mrs. COLEY.
May 8, 1872.—m3

New Arrival.—FRESH AND SUPERIOR TEAS, just received and for sale low for Cash at H. J. WEBB'S.

New Crockery—FOR SALE AT H. J. WEBB'S.

Glassware FOR SALE AT H. J. WEBB'S.

Ashton Salt FOR SALE BY H. J. WEBB.

Oranges and Lemons AT H. J. WEBB'S.

ALL Articles in the Grocery Line can be bought at Low Prices AT the STORE of H. J. WEBB.
Montrose, May 15, '72.—tf

AGENTS FIND

Literature, Art and Song

Is the best selling book ever offered. It combines the humor of adecodote, the wisdom of essay, the information of history and biography, the sweetness and grandeur of poetry, the exquisite charm of music, and 400 beautiful illustrations.

"Solid reading for grave moments; pleasant pictures to illumine quiet hours; and gems of song for the social circle."

An Agent Writes. "Sold 127 copies this week. Will sell 500 this month easily."

Our new system of canvassing does away with objections to the business. Particulars free. A valuable present to every new Agent.

INTERNATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 93 and 95 Liberty St., New York.
May 1, '72.—w10.

BILLINGS STROUD.

General Insurance Agent,

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE,

Montrose, Pa.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hartford Fire Ins., Co., Capital and Surplus | | $3,000,000 |
| Home Ins. Co., N. Y., Capital and surplus. | | $4,000,000 |
| Royal Ins. Co. Liverpool | " | $10,000,000 |
| Liverpool, London & Globe | " | $30,000,000 |
| Franklin Ins. Co., Phil'a | " | $3,250,000 |
| Ins. Co., of North America | " | $3,250,000 |
| Pennsylvania Fire | " | $1,124,000 |
| Ins. Co., State of Penn'a | " | $600,000 |
| Union Mutual | " | $400,000 |
| Lycoming Fire | " | $6,000,000 |
| Williamsport Ins. Co. | " | $110,000 |

LIFE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co., Assetts | | $25,000,000 |
| American Life, Phil'a. | " | $3,500,000 |

ACCIDENT.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Travelers Ins. Co., Harford, Capital and Surplus | | $2,000,000 |
| Railway Passengers | " | $550,000. |

The undersigned has been well known in this county, for the past 17 years, as an Insurance Agent. Losses satisfied by his Companies have always been promptly paid.

☞Office first door east from Banking Office of W. H. Cooper & Co., Turnpike st. Montrose, Pa.

BILLINGS STROUD, Agent.

CHAS. H. SMITH, Solicitor.
Montrose, May 22, 1872.

NOTICE.

MONTROSE RAILWAY CO.—Stockholders of the Montrose Railway Company are hereby notified that the remaining instalments of five dollars per share each, called for by resolution of the Board of Directors payable as follows:

Fifth Instalment ..... January 15th, 1872
Sixth Instalment ..... February 15th, 1872
Seventh Instalment ..... March 15th, 1872
Eighth Instalment ..... April 15th, 1872
Ninth Instalment ..... May 15th, 1872
Tenth Instalment ..... June 15th, 1872

As the work is progressing most favorably, it is earnestly desired and absolutely necessary that the payments should be promptly met on the part of Stockholders.

G. L. BROWN, Secretary
W. H. COWELL, Treasurer.
Montrose, December 20 1871.—51-tf

New Firm.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDRS—MESSRS. COOLEY & STONE, are prepared to do all kinds of BUILDING and CARPENTER Work, Brick Work, Masonry, and Painting, by the Job or in any manner to suit customers. Also, Sash Blinds, Doors, Mouldings, of all kinds, and Window Frames, to order. Pine Lumber constantly on hand. Shop in Fork Factory Building, Montrose, Pa.

A. W. COOLEY. STANLEY STONE.
Montrose, December, 27, 1871.—52-6m.

NEW FIRM!

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned having refitted, refurnished and restocked the store, formerly occupied by R. Kenyon, Jr., at Lawsville Centre, are now prepared to furnish the people with as desirable variety of

DRY GOODS!

GROCERIES!!

BOOTS & SHOES!!

HARDWARE!!

CROCKERY! &c., &c.

As can be found elsewhere, and at as Desirable Prices.

O. M. CRANE. E. C. SMITH.

CRANE & SMITH.

Lawsville Center, Pa., April 21, 1872.

HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION,

For the Relief and cure of the Erring and Unfortunate, on Principles of Christian Philanthropy.

Essays on the Errors of Youth and the Follies of Age in relation to Marriage and Social Evils, with sanitary aid for the afflicted. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION. Box P. Philadelphia.

FARM FOR SALE!—A farm of sixty-two acres adjoining the Boro' of Montrose on the South, is offered for sale. It is well watered and has about ten acres in timber, including a fine grove of beach and maple near the dwelling, being the homestead division of the Samuel Gregory farm.

For further particulars enquire of J. E. Carmalt, Esq., or P. Lines, Montrose, Pa.

Feb., 7, 1872.—no6.—tf.

An Ornament for Every American Home.

THE AMERICAN CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY Chart.

With views of "Independence Hall," "On the Wissahickon Creek Fairmount Park," "Up the Schuylkill," "Union League House," a large beautifully Colored Map of Philadelphia, showing Fairmount Park, where the Contennial Anniversary Buildings will be erected, &c., Size, 40 by 27 inches.

Published in aid of the Centennial Fund.

AGENTS WANTED.—From $20 to $20 per day can be made Send 50 cents, and specimen copy and terms to agents will be sent by return mail.

T. R. GALLENDER & CO., Publishers,
Third and Walnut Sts., Philadelphia

MONTROSE BAZAAR

OF FASHION!

Latest Arrival

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS!

FANCY DRESS GOODS, SHAWLS,

LACE AND FACNY GOODS

WHITE AND WOOLEN

GOODS, NOTIONS, Etc.,

MILLINERY GOODS!

TRIMMED, AND

UNTRIMMED HATS,

RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

LACES, ETC., ETC.,

READY MADE CLOTHING!

FOR MEN, BOYS, AND

YOUTH'S WEAR, PIECE

GOODS BY THE YARD,

AND CUSTOM WORK.

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES!

FURNISHING GOODS;

GENTS HATS AND CAPS,

OF ALL QUALITIES,

AND LATEST STYLES.

ALL IN GREAT VARIETY AT THE

Well-known Store of

GUTTENBERG, ROSENBAUM, & CO.

Established 1855.

Montrose, May 22, 1872.—tf.

IMPROVED CIRCULAR

SAW-MILL!

Something new BASSETTS' PATENT, the latest and best in use.

SMITH'S TURBINE WATER WHEEL,

Portable and Stationary Engines, Manufactured and for Sale, by SAYRE & BROS.
Montrose, Pa., Feb. 7, 1872.—no6—tf.

TO ALL MOVING WEST!

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH AND TICKETS AT LOWEST RATES!

TO ALL POINTS

WEST, NORTH-WEST AND SOUTH-WEST!

FOR SALE at all principle stations on line of Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway.

HO! FOR MISSOURI AND KANSAS!

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS to Families and Colonies moving west can obtain Through Tickets to ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY, LEVENWOTH, ATCHISON, ST. JOSEPH, FT. SCOTT, DENVER, and all points in Missouri and Kansas, at the very lowest rates, and have their household goods and freight shipped at special rates

PASSENGERS

FROM MONTROSE, AND ON LINE OF

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railway,

Will Please take notice that a Direct Connection is made at BINGHAMTON, with all express trains on ERIE RAILWAY. ☞Be sure to ask for Tickets via "ERIE RAILWAY" which can be procured at Office of MONTROSE STAGE LINE, MONTROSE, PA.

L. SEARLE, Jr., Agent.

THE EAGLE

Drug Store!

BURNS & NICHOLS.

PROPRIETORS.

BRICK BLOCK, MONTROSE, PA.,

Sign of the Golden Eagle and Mortar.

WE Desire to inform the public that we have moved our Stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, etc., into the Brick Store, formerly occupied by Guttenberg, Rosenbaum & Co.

We have recently fitted up this store in Modern Style, and shall endeavor to keep well supplied with all articles pertaining to the Drug Business.

We extend to everybody a cordial invitation to call and see us when in want of anything in our line, and when now in want, give us a friendly call. To all our old customers we desire to express our thanks for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to us. We shall endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.

Very Truly Yours,
A. B. BURNS,
AMOS NICHOLS.

Montrose, Dec. 20, 1871.

AT A. N. BULLARD'S

Is the place to buy your

Groceries, Provisions, &c. &c.

Large and Medium Clover and Timothy Seed Cheap. Good Ground Coffee 10 cts per pound. Good Tea at 50 cents per pound. Good Saleratus 3 cents per pound. Choice Corned Beef, minus all the bones, cut fat! A Large stock of Canned and Dried Fruits, and Vegetables and more in a few days.

Pure Ashton salt, in bushel sacks. Codfish, Mackerel, and smoked Halibut, and, in fact nearly or quite everything needed to keep house with and be happy, all extremely low for ☞Cash or ready pay.

Montrose, March, 13, '72.—no11—w3.