

The Montrose Democrat.

E. D. HAWLEY, EDITOR.

MONTROSE, PENNSA.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 19, 1870.

Encouraging Signs.

Although the political sky about the State Capitol has long been overshadowed with the "murky" atmosphere of corruption...

The fact which so inspires us with hope is that Gen. W. W. Irwin the independent candidate for State Treasurer was elected over the Radical Ring candidate, Robert W. Mackey...

We do not rejoice over this as a strict Democratic victory, but we are ready to swell the chorus of joyful acclamation over the breaking up of one of the basest cliques that ever conspired to rob a tax burdened people...

The Democrats have set an example of what a minority can do if they will but set aside all bigotry and superstition and accept the true basis of success...

We believe that a new era in the politics of the State of Pennsylvania was inaugurated on Wednesday last, and we earnestly hope that the stubborn lethargy which has so paralyzed the Democratic party will be shaken off without swerving in the least from the glorious principles which must characterize it...

The Radical Muzzle.

Nothing which the Radical Congress has done more clearly shows the cloven foot of centralization of power than the bill that has been introduced into the Senate to prevent state legislatures from recording acts of ratification of proposed amendments to the Federal Constitution...

Crawford County System.

Although there has been a powerful effort put forth on the part of the "Ring" masters of Susquehanna county to wheedle the unsuspecting portion of the Republican party into a measure apparently feasible, but which from the leading lights who are managing it, savors of the struggling of that old rotten clique whose rascality was so apparent at the Convention last fall...

The fact is plain that you may put a thief in a pulpit, and he will be a thief still, aside from all the influence that the pulpit will have upon him; and you may adopt as many Crawford systems as you please, and let the same Jacobins manage, and you will have the same results.

The Scull Findlay Case.

Our readers are aware that the counties of Somerset, Bedford and Fulton form a Senatorial District. In October last, an election was held for Senators. Senator Scull had been re-nominated by the Radical Senatorial Congress...

When the appointment of Assessor of Internal Revenue for this Congressional District was to be made, there were numerous applicants for the place. The most prominent of these in the class of the Radical leaders of the district who fixed this matter up, but we feel sure that Cessna stated his case in about this way: "When the appointment of Assessor of Internal Revenue for this Congressional District was to be made, there were numerous applicants for the place."

But there was a little informality in the return presented from one of the Democratic election districts. There was no allegation of fraud, or illegal voting. But the return Judge had forgotten to bring with him one of the papers usually presented at the meeting of the return judges. This paper was supplied, and afterwards, at a meeting of the return judges for the several counties, they all signed a certificate declaring Mr. Findlay elected by a majority of one vote.

When the Legislature convened, both Scull and Findlay asked for admission to the Senate. Senator Wallace presented Findlay's certificate and asked that he be sworn in on the strength of it. Scull's certificate, signed by one man, was also presented, contrary to all precedents and the plainest principles of justice, not to speak of the common sense view of the matter, the case was referred to a committee of three appointed by the Speaker, to determine which of the two had the prima facie right to the seat.

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The Governor and the State Treasury.

His late comment upon Governor Geary's message; but it is never too late to do good.

Referring to the alleged abuses in the State Treasurer's office, the Governor appealed to the Legislature, "in the name of the good people of Pennsylvania," to correct these abuses, and to provide means for preventing their continuance.

In view of existing laws on this particular subject, and of the fact that the Governor's latest Attorney General was anxious to prosecute the alleged offenders, and thus obtain "indemnity for the past, and security for the future" management of the Treasurer's office, the Governor's appeal to the Legislature assumes the appearance of benevolence, if it may not be labeled as such.

His Excellency had referred to a copy of "Pardon's Digest" a work which seems to be popular in the Legislature, and of which the Governor doubtsless has, at least, one copy—he might have found, in the ninth edition, on page 228, the following:

SECTION 70. If any officer of this Commonwealth, or of any city, borough, county or township thereof, shall loan out, with or without interest or return, for any money or valuable security received by him, or which may be in his possession or under his control by virtue of his office, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and undergo an imprisonment, by separate or solitary confinement at labor, not exceeding five years; and if still in office, be adjudged thereafter incapable of holding his office, and the said office shall forthwith be vacant by the Court passing the sentence.

For further information, if required, the Governor might have referred to the fourth section of the act of 18th of April, 1840, P. L. 44; the section of the act of 27th of May, 1841, P. L. 402; the seventeenth section of the act of 16th of April, 1845, P. L. 536; and the first and second sections of the act of 26th of April, 1855, P. L. 328. The sixty fourth section is part of the fifth article of the tenth section of the act of 18th of April, 1850, P. L. 482. (Report on the Post Office, 21.)

So much for the remedy furnished by the criminal law. There is, also, a civil remedy by bill in equity, by which any State Treasurer, or ex State Treasurer, may be compelled to give an account of all his operations, and of all earnings acquired by him through any misuse of the public funds. The laws already on the statute books furnish all the means necessary to purify any impure State office—to punish any malfeasance in the office to vindicate, and thus to prevent a recurrence of abuses.

Had the Governor referred to these laws and means, and various amendments thereto, and resolutions to present each member with a library were voted down.

12th—Hiram Findlay was sworn in to office and took his seat in the Senate. The laws already on the statute books furnish all the means necessary to purify any impure State office—to punish any malfeasance in the office to vindicate, and thus to prevent a recurrence of abuses.

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Newspapers.

The report made by Capt. Raymond, of the engineer corps, describes Yukon river in Alaska, as the third largest river to the world.

A subscription list has been opened throughout Germany to raise \$9,000 to complete a colossal statue of Arminius, commenced in 1816.

A splendid marble colossal statue of Zesopolis was found by a countryman in a field at Pozzoli. It belongs to the best school of Roman art.

Three thousand letters from fools to New York swindling firms have already accumulated at the head-office, under the recent order of Mr. Creswell.

The Postmasters General reports to the Senate that the Postal Convention with France failed because of the Director of Posts claiming an unequal share of the postage.

Heavy gales have prevailed throughout Ireland since last Friday, damaging the shipping. Many lives were lost and much property destroyed. They have now subsided.

Henry Ward Beecher's salary has been increased from \$12,500 to \$17,500.

A Mobile negro demonstrated his civil equality by biting off a white man's tongue the other day.

Greely's first essay on Agriculture will be upon the best method of planting Cardif grass.—Boston Post.

An old Arizona trapper, who has just scalped his fifteenth Indian, says: "It's good slaying out here this season."

The ex-King of Naples is in great financial embarrassment, his revenue being reduced to 10,000 francs per month.

Six men had a fight in a justice of the peace's office in Butler county, Missouri, last week. When time was called two were dead.

A clergyman said, in a recent sermon, that his path to rectitude had been traveled so little of late years that it was completely run to grass.

Hubert Quigley, formerly of Baltimore, was crushed to death in St. Louis between two ponderous castings, at the foundry of G. B. Allen.

The London Times has won a suit against the Clerkenwell News, which paper printed its own name in very small type at the head of its sheet, with "London Times" in large bold letters beneath.

There is a rumor that sufficient evidence has been procured to convince the people that Geary was not legally elected and that the documents will be given to the people. More business for Covado.

A man was run over by an ox-cart in Wilmington, Del., and for this brought the driver of the team before a justice. The justice dismissed the case, it being common law that any man slow enough to be run over by an ox-team is too slow to sue.

At Cheyenne, lately, a missionary preached on a dry goods box, his choir sitting in a buggy. The horse got frightened and ran away with the choir, provoking the inquiry from the Protestant churchman: "Could not that horse be brought East? He would command a large price."

The last injured husband lives in Clinton, Iowa. He is a negro, and he pounded a septuagenarian grocer to death with a shovel for yielding to the fascination of his sable spouse.

Andrew Hynes Ewing, son of Andrew Ewing, of Nashville, Tennessee, was shot and instantly killed near Guthrie, Kentucky, by a man named William Yancy. The difficulty arose from a law suit.

Gustave Fischer, the High Sheriff of Cook Co., Mo., left for an unknown on the 15th of December. He took with him a favorite son, about four years of age, and between \$15,000 and \$20,000, borrowed a few days before. He also drew about \$8,000 in fees due to his office, and neglected to pay over the share due to his deputies. Nothing has been seen of him since he left.

Think of this! If you are under thirty years of age and the habit of smoking, by economizing to the amount of only one cigar a day, you can pay the premium on a policy of two thousand dollars in the American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia. The American Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia is a company reliable and well managed. Messrs. Stroud & Brown, is the Agent.

Eclipses.

The six eclipses of the year will occur as follows: The total eclipse of the moon on the morning of Jan. 17, visible in Asia, Europe and the western part of North America.

A partial eclipse of the sun takes place on the 31st of January, but is visible only in the Antarctic regions.

Another of the sun takes place June 28, but is not visible in America. It can be seen only in the Southern Pacific ocean east of Australia.

A total eclipse of the moon will occur July 12, also invisible in the U. States. Along the eastern extremity of S. America and of North America, at Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Newfoundland, on the Atlantic Ocean, in Europe and Asia the eclipse will be visible.

A slight partial eclipse of the sun, visible only in the Arctic regions, takes place July 28.

There will be a total eclipse of the sun on December 28. The line of total obscuration runs through Southern Spain, Algeria, Sicily, Greece, Turkey and into Russia. It is visible as a partial eclipse at Greenwich, Liverpool, Edinburgh Dublin and other important places in Europe.

Don't fail to read the following Complimentary Notice AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL. Specimen copies of this JOURNAL will be sent free, by enclosing stamp (for postage) to the Publishers, N. P. BOYER & Co., Parkersburg, Pa.

THE AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL is a monthly of thirty-two large double column pages of original matter designed for Farmers and Stock Breeders. Republishers, Harre De Grace, Md.

Would not be deprived of it for four times its cost.—Montrose Journal, Montrose, Pa.

A very interesting magazine devoted to Agriculture and stock raising—Mechanic & Inventor, Detroit, Mich. Handsomely bound, and about the size of the Atlantic Monthly.—Christian Freeman, Chicago.

A friend of ours got a receipt from AMERICAN STOCK JOURNAL that cured a horse (worth \$500) that was given up to die by a veterinary surgeon.—Northampton (England) Press.

A splendid Agricultural paper—Sullivan Co. (Ind) Year. Worth ten dollars a year to any stock raiser.—American Rescue, Shelbyville, Tenn.

Every Farmer should have it.—Herald, Traverse City, Mich. Valuable to the Farmer, Planter and Stock-Breeder.—Zanesville (O.) Daily Signal.

Those that see a copy come down with the stamps at once, only \$1.00 a year.—Prairie Chief, Toulon, Ill.

For the amount of reading matter the JOURNAL contains, we consider it the New Arbor, Mich.

CANNOT BE OBLITERATED.—The Republican journals everywhere, says the N. Y. Express, are indulging in exaggerations of Mr. Stanton's importance as a public man, and in lamentations over his demise. What, however, they cannot obliterate from the past, soon to become history, is the fact, that he was a tyrant living, and heartless in his tyranny. He filled the public prisons, shut up public presses, and did everything a tyrant could do, with boundless power in his hands, save taking away life—of which however, he was guilty in the case of Mrs. Serratt.

A TWO-LEGGED COLT.—The Rochester Union says: "One of the greatest freaks of nature ever exhibited is now in Aiken's Museum at Chicago. It is a two-legged colt which was foaled in Medina county, Ohio, and is now seven months old. It is of black-hawk and Arabian stock—black in color and remarkably intelligent in action. It has no fore legs and stands erect, eight feet north upon the hinder ones.—Messrs. Northrop and Dean of Cleveland, who have purchased it for \$7,000, will bring it east in a short time."

BUGS AND COCKROACHES.—The Journal of Chemistry publishes this remedy for water bugs and cockroaches: "Boil one ounce of poke-root in one pint of water until the strength is extracted; mix the decoction with molasses and spread it on plates in the kitchen or other apartments which are infested by these insects. All that have partaken of this injury during the night will be found 'organic remains' the next morning."

TO PRESERVE meat, cut it in from two to four pound pieces; place the pieces in an earthen or wooden vessel; sprinkle with salt and cover with powdered charcoal. In this manner meat may be kept fresh more than fifteen days, no matter how warm the weather may be. The covering of charcoal should be from an inch to an inch and a half in thickness, the thicker the better.—Exchange.

Another careless sale of poison for physic, resulting in the death of a child, took place in Pittsburgh last Friday. These fatal mistakes are becoming frequent of late. They arise from a reckless disregard of the commonest precaution against accidents. Until the test of fitness shall be applied to candidates for the responsible position of druggists' clerks, these tragedies will frequently shock communities. In the case before us the clerk testified that the opium jar and the rhubarb jar stood one above the other, and were labeled alike. The outlandish Latin abbreviations which obscure the Rhubarb in all drug stores are but enough to blind when opium is kept in a jar labeled "Rhubarb" how far are we from tolerating systematic poisoning?

The poor man's purse may be empty, but he has as much gold in the Sunsets, and as much silver in the moon as any body.

VICE stings us, even in our pleasures; but virtue consoles us, even in our pains.

DEBBLE SPECTACLES—also called "Montrose Spectacles" supplied by A. H. TUCKER, Montrose, Pa.

Pittsburgh Correspondence.

The cold snap rages to Spring-like weather.—The Pittsburg Business—a visit to Alliance, Ohio.—Mt. Union College—the education of the sexes throughly and practically tested—A Model Institution—Business Matters.

The severe cold snap of Sunday last has been followed by a mild season, and while your correspondents are now writing the rain is pouring against the window panes, suggestive of another season of high water in the Allegheny, as we have heavy snow above us, and the telegraphic reports to-day note rain in almost every direction.

Our coal men are in a state of exultation, as ever since the latter part of November we have had an elegant boating season in both rivers, the consequence of which has been a series of shipments of lower river ports of over 180,000 tons of bushels, giving employment to hundreds of steamers and barges, and nearly two thousand men. No wonder the rains and snows of this winter have proved a blessing!

In my last communication to the Democrat I touched principally upon educational matters, which is a theme as interesting to me as it is to many of your intelligent readers, for I believe the people of Susquehanna county are much interested in school matters, and if you and your readers will pardon me, I will give you a brief account of a celebrated College, for the co-education of the sexes, which I recently visited in Ohio.

This subject of co-education has been attracting the attention of intelligent minds, both male and female, during the past year, a majority of whom have given the system the cold shoulder, and no wonder, because of the fact they had seen a practical test. This year correspondents have had the pleasure to investigate.

At Alliance, Ohio, or rather just on the edge of the young and beautiful city, is Mount Union. Here twenty-three years ago a small school of six scholars was inaugurated in the loft of an old wooden factory, which has grown into a famous literary institution for the joint education of males and females, now known as Mount Union College. It is presided over by the Rev. J. M. Hartshorn, D. D., a noted educationist, a gentleman of fine culture and extensive travel.

From the small school of only six pupils, a splendid College has arisen, which numbers among its members representatives from nearly every State in the Union, and which has an annual attendance of over 500 males and females. A corps of fourteen instructors, highly appreciated as educators, preside in the government of the College. The department of studies are six in number, as follows:—Classical, Scientific, Normal, Commercial, Mechanical and the Fine Arts, each course of which is very thorough. The scientific department contains some valuable instruments and adjuncts, the Chemical Department an extensive Laboratory, and the Museum and Fine Art gallery contains some of the most perfect and beautiful specimens to be found in any institution of the kind in the United States.

The College is beautifully situated on spacious grounds, on which are erected several large and elegant buildings at a cost of nearly a quarter of a million of dollars. The scenery adjacent is beautiful and the location healthy, beside the society in the neighborhood is very intelligent and refined.

For twenty years or more at Mount Union College this co-education system has been tested, without any evil results. The co-educational and thorough education of both sexes is not only right, but it is to themselves and to society an absolute necessity. It is not only promotive of more thorough scholarship; but also, as in a family, of the better manners of both sexes. It is a grand and noble experiment, and a grander one than any other self-government to sustain a good character, which alone will go further even than parental vigilance in conserving their social respectability and safety.

There is a peculiarity in the government and discipline of this College. The government is parental, but firm, self-reliance, perfect conduct, pure morals, and true religion, are the sequences. No peculiarity of any sect is taught. Though the College is largely Methodist, sectarianism is not its feature. No religious controversy or political discussion is allowed to interfere with the opinions of the students, and in this respect, if not in any other, Mount Union is a model college.

The Normal and Commercial departments of Mount Union College are very thorough and comprehensive. Since the organization as a College over 5,000 teachers, male and female, have gone from its portals, highly recommended as educators, and have made their mark in the education of youth.

In the Commercial department, some of the best business men in the West have graduated, and stand high in business circles. Such is but a few brief facts concerning Mount Union College, at Alliance, Ohio. Its rates of tuition are remarkably low, for the benefit given to students, and it has features which is perhaps different from many other institutions. Students can enter at any time during the scholastic year, and receive a thorough education.

Business is slowly reviving, and we are looking for a good spring trade. Our iron and glass trade is looking up, as people generally are feeling more confidence as their affairs become being settled. We hope for a better state of affairs.

W. B. R.

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