A. J. GERRITSON, Editor.

TUESDAY, JUNE 9, 1868.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL, HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE, OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL, GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT, OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Election, Tuesday October 13, 1868.

#### Judge Packer.

The Age, and other journals, present the name of Hon. Asa Packer for President. We have had Judge Packer in view as our choice for next Governor of Pennsylvania; but if placed on the national ticket, there is no man whose election we would labor for with more zeal and pleasure. He is one of those sterling men whom riches, honor, and place cannot

### Oregon Ratifies Grant's Nomination.

The radicals had despatches that the nomination of Grant had roused great enthusiasm in the (Republican) State of Oregon, and that immense meetings were being held to ratify it, &c.

Later advices inform us that all the people met at the polls and "ratified" Grant's nomination by cleaning out the radical majorities and carrying the whole State for the Democracy for the first time. We like that style of ratification!

## Secretary of War.

We accidentally omitted, in our last, a report of the fact that, after the final death of impeachment Stanton "retired from office;" and that Gen. Schofield, who had been nominated by the President, was confirmed by the Senate, as Secretary of force negro suffrage. It says: War.

Washington Election. Last week the City election came off in Washington, D. C. On the night before, crowds of negroes assembled at some of the voting places and remained all night, to be in possession of the polls. A few when they were attacked by the mob, and, as the Radical papers say, would have been killed had they not escaped.

The result, as announced in the evemayor and majority of councils; but the ballot-boxes were kept, unsealed, in Radical bands over night, and next day they made a recount, which, it is claimed, shows a Radical majority of about 70, induring the night. The new count does that they will throw out all their votes and declare the black councilmen elected.

they assembled in crowds, and after listening to incendiary speeches from Forney and others, went about the city in a riotous manner, attacking persons and places of business. One man was murdered, several seriously injured, and several stores broken open. Such are the results get their votes have partly concealed their contract, however, their facile abandonof a system of forced negro suffrage; the intentions by dubious words; but to vote ment may be construed in governing our like of which will prevail wherever that for Grant & Co. is to vote for forced ne- estimate of the moral force of him who experiment is tried.

# Radical Economy.

The Radical party has proved to be one of gross extravagance in their control of the government; and their Chicago reso- sublimity of impudence. The President lution in reference to economy is a piece of absolutely false pretense. On this point the New York Times, (Republican,) expresses our views so fully in reference to The Death of Ex-President Buchanan. the platform, that we here insert the arti-

"In certain other respects the platform hands for them. But a Republican Convention in 1868 ought to have been able to present something more effective than promises. The party has been in power long enough to have gathered a rich store to go before the country with a record of hands. It has had exclusive management over the forms and amount of taxation.— ries. His death was calm and tranquil, "Ma, you told me to say nothing about the staples of life, and no family would dere to be How happens it then that in a platform and his last words were—"God bless my Mr. Smith's nose. Wby, he hasn't got ued confidence it has nothing better to offer than resolves in favor of reforms which closed on the day of the funeral, which it has obstinately and culpably neglected? was attended at Lancaster by all the lothe New York Citizen as a Democratic

imposition, or by a large addition to the debt? These are weak spots in the party's record. They are a condemnation of of its recent Congressional career, and a sorry exemplification of its fidelity and capacity in fiscal and financial affairs."

#### Impeachment Investigation.

Butler keeps up his investigation is reference to alleged corruption of Senators; and his beastly style is of course the ruling feature. The only evidence of proposed corruption which has been discovered is the offer of five radical votes which was rejected; those for whom it mous. was made voted for conviction. That Butler's scheme of so-called investigation is intended as a partisan affair is shown by the refusal to allow any one opposed date for Congress was elected by 1,000 to impeachment to be on the committee. The whole thing is a secret, one-sided party trick, designed to conceal radical corruption, and throw suspicion upon all who voted for acquittal. Col. Woolley, publican. who testifies that he used no influences in reference to impeachment has been held in custody for refusing to reveal his private business to Butler & Co.

In the Senate, on motion of Mr. Ross, the presiding officer has appointed Messrs. Buckalew, Chandler, Stewart, Morrill of Maine, and Thaver, a committee to incertain Senators who voted for the ac- turn tanner, and a hard drinker. His litquittal of the President.

#### The Two-Faced Platform.

As stated in our last issue, we hold the radical platform to be a piece of knavery, by which, under cover of a present pre- During and after the Mexican war Genertense of leaving the suffrage question to al Harney took pity on Lieutenant Grant, the Northern States, the radicals are then the butt of every one's joke, and shaping their course with a view to forc. used to remonstrate with him on his wild ing negro suffrage upon the North if intrusted with future control of the Government. A radical organ, the Philadel- mould the opinions, but could not restrain adelphia Post, argues that our view is the appetite of the ductile young man. correct, and that its party'is bound to en-

"There is nothing in the Republican platform, adopted at Chicago, which we cannot beartily approve, for even the second article, which is the only one open to objection, pledges the party to maintain Impartial Suffrage in the South. That maintained, it is inevitable that Impartial Suffrage will be established in the North, for it is impossible that the Republican negroes voted the Democratic ticket, party can divide its principles and hold to a two-faced policy. It is certain to lose the colored vote in the South, unless it gives the ballot to the colored citizens interim Republicanism, the last of which in the North. And if it refuses to become the champion of freedom everywhere, it ning, was the election of a Democratic will deserve to be disgraced and defeated. The right of the loyal States to decide for themselves the suffrage question does not, in our opinion, give them power to the denunciation he got for it from Sumprevent citizens of the United States ner, Kelly, and others, are matters of refrom voting for officers of the United cord. His recent change into a full-blown States, and here it is that Congress should negro-suffrage Radical left no more points stead of the 130 Democratic majority. It interfere. We trust Mr. Stevens will not in the political compass to be boxed by is believed that the boxes were stuffed forget his bill prohibiting States from dishim, and is due to the influence exerted franchising citizens of the whole country. on him by stronger minded associates.— And it is to be regretted that the Con- Thus it has always been that any man not affect the councils; but as 279 sol- vention did not more explicitly declare willing to assume the guardianship of diers voted, the Radicals declare that that the people of the loyal States ought Grant has easily secured his unreasoning they all voted the Democratic ticket, and to grant the ballot to their fellow citizens, acquiescence in all political questions. without respect to color. But we repeat He has been a mental copyist ever since that it is impossible to confer full citizen- he was rejected "for want of capacity" ship on the millions of colored people in as a literal copyist fourteen years ago. On the night after the negroes were the Southern States, and to continue to told that their mayor was "counted in," withhold it from the thousands in the

Here we have the future issue clearly avowed; that if the people elect another radical Congress and President, negro suffrage will be forced upon every State. The Grant men, to cheat the people, and ly be said to involve the obligations of a gro equality in every State. Let the honest masses not lose sight of this fact.

-The Chicago resolution charging the profligacy and extravagence of Congress on the President, may be set down as the can't even draw his salary from the Treas-

The feeble health of the venerable Ex-President, which has been reported by telegraph during several weeks past, tosounds ironically. Declarations in favor gether with his advanced age, have pre-of a rapid reduction of taxation and the pared the public mind for the news of his These few things which Grant is strictest economy in the administration of death, which took place at his residence, are too obvious to be refuted and almost the government are unassailable as ab. Wheatland, near Lancaster, June 1st .stract propositions. Every man not fed He was born in Franklin county, April mitted by friends and will be hardly at the public expense will hold up both 22d, 1791, and was therefore 77 years of pressed by opponents, it is well to bear age at the time of his death. Nearly ev. them in mind at the beginning of the er since the age of twenty-three, when he campaign of criticism on which the counbecame a member of the Pennsylvania try is entering. Legislature, he has been in the public service, passing through numerous gradaof performances. It should have been able tions up to the highest office in the Government. The recapitulation of the events services rendered in regard both to re- of his checkered life is unnecessary at this trenchment and taxation. The public time. His history is so conspicuous, and purse has been for years altogether in its is so interwoven with public affairs that there are few indeed of our citizens but of the appropriations and exclusive power | who have it impressed upon their memo-

The Departments at Washington were

## OREGON.

# THE FIRST GUN OF THE CAMPAIGN. **GLORIOUS DEMOCRATIC VICTORY**

How Grant's Nomination is Ratified on the Pacific Coast.

#### A DEMOCRATIO GAIN OF 2,500!

"SALEM, Oregon, June 1 .- Oregon gone largely Democratic. Member of Congress for acquittal upon payment of \$40,000, elected, and Legislature nearly unani-J. W. NESMITH."

> SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.—The election in Oregon, June 1, resulted in a Democratic triumph. The Democratic candimajority. Portland county gives a Democratic majority. The Legislature and

county officers are nearly all Democrats. The Radical majority in 1864 was about 1,500, and the State has always gone Re-

#### What Grant is Not.

There are many things to be learned that the Radical papers do not say in favor of their candidate. Everything truth will permit and absurdity not stamp will certainly appear. But what is omitted is more significant than what is uttered.

Nobody is hardy enough to claim civil capacity for Grant. Out of the army he vestigate the charges of corruption against | has only been a bankrupt farmer, a tacierary abilities were insufficient to secure him a copyist's stool in the office of the Prothonotary of St. Louis in 1854.

His most exaggerating praises dare not aver his instability to be less than his obtuseness. In politics he has always taken up with the minds that mastered him.courses. At that time Grant was a States-right Democrat because Harney was, whose influence was sufficient to When General Harney was finally forced to shake him off whom he could not reform, General Dent, into whose family Grant married, persuaded him easily into Douglas Democracy, and actually succeeded in getting him into a fit condition to vote for the Little Giant in 1860, at Galena. During the winter of 1862-63, when Congressmen Washburne, of Illinois, and Rice, of Massachusetts, visited Grant after the defeat at Shiloh, and told him "if he did not then and there sign the pledge, they would drop him like a hot potatoe," the affrighted man was coerced into a temporary temperance and an ad continued until the close of the war.-Then, what with the influence of President Johnson and Mr. Seward, Grant lapsed into Conservatism and went his "level best" for "my policy." This and

Again; it has never been insisted upon, we believe, that General Grant is exactly "the slave of his word." We lay little stress, to be sure, upon the repeated assertion of Radical leaders that he broke his total abstinence pledges made to Congressman Rice. Pledges of that sort are apt to be lightly made, and they can hard-

makes and breaks them. But there is one point on which both Radicals and Conservatives agree in finding Grant guilty of a more serious infidelity to his word. That point is his willful deception of the President and the country in the matter of the War Department. On Saturday he distinctly promised that ory without Congress authorizing him to the President, and that on Monday he would call on the President to confer. he would not give up without notice to On Monday he did not call on the President to confer, and he did give up the War Department without notice. No one denies this, just because nobody can deny it, nor can the falsehood be smoth-

These few things which Grant is not, for statement. Though they must be ad-

A very talkative little girl used of ten to annoy her mother by making remarks about visitors who came to the was expected whose nose had been accidently flattened to his face. The mother cautioned the child to say nothing about this feature. Imagine her consternation when the little one suddenly exclaimed:

aby." ETThe Montrose Republican quotes

### Radical Extravagance.

Before adopting a platform promising economy in the administration of the Government, the Radical leaders should have shown a little practical manifestation of it in matters within their control. During the past year they have spent one hundred and fifty million dollars of the public money in keeping up a useless standing army in the South; squandered away twelve million in keeping up the Freedmen's Bureau; used from two to three million out of the contingent funds of the Rump to carry the Southern "elections;" threw away more than half a million on a partisan impeachment, and hundreds of thousands of dollars in maintaining useless investigating committees; robbed the Government of many million dollars worth of lands in spusidies to railroads in which they or their friends are stockholders; added millions of dollars to their own income, and, in many other ways, depleted the Federal Treasury of hundreds of millions of dollars in the most extravagant, reckless, and reprehensible manner; Such men economize? They don't know the meaning of the

A short time ago a self-styled vigilance committee, between Waverly and Janesville, Iowa, arrested a young man named M'Roberts, in the latter town, and hung him upon suspicion of having stolen two horses from a farmer. It was discovered, subsequently, that two intoxicated young fellows had taken the horses, riding them to Cedar Falls, and then turned them loose. Upon returning home the farmer discovered his horses there in advance of him. Warrants have been issued for the ringlesders of the murderous crew, of whom one is the deputy sheriff of the county. This is a speciman of the many flagrant outrages upon law and justice in Iowa-that State which boasts of its Radicalism and "grand moral ideas," and in which Democrate are scarcely allowed to speak above a whisper in political matters.

Its good effects are permanent .-In this it differs from all hair dyes. By its use luxurient growth is guaranteed, natural color and gloss are restored. One trial will cause you to say this of Mrs. S. A. Allen's Improved (new style) Hair RESTORER OF DRESSING, (in one bottle.) Every Druggist sel s it. Price One Dol-9je4w

#### SPECIAL NOTICES.

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Scap. A su perior Tollet Soap, prepared from refined Vegetable Oils in combination with Glycerine, and especially designed for the use of Ladies, and for the Nursery. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists. May, 28 1867.—1ysmp12

Syrap, for the cure of Incipient consamption, coughs, eoids, eroup. Asthma, liver complaints, llyspepsih, and general debility. For several y ars i have been urged by kind friends, who have used, and been benefitted by, my Life Syrap, to put it up for general sate; but few know the large expense, now that the country is flooded with Patent Medicines, which attend the same. For years past I was rejuctant to do so, as the capital required would be large; and I did not wish to outtait the operations of my Venetian Liniment business. But, thanks to the generous public, who have sppreciated my Venetian Liniment, I am now able to do so, without any dritiment to my large business in that medicine. The loundation of my success I attribute to attending to the manufacture of every drop myself, and shall de the same in regard to my Pulmonic Life Syrup. The largedients are perfectly hermless, b t and act on the Lungs and Liver with astonishing effect. I rice 75 cts. Depot. No 59 Coriland; street New York, near Jersey city Ferry. Sold by the Druggists and Storekeepers.— DR. S. I. TOBIAS' PULMONIC LIFE

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHER-This great round, so will care the superior of the cure of coughs, colds, hoarseness, Asthma, Influenza, croun, whooping cough, Bronchitis Predisposition to consumption, &c. &c.

This great remed) is too well known and is performing too much good to make it necessary to go into an elaborate discussion of its merits. Suffice it to say that it still maintains its supremacy in curing diseases of the most obstinate character, and that all who suffer from the above complaints, after having tested this remedy, seldom have occasion to resort to other appliances to lineure a perfect restoration to health.

Tastimony of Mr. PETER SHAW.

Testimony of Mr. PETER SHAW. WEST WINFIELD, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1860.

Mesars. S. W. Fowle & Son, Boston.

Gentlemen—During the winter of 1868 I was very much out of health, afflicted with a severe Cough pain in the side and Lungs and and a general depression of health to such an ex ent as greatly to alarm myself and friends as to the result. During this time I tried several highly recommendep remedies, with little or no good r suit, and had concluded to try the effect of a Southern climate upon my health; but, before carrying this resolution into effect, I was induced by the unrent solicitation of your agent. Mr. Huntley, to give Dr. Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry a trial. I did so, and to my ereat juy found immediate and permanet relief by the use of only one bottle, and I am now in as good health as ever. I believe your Balsam one of the best remedies, for coughs, colds and all lung diseases, now in use, and conscientiously recommend it as such.

Yours truly,

Peters SHAW.

Prepared by Sch W. Fowle & Son, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally. Mesars. S. W. Fowle & Son, Boston.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE-WE GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE—WE are constantly hearing favorable reports from those whe have tried this remedy. Amy Anthony, wife of Mark Anthony, of this city, and living at No. 6 Locast street, afflicted with a felon on the finger, was recently induced to make a trial of the Salve. Almost instantly she experienced relief from the pain, which had been almost unendurable. Every other remedy but this proved unavailing. Those who have tried it once are satisfied of its merits, and nothing will induce them to be without a supply.—Fall River News.—may12ml.

FRIGHTFUL PROPHECIES CONCERNing the end of all things are made by religious enthusiasts; and on the other hand, philosophers insist that the centre of the earth is a mass of fire—that the poles of the earth will one day be at the equator, and that the Sun is gradually fading! Talk like this is very terrible; but, pending such wholesale calamities, it will be as well for each member of socity to take care of his or her health, and leave the rest to Providence. The end comes prematurely to all who neglect the

reservation of that inestimable blessing. Suffer liver disease, dyspepsia, chronic constipation or any other sigment to take its course unchecked, and it will assuredly shorten life. It cannot be said that the means of protecting the system against the predisposing causes of disease are withheld. The constitutions and physique of the least robust may be so strengthened and fortified by a course of Hostetter's stomach bitters as house. On one occasion a gentleman to render them all but invulnerable, not only to the attacks of epidemic disorders, but also to the ordinary complaints which prevail in all countries and at all seasons. If the immense importance of protective medication were universally understood, this incomparable vegetable antidote, which is already the most popular without it. The time may arrive when this will be the case, for every year adds hundreds of thousands to the list of those who use it.—may12m1.

it has obstinately and culpably neglected?
Why is it that no serious attempt has been made to enforce even moderate economy, and that, in consequence, the abolition of taxes must be followed by their respects to the serious of taxes must be followed by their respects to the serious attempt has the nonored dead.

C. M. Simmons a bankrupt.

The Montrose Republican quotes the New York Citizen as a Democratic plant the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Arch Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most in the City and Country of Sugardehana and State of Carrent treating and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonial from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonial from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, culist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No, 815 mmons, of Great Philadelphia. Testimonial from the most success, by Dr. J. ISAACS,

# New Advertisements.

### NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that on the 29th day of May, A. D., 1883, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Edward Carliale, of Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pcunsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own netition; that the payment of any debt and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are iorbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assign es of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at 203 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pennsylvania, before Edward N. Willard, Register, on the 2d day of July, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, June 9—4

ISCHARGE of a BANKRUPT. In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania.—In Bankinpicy.

In the matter of J. W. Brackney, a bankinpicy-said J. W. Brackney having applied to the Court for a discharge from his doths. By order of the Court notice is given to all creditors who have proved their dobts and other persons in interest to appear on the 23d day of Jane. 1888, at 9 o'clock, a. m.. at Ghambers of the said District Gourt, before E. N. WILLARD, one of the Registers of said Gonrt, in the city of Scrauton, at No. 333 Lackneanna Avenne, to show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankingt.

And further notice is hereby given that the second and third meeting of creditors of the rold Bankingt. required by the 27th and 28th sections of the act of Gongress of March 2, 1917, will be had before the said Register, upon the same day, that cause may be shown against the discharge, at the same hour as d place.

June 9-2w S. C. M'CANDLESS, Clerk.

# I SCHARGE OF A BANKRUPT.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania.—In Bankruptev. In the matter of J. W. Larrier, a bankrupt, said J. W. Carrier having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts. By order of the Court, notice is hereby, given to all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest to appear on the 22d days of three en to all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest to appear on the 23d day of June 1833, at 10 o'clock, a m.a.t Chambers of the said District Court, before E. N. Will. ARD, one of the Registers of said Court, in the City of Scranton, at No. 303 Lackawanna Avenue, to show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrapt. A d further notice is herebygiven that the secon "and third meeting of creditors of the said tankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of the act of Congress of March 2. 1867, will be had before the said Register upon the same day, that cause may be shown against the discharge at the same hour and place.

June 9—2w

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

# DISCHARGE of a BANKRUPT.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In Bankruptey In the matter of C. M. Simmons, a Bankrupt, said C. M. Simmons having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts. By order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest to appear on the 23d day of June, 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m. at Chambers of the said District Court, before E. N. Willard, one of the Registers of said Court in the City of Scranton, at 303 Lackawanna Avenne, to show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt, And further notice is hereby given that a second and third meeting of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, will be had before the said Register on the same day, tilat c. use may be shown against the discharge, at the same hour and place.

June 9, 1868.—w2 S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

## NOTICE IN BANKRUPTUY.

This is to give notice, that on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1848, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Norman P. Loomis, of Springville. Susquenanua county, Penmylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debt and delivery of any property belonging to such lankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be hild at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 303 Lackawanna venue, Scranton, Pa., before Edward N Willard, Register, on the 8th day of July, 1888, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marsh d. as Messenger, Western District of Penna.

# NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE.

That on the 1st day of June, 1889, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Jerome 8. Townsend of Brooklyn, Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania, who has been adjudered a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debits and delivery of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to love their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be beld at Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 303 Luckawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pa., before Edward N. Willard, Register, on the 6th day of July, 1888, at ten o clock, A. M.

\*\*MOTICE:\*\*

Head, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the cut to the checks, and the weak and nervous luvalid becomes astrong and healthy being.

\*\*PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE, and feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this interest, or their veine, revetore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, an give health and happiness, to their remailing years.

\*\*\*MOTICE:\*\*

THOMAS A ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshai, as messenger, Western District of
Pennsylvania. June 9-4w

# NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice, that on the 5th day of June, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruntch was issend against the estate of J. J. Hallstead, of Nicholson, Wyoming co. Penn'a, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debt and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any proper ty by him are forbidden by law. That a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 303 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton. Pennsylvania, before Rdwar, N. Willard, Register, on the 8th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, as Messengur, Western Dist. Pa. June 9, 1868.-4

# OTICE IN BANKRUPICY.

This is to give notice that on the 5th day of June, A This is to give notice that on the 5th day of June. A. D 1883, a warrant in bankruptey was issued against the estate of Jacob A. Thomas, of Nicholson, Woming county, Penn-yivania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition; that the payment of any debt and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a Court of Bankrupter, to be held at 83 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pennsylvania, before EDWARD N. WILLARD, Register, on the 9th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m. 868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

U. S. Marshal, as Messenger, Western District of Fenn's.

# ISCHARGE OF A BANKRUPT.

In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania In Bankraptcy.

In the matter of Michael Doyle, a bankrapt, said Michael Doyle having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts. By or er of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest to appear on the 17th day of June 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., at Chambers of the said District Court, before E. N. WILLARD, one of the Registers of said Court, in the city of Scranton, at No. 303 Lackawanna avenue, to show cause why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrapt.

And further notice is hereby given that the second and third meeting of creditors of said bankrapt, required by the 27th an 28th sections of the act of Contracts of March 2, 1876, will be had before the said Register upon the same day, that cause may be shown against the discharge, at the same hour and place.

June 2—2w S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that on the 21st day of May, A D. 1868, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued sgainst the estate of Terry A. Thomas, of Nicholson, Wyoming County. Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debt and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. That a meetang of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at No. 203 Lackawanna Avenue, Scranton, Pennsylvania, before EDWAHD N. WILLARD, Register, on the 19th day of June, 1868, at ten o'clock A. M.

U. S. Marshal, as Messenger,
Western District of Penna.,

BANKRUPT'S ASSIGNEE.
In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. C. M. Simmons a bankrupt, In Bankruptcy.

# HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Hoofland's German Tonic.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

## HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Is composed of the purejuices (or. as 'they are medi-cinally termed extracts) of Roots. Herbs and Barks, making a preparation high y concentrated, and entirely free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.

# HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum. Grange &c.
making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.
Those preferring a medicine free from alcoholic admixture, will use

## Hoofland's German Bitters.

Those who have no objections to the combination as stated, will use

#### Hoofland's German Tonic.

They are both equally good, and contain the same me dicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Toule being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The i iver, sympathizing as it closely does with the Stomach, then becomes af-fected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, flatulence, inward piles, fullness of blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nanea, heart-burn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, burried or difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or sufficenting sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, dull pain in the head, deficiency of pertpiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, cheet, limbs etc., adden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries posses true merit, is skillfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the care of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well known iemedies:

#### HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. JACKSON, A Philadelphia, Pa.

Twenty-five years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefit ted suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Janudice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, chronic Darrhova, disease of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

### Debility,

Resulting from any cause whatever: Prostration of the System, induced by severe labor, hardships, exposure, fevers, &c.

exposure, fevers, &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is impatted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is capityed, the stomach digests prompily, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

# NOTICE:

It is a well established fact that fully one half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good heal h, or, to use their own expression feel well. They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite. To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will care every case of MARASMUS, without fail. Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

#### TESTIMONIALS: Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa. writes:

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867: "I find 'Hooflands' German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in disease of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly, GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylva-

nia, PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866. "I consider 'Hoodand's German Bitters' a valuable medicine in case of attacks of indigestion for Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my cuperience of it.

Yours, with respect.

JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.

Pastor of the tenth Buptist Church, Philadelphia.

DB. JACKSON—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hooflands Gorman Bitters, i depart for once from my asual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system, and specially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and volumble preparation. In some cases it may full; but usually I donbt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully Yours, lighth, below Coates St.

FROM. REV. E. D. FENDALL. Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Phil-

adelvhia I have derived decided benefit trom, the use of Hoofland's German Bitters and feel it. my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from disease arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly:

E.D. FENDALL.

# CAUTION:

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrap per of each bottle All others are counterfeit. Principal office and manufactory at the German medicine store, No. 631Arch street, Philacelphia, Pa. CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor.

# PRICES:

Hodand's German Bitters per bottle, \$1 00

Hoofand's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, \$1 60 per hottle, or a half dozen for \$7 50.

Donot forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

For sale by Abel Turrell, Montrose, Pa. April 14, 1868.—17