COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Attend to the Assessments.

See that every McClellan voter, both at home and in the army, is assessed at once. Do not delay, or votes will be lost. This week, Saturday, October 1st, is the last day for assessments.

The Soldiers' Vote.

THE SOLDIERS' VOTE.—Every township should, without delay, get their county ticket and send tickets, and a collector's receipt for ten cents tax, immediately to their soldiers in the army.—The rolls for each county *cannot be obtained* and each county and township will be obliged to take care of itself. Let the people of every township remember that upon their own exertions *rests the responsibility of this soldiers' vote.*

Soldiers at home on furlough, and new recruits are constantly going to the army; these should be supplied, and every other means, by letter, and through papers, should be exhausted to send tickets and thus give the soldier the right to vote the ticket of his choice.—Ex.

Can't defeat Denison.

Every honest and sensible man in this district knows that Mr. Denison was elected to Congress by a large and honest majority of votes, and the false and silly pretence of one or two habitually lying shoddy organs to the contrary, amounts only to so much LIE. The woolly party is too small in this district, and that's what's the matter. Every Democrat should still cast his vote as earnestly, though, as if it would change the result, for shoddy will try to carry the district by fraud and corruption. They tried bribery two years ago and failed, as they will again because the honest Democratic vote is too large.

The Democracy were so large a party that shoddy could'nt *grow* fast enough to match them, and now they are still so far ahead that no woolly horse can run fast enough to *ketch 'em.*

Soldiers' Friends.

A soldiers wishes to remind the voters that last winter some Veterans allowed themselves to be credited to Montrose, to save it from the draft. Verbal promise was made of $225 bounty, and although other towns paid more, several leading citizens afterwards used their utmost influence to cheat the Veterans out of their money, by opposition to levying a tax to raise the money.

The leader in this attempt to defraud the Veterans, was Charles F. Read, who is an Elector on the Lincoln ticket. He claims to be "the soldiers' friend," and denounces such soldiers and citizens as won't vote for him, as being copperheads, traitors, &c. I voted the so-called union ticket with Judge Read on it, the first year of the war; now I shall vote the true Union ticket for McClellan with Judge Read nor on it. Heaven save us from all such "soldiers' friends." VOLUNTEER.

How Soldiers Vote.

Soldiers must be assessed on or before Saturday next. Any citizen can require the assessor to assess a ten cent tax upon a private or non-commissioned officer who enlisted from his town, in the military or naval service; even if he be in a regiment of another State, or now prisoner of war. The assessor must give a certificate such as this:

"This is to certify, that on the..... day of....., 1864, in pursuance of an Act of Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate elections by soldiers in actual military service," approved August 25, 1864, I did assess upon....., a citizen and resident of the..... of ..... in Susquehanna county, State of Pennsylvania, a County Tax of ..... for the year 1864, he being a ..... in Company ....., ... Regiment .... Volunteers. .....Assessor,
For the ..... of ..... Susq'a co., Pa."

This properly filled up is to be taken to the collector (or county treasurer) and the ten cents paid, when the officer must give a receipt upon the back of it as follows:

"Rec'd ....., 1864, by the hand of .. the sum of ....., being payment in full of the within assessed county tax.
..... Collector,
For the .... of ..... Susq'a co., Pa."

Commissioned officers pay their usual tax, like citizens. Soldiers who can swear they have paid State or County tax within two years, can vote without above assessment, but the surest way is to assess now.

The above receipt, must be sent to the soldier, together with tickets. If soldiers are with the Company, a poll is opened and they vote on election day. But any soldier who is where there are less than ten Pennsylvania voting soldiers, must vote by proxy: that is, some time before election day, he must have a proxy blank and envelope to be filled up signed, and witnessed by his commanding officer, or other witness, and in this he incloses his folded ballots, and send the letter to some VOTER at his residence, who must keep the envelope ☞ unopened till election day, and then present it to the election board, who open and cast or reject the vote according to law. If a voter be naturalized, his papers must be shown where his vote is cast. We have 500 proxy blanks and envelopes, and plenty of tickets to give to our friends who call for them. We will send them by mail on receipt of stamps for return postage.

Proxy envelopes and blanks should be obtained at once and sent by the soldier as soon as possible, so as to be sure that it is ready before election day.

For the Campaign.

We will send the DEMOCRAT until after the November election to single subscribers for 30 cents; and where four or more are ordered by one person, 25 cents each. No paper sent till paid for.

[FOR THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT.]

A Word to Peace Democrats.

It appears that Mr. McClellan's letter of acceptance is not entirely satisfactory to a portion of the so-called peace men.—A few remarks on the subject from an old line Peace Democrat will perhaps be useful.

When the long-pending controversy between the two sections of our once glorious and happy Union had at last, as had often been predicted, culminated in open rupture, and there began to be talk about war, I was in favor of submitting the question to the arbitrament of the God of peace rather than to the decision of the god of war, because the decision of the latter would at best be but arbitrary, and that of the former could alone do exact and equal justice to each of the contending parties. The powers that be chose to bring the suit into the court of Mars. Mars has had the case before him three years and over, but as yet has given us no decision. What I propose now, is to take it out of his court, and bring it before the god of peace.

Whatever may be thought or said to the contrary, the peace Democrats are Union men. Whoever says that they are or ever were secessionists, disunionists or traitors, gives utterance to as vile a slander as was ever uttered by mortal man. The greatest desire of our hearts is the restoration of the old Union under the old Constitution. If the Republicans are Unionists also in this sense, (which we emphatically deny,) then the only difference between them and us, is in regard to the means of accomplishing this desirable end.

It is because the peace Democrats are Union men, that we are peace men. We always opposed the agitation of the slavery question in the North, because we always regarded it as an unwarrantable interference with that which was none of our business, and because such agitation endangered the safety of the Union. We opposed the organization of a sectional political party in the North, because such organization impaired the Constitutional right of the South to hold slaves, and hence threatened to divide the Union.—And when at last the Union was rent in twain, and it became desirable to re-unite it, we opposed the inauguration of civil war for that purpose, because we thought the means totally inadequate to the end. The Union was founded on the voluntary principle, and on that principle alone can it ever be restored. We do not say that the seceding States cannot be conquered and subjugated. We do not say that they cannot be compelled by force to come back into the Union. But we do say that if they are, it will not be the Union framed by our fathers, nor under the Constitution we have so long admired and revered. Besides, we feel positively certain, not only that the Union can never be restored by war, as it is now being prosecuted, but also that all the means and appliances in the power of the present administration will be employed to prevent a restoration on the old basis. On this the very existence of this Republican sectional party is dependent. On the other hand the salvation and future prosperity of the Democratic party is dependent on the restoration of the Union as it was, under the Constitution as it is.

Now, Mr. McClellan, by the platform on which he was nominated, and by his letter of acceptance, stands pledged in the strongest possible language to employ all honorable, peaceable means to restore the Union as it was. And I, as a peace man, firmly believing that by compromise and conciliation, the Union can be restored, have no right to demand that he shall go beyond this and tell what line of policy he will pursue in case that honorable proffers of peace and union made to the Southern people should be rejected by them. Suppose he should deem it necessary in such a case to prosecute the war. Then, certainly, as a choice between two evils, it is infinitely better that it should be prosecuted under Mr. McClellan, than under Mr. Lincoln. Because, under the one it would be to force the seceding States into the Union with all their Constitutional rights unimpaired; under the other to force them back with all their rights wrested from them. Besides, under the one it would be conducted in accordance with the usages of civilized nations, and thereby save us from the reproach of being a nation of barbarians.

Does it not then evidently appear that the peace men who are not satisfied with Mr. McClellan's position openly manifest a want of confidence in the efficacy of the means which they advocate for the restoration of the Union? Wake up, brethren. "Examine yourselves, whether you be in the faith." Let us make one more united effort for the salvation of our country.

Such are the views of an original, simon-pure peace Democrat. If they are endorsed by the Democracy of Susquehanna county, very well; if not, then so far as the writer is personally concerned, it will be just as well. I can ask favors, but have no fears. E. E. GUILD.

Gibson, Sept. 20, 1864.

Lincoln Meeting.

A Lincoln meeting was held at Court House on Saturday night, which for want of numbers was considerably made up by ladies, children, and negroes. One speaker was the "Governor Pierpoint" whom Gen. Butler accuses of living upon liquor licenses. The other impressed many with the fact that he subsisted more upon the liquor. Very appropriately the meeting was presided over by an (white) office-holder, the chairman of the Lincoln county committee, who is so much opposed to the Union that he says, publicly, that he infinitely prefers its final dissolution, with an eternal war upon the border, rather than let the Government survive the war and the good old order of things be restored.

Notice.

The Susquehanna Association of Universalists will hold its next annual meeting at Brooklyn, Oct. 5 and 6. All are cordially invited to attend.

A. O. WARREN, Standing Clerk.

THE MONTROSE & BRIDGEWATER

McClellan Club!!

MEETS NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT,

At the Keystone Hall.

FOR SPEAKER'S NAMES SEE THE HANDBILLS, TO-MORROW.

GOOD SPEAKERS—LET THERE BE A GOOD ATTENDANCE.

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING!

M'CLELLAN MEETINGS!

A. R. BRUNDAGE and E. L. MERRIMAN, Esq's, of Luzerne are addressing meetings this week as follows:

HARFORD Village, Tuesday evening.
HOPBOTTOM, Wednesday evening.
SPRINGVILLE, Thursday evening.
RUSH, at SNYDER'S, Friday even'g.

☞ See Handbills for other meetings.

☞ Turn out for McCLELLAN and the UNION.

DEATHS.

In Jackson on the 7th inst., of Dysentary, SILAS GATES, aged 67 years and 8 months.

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
MILLINERY GOODS,
FURS, PIECE GOODS, &
READY MADE CLOTHING.

Guttenburg, Rosenbaum & Co.

OF THIS PLACE,

HAVING received part of and are making daily additions to their new stock for the coming fall and winter season, do respectfully call the attention of the public to it, and would feel very happy to see their numerous friends and customers call and examine their new goods, which for variety, style, and price, cannot be excelled in these parts. Buyers of goods, consulting their purses, will find it much to their advantage to call on us first, before looking elsewhere, as we are prepared to offer extra inducements.

Our Stock comprises

DRESS GOODS,

both foreign and domestic, such as FRENCH MERINOS, PARMATTAS & ALPACCAS (all colors,) all wool and part cotton PLAIDS, MOHAIRS, LUSTRES, VALENCIAS, EM. PRESS and LEVINNAH CLOTHS, all wool and part wool DELAINS, plain and printed DELAINS, etc.

SILKS!

Plain Black, Ribbed, Brocha, and fancy colored.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Prints, Sheetings, Stripes, Ticks, Denims, &c. &c.—Flannels and Collars, fancy Shirting and opera do.

LINEN GOODS, SHAWLS & CLOAKS,

of the latest and most popular styles and make. Also, Beavers, Broadcloth, Ladies' Cassimere, Waterproof Cloth, &c. for Cloakings, and a very large variety of Cloak Trimmings, and Ornaments thereto.

MILLENERY GOODS.

A full line, in Ribbons, Velvets, Blonds, &c. &c. usually kept.

Furs, Furs.

A very large assortment and extra bargains.

HOOP-SKIRTS and CORSETS

of the very best make, and superior to any other style out—warranted to give satisfaction.

Besides this, our stock embraces an endless variety of **Fancy Articles** too numerous to mention.

For Gentlemen's Wear,

the largest and most complete stock of

Ready Made Clothing, & Furnishing Goods,

ever introduced in this market, to which we call particular attention. As we manufacture every garment we sell, we are thereby enabled not only to sell them much CHEAPER than others who buy them of manufacturers, but can also more safely guarantee our own work, as we know our market, and are bound to have them give satisfaction. Our stock in this line is complete. We have all styles of

BUSINESS, & OVERCOATS,

and full suits to match, for **Men, Youths & Boys.**

FURNISHING GOODS.

Fancy Flannel Shirts, Wrappers, Drawers, Ties, Scarfs, &c. &c. A fine lot of

Cassimeres, Broadcloths, Beavers, Vestings, &c. &c.

for Custom Work, to which branch we pay particular attention.

Guttenberg, Rosenbaum & Co.

Montrose, Sept. 29th, 1864.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of EDWARD HOLFORD, late of Clifford township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly attested, for settlement, and those indebted to same are required to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH CHASE, Executor.

Benton, Luz. co., Sept. 29, 1864.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Susquehanna county to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the administrator of the estate of David C. Gelatt, dec'd, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Montrose, on Saturday, the 8th day of October, 1864, at 1 o'clock p. m., when and where all persons interested in said fund—will present their claims, or be forever debarred.

J. B. McCOLLUM, Auditor.

Montrose, Sept. 15, 1864.

Wholesale Prices of Produce,

(Reported for the *Montrose Democrat* by JOSIAH CARPENTER, Commission merchant, No. 32 Jay Street, New York, to whom shipments of produce may be made. Two thirds of the market value will be advanced on the receipt of the goods if desired, and a quick return made for the balance. Full directions and a weekly market report sent free of charge by mail to those making shipments.

Prices for the week ending Sept. 24, '64.

Beans, white, sound, per bu.,	2 40	2 75
Butter in tubs, per pound,	49	58
" firkins, "	40	56
" rolls, "	40	54
Cheese, choice, "	23	27
" common, "	14	16
Dried Apples "	10	12
Eggs, fresh, per dozen,	28	30
Flour, wheat, per barrel,	8 00	14 00
" rye, "	7 00	11 00
Feathers, live geese, per lb.,	87	90
Beef Sides, "	9	16
Mutton in carcass, "	9	14
Veal, "	10	15
Pork, dressed, "	13	17
Wheat, per bushel,	2 22	2 60
Rye, "	1 50	1 68
Oats, "	87	89
Corn, "	1 60	1 64
Hides, dry, per pound,	24	26
" green, "	12	14
Lard, common to best, per lb.,	23	24
Beef, mess, per barrel,	15 00	26 00
" prime, "	10 00	16 00
Pork, mess, "	39 00	42 00
" prime, "	36 00	39 00
Hams, smoked, per lb.	25	28
Shoulders, smoked, "	20	23
Timothy Seed, per bushel,	6 50	6 90
Tallow, per lb.	18	19
Wool, washed, "	90	1 30
" unwashed, "	70	75
Apples, per barrel,	2 00	5 00
Maple Sugar, per pound,	15	20

NOTE.—A full report of the New York Market can be seen at the office of the *Montrose Democrat*, corrected up to last Saturday. We have on file a weekly Price Current of Produce, for the use of our friends who may call to examine it. In the above list is given the lowest and highest prices which are governed by quality and condition. Many articles that are not mentioned above, can be found on the report in this office.

☞ A gang of Mexican guerillas have entered Brownsville, Texas, robbed the French citizens, and hoisted the American flag.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs issued by the Court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna county, and to me directed, I will expose to sale by public vendue at the Court-house, in Montrose, on Saturday, Oct. 22d, 1864, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described pieces or parcels of land, to wit:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Franklin, county of Susquehanna and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of George Park and J. P. Tingley, on the east by lands of J. P. Tingley and Howard N. Park, on the south by lands of David Marsh and Noble T. Buck, and on the west by the public road—containing about one hundred acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, one house, one barn, sheds, one orchard, and about twenty acres improved. (Suit of J. L. Merriman & Son, to the use of John F. Dunmore vs. Nehemiah Park.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the borough of Montrose and township of Bridgewater, in said county, bounded and described as follows: On the northwest by lands of Joseph Shipman, on the southwest by lands of John S. Tarbell, on the southeast by lands of N. I. Post and Wm. Porter, and on the north east by the Milford and Owego turnpike—containing about eight and a half acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, one frame house, one barn, some fruit trees, and all improved. (Suit of Minerva Post et al. executors of David Post, deceased, to the use of Mary L. R. Isbell, vs. Benjamin Morrison and John Short.

ALSO—All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Lenox, in said county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stake and stones, corner of a lot sold to Benjamin Targee in a line of Rufus D. Clark's lot, thence south 88¾° east, 60 perches to a stake and stones corner; thence south 6¾° east, 53 4-10 perches to a stake and stones corner on the north side of the Clark road; thence south 88¾° west, 60 perches to a stake and stones corner; thence along said Clark's land north 6¾° east 53 4-10 perches to the place of beginning—containing 20 acres and 4 perches of land, more or less, being the same piece of land that James Wright and wife by their attorney in fact, C. L. Ward, conveyed to Harriet Clark by deed bearing date the 25th day of January, A. D. 1858—with the appurtenances, 1 house, one barn, one orchard, (some fruit trees around the house,) and mostly improved. (Suit of F. P. & E. R. Grow vs. Harriet and Rufus D. Clark.

DAVID SUMMERS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Montrose, Sept. 29, 1864.

Administratrix' Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Susquehanna county, to me directed, I will expose to sale at the Court-house in Montrose, on Thursday, the 29th day of Sept. A. D. 1864, at one o'clock, p. m., the following Real Estate of Henry Lagley, dec'd, to wit:

All that certain lot of land situate in the township of Great Bend, in the county of Susquehanna, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: On the North by lot owned by Sarah Skinner; on the west by lot owned by J. B. Ogden: on the south by lot owned by Joseph Bolles and on the east by the Great Bend and Chocheeton turnpike, containing 8,180 feet more or less, together with the appurtenances.

TERMS.—$50 on the day of sale; one half the balance on final confirmation, and the remainder in one year thereafter with interest.

SALLY ANN LANGLEY, Adm'x.

Great Bend, Sept. 5, 1864.

Notice.

CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber, on the 14th inst., a SORREL MARE, with a white stripe on her face, and lame in both hind legs. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

SAMUEL LINDSEY.

Lathrop, Sept. 17th, 1864. 3w*

Executors' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of PATRICK WHALEN, late of Silver Lake township, dec'd, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly attested, for settlement, and those indebted to same are required to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH WARD, } Ex'rs.
D. P. PHELAN, }

Silver Lake, Sept. 8, 1864. 6w

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of Hibbard Mead, late of New Milford township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly attested, for settlement, and those indebted to the same are required to make immediate payment.

ELLIOT ALDRICH, Executor.

New Milford, Sept. 1, 1864.

A GOOD CHANCE!

A WHOLESALE TEA HOUSE wishes to make arrangements with an energetic business man to sell TEAS in Susquehanna co. A good assortment of samples will be furnished, and a liberal commission given. Address Box 2,438, Post Office, New York City.

Sept. 1, 1864. 4w

☞ **Eye and Ear.**—Professor J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, formerly of Leyden, Holland, is now located at No. 514 PINE Street, Philadelphia, where persons afflicted with diseases of the EYE and EAR will be scientifically treated and cured, if curable. ☞ Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.

N. B.—No charges made for Examination. The Medical faculty is invited, as he has no secrets in his mode of treatment. 1y1y rw

DYSPEPSIA,

AND

DISEASES RESULTING FROM

DISORDERS OF THE LIVER

AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S German Bitters,

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING

TONIC.

These Bitters Have Performed More Cures!

Have and do give Better Satisfaction!

HAVE MORE TESTIMONY!

HAVE MORE RESPECTABLE PEOPLE TO VOUCH FOR THEM!

Than any other article in the market!

We defy any one to contradict this assertion,

AND WILL PAY $1,000

To any one who will produce a Certificate published by us that is not GENUINE.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Will cure every case of

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and diseases arising from a disordered stomach,

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS,

Resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER

THAT THIS BITTERS IS

Not Alcoholic,

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKEY,

And Can't Make Drunkards!

BUT

IS THE BEST TONIC

In the World.

☞ READ WHO SAYS ☜

From the Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Pemberton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia:

* * * * * * * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with their effects that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and know that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming this fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these Bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this more cheerfully as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours Truly, LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopia of Religious Knowledge, and Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, through distrust of their ingredients and effects, I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation, in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others.

I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. Jackson, of this city, because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chiefly an alcoholic mixture. I am indebted to my friend, Robert Shoemaker Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try them, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of three bottles of these bitters at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief and restoration to a degree of bodily and mental vigor which I had not felt for six months before, and had almost despaired of regaining. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to the use of them.

J. NEWTON BROWN, Philad'a.

From the Rev. Jos. H. Kennard, Pastor of the 10th Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with commendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances, and particularly in my family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, for general debility of the system and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation. In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above cause.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth below Coates street, Philadelphia.

From the Rev. Thomas Winter, Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church.

Dr. Jackson:—Dear Sir:—I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years, at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters. I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefitted. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects. Respectfully yours,

T. WINTER, Roxborough, Pa.

From the Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks county, Pa.

Dr. C. M. Jackson:—Respected Sir:—I have been troubled with Dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me as much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health after having taken five bottles.

Yours, with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

PRICES.

Large Size, (holding nearly double quantity,) $1 00 per Bottle—half doz. $5 00
Small size—75 cts per bottle—half dozen, 4 00

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON," is on the WRAPPER of each bottle.

Should your nearest druggist not have the article, do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us, and we will forward, securely packed, by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory
No. 631 ARCH ST.
Philadelphia.

Jones & Evans.

(successor to C. M. Jackson & Co.)

Proprietors.

☞ For sale by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

nov2 1yq ABEL TURRELL, Sole Agent.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from Aug 15, 1864, with coupons attached at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect. They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES OF THIS LOAN.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and the best security.—Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bonds.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than nine per cent. premium, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special act of Congress exempts all Bonds and Treasury Notes from local taxation. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits.—The party depositing must endorse upon the original certificate the denomination of the Notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BINGHAMTON,
" " " SCRANTON,
" " " TOWANDA,

and by all National Banks which are depositaries of public money, and

ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and

AFFORD EVERY FACILITY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Aug. 11.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY!

One of the oldest and most reliable remedies in the world for

Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, and every affection

OF THE THROAT, LUNGS & CHEST,

INCLUDING EVEN

CONSUMPTION.

WISTAR'S BALSAM of WILD CHERRY

So general has the use of this remedy become, and so popular is it everywhere, that it is unnecessary to recount its virtues. Its works speak for it, and find utterance in the abundant and voluntary testimony of the many who from long suffering and settled disease have by its use been restored to pristine vigor and health. We can produce a mass of evidence in proof of our assertions, that CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.

The Rev. Jacob Sechler,

Well known and much respected among the German population of this country, makes the following statement for the benefit of the afflicted:

HANOVER, Pa., Feb. 16, 1859.

Dear Sirs:—Having realized in my family important benefits from the use of your valuable preparation—Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry—it affords me pleasure to recommend it to the public. Some eight years ago one of my daughters seemed to be in a decline, and little hopes of her recovery were entertained. I then procured a bottle of your excellent Balsam, and before she had taken the whole of the contents of the bottle there was a great improvement in her health. I have, in my individual case, made frequent use of your valuable medicine, and have always been benefitted by it.

JACOB SECHLER.

From Jessie Smith, Esq. President of the Morris County Bank, Morristown, New Jersey.

"Having used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for about fifteen years, and having realized its beneficial results in my family, it affords me great pleasure to recommend it to the public as a valuable remedy in cases of weak lungs, colds, coughs, &c., and a remedy which I consider to be entirely innocent, and may be taken in perfect safety by the most delicate in health.

From Hon. John E. Smith, a distinguished lawyer in Westminster, Md.

I have on several occasions used Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry for colds, and always with decided benefit. I know of no preparation that is more efficacious or more deserving of general use.

The Balsam has also been used with excellent effect by J. B. Elliott, Merchant, Hall's Cross Roads, Md.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.

None genuine unless signed "I. BUTTS," on the wrapper.

FOR SALE BY

J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., Proprietors, Boston.
And by all Druggists.

Redding's Russia Salve.

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

Has fully established the superiority of

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE,

Over all other healing preparations.

It cures all kinds of SORES, CUTS, SCALDS, BURNS, BOILS, ULCERS, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, STIES, PILES, CORNS, SORE LIPS, SORE EYES, &c. &c., removing the pain at once, and reducing the most angry looking swellings and inflamation as if by magic. ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.

FOR SALE BY

J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont st. Boston.
And by all Druggists.

June 2, 1864. 1yeow

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of HIAL HEATH, late of Choconut township, dec'd, to present them, duly attested, for settlement, and all persons indebted to same are required to make immediate payment, to the undersigned.

AMOS HEATH, Jr., Adm'r.

Choconut, Sept. 8, 1864. 6w

BUTTER, TALLOW, EGGS, DRIED APPLES and most kinds of produce wanted in exchange for Goods at the Grocery and Variety Store of

A. N. BULLARD.