It is recommended that the primary town meetings, on Saturday, Sept. 3d, be the welcome news of the nomination of tween the hours of one and six o'clock; and that each election district choose two for President. The name of the nominee for delegates to attend the County Conven- Vice President has not yet reached us. tion; and that they also select one citi-Committee for the next year,

All electors who are in favor of an earthe restoration of the Union under the motion. The skies brighten. Constitution, and who intend to support the ticket to be nominated, are intended to be included in the foregoing call.

The Committees hereunder named will please attend to the delegate elections and act as the board of election LIST OF TOWNSHIP COMMITTEES.

Apolacon: Michael Nolan, Patrick Welsh, Patrick Ryan. Auburn: E. J. Mowry, Daniel Sceley,

G. L. Swisber. Ararat: O. L. Carpenter, N. J. West, B. H. Dix. Bridgewater: O. S. Beebe, Reuben

Wells, Z. M. Brewster. Brooklyn: D. J. Ring, W. A. Williams; E. B. Goodrich.

Clifford: John Bolton, John Stephens J. N. Baker. Choconut: Jacob Kimble, James Don-

elly, Thos. O'Donnell.
Dimock: J. M. Wallace, C. C. Mills. Geo. M. Denison.

Dundaff: H. S. Phinney, C. C. Church.

D. Chambers. Friendsville: Thos. G. Flynn, Wm Buffum, M. S. Handrick. Franklin: F. A. Smith, J. L. Merriman S. D. Turrell.

Forest Lake: John Bradshaw, Harvey Birdsall, Elisha Griffis, jr. Gibson: E. E. Guild, Charles Stiles, J

H. Claffin. Great Bend; S. R. Mapes, W.S Barns, Oliver Trowbridge. Great Bend Boro: N. S. Griggs, R. T

Stephens, C. S. Gilbert. Herrick: J. M. Myers, Erastus Barnes Lafayette Lyon.

Harmony: J. W. Austin, L. Norton W. Potter. Harford: J. Tingley, Horace Swee W. B. Guile.

Jessup: J. Rosencrantz, L.E. Birchard John Smith. Jackson: Ansen Ellsworth, S. J. Griffis Emerson Tucker.

Little Meadows: Lewis Dowd, Patrick Smullin, T. Dowd. Lenox: H. Marcy, Albert Titus, Alfred

Lathrop: E. S. Brown, George Taylor Henry Robinson. Liberty: S. Whited, David Bailey, R.

Middletown: F. Taggart, Nelson Camp, R. O'Donnell. W. K. Hatch, Daniel Brewster, Henry

Lathrop, Daniel McMillan. New Milford Boro: H. Garratt, George

Hayden, W. T. Ward. Oakland: J. M. Tillman, Lewis Shutts, Daniel Mathews.

Rush: James Logan, Elisha Osborn, George Harvey. Silver Lake: Joseph Ward, J. J. Mc Cormick, T. Murphy.
Springville: I. B. Lathrop, Wm. H.

Gerritson, Wm. B. Handrick. Susq'a Depot: A. W. Rowley, Gaylord Curtis, A. J. Seymour. Thomson: Mallory Spencer, William

Saulsbury, Wm. Stoddard.

WM. K. HATCH, Ch'n.

No Postponement of the Draft.

The authorities at Washington seem determined to enforce the draft for 500.-000 men, (with 100 per cent. additional,) commencing on Monday next, Sept. 5th. articles. The English taxes are only up-An effort has been made by all parties, all un articles of luxury, but ours are upon over the country, for a postponement of everything in use by the people general the draft, with a view to filling the quotas by volunteers, but the effort seems to have been treated with contempt by Mr. Lincoln and his confidential advisers. It is not an easy matter to raise half a million of able-bodied men, on a few days notice, by volunteering, especially since the There are some things our people will do no harm. war has become one for the abolition of slavery, and the enriching of speculators. The Carbondale Advance, a Republican paper, in speaking of the determination of the

President not to postpone the draft, says: "We very much regret this decision, as we believe it will retard the filling up of our armies. The President is evident ly getting too fully under the control of politicians of the Thad. Stevens stripe. It attached. is an evil to which he has been constantly exposed during his whole term, but against which he contended successfully for about two years."

tion forger, has been released from Fort force on the South a delusive system of Lafayetta: har a see of the part

r , many

The Chicago Convention.

The National Democratic Convention met at the Great Wigwam in Chicago order by August Belmont, chairman of the National Committee. Gov. Bigler, of up, and said that he just bought some of Pennsylvania, was appointed temporary Uncle Sam's three years notes, paying tees from each of the States were appointwill hold a County Convention at the ed on Credentials, on Organization, and 5th day of September, 1864, to nominate offered by members, which were appropricandidates to be supported at the coming ately referred, and the Convention adjourned until Tuesday, at 10 o'clock.

noon, we have not received the proceedmeetings be held at the usual places of ings of Tuesday, but the telegraph brings

GEN. GEO. B. McCLELLAN,

The utmost unanimity and enthusiasm zen to act as the member of the County prevailed in Convention and among the immense throng outside. A full report of the proceedings will be given in next ly and honorable peace upon the basis of week's paper. The Democratic ball is in

> The Carlisle Volunteer gives a summary of the "bad breaks" recently developed in the Republican party, indicating the decline, disintegration and death of question," says the Volunteer, " a most remarkable change is taking place in the minds of the people. Everywhere thro'out the entire country, the reasonable and the bank and gotten per cent. dividend. proud position of our country four years but sell his stock the next day! Why? ago, and its rained and humiliating posi-tion now. They can see the blasting, too much dividend. And in six months the es, burning towns, monuments of butchlation to the country that honest men bave thus at last asserted their independence of action, and renounced their adherence to the corrupt, speculating and reckless officials now sporting and rioting men the blood and tressure of the ing upon the blood and treasure of the people. Let them come; we will not Union and bring peace—to stop conscript and thirdly, that it should be marketable, tions, robbery, taxation and national ruin. Let the honost people of all parties strike hands as friends, and, burying the prejudices of the past, see that it is accomplished."

No Peace.

It is authoritively denied by the adminprobability of peace commissioners to looking at the crops, and the factories and slavery must be abandoned. Even over- millions of dollars a year more then we first steps toward invading Atlanta. slavery must be abandoned. Even over-tures from the South which should not of debt isn't half that) we are growing contain that stipulation would be quickly rich instead of poorer, as John Bull and rejected, as heretofore. The people can the croakers would have us think. Then therefore clearly understand what is the the debt will be paid, anyhow, no matter been ordered back to Richmond. At all New Milford: Wm. Mathews, Oliver grand obstacle to peace and a restoration of the Union. The large number of Republican newspapers and leaders that have gone out from Mr. Lincoln's support does not seem to convince him of the necessity of a change of policy. He has bardened his heart and stiffened his neck, and, unless his office-holders can invent a plan to carry out his election by fraud, he insurance companies-anything you choose, will stick by his ultimatum—his negro love—until both he and his abominable sentiment have sunk into never-ending, hateful retirement .- Pat. & Union.

Taxes! Taxes! In England there are twenty articles sub- year. ject to custom duties, and four to excise duties. Under the tax law of the late Congress we have imposts upon three thousand four hundred and fifty different ly—the poor having to pay on the necessaries of life the same as the rich upon the superfluities and luxuries. And yet we boast of our laws, our freedom from taxation, our regard for the workingman's interests, &c., and denounce England as a tyranny in which the poor are trodden down and burdened with nnequal taxes. have to unlearn, and perhaps a later crop of "statesmen" will be compelled to cross the ocean for a lesson or two in political economy.

STAMP YOUR RECEIPT.—The new stamp duties went into operation on the 1st ult. It concerns everybody to know that all

Joseph Howard, jr., the proclama longer to restore the Union, but only to 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

The series of

Poor Richard's Reasons for buying Uni-

ted States Securities. The other day we heard a rich neighbor say he had rather have railroad stocks thought you had no money to buy with."

and it was no wonder rich Mr. Smith asked why. So Poor Richard, in a very humble way-for he never assumed anythingreplied, "I suppose, Mr. Smith, you know a great deal better than I do what to do with money, and how to invest; for I never had much, and all I got I had to oned the hope of dislodging General Warwork hard for. But I have looked round ren from his hold upon the Weldon road. a good deal upon my neighbors, and seen what they did with their money and I will tell you some things I saw and what high interest. So he lent most of his money to some people who he thought were very rich, at a very high rate; and he ofthat wretched organization. "Beyond ten told how much he got, till one day the people he lent to went to smash. He got back about ten conts on a dollar of his money. I know another old gentleman, who had some bank stock and he went to patriotic men of the Administration par- The President and everybody said it was ty are thinking. They reflect upon the the best stock in the country-paid ten blighting and bloody footsteps of aboli-tion policy, and can only see ruined hous-to be a fact. Well, Mr. Smith. you say railroad stocks are best, because they will es, burning towns, monuments of butch pay high dividends? Can you tell how ered men, and a bloody sunset of Amerilong they will pay them? I like railroads, can greatness in a continuance of that I helped to build one, and I go in for use policy. It is a matter of great congratu-lation to the country that hopest men about them. One-third of the railroads don't pay any dividend, and two thirds (and some of them cracked up, too,) do not pay as much as Government stocks.that in the long run the investment which is best should have these qualities: First, quarrel over their past positions or inci- it should be perfectly secure: secondly, that dental or collateral issues. The great the income should be uniform and permanthing to be accomplished is to restore the ent-not up one year and down the next; want your money, you can get it back --And I think these notes or bonds have got these qualities more than any other "kind"

" First, then, I have been looking into that great book you call the Census Statistics. I used to think it wasn't worth much; but since I began to study it, I tell strationists that there is the remotest you, I found out a good many things very useful for me to know. I found out, by how long the war is. Besides, did you events, he has withdrawn from General ever hear of a Government that broke be. Sheridan's immediate front. fore the people did? Look into your big histories, Mr. Smith, and you will find the people break before the Governments.— Alabama. Well, then, I call that stock perfectly The ba

of personal property you can name. Try

secure. "Secondly, you want the income uniform and permanent. Well, I want you to take up a list of banks, railroads, mines, and tell me (honor bright, now!) how many have paid a uniform income for ten or twenty years. Not one in a hundred, Mr. Smith, and you know it.

" Now here is the Government will pay you without varying a tittle. Now I like something that gives me my income every

"Thirdly, you want something which is marketable any day in the year. Now, if you will ask any bank President, he will tell you that Government stocks are the only kind of property that is always saleable, because they will sell anywhere in the world.

" Now, Mr. Smith, this is why I put my little savings in Government stocks;confess, too, that I wanted to help that dear old country, which is my home and my country." "I confess," said Mr. Smith, good deal of sense in what you say, and I will go so far as to put two or three thous-and dollars in United States stocks. It can

We left Mr. Smith going towards the bank, and Poor Richard returning home, with that calm and placed air which indicated the serenity of his disposition and the consciousness of doing right towards his country and his fellow men.

"THE LADY'S FRIEND," for September receipts for amounts over twenty dollars, contains a steel, engraving, "The Blind and all checks or drafts at sight whatever Piper," followed by a double steel fashion the amount, must have a two cent stamp plate, richly colored. Then follows nur

SURRENDER OF FORT MORGAN.

Aug. 27th.—General Sheridan bas made which found the enemy's advance, had a President, who, on taking the chair, made seven and three-tenths per cent, interest. skirmish with them in which some brillant a well-timed and manly speech. Commitfact that the enemy had broken camp in Yes," said Richard, "I had a little laid the vicinity of Charlestown, and marched up, for you know it is well to have some toward Leetown. Earl made an attempt on Resolutions. Several resolutions were thing laid up against a wet day, and I subsequently to cross the Potomac at him manufacture which were appropri- have kept a little of my earnings by me." Williamsport, but failed; the fords being Now Poor Richard is known to all the country round to be a very prudent and industrious, and withal, wise man; for Sheridan. From reliable information re-As our paper goes to press Wednesday Richard never learned anything he didn't ceived from parties who have left the and prudence had become a proverb. So, has received large reinforcements, nearly when he took out his savings and bought all his brigades and divisions having been the notes, more than one was surprised, doubled by recruits and detachments sent to reinforce them, and, in addition, two divisions of Longstreet's corps, unde Rickets, with the whole of Fitzhugh Lee's cavalry, are known to have arrived.

All appears to be quiet in Gen. Grant's front, and the rebels have probably aband-Admiral Farragut's operations at Mobile are likely to be interrupted by reason of obstructions in the harbor. The Nash-I thought of it. One very rich man was ville has been sunk in such a position as always dealing in money, and he made a will render it difficult for our fleet to apgreat deal, but was never satisfied without proach the city until she is removed. For this reason we may not expect to hear of active movements in this quarterfor some days,

Aug. 29 .- Fort Morgan has been cap tured. It is not stated in the dispatch whether it was surrendered or taken by assault, but we may infer that it fell after slight resistance, as, if a very vigorous and determined assault had been made, the rebels, from whom we obtained the news of its fall, would have made a wordy demonstration about it. By the fall of Fort Morgan, Admiral Farragut has undisputed possession of the harbor of Mobile, and can pursue his plans for the reduction of Mobile at leisure.

The rebels in the Shenandoah valley are manenvering very adroitly to some purpose. A portion of the enemy has crossed the Potomae at Williamsport, but nothing of importance has been accom-plished. The movement of the rebels was doubtless intended to cover a retreat to some extent, as it was discovered that they had retired from the front.

The news from Gen. Grant's army is not cheering. Our forces were driven back in an engagement on Thursday, and lost four miles of the Weldon road, territory which was dearly purchased, and should have been carefully held. The attack was made while our forces were destroying the railroad track, and had partially unguarded themselves. The position is still beld by General Warren, owever.

Aug. 30 .- Admiral Farragut is meeting with even greater success in Mobile bay than was reported. Fort Morgan has surrendered with its garrison, and the Admiral now has control of the entire harbor. Admiral Farragut had also succeeded in (obtaining the services of the man who set the torpedotr for the rebels, and he is now engaged in taking them

It is reported from General Sherman's army that he has succeeded in his purpose Richmond being appointed. He will not shipping, &c., that we (I don't mean the recede from his ultimatum to peace—that Rebel States) are making a thousand army. He has therefore completed the

In the Shenandoah valley there are appearances that Early has abandoned any plans he may have had for the invasion of Maryland. It is said that he has

General A. J. Smith is reported as sweeping through Eastern Mississippi and

The battle of last Thursday on the Weldon road was more severe than has been reported heretofore. The losses were about five thousand on each side, and the engagement was indecisive.

It is reported we lost eight guns, in consequence of the sudden fall of rain rendering it impossible to drag them off the heavy ground after the horses were shot; and that they were spiked and otherwise disabled previous to their being abandoned.

One of the resolutions adopted by the Baltimore Abolition Convention recommends "economy and rigid responsibility in the public expenditures!" Abe must have originated that joke. It will certainly require a large amount of brass in an abolition stumper to read that resolution to an intelligent audience.

Mr. Mulally, editor of the Metrolitan Record, who was arrested a few days 'I hadn't thought of all this. There is a ago for speaking the truth, has been disgood deal of sense in what you say, and I charged by U. S. Commissioner Osborne, there being nothing found against him.

> a part of the States of Ohio and Illinois on Sunday last, destroying a large amount of property, with a loss of some lives.

A certain President of a Theological Institution: convened the students at his room one evening, and said to them that he had observed that they were all growing thin and dyspeptical from the plate, richly colored. Then follows nu neglect of the matron's not providing hermerous engravings of ladies' and child self with Herrick Allen's Gold Medal merous engravings of ladies' and child-self with Herrick Allen's Gold Medal sale at the amount of which cansed great content of the lady of the same district. They regard it as an avowal that our armies are in the field no longer to restore the Union, but only to force on the South a delusive system of negro equality.

merous engravings of ladies' and child-self with Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus; the amount cansed great confusion. The lady of the answer cansed great confusion. The lady of the house has now provided herself with the Gold Medal Saleratus; and the attachents name is are cach growing quite portly and are more liealthy than every. Ladies, go and get a paper, and you will never use any other. All the Merchants have it. DEATES.

In Gibson, Aug. 1st, 1864, Mrs. Polly E-CLINTON, aged 59 years and 3 months. Her children rise up and call her blessed, while her bereaved partner praiseth her. On earth she exemplified the beauty of reconnoissance near Kearneysville, Christ'a gospel. In Heaven, we believe, Fall Term commences Wednesday, Abgust 21st, 1864. she enjoys the rest of the righteous.

CAUTION!

MY wife. Eliza Jane Rose, having left my bed and board without any just cause or provocation, the public are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting her on my account, at I will pay no debts of harcontracting after this date.

HENRY C. ROSE. Dimock, Aug. 24, 1864.

GOOD CHANCE!

A WHOLESALE TRA HOUSE wishes to make ar rangements with an energetic business man to sell TEAS in Delawars county. A good assortment of samples will be furnished, and a liberal commission given, Address Box 2,438, Post Office, New York City. Sept. 1, 1804.

Executor's Notice.

on the estate of JOSEPH JACKSON, late of Brooklyn township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly attested, and those indebted to eame are required to make immediate payment.

Brooklyn, Sept. 1, 1864.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of Hibbard Mead, late of New Milford township, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same, duly attested, for settlement, and those indebted to the same are required to make immediate payment.

ELLIOT ALDRICH, Executor.

New Milford. Sept. 1, 1864. New Milford, Sept. 1, 1864.

FARM FOR SALE!

THE subscriber offers for sale his FARM, situated in North Jackson, on the Lenox and Harmony Turnpike five miles from Sarquehanna Depot, formerly knownas the Wheaton farm. Baid farm contains 116 Acres,

about decrea under improvement. There are two dwelling houses on said farm. The burns are very large and New. The Fruit sof the first quality. This farm is well watered with living springs—running water at the house and barns.

Ten Cowa, 20 Sheep and other Stock, together with all necessary Farming Tools, Dairy Lenslis, &c., will be soid with the place, if wanted.

One third of the purchase money will be required down, and the balance in yearly instalments, to suit the purchases.

WILLIAM BIRDSALL.

Jackson, Aug. 25, 1884. WILLIAM BIRDSALL.

Montrose GRADED SCHOOL

Fall Term will commence on Monday, Sept. 5th, 1864. Winter Term Spring Term Nov. 21, " Feb. 23, 1865.

POLE ID. ELUNT, Principal. I. R. STONE, A. M., Teacher of Languages. Miss MARY CHAMBERLIN, High School. R. WHITNEY,
JESSIE BISSELL 1st Intermediate.
ADA PERRY,
JENNIE MOTT, Primary.

TUITION. Primaty....
Intermediate
High School—English Branches...
Teachers' Cipag...
Languages

Teachers Class
Languages
Music A Teashers Class the same as last year will be formed at the beginning of the Term. No deduction for absence unless in extended lilness of the pupil.

Tuition invariably in advance By order of the Board.

Montrose, Aug. 25, 1884. 2w

Administratrix's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby, given to all persons indebted to Thomas Bundick ir late of Herrick township dee'd to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said decedent, will present the same to the undersigned for settlement.

SARAH M. BURDICK, Admin'x. Herrick, Aug. 25th, 1884.—6w

STRAYED OR STOLEN!

Thou the enclosure of the subscriber in Bridgewa-ter, near the residence of Geo. Frink, about the 6th-inst., a pale ted COW, about 9 years old, with white bag and crumpled horns. Whoover will give information where she may be found, will be liberally rewarded. WYANT BOUGHTIN.

Bridgewater, Aug. 16, 1664. 3w

Notice.

PATRICK BOLAND. In the Susquehanna Com. In the Susqueh

erm, 1804. Aug. 25, 1864. 🛭 🕸

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD. ON and after Jan. 18, 1864, Passenger Trains run as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD. 481. 01. 6.40. *** 9.22 ** 9.85 New York. Danville, Rupert, Bloomsburg, 1.1

12.12 p. m. 8.50 a. m. 12.50 " 9.00 " 1.30 " 10.00 " 6.15 p p 7.10 '' 7.24 LEAVE SOUTHWARD. 4.20 p. m. 7.10 a. m. 5.00 " 7.30 " 5.20 arrivo. 8.20 " 5.55 leave. 8.25 p. m. Scranton, Pittston, Kingston, 10.45 a. m 11.10 12.00 m

Passengers taking the mail train south connect with the express train from Northemberland, arrive at Rattisburg at 2.30 a. m. Baltimore at 7.00 a. m. and at Philatisburg at 2.50 a. m. The mail train from Northemberland leaves, immediately, after the arrival of the Express Traip from Harrisburg and Baltimore, allowing passengers leaving Philadelphia at 10.40 p. m., to reach points on this road during the next forenoon, Now and elegant Selephia Cara accompany the Night Trains each way between Northumberland and Philadelphia.

Time of Gentle of the

PUBLIC SALE!

THE subscribes will offer for salo-stauction at his residence in East Bridgowater, on Thursday, Sept. 8th, 1994, the following described property, viz: 6th, 1894; the following nestribed property, with Control going Horses, pine of Horses, one of Horses, and the Hors

GIBSON, PA., HIGH SCHEOL

Prof. M. L. HAWLEY, Principal. E. B. HAWLEY, Assistant.

Winter Term "Spring "

Rates of Tuition,

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his FARM situated in the township of Liberty, near the Lindsley Saw

80 Acres of land, 50 of which are improved, with a new House, good Barn, &c. It is well watered with living springs, and is well adapted for a

DAIRY OR GRAIN FARM,

especially the latter.

One half the purchase money will be required down, and the balance in yearly instalments. Possession given at any time, including crops, if desired: PATRICK BABRY. Liberty, July 21, 1864.

Manufacture of Woolen Goods. CHAPTER L

THE MANUFACTURE OF WOOLEN GOODS, both In the homsehold and the factories, has become of great importance on account of its forming at present our principal article of clothing. The nature of our climate makes it necessary, and the scarcity of Cétton has greatly increased the value of wool and fabrics make rown it; and being engaged in the business of making cloth and Flannel, and also Roll Carding, and cloth Dressing, we have thought that a few remarks with regard to handling Wool, and the proper process of manufacture, might be of service to the country, and a bene, it to ourselves.

The first process with the farmer who intends to make his wool into rolls for spinning and weaving at home, after washing and shearing, is assorting the qualities, to wards it, and be amply paid for the little pains regular manufacturer, but by trying he will approximate towards it, and be amply paid for the little pains regular manufacturer, but by trying he will approximate towards it, and be amply paid for the little pains regular manufacturer, but by trying he will approximate towards it, and be expected out with the force should be whole and should be spread out on a table—the coarsest wool will be found on the skirts of the feece, and can cassily be distinguished by looking closely to the fibre. Two qualities from each fleece will perhaps be close enough for ordinary pariposes, but as the sheep in our country differ much in their grades of wool—the coarse part of one may do to go with the fibre part of another, and thus make three or four qualities ont of the lot. If it is going to the manufactory or to market, the fleece should not be form, but after removing the tag-locks, should be rolled up compactly, skin side out. Not less than one pound of lard, fresh butter or oil should besent with resulting the well and part of spinners of course to be well carded, f

HOME PACTORY, Camptown, 1 Bradford co. May 12, 1864.

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAIL-ROAD.

Time of Passenger Trains, June 2d, 1864. LEAVE NORTHWARD. LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS. A.M.
Great Bend, 7.40
New Milford, 1.54
Montrose, Hopbottom, 843
Nicholson, 9.00 Great Bend, New Milford, Montrose, Hopbottom, 9.94 5.15 5.40 DO W.N W. 10.20 6.80 W.N W. 1.55 A 4.56 Factoryville, 4.40 Abington, 4.32 Clark Sum'lt, 4.10 Seranton, 1.24 Strondsburg, 12.10 Manunka Chunk Philad's change | [11.20 | New Hampton.] 2.45 |

The Passenger Train North, Leaver New Hampton on the arrival of the Mail Train which leaves New-York at \$10 a.m., and Manmka Chunk on the arrival of the Train which leaves Philad (Kensington Depot), at 7.15 a.m. At Seranton, this train makes close connections with trains on the Lackmanna & Bloomsburg, and Delaware & Hudson Hailroads, and at Great Bend with the Ball Trains on the Brie Railway going west. The Passenger Train South,

Leaves Great Bend after the arrival of the Cincinnati Express from the West, connecting at Scranton with trains on the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg, and Delaware & Hudson Raliroads; at Manunka Chank with the train for Philadelphia, and at New Hampton with trains for New-York, the Lehigh Valley, Harrisburg, &c. Pas-sengers by this train arrive in New-York, at 5.50, in Philadelphia at 6.30, and in Harrisburg at 8.20 p.m. The Accommodation Train,

Northward, connects at Great Bend with the Day Express going West, by which passengers arrive at librar and Syracuse the same day.
Southward, leaves Great Bend after the arrival of the New York Express going East.

EF All Passenger Trains on the Krie Railway stop at Great Bend.

R. A. HENRY, Gen. The Agt.

YOU CAN FIND AT

THE REGULATOR NEW MILFORD, PA., A Stock of Goods cheaper than the cheapest

A Stock, of Goods chesper, than the chespes.

13 cases Kip and Stogs Boots—Seasies fine Call Boots—
deases Youth's and Boy's Boots—50 pairs Men's heavy Brogans—100 pairs Men's call Shoes—50 pairs Boy's course Shoes—50 pairs Boy's course Shoes—50 pairs Ladies Lasting in the Ladies Lasting Contross Gibter—905 pairs Ladies Lasting in Balmoral Galter—1000 prs child rom's Shoes of all kinds—800 Ladies' Call Shoes—500 Misses' Call Shoes—500 Misses' Call Shoes—500 pairs Ladies' and Misses' Kid and Morocco. Shoes and Gents Robbers.

100 mark Ladies' and Gents Slippers.

Look Out for Bargains.

1,000 Hats & Caps. READY MADE CLOTHING,

For Men and Boys. A tip-top stock of TRUNKS, & TRAVELING-Bage,

Gioves, Holdier, Neck Ties, Shires, Collars, Suspenders, Handerchiefs, Umbreilas, &c., Mc., very cheap for the times. THE PART OF CHO. HAYDEN. New Milford, Aug. 1864.