#### Notes and Suggestions for May.

CATTLE.—Give the pasture a good start before turning stock upon it. The grass at all and well tilled through the summer makes roots and strengthens itself to en Only a single vine should be allowed to dure the drouths of summer at this time, and a week's feed taken too soon now, is the whole force of the root, will be large paid for by short pasturage, and likely en and strong in the fall. In November it ough many barren spots before Septem should be cut back to about a foot above ber. Keep up the flow of milk by feeding roots if possible, perhaps rye as soon as a on the trellis that is to be. The joints good swath can be mown, cut feed, straw will be very short on the vine, near its or stalks, sprinkled with corn meal or oil base, and the buds will be nearly opposite pake, or in some other way. "Spare the each other, a foot above the ground from calves." The high prices of butter, cheese, which the horizontal rines will grow the milk, etc., will tempt many farmers to next year. "deacon" their calves, to the detriment of the herd and to their own sorrow two years hence. Get them as soon as possi- the lower wire, and tied to it from time ble accustomed to do without milk, or to time as they increase in length. After take only skimmed milk. Calves should take only skimmed milk. Calves should reaching say six feet, the distance to each have access to a variety of feed; sweet hay, clover, out and pea straw, are a good variety, and a few outs will be relished All the laterals should be pinched off before grees starte. before grass starts.

with where clover has been sown after the will be as large as a man's finger, in the ground is thoroughly settled and warm. fall, and the vines able to mature a small More seeds are said to germinate; and a better set to be obtained.

DRAINING.-Never lose night of the advantages which thorough draining brings the trellis for winter. In the spring of the with it; and plan all changes and culture third year; one or more shoots will start with a view to a systematic withdrawal from each of the joints in the base vines.

of the water from the subsoil at the earling Reports of these should be allowed to est opportunity.

GRAIN FIELDS, if backward, may be enconraged by a good dusting with plaster, and by the application of Chili saltpeter, or sulphate of ammonia.

HEDGE ROWS AND FENCE CORNERS. HEDGE ROWS AND FENCE CORNERS.

It you disturb these nurseries of weeds at of these upright vines. Only two of the this season, your stock of certain vile sorts best should be allowed to grow; the rest man run out. But if all brush and weeds should be pinched off when in blossom; be cut up clean, the ground plowed and planted with potatoes, with no manure but lime plowed in, and perhaps ashes in the hill, and if it be kept well tilled until The ground should be well tilled, and evthe vines cover the ground, the weeds withbe very likely to disappear.

Mowings.—The grass crop is worth much more in the aggregate than any other staple product of the United States .-Use every means to increase it. Light dressings of salt, ashes, plaster, bone dust, refuse saltpeter, liquid manure, etc., often

add greatly to the crop.
PARSNIPS.—Sow for field culture in rich, deep soil, in drills 20 inches apart, and drop the seeds 2 inches apart in the drills, to be subsequently thinned to two plants to the running foot. A very valuable food for milch cows coming in in the spring, before grass starts, and during winter. They require no storage, and they keep well in the soil, and can be dug for use whenever the frost is out of the ground.

Prowing.—If possible, deepen the soil by running the plow an inch deeper than before, and subsoil when practicable.-Thus you save your crops from the worst effects of drought.

Pumpkins .- The corn-field is not the only place on the farm well prepared 3. feet in diameter, on sunny, stony hinks, or in spots where the grass cannot be cut; and cultivation of other crops is difficult, much good fruit may be the They do well by themselves in hills 5 to

with a good drill, in rows two feet apart, Have the seeds dropped thickly, and af terward thin mangel wurtzels to 8 inches, and sugar beets to 6 inches apart, at least. The sowing of Rutabagas may well be deterred to the first until the middle of June.

SHEEP.—Give early lambs generous diet, to have them ready for the butcher by green-pea time. Where sheep will not do serious injury to the grass by feeding it off close too early, they will gnaw down the bushes very thoroughly, and thrive

Swine.- Keep as many as can be quartered comfortably in a pen under cover, to work over sods, muck or peat, weeds, &c., supplied every few days; encourage them to work diligently by dropping handsfull of corn into holes made by a crow bar. There will be little or no corn wasted. Working hogs should not be "rung" or "tamed" till fatting.

Tools:-Numerous valuable improvements in farm implements have been brought out recently. To be able to designate all the best, one would have to deyote himself entirely to their study, or be liable to do great injustice. Farmers must to a considerable extent, investigate and decide for themselves.

#### Culture of Tomatoes.

The following, which we copy from the Culturist, will possess an interest to agriculturists and gardeners who peruse our

"There is a diversity of opinion in regard to the culture of tomatoes. Some prefer to allow the vines to cover the ground at will; others prefer trellises or frames. The French method is as follows: As soon as, a cluster of flowers in visible. they top the stem down to the cluster, so that the flowers terminate the stem. The effect is, that the sap is immediately impelled into the two buds next below the cluster, which soon push strongly, and produce another cluster of flowers each When these are visible, the branch to which they belong is also topped down to their-level; and this is done five times successively. By this means the plants become stout, dwarf bushes, not over 18 thelies high. In addition to this, all the laterale that have no flowers, and after the fifth topping, all the laterals whatsoever, are nipped off. In this way the ripe say is directed into the fruit, which sequires a beauty, size and excellence unattainable by my other means.

FAMILY DYE COLORS, with directions bow to use them, for sale by ABEL TURRELL.

#### Oultivation of Grases.

The year the vines are set out the land should be planted with some low crop, if grow from each root. The vine receiving

TRAINING. The two vines are trained each way on yond the second leaf. If the land is in with where clover has been sown after the crop of fruit the next year. The last of November these vines should be cut back to the lower wire, and the vines left on Enough of these should be allowed to grow to fill the trellis, say one foot apart, and all the rest rubbed off. These are tied from time to time to the upright rods through the summer, and the laterals pinched off beyond the second leaf. Two the laterals should be pinched off at the same time; this causes the fruit to set full, and makes the bunches large and compact. erything done at the right time through the summer. This will insure a small crop of six gounds of fine fruit to each vine.

#### Transplanting Evergreens.

Evergreens may yet be planted; indeed they should never be transplanted in this latitude until May. It is advisable to look for choice selections early in the season; thus securing handsome specimens for ornament, as well as well-grown stocks for groups and hedges. But they should not be transplanted until all fruit tree planting is done with. Choose, if possible, a wet or cloudy day, in the latter part of May. The reason is that they do not commence their new growth until quite late, and it has been found by experience that they succeed best if removed when the first active circulation of sap takes place and the buds are being well developed. One important reason-probably the most important-why so many evergreens have died after planting, is that they were set out too early in the season.

Never set them in the fall, for they are apt to perish in severe winters. Soil for evergreens should be strong-

say a porous, gravelly soil, enriched with leaf-mold. Shallow planting and surface with peat, or with vegetable mold form the best compost for the purprse.

moist until transplanted.

PLANT TREES .- We would urge upon our readers the expediency of planting trees. They will grow up to bless you. Make good selections, and plant where-ever you have spare ground. In this section of country the number of fruit, shade and ornamental trees that have been planted within the last few years has been large, but there is still roam for improving and beautifying in this respect. Farmers, mechanics, laborers, everybody set out trees.

#### SOLDIERS' BOUNTY PENSIONS, And Back Pay

THE undersigned LICENSED AGENT OF THE GOVERN-MENT, will give proups attention to all claims intra-ted to his care. No charge unless successful. Hontrose, Aug. 25, 63.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL J. W. Burgess Penn Avenue,

SCRANTON, Popp'a. HOPE GOLD COMPANY. MINES-"GOLD DIRT LODE," GILPIN COUNTY

Capital 80,000 shares, \$25 each.

JOHN EVANS; Colorado. GEO. W. GRAFFLIN, Balti re E. H. SILDO, New York. HERMANN FONES, N. Y. J. H. S. Comp. New York. R. Compact, White, N. Y. J. Will. Molley, New York. M. C. TYLER, New York. S. G. Arnold, Providence, R. I.

President—His Excellency JOHN EVANS, Governor of Colorado Territory.
Vice-Presidents—Hon. S. G. Arrond, Dr. P. H. Jund. Tressurer—Walter E. Lawton.
Secretary—J. P. Davies.
Office No. 25 Clin street, New York.

## ERIE RAILWAY.

CHANGE of hours, commencing Monday, Feb. 29th 1864: Trains willleave Great Hend, Ps., at about the following hours, siz:

WESTWARD BOUND. | BASTWARD BOUND. WESTWARD BOUND.

1. Bundle Express, 200 p.m.

2. Night Express, 200 p.m.

3. Night Express, 200 p.m.

4. Night Express, 123 p.m.

5. Mail, at 7. 1257 p.m.

10. Chicknest 6.55 p.m.

11. Way Ereight, 1257 p.m.

20. Wey Freight, 1002 a.m.

21. Actomodation 5.13 a.m.

21. Actomodation 5.13 a.m.

21. Actomodation 5.13 a.m.

22. Wey Freight, 1002 a.m.

23. Actomodation 5.13 a.m.

24. Actomodation 5.13 a.m.

25. Chickness 5. 125 p.m.

26. Supplement of the control of the co

DR. D. A. LATHROP. OFFICE, Fost, Cooper & Co's eld Banking House.

Surgerylin particular. EF Reference 30 years expartners. Boards at the Keyatone Hotel.

Montrose, May, 1869.

### The Montrose Democrat,

PUBLISHED ON THURSDAYS, AT MONTROSE, SUSQUEBANNA COUNTY, PA., BY A. J. GERRITSON. AT 81,50 PER ANNUM STRICTLY IN ADVANCE. Where payment is not made in advance, 30, and all recounts collected, will be at the rate of \$2,50 a year.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of \$1 for each aquatoof tenlines, or less, solid space, three times and \$5 cents for each sabsequent insertion. Yearly advertisers allowed usual changes, at \$40 for a column. BLANKS kept for sale and printed to order.

#### JOB PRINTING done in good style on short notice: **SOLDIERS** PENSIONS, BOUNTY, AND BACK PAY.

THE undersigned LEENSED AGENT OF THE GOV-ERNMENT, wil give prompt attention to all claims entrasted to his care Charges low, and infor-mation EF FREE. Montrose, Jan. 14, 1864.

# \$225. SEVEN DETAVE \$225

GROVESTEEN & CO. 149 Broadway, N.Y. NEW, ENBARGED SCALL PLANG-FORTES, with TEW. ENPARGED SCALE PIANC-FORTES, with a sil latest improvement.

Thirty years' experience, with greatly increased facilities for manufacturing, snahe us to sell for CASH at the above unusually low prize. Our instruments received the highest award at he World's Fair, and for five successive years at the american institute. Warranted five years. Terms are cash. Call or send for descriptive circular.

[March 17—3m

#### WM. H. CODPER & CO.

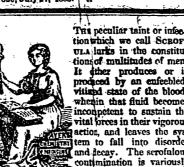
Thompson's "Black Star" Line of Liverpod Packets.

DEESONS wishing to seld for their friends in the old country, can purchase issage tickets by the above line from the subscribers.

Also, Drafts on Ireland for sale in sums to suit.

WM. H. COPER & CO., Bankers.

Montrose, July 17, 1863.



tion which we call Scror ULA lurks in the constitu-It either produces or is produced by an enfeebled, vitiged state of the blood, when in that fluid becomes incorpetent to sustain the incompetent to sustain the vital press in their vigorous action, and leaves the sys-tem to fall into disorder and lecay. The scrofulous

continuation is variously caused by mercurial discuss, low living, disordered discussion from unhealthy food, impure air, filth and injury-habits, the depressing tices, and, above all, it his senercal infection. Whatever be its origin, t is hereditary in the constitution, descending "from arents to children unto the third and fourth gentation;" indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him the says. "I will visit the iniquities of the fathers non their children." The diseases which it originates the children. nates take various names, according to the organs t attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tuber t attacks. In the lungs, Scrofula produces tuberjes, and finally Consumption; in the glands, swellags which suppurate and become ulcerous sores;
in the stomach and bowels, derangements which
aroluce indigestion, dyspepsia, and liver complaints;
in the skin, cruptive and cutaneous affections.
These all having the same origin, require the same
emety, viz., purification and invigoration of the
lood. Purify the blood, and these dangerous disinvers leave you. With feeble, foul, or corrupted
lood, rou cannot have health; with that "life of
the flesh," healthy, you cannot have scrofulous
is-case. li-case.

is compounded from the most effectual antidotes has medical science has discovered for this afflict-plaints, is indisputably proven by the great multitade of publicly known and remarkable cures it has made of the following diseases: King's Evil or Glandular Swellings, Tumors, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches and Sores, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Coughs from tuberculous deposits in the lungs, White Swellings, Debility, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Syphilis and Syphilitic Infections, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses, and, indeed, the whole series of complaints that arise from impurity of the blood. Minute reports of individual cases may be found in Ayen's American Almanac, which is furnished to the druggists for gratuitous distribution, wherein may be learned the directions for its use, and some of the remarkable cures which it has made when all other remedies had failed to afford relief. Those cases are purposely taken from all sections of the country, in order that every reader may have access to some one who can speak to him of its benefits from personal experience. Scrottle depresses the vital energies, and thus leaves its vic tims far more subject to disease and its fatal results than are healthy constitutions. Hence it tends to shorten, and does greatly shorten, the average dura-tion of human life. The vast importance of these considerations has led us to spend years in perfect. ing a remedy which is adequate to its cure. This we now offer to the public under the name of we now offer to the public under the name of Ayer's Sarsaparita, although it is composed of ingredients, some of which exceed the best of Sarsaparilla in alterative power. By its aid you may protect yourself from the suffering and danger of these disorders. Purge out the foul corruptions that rot and fester in the blood, purge out the causes of disease, and vitorous health will follow. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus excels the distributers. By its peculiar virtues this remedy stimulates the vital functions, and thus expels the distempers which lark within the system or burst out on any part of it.

We know the public have been deceived by many

compounds of Sarsaparilla, that promised much and did nothing; but they will neither be deceived not disappointed in this. Its virtues have been proven by abundant trial, and there remains no question of its surpassing excellence for the cure of the afflicting diseases it is intended to reach. Although under the same name, it is a very different medicine from any other which has been before, the people, and is far more effectual than any other which has ever been available to them.

#### AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. The World's Great Bemedy for Coughs, Colds, Indipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumption, and patients in edvanced sta-

This has been so long used and so universally known, that we need do no more than assure the public that its quality is lept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do all it has ever done.

Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Practical and Analytical Chemist Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists everywhere, and by

A. TURRELL, Montrose, and by one trader in every town in the county. may19 cwly | ces of his goods.

#### NEW FIRM. BALDWIN & ALLEN, AGAIN!

WEST SIDE OF PUBLIC AVENUE, DEALERS IN

FLOUR, FEED, SALT Garden Seeds, Wheat, Clover, Timothy & Flax Seed,

Peas, Lard, Candles, PORK, HAMS, DRIED BEEF Fish, Smoked Halibut,

Syrups. Molasses and Sugars, TEAS, COFEEE, SPICES, BROOMS AND NAILS.

Cash Paid for Butter. A. BALDWIN, WM. L. ALLEN. Montrosc, April 14, 1864

"THE FAMOUS BARBER."

Come and see the famous Barber,
Famous Barber, late of Hayti.
Late of Hayti, now at Wilson's.
Now at M. 8. Wilson's Store Boom,
Find me shaving and shampooing,
Find me cutting hair to suit you,
Find me ready at your service,
At your service,
CHARLEY MORRIS.
Montrose, Oct. 15, 1863.

GEO. P. LITTLE. LICENSED Gevernment Agent for collecting BACK PAY, PENSION CLAIMS. &C All claims intrusted to my care will be attended to romptly. No charge unless successful. Montrose, March 10, 1864.—3m

FLUID

AND Seed Wheat. FOR SALE BY

BALDWIN, ALLEN & BARNHART,

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TERLING'S AMBROSIA, for restoring Hair ABEL TURKELL. THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.—Published for the benefit, and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from nervous Debility, premature decay of Manhood, etc., supplying at the sametime, the means of self-cure. By one who has cared himself after being put to great injury and expense through medical humbug and qunckery.

By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., may 25—1yic Bedford, Kings County, N. Y.

## SOLDIERS' BOUNTY, PAY, AND PENSION OFFICE.

Over the Post-Office. Montrose, Pa. BEING duly authorized to prepare the necessary pa-pers for all applications for Soldiers, and the wid-ows, parents, heirs and children of deceased Soldiers, for

Bounty, Back-pay & Pensions, will attend to that business for the sum of "TWO DOLLARS"

for each claim—this to cover all expenses, including Justices' fees, Clerk's Certificates, and Postage. This is about one-third the sum usually charged for This is about one-turn the sum assum, considered will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

FRANKLIN FRASER.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Claim Agent.

Montrose, Oct. 22, 1888.



SCRANTON, Pa., Wholesale & Retail Dealers in

#### HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, SPIKES, SHOVELS, BUILDER'S HARDWARE.

MINE RAIL, COUNTERSUNK & T RAIL SPIKES.

RAILROAD & MINING SUPPLIES.
CARRIAGE SPRINGS, AXLES, SKEINS AND BOXES, BOLTS, NUTS and WASHERS, PLATED BANDS, MALLKABLE IRONS, HUBS, SPOKES, FELLOES, SEAT SPINDLES, BOWS, &c.

IVILS, VICES, STOCKS and DIES, BELLOWS HAMMERS, SLEDGES, FILES, &c. &c. CULAR AND MILL SAWS, BELTING, PACKING TACKLE BLOCKS, PLASTER PARIS CEMENT. HAIR & GRINDSTONES. Prench window glass, leather & findings. PAIRBANK'S SCALES.

Sctanton, March 24, 1868. 1y

#### PENSION Examining Surgeon!

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Commissioner of Pensions, a MEDICAL EXAMINER at large, to examine and give certificates to all entitled to Pensions, will attend to all applications that may be presented to him, at Montrose, Pa. Rooms at J. S. Tar bell's Hotel,

Montrose, April 6, 1863,—tf

#### TO THE PUBLIC. ABEL TURRELL

Has recently received, and is constantly receiving new supplies of COODS, in the respective departments of trade in which he is engaged, embracing everything, with few exceptions.—He tenders his eincere thanks to those who have favored bin, with their patronage, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favors. The public are respectfully invited to call at his Store; and examine qualities and prices of his goods.

# @00DS!

Ever offered in Susquehapna County, and probably comprising the greatest variety or most different articles of any Store in the Northern part of Pennsylvania; and perhaps of the entire Stafe. An assortment is kept in about thirty different branches of trade, and the selections are made from about forty of the best Houses in New York, and more than fifty Dealers and Manufacturers out of New York. A large probottion of the Goods are brought direct from the manufacturers, thus insuring genuine articles. Customers on entering the Store must not expect to find everything in sight, but nearly every article wanted will be produced by inquiry. Some idea of the Stock may be formed by the following general outline, but enumeration is impracticable, "I'v Drugs, and Medicines, Paints and Oils. Dye Stuffs, Groceries, Liquiors, Trockery, Glass Ware, Wall and Window Paper, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Perfumery, Eancy Goods, Miscal Instruments, Brushes, American Pocket Knives, Table Cutlery and Silver Plated Ware, Lamips, Materials for Lights, Hardware, Bed Cords, Stone Ware, Dry Goods, Microns, Window Glass, Lithographs. Variables, Bird Cages, Spectacles, Whips, and Lahes, Brooms, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition, Tobacco, Medicaland Surgical Instruments, Balt, Boap, Potash, Umbellas, Porcelain Teath, in short, nearly everything, to restore the sick, to please the taste, to delight the eye, to gratify the fancy, and also to conduce to the real and substantial comforts of life.

The attention of the public is respectfully invited to my stock of Goods, burght exclusively for cash down, and will be sold on the same principle for low prices.

ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, January 1st, 1863.

Montrose, January 1st, 1863. New Goods A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED,

and will be sold LARGE REDUCTION from April prices.

ENTIRE STOCK

37 This Reduction will include the

#### which will be found as large as usual, and will be sold on THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS

For CASH!

or for PRODUCE. H. BURRITT, New Milford.

#### KEYSTONE HOTEL At Montrose, Pa. Wm. K, HATCH, Proprietor.

THIS new and commodious Hotel is situated on Public HHIS newand commodious Hotelis situated on Public Avenue, near the Court House, and nearly in centre of the business portion of Montrose. The Proprietoris confident that he is prepared to entertain guests in a way that cannot fail to give ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

The Hotel and Furniture are new, and no expense has been spared to render it equal if not superior to any in this part of the State. It is well supplied with all recent improvements and comforts, and obliging waiters will always be ready to respond to the call of customers.

The Stables connected with this house are new and convenient.

The Proprietor respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends, travellers, and the public generally.

WM. K. HATCH

# Rail·road

THE PASSENGER TRAIN

LEAVES Great Bend at 7.40 a. m., after the arrival at 4.6.30 a. m., of the Cincinnati Express from the west, connecting at Scranton, where it arrives at 10.10 a. m., with a train on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Hailroad, for Pittston, Wyoming Valley, Kingston and Wilkesbarre, and by omnibps with the Delaware and Hudson rathroad at Providence, for Olyphantand Carbondale. At Hope station, this train connects by omnibus with the Belvidere Delaware Railroad for Phillipsbury. Trenton and Philadelphia At New Hempton bus with the Belvidere Delaware Railroad for Phillipsburg. Trenton and Philadelphia. At New Hampton Junction, where it arrives at 2.25 p. m., the same train connects with trains on the Central Road of New Jersey for Elizabeth. Newark. New York. Easton. Bethlebem, Allentown, Mauch Chuuk, Reading and Harrisburg.—Passengers by this train arrive in New York at 5.50, 40 Philadelphia at 8.00, and in Harrisburg at 8.10.

The train leaving foot of Cortland street. New York, at 8.00 a, m., and foot of Wainut street, Philadelphia, at 6a. m., connecting with the Passenger train of this road, leaving New Hampton Junction at 11.20 a, m., and arriving at Scratton at 4.02 p. m., where it cornects with a train on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad, and with the omnibus running to the Delaware and Hudson Bailroad.

tailroad.
This train arrives at Great Bend at 6.10 p. m., making a close connection with the mail train going West on the Eric Railway. AN ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

leaves Scranton at 10.10 a. m., connecting at Great Bend with the Day Express train west on the Eric Railway.—
By this train Passengers arrive at Ithaca, Syracuse, Buffalo, &c. the same day. Returning, this train leaves Great Bend at 2.20 p. m., on the arrival of the New York Express going East, and Buffalo Express going West, and arrives at Scranton at 5.30 p. m.

R. A. HENRY, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

Scranton, May 20, 1863.

#### LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD. nd after April 20, 1863, Passenger Trains will

MOVING SOUTH. Passenger. Accom. 5,30 a.m. 11,00 a.m. 6,40 Artive 12,30 p.m.

Passenger.
Leave Scranton, at 5.30 a.m.
Kingston, at 6.40 Arriv.
Rupert, at 8.55
Danville, at 9.24 a.m.
Arrive at Northumberland, 9.55 MOVING NORTH.

Northumberland 4.30 p. m. Leave " Danville,
" Rupert,
" Kingston,
Arrivest Scranton,

Arrive at Scranton, 0.10 p.m. 3.30 p.m.
A passenger train also leaves Kingston at 8.20 a. m. for Scranton to connect with train for New York. Returning, leaves Scrantou on arrival of train from New York, at 4.20 p. m. Passengers taking train South from Scrapton at 5.30 a. m., via. Northumberland, reach Harrisburg 12.30 p.m. Baltimore 8,30 p. m., Washington 10 p. m.. Via Rupert they reach Philadelphia at 7.00 p. m. GEO. B. HUNT, Sup't.

Kingston, April 18, 1863. Terrible Disclosures - Secrets for the Million.

Terrible Disclosures—Secrets for the Million.

A MOST valuable and wonderful publication. A work

A of 400 pages, and 30 colored engravings. Dr. Hunter's Vade Mecum, an original and popular treatise on
Man and Woman, their physiology, functions, and exasit disorders of every kind, with nover-failing remedies
for their speedy cure. The practice of Dr. Hunter has
long been, and still is, unbounded, but at the earnest solicitation of numerous-persons, he has been induced to
extend his medical usefulness through the medium of
his "Vade Mecum." It is a volume that should be in
the hands of every family in the land, as a proventive of
secret vices, or as a guide for the alleviation of one of
the most awful and destructive sconges that ever visited mankind. One copy, securely enveloped, will be forwarded free of postage to any part of the United States
for 50 cents in P. O; stamps, or 3 copies for \$1: Address,
post paid, Dr. Hanter, No. 5 Division street, Now York,
June 16, 1663—1y.

# REVOLVERS AND OTHER PISTOLS

CARTRIDGES, GUNS, AMMUNITION, &c. &c., for Montrose, May 18, 1663.

HOWARD Association, Philadelphia, Pall Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and saxual systems—new and reliable treatment—in Reports of the HOWARD ASSOCIATION. Sent by mail in stated letter avolopes, Ires of charge. Address Dr. J. Santain Houshton, Howard Association, No. 2 South 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

#### NOT ALCOHOLIC.

A Highly Concentrated VEGETABLE EXTRACT A PURE TONIC.

## DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S German Bitters.

PREPARED BY Dr. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pan

#### LIVER COMPLAINT DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE.

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE.

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Discuses of Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a'disordered Liver or Stomsch.

Liver or Stomach.

such

and an Accounting and the stomach, son, inward Piles,

Fulness or Blood to the Head, acidity of the stomach,
Nausca, Heartburn, Disgust for Food,
Paines or weight in the stomach, sour cructations, sinking or futtering at the fit of the Stomach, swimming of the Head, hurried and difficultations, sinking or futtering at the Accounting sensations when in alying posture,

Dimness of Vision, dots or webs before the sight, Fever and dull Parin in the Head, deficiency of perspiration,
Yellowness of the skin and
Eyes, pain in the side,
Back, Chest, Limbs,
&c. &c., audden

Finshes of
Heat,
Burning in the Flesh,
Constant Imaginings of Evil,
and great Depression of
Spirits.

And positively prevent Yellow Fever, Billious Fever, &c.
They contain

No Alcohol or Bad Whiskey!

They will cure the above diseases in 99 cases out of 100. SOMETHING TO STRENGTHEN YOU? A GOOD APPETITE! TO BUILD UP YOUR CONSTITUTION ! TO FEEL WELL!
TO GET RID OF NERVOUSNESS!

TO SLEEP WELL! A BRISK AND VIGOROUS FEELING! If you do, use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge. of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend Patent Medicines in general, thro' distrust of their ingredients and effects; I yet know of no sufficient reasons why a man may not testify to the benefits he believes himself to have received from any simple preparation in the hope that he may thus contribute to the benefit of others. I do this the more readily in regard to Hoofland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C.M. Jackson, of this city because I was prejudiced against them for many years, under the impression that they were chieffy an alcoholic mixture. I amindebted to my friend Robert Shoemaker, Esq., for the removal of this prejudice by proper tests, and for encouragement to try tnem, when suffering from great and long continued debility. The use of 3 bottles of these bitters, at the beginning of the present year, was followed by evident relief, and rectoration to a degree of boddly and mental vigor which I had not felt for 6 months before, and had almost despaired of regalning. I therefore thank God and my friend for directing me to

#### ATTENTION, SOLDIERS! And the Friends of Soldiers.

Penlad'a, June 23d, 1861.

of them. God and my friend for directing me to fithem.

J. NEWTON BROWN.

We call the attention of all having relations or friends in the army to the fact that "HOOFLAND'S German Bitters" will cure nine-tenths of the discases induced by exposures and privations incident to camp life. In the lists, published almost daily in the news papers, on arrival of the sick, it will be noticed that a very large portion are suffering from debility. Every case of that kind can be readily cured by Hoofland's German Bitters. Discases resulting from disorders of the directive organisare specially removed. We have no definal bitters. Diseases resulting from thouers of the digestive organs are speedily removed. We have no hesitation in saying that if these Bitters were freely used among our soldiers, hundreds of lives might be saved that otherwise will be lost.

We call attention to the following remarkable and well muthenticated cure of one of the nation's heroes, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters."

Put approximate Append 236, 1859

huthenticated cure of one of the nation's heroea, whose life, to use his own language, "has been saved by the Bitters:"

PHILADELPHIA, August 23d, 1862.

Messrs. Jones & Evans:—Well, gentlemen, your Hoofland's German Bitters has saved my life. There is no mistake in this. It is vouched for by numbers of my comrades, some of whose names are appended, and who were cognizant of all the circumstances of my case. I am, and have been, for the last four years, a member of Sherman's celebrated battery, and under the immediate command of Captain R. B. Ayres. Through the exposure attendant upon my ardnous duties. I was attacked in Nov. last, with inflammation of the lungs, and was for 12 days in the hospital. This was followed by great debility, heightened by an attack of dysoniery. I was then removed from the White House, and sunt to this city on board the Steamer "State of Maine." where I landed on the 28th of June. Since that time I have been about so low as any one could be and still retain a spark of vitality. For a week or more I was scarcely able to evallow anything, and if I run force a morsel down; it was immediately thrown up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and, accordingly, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though muncessfully, to rescue me from the grasp of the dread archer, frankly told me they could do no more for me, andadvieed me to see a clergyman, and it make such disjosition of my limited funds as next suited me. An acquaintance who visited me at the hospital. Mr. Frederick Steinborn, of sin below Archastred, advised me, as a forlorn hope, to 'try your Bitters, and kind them the gloomy shadow of death receded, and I am now thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but two bottles, it have gained ten pounds, and feel sanguine of being permitted to rejoin my wife and daughter, from whom I have heard nothing for 18 months; for, geniemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from vicinity of five which extrainty of li

Very truly yours, ISAAC MALONE.

We fully concur in the above statement, as we had despaired of seeing our comrade, Mr. Malone, restored to health. John Cuddeback, 1st N. Y. Battery. Geo. A. Ackley, Co. C, 11th Maine. Lewis Chevalier, 92d New York. I. E. Spencer, 1st Artillery Battery F. J. B. Faseiwell, Co. B, 3d Vermont. Henry B. Jerome, do. Henry T. McDonald, Co. C, 5th Me. John F. Ward, Co. E, 5th Maine. Herman Koch, Co. H, 72d N. Y. Nathaniel B. Thomas, F, 95th Penn. Andrew J. Kimball, A, 3d Vermont.

#### John Jenkins, B, 108th Penn. BEWARE OF COUNERFEITS.

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