

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Pennmanship.—Prof. H. B. Snyder, Teacher of Practical and Ornamental Pennmanship, will instruct a class in this beautiful and useful accomplishment, at the Free School House, in this village, commencing on Monday evening, Jan. 11. The course will consist of 12 Lessons, the Teacher furnishing materials, for \$1 50. Prof. Snyder exhibited to us some splendid specimens of his skill with the pen, and we believe he will be able to make a great improvement in his pupils. He teaches the Spencerian System.

Killed on the Ice.—We learn that a lad named Brown, residing about 3 miles north of this village, fell on the ice while playing with other boys, on Wednesday last, and almost instantly expired.

Reporting.—Drafted men in this county are now reporting at the Marshal's Office in Scranton, about sixty going down each day. The results here are about the same as in other districts. Very few men are obtained, but piles of greenbacks, the amount received by Mr. Scranton having already reached \$225,000. The examinations will close about the 18th inst.

Donation Visit.—The Friends of the Rev. J. R. Stone, will make him a Donation Visit, at his house, on Tuesday, Jan. 26, 1864, afternoon and evening. All are respectfully invited to attend. Jan. 8, 1864.

Notice.—The annual meeting of the Susquehanna County Agricultural Society will be held at the Court-house, at Montrose, on Monday evening the 18th day of January, inst.

St. Charles Hotel, Scranton.—Many of our county people, will visit Scranton during January, and we recommend all to put up at the St. Charles Hotel, on Penn Avenue. Mr. J. W. Burgess, the proprietor is an obliging, gentlemanly person, and guests will find that their wants are satisfactorily attended to. Charges moderate.

\$20 REWARD.—Will be paid for the apprehension and conviction of the person who entered my store on the night of Dec. 23d, and stole therefrom the following described property, worth \$65, (and perhaps some other small things not missed.)

One silver hunting-case watch, American style of movement, worth \$30. One silver open face cylinder escapement watch, (open face,) worth \$8. One Union Arms Co. cartridge revolver, six shot, No. 32, five inch barrel, worth \$14. One Union Arms Co. Colt's style revolver, a shot powder and ball, four inch barrel, worth \$12. To the latter he forgot to take the wrench and mould, which he can have gratis by calling and "winning up."

ABEL TUDRELL.
Montrose, Pa. Dec. 24, 1863.

To Apprentices.—The Orphans of the County of Montross, are to be adopted, three children; one girl of 12 years, one of 6, and a boy of 3. Enquire of W. W. Smith and O. N. Stodhaver.

Farm for Sale.—A Farm is offered for sale, situated in Middletown township, Susquehanna County, containing 130 acres, and 200 acres improved, together with a good house and a new barn, also a pond full of water, and a creek passes through the farm, also a mill race, and some fruit trees thereon. For particulars call on or address Samuel M. or Samuel A. Williams, at Jackson Valley.

Stockholders Meeting.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lenox & Harmony Turnpike Company, will be held on the first Monday (4th day) of Jan. 1864, at the house of Silas Howell, in Gibson, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Sewing Machines.—Save \$5.—Those wishing to purchase a first-rate Sewing Machine of the Wilcox & Gibbs or of the Finkle & Lyon patent, can hear how to buy one direct from either manufacturer, warranted as usual, at a discount of 10 or 12 per cent. from their regular prices, with reasonable credit on half the amount, by calling upon or addressing the editor of this paper.

January Court.—The regular term of Court will commence on the third Monday (18th day) of January, 1864, to continue two weeks.

GRAND JURORS.—REGULAR TERM.
Auburn: Thomas R. White.
Bridgewater: A. P. Bush.
Clifford: Richard Davis, Clerk.
Forest Lake: Gleason Denck, Hiram Coggswell.
Great Bend: Enoch Hawkins, Oliver Towbridge.
Gibson: Timothy Manzer, C. F. Fickering.
Harford: Oney Thatcher.
Jesup: S. Dewitt, John Cronk.
Johnson: Charles French.
Lathrop: Hugh Lenox.
New Milford: John W. Walker, J. A. Dig.
John Geering.
Oakland: J. W. Carrington.
Rush: Elisha Osborne.
Springville: H. G. Ely, B. F. Riskey, James Lyman.
Silver Lake: Timothy Sedgwick.

TRAVELERS' TICKETS.—SECOND WEEK OF REGULAR TERM.
Araut: David Aney.
Bridgewater: H. G. Baxter.

Brooklyn: Henry Caswell, Chat. P. Perigo, E. C. Grandall, E. P. Mack.
Chicochout: Amos Heath.
Clifford: Wm. Horton, S. Johnson.
Dimock: Geo. Blackless, C. J. Lathrop, F. M. Woodhouse.
Forest Lake: Geo. Handrick, I. Gillin.
Great Bend: A. G. Brush, S. H. Mapes, P. W. Messick, David Roosa.
Gibson: John H. Claffin, J. M. Potter.
Harford: Tyler Brewster, Ira Carpenter, Shephard Carpenter.
Herrick: Mortimer Williams.
Harmony: O. D. Weeks.
Jackson: Thomas W. Tingley.
Jesup: Joshua Gunn.
Liberty: Richard Bailey, W. M. Bailey, Daniel Dawley, J. H. Chalker.
Lenox: Ira Hine, F. T. Powers.
Lathrop: Truman Bell.
Little Meadows: E. B. Beardley, Nathaniel Deuell.
Middletown: J. W. Lewis, B. S. Canfield, Hiram True.
New Milford: H. P. Corwin, Wm. C. Ward.
Oakland: J. K. Grimes.
Rush: Oliver H. Young.
Susque Depot: Edward Carlisle, Royal Tyler.
Springville: Philander Strickland, John Tuttle.
Thomson: Sylvester King.

TRAVELERS' TICKETS.—SECOND WEEK OF REGULAR TERM.
Apolachon: O. B. Haight.
Auburn: Henry Ross, Judson E. Hibbard, Isaac Carter.
Araut: Warren Ballard.
Brooklyn: F. W. Rollis.
Bridgewater: C. W. Dayton.
Clifford: S. E. Millard, J. E. Houlston, Benj. Smith, George Graham.
Chicochout: Elkanah Chalkey.
Dimock: J. J. Wallace, Philander Cassidy.
Franklin: S. D. Tarrell, Ed. Summers.
Friendsville: John Rooney.
Great Bend: B. Johnson, George Buck.
Gibson: Jacob Dutcher.
Harford: Fowler Peck, J. L. Tiffany.
Jackson: Chasney Lamb, E. Tucker.
Lathrop: Hiram Taylor.
Lenox: R. Westcott, S. S. Benjamin.
New Milford: Charles Brush, Jere Brandt.
Rush: Worden J. B. Granger.
Springville: Jonathan Nutt, James Kasson.
Susque Depot: Oscar Barrett, M. Hale.
Silver Lake: D. J. Murphy, R. Gage.

Legal Notices.—We propose to make in this column, from week to week, a record, or brief but intelligible abstract of all legal notices printed in the county.—The Sheriff advises real estate for sale on Saturday, Jan. 16th, 1864, in the Court-house, at Montrose, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, as follows:

A house and lot in Susquehanna Depot. Suit of Henry Abel against Henry and Maria Tenny.
A tavern stand near Jackson corner. Suit of Hannah Payne against C. G. Haynes.
A lot with house and barn thereon, at Susque Depot. John B. Jones against Wm. Smith.
A lot in Susque Depot having thereon two framed dwellings, the property of L. Arnold.
A farm in Franklin containing 68 acres, mostly improved, with some fruit trees thereon. Suit of Dunmore against W. A. Smith.
All the interest of Loren Norton in a tavern stand in Lanesboro. Suit of C. Emory.
A farm of 30 acres, 30 improved, with house thereon, in Apolachon. Suit of Carmel estate against James Kennedy.
Those who buy land at Sheriff's sale must pay cash down therefor, unless a lien creditor, entitled to the money.
The Sheriff gives notice that the regular term of Court, to continue two weeks, will commence at Montrose on the third Monday (18th day) of January, 1864.
An adjourned or special Court will also be held for one week, commencing on the second Monday (11th day) of Jan.
Applications for license to sell liquor will be heard on the 18th. Robert Nichol, Loami B. Hinds, Jerome B. Very, and Daniel Hoff are advertised as intending to apply for tavern license; and Geo. Hapcraft to sell at wholesale.
All the Auditors' notices are printed in this paper, except those of A. Chamberlain, Esq. He distributes the funds of Peter Jackson's estate on Saturday, Jan. 9th, 1864; the funds of Dennis Wheeler's estate, Jan. 7th; and the funds of W. V. Hinds' estate, Jan. 8th; each at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.
Farm to Rent.—A good farm of 130 acres, with about 90 acres improved, situated in Silver Lake township, this county, is offered for rent, one year or more. It has thereon a good framed house, a barn and horse stable, a good orchard, etc., and is well watered. An excellent dairy, or grain farm. For particulars enquire of Edward Flaigan, in Silver Lake, or address him at the Montrose Post Office.

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Death of Archbishop Hughes.

John Hughes, Archbishop of New York, died at his residence in New York City, on Saturday evening, Jan. 3d, aged 67 years.

Archbishop Hughes, though of humble origin, had attained to the highest dignity of the Catholic Church on this Continent, and was universally beloved and venerated by his people, while his powerful intellect, his zeal in his sacred calling and the unquestioned purity of his life, challenged the admiration of all, no matter how they may have differed with him.

His was the controlling intellect of his church in this country. Others may have been more versed in the intricacies of church doctrine; but for the last ten or fifteen years, it has been to Archbishop Hughes that all have looked as the guiding mind, at least in all the temporalities of the church. He has held the helm with a vigor, sagacity and bold intellectual power that has overridden prejudice, and given to the Catholic Church in the United States, a wisdom of administration and a prosperity second to no other religion in this country.

Archbishop Hughes was born in Ireland, in 1798, and emigrated to this country in 1817, very soon after entering the Theological Seminary at Emmittsburg, Md. He was ordained a Priest in this city, in 1825, and for a number of years labored with great zeal among his people, founding St. John's Church in 1832; where he continued as pastor until called to more responsible duties in New York. In 1832 he had his celebration of ordination with the Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, and two years after, an oral discussion with a brother of the latter. Both the correspondence and debate were published, and excited much interest among the religious community. From this time Archbishop Hughes took a front rank as a controversialist; and in the thirty years which have since elapsed his faith has never been assailed, that it has not found in him a ready and powerful champion, maintaining to the last all the vigor of his intellect, and an almost fascinating power of argumentation. In 1837 he was appointed by the Pope coadjutor to Bishop Dubois of New York; in 1838 administrator of the diocese, and succeeded to the Bishopric in 1842, on the death of Bishop Dubois. It is needless to recount here his successful labors in the New York diocese for the next few years. All are familiar with the reforms he successfully introduced in the tenure of church property, and zeal he devoted to the correction of what he held to be an abuse in the school laws of that State. His hand was never idle. Here a college was to be founded, and there a church debt liquidated. To him labor for his church was rest; and with a firm faith in God and fight he was appalled by no obstacle, no matter how formidable.

In 1845 he visited Europe on matters connected with the church, and again in 1850, when he was raised to the dignity of Archbishop, and went to Rome to receive the pallium at the hands of the Pope. Again in 1855 he visited Rome by command of Pope Pius, to be present at the definition of the dogma of the immaculate conception. In the years which intervened between this period and 1861, Archbishop Hughes devoted fresh zeal to the affairs of his church, and projected many new church edifices, including the Cathedral in New York, which was commenced in 1858, and is designed to be the largest church edifice in America. In 1861 he visited Europe for the fourth time, on this occasion in a somewhat official capacity, and since his return, and while abroad, has labored earnestly to avert the evils impending over his adopted country.—Philadelphia Age.

Mr. Wood's Resolutions.
The Republicans by their solid vote on the resolutions of Mr. Wood, have placed themselves in a clearly defined position. The country will not fail to understand what it means, when every Republican vote was cast against a proposition to endeavor to establish peace on the basis of reconciliation under the old laws, and with all the rights belonging to the States under the old Union. It is to be observed that there is not in these resolutions the slightest hint at recognition of the Confederacy, or separation of the territory of our country; but the proposition was for negotiation, to the end that "the Union be restored upon terms of equality, fraternity and equality, under the Constitution." This the Republicans have declared by their votes, they are opposed to. They have voted that they don't want the Union restored—they don't want equality—they don't want fraternity—they don't want the Constitution; therefore they do desire disunion, injustice, fraternal hate, inequality and no Constitution. Is it possible, after such a declaration, they can, as heretofore, deny or pervert these sentiments?

Federal Disaster.
Cincinnati, Jan. 7.—A despatch dated Cumberland Gap, January 6th, says an overwhelming force under Sam Jones, made a descent last Sunday upon a small body of our troops, stationed near Jonesville, Va., consisting of about two hundred and eighty of an Illinois regiment, commanded by Major Biers, and eighteen men of Neill's Ohio Battery. A desperate resistance was made, continuing for 7 A. M. to 3 P. M., and was followed by casualties on the field amounting to 30 killed and a like number wounded. We also lost one gun belonging to Neill's battery, and two small howitzers. The attacking force numbered about four thousand men. The force captured were guarding the key to a region of country which was our main reliance for flour.

THE 41st CONGRESS!

From the moment the 41st Congress convened, it has been the object of the friends of the Union to see that the course of the country should be a course of reformation. But when the corpse of a soldier is sent home from the field or hospital, the friends have to pay the expenses, amounting to five or ten hundred dollars. This looks bad at first sight, but when we reflect that a corpse can't vote, it is not so surprising after all. These reflections are suggested by the fact that a poor laboring man, a friend of ours, has been compelled to pay over a hundred dollars for the transportation of the remains of his son, while his neighbor's son was sent home alive, at the expense of "Government," for the purpose of voting.

—Mr. Colfax, the newly elected speaker of the House of Representatives at Washington, owes his election solely to the influence of bayonets, and not to the popular voice of the people. The hegemony of our D-law, Maryland, Kentucky, and Missouri, who were chosen, and placed there by military power, against the manifest sentiments of the people, gave him the majority.

—Never before in the history of this country has a considerable portion of the American sympathized with despotism and given their moral influence against a people struggling for liberty. We have been the friends of Poland, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, and of all the oppressed nationalities. Now we are placed in the attitude, through our Republican Administration, of sympathizing with the Russian despot against one of the most gallant, but cruelly oppressed, people on the globe—a people united to us by the strongest ties of Revolutionary associates, who sent their Kosciuszko and Pulaski and others to aid us in the dark days of 1770, and who under Washington, poured out their blood for our cause.

—An unwise bill, to allow any one to change his name as often as he chooses, has been introduced in the Vermont Legislature. Well, remarks the Providence Post, the party now calling itself "the Union" has enjoyed the privilege of changing its name once a year, or once in four or eight years, as it preferred, ever since it had an existence, and has made a good thing out of it. Why shouldn't an individual, in like manner, when he has disgraced one name, be allowed to take another?

THE WORLD.

UNION OF THE WORLD AND MEREUS.
The union of the world and mereus, is a subject which has of late years attracted the attention of the public mind. The first step towards it, was the establishment of the League of Nations, which was organized in 1864. The league was formed by the union of the various nations of the world, and its object was to promote the interests of peace and harmony among all peoples.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.
Published for the benefit, and as a warning and caution to young men who suffer from nervous debility, premature decay, brain disorder, etc., by the author, a person who has suffered from these troubles for many years. The work is a valuable one, and contains many interesting particulars of the author's life and experiences.

NEW JERSEY LANDS FOR SALE.—ALSO, GARDEN, OR FRUIT FARMS.
Siltate for Garden, Fruit, and Berry, Raspberry, Strawberry, Blackberries, Currants, etc. of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10 or 20 acres each, at the following prices for the present year, 25 cents per acre for \$500, 50 cents per acre for \$1,000, and so on. Payable by one dollar a year.

THE SINGER Sewing Machines.
Our LETTIE Family Sewing Machine is fast gaining a world-wide reputation. It is beyond doubt the best and cheapest and most beautiful of Family Sewing Machines yet offered to the public. While some of the other machines have so many special appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gussing, Bridging, Embroidering, Cording, and so forth, no other machine can do so much in such a simple way, and with all kinds of thread, Great and recent improvements have been made in our Family Sewing Machine, making it more durable, and most certain in action at all rates of speed. It makes the interlocked stitch, which is the most perfect and secure of all stitches, and can be used for any kind of sewing.

TERMS.
Daily World, \$8 00
Semi-Weekly World, \$4 00
Single copies, per annum, \$2 00
Three months, \$1 00
Five months, \$1 50
Ten months, \$2 50
Single copies, per annum, \$2 00
Three copies, (address on each paper), \$5 00
Four copies, \$6 00
Five copies, \$7 00
Ten copies, (all to one address), \$12 00
Clubs of 25 or more, can have a special rate. We will send an additional charge of ten cents each.

THE FIRST ARRIVAL

NEW FALL GOODS
LADIES' WEAR
DRESSING ROOMS
The goods are of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

DOMESTICS
Dresses and blouses, white, grey, black, and colored, all styles of domestic.
Men's Wear
Particular attention is called to the department of fine black French cloth and cassimere, army blue, green, and navy blue, Kentucky jeans, heavy sheep, and all the latest styles of hats, boots, and shoes.

Ladies' Wear
Hosiery, Hoods, and Leggings, Ladies' Jackets, Navy Blue, and all the latest styles of domestic.
GROCERIES
Sugar, brown, yellow and white, at prices not to be equalled. Japan, Black, and Green Tea, of the very best quality, coffee, spices, ginger, snuff and tobacco, EREDA, and all the latest styles of domestic.

Crockery, Oil, Lamps, Glass, etc.
Crockery of all kinds, hardware and nautical, glass, oil, lamps, and all the latest styles of domestic.
BOOTS AND SHOES
Men's kip and heavy boots, boys and girls' bright heavy boots, children's copper faced shoes, ladies' gaiters and mosquito shoes, ladies' balloon shoes, ladies' all the latest styles of domestic.

TO DAIRYMEN.
I have constantly on hand a supply of butter, etc. Charge for pails and cash for butter, Action Salt for sale.
Produce taken in Exchange
Montrose, Sept. 21, 1863.
J. R. DAYTON.

WM. H. COOPER & CO.
AGENTS FOR
Thompson's "Black Star" Line of
Liverpool Packets.
Persons wishing to send for their friends in the country, can purchase passage tickets by the above line from the subscribers. Also, Agents for sale in suits to suit.
Montrose, July 17, 1863.
WM. H. COOPER & CO., Bankers.

PENSION Surgeon
The subscriber having been appointed by the Commissioner of Pensions, a Medical Examiner, he is prepared to examine and give certificates to all entitled to Pensions. He will attend to all applications that may be presented at his office, at Montrose, Pa. He has no fee, but will be pleased to attend to the sick and wounded at the Soldiers' Hospital.
Montrose, April 6, 1863.—J. E. PATRICK.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS!
A full and complete edition of our National and Foreign News, at the lowest prices.
VICTORY!
A full and complete edition of our National and Foreign News, at the lowest prices.

WILL SOON BE WON!
For the following good reasons: First, no large stock of goods can be sold at such low prices.
Winter Shawls, Dress Goods, Silk and Cloth Cloaks, BONNETS!
In every variety of style, color, and price, from 25 cents upwards.
Domestics, Prints, MILLINERY GOODS,
We desire to call attention to the fact that we can compete with any firm in this part of the country. In prices, styles, or quality. For all of the above we wish the public to draw on us as **EXCEEDINGLY LOW FIGURES CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods**
Of which we are the sole manufacturers.
REASONABLE TERMS!
A suit of cloth which may be used for getting married, or for a Bachelor's Regiment. We guarantee a good suit and a well-made article, having the most extensive stock of goods on hand.
We call particular attention to those who know themselves in affairs with us to come and pay up, as we need the funds to carry on our business. We are so friendly of good credit, and believe in the saying "Short Settlements make good friends."
Yours truly,
Guttenberg, Rosenbaum & Co.
MONTROSE, Dec. 31, 1863.

THE FIRST ARRIVAL
NEW FALL GOODS
LADIES' WEAR
DOMESTICS
Men's Wear
Ladies' Wear
GROCERIES
Crockery, Oil, Lamps, Glass, etc.
BOOTS AND SHOES
TO DAIRYMEN.
Produce taken in Exchange
WM. H. COOPER & CO.
Thompson's "Black Star" Line of Liverpool Packets.
PENSION Surgeon
THE LATEST WAR NEWS!
VICTORY!
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