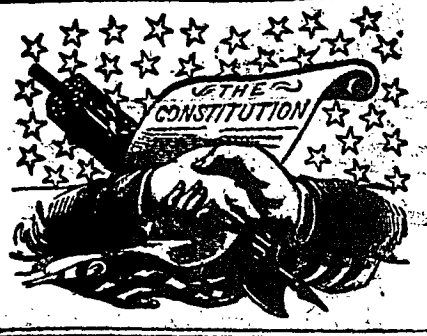


Montrose Democrat.



A. J. GERRITSON, - Editor.

Thursday, Nov. 12th, 1863.

It is a note-worthy fact that there is a heavy increase in the Democratic vote this year, everywhere—the increase coming mostly from the honest Republicans who have pulled the wool from off their eyes, and got them open.

Discouraging Enlistments.

The policy of the administration has a direct and powerful tendency to prevent men volunteering for the war, and from entering the ranks when drafted.

1. Democratic soldiers, generally, are not allowed to receive Democratic papers in their camps, but if they read papers at all, are obliged to read abolition sheets which misrepresent the political issues, and denounce them and their friends at home as traitors.

2. Soldiers are required to endorse abolition politics, or they are often refused promotion or honorable positions taken from them for party reasons, and even a vote has been made an excuse for actual punishment.

3. When election day comes, Republicans can go home to vote, and visit twenty days, but Democrats must stay behind to do the extra duty thus required, and perhaps be butchered by the enemy.

4. When the elections are carried for the abolition party by their frauds, all the men are ordered to endorse the result by cheering for it.

5. Democrats are informed that defeat on the battle-field will be welcomed gladly if a party victory can be thereby won by the abolition or negro-equality party; and so our army is used for party ends, and the war prolonged.

New Jersey was the only Democratic State able to successfully resist the shameful means resorted to by the War Department to overcome the popular will. The Legislature is two-thirds Democratic.

Mr. B. Parke requests us to state that the abbreviation of his address, in this paper, was done without his direction.

How Soldiers are Treated.

A Soldier in the 3d Pa. Reserves sent a letter to the Easton Argus, dated Oct. 10th, from which we make the following extract:

"The way matters have been managed here in the army is an outrage and a disgrace to the country. Secret meetings have been held by the Republican officers in this Regiment to learn the politics of the men they had under their command, and none were allowed to go home except those who were willing to pledge themselves to vote for Curtin, and those disappeared from here in the night.

War Gazette—Official.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—To Col. Robt. Ugent, A. A. Provost Marshal General, N. Y.

The State receives the same credit for a man who has paid commutation as if the drafted citizen had gone in person or furnished a substitute, and in like manner towns which have raised the money to pay their quotas received the same credit, and the President has ordered that every citizen who has paid the \$300 commutation money shall receive the same credit, and is exonerated from military service for the time for which he was drafted, or for three years.

Luzerne is Woodward's native county, and Curtin is from Centre county. Three years ago Curtin had 341 majority in Centre, and was beaten in Luzerne by only 354.

Most of those who owe us are our friends—profess to be, and are sincere. But now we are drafted, and ask our friends to settle their accounts with us, and pay what may be due.

But one may think me \$1.50 will make no difference, and neglect to send it. Let such remember that \$1.50 from each of 200 men, amounts to \$300 and gives a conscript his liberty for three years—a very desirable thing, just now.

From the 1st Pa. Artillery.

Head Qrs, Bat'y F, 1st Pa. Art'y, P. R. V. C., camp near Warrenton, Va., Nov. 3d, 1863.

Editor Democrat.—I have been looking over the Montrose Republican, and I see that the editor of that paper has the face to condemn the best man we ever had at the head of an army, from the time of Washington to the present day; and I ask the people to read what an old soldier has to say about Gen. Geo. B. McClellan; one who has fought under him from the time he entered the army, to the time he was relieved. I wish to ask the Republican editor if he would be willing to come into the field and fight for the liberty he now enjoys, and which he has enjoyed heretofore?

I will now tell you an incident that happened at the battle of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, which I know to be a fact. When the 1st division of the 11th corps broke and ran, the commander gave the order, "stand to your colors, boys, Gen. McClellan is fighting this battle,"—and they rallied around their colors and went into the fight like men—

P. S.—A copy of the Democrat would be a welcome guest to the Company.

The number of Union commissioned officers confined in the Richmond prisons now is nine hundred and sixty-four, viz: one Brigadier-General, Lieut Dow; fourteen Colonels, twenty-five Lieutenant Colonels, twenty-seven Surgeons, fifty-three assistant Surgeons, twenty-eight Majors, two hundred and forty-six Captains, two hundred and sixty-four First Lieutenants, two hundred and ninety-seven Second Lieutenants, and nine naval officers.

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The whole vote polled in this state last year was 434,750. This year it was 523,667, making an increase in the vote from last year of 88,917 votes. All over the country there were changes in favor of the democratic party.

Attempted Assassination.

"On Saturday night an attempt was made to take the life of Daniel Kaine, Esq., at Uniontown, Fayette county. Mr. K. was about to enter his house, and had inserted the key for the purpose of opening the door, when some unknown person fired a pistol at him, the ball striking him on the upper part of the lip, and cutting through the end of the nose.

Mr. Kaine is not only well known throughout the western part of the state, but throughout the Commonwealth as an able, energetic and intrepid defender of the Constitution, which is now assailed by the dominant party in the state and nation.

Gov. Curtin has at last issued a proclamation, in accordance with the President's call for 300,000 volunteers.—Why the abolitionists are just now showing so much indisposition in urging volunteering we do not understand.

The New York Commercial, Republican, discusses "what has been gained by the Army of the Potomac," in the course of which it says:

"It is, of course, a reason for congratulation that Washington is safe; but it would have gratified the country vastly more, had that safety been secured by the peril of Richmond, or the destruction of the rebel army. We no longer expect miracles. But and it does not strike us an unreasonable demand the country does, ask that the authorities who are entrusted with the management of its military affairs should display an energy and skill commensurate with the means placed at their disposal.

All this says the New York Express, sounds very much like a "Copperhead" criticism. The truth is, the Administration is exhausting itself in political elections, and not in prosecuting the war for legitimate objects.

The following has been published extensively, and it has not been denied by any of the organs of the War Department, we presume it must be true:

"Last Wednesday, Mr. Covode of Pennsylvania, introducing one of the successful candidates at the recent election in Pennsylvania, to Secretary Stanton, in the War Office, made some congratulatory remarks on the success of the Republicans in that state.

It was the absence of these 30,325 voting soldiers that enabled the rebel Lee to drive back General Meade's army to the defenses of Washington, and destroy the railroad from the Rapidan to Manassas.

The army, as managed by this unscrupulous administration, is the most efficient of all their party instruments.—Shoddy and official patronage are bagatelles in comparison. Democratic citizens, inspired by patriotic devotion, have eagerness rushed into the army by scores of thousands, where they are completely in the power of the President, and are treated by him as a spider treats the flies he entices into his web; while their Republican comrades are sent home to vote.

Developments made by the agent of the War Department in Kentucky and Ohio shows that the Government has been swindled to the amount of millions in contracts for horses, mules, forage and other army supplies.

Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Salutaris is far superior to super carbonate of soda, and may be used in the same manner, with cream tartar, and for all other purposes where soda is used.

Gen. Rosecrans.

The administration may have reasons for its treatment of Gen. Rosecrans, but that he is cowardly, corrupt, imbecile, which some of the abolition papers are charging him with being, is shamefully untrue.

We begin to believe the charge made by Wendell Phillips, that the present administration is but a committee to superintend the next Presidential election. As soon as an officer in the army begins to attract popular attention, away he goes; and immediately the cue comes from Washington to the abolition press 'trot' out the country to crush him with detraction.

Gov. Parker, of New Jersey, who has been called a copperhead and southern sympathizer by the abolition press, is out in a stirring proclamation to the people of his state, calling upon them to respond to the President's call for more troops.

"I earnestly call upon all citizens of this state to use every effort to raise these troops. The time for work is short, but if the people of New Jersey, who have hitherto never faltered in the discharge of duty, will, unitedly, and in the proper spirit, at once enter upon it, with the determination not to fail, they will succeed.

Is this the language of a traitor to his country? Or are the men who have so charged him and Governor Seymour and all Democrats, base and malignant liars.

President Lincoln has just issued a call for 300,000 volunteers to put down a wicked rebellion against the Union, the Constitution and the laws. Forney's Press is doing its utmost to impede enlistments. It declares that "we want no soldiers under our banner whose sentiments are" such as those uttered by Gen. McClellan, who is "in favor of the prosecution of the war with all the means at the command of the loyal states until the military power of the rebellion is destroyed."

What Makes a Bushel. The following table of the number of pounds of various articles to make a bushel, may be of interest to some of our readers:

- Wheat, fifty pounds.
Corn, shelled, fifty-six pounds.
Rye, on the cob, seventy pounds.
Corn, fifty-six pounds.
Oats, thirty-two pounds.
Barley, forty-six pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-two pounds.
Irish potatoes, fifty pounds.
Sweet potatoes, fifty pounds.
Onions, fifty-seven pounds.
Beans, sixty pounds.
Bran, twenty pounds.
Clover-seed, sixty pounds.
Timothy-seed, forty-five pounds.
Hemp-seed, forty-five pounds.
Blue-seed, fourteen pounds.
Dried peaches, thirty-three pounds.
Flax-seed, fifty-six pounds.
Castor beans, forty-six pounds.
Dried apples, twenty-four pounds.

After exhausting a three years' army of over a million of men, and piling upon the shoulders of the nation a debt of two thousand millions, the President calls for a new army and looks forward to three years more of equally costly and destructive war.

ATTENTION DRAFTED MEN!

AFTER mature deliberation about our National and financial affairs, we have come to the conclusion

A DRAFT!

Is Actually Necessary!

Summer Shawls, Dress Goods, Silk and Cloth Cloaks, Belaines, Bareges, Ladies' Cloth, Lawns, Ginghams, Velvets, Silks, Bombazines, White Alpaca, &c., &c.

BONNETS!

Domestics, Prints, MILLINERY GOODS.

EXCEEDINGLY LOW FIGURES

CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods

REASONABLE TERMS

Register's Notice.

SOLDIERS' PENSIONS, BOUNTY, AND BACK PAY.

MILITARY EXEMPTION OFFICE,

OVER THE POST-OFFICE, MONTROSE, Penn'a.

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

FLUID

DOCT. E. L. SANDRICK.

NEW GOODS!

A general assortment of GOODS, arriving daily.

WYOMING SEMINARY AND Commercial College.

THE next term of this institution will commence on the 1st of November. Since the last fire consuming the Boarding Hall, new brick buildings have been erected and the old ones strictly renovated.

It will embrace two departments, Theoretical and Practical. The former, will be taught in the usual manner, and the latter in the most practical manner.

THE FIRST ARRIVAL OF NEW FALL GOODS! ARE TO BE FOUND AT JAMES R. DEWITT'S!

DOMESTICS.

Men's Wear.

Ladies' Wear.

GROCERIES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

TO DAIRYMEN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

ABEL TURRELL'S GOODS.

FAMILY DYE COLORS.

FLUID

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