

LATEST WAR NEWS

We have received some details from Greenbrier county in Western Virginia. Gen. Averell, with about twenty-five hundred cavalry, attacked the enemy near the celebrated White Sulphur Springs, and, after a hotly-contested fight, was compelled to fall back. The loss on each side was about thirty killed. They were, since the battle, have been heavily reinforced, and it is said contemplate a raid into the Kanawha Valley. For a week past we have had rumors of a raid, but until to day were unable to say the truth before our readers.

On Sunday morning of the 10th inst. the Confederates showed signs of retreating. The Rebels have been seen on foot by the Rebels. The Rebels have been seen on foot by the Rebels. The Rebels have been seen on foot by the Rebels. The Rebels have been seen on foot by the Rebels.

A telegram from Gen. Halleck from Fort Monroe, dated the 10th, states that when the steamer "New York" left Charleston the rebel flag was flying over Sumter, but no guns were mounted, and only a small force remained there. On the 8th an engagement took place between five monitors and the Ironsides and the batteries Beauregard and Bee, during which a shell exploded in the magazine of Moultrie, badly damaging the southwestern parapet.

An official dispatch from Gen. Gilmore at Charleston is published. An assault had been ordered for 9 o'clock in the morning of the 11th, but at 10 o'clock on the evening of the 9th the enemy commenced the evacuation of Morris Island.

This yields up Fort Wagner and Gregg and the Cumming's Point batteries. A demand was made for the surrender of Sumter, but refused.

In the evening of the tenth a storming was organized by Admiral Dahlgren for the purpose of surprising and capturing Sumter. About twenty-five boat-loads of men, under the command of Captain Stevens of the Patroon, started for the fort. A portion of them landed, and after a hard hand conflict with the garrison, were repulsed, with a loss of from seventy to eighty men.

The President declines accepting the resignation of General Burnside, wishing him to continue in command of East Tennessee.

The Richmond "Enterprise" says that the office of the Raleigh (N.C.) Standard has been destroyed by Georgia troops, and that the friends of that paper retaliated by destroying the office of the State Journal.

News has been received at Washington of the capture of Bristol, at the junction of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad and the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad. The position is important, commanding West Virginia, West Virginia, and the mountainous parts of North Carolina.

Advices from the Army of the Potomac are important. The rebels have ascended the line of the Potomac, and have fallen back on Gordonsville. On the 21st, the rebels occupied Culpeper, and it is thought that they will hold this rebel camp, which remained on the side of the Potomac, and the enemy meditated to move there, there are indications that they will be repulsed.

The continued arrival of reinforcements to the Army of the Potomac, and the fact that the rebels have been repulsed at several points, has caused the President to have to resort to the draft of men from the State of Arkansas.

The "Enterprise" says that the Confederates are evacuating Little Rock and retreating before Gen. Steele's expedition, and that they have only eight thousand strong. Gen. Grant is rapidly marching east from the Indian Territory to attack the Confederates' rear. On August 31st he captured Fort Smith, near the western State line of Arkansas, which was yielded up without resistance.

Guerrillas have made their appearance at many points on the Mississippi. They infer the stream from Helena, in Arkansas, all the way down to New Orleans. On August 31st, they fired into the steamer John Kelsey, killing and wounding fourteen persons. Opposite Napoleon, at the mouth of the Arkansas, the steamer David Tatem was fired into, and the pilot-house struck by a number of shots. All Admiral Porter's efforts cannot keep the river open.

A Federal expedition on a steamer sent lately up Higgins Creek, near Yorktown, met with a serious reverse. The boat was fired upon by guerrillas, and so injured as to be compelled to put back. Captain Hilditch was mortally wounded on Saturday night last the cavalry forces of the Army of the Potomac advanced in three columns, under Generals Sigel, Buford, and Kilpatrick. The attack seems to have been made for the purpose of ascertaining the movements and position of the rebel army. The cavalry corps of the Potomac army was divided into three columns, and moved on by Gen. Gregg, and meeting their resistance was broken up. On Sunday morning the rebels were again defeated by the cavalry, and they were again defeated by the cavalry, and they were again defeated by the cavalry.

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Montrose Democrat.

A. J. GERRITSON, Editor.

Thursday, Sept. 1st 1863.

Democratic State Nominations.

3881 ST. PETERS YACHT CLUB FOR GOVERNOR.

GEORGE W. WOODWARD, FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

WALTER H. LOWRIE, FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Democratic County Ticket.

GARLAND CURTIS, of Susquehanna Depot.

OWEN P. PHINNEY, of Dundaff.

ABRAHAM WALTMAN, of Aabum.

JAMES MEAD, of Friendsville.

Dr. C. C. EDWARDS, of Harford.

E. H. GAGE, of Silver Lake.

Election, Tuesday, October 13.

These States are glorious in their individuality, but their collective glories are in the Union. By all means, at all hazards, are they to be maintained in their integrity and the full measure of their Constitutional rights, for only as the Union is preserved—only so is it worth preserving. It is the perfection of the primeval compact which created the Republic, and it is the completeness of these assembled sovereignties, including nothing which they have not lent for a great purpose, that makes the Union precious. This word Union is the word of greatest omen. It implies confidence and mutual support and protection against external dangers. It is the charmed circle within which the Republic dwells. It is a man helping his fellow-man to advance in the world. It is a people helping their country to prosper. It is a people helping their country to prosper. It is a people helping their country to prosper.

We present in another column a report of the meeting on Tuesday. Our readers will doubtless feel that it is quite imperfect and incomplete, but our paper being mostly in type, time and space for filling it in more at length. The meeting could be best appreciated by those who were present, and the effect will be favorable to our cause. Let our friends carry forward the good work with untiring energy, and we will poll such a vote in Susquehanna as will make our revilers think of the good time coming when blackguards and slanderers such as they shall not dare attempt, for very shame, to sustain a tottering party by charging all others but their adherents with disloyalty.

Voters should remember that it was a Republican Judge who first decided that under our amended Constitution soldiers and others cannot vote when out of the State; and that such decision gave several fat offices to abolitionists, although the soldiers' votes had elected Democrats. It is a Republican Judge who first decided that under our amended Constitution soldiers and others cannot vote when out of the State; and that such decision gave several fat offices to abolitionists, although the soldiers' votes had elected Democrats.

A proclamation of the President assumes to declare martial law over the whole North—on the ground that it is a rebellion. It is a proclamation of the President assumes to declare martial law over the whole North—on the ground that it is a rebellion. It is a proclamation of the President assumes to declare martial law over the whole North—on the ground that it is a rebellion.

The rebels have hoisted a white flag over Fort Moultrie, and half of James Island is in their hands. Charleston must follow.

John Furber, the well known partner of H. B. Arch St. Philad., is now prepared to furnish his patrons and the public with a large and varied assortment of Finey's Rais. His stock is superb, whilst his prices are really low. Read his ad.

Native Americanism.

I am not and never have been a Native American in any political sense, any more than I am or have been a Whig, Antislavery, or an Abolitionist. The speech so often quoted against me, I am responsible for. It was introduced into the debates by a Whig reporter, in violation of the rules of that body, which required him to submit for revision before publication, and which he never did. I promptly denounced it, in the face of the Convention; as I have done many a time since as a gross misrepresentation. The Native American party itself is my witness. Seven years ago I was the caucus nominee for U. S. Senator. The county of Philadelphia was represented by Natives. They asked whether if elected by their votes, I would favor their measures for changing the naturalization laws. I answered them NO, and they threw every vote they could command against me and raised a shout of victory over my defeat.

Several weeks since Quarter Master Wilson, of Harrisburg, entered into a contract with Mr. G. G. Galt, to superintend the rebuilding of the barracks destroyed by the rebels. As soon as this fact was ascertained, several of our intemperate Republicans, with the utmost haste, started for Harrisburg, for the purpose of having the contract annulled, simply because Mr. Galt is a Democrat, and we are sorry to say that they succeeded in their patriotic mission; for a few days since an order was received from the War Department, dispensing with his services. Mr. Galt is a skillful mechanic who would have done his duty to the government, but unfortunately, he is a Democrat, and according to Republican ideas, must not be employed upon public works. What are we coming to?—Carlisle Democrat.

BEAUTES OF THE CONSCRIPTION.—In the town of Somerset, New York, which at the late State election, gave Wadsworth, for Governor, 278 votes and Seymour 68, a majority of the persons drawn are Democrats. The town of Niagara, which gave Wadsworth 268 votes, had 122 names drawn, from the box, of which 115 were Democrats and 6 Republicans. The town of Wheatfield, which is inhabited by Germans, and is almost unanimously Democratic, was placed with a town of the opposite kind in the box, and the result showed that the Wheatfield Germans had so furnish the quota for both towns. In the town of Wheatfield, which gave Wadsworth 117 majority, three-fourths of the names drawn are Democrats.

I know the Democracy of the North. I know them now in their waning strength. I do not know a possible disunionist among them all. I believe they will be as faithful to the Union now as they were in the by-gone days when their ranks were full, and their challenge to the contest was always the war-cry of victory.

For the past few days we have had serious apprehensions that Andrew G. Curtin would resign the abolition nomination. We should deplore this event, because we are anxious that the popularity of the shoddy candidate should be fairly tested at the polls. The Pittsburgh Journal, the leading administration journal in the west, recently said that he could not be elected, and based his assertion upon the fact that he was utterly unworthy of the people's confidence, on account of his known unbelief and corruption. The "Enterprise" says that such a man cannot succeed in Pennsylvania. The masses want a firm statesman, a true patriot and an honest man, and all these they have united in George W. Woodward.

Massacre by Negro Soldiers.—The "Mississippi Republican" says: We have unquestionable authority for the truth of the statement given below—horrible as it may seem. We give in the words of the writer.

On Tuesday night the 25th ult., a party of 38 negro soldiers murdered nine peaceable citizens in cold blood. The negroes got to the Hill place about 11 o'clock at night and arrested Mr. Sims and Mr. Hill. They took them with them and proceeded to Mr. Fore's, arriving there at sunrise. They arrested him and proceeded in Deer Creek. When a short distance above Mr. Fore's place the prisoners were ordered to stand on the side of the road. When Mr. Fore saw they were to be shot, he sprang into the fence; at this same instant Messrs. Sims and Hill were shot dead. Mr. Fore was shot through the shoulder. They proceeded up the creek to Mr. Clark's place, and killed him at his house. They next went to Johnson's and killed him in the presence of his wife. They then returned down the creek. Four men were murdered by these negroes before they arrived at Hill's plantation, on their way up; their names I did not learn. These black fiends are in Abraham Lincoln's army.

Negro Emancipation.—We observe that the War Department has made Fred Douglas, a negro, Assistant to the Adjutant-General; and Robert Purvis, another negro, of Philadelphia, has received a military appointment. Is it any wonder that the conservative men of all parties are disgusted with the negro-equality measures of the party in power?

Vote for Woodward, Lowrie, and Liberty.

MILITARY EXEMPTION OFFICE.

OVER THE POST OFFICE, MONTROSE, Penn'a.

THE undersigned having made arrangements to receive applications from the Draft to those entitled and having procured from the Post Office, at Montrose, the requisite forms and instructions, will attend to such business at his office in Montrose during the continuance of the draft, from Monday 6 o'clock a. m. to 10 o'clock p. m. Those desiring to exempt themselves of my services, will present themselves at my office immediately on receiving notice that they are drafted, and I assure them that in so doing they will find it to their advantage.

The patriotic republicans who destroyed the Monitor printing office in Huntingdon, in May last, have been found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$5 and costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a period of six months.

The blockade at Wilmington, it seems by a report from a correspondent, is of the worst. Several vessels have recently entered the port with immense supplies for the Confederate army, consisting of thousands of arms, shoes, clothing, and other materials for the comfort of the Southern troops. Locomotives and railroad iron have been supplied, too, in large quantities.

Do Not Waste Time! Do not trifle with your health, constitution and character. If you are suffering with any of the following diseases, try this medicine. It is a sure cure for all the above diseases, and it is a sure cure for all the above diseases. It is a sure cure for all the above diseases, and it is a sure cure for all the above diseases.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.—Published for the benefit, and as a warning, and a caution to young men who suffer from nervous debility, premature decay of vitality, and all the other symptoms of the disease, by one who has cured himself after being pined by great injury and expense through medical humbug, and who has cured himself after being pined by great injury and expense through medical humbug.

NEW JERSEY LANDS FOR SALE.—SUGAR, ORNAMENTAL, AND FRUIT FARMS. Suitable for Grapes, Peaches, Apples, Strawberries, Blackberries, Currants, etc. of 2, 5, 10 or 20 acres each, at the following prices for the present season: 20 acres for \$200, 10 acres for \$100, 5 acres for \$50. For further particulars, apply to J. B. FRANKLIN CLARK, No. 63 Nassau Street, New York.

SINGER & CO'S LETTER "A" FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, WITH ALL THE RECENT IMPROVEMENTS. In the best and cheapest and most beautiful of all sewing machines. This machine will sew anything from a running of a tuck in Tulle to the making of an Overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth down to the finest lace or Swiss muslin. It is ready to run and its work is perfect. It can sew linen, bind, gaiter, truck, quilt, and has a capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. For further information, apply to SINGER & CO., 438 Broadway, N. Y.

N. I. POST IS NOW RECEIVING FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR! Will be sold at LOWER PRICES than any DARE, CAN, or WILL sell. Goods delivered to all parts of the city. Auditor's Notice.

Auditor's Notice.—The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Susquehanna County, to make distribution of the funds of the State of Pennsylvania, in the case of the Estate of DANIEL DAVIS, deceased, do hereby give notice that he will receive all claims against the said estate, on or before the 15th day of October, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place all persons interested in the said estate, or who have claims against it, are required to appear and present their claims for settlement.

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