Local Matters.

Rough & Ready Election.

The semi-annual election of Officers of the Rough and Ready Engine Company No. 1, took place at their rooms on Monday evening, March 2nd. The following officers were elected for the ensuing term:

Foreman, E. C. Fordham; 1st Ass't, D. D. Searle; 2nd Ass't, S. G. Pache; Sec'y, B. S. Bentley, jr.; Treas'r, G. F. Fordham; Pipemen, A. P. Keeler and D. B. Turrell; Wardens, W. H. Jessup, S. H. Mulford, S. H. Sayre, H. F. Turrell.

After the "Polls" were closed, the ballots duly counted, and the results announced, the Company, by invitation of the officers elect, formed line of march for Chamberlin's Saloon, where the enemy, in shape of oysters and "good fixins" generally, were drawn up in line of battle. After some "light skirmishing" by the advance corps, supported by the veteran "honorary's," the enemy were suddenly rendered *hors du combat* by a grand charge of the whole division.

The entertainment was one of those truly social and ever welcome occasions that are not soon forgotten, as we are sure all who were present will most heartily testify. The oysters, *et-cetera*, were served in Jack's best style, and the unquestionable evidence of our busy jaws proved us veterans in the cause of "stews" and "raws."

The meeting was then organized by calling the Foreman to the chair. After some appropriate words of introduction, several of our honorary members, who were present, were called upon to "say a few remarks." Dr. Patrick was the first speaker. He expressed himself under everlasting obligations to the Firemen for certain valuable services rendered in watering his house and what few things there were in it, and after other spicy and "Patri-otick" sayings, gave us the "pint" of his argument so we "could all see it," in the shape of a $5 bill. He closed by saying, "She said was worse and wan't expected," and therefore he must withdraw.—His remarks, especially the "point" was received by the boys with three rousing cheers and a tiger.

B. S. Bentley, Esq. was next called upon, who responded in his usual happy and feeling manner. He alluded to the many evenings like the present, he had enjoyed with us; also to the many faces which he used to see at these social gatherings, who are now far away battling for the right on our country's battle-fields—bidding us, while here, surrounded by everything so pleasant and cheerful, not to be unmindful of our brave comrades on the tented field. Following the Doctor's generous pattern, he concluded with a donation of $5.

Hon. M. C. Tylver was the next speaker. He said he had ever felt an interest in the Firemen, and that the citizens did not appreciate their efforts as they ought. With other characteristic and patriotic remarks, he also gave substantial evidence of his interest in our behalf with the highly acceptable $5.

Leonard Searle, Esq., and Billings Stroud, Esq., being called upon, spoke words trite and sensible, and came down with the dimes to the tune of $5 each.—Capt. C. W. Tyler and I. N. Bullard Esq. excused themselves from making speeches, but added $2 to our fast accumulating fund—which said substitute was duly accepted and "mustered in" the financial box by Hon. G. F. Fordham, Sec'ry of the Treasury.

The following Song, written by W. B. Deans for the occasion, was then sung—the Company joining in the "Chore-us:"

SONG—*Air*, "Glory Hallelujah."

Rough and Ready fellows! will you join me in my song?
All who to the tried old No. 1 Machine belong,
Gather up your voices for a chorus loud and long.
As we go marching on.
Glory, Glory, Hallelujah, &c.
Hurrrah, hip, hip, hurrah!

But while we gather round our social board to night
Let us not forget our brothers battling for the right,
Nobly have they stood in the thickest of the fight
When the foe was marching on.
Glory, glory, Hallelujah, &c.
Hurrah, hip, hip, hurah!

Let us give the health of all our Honorary men,
Such as do not grumble when we ask them for the "tin;"
When the by-valves open, we will gladly count them in,
As we go marching on.
Glory, glory, Hallelujah &c.
Hurrah, hip, hip, hurah!

Foreman Fordham then made some statements in regard to the present condition of the Company. Thirty-eight of our members had enlisted in the service of Uncle Sam—yet we had so increased our numbers that we stand to-day in good working strength, with interest and unanimity unabated. In speaking of interest felt by the citizens generally, the Foreman said he would cast no unjust reflections. Those present as well as many others had ever responded nobly to any and every call for funds to keep the 'Machine' running—but there were even Honorary members who could not afford the one dollar a year, they "had so many legal taxes to pay." (Cries of "name him" and "No," "No.") He would call no names, but he felt there should be more sympathy and interest felt for the Firemen, and a more just appreciation of their labors and sacrifices. With other appropriate remarks he closed by tendering thanks to those present for their munificent donations. I would here state that E. C. Fordham has been our Foreman for the past 8 years, and to his untiring energy and zeal, in a great measure, our present good condition is attributable. The evening drawing toward the small hours, a motion was made and carried to adjourn. And thus closed one of the most pleasant gatherings of the season, and we cannot but feel that all interested wish for many a return of the same. Sec'ry.

Report of Soldier's Aid Society.

The Secretary of the Soldier's Aid Society respectfully present the following report for the months of January and February:

Donations: Mrs. Eaton, 2 pairs of socks. Mrs. Wright, of Forest Lake, 5 pairs of socks, 1 under shirt, dried berries and linen. Mrs. Jessup, dried apples. Mrs. H. Drinker, 1 pair socks. Mrs. Mott, 2 blankets. Mrs. J. Mack, dried plums, pears, berries, crab-apples, apples and tomatoe figs. Mrs. Mulford 5 pillows and cases, 7 handkerchiefs, 2 undershirts, 1 pair of drawers, 1 blanket, dried plums and currants. Mrs. D. Searle, yarn for pair of socks, dried berries, 2 cans of applesauce. Mrs. B. C. Sayre, 1 can plums. Mrs. G. V. Bentley, 1 can of jelly. Mrs. L. Searle, 1 can of fruit, 1 bowl of jelly.—Mr. B. R. Lyons, 2 packages of common starch, 2 of cocoa, 1 chocolate. Mr. S. Perkins, $1,00. Miss L. Avery $1,00. Mrs. David Morgan, of Brooklyn $5,00. A Friend (name unknown) dried apples.

The Society has purchased 7 pieces of Canton flannel which made 54 shirts and 34 pairs of drawers.

One barrel has been sent to Capt. E. W. Rogers, Norfolk, containing 12 pairs of drawers, 10 shirts, 5 pillows, 3 blankets, 11 pairs of socks, 4 packages of common starch, 3 of cocoa, 1 chocolate, 2 of tea, (green and black,) 6 cans of fruit, dried crab-apples, plums, cherries, berries, apples, currants and tomatoe figs.

The Ladies continue to meet at their rooms over B. R. Lyons store every thursday afternoon; all who are intersted are invited to attend.

E. Searle, Secretary.

Teacher's Association—Time Changed.

The Susq'a Co. Teacher's Association will hold its next Session in the Borough of Susq'a Depot on Thursday and Friday the 2d. and 3d. of April next, instead of the 3d. and 4th, by consent of the executive Committee. Teachers of Susq'a Co., will you all be on hand to help make the exercises profitable? Prof. John. F. Stoddard of New York City has promised to be present and assist you in the exercises; and the Delaware Lackawanna and Western Railroad Co. have generously offered to pass all Teachers home free, that may attend the association, and pay full fare from any of the stations on their road to Great Bend. Other particulars and Programme of exercises next week.

Death of Hon. Joseph E. Streeter.

DIED—On Friday, the 20th ult., of Consumption, Hon. Josph E. Streeter, aged 34 years.

Mr. Streeter was a native of Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania. He was appointed Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, and District of Nebraska, in October, 1861. He removed to the Territory and entered upon the duties of his office, where he has gained a reputation for ability as a jurist, and uncompromising integrity, which will remain a lasting monument to his memory in the hearts of the people. His actions as a public officer have been unexceptionable, while his intercourse as a citizen has been such as to command the esteem of all, with whom he came in contact.—*People's (Nebraska) Press.*

Bar Meeting.

At a meeting of the Bar of Otoe county held at the office of O. P. Mason, Esq., on Saturday, February 21st, A. D. 1863, called for the purpose of taking suitable action on the recent death of Hon. Joseph E. Streeter, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Nebraska Territory and Judge of the Second Judicial District of said Territory, the following proceedings were had:

Whereas, In the Providence of our all-wise Father, the Hon. Joseph E. Streeter, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory, has been removed by death, and as a feeble expression of deep grief, and to testify our sense of the irreparable loss the Bench, the Bar, the social community and the Territory have sustained in this sad dispensation of Providence, therefore,

Resolved, That by the death of Judge Streeter, this community has lost an esteemed citizen, the Bar an able and learned brother, the Bench an honored and upright Judge, and the Territory a favorite son.

Resolved, That we unite in bearing testimony that Judge Streeter was a most consciencious and estimable Judge, and possessed of no ordinary qualifications; that he gave universal satisfaction to the members of the Bar throughout the Territory, by administering justice "without sale, denial or delay."

Resolved, That we heartily and truly condole in this affliction with his bereaved family, and extend to them that sincere sympathy which the lips speak not, but the hart feels.

Resolved, That in token of respect for the deceased, we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days, and that we attend in a body his funeral.

Resolved, That the Secretary be requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the widow of the deceased, and also that they be published in the newspapers of the city.

The report of the Committee was unanimously adopted.

On motion of Mr. Harding, Mr. Mason was requested to represent the Bar of Otoe County at the next session of the Supreme Court of this Territory, and on their behalf announce to said Court the death of Judge Streeter, and also at the next session of the District Court in and for Oteo County, to move that a copy of the above resolutions be spread upon the records of said Court.

On motion of Mr. Taylor the meeting adjourned.

S. H. Calhoun, Secretary. O. P. Mason, Chairman.

Nebraska City, Feb. 21st, 1863.

Abolition Perfidy.

The most ungenerous and indefensible persecution of political opponents ever witnessed in a free country has been practised during the last eight months by the Republican party. That citizens who voted with the Democrats in the State elections should resent with spirit and repel with manly indignation the wholesale charges of treason made against them by the Abolitionists, merely evinces a just sensibility to insult, and a reasonable pride of character. They are denounced as disloyal for no other crime than a free exercise of the elective franchise, according to their deliberate convictions of public duty. When attempts are made to howl down as treason that freedom of political action without which the right of suffrage is a mockery; when the right of canvassing public measures and holding public servants to their just responsibility is denied and denounced it becomes the duty of self-respecting men to confront their persecutors with resolute defiance. We trust that in the elections about to be held in New Hampshire and Connecticut, the sacred right of freemen to canvass public measures will be as triumphantly asserted as it was in the autumn months by the patriotic Democracy in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, and in Illinois. When the independent exercise of the elective franchise is denounced as treason it is the duty of the people to place themselves on the extreme verge of their rights. They must show the world that universal suffrage has not degenerated in this country into servile compliance with the behests of the party temporarily in possession of the government.

The Democracy repel with indignant defiance the charge that they are less patriotic than the supporters of the administration. The war had its origin in the success of the Abolition or so-called Republican party, and yet the Democrats, who strenuosly opposed that party in the elections, rallied almost as one man to protect it in office. The recognition they received for this prompt and spontaneous support is that they shall adopt a more odious political creed than their opponents professed in the presidential canvass, and submissively surrender their judgment and conscience into the keeping of the administration. A generous and high-spirited party would have made a more fitting return for the hearty support given by the Democrats to every measure of the administration which was not a manifest violation of the pledges of that party before coming into power. The Republicans declared that they had no intention to disturb slavery in the States, and have given us the emancipation proclamation; they pretended to be so devoted to the privilege of *habeas corpus* that they would not tolerate its denial even to the fugitive slave, and have suspended it throughout the country by the will of one man; they passed bills in half of the Northern States for the pretended protection of personal liberty, and they have converted the Government forts into bastiles; they clamored for freedom of the press and of the mails, and they have suppressed some opposition newspapers and refused to transmit others through the postoffices; they affected reverence for the Constitution, and have trampled under foot every provision of that instrument which stood in the way of their designs. A party thus false to its own professions has been ungrudgingly supplied with men and money to maintain itself in power by the Democratic aid, and it turns round and stigmatizes Democrats as traitors, because while zealously supporting the war, they denounce the unparalled perfidy of the Republicans.

The great and growing Democratic party stands to-day where it has stood, and where, with God's help, it will continue to stand until the rebels lay down their arms. It is not the intention of conservatives to narrow their party to a faction, which a few brilliant victories would extinguished in the general outburst of national joy, but to lay its foundations in broad constitutional principles, which will stand the test of all vicisitudes of fortune, and give an assured triumph in the presidential election which takes place next year.—*N. Y. World.*

☞ Navigation on the lakes has opened for the season.

The Abolition Thieves.

The Carlisle Volunteer has a scathing article on Abolition thieves, from which we extract the following;

"A Washington correspondent of a New York paper says that "the amount stolen from the government by the men exposed by the Senate committee, amounts to at lease *eleven millions of dollars!*" And yet Republican editors, office-holders, and collar men are mum on the subject, and consider it unworthy their attention. Here are eleven millions of dollars, stolen by the direct aid of the War Department! Tucker, the head thief, was Assistant Secretary of War, and his only business appeared to be to concoct extensive schemes of robbery. That his transactions were known to the administration, there can be no shadow of a doubt. A short time ago the bastiles groaned with victims whose chief offence was supposed to be the utterance of an earnest protest against the corruption of the agents of the administration. It now turns out that Assistant Secretary of War Tucker has been making millions, with his partners, Loser and Hale, out of damaged water crafts. And what says old Abe? Nothing. He gives countenance to these frauds by refusing to bring the guilty to punishment. He screens them with his official position, and instructs his party journals to speak of every man as "a secessionist" who dares condemn the theives.

"Tell us men of Pennsylvania—was this war commenced for any noble or patriotic purpose, or was it determined upon that Republican rascals might rob the people? Look at the facts. From the hour of Lincoln's inauguration to the present, we have lost more money by Republican thieves than has been expended for the war—and these thieves are the pets of the administration—the "loyal' men who fill responsible positions in the government. These are facts, and cannot be denied."

General Hitchcock,

Who was one of the judges in the trial of Fitz John Porter, and who has just written a letter charging Gen. McClellan with disobedience of orders, is a Vermonter, was appointed Major General on the accession of Mr. Stanton to the War Department, and has since been the chief military adviser of the White House and the War Office. Although holding a prominent position, it is said that he has never yet, to use a homely phrase, "smelt gunpowder." He was Colonel of the Eighth Regiment of Infantry, which went with Gen. Scott to Mexico; but Hitchcock skulked from leading it into several sanguinary conflicts, which it bravly went through. Hitchcock, had for years, bitterly hated Gen. Scott, and had anoymously, though it was well known he was the author, published several denunciatory articles against the Gen. When the army under command of Gen. Scott was embarking from the Rio Grand for Vera Cruz, Hitchcock took occasion to approach General Scott, and by his hypocrisy and sneaking submission, made matters all right with the old Chief. Hitchcock being considered a good bureau officer, a ready writer, and knowing better how to handle his pen than his sword, he got Gen. Scott to relieve him from duty at the head of his regiment in the field, to be comfortably fixed at General Headquarters, to write and not to fight. Hitchcock is a man to theorise and draw plans, but was never known to do anything substantial or of use to any but himself. He resigned from the army some ten or twelve years since to better his fortune in St. Louis, where he is greatly disliked.

"Why, Mrs. B., how do you manage to have such light Bread and Biscuit?"—"Because I use Herrick Allen's Gold Medal saleratus. I never saw any half as good. I like it much better to use with cream tartar than I do soda. I shall never use any other. If you will try one paper, Mrs. W., you will say the same. It has almost cured my dyspepsia." Most all the Grocers keep it.

—A dispach to the Secretary of the Navy from Commodore Porter, of the Mississippi squadron, dated 27th ult., reports that the U. S. gunboat Indianola, which lately ran the Vicksburg blockade, was attacked by the rebel rams Webb and Queen of the West, (the latter taken from us,) and after prolonged battering was surrendered to the enemy. The commodore traces the affair to a disobedience of his instructions.

—Mr. Collamer, of Vermont, said a few days ago, in his place in the Senate—"This war will come to some end within the course of a year or so. I do not desire to make preparations for its continuance much longer than that; and I will not agree to the framing of any measures that seem to be predicated on the idea of its continuing a long time."

—The Congress which is now happily no more seems to have been willing to adopt all the crotchets of the *Tribune* save one—that relating to mileage. One of its last and meanest acts was to vote itself an extra compensation in the shape of mileage for the extra session. of course it was a small business in this day of wholesale plundering, but then it was a small Congress in every sense of the word.

DEATHS.

On the 12th of February, of lung disease, Lewis, youngest child of Horatio and Harriet Garret, of New Milford Susq. Co. Pa., aged 12 years 7 months. God, the wise dispenser of all things, has seen fit in his Providet to t ransfer from this world to another the soul of this dear child, who was the object of tender affections to his family, and the reccollection of the quaint, even tenor of his life, in connection with the serious sentiments of his mind, will aid in affording them a comfortable hope in his death and a patient resignation to the will Supreme.—[Com.

In Eckington Hospital, Washington, Dec. 16th, 1862, of Typhoid Pneumonia, Lewis F., oldest son of T. H., and E. Darrow of Liberty, and member of Co. H. 141reg. P. V., aged twenty one years.

Another soldier's gone to rest,
His Father has called him home;
Parents lament no more his death,
But say the Lord's will be done.

"Dearest Lewis, thou hast left us,
And thy loss we deeply feel,
But 'tis God that has bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal."

When Jesus called him he obeyed,
Parents be no more distressed;
His body in the dust is laid,
His spirit has gone to rest.

In Jessup, Feb. 27th, 1863, of consumption John B. Drake, aged 27 years 2 months and 5 days. John was a young man of an amiable disposition and pleasing manners, and during the brief acquaintance that the writer had with him, manifested a resignation and patience under his protracted and severe sufferings truly Christian like. I visited him several times during his confinement in his room and in all our converse together he gave full and satisfactory evidence of strong and unwavering faith in Christ Jesus as his Saviour from sin and death.

Although he had not made a public profession of his faith, yet about five weeks previous to his death at his request I administered to him the ordinance of Christian baptism, which he appeared to enjoy very much, and he was enabled to triumph in view of approaching death saying it had no terrors for him, then as the last words he was heard to speak, were that he wanted to sleep, we trust he died sweetly, fell asleep in Jesus. J. F. Deans

In Forest Lake Feb. 24th, Daniel Ball, aged 22 years 3 months.

In Jessup, Feb 25th, Hattie Uretha, daughter of John and Lucy Lake, aged 2 years, 10 months and 11 days.

"I take these little lambs, said he,
And lay them in my breast,
Protection they shall find in me—
In me be ever blest."

In Jessup, Feb. 27th, A. M. Randall, aged 5 years, 6 months and 22 days.

Another little form asleep,
And a little spirit gone;
Another little voice is hushed,
And a little angel born.
Two little feet are on the way
To the home beyond the skies,
And our hearts are like the void that comes
When a strain of music dies."

In Camp Suffolk, Virginia, Feb. 6th, 1863, George K. Cooly, of Co. H, 17th Regiment, of P. V., aged 32 years, 9 months and 25 days.

Brother Cooly was a native of Auburn, Susquahanna County, in which he had lived a life of industry, securing the confidence and high esteem of his townsmen. A little more than a year ago he was savingly converted to God, and united with the M. E. Church, and remained a faithful and consistent member until he passed away to join the church above. He was one of the new recruits which left last fall to defend the Right. Leaving his amiable wife and three lovely childred to the care of the Great Shepherd, he bade farewell, hoping the war would soon end, and he be able to return and greet them again, but alas! "In the midst of life we are in death." A few days of fever and the husband, the father, the soldier is dead. "He fell," says the captain, "a martyr to his country and Liberty."

Of Diptheria, in Franklin, Miss Cecelia L. only daughter of Orison M. and Aurelia J. Hall, aged 22 years and 3 months. None but parents who have lost an only child can know the real sadness and loss of these parents. Miss Hall was a most amiable young lady. None knew her but to love. She was gentle and affectionate, and seemed only anxious to make others happy. As a teacher she was most successful, leading by her gentleness, the most wayward in the path of duty. She had only to make her wishes known and each scholar would do all that was requested of them at once.

Few young people are able to exert so extensive and beneffcial an influence over their associates as Cecelia.

She was a practical christian having been united with the Universalist Church at Montrose about four years since. She remained in its fellowship till her death, and died in the full triumphs of her faith. She made choice of the place of her burial, selected the text to be used by the writer at her funeral, and bidding her perents not to weep for her, calmly closed her eyes in death.—Her funeral was largely attended on the 3d. by sympathising friends. A. O. Warren.

H. C. TYLER,

Having removed from the old stand near the Court-house may now be found in Lathrop's brick block, in the firm of LATHROP, TYLER & RILEY. All my old friends and customers are invited to call at the New Store.

March 10, 1863. H. C. TYLER.

REMOVAL.

JAMES R. DEWITT,

HAS removed his stock of Goods from the Lathrop Building to the store formerly occupied by H. C. Tyler, next door to J. S. Tarbell's Hotel, where he is ready to sell Goods to his old friends and the public, at his well known

LOW PRICES.

A good stock always on hand, consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, Nails, Iron, Hardware, Notions, Sash, Oils, Fish, &c. &c.

All kinds of Produce at Cash Prices taken in exchange.

March 10th, 1863. J. R. DEWITT.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

Montrose, Feb. 20th, 1863.

WE would respectfully once more ask our friends and customers to come forward and settle with us, as we have got tired sending letters to them. We must have pay for the Goods we have sold over three months ago, as we cannot purchase Goods without cash in hand now. Those who will not take notice of this request, must not think hard if we make them cost. We will receive Grain of those who have no money; and if no Grain, we will take Notes, with interest. A settlement we must have, either in the Store or before a Justice.—We are in earnest.

2m GUTTENBURG, ROSENBAUM & CO.

NOTICE.

M. C. TYLER has specified interests with us, the same as with our predecessors, MOONEY, COLIE, & Co., **Hardware & Cutlery** Dealers, and would be happy to see his old friends, or receive their orders, which we will execute in the very best manner in his absence.

LOUDERBACK, GILBERT & CO.
23 Park Row, N. Y.

Jan. 1st, 1863.

Grateful for past favors, the subscriber would most respectfully call the attention of all *prompt paying* Merchants and Traders, to the above notice. Orders for Hardware will be received here, and forwarded (if approved,) except during the months of April, May, Sept, and Oct. During those months he will be most happy to see his friends and serve them at 23 Park Row, N. York.

Respectfully, M. C. TYLER.

Montrose, Feb. 17th, 1863.

Kerosene.

THE Best in market, constantly on hand, and at as low a price as it can be obtained of any Dealer in town.

☞ Remember Turrell's Drug Store.

THE ALL SUFFICIENT THREE.

The Great "American Remedies,"

Known as Helmbold's

GENUINE PREPARATIONS, Viz:

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT "BUCHU,"
" " SARSAPARILLA,
" IMPROVED ROSE WASH.

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION,
"Highly Concentrated" Compound

Fluid Extract Buchu,

A positive and Specific Remedy for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, and Dropsical Swellings.

This Medicine increases the power of digestion, and excites the absorbents into healthy action, by which the watery or calcerous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements are reduced, as well as pain and inflamation, and is good for men, women or children.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR WEAKNESSES,

Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse,

Attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion.	Loss of Power.
Loss of Memory,	Difficulty of Breathing,
Weak Nerves,	Trembling,
Horror of Disease,	Wakefulness,
Dimness of Vision,	Pain in the Back,
Universal lassitude of the	Flushing of the Body,
Muscular System,	Eruptions on the Face,
Hot Hands,	Pallid Countenance,
Dryness of the Skin,	

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

IMPOTENCY, FATUITY, EPILECTIC FITS,

In one of which the patient may expire. Who can say that they are not frequently followed by those "direful diseases,"

Insanity and Consumption.

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but none will confess. The records of the insane asylums and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion:

The Constitution, once affected with organic weakness,

Requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. A trial will convince the most skeptical.

Females, Females, Females,

Old or young, single, married, or contemplating marriage,

In many affections peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppression of the Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrous state of the Uterus, Leuchorrhea or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation, or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE.

SEE SYMPTOMS ABOVE.

NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT.

Take no Balsam, Mercury, or unpleasant medicine for unpleasant and dangerous diseases.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

CURES SECRET DISEASES

In all their stages; at little expense; little or no change in diet, no inconvenience,

AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes frequent desire, and gives strength to Urinate, thereby removing obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures of the Urethra, allaying pain and inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling Poisonous, diseased, and worn-out matter.

Thousands upon Thousands

WHO HAVE BEEN THE VICTIM OF QUACKS,

And who have paid HEAVY FEES to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "Poison," has, by the use of "Powerful Astringents," been dried up in the system, to break out in an aggravated form, and

PERHAPS AFTER MARRIAGE,

USE

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For all Affections and Diseases of

The Urinary Organs,

Whether existing in MALE OR FEMHLE, from whatever cause originating, and no matter

OF HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLT'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC,

And it is certain to have the desired effect in all Diseases, for which it is recommended.

BLOOD! BLOOD! BLOOD!

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound

Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla

SYPHILLIS.

This is an affection of the Blood, and attacks the Sexual organs, Linings of the Nose, Ears, Throat, Windpipe, and other Mucus Surfaces, making its appearance in the form of Ulcers. Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla purifies the Blood and removes all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin giving to the Complexion a Clear and Healthy Color. It being prepared expressly for this class of complaints, its Blooc-Purifying Properties are preserved to a greater extent than any other preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Helmbold's Rose Wash.

An excellent Lotion for Diseases of a Syphilitic Nature, and as an injection in Diseases of the Urinary Organs, arising from habits of dispation, used in connection with the Extracts Buchu and Sarsaparilla, in such diseases as recommended.

Evidence of the most responsible and reliable character will accompany the medicines.

CERTIFICATES OF CURES,

From eight to twenty years standing, with names known to science and fame.

For Medical Properties of BUCHE, see Dispensatory of the United States.

See Professor DEWEES' valuable work on the Practice of Physic.

See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSIC of Philadelphia.

See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician, and member of the Royal College of surgeons, Ireland; and published in the Transactions of the King and Queen's Journal.

See Medico-Cirurgical Review, published by Benjamin Travers, Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons.

See most of the late Standard works on Medicine.

Extract Buchu,	$1 00 per bottle,	on sit for	$5 00
" Sarsaparilla,	1 00	" "	5 00
Improved Rose Wash,	50	" "	2 50

Or half a dozen of each for $12 00, which will be sufficient to cure the most obstinate cases, if directions are adhered to.

☞ Describe symptoms in all communications. Cures guaranteed. Advice gratis.

AFFIDAVIT.

Personally appear before me an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who, being duly sworn doth say, his preparations contain no narcotic, no mercury, or other injurous drugs, but are purely vegetable.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me, this 22d day of Nov. 1854. WM. P. HIBBARD,
Alderman, Ninth-street, above Race, Phila.

Address Letters for information in confidence,
H. T. HELMBOLD, Chemist,
Depot 104 South Tenth-street, below Chestnut, Phila.

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Helmbold's Genuine Preparations,
" " Extract Buchu,
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Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

Cut out the advertisement, and send for it, and avoid imposition and exposure. March 10th, 1863—1y.