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We Join Ourselves to no Party that Does not Carry the Flag and Keep Step to the Music of the Whole Union.

**VOL. 19.** 

MONTROSE, PA., TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1862.

NO. 27.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

HENRY C. TYLER, DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries, Umbrellas, Yahkee
Notions, Boots and Shoes, Shovels and Forks,
Stone Ware, Wooden Ware and Brooms. Head of Navigation, Public Avenue.
Montrose, Pa., May 13, 1862-19

WM. HUNTTING COOPER..... WM. H. COOPER & CO., NKERS, Montrose, Pa. Successors to Post, Coope. & Go. Office, Lathrops'new building, Turnpike-st;

McCOLLUM & SEARLE. TTORNEYS and Counsellors at Law,—Montrose.

Office in Lathrops' new building, over the Bank. DR. WILLIAM. W. WHEATON.

ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON DENTIST. Mechanical and Surgical Dentist, recently of Binghamton, N.Y. tender their professional services to all who appredate the "Reformed Practice of Physics" careful and syillful aperations on Teeth: with the most scientific and approved strice of platework. Tech extracted without pain and all work warranted.

Jackson, Jane 14th, 1850.

DR. H. SMITH & SON, 

DRS. OLMSTEAD & READ. WOULD ANNOUNCE to the Public that they have entered into a partnership for the

Practice of MEDICINE & Surgery. and are prepared to attend to all calls in the line of their profession. Office—the one formerly occupied by Dr. J. C. Olmstead, in DUNDAFF. my 73m. DR. N. Y. LEET,

Physician and Survey, Friendsville, Pa. Office opposite the Jackson Haus.

1. If LEFT gives perticular attention to the treatment of diseases of the Ean and Erg; and is confident that he knowledge of, and experience in that branch of practice will enable him to effect a cure in the most difficult cases. For treating diseases of these organs no fee will be charged unless the patient is benefitted by the treatment.

JOHN SAUTTER, ANHIONABLE TAILOR.—Montrose, Pa. Shop our I. N. Builard's Grocery on Main street, ankful for past favora he solicits's a continuance oldiging himself to do all work satisfactority. Cutted down short notice, and warranted to fit.

Montrose, Pa., July 2th, 1850.—M.

I ASHIONABLE TAILOR. Montrose, Pa. Shop, in Phoenix Block, over store of Read, Watrouss, and the store, All work untranted, at to fit and finish, atting of one on short notice, in best style. jan '60

JOHN GROVES. ASHIONABLE TAILOR, Montrose, Pa. Shop mear the Baptist Meeting House, on Turapike treet. All orders filled promptly in first-rate style.

L. B. ISBELL, DEPAIRS Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry at the Leshoutest notice, and on reasonable terms. All wick warmand. Shop in Chandler and Jessuy's active Monthose, Pa.

WM. W. SMITH & CO., 🔜 C. O. FORDHAM,

MANUFACTURER of Bust's & SHOES, Montrose, Pa. Shop over Tyler's store. All kinds of work made to order, and repairing done neatly. Jc2 y EALER in Drugs, Modicinesi Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Glass Wase, Paluts, Oils, Vornish, Win-w Glass, Groceries, Fancy Goods, Jeweiri Perfure, Sc.—Agent for all the most popular PATENT of CHICINES,—Montrose, Pn.

HAYDEN BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

YANKEE NOTIONS FANCY GOODS.

NEW MILFORD, PA.

P. E. BRUSH, M. D., HAVING NOW LOCATED PERMANENTLY, AT springville, Will attend to the Inties of his profession promptly Office at d. Lathrop's Hotel.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, Of Now-York.

CASH CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS. ASSETTS 1st Júly 1860 \$1,481,819.27. LIABILITIES, " 43,068.68.

I. Milton Smith. Sec y. Chas. J. Martin, President. John McGee, As't "A. F. Wilmarth, Vice " Policies lesued and renewed, by the undersigned, at his nover y BILLINGS STROUB, Agent.

H. BURRITT I AS just received a large stock of new Stoves, for L Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop purposes, for Wood or Coal, with Stove Pipe, Zinc. ac.
His assortment is select and desirable, and will be sold on the most favorable terms for Cach, or to Prompt Siz Winths Buyers. New Milford, Oct. 25th, 1860

Dandelion Coffee,

TAKE NOTICE!

Cash Paid for Hides.
Sheep Pets, Fox Mink, Muskrat, and all kinds of fore. A good assortment of Leather and Boots and belies constantly on hand. Office, Tannery, & Shop on in Street.
Montrose, Feb. 6th. A. P. & L. C. KEELEB

DAVID C. ANEY, M. D., HAVING located permanently at New Millord, Pg. he will attred permutity to all calls with which he may he favored. Office at Todds' Hotel. New Millord, July, 17, 1861

ABEL TURRELL I Vs for sale. Metallic Oil, for Sewing Machines. Clock & Watch Oil, Bod Bur. Rat and Monae Poisson. Homotopathic Romedica, Pond's Extract, and a great variety of Liniments. Salves. Pills, and Plasters, and an addless variety of Patent Medicines.

## MEDICAL CARD.

DR. E. PATRICK, & DR. E. L. GARDNER, ATE GRADUATE of THE MEDICAL DEPATMENT A OF YALE COLLEGE, have formed a copartnership for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and are prepared to attend to all husiness faithfully land punctually, that may be intrusted to their card, on terms commensurate

rith the times, to their care, on crims commensus, rith the times.

Diseases and deformities of the EYE, surgical operations, and all surgical diseases, particularly attended to 22 Office over Webb's Store. Office hours from 8 a.m. to 9 p. m. All sorts of country produce taken in payment, at the highest value, and case NOT EFFRED.

Montrose, Pa., May 7th. 1862—tiff

PERSONS OUT OF BUSINESS, and wanting chear forms, see advertisement of Vincland in another

A. TURRELL-

Exposed.

What the Tax-Payers are paying for the Experiments—One Hundred Thousand Dollars per Day Expended on Runaway and Vagabond Negroes-Bullets for Armed Rebels-Ballois for Abolition Disunionists.

Mr. RICHARDSON-Mr. Chairman, I desire this morning to submit a few remarks for the consideration of the House and the country. It is not my purpose to discuss questions pertaining to the army already in the field, which, it judiciously officered which are continually arising during the progress of this terrible war.

NEGRO EQUALITY DETERMINED UPON. Mr. Chairman, there is a manifest anxity, an overweening anxiety, a persistent purpose, upon the part of prominent members of the dominant party in the government, to place upon terms of equality, and make participants with us in the rights of American citizenship an inferior race. The negro race, which is incapable of either comprehending or maintaining any form of government—by whom liberty is inter-

satisfaction a recent order of the Secretay of State, Mr. Seward, one of the chief clerks of the President, was received in certain quarters, because it declared no fugitive slave should be retained in dustody longer than thirty days, unless "by special order of competent civil authority." PRIVILEGES FOR THE NEGRO-OPPRESSION

FOR THE WHITE MAN. charge has ever been made; they are imprisoned without the form or authority of even to the nullification of State enact-CABINET AND CHAIR MANUFACTURERS. Foot ments and the national statutes. Let a

philanthrophic gentlemen made inquiry for the law or authority under which white. American citizens have been kidnapped by the State Department, dragged from their homes and left to pine and die, perchance, in some of the many bastiles which this administration has established. It is well known sir, that it any white citizen, perhaps a father or a brother, desires to visit a relative or acquaintance in the military service of this Government, he is obliged to secure a pass from some competent authority, and to retain-this he s required upon his honor to declare his loyalty and fidelity to the government.-But the negro goes and comes within the lines of our army, whether his destination be towards or from the enemy; the color of the black man is his passport, and is re-

RUNAWAY NEGROES BECEIVE EMPLOYMENT TO THE EXCLUSION OF WHITE CITIZENS.

In this district you have abolished paid annually, as interest on this sum, by taxes imposed upon the laboring white people of these States. Not satisfied with doing this much for your especial favorite, you extend the freedom of this city and the hospitality of the Government to all the runaway negroes in the country who choose to visit the District of Columbia. You issue rations to them day after day, and week after week-rations which

toil of the tax-ridden white men. You are lands of the sea, and over the continents on hundreds of black men. How many ities and republics which you may recogand at what cost I am unable to state, be nize among the powers of the earth. Heywas immediately tabled by the republican These gentlemen dare not let this information go to the country; they shrink from the exposure which a truthful reply to dollars you propose to receive negro diplosuch inquiry would make. The resolution mats from them, and send United States of Mr. Cox also asked for the number of Ministers to them; indeed, you are the qually objectionable, for it would have illustrated the fact that negroes by the hundreds are receiving better pay as drivers than our white sons and brothers are

fence of the Union and the Constitution. Having been thus deprived of obtaining official information upon these questions, I am obliged to gather my statistics from such sources as I can. I shall make the wants and necessities of the widows and none which I do not conceive to be and the flag of your country?

rather under than over the true estimate. The Government to-day is issuing ra-WANTED—A respectable person of either sex in the contract of the service. The Govern-patriot in the land.

We will be service and the land of the sex in the contract of the sex in the service and the sex in th

lay the foundations of new Commonwealths; the hardiest and noblest men of our common country.

in the field, which, it judiciously officered the benefit of the black race in this Dis-and managed, is able to crush out the re-trict glone, than it costs to maintain the are unalterable as the laws of nature, e-ties that are resting upon us. Our counbellion. I shall direct my attention there-burdens of State Government in either Io-fore to some of the many new questions wa, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, against them leads to infidelity and ruin. rebels non one hand, and by abolitionists, wa, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Del-

rations are being issued daily to unemployed negroes who rendezvous in and ahout the camps; wherever the army is preted as licentiousness—is sought to be exalted, even at the cost of the degradaof our own flesh and blood.

We all remember with what intense

We all remember with Secreta our country. I state, therefore, and I think truthfully, that the government is already paying \$100,000 per day for the support and employment of negroes—paying it too out of the money raised through the toil, deprivations and taxation of our own kith and kin.

In my district, Mr. Chairman, my constituents are selling corn at eight cents a While Mr. Seward was issuing this or- bushel in order to support their famider for the general jail delivery of the ne- lies and maintain the honor and integrity groes, he was also sending, under a usur-pation of power, and in violation of the raised, and for such a purpose, he divertlaws and the Constitution, hundreds of ed to the entertainment of the African? white men and women to fill the cells of Will my people, will the people anywhere he prison in this district and throughout indorse the party and the administration the loyal States. Against many of these that thus seeks the elevation of the negro white men and women thus incarcerated even at the cost of ruin to their own race? by this despotic Secretary of State, no The NEGRO PLACED ON AN EQUALITY WITH OUR SAILORS AND SOLDIERS.

law; and thus the personal liberty of the Welles, requiring the employment of ne but always degrades the superior race.— neither, sir, shall deter me from the full Caucassian is rathlessly violated, while groes in the navy, and after alluding to On the other hand, wherever the purity and complete fulfillment of my duties as a Caucassian is rathlessly violated. The complete fulfillment of my duties as a caucastance of the most proposition of the purity of the complete fulfillment of my duties as a caucastance of the most proposition. the African is most tenderly guarded, Hunter's enrollment of negro troops, he Thus, in less than two years after the

Thus, in less than two years after the december of the republican partial decembers of personal liberty—either in this district or anywhere else—and there are dozens of republican members upon this floor striving to obtain the attention of the House while they may offer resolutions inquiring by what law, by whom, when, and where these objects of their undivided attentions may have been the against the carnest protest of the regular that the carnest protest of the resolutions inquiring by what law, by arrested. But never yet has any of those conservative men. And propositions and amendments to bills appropriating money for the suppression of this rebellion, which provided that no moneys should be diver- party of this country, said: ted either to the freeing, support, or the

in this House. Worse than this even, Gen. Hunter, in fundity with the immortal Phelps, uncasket jewel of American liberty.

slavery. Lou have abounded it by compensation, by adding \$1,000,000 to the name of the nam the American volunteer has ever been our tion would be destruction to both the ne- Chairman, I trust my eyes may never rest reliance in peace, and our vindication in gro and the white man. war. I am opposed, and you will find the volunteer army of the Union opposed, to the equalization in the ranks of citizens and slaves.

WE MUST RECEIVE NEGRO DIPLOMATS. Having made such efforts for the negroes of the United States, it would seem must be paid for through the sweat and no; you now go wandering among the is- in war thus supporting in indolence hundreds up- of the globe in pursuit of vegro principalinformation, was introduced by the honor- your infatuation to fatten upon, and you able gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Cox,) it at once proceed to establish diplomatic relations between the United States and majority upon the other side of the House, those benighted and half-made parodies

upon human government.

At an annual expense of thousands of Congress has been in session eight months, and all that I have reviewed you for periling their lives as soldiers in de complished for the white man? Have you several thousand, were given for it. provided for the payment of pensions to the soldiers who have been disabled while Have you appropriated money to relieve

SPEECH OF HON. W. A. RICHARDSON. dy paying, of tax-gathered money, in this District slone, over three hundred thousment of the sufferings of white District slone, over three hundred thousmen, or the protection of their rights, is and dollars per annum to buy, clothe, feed annum to buy to buy to buy to buy to buy to buy to and could be added to the most in your line of philanthropy. Like Gospel found fishing on Sunday. Said he, negro you expend more in a single year your illustrious prototypes, Mrs. Jellaby, "My boy, you are very wicked your negro you expend more in a single year in the District of Columbia than you applied for the Bori-bo-la-ga mission, or the Rev. propriate for the government and protection of all the people in all the organized Territories of the United States. The negro is made superior in your legislation to the political and genuine benevolence.

The new of the Bori-bo-la-ga mission, or the Rev. ought not to be sporting upon the Sabbath." "Oh," said the boy, "I ain't wicked, for I haven't caught a single fish." (Laughter.) So it was with my political friends when they superior in your legislation to the pioneer white men that settle the great of the

Mr. Chairman, I am opposed to all ter.) these sickly schemes of equalizing the ra- BULLETS FOR REBELS BALLOTS FOR ABOces. God made the white man superior to So the people are taxed yearly more for the black, and no legislation will undergo Since creation dawned, the white race has nullifiers of the laws and of the Constituimproved and advanced in the scale of he- tion, upon the other. Sir, I propose bay-

The same is true in registrict alone that you require the people to pay tribute to the idol of your affections. Wherever you find our army, with one or two honorable exceptions, you will find that handred set out their respective. exceptions, you will find that hundreds of out their respective destinies. History States. They are sir, to suppress armed has faithfully recorded their achievments, violations of that instrument. And, sir, it To that impartial tribunal I confidently apprenains for the people at the ballot box to peal for the verification of the white man's suppress these northern violators of the superiority. As God made them, so have Constitution, if they would preserve the they remained, and unlike the abolition rights and inverties of American freemen. equalizationists, I find no fault and utter This great work accomplished, grimno complaint against the wisdom and just visaged war will smooth his wrinkled

tice of our Creator.

The evils of attempted equalization of hum of contented industry and the liymn the races is illustrated by the history of domestic endearment. The Constitution as it is, will stand sublimely forth an intelligent Spaniard, a race not inferior to endearing monument to the wisdom of our own ancestors. They developed the our fathers; the States restored, like stars resources of the country by building that have wandered, to their original plaresources of the country by building that have wandered, to their original pla-roads, highways and canals. All along ces in "the Union as it was;" our people their line of march the church and the school-house were erected as the land-marks of their progress. But finally the idea of the equalization of the races be-came ropular; the attempt was made, the races were commingled, and thenceforward the deterioration of the people charge any portion of this duty. Neither was rapid and fearful. This holds true the cry of disloyalty, nor the charge of not only in Mexico and throughout Cen- sympathy with the rebels, whether it emtral and Southern America, but in all sections of the globe, wherever the white in high places, or from the base plunder-race has commingled with the black or ers of the government, who make the nethe Indian races. This system of equal- gro a hobby-horse upon which they ride After quoting the order of Secretary ization has failed to clevate the inferior, to enormous and extertionate contracts of the white race has been preserved, the Representative. I denounce here-and superiority has continued, and its devel- no one shall gainsay my right to do so as opement, both mental and physical, has the Representative of a gallant and loyal

but of England, among them Mr. Canning, for this I now address you; for this, upon who, when the British Parliament was this issue, I shall go before the people of considering schemes kindred to those now my State during the coming fall; for this, occupying the attention of the republican

"In dealing with the negro, sir, we enlistment of negroes, have been invaria- must remember that we are dealing with ists, will be banished from the councils of bly voted down by the republican party a person possessing the form and strength the nation. of a man, but the intellect only of a child. To turn him loose in the manhood of his things I shall realize, unless the people are his zeal for the negro, withdraws the pro- physical strength, in the maturity of his again deceived by abolitionists under some tection of his army from the loyal citizens physical passions, but in the infancy of his new name. Under the name of republiof Jacksonville, Florida, in order to per- uninstructed reason, would be to raise up can, abolition can do no more harm; in feet his great negro boarding house and a creature resembling the fiction of a re- that role the character is ended. It will African military academy at the month of cent romance, the hero of which con- next appear in a new dress. Already its the Savannah river. This is undoubtedly structs a human form, with all the copore- leaders are calling loudly for the formain harmony with his brilliant discovery al capabilities of man, and the thews and tion of a so-called Union party-this is inthat slavery and martial law are incom- sinews of a giant; but being unable to deed an attempt to steal the livery of heapatible. Common minds have heretofore impart to the work of his hands a percept ven in which to serve the devil. Let the considered slavery and martial law, either tion of right and wrong, he finds too late people, being forewarned, be forearmed ceived as equivalent to the pledge and for whites or blacks, among the most con- that he has only created a more than morhonor of loyalty upon the part of the white cordant institutions on earth. This pro- tal power of doing mischief, and himself clamatory commander, who vies in pro- recoils from the monster he has made."

One of their great statesmen to-day, doubtedly considers martial law the very Lord John Russell, whenever he alludes to the black race in America, and to a of our Republic will strew the pathway of My mind, Mr. Chairman, revolts at the change of its status, talks only of very mations with those of Greece and Rome.

British statesmen opposed immediate emancipation upon the ground of its expediency alone. American statesmen should oppose it, not only on that ground, der, now Lord Clyde, is perhaps the high-but also upon the ground that the consti- est military authority in Europe. His obut also upon the ground that the constitution gives no power to interfere with hat our zeal would lag and languish. But States no such power either in peace or weight, and we are glad to have it for the

- But to reach the goal of their hopes, the abolitionists of this country are willing to man well known in this city, writes in a override expediency, the law, and the constitution; to destroy the government itself, in order to emancipate at once all the slaves of the South.

FOUR-FIFTHS OF THE SOLDIERS OPPOSED TO NEGRO EQUALITY. My colleague (Mr. Lovejoy) says twothirds or three fourths of the army are ab-olitionists. This may be true, but upon eralship than any man in our army. He the new constitution for the State of Illisaid he considered him a splendid stratethe new constitution for the State of Illinois, which contains a provision to exclude negroes from locating in the State, the negroes employed as teamsters in the ar-my, and at what wages; but this was c-gard to cost, place, propriety, or dignity. leven of our regiments have already voted upon the adoption of that constitution.

Mr. Wickliffe-How did they vote? have done, and more you would do if you Mr. Richardson—Sixty three votes were could, for the negro. What have you negiven against it, and all the rest—some Mr. Richardson-Sixty three votes were Throughout the State of Illinois, aboli-

tionists are opposing this constitution, and fighting the battles of your country? Democrats and conservative men are ad. ed out of camp and told they had mistavocating its adoption. ken the place. We suggest that all Four-lifths, and perhaps nine-tenths of slaves had better keep away if they do

no statement that I have not received of white men who have perished upon the all the men that carry muskets and knap not wish to be treated in a like manner, from respectable and responsible parties, buttle-fields, defending the Constitution sicks in the army of the West, are oppos- The mission of the Twenty-first Indiana is ed to the dootrines of negro equality and not to harbor runaways," Ah, no. Your time has been too much abolition as preached by the gentleman engrossed with the negro to think of from the Bureau District of Illinois. He tions to about 2,000 negroes in the District these things. You have not appropriated is a man of great holdness, apparently, alone, that cost over twenty cents per ratione dollar for these purposes and I must do him the justice to say that Syracuse, N. Y., kept by a woman, named ces with great learlessness, though he is night, destroyed the furniture, turned the to this end let teachers give it their serition-8400 per day, in violation of law, is which should enlist the sympathy of every he advocates abolition and its consequenbeing paid for this service. The Govern-patriot in the land.

ment is hiring in the District several hun. If this statement is incorrect; if this retoo discreet to make as strong speeches in

EDUCATIONAL.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS DESIGNED FOR THIS COLUMN SHOULD BE ADDIESSED TO A. N. BULLARD, MOTFROME, SUSQUERANNA COUNTY, PENNA.

A Want In Our Common School Sys.

gro is made superior in your registation to specifical and genuine benevolence. sported in my district; they were not venette, but also to reveal its hidden weak-the pioneer white men that settle the great practical and genuine benevolence. sported in my district; they were not venette, but also to reveal its hidden weak-the pioneer white men that settle the great practical and genuine benevolence. sported in my district; they were not venette, but also to reveal its hidden weak-the pioneer white men that settle the great practical and genuine benevolence. sported in my district; they were not venetted in my district; they were not ve to heed well the lesson thus taught, to On the 17th instant, Governor Stanty carefully guard and strengthen the weak spoke at Washington, N. U., at a Union points, by active vigilance and earnest study of the means best adapted to that Sir, I will not digress, but return to the end. The truly wise man will consider his failings that he may correct them; Newbern Progress says that by the army heed his propensities that he may restrain and by North Carolinjans it was receivor direct them into proper channels; and ed with great satisfaction. On the slaveseek out latent virtues that he may nour ry question the Governor dwelt at some ish them into active vigor. Seasons of length. We quote a few sentences: trial are tests of character, by which we You say your slaves are all to be emar-may learn our true value and our real cipated. What course has the Federal

LITIONISTS.

anates from usurpers of the people's rights

sir, I shall there expect to speak, to act,

-over such result never weep.

SIR. COLIN. CAMPBELL ON GENERAL

Commanding General is entitled to

encouragement of the country, in these

times. A personal friend and a gentle-

private letter from Paris June 4th, as fol-

ment of Indiana Volunteers, has the fol-

owing under the caption " Runaways:"

terday, and said they were runaways, and

commenced to help themselves to the boy's

provisions. They were immediately kick-

No JUSTIFICATION FOR A MOB.-The

'Eldorado" was a house of bad repute in

"Two negroes came into camp, on yes-

gist and able leader.

in their systems of government, or de-in their systems of government, or de-much is said about the slaves coming ent national troubles may be the result of defective legislation in its broadest

therever they may be found. Regarding as we do, the common school system as the strongest bulwark of our ted. epublican institutions, we will be excused for adverting to what we concieve to be a quences, see what has already taken place able system. Trefer to the entire absence are nearly 5,000 slaves-they are hereof all instruction relative to our system of more continue to come. Should the war free government.

be considered the motto of the United consequences be upon your own heads.—States, and it is well worthy of the honor, Then your institutions, and everything conbodying, as it does, the germ of revenue and own will necessarily be in oublican liberty and equality,-"That peril. which makes a good constitution must keep it, viz: men of wisdom and virtue,qualities that, because they descend not ed from the government, lay down your st with worldly inheritance, must be care fully propagated by a virtuous educa-No motto could be found embracing, as The Union must be preserved; though

much truth in so few words. But is the all the institutions in the South should be quirements in all essential points? It kind depastated. This Union and Governquires "men of wisdom and virtue," of the South, and the lives of all the reli-which means, if it means anything, men of els.

upright principles and moral integrity, Much has been said about the negreupright principles and moral integrity, combined with a knowledge of the prinitself, without which no man is qualified functions of citizenship.

and to vote; for this, sir, I expect that extreme men, abolitionists and disunion-All these things I hope for, all these which should be the hand book of every school boy (and girl too) in the land. I ly engendered a had feeling. know not how others may view it, but to I come with the olive branch, and stand provide a system of instruction, for sits necessarily destroy your institutions when up men capable of preserving and perpetagainst the next appearance of aboliwhich they can neither understand the na- sword. tion. Trust no such affiliations, for one ture nor appreciate the value of those inmore success of the abolition party, under stitutions.

whatever name it may assume, and our nationality is lost forever, and the wreck A man may throw away a priceless jewng aware of what he does. Let us have the constitution studied and necessarily any state, or deprive her of

inderstood by every school boy and girl in any of her constitutional rights. the land, if we would have intelligent, carnest, patriotic supporters and defenders regarded with so much terror, and de-McClellan.-The great Indian Commanof the liberty it confers, and the blessings nounced so bitterly. He stands by the t secures. Who knows how much this want may pinion of the conduct and ability of our

have contributed to the Southern rebell- ing or party, to turn him either to the ion, which is now testing the strength of right or left. our constitutional government? And who can tell how much of the apathy and want of patriotism, which characterize some of our northern districts, is attributable to the same cause? It is hardly to be expected, that men

who have never even read the Constitu- ous object. In no other way can it be ac-"Mr Mowatt dined with us, a few days tion, will show themselves very active in cheived. Disunionists, North and South, since. He is here with Lord Clyde, the defending it; nor need we expect many are active, vigilant, and as the war appagreatest English General living. In a sacrifices for their country, from men who rently approaches a termination, they beconversation which I had with Lord think the President of these United States | come more determined to seek its. prolon-Clyde, on Saturday, he stated that Generis clothed with absolute power, and be- gation and to keep up a hostile feud believe that "Old Abe" has committed- the tween the sections, which shall end in the unpardonable sin in not proclaiming immediate emancipation to all the southern slaves. Such ignorance and error could not prevail, if the Constitution was made he united. By such Union only can the The Hoosier Newsboy, a paper pubished at the town of Algiers, opposite a study in our common schools. New Orleans, by the Twenty-First Regi-

thy State Superintendent's instructions to ed. the county Superintendents, a recommen- FURNISHING ENCOURAGEMENT TO THE dation relative to the examination of Exemy.—If we are to believe the Repubteachers, requiring of them "a knowledge lican papers, at least one half of the Norof the Constitution of the United States, thern people are disunionists. It must be and of this State, and of the school sys- a delightful piece of intelligence for Jeff. tem of Pennsylvania. Now this is a Davis to read from the New York Triright step in the right direction, and I bune or Philadelphia Press, that the Denlope it will be followed by many more, ocrats of the North are "traitors in disleading, eventually, to legislative action upon the subject.

If the trying ordeal through which our comes us, as wise and true pat-Blodgett. A mob entered the house one riots, to strengthen it without delay; and inmates out of doors, and closed up the ous attention. I for one would be glad

JOB PRINTING of ALL KINDS, DONE AT THE OFFICE OF THE

DEMOCRAT NEATLY AND PROMPTLY, AND AT "LIVE AND LET LIVE" PRICES.

THE office of the Montrose Democrat has recently been supplied with a new and choice varie; hoftype, etc., and we are now prepared to print pamphists circulars, etc., atc., in the best style, on short notice. Handbills, Posters, Programmes, and ther kinds of work in this line, done according to order. Business, Wedding, and Ball Canbs Justices' and Constables' Blanks, Notes Deeds, and all other Blanks, on hand, or printed to orde Job work and Blanks, to be paid for or delivery.

ple for legislative action, which we feel sure will follow, just so soon as the necessity for such action is fairly presented. Let the commmon school teachers be equipped with the Bible in one hand, and the Constitution in the other, and they

Gov. Stanly's Speech in N. Carolina.

meeting in which seventeen counties were represented. The speech was also heard by a large number of soldiers, and the

government pursued thus far in regard to The same is true in regard to nations. your slaves? When Fremont, Hunter All nations have; at some period of their and Phelps issued their proclamation of history, experienced national reverses, or emancipation, did not the President re-undergone internal revolutions which voke them all? Does he not insist that have brought to light fundamental errors all the States shall be protected in all their

own beloved country is no exception to into the Federal lines, and many com-this general rule. How far our pres- plaints made because they are not promptly given up. Are they not in the Confederate lines, and are they not used to build sense, we do not pretend to say. But fortifications, and do the work of rebels, we do say, it is the duty of every true lov- and in many instances used to man rebel er of his country, to scrutinize closely its guns, and fight against the Union? The grand national institutions, for the pur- Federal army can't make a business of pose of strengthening the weak points catching negroes and deliving them up. They have come here to put down treason, and a war which the rebels mangura-

If this war continues, look at the consegrand defect in that otherwise incompar- and what must follow. In Newbern there | continue and the Federal army is obliged The educational motto of our State may to advance into the interior, then will the

Give back the forts, arsenals, navy yards, and all the property you have sein arms, send your commissioners to Wash ington, and in thirty days you can be back into the Unio 1.

school law as it is, adapted to meet its re- perilled, and all her property of every says that to preserve the constitution re- ment is worth more than all the property

schools in Newbern. When I came I ciples upon which civil government is bas- found them there established by Mr. Coled, especially a knowledge of the Constitution yer. He came to me and asked me my opinion. I gave it to him, and told him for discharging, intelligently, the various that I thought it was injudicious at this time, and that it would look as if I inten-Now, the question arises what provision is made in the school law for instruction is made in the school law for instruction which would destroy all my influence and ing pupils in the laws of their country, and make me a very unwelcome visitor to the the nature of its government? In enu people of North Carolina. I treated the merating the studies to be pursued in the gentleman kindly, made no threats to common schools, no mention is made of him, nor did I give him any advice or in-the Constitution of the United States, structions. I have been misrepresented in

my own mind, this omission appears in for the time being between you and the the light of a serious defect. It seems a powerful armies of the Republic, whose manifest inconsistency for the State to onward march will sweep you under, and sons, with the avowed purpose of training brought in contact with opposing forces. Soon it will be too late for you to accent uating our free institutions, while she of my honorable terms. Then events must makes no provision whatever for that be left to the harsh and ernel necessities particular kind of instruction, without of the justice which is vindicated by the After Hunter's proclamation I called on

President Lincoln and told him that if a sweeping emancipation was the policy of because he knows not that it is a jew- the administration, I could not go to North el: so a man ignorant of the value of our Carolina. He assured me that it was not, ystem of government, may throw away and that the administration had no such powthe precious boon of liberty, without be- er. I believe he is sincere in all he says, and that it is not his desire to distress un-

Such is Mr. Lincoln, whom you have constitution, unmoved, and I do not believe it is in the power of any human be-

The men who are for maintaining the Union unbroken, in its whole territorial extent from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico, and from Maine to California, must unite in one common effort for that gloridissolution of a portion of the States.

Against the consumation of this unholy scheme good und true Union men must secessionists and Abolitionists, and their I was pleased to observe, in our wor- sympathizers be foiled and the Urion sav-

guise," "secession sympathizers," &c .--Unquestionably he recoives great oncouragement from this information. We do nation is passing, has shown this to be the not wonder that foreigners have no trust weak point in our educational system, it be- in the success of our cause, when Northern papers declare that one-half the people of the loyal States sympathize with

the rebellion.