

A Subject to be Inquired Into.

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THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT

TERMS: \$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

A. J. MONTROSE, EDITOR, PUBLISHER, AND PROPRIETOR.

MONTROSE, THURSDAY, MAY 25, 1861.

ARTICLE 1.—Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion; or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; OR ABRIDGING THE FREEDOM OF SPEECH, OR OF THE PRESS; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.—Constitution of the United States.

1846 and 1861.

In 1846, the United States became involved in a war with Mexico. What were the causes that led to the war, or who was to blame for its outbreak...

President's Proclamation.

Whereas an insurrection exists in the State of Florida, which the lives, liberty and property of loyal citizens of the United States are endangered...

From Harrisburg.

It is understood, in high circles here, that Governors Curtin and Dennison have pledged the Union men of Western Virginia...

Diabolical.

The spirit of a bold sentiment to possess some Northern men and persuade some Abolition presses. Without a comment on their atrocity...

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Home Guards.

Home Guards.—Mr. Spawgrass, recently joined the "Home Guard" at York, Pa. New York, and said in a speech...

North would be true to itself, measures might be adopted to remove the bond of contention, in an honorable way...

The Philadelphia North American (Rep.) says:

Before the 15th inst., at the present rate of occupation, the number of applicants for custom house berths will not be less than 8,000.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says:

Lincoln has been informed by men prominent in the Union and who hold high official station, to confiscate Southern property located in the North...

The report that the remains of Washington were removed from Mount Vernon is still a question under consideration.

From Baltimore we learn that a correspondent asserts that the remains have been removed, upon the ground that the North had it in contemplation to do the same thing...

Distress of Nations.

India is the scene of a desolating famine, after having gone through a desolating rebellion. Austria is on the verge of bankruptcy...

Millard Fillmore, in 1856, speaking of the Republican party, said:

If this sectional party succeeds, it inevitably leads to the destruction of this beautiful republic...

One hundred and five Cincinnati printers have enlisted, and the printers in Cambridge City, Indiana have volunteered, and no papers will be published there for some time to come.

Since the bellicose attitude of the States scarcely a day has gone by that some monstrous story has not obtained currency.

Nearly all the journals of the country indulge in them, for the purpose of stimulating the war spirit among those who are unaccustomed to balance facts and weigh probabilities.

UNION SAVERS.—The New York Tribune has been sneering and abusing Democrats and conservative men for years, for trying to preserve the Union.

Now, it has set up in the same line of business, but how differently! We never understand to save it by side and shell. This was left to the humane members of the Peace Society!

A man by the name of Monday, of Somerset Co., New Jersey, recently cut off two of his fingers with an axe, to prevent his being drafted for the war.

While the nation is trying to cut off its own head, one poor man ought to be allowed the luxury of cutting off a finger or two.

It will remain a dark spot upon the fair name of Pennsylvania that some of the northern tribes, who had the fullest benefit of the hospital of Sunbury...

most shamefully abused and abused, and other buildings of that town, while quarreled in them. If such men should get killed during the war, why—well, better men may be, and are more likely to be, killed.

MILITARY SWINDLERS.—The New York Evening Post says that the articles which have concentrated for the use of the troops bear extraordinary prices.

Lamps, the first rates of which are said to be some two dollars, are reported to have been sold to the Government at nine dollars; and it is also reported that negotiations are in progress to supply a quantity of muskets at seventeen and a half dollars, which some time since were disposed of at one-seventh of that figure.

QUEER VOLUNTEERS.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune gives a thrilling account of the swearing in of Col. Ellsworth's New York Regiment of Firemen.

The Col. made them a speech from which we cut the following extract:—He also said they were sworn to be sworn into the service of the United States, not for a month, as some regiments have done, but as some other regiments have done for the war, be it thirty days or thirty years.

We suggest the propriety of the Vigilance Committee of New York calling on Wednesday to fifty day of June next at one o'clock P. M., at which time the Constitution will be submitted for adoption.

All friends of Sabbath Schools are earnestly invited to be present. The Chicago Times, in referring to the threats of the Republican papers of N. Y. city to supersede the President by a military commander, says:—We suggest the propriety of the Vigilance Committee of New York calling on Wednesday to fifty day of June next at one o'clock P. M., at which time the Constitution will be submitted for adoption.

Abstract of News.

The proclamation of General Harney to the people of Missouri is a positive document. He regards the Military bill recently passed by the Legislature as an insidious act of secession...

At Baltimore there has been an important movement.

Gen. Butler issued a very important proclamation, on the 14th. He demands the release of all arms and weapons stored in a warehouse, and finally succeeded in carrying away fifteen day loads of them.

From Europe we have five days later news by the steamship Europa and Panama.

The British Government is excited by the exercise of the privateering system of the Southern Congress and by the proposed Federal blockade. A squadron has been ordered to our coast for the protection of British vessels.

Our latest news shows that an effective blockade will be recognized, and that the Southern Confederacy will be considered belligerent.

From Washington we have the number of regiments to be obtained from the various States to fill the complement of seven-and-a-half regiments, for 3 years. It is represented that the Government is doing all it can to do to provide for the comfort of the soldiers.

There has been too much haste and consequent unnecessary suffering.

It is well that the government has given instructions to secure proper attention for the soldiers.

Gov. Hicks has written a letter to Mayor Brown in regard to the burning of bridges in Maryland.

The Governor is quite tart, and denies that he gave consent to the destruction of property.

Gen. Beauregard is reported to be dead from wounds received at Charleston.

This report cannot be true, as he was not at any of the forts during the engagement.

During the reign of terror under old John Adams' administration, when it was made treason for any man to open his mouth to discuss the acts of the Administration and the gag law was applied to men about 50 Democrats of Eastern Massachusetts.

This report cannot be true, as he was not at any of the forts during the engagement.

Orders for building one of the seven sloop-of-war, authorized by the last Congress, have been received at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

The Quartermaster's Department can do nothing for the volunteers until Congress has made an appropriation.

The blockade at Charleston is complete. Several British vessels had appeared off the port and were turned back by the Niagara.

Four Quartermasters and eight Assistant Surgeons are to be added, by promotion, to the General Staff of the Army.

Gen. Scott will be seventy-five years of age on the 13th of June.

When a woman arranges herself a little, she may be said that she pants for notoriety.

While thirteen appointments, foreign and domestic, have been given to the editors and attaches of the New York Tribune, not a single man connected, as editor or correspondent, has volunteered to fight.

The men who talk the loudest are not the men to fight.

Gov. Hicks has finally issued a proclamation for four regiments of volunteers, to be used in the State or for the protection of the National Capital.

The mails between St. Louis and Memphis have been discontinued, owing to the forcible stoppage of the boats by which they were conveyed.

The commandant of Fort Kearney has become frightened in his position, and spiked his guns before the appearance of an enemy.

It is said that he has acted under orders from the Government to fire the fort if he deemed it untenable.

The authority for the statement relative to Colonel Anderson's remark that, Mr. Breckinridge would join his command, is Hon. Henry G. Leisenring, of Philadelphia, who clearly reiterates his recollection of the conversation of Colonel Anderson today on this point.

The fact beyond dispute.

The very men who are now calling upon every body to "fight for the Union," are the same men that sneeringly denounced all Democrats last fall as "Union savers."

When were they playing the hypocrite, then or now?

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