but his orders are explicit. After a little pressing he yields, and we are conducted through one court after another, from est is twelve per cent. per annum. Here Byrant, Secretary. is a large ice house, very long, very deep. The arrangements for the meeting hav-very well drained. The ice is two feet ing been imperfectly carried out, the comhome we enter a tea shop. The cheering beverage is contained in a large brass Lettle, a brass butterfly with extended wings on its spout. We drink, are refreshed, and bid adieu to the "Street of Everlasting Prosperity." .

THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT. TERMS-\$1:50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE. A. J. GERRITSON,

EDITOR, PUBLISHER, AND PROPRIETOR. Chantress, Feb. 21, 1861.

Democratic Committee Meeting.

acting Secretary.

on the 21st inst:

Senatorial-Thomas Johnson. Representative-John Blanding, Azur Lathrop, and having been so elected it becomes the and M. C. Tyler. Each delegate was empowered to substitute in case of inability

conceded to Sullivan and Wyoming counties-they being entitled to the same by the usual custom of the party.

discussed, and adopted. state of the country, it behooves every other. patriot to rise above the tramels of party platforms and work zealously for the Con-

stitution and the Union. Resolved, That every means should be used, to bring about reconciliation and civil war and fratricidal strife.

The committee instructed that the pro-

DANIEL BREWSTER, Chairman. J. B. McCollusi, Secretary.

Poor old Abe's tormentors have played the fool with him until he seems to believe that their blarney about his being "a second Washington," is not merely intended to draw wool over his eyes, and in some of his soft speeches meeting adjourned sine die. lately, he has donkeyfied himself by claiming that he is another Washington, and sent to save his country-and sambo. He is now, on a circuitous tour to Washington, and his friends have placed senti-nels every half mile along the railroad, and of every crossing, to guard his pre-choosing Wm. H. Jessup President, and and at every crossing, to guard his precious body from accidents!

As poor old Abe does not seem to possess self-reliance enough to enable him do not be discouraged," with great animato select his cabinet for himself, the Re- tion and spirit. publicans are keeping up a terrible row sheet:

"The opposition to Mr. Cameron's ap-pointment to a seat in Mr. Lincoln's Cab-Clure is the centre. The position of this last named individual, as Chairman of the State Committee last fall, gave him a prominence which neither his ability nor his political honesty entitled him to; and the great fear of himself and his followers is, that if Mr. Cameron gets into the Cabinet they will not get the offices they are seeking for, as they well know how heartily they are despised by the General and all other decent men."

Who has not beard of the Kilkenney

Tuesday, the 12th inst., and a most deci- energetic effort." ded and brilliant victory was achieved by the Democratic party, The heavy majority fanatical, Abolition-Republican party. The whole ticket, except on two of the five port of the political economist and patriot." constables.

At the charter election, one week beforethe Democratic majority was about 50.

Godey, for March, is received and is as usual full of the fine sketches and valuable hints which characterize and makes it eminently the Ladies' Book."

_____ The Susquehanna County Musical Convention, will close with a grand Concert on Friday evening February 22d 1861, at the Academy H. dl, Montrose .-The Concert will be under the direction of Prof. George B. Loomis of Providence

R. I. Tickets 25 cents, House open at 61 o'clock P. M. Concert will commence at 7 o'clock P. M. Tickets for sale by Chandler & Jessup, Post Office, A. H. Smith, J, Lyons & Son.

There will be a convention composed of delegates and brothers from all Lodges of Odd Fellows in this Co., on Saturday the 23d day of Feb. inst. at 1 o'clock, p. m., at Odd Fellows Hall Montrose. Bro. A. O. Warren is to deliver an address, and it is expected that the exercises will be of great interest to the members of the Order at large.

that an outrage upon Capt. Vaughu, of the idity-prevailed, that some imaginary wolf." the British ship Kalos, at Savannah, was army designed making an attack upon committed by a gang of rowdies, known some person or persons unknown. The as the Rattlesnake Club, the cause being fact that bayonets and cannon presided his allowing a colored stevedore to dine over this ceremony, and that they will al in the cabin with himself and family, a so preside over the inauguration of Mr. privilege he was not in the habit of ac. Lincoln, is a most significant and unpromcording to his mate, and which his own ising indication for him and his adminiscrew regarded as an indignity to them- tration. All former Chief Magistrates selve. The citizens of Savannah are in have been welcomed with warm hearts no way chargeable with the indiguity, and with load exclamations. Mr. Lincoln and are justly incensed at its perpetration. has more confidence in cannon that in the may thus be made to pay. A reward of \$1,000 has been offered for affections of the people over whom he is A reward of the guilty parties in-regn.

For the Montrose Democrat Union Meeting in Jackson.

Mr. EDITOR:-The citizens of Jackson pocket handkerchiefs to junks' anchors who are in favor of the preservation of the The goods may be pledged for thirty moons, (two years and a half,) when they on Monday evening, Feb. 4th, 1861. D.M. are sold if unredeemed. The rate of inter- Farrar was chosen President, and Fred.

thick, and gives abundant evidence of a mittee on resolutions were unable to agree severe winter in this district. Returning except on the following which were

adopted, unanimously.

Resolved, That in the opinion of the meeting the constitution should be maintained in its integrity, and that every citizen should yield a willing and cheerful obedience to its authority; and to that end we recommend that all laws which conflict with the constitution be unconlitionally repealed.

Resolved, That we are in favor of offering o the South every honorable concession, of guaranteeing to her perfect equality within the Union, and a full and unqualiied protection of all her interests, and at he same time emphatically declaring to her that we deny the right of any State, Democratic Committee Meeting. or portion of our people, under any cir-The Democratic Committee met, pursu-cumstances, to withdraw from the Union, ant to call, at the Keystone Hotel, in Montrose on Saturday, February 16, 1861. D. Remeticibles and I. B. McCollum Soil won for us by the blood and sacrifices D.Brewster, presiding, and J.B. McCollum, of our ancestry, and bequeathed to us as

a nation, one and undivided. The following delegates were selected Resolved, That the citizens of Jackson to attend the State convention, to be held feel and acknowledge that the President elect has been elevated to his high office by the fair suffrages of the people; duty of all portions of the people of this Union without regard to party, to sustain him as the Chief Executive of the Govern-The other Senatorial delegates were ment when he shall enter upon the duties of his office; and that we, the citizens of Jackson, laying aside all party differences. pledge ourselves to stand by the Presi-The following resolutions were offered, dent and the Constitution, so long as the one shall live and act up to the spirit and Resolved. That in the present alarming the clearly expressed obligations of the

> The following resolution was proposed, and after considerable discussion in con sequence of a disagreement concerning its import, adopted.

Resolved, That we regard certain orharmony between the different sections dinances of secession recently passed by of the country, but in no case resort to conventions, purporting to represent the people in certain States, as being to the fullest extent as unconstitutional and illeceedings be published in the Montrose gal as the so-called personal liberty bills, Democrat. Adjourned. which have equally disgraced the pages of some of the other States of this Republic: and we carnestly call upon the legislatures, the conventions, and especially the people of such States, to sweep alike personal liberty bills and secession ordiances from their otherwise spotless records.

On motion it was resolved that the proceedings of the meeting be published in the county papers, and thereupon the

For the Montrose Democrat.

Sabbath School Convention. In pursuance of public notice the Sab oath School Convention met at 1 o'clock,

C. C. Halsey and Geo. H. Leal Secretaries. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. J. C. Boomer-after which the assembly rose and united in Singing "Oh

Wm. H. Jessup, as Secretary of the about his proposed selections, and in so Convention recently held at Great Bend, Tioga Agitator, a very black Republican present) reported progress, and desired to just to the people of all the States, peace delegates to the Southern Congress.

be continued.
"Around the throne of God, in Heaven,"

inet exists only in a desperate clique of ing. The President announced that as there were six or seven to speak, it would try, that secession and war will be de-

> meeting, after which the assembly rose in your next issue. and sang one verse of "Tis religion that

can give, &c.
Rev. J. C. Boomer addressed the meet ing, and the President then called upon A. Chamberlin, a Supt., to speak.

"Would you be as angels are" was then Rev. A. L. Post addressed the meeting on the sentiment of "Love as the great An election for town officers, in bond of Union in the Sabbath School the town of Binghamton, was held on cause—the incentive to continued and

energetic effort."
After singing a single verse of "Live on the field of battle," the Pres. (having made a happy battle illustration, and announced obtained on the Democratic ticket shows the next three speakers) called on L. F. that there is a reaction going on in the Fitch, Esq., who advocated the sentiment minds of the people which must inevita- that "The Sabbath School affords a large bly sweep out of existence this ranting, field for Missionary labor." Rev. J. F. Deans then spoke, and after him R. B. fanatical, Abolition-Republican party. The avarage majorities were about 100, on the Sabbath School cause, worthy of the sup-

> Bentley S. Foster then addressed the meeting, after which there was a general

talk about future meetings.
Was moved and carried that when this Convention adjourn, it be to meet at 2 o'clock, p. m., on Wednesday, the first day of May next, at the Baptist Church

in Montrose. The previous committees were contin-

essayist &c. for next meeting.
On motion of A. Chamberlin it was resolved that there be a union meeting of all the Sabbath Schools in this place, on the first Sabbath evening in April, at the

Baptist Church. The Secretaries were directed to furnish copies of the proceedings of this Convention for publication in all the county

diction the Convention adjourned.

CALVIN C. HALSET, | Secretaries. GEORGE H. LEAL, Montrose, Feb. 13, 1860.

It seems that the Federal troops the occasion of counting the rotes for war footing. A wretched and unfounded has a right of dominion over the beasts of the forest, and, therefore, I will shear the

Letter from Mr. Douglas-The following letter has been addressed by Judge Douglas to the editor of the

Memphis Appeal: WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 2, 1861. Messra. Editors: I have this moment read with amazement an editorial in your paper of the 30th ult., in which you assume that I am favoring the immediate withdrawal of the remaining States of the Confederacy, as a peace measure, to avert the horrors of civil war, and with the view of a reconstruction on a constitution-

al basis.

I implore you, by all those kind relations which have so long existed between us, and which I still cherish with so much al basis. oleasure and gratitude, to do me the justice promptly to correct the unaccounta ble error into which you have been led .-In regard to secession, whether viewed as a governmental theory or as a matter of political expediency. I never have had but one opinion, nor uttered but one language-that of unqualified opposition.

Nothing can be so fatal to the peace of country, so destructive of the honor and of all hopes of reconstruction, as the secession of Tennessee and the border States under existing circumstances.

You must remember that there are dis unionists among the party leaders at the North as well as the South—men whose hostility to slavery is stronger than their fidelity to the Constitution, and who believe that the disruption of the Union would draw after it, as an inevitable conequence, civil war, servile insurrection, and finally the utter extermination of slavery in all the Southern States. They are bold, daring, determined men; and believing, as they do, that the Constitution of the United States is the great bulwark of slavery on this continent, and that the disruption of the American Union involves the inevitable destruction of slavey, and is an indispensable necessity to the attainment of that end, they are determined to accomplish their paramount obicct by any means within their power-For these reasons the Northern disunionists, like the disunionists of the South, are violently opposed to all compromises on constitutional amendments, or efforts at onciliation, whereby peace could be restored, and the Union preserved.

They are striving to break up the Union under pretence of unbounded devotion States to follow the Cotton States, they | 4. The "rendition" clause in the Constitution is not their ultimate designs. .

Nothing will gratify them so much or ontribute so completely and effectusooner or later, must end in final separa- out the unanimous consent of the States. tion, and recognition of the independence contrary, Tennessee, North Carolina, and trust they will not be disappointed. the border States, will remain in the Union, and will unite with the conservative Confederacy" were to be inaugurated on Monday of this

ion be rendered perpetual. upon a constitutional basis. I trust you Rev. J. K. Peck next addressed the will do me the justice to publish this note in your next issue.

I am, very truly, your friend. S. A. DOUGLAS.

+++ Another Falsehood Exploden.-The black republican journals have for months past resorted to the manufacture of all species of false statements relative to occurrences at the South, with a view to prejudice the public mind and keep alive excitement. A few days since the Patterson N. J. Guardian, a notorious abolition organ, published a highly colored and circumstantial account of the murder in Charleston, S. C. of two young men, belonging to Paterson, named Andrew Ackwere known; but notwithstanding all its ferred to, have published a card denoun-One verse of "Beautiful Zion" was ing the story as a fabrication. Andrew Ackerman was at Ramapo, S. C., alive and murder; and Bartholf was at Cave Spring, Floyd county, Ga., having never been in public hind at the North excited against the South. With them forgery and misrepresentation is a chief staple; and the a year ago. ned and the Pres. authorized to appoint fact that no misrepresentation, however gross, and no calumny, however absurd, is ever recalled. Both are left to run their race, and their value is estimated by the

Rev. H. A. Riley made the closing in the English Parliament, on taxing the prayer and having pronounced the bene. American colonies. He said, (quoting from memory,) "But the noble lord tells us we have a right to tax America, and therefore we ought to tax America. Not inferior in wisdom to this was that of the man who resolved to shear a wolf. What, shear a wolf! Have you considered the now occupying Washington, were, on danger, the difficulty, the resistance of the attempt? 'No,' says the madman, 'I've President and Vice President, put upon a considered nothing but the right. Man

> The Harrisburg Patriot & Union says that several Yankees are there, pressing upon the Republican Members of the Legislature the necessity of putting the State on a war footing. These men are interested in the sale of arms manufactured in Connecticut! A war is what they want-first to sell arms to the South, and then to the North. Yankee Abolitionism

Safe-The United States Capital.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

THE ELECTORAL VOTES .- The Electoral votes for the next President and Vice President of the United States of America were counted on the 13th, in the presence of Congress, and Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, and Hannibal Hamily, of Maine, were respectively declared constitutionally entitled to those offices by the gift of the American people.

-Erastus D. Avery, formerly the republican representative from the town of Groton, in the Connecticut Legislature, is now in the secession army at Pensacola.

-The Senate has confirmed the nomination of Horatio King Postmaster General, together with a number of Deputy

-Some evidence of returning reason in the three great central States, viz: The defeat of Wilmot, in Pennsylvania, and Greeley of New York, for the United States Senate; and Floyd and Pryor, of Virginia, for the Convention.

-The President has issued a proclamation declaring that an extrrordinary occasion requires the Senate to convene for the transaction of business on the 4th of March at noon, namely: to receive and act upon such communications as may be made to it on the part of the Executive. This proclamation is in accordance with usage, and to enable the incoming President to nominate for confirmation the members of his Cabinet.

-Mr. Lincoln's Cincinnati speech has quieted the angry expressions of the Southerners at his Indianopolis remarks, which were viewed as a declaration of war.

-The late advices from Europe give an account of a fearful inundation in Holland. Immense masses of floating ice were brought to bear on the dykes which dam out the waters of the German ocean, and at last they were forced. The water rushed in, and miles of territory that had been redeemed from the sea, were inundated, and the unfortunate inhabitants were driven to the atties and roofs of their dwellings, and hundreds of them perished before they could be taken away in boars. A vast amount of property has been destroyed, and numbers have been beggared by the terrible inundation—the waters having risen higher than for many years.

THE PROPOSITIONS OF THE PEACE CONFERENCE.—There is hopeful news from the Peace Conference at Washington. The committee of one from each State, by a decided vote, have adopted substantially the resolutions offered by Mr. Guthrie, of Kentucky. These propose certain amendments to the Constitution:

1. A division of the Territories by the line of 36 deg. 30 min north of which slavery is to be prohibited, and south of which that institution is to be recognized as it exists; both Congress and the Territorial Legislatures are to be prohibited from interferring against it, and it is to be placed under the protection and jurisdiction of the Federal Courts of the Territories. This proposition, if-incorporated into the Constitution, would remove from our elections a chronic nuisance, in the form of incessant agitation on the subject of slavery in the Territories, and with it would go one prolific cause of estrangement between the Free and Slave States.

to it. They are struggling to overthrow | 2. No more territory shall be acquired unless by the concurthe Constitution while professing undy-rent consent of a majority of the Senators from both sections ing attachment to it, and a willingness to of the country. This strikes a fatal blow at fillibusterism.

make any sacrifice to maintain it. They are trying toplunge the country into civil slavery in any State or Territory where it exists, or in places 3. Congress shall be prohibited from interfering against war, as the surest means of destroying the under the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, like forts Union, upon the plan of enforcing the laws and dockyards; also, in the District of Columbia, unless with and protecting the public property. If the consent of Maryland, Virginia, and the owners of the slaves they can defeat any kind of adjustment or compromise, by which the points at issue may be satisfactorily settled, and keep up the irritation so as to induce the Border or to have the right to vote for Kederal officers.

will feel certain of the accomplishment of hereafter to be construed to prevent State authorities from enforcing the delivery of fugitives from labor.

5. The slave trade is forever prohibited. v. The first, second, third, and fifth of these amendally to their success, as the secession of ments shall not be amended, or abolished, without the con-Tennessee and the border States. Every sent of all the States; and the second section of the first article State that withdraws from the Union increases the relative power of Northern fifth of the slaves, and the third paragraph of the second see-Abolitionists to defeat a satisfactory ad- tion of the fourth article, which provides for the rendition of ult., Mrs. Polly wife of Perry C. Harding justment, and to bring on war, which, fugitives from labor, shall not be amended, or abolished, with-

-The Tennessee election resulted in a large majority of the two contending sections: If, on the against secession. Her people hope for conciliation, and we aged 84 years. -The Presiden, and Vice President of the new Southern

about his proposed selections, and in so doing they tell some painful truths about of organization &c. for this meeting, (Hon. each other. Here is a specimen from the S. B. Chase, the chairman, not being

and fraternal feeling will soon return, and —The English newspapers teem with melancholy narratives the cotton States come back, and the Un- of death amongst the poor from exposure to the colds -Never neglect a cough, especially when you can without

Pardon the repetition for it cannot be too difficulty procure a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherstrongly arged upon all who love our country, which for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, there were six or seven to speak, it would be necessary to limit them to about ten be necessary to limit them to about ten but will blast all hope of reconstruction but will blast all hope of reconstruction Boston, and sold evewhere by Druggist and Agents. -Lincoln has arrived at Pittsburg, and will be at Harrisburg

on the 22nd. The conclusion of his speech to the Ohio Legis-"I have not maintained silence from any want of real anxi-

lature is as follows: ety. It is a good thing there is no more than anxiety, for there is nothing going wrong. It is a consoling circumstance that when we look out there is nothing that really hurts anybody. We entertain different views upon political questions, but no body is suffering anything. This is a most consoling circumstatce, and from it we may conclude that all we want is time, patience, and a reliance on that God that has never forsaken this people. Fellow citizens, what I have/said has been altogether extemporaneous, and I will now come to a close."

These declarations are made immediately after saying: "There has fallen upon me a task such as did not rest even upon the Father of his Country."

It is known to every man, woman and child in the country, rman and David H. Bartholf, on account that banks have everywhere suspended, that merchants and of their expressing sentiments opposed to manufacturers are failing, that business is paralyzed, that hunsecession. The story naturally excited dreds of thousands of laboring men have been thrown out of much indignation where the young men employment, that hundreds of families are destitute and stary ing, and 'yet, says Mr. Lincoln, "Nobody is suffering!" The minuteness it proves to be wholly false. very government has become a mendicant, and, in consequence Messers. Stephen II. Bartholf and John of the destruction of its credit, cannot raise the means to de-Ackerman, fathers of the young men re- fray ordinary expenses, except by submitting to heavy and humiliating sacrifices: yet "Nothing is going wrong." President elect speaks like a man who can neither read nor write, see or hear-like one who had been shut up in close conwell a week after the alleged date of his finement, and kept in profound ignorance of all the painful events that have so affrighted the country.

-The Committee appointed to investigate the abstraction Charleston. It is by forgeries like this of the Indian Trust Bonds, have made a long report, claim that republicanism is seeking to keep the ing the establishment of five points, viz:

1. That ex-Secretary Floyd was implicated in the robbery. 2. That the President was notified of Floyd's conduct over

year age.
3. That the clerk, Bailey, was made the tool of the conspira

4. That Russell is fearfully involved in the transaction, and 5. That the Government loses over \$6,000,000.

race, and their value is estimated by the force and potency of their poison.

It is however due to the President to state that when he first learned that Floyd was issuing acceptances, he immediately thereafter sent for Mr. Floyd and inquired by what authority he issued them. Mr. Floyd said there was no law for or against the South, recalls the illustration of Charles James Fox in the debate the had issued, but to issue no more, which Mr. Floyd are referred to those who have already done to the composition of Charles James Fox in the debate the practice of the Department. The president said the practice was wrong, and instructed him to pay what he had issued, but to issue no more, which Mr. Floyd are referred to those who have already done to the president said the practice was wrong. pay what he had issued, but to issue no more, which Mr. Floyd promised to do, the President being under the impression that only a small sum of money was involved. Mr. Floyd, who is now absent in Virginia, has caused the

following publication to be made, addressed to the public: "The numerous assaults which have been made upon my character for several weeks past in the newspapers, and which from their source and nature could not be replied to, have at length culminated in a report from the Committee of the House of Representatives, submitted to that body on the 12th inst. That report is an ex parte arraignment of my official conduct

upon ex parte testimony, taken in secret, in my absence. It is labored attempt by inuendo and by means and circumstances in the absence of proof to fix upon me some unexpected complicity in the robbery of the Government, of which I had no knowledge until about the time it was publicly disclosed; and now that these charges have been put in form and have been put in form and have emanated from an authoritative source, I pledge myself to meet them by full response as soon as the report of this Committee, with the evidence taken by it, has

been printed and can be examined. J. B. FLOYD. What is a Newspaper?-Judge Low of St. Louis has decided that a paper published in the interest of a religious sect is not a newspaper, and that legal notices published in such journals are null and void.

When the census of 1850 was taken there were in the United States 7,475 miles of completed railway in operation. The year 1861 dawns upon us with no less than 31,179.

The Supreme Court of the State of New York have issued a perpetual injunc-tion against Eaton and Jenkins for .counterfeiting Ayer's Cathartic Pills holding them responsible for the cruel imposition in what they have done and restraining them from further like injury to the pub lic. If any class of our people more than another needs the interposition of law to shield them from imposture, it is the sick and suffering who are unable to protect themselves. A remedy so universally empleyed as Ayer's Pills by all classes, both to cure and prevent disease, should as it does, have every security the law can afford it, from counterfeit and imitation .-Cabinet, Schendetady. -

Wookly Market Reports.

NEW-YORK W	HOLESA	LE PI	HCES-F	Е́в. 16.
Wheat Flot	r. 🙀	bbl.,	\$5,00@	\$7,00
Rye Flour,	()	bbl.,	3,30@	4,15
Corn Meal,	1 3	bbl.,	-3,10@	3,55
Wheat,	bu.,		1,18	1,60
	bu.,	÷ .	0,75	
Oats,	bu., (12lbs)	0,35@	0,37
Corn,	bu.,		0,63@	0,66
	ib '		0,14@	0,20
Cheese,	lb .		0,09@	0,10
Tallow,	Њ.		0,0940	a,0,10
Lard,	ib		0,091	£0,10

e, ts, ckwheat, tatoes,	56 30 50	Beans, # bushed 89 (7\$1 10 Dried Apples, 1, 75 & 1 00 Butter, # b 17 @ 18 Cheese, 10% & 11 Eggs, \$7 dozen, 18 @ 20
MONTROS	E PR	CES CURRE: T.
r 5	5 cents	Wheat flour Phill \$60. \$9,00 Rye flour Cewit: 260 2,50
ckubeat. 4	1 cents	Corn meal 2 cwi 1.50 @ 1.75 Pork 12 lb 14 @ 12 cents Lard 2 lb
4n 7	5 G. *1	Butter & D. 14 @ 18 cents Eggs P doz. 15 cents

I. O. of O. F. Monthose Longe. No. 151, meets at Odd Fellows Hall, Montrose, on Tuesday evenings. D. Brewster, Sc. C. C. Halsey, N. G. St. John Encompment No. 50, meets at Odd Fellows Hall, Montrose, on 2d and 4th Fridaylevenings of each month. C. C. Halsey, Nov. A. N. Bulland, C. P. The friends of the Rev. J. C. Boomer are respectfully solicited to make him a

lonation visit on the afternoon and eve ning of February 26th, 1861. MARRIAGES.

LANDON-SMITH-In Northmoreland, Wyoming county, on the 9th, by Rev. R. Nelson, Rev. George Landon, (Senator) and Miss Catharine Smith, the daughter of Sand G. Smith, of above place OAKLEY-WILLIAMS-In Herrick, on the 31st ult. by Rev. A. G. Beebee, Mr. D. K. Oakley, of Harford, and Miss

Emiline Williams, of Herrick.
WILLIAMS-KISHPAUGH-In Tunkhannock, Wyoming Co., Pa., on the 31st ult., by Rev. J. F. Wilbur, Mr. Henry Williams, Jr., of Springville, Susq. Co., and Miss Mary S. Kishpaugh, of the for-WOODHOUSE-KEENEY HAt Skin-

ner's Eddy on the 30th ult., by Rev. J. G. Furey, Mr. John G. Woodhouse, M. D., of Laceyville, and Miss Angie Keeney, of Braintrim. DEATES. HARDING-In Harford, on the 25th

STEPHENS In Lathrop, on the 7th, Mrs. Jane, wid, of Eliphalet L. Stephens,

aged 68 years.

TAKE NOTICE! Cash Paid for Hides, Furs. A good as-strinent of Leather and Boots and Shoes constantly on hand. Office, Tannery, & Shop on

se. Feb. 6th A. P. & L. C. KEELER. Dimock High School,

At Dimock, Pa. Monday, Fob. 18, 1881. Pupils will be charged only for that part of the term, for which their names are entered. TERMS PER QUARTER OF TWELVE WEEKS. PRIMARY BRANCHES
COMMON
HIGHER ENG. Dimock, Feb. 11. 3w. WM. II. BAKER, Principal.

SECESSION! No. 20, Cor. Court and Water Sts. HIRSCHMAN BROS. & CO. Sign of the "Bee-Hive!" HAVING. in consequence of the hard times "SECE-DED" from their already very low prices, and are now closing out their entire Stock of

WINTER, DRY AND FANCY GOODS At Ruinous Pavic Prices. No matter how desirable the goods or how great the sacrifice, they Must and Will be Sold.

The Stock embraces a large and select. Assortment of DOMESTIC DRY & HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, CLOAKS, BLANKET AND BROCHE SHAWLS, Black and Fancy Dress Silks, and an endless Black and Fancy Dress Silks, and an endless variety of Foncy Goods, Embroideries, Trinmings, &c., at Pante Prices, never before dreamed of, and and satisfy yourselves of the fact that we fulfill we promise.

all we promise. Binghamten, Feb. 7th, 1861.

Susq'a County Classical and Normal School. ar montrose, pa.

PROF. S. S. HARTWELL, B. A., PRINCIPAL. Mr. B.O. Camp, Miss A. M. Hartwell, Miss L. Richards,

Assistants.

Mrs. A. M. RICHARDS, Miss. E. BLACKMAN, Primary Department.

Music on Plano.

G. Z. DIMOCK, Lecturer of Anatomy, and Physiology. For Particulars, See Circular.
C. F. Read, Secretary. W. JESSUP.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

DY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, to me diPretted, I will expose for sale, at the Court House, in
Montrose, on Saturday, March 2th, 1861, at 1 o'clock, p. m.,
all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Dinnock, County of Susquehama and State of
Peunsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:
on the north by lands of George Brace, on the east by
lands of Milton Harris and Ellas Gillson, on the south by
Samuel Carlin and land formerly of Curtis and Ebenezer
Bassell, deceased, and on the west by land of David Bushnell, containing two hundred and thirteen acres, or thereabouts, together with the appurtenances, two framed
dwelling houses, two barns, one cider house, one corn
house, and other out buildings, two orchards, and about
one hundred and seventy-five acres improved, late the
estate of Henry Mock deceased. E. V. GREEN, Sheriff,
Sheriff's Office, Montrose, Feb. 12, 1861,—4*.

Courts of Appeal. THE Commissioners of Susquehama County have fixed upon the following days and dates respectively, for hearing Appeals from the Assessment for 1801, at the Commissioners' Office, in Montrose:

Commissioners.
WM. A. CROSSMON, Clerk
Montrose, February 5tb. '61. Commissioners Office, Montre

Statement of Rec'pts & Expenditures Of Susquehanna County. Made and Published in Pursuance of an Act of Assembly of the 18th of April, 1831,

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY—BALANCE OF COLLECTORS ACCOUNTS FOR 1860. D'licates. Am. Paid. Ex'ne Pere't Townships. Smith W. Tiffany Churchili

\$14,036 TO \$13,103 58 \$172 49 \$750 63 Total amount of Duplicates,
Amount paid by Collectors,
1859,
Am't of Exonerations to Collectors, 1869,
1869,
1869,
1869,
1869,
1869,
1869,
1869, RECAPITULATION \$14,626 70 Amount of Percentage to Collectors, 1860, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY. DR. To Commonwealth Costs, \$1023 26

Road Veiwers..... 454 00.
 Road Damages
 731 00

 L. S. Page, Commissioner
 246 00
 L. S. Page, Commissioner. 240 09
M. C. Stewart, 256 50
J. B. Cogswell, 37 50
O. Mott, Jr., late 234 00
Grand and Traverse Jurors 2303 90
Constables. 652 54 Assessors 743 55 Court House and Jail Fuel and Lights 119 86 Interest on County Bonds, unredeemed, etc.... 268 09 County Bonds Redeemed. 2804 01

Jail . 93 95

H. Spafford, Jailor . 414 86

Printing . 324 91

Justices of the Peace . 10 25

General and Township Elections . 1186 14

New Sec. 2007 32
 New Safe
 202, 23

 County Seals
 116 50
 Court House..... 186 32 Stationery...... 115 51 Wild Cats.... Eastern Penitentiary..... Treasurer's Percentage 560 17 814429 20 SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY. CR. County Orders redeemed from No. 1 to 692, inc. \$13838 24

TREASURER'S STATEMENT OF MILITIA FINES FOR YEAR 1860, AND BALANCE DUE FOR 1850AND 1859.

Treasurer's Perecentage 560 17

Townships .. D'ficales. Am. Paid. Ex'ns. Perc t. Collectors. \$39 53 50 \$40 55 \$29 50 \$2 15 2 50 1 90 50 10 50 52 50 9 50 4 9 Dundaff..... Forest Lake... Franklin.... Friendsville. harles Norton thn Brown D. Turrrell I. C. Sutton P. Kinnie neius Buck I. Westgate. 19 51 **5**0. Rush.... Silver Lake

\$1,048 (0) \$657.52 \$316.50 \$34 95 RECAPITULATION. \$1,045 00 Am't of Exonerations to Collectors, 1869, Amount of Percentage to Collectors, 1870, Amount of unpaid Duplicates, 1850,

Statement of Treasurer's Account with Military Fund. 1860 D. W. TITUS, Treasurer. DR. To amount received from Collectors, 1860. \$614 T7
To amount received from Collectors, 1859. 42 75—2657 52 1860 CONTRA. CR. By amount paid C. M. Gere, Brigade Inspector, as per account rendered. \$172.31
By amount paid C. D. Lathrop, Major General, as per receipt filed. 49.55
By amount paid Assessors 92.75
By amount paid Printers. 35.34
By amount paid Printers. 48.00
By amount paid Commissioners 60.51
By amount paid Commissioners 60.51
By amount paid Commissioners 60.51
By amount paid Commissioners Clerk 50
By Treasurer's Percentage on \$657.52, at one per cent 65.50
By amount in Treasurer's hands 16.56
Treasurer's Office, Dec. 31, 1850.1
D. W. TITUS, Treasurer, \$557.52

Treasurer in Account Current with the Communicalth of Penn 1860 sylvana.

To aggregate amount of State Taxes levied and assessed for the use of the Commonwealth, for the year 1860, as, per statement of Co. Commissioners, filed with said Treasurer,

To aggregate amount of outstanding taxes for 1859,

To aggregate amount of outstanding taxes for previous years, viz.: '43, 49, & '50, as per last Auditors' Report To amount received from tinseated lands.

\$7693 33 CONTRA CR_{c} By five per cent, allowed Collectors of 1860.

By Experiment to Collectors of 1860, 833.49, do of '59, 87.19—
By anoth in Treasurer's hands, for '50, and '50, less the per cent.
By Treasurer's per cent, on last named sum, at one per cent. ----\$7690 38 Statement of Treasurer's Account Relative In Road and School

Taxes on Unseated Lands, FIRST-ROAD TAXES. To amt of Warrants for Road | By ant p'd townships, \$802,11 taxes, for the years 1858 By Treas, percentage, 46,95 and 1850, 8939,06

SECOND SCHOOL TAXES. To amt of School Warrants By amt p'd townships, \$592, \$5 for years 1858 & 59, \$624,05 By Treas, percentage, 31,20 **-\$**024,05 THIRD-POOR TAXES. To amount of Poor Taxes for | By ant p'd townships, \$19,73 the year 1858 \$21,45 | By Treas, percentage, 1,72

\$21 45

Statement of Sheriff's Account for 1860. DR. 1860 JOHN YOUNG, Sheriff. smount of fines and Jury fees, as per certificate of Clerk of Court of Q. S., \$143 00 1860 CONTRA. OR. By amt p'd Treas, and chyd in his acct. 128.71. 3 pret ratained for collec's \$4.99 \$145

Treasurer's Office, Dec. 31, 1860

D. W. TITUS, Treasurer.