

TERMS—\$5 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE. A. J. GERRITSON, EDITOR, PUBLISHER, AND PROPRIETOR. OFFICE OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

Montrose, Nov. 15th, 1860.

\$85 Sewing Machine for FIFTY DOLLARS

We can furnish the celebrated \$85 Grover and Baker Sewing Machine (either Family or Shuttle Machine) at \$50 (less a discount for cash). Also Wheeler and Wilson's machine reduced prices...

The result of the late election is now so well known that it may be briefly and certainly summed up thus: A Republican President and Vice President, and a Democratic-conservative Congress.

It can hardly be expected that we will spend many words in discussing the causes that led to the election of Lincoln and Hamlin. Not until somebody shows us how any party (especially the Democratic) ever avoided defeat when divided...

We print the report of the Harford Fair, to-day, and regret that it was not sent to us last week, until too late to be inserted.

When we published the letter of Col. ASA DIMOCK, which we re-print to-day we copied such portion of the letter of Mr. Jefferson to Holmes, as covered the points in dispute...

When Byrley, the election return judge of the 4th ward, Philadelphia, who, by presenting a forged and false return, cheated Lehman (democrat), out of his certificate of election to Congress...

Gov. Packer, in issuing the usual proclamation, announcing the names of the Congressmen elect, after setting forth the facts in the case, very justly names William E. Lehman, as the Member elect from the 1st district...

All who abhor political profligacy, personal corruption and vaunting treason, will be rejoiced to learn that Anson Burlingame has been defeated for Congress, by Mr. Appleton, Democrat.

At a meeting of abolition-Republican fanatics in Chester county just before the election, the following sentiments were uttered and approved.

LETTER FROM COL. DIMOCK

Our latest advices from the several States indicate that all the Northern States went for Lincoln and Hamlin except New Jersey, which voted a fusion ticket.

Of the Southern States the result is not so positively known. Tennessee, Missouri, Maryland and Kentucky are conceded to Bell; and the others are all set down for Breckinridge by pluralities.

Now that Abraham Lincoln has been elected President of the United States, the public will begin to enquire as to what policy he will endeavor to carry out; and the anxiety will be greatly strengthened by the fact that the germ from which sprang the Republican party, was hatred of the South...

I quoted to the "distinguished" member of Congress, Mr. Jefferson's Letter to John Holmes, to show his opinion on the subject, and that he favored the "free passage of slaves from one State to another."

I think it evident your "distinguished" member of Congress has never read Mr. Jefferson's opinion on these subjects, or he would not have been imposing upon his constituents by referring to Mr. Jefferson as authority to sustain his own political dogmas...

I treat you will comply with our request, and publish the letter; which I think will fully satisfy your enlightened readers, with regard to Mr. Jefferson's opinion and opposition to the "Missouri Compromise Line," and your "distinguished" member's constituents, whether they have been fairly and truthfully dealt by.

Can there be anything more emphatic than the language of Mr. Jefferson? Truly he spake with a spirit of prophecy, and may God spare us from a consummation of his concluding sentences.

I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ASA DIMOCK. Glenwood, Pa., Oct. 14th, 1860.

JEFFERSON'S LETTER. MONTICELLO, April 22, 1820. I thank you, dear Sir, for the copy you have been so kind as to send me of your letter to your constituents on the Missouri question.

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