THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT TERMS-\$1:50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

A. J. GERRITSON. EDITOR, PUBLISHER, AND PROPRIETOR. OFFICE OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

Montrose, Sept. 27th, 1860.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT. STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS,

HERSCHEL Y. JOHNSON,

Of Georgia. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

ELECTORS AT LARGE. RICHARD VAUX, GEO. M. KEIM. DISTRICT ELECTORS.

1. Fred. A. Server, 14. Isaac Reckhow, 2. W.C. Patterson, 15. Geo.D. Jackson. 3. Jos. Crockett, 16. J. A. Ahl 4. J. G. Brenner, 5. G. W. Jacoby, 17. J. B. Danner. 18. J. R. Crawford. 19. H. N. Lee, 20. J. B. Howell, 21. N.P. Fetterman 6. Charles Kelly, 7. O. P. James, 8. David Schall, 22. Samuel Marshall

9. J. L. Lightner, 10. S. S. Barber, 11. T. H. Walker, 23. William Book, 24. B. D. Hamlin. 12. S. S. Winchester, 25. Gaylord Church 13. Joseph Laubach,

FOR GOVERNOR.

HENRY D. FOSTER Of Westmoreland County.

FOR CONGRESS, HENRY SHERWOOD, Of Tioga Co. FOR REPRESENTATIVE, MOSES C. TYLER, Of Montrosc.

FOR SHERIFF, CHARLES D. LATHROP, Of Montrose FOR PROTHONOTARY. CHARLES S. GILBERT, Of Gt. Bend. FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,

JOHN N. MARSH, Of Harmony. FOR COMMISSIONER, JOHN BRADSHAW, Of Forest Lake FOR AUDITOR,

CHRISTOPHER BURNS, Of Choconut FOR CORONER, ABRAM CHAMBERLIN, Of Brooklyn.

DEMOCRATS! See that every man

FOSTER,

is assessed in time to vote at the STATE ELECTION! See to it at once. QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

The law requires a person who claims the right to vote, to have been a citizen of this Commonwealth "at least ONE YEAR, ple of the county. Ask any man who is and in the Election District at least TEN DAYS immediately preceding such election, and within Two YEARS to have paid a the position, in all respects. Even his un-State or County Tax, which shall have scrupulous enemies, who are racking their election. But a citizen of the United to injure him, dare not breathe a thought any atall, and with no experience as a states-States, who has previously been a qualified | questioning his ample capacity. voter of the State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have re- test to Mr. Newell. Many of the most sided in the Electoral District, and paid prominent and reliable members of the taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote. Republican party assert that his qualificaafter residing in this State six months. tions are sadly deficient—that he is unfit the ages of twenty-ore and twenty-two who attempt to sustain him for political years, who have resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid taxes." Are you assessed? See to it immediately that you are. Saturday, the 29th inst., is the last day on which this duty can be attended to to secure a vote of the queries, "are they honest, are they at the ensuing election—as the election takes place on Tuesday, the 9th of Octo-

LINCOLN'S OPINION OF THOMAS JEFFERSON. The Macomb (Ill.) Eagle has raked up from its old file a speech made by Abraham Lincoln in 1844, in which he said: "Mr. Jefferson is a stateman whose praises are never out of the mouth of the Democratic party. Let us attend to this uncompromising friend of freedom, whose name is continually invoked against the Whig party. The character of Jefferson was repulsive. Continually puling about liberty, equality and the degrading cause of slavery, he brought his own children under the hammer, and made money of his debaucheries. Even at his death he did not manumit his numerous offspring, but left them, soul and body, to the cart whip. A daughter of this vaunted champion of Democracy was sold some years ago, at a public auction, in New Orleans, and purchased by a society of gentlemen who wished to testify by her liberation their admiration of the stateman who

"Dreampt of freedom in a slave's embrace." "This single line I have quoted gives more insight into the character of the man than volumes of panegyric. It will out live his epitaph, write it who may."

Let the people decide between Thomas Jefferson and this base libeller who permits neither truth nor decency to be his guide. "The character of Jefferson was repulsive." So said Abe Lincoln, who now claims to be the Jeffersonian candidate for President. The people will teach the rail splitter that it is Abe Lincoln that is "repulsive."

Send for a specimen number of Byram's Illustrated Lady's Newspaper-the only lady's newspaper published in the United States. Specimen numbers sent, post-paid, on the receipt of a three cent J. H. BYRAM & Co., 112 South 3d st., Phila.

Mrs. Bixby has returned from New York with a very choice selection of Millinery Goods, to which she invites the attention of the Ladies, in her card in preacher during the great religious revi inother column.

Attention is directed to the numerous valuable premiums offered by the anapolis, Indiana, and is connected with publisher of that long known and reliable journal, the American Agriculturist. The particulars are given in our advertising ride their candidate for the Presidency in columns. The "baker's dozen" will interest those ready to subscribe now.

Get Assessed.

Voters, remember that Saturday, Sepember 20th, is the last day on which you can be assessed, to enable you to vote at the State election, to be held on Tuesday, October 9th.

Let every working Democrat see that none in his neighborhood or township are neglected.

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONFER-ENCE -A meeting of the Democratic conferees of the 14th Congressional District, convened at the Troy House, in Troy, Paon Friday, Sep. 14, 1860. Col. Freder ick Orwan and Addison McKean represented Bradford county, and Thos. B. Bryden and B. B. Holiday represented Tioga county; Susquehanna county having unanimously resolved that the nomination of Congressman belonged to the county of Tioga. The convention selected inferior in its importance and consequen-

Co., was unanimously chosen as the caudidate for Congress for this congressional district. Resolved. That the proceedings of this

conference be published in the Democratpapers of this congressional district. THOS. B. BRYDEN, President. Addison McKran, Sec.

J. N. MARSH. AND H. R. NEWELL.

As the above named gentlemen have een selected by their party friends as candidates for Register and Recorder, it is highly proper that their respective merits be publicly discussed; and this seems a matter of necessity, inasmuch as their fitness and standing have been severely question'd Let us apply Jefferson's test-"are they ionest, are they capable?" As to "honesty," we pass that by with stating that we believe it is conceded by all, that they are both fully competent on that score .--We might, however, with propriety, state

that a man, in joining the order of Know Nothings, forfeited all claims to political honesty; for that order was, in its every form, superlatively dishonest; indeed, it has been acknowledged that the first test. applied to initiates was that they would promise to deny the existence of any secret political society-in other words, swear to become habitual liars. We let very man judge for himself whether a lishonest politician can be an honest man, and if at all, to what extent. The skirts

of John N. Marsh are clear of the taint of the lodges; Harmon K. Newell is an unrepented member. Let each voter consider the facts, apply the rule, and draw his own conclusions. "Is he capable?" This test, however severely applied to Mr. Marsh, is fully satisfied. He is amply qualified for that, or

any other office within the gift of the peoequainted with his capabilities, and he will tell you that he is just the man for

"Is he capable?" Let us apply the But citizens of the United States, between to perform the duties of the office. Those reasons, do not and dare not deny that his capabilities are not good. Need we go further for evidence? We think not. It is sufficient that his own political friends prove him to be a suitable candidate for defeat only. Then, to sum up the result capable?" we find that John N. Marsh is honest and capable; Harmon K. Newel

may be honest, but is not capable. Intelligent freemen of Susquehanna county, which man will you place in office? Remember that the office is of no political importance to any man or party. We all want a competent person to discharge the duties, and we must make our own selection. A large share of voters often say they will vote for the best man-particularly where it affects no principle, or no party injury can result therefrom. Here we have just such a case; and if we are all true to our word; John N. Marsh will be the next Register and Recorder for the county, BECAUSE HE IS "THE BEST MAN."

The editors, and a correspondent of the Montrose Republican have stated that Mr. Marsh is not a Democrat. What if he were not, and they chose to support him? Republicans say he is a Know Nothing; but what rational objection could they have to our supporting a man of their faith? But these charges are false; and we are authorized to state that those who make them KNOW THEM TO BE FALSE! John N. Marsh has no connection, interest or sympathy with the national bigotry, religious proscription, or sectional hatred of the opposition. He believes that no manought to be proscribed on account of his place of birth, his religious belief, or the locality of his home. These facts, are known to those who so wickedly assail him. Then why do they basely attack him? Simply because their political favorite, would be, on a fair test, defeated. So they stultify their manhood to injure an honest man, whose only off-

Such baseness can but injure its perpe-Charles H. Weeks alias Went worth, the notorious actor who turned val, and who finding himself in danger some newspaper in that city.

ence to them, is, that he is qualified for

the position proposed to be given him!

In 1858 the Republicans tried to on a mustang pony, and now they are at-

NOW FOR VICTORY!

Democrats! Remember.

THAT A FULL VOTE

HENRY D. FOSTER,

Governor of The State

THEN GET OUT A FULL VOTE. THE APPROACHING STATE CONTEST.

Thos. B. Bryden as President, and Addi- ces to none which has preceded it in the son McKean as Secretary of said meeting. history of our country. The questions to On motion, Henry Sherwood, of Tioga be decided by the people at the ensuing the war. election are of the greatest magnitude. while the results which will probably fol-low an erroneous decision, are of the most alarming character. It therefore behooves the war. may appear. A crisis is impending over the State and Nation, which will require the united effort of all good citizens to the late Chicago Convention, offered an avert. Whatever differences of opinion may exist among Democrats in reference to the candidates for the Presidency, there can be no division of sentiment in relation to the State, District and County tickets Tuesday of October. Hon. HENRY D. FOSTER, our candidate for Governor, did not seek the nomination at Reading, but was unanimously and voluntarily chosen mocracy to be our standard bearer in the fierce conflict which was forseen to be in reserve for our party. In principle and ability he is eminently worthy of the position he occupies; and if elected to the Gubernatorial chair, of which there now seems but little doubt, his administration will be pure, independent and Democratic; perfect contrast to the weak and corrupt administration which will inevitably ensue upon the election of James Pollock's Secretary: Gen. Foster is a gentleman of much experience in the affairs of goverument, of enlarged views of public polibove suspicion-or as his opponent has publicly admitted, "a perfect gentleman, an honest man, and an able statesman" while the candidate of the opposition party is a man of no executive ability, who has never distinguished himself except as a poor stump speaker; with weak and man but what he obtained in the corrupt lock—an administration so graceless as to have passed into a bye-word, the only merit claimed for it by its friends being Ritner respectable by the contrast." Between these two candidates no Democrat of the measures proper to secure the safesition party (like criminals known by any number of aliases in different sections of

would be most mischievous to have our a million of dollars annually from the just confidence and deserve your strongest reprevenue of the Commonwealth, thus aug- robation." surest means of the gradual and steady extinctions of the State debt. With the advent of that party into power, as in every instance of the success of the Opposition to the Democracy, the number of corportrain of bribery and corruption in our State Legislature, which has been roughly checked under our present administration, would again revive, and receive an imtion, and then remember the almost ward McGovern, of Overton. infinite number of similar schemes which never matured in consequence of the known opposition of the Governor, and

he may form some idea of the consequent Prothonotary John Lee, of Eaton; Reg. & ces of removing entirely the obstruction Recorder, John Wall, Jr., of Monroe; in the way of those seeking to enrich Treasurer, Thomas Hadley, of Exeter themselves at the expense of the people by means of special legislation.

With so many reasons, both local and general, appealing to us for united and vigorous efforts during the present campaign, let every Democrat in the country of starvation, after having abused the arouse himself and his neighbors to action. profession roundly, is now resident in Indi- Let there be no apathy in our ranks. The Opposition are organizing in every

> behind their enemies in activity. Read the circus advertisement,

LINCOLN ON THE MEXICAN WAR. The friends of Mr. Lincoln, frequently

Mexican War. The following article, however, from the Easton Argus settles

more than we can see. If the opposition prints will take the trouble to examine the Congressional Globe of 1847, they will find on page 59

the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the existing war with CERTAINLY BLECT Mexico was just and necessary on our part, and has been prosecuted with the sole purpose of vindicating our national rights and honor, and of securing an hon-

orable peace.

Resolved, That the rejection of our repeated overtures of peace leaves this government no alternative but, the vigorous prosecution of the war, in such manner, consistent with the laws of nations, as will We are on the eve of a political contest make the enemy feel all its calamities and burdens, and until Mexico shall agree to a just and honorable peace, providing satisfactory indemnity in money or territory for past injuries, including the expenses of

Resolved, That the amount of the indem

On the adoption of these resolutions, the Democratic party of the country, as which justified the war in which our being an embodiment of the conservative country was engaged, Mr. Lincoln voted principles and feelings of the nation, upon no. He thus denied that the war with Mexico was just and necessary on our our Republican institutions rest, to preour Republican institutions rest, to pre-pure itself thoroughly for the struggle dressing the rights of our nation. He op-which it must make against the foes of posed the vigorous prosecution of it, and our government in whatever form they our right to take indemnity for the inju-

ries sustained by our Government. But still more. On the 3d of January, 1848, George Ashmun, the president of amendment declaring the war "unnecessarily and unconstitutionally begun,"-and Mr. Lincoln voted for the amendment, and he might well say that he was in a position to not grant the President his supplies. He had voted the war unjust and unconstitupresented for our support on the second tional; how could be vote for furnishing supplies for carrying on such a war, and at the same time keep his oath of office? So that, take him which way we will, if he voted to support the war she violated his oath of office, in which he swore to supby a full convention of the united De- port the Constitution; if he voted against the supplies he merits the contempt of evcry patriot in the country. A great man to be President! who, when our gallant little army was contending against the su-perior mumbers, and the almost insurmountable difficulties of one of the most brilliant campaigns the world ever knew, and that too, for the protection of our national honor, would vote that they were engaged in an unjust and unconstitutional war, and would say that he was in a position to grant no supplies. The justice and utility graves," politically.

HEAR WHAT JACKSON SAID.

Black Republican orators and presses are constantly claiming to be the disciples ever made in the United States. State or County Tax, which shall have scrupulous enemies, who are racking their been assessed at least ten days before the crazy brain to invent falsehood with which are stall and with no experience was states.

A New Feature.—The Philadelphia are stall and with no experience was states. of Old Jackson, and the exponents of Farewell Message, and then apply the out during the evi test which he furnishes:

"Each State has the unquestionable right to regulate its own internal concerns according to its own pleasure; and while who has the preservation of the party and ty of its citizens and promote their hapthe good of the Commonwealth at heart, piness; and all efforts on the part of the can for one moment hesitate. The Oppo- people of other States to cost odium upon. their institutions, and all measures calculated to disturb their rights of property, or to put in jeopordy their peace and interthe country) is making a desperate and nal tranquility, are in direct opposition to reckless effort to obtain control of our the spirit in which the Union was formed, State and National Government. The and must endanger its safety. Motives, consequences to us as Pennsylvanians of philanthropy may be assigned for this unwarrautable interference; and such men may persuade themselves for a moment State administration fall into their hands, that they are laboring in the cause of hu-The repeal of the tonage-tax is one of the manity, and asserting the rights of the declared objects of that party in the State, human race, but every one, upon sober reand is a favorite idea with their Guberna-flection, will see that nothing but mischief toricl candidate. By this act they would on the feelings and rights of others. Rest give a corporation already far too power- assured, that the men found busy in this ful for the good of the people nearly half work of discord are not worthy of your

menting the power and influence of the nunciations of the South and Southern incorporation, and increasing the profits of stitutions, with the teachings of Jackson, the individual stockholders at the expense and then decide upon the claim of these of the honest taxpayers of the State, while , men who are found busy in the work of at the same time they destroy one of the discord" to be considered as disciples of Jacksonian Democracy.

OUR NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

.The Democrats of Wayne County have iominated the following ticket; Representative, H. B. Beardslee; Prothonotary, J: ations and schemes of monopolies would N. Wilson; Register & Recorder, Willincrease to a fearful extent, while special iam B. Arnold, of Honesdale; Treasurer, legislation of all kinds with its attendant H. Winter; Auditor, S. D. Mumford; coun-John Kelly, of Honesdale, Commissioners ty Surveyor, Thos. Montgomery.

The Democratic County Covention of Bradford County put in nomination the E. N. Witter. petus unparalleled in the days of Ritner, Stevens, of Standing Stone; Francis Johnson, and Pollock. Let any honest Smith, of Troy; Sheriff, N. Edminster, of Wells. man read the numerous veto messages of Athens; Prothonotary, S. W. Alden, of Governor Packer, and thus see the many Monroe; Reg. & Recorder, Andrew E. schemes of plunder which he has directly er, Samuel Cass, of Orwell; Auditor, Cyprevented from being carried into execution rus Avery, of Wyalusing; Coroner, Ed.

> In Wyoming County the Democrats nominated the following ticket. For Sheriff, W. F. Terry. of Tunkhannock; Commissioner, James W. Grey, of Windham; Auditor, Wm. Driggs, of Nicholson, Delegate to the 4th of March Convention, Andrew Gordinier, of Nicholson.

In Tioga County the following ticket was selected at the Democratic Conven- Harrison Barnes. tion, Representative, J. G. Albeck, of Liberty; Prothonotary, Alex. A. Brewster, of Wellsboro, was nominated by acclamation. For Reg. & Recorder, Thostownship and circulating their documents B. Bryden, of Wellsboro; Commissioner, by thousands. Let the Democracy not be Geo. Dorrance, of Elkland Boro., Auditor Sam'l Dickinson, of Delmar; Congress, HENRY SHERWOOD of Wellsboro was nominated by acclamation.

During the delivery of one of Douglas' of gratifying personal vanity."

which occupied nearly two hours, some can read the following extract, and not remarks were made by Ogden, when Mr. feel his blood boil with indignation against Douglas again appeared on the platform, the men who endorse such treasonable and announced that the person who had stuff: desired to interrupt him in the crowd had stuff:—
"Thus terror-engenderers of the South, sent up a written question which he de-

had read any one speech that I have made on the subject in the last five years, he would have found an unequivocal answer by their side in the mines and in the work flity speeches this year in which I have at least one-half or two-thirds, by such ne-answered that question, and yet political gro competition. This will be the ultimate not know that I hold that a people of a side of greasy negroes AT HALF THEIR PRESterritory, while in a territory and during ENT WAGES. a territorial condition, may introduce ex-clude, abolish or regulate slavery just as

they please. I have said that North and South, and held the same doctrine everywhere, When I have seen newspapers and small politicians renewing that question, it has excited in my bosom no other feeling than that of unmitigated contempt that they should pretend, to have doubts on the subject.

Douglas on the Missouri Compromise -At a meeting at Rochester, Judge Douglas made an explanation on the sub ject of the Missouri Compromise. He claimed he had always supported and upheld the Missouri Compromise so long as the people of the free States were willing to abide by it, and in 1848 had introduced a second more difficult. Trices very reasonable. The Ladies are invited to call and examine her Goods. The Ladies are invited to call and examine her goods. The Ladies are invited to call and examine her goods. The Ladies are invited to call and examine her good bill which was passed by the Senate, extending the line to the Pacific. The House rejected that bill, and he claimed if it had passed it, it would have settled

slavery agitation forever.

He charged that it had been defeated by a union of Free Soilers and Southern fire-caters, who had then combined aganist the Missouri Compromise as they now combine against popular sovereignty .-He spoke an hour and a half, and the speech was well received, much enthusiasm being evinced.

Syracuse, Sept. 17th.-Mr. Donglas of the Mexican war has long since been spoke at Auburn and in this city to-day. proven; and the fact is equally evident that His audience at this point numbered from the people of the United States were fully convinced of its justice. No men could to a question put by a Republican as to have been in worse odor than George Ash- what were Jefferson's sentiments as to ey, with a private and political character um, Old Abe Lincoln, and Tom Corwin, the ordinance of 1787, stating that Mr. for their intense hatred and bitter opposi- Jefferson was Minister to France when tion to it, and the very fact must lead the the ordinance was adopted, and knew people to "welcome them to hospitable nothing of it till afterwards. He gave Mr. Jefferson's plan for the government of the territories, as adopted in 1784, which was the fullest recognition of the right of the people to popular soverdignty

the following words from the Old Hero's ted in their list of premiums to be given ibition at Po several of the fastest walking horses and oxen. Heretofore the premiums have been for the fastest trotters, but the managers of the Powelton exhibition think that "it made the administration of Joe it does not interfere with the rights of the that the fastest walking horses are of the great importance to farmers and others who may own draught horses. The offering of premiums may stimulate those those intending to exhibit horses to train them

for that purpose. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20th, 1860. The teamship Cahawba has arrived from Havanna 17th. The steamer Francisco de Asis, from Truxillo, at Havanna, reports that Gen. Walker and Col. Rudder had BAKER'S DOZEN been shot by the Honduras authorities. Walker's men were allowed to depart un- BAKER'S DOZEN

GIBSON AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. The Second Annual Fair of the Gibson gricultual Society will be held at Gibson Hill on Thursday, Oct. 11th, 1860. Committee of Arrangement and Reception

-John Smiley, John H. Claffin, Joel L. Dix, Geo. W. Wälker, Joshua M. Hotter, George Gelatt, O. L. Carpenter. CLASSES AND JUDGES. CLASS I.—Hoses and Mules.--Judges L. O. Tiffany, John Smiley, J. H. Claffin. CLASS II.—OXEN, BULLS AND STEER.S-

udges-O. L. Carpenter, R. Walworth, CLASS HI.—Cows, Heirers, Yearlings AND CALVES .- Judges -- Lewis Brainard,

I. L. Gillet, G. L. Abel. CLASS IV.—SHEEP AND SWINE.—Judges -Russel Tiffany, C. N. Miller, Everet Whitney.
CLASS V.—POULTRY AND GRAIN.—Judges

-Thomas Reese, A. P. Kinne, Albert Capron. CLASS VI. FRUIT .- Judges - D.A. Lamb

U. Burrows, Wm. Shyer.

CLASS VII.—VEGETABLES.—Judges-W. W. Williams, Chester Bills, J. M. Potter. CLASS VIII.-MECHANICAL PRODUC

TIONS .- Judges - J. B. Gregg, J. G. Styles CLASS IX .- BUTTER AND CHERSE.-Judges-S. S. Ingals, C. P. Hawley, Abijah CLASS X.-DOMESTIC MANUFACTI

Judges-Mrs. J. B. Gregg, Mrs. O. Washburn, Mrs. Everet Whitney. Class XI.—ORNAMENTAL NLEDLE WORK.—Judges—Miss C. A. Abel, Miss Eliza Elting, Miss Louisa Brainard CLASS XII.—PAINTINGS, ORNAMENTAL LEATHER WORK, FRUIT WORK AND OTHER ORNAMENTAL WORK .- Judges -- Miss H. H. Dix, Miss Ellen Whitney, Miss Hellen

CLASS XIII.—SUGAR, HONEY AND VIN-EGAR. Judges-C. W. Ressegue, David N. Smiley, J. C. Powers. CLASS XIV.—CARPETS, QUILTS PATCH WORK.—Judges.—Mrs. J. L. Gillet, Mrs. Harrison Barnes, Mrs. C. N. Miller CLASS XV .- MISCELLANEOUS .- Judges Samuel Washburn, Edward Poole,

The Premiums will be merely nominal The Judges are requested to report themselves at the Secretary's stand early in the day, where they will be furnished with books of entry.

People of other townships are invited to exhibit and compete for Premiums free of charge. GEO. H. WELLS, President. SETH ABEL, Secretary.

DOUGLAS ON POPULAR SOVERRIGHTY. THE "IRREPRESSIBLE CONFLICT" DOCTRINE. Wm. H. Seward, Horaca Greeley, John assert that he was not opposed to the speeches, at Clifton Spring, recently, a Sherman, and all the men who will control Mexican War. The following article: person in the crowd asked permission to the Administration of Abe Lincoln, should put a question to Judge Douglas, who re- he be elected, have given an unqualified en-plied, "No, sir. I can't allow any man dorsement to the Helper Book. The docuthat point. How a soldier in that war to interrupt my chain of argument. No ment advocates not only total, and immecan vote for the Republican candidate, is man has a right to interfere with a crowd diate abolition of slavery, but proclaims more than we can see. party to emancipate the slaves in the After the conclusion of the argument, Southern States by force of arms .- Who

> sired answered for information. The questuon; we have no modifications to propose, tion was: "Have the people of a territory | no compromises to offer, nothing to re the right, according to the doctrine of tract. Our purpose is firmly fixed as the non-intervention to abolish or exclude eternal pillars of Heaven: we have deterslavery from a territory while in a territo- mined to abolish slavery and so help us God, rial condition?" In answer to the cries abolish it we will?" Helper's Impending

> of Who wrote that question?" it was Crisia, page 90; stated that it was H. C. Hutchinson. And yet these very men have the har-Mr. Douglas then said, I have only a dihood to ask the poor laboring men, and word to say in reply. If that gentleman mechanics to vote for ABE LINCOLN, and to the question. I have made more than shops, and reduce their present compensation opponents insist on putting it to me for effect. Enuncipate the negroes of the the purpose of creating doubt on the subject. I cannot believe there is a man in | crn mechanics and laborers from their em-America of ordinary intelligence who does playments, or compel them to work by the

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of John Donovan late of Silver Lake township. Since a Co. deceared, have been granted to the subscriber, and all persons indelted to said estate are required to make insinculate payment, and those having claims are desired to present the same duly attested for settlement.

Silver Lake, Sep. 27, 1860. 6w.

Mrs. L. J. BIXBY. TAVING just returned from New York with a choice beautiful, and extensive assortment of Fall & winter WILLINGHY GOODS I

Worth Looking At.
THE BEST:
SEWING MACHINES,
Wheeler & Wilson's. Wheeler & Wilson s.

*** CYCLOPEDIAS;
Appleton's New American.

*** SEWING MACHINES,
Wilcox & Gibbs'.

BIO BAROMETERS.
Kendall's Aneroid.
SIO WRINGING MACHINE.
A Capital thing.
BE HAY & STRAW-CUTTERS.
The best made. COIN SHELLERS; The best made.

School DICTIONARIES, (Illustrated.)
Webster's New Unabridged,
FOCKET MICROSCOPES,
Silver case—Coddington Lens.

The best made.

\$60 MELODEONS,_ Prince's Best. \$15 MELODEONS.

\$15 MELOBONS.

Prince's Best.

All the above articles are of the very best kind and will be given fresh from the makers' hands. They are offered as premiums to those who make up clube's 63 to 13 kunbscribers for the American Agriculturist, according to to cost of the article desired. No such liberal and easily obtained premiums have ever before been offered, and it is only done now because the publisher wishes to rule the subscription of the twentieth annual volume to a round 100,000. The price of the paper is \$1 a year or \$2 cents when in clubs of ten of more, and almost any person can in a any neighborhood, readily make up a club large exough to seeme free of cost, any one of the above articles that may be desired. (The papers for a club may be seem to asveral different post offices.) Over 1600 persons have received one or more of above premiums from the Agriculturist during two y'rs past, and with universal satification.

The Agriculturist has been before the public for 10 years, and has subscribers at most of the post offices in the United States. Its present regular readers number more than 60,000. It is therefore so, well knawn that little need be said here about its high and galuable character. \$257 Any person yet magazinated activit, or any one desiring a specimen clay for raising a schot can have one force of the part of the office of the part of

Its high and vanuable character, and any previous of the publisher.

The Agriculturist heeds only to be seen to be appreciated. It is specially adapted to the Farm, the Garden and Honsehold, and condains a vast funder of practical hints and much reliable information useful to every honsewife in the hand. The 32 double quarto pages in every number eiver any less than the first of the discussion of all Farm, Garden and Honsehold in the discussion of all Farm, Garden and Honsehold in the discussion of all Farm, Garden and Honsehold in the discussion of all Farm, Garden and Honsehold in the discussion of all Farm, Garden and Honsehold in atterful and in addition a highly useful, enticitating and instructive department for Girls and Boys; it is therefore the most complete and desirable Family Magazine in the country; and owing to its large circulation the publisher is able to farmish it a lower price than even journals of inferior size and character. Every annal volume contains \$2,000 to \$2,000 worth of pleasing and instructive Engravings, many of them of large size.

[32] Those who know the Agriculturist will bear out the above assertionis, and those who do not should send for a copy, which will cost them nothing but writing for it to the Publisher!

ORANGE JUDD, 41 Park Row, New York.

BAKER'S DOZEN.

P. S. As a special premium to new subscribers to the American 'agriculturist, and to avoid breaking volumes, all new subscribers now sent in for 1801 (vol XX)will have their names entered npon the mail books, and receive the remaining numbers published this year free of charge.—Those subscribing phofere Oct. 18t will get 15 mounts for the usual price of 12, or more than a "Baker's Dozen."—Those subscribing in October will get 14 months for the price of 12, or a great "Baker's Dozen." Those subscribing in November will get 13 numbers for the price of 12 a common! Baker's Dozen. These extra numbers will be given to ALL New subscribers whether coming singly of in clubs for presidents, or from agricultural and horticultural societies aglarge number of which annually award the Agriculturist among their prizes.

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ORANGE JUDD, Publisher.

41 Park Row, New York.

NIBLO & SLOATS

NEW YORK GIRCUS AND



Cook's Ampitheatre! London. THIS company is relected from the most eminent per MADIGAN FAMILY

who have just returned from a very succes Four, where they liad the honor of appear Queen and Royal Yamily, at the Alhambra 14th, 1838.

THE BEST CLOWN OF THE ACE. Sa Long,

W. H. Ashtoil, Grotesquo and Acrobatic Performer
Denzer Boss, from Rent's German Amphitheatre Hambur,
Valentine Denzer, Antipodean Globe Performer
Jacob Denzer, Still and Trapez Performer
As Berry, Maltre du Circue
Charles Shay, Japaneso Juggler and Knife Thrower
The Motley Brothers
Nathaniels and Ashton
Together with the

Performing Elephants! who will go through with a variety of performances such as dancing, waitzing, playing the hand organ, standing on their heads, mouthing lofty podestals, and other feats too numerous to mention:

Will exhibit at MONTROSE, Saturday September 29th, at 2 and 7 o'clock, p. m.

Auditor's Notice.

THIE undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Or.

I phan's Court of Susquelanna County to make distribution of the assets of the Estate of CALEH MILLER, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at the office of F. R. Streeter, Esq. in Montrose, on Saturday, the 'twintieth day of October, 1880, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at which time and place all persons having an interest in the distribution of the said fund, will present their claims, or be forever barred from coming in spon and fund.

Montrose, Sept. 20th, 1860—4w.

Auditor's Notice. THE undersigned, appointed an Andror by the Orphan's Court of Susquehania county, to make distribution of the assets of the estate of Lyman Knapp, deceased, hereby gives noticetiate he will attend to the duties of the said appointment at the office of F. B. Streeter, Eq. in Monitose, on Friday, the 19th day of October, 1802, at 1 o'clock, p. m.jat which time and place all having an interest in the distribution of the said fund will present their claims, or be forever debared from coming in upon said fund. R. STREETER, Muditor.

September, 11th, 1800.—220w4.

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the cetate of Wm Mckeeby, decrased Title undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court, to mike distribution of funds remaining in the hands of It make distribution of the chiate of Wm McKevy, dec.d.; of the administrator of the chiate of Wm McKevy, dec.d.; of and among the widow and heirs, will meet the parties in interest, at his office in Montrose on Saturday the 20th of October, 1970, at one o'clock p.m.; at which time allpersons having any claims upon said fund are required to present them or be forever debared.

sep204w

T. L. CASE, Auditor.

Military Notice. THE first regiment of the first Brigade in Susque.

In hanna County will meet at the public house, of
HOBRIT GAGE, in Brackney, on Saturday, September
20th, 1860, at 10 o'clock, s. m., for review and inspection.

Brigade Inspector's Office, Montrose, Sept. 11, 1860.

CAUTION.

WIFE, SARAH, having left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, Thereby forbial persons harboring or trustling her on my account, as will pay no debts of her contracting after this date.

Bellowwater Sort 10th 1891 Bridgewater, Sept, 19th, 1860.

General Election

PROCLAMATION. N pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an act relating ne elections of the Commonwealth, approved the 21st of July, A. D. 1829, I, JOHN YOUNG, High Shehiff to County of Susquehanna, in said Commonwealth, do

2d Tuesday of October next. being the NINTH day of said month.) at which time, ste and County Officers are to be elected as follows viz: One person to fill the office of GOVERNOR for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.
One person to fill the office of REPRESENTATIVE IN
CONCRESS of the United States, for the filstrict composed the counties of Susquehamal Bradford, and Tiogsed One person to fill the office of MEMBER of the HOUSE REPRESENTATIVES of Pennsylvania, for the Co. Susquehama.

One person to fill the office of SHERIFS for said Co. One person to fill the offices of PHOTHONOTARY and CLERK of the COURTS of QUARTER SESSIONS and OYER and TERMINER for said county. One person to fill the offices of REGISTERIOF WILLS, ECORDER of DEEDS, and CLERK of the ORPHANS' OURT for said county.

One person to fill the office of COMMISSIONER for said

minty.
One person to fill the office of AUDITOR for said Co.
One person to fill the office of CORONER for said Co. One person to fill the onice of CORONER for said Co.

And I also hereby make known and give notice, that the
place of holding the General Elections in the several wards
boroughs and townships within the county of Susquehan
in are as follows to wit:

The Election for the district composed of the township
of Apolacon will be held at the house of Joseph Beebe in aid township.

The Election for the district composed of the township f Ararat will be held at the school house near the Presbyrian Church in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township f Adburn will be held at the house of James Lott in sid township.

id township The Election for the district composed of the township f Bridgewater will be held at the Court house in the bord Montrose.

The Election for the district composed of the town-hip Brooklyn will be held at the house of James O. Bullard in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township. Choconts will be held at the school house near Edward Clark's in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Clifford will be held at the house of C. D. Wilson in said townships are Edward. ownship.
The Election for the district composed of the township of Dimock will be held at the house of E. B. Gates in said

of Dimock will be held at the house of E. B. Gates in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borongh of Dundaff will be held at the Dundaff Hords in said below.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Forest Lake will be held at the house of John S. Towne in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Franklin will be held at the school house near Jacob Allard's in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borongh of Friendsville will be held at the school house in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the Borongh of Friendsville will be held at the school house in said boro.

The Election for the district composed of the township. of Friendsville will be held at the school house in said born. The Election for the district isomposed of the township of Great Band will be held at the house formerly occupied by John D. Paddock in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Gibson will be held in the Academy building in said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township of Harford will be held at the house of the late N. W. Waldown in said township.

on aship.

The Election for the district composed of the township laces up will be held at the hopse of Daniel Hoff in said d township.

The Election for the district composed of the township

Liberty will be held at the house of Bela Jones in said ownship.
The Election for the district composed of the township
Middletown will be held at the house of Joseph Ross in

ie Borough of Susquehanna. The Election for the district composed of the township f Rush will be held at the house of N. D. Snyder in said Springville will be held at the house of Spencer Hickox said township.

The Election for the district composed of the township Silver Lake will be held at the house formerly occupied

by Robert McGerigles in said township.
The Election for the district composed of the Borough of Susquehanna will be held at the house of J. M. Tillman said Borough.
The Election for the district composed of the township of Thomson will be held at the house of J. W. Vanhorn in aid township. of Inomson will be held at the house of J. W. Vanhorn in said township.

Lalso make known and give notice as in and by the 13th section of the afore-sid_act. I am dirreted, "that every person except Justices of the Peace who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is, or shall be, employed under the legislative, indicary or excentive department of this State or United States, or any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or gommissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable; of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Cierk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector or Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for."

any such election shall be eligible to any office then to be voted for.

And by the same act of Assembly it is also make "the duty of every Mayor, Sheriff. Doputy Sheriff. Alderman Justice of the Peace. Constable or Deputy Constable, of every city, county, township or district within this Commonwealth, whenever called upon by an officer of an election, or by three qualified electors thereof, to clear any window or avenue to the window of the place of General Election which shall be obstructed in such a way as to prevent voters from approaching the same; and it shall be the duty of the respective constable of such ward, district or township within this commonwealth, to be present in person or by deputy, at the place of holding Election, in such ward, district or township within this commonwealth, to be present in person or by deputy, at the place of holding Election, in such ward, district or township, for the purpose of preserving the peace as afgressible. serving the peaceas afgressid.

Also that in the 4th section of the act of assembly, entitled 'An act relating to executions and for other purposes approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 18th section, "shall not be so construed as to-prevent any militia officer or borough officer from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk at any general or special election in this Common wealth.

Spector, or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

Purmant to the provisious contained in the 76th section of the act aforesaid the Judges of the aforesaid district shall respectfully take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one Judge from each district, at the Coart Honse, in the Borough of Montrose, on the third day after the day of election being the present year, on Friday, the 12th day of October next, there to do and perform the dutter required by law of said Judges. Also that where a Judge by sickness or unavoidable accident is unable to attend said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors of Clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the dulte required of said Judge unable to attend.

Also that of the filst section of said at. It is consected.

shall do and perform the dulies required of said Judge unable to attend.
Also that of the first section of said act, it is enacted that "every general and special election shall be opened between Eight and Ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption of adjournment until Seven clock in the evening, when the polic shall be closed." The return judges of the Congressional District composed of the Countes of Sungeshina, Bradford, had Tiogra, will meet in the Borough of Towanda, Bradford, County, on Tuesday, the 16th day of October next, to perform the duties enjoined by law upon said judges. Given under my liand, at my office, in the Borough of Montrose, the 11th day of September, Anno Bomini, 1821.

Watches, Jewelry & Silver Ware. Watches, 36 wolfy & Silver ware,
We would respectfully inform our friends and
patrons, and the public generally that we
have now in Store, and offer WHOLESALE and
HETAIL at the lowest CASH PRICES a large & th.
very choice stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER &
PLATED WARR, of every variety and style.
Every description of DIAMOND WORK and other Jewelry made to order at short midee.
For All Goods varianted to be as represented.
N. B.—Particular attention given to repairing Watches
and Jewelry of every description.
Sept 3m
hapmy
STAUFFER & HARLEY.
No. 623 Market et., South Side, Philadelphia.