THE MONTROSE DEMOCRAT:

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS, BY

A. J. GERRITSON, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR,

AT $1:50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE ON PUBLIC AVENUE, OPPOSITE THE P. O.

MONTROSE, SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY, PA.

Thursday, March 1, 1860.

They Are Disunionists.

Republicans sometimes complain because they are spoken of as disloyal to the Constitution, and are charged as having contributed, by their doctrines and teachings, to such outrages as John Brown's invasion of Virginia. We have no desire to treat them otherwise than justly, or attempt to fix upon them responsibilities which do not fairly attach to them. Mere policy, if we were governed by no higher considerations, would prevent us from preferring charges which we could not maintain.

We believe the charge of disloyalty to the Constitution, and of treason at heart to its provisions justly lies at the door of the Republican party. The members of that party—as an organization (there being of course, many honorable individual exceptions)—are not willing to discharge in good faith all the duties imposed by all the articles of that instrument. If they are in favor of the Union, it is *without* the Constitution upon which it is founded, or at least without a faithful fulfillment of all its obligations. Wherever this Republican party has the power, it interposes obstacles in the way of obedience to the Constitution and the federal laws founded upon it. It passes State laws to prevent the execution of the Constitution and laws of the National government. It resists in every mode consistent with personal safety, and not openly incurring the penalties of the criminal law, the plain commands of the compact which is the basis of the Union. This is treason in fact, although it may escape indictment and conviction as such.

To establish the truth of our remarks and the justice of the charge against the Republican party of disloyalty to the Constitution, we shall only refer in this article to the action of the Republicans of New York, during the session of the Legislature of 1859. A Republican Select committee of the Assembly, appointed by a Republican Speaker—the same gentleman who has been re-elected Speaker of the present Assembly—reported to the House what they termed a "PERSONAL LIBERTY BILL," the provisions of which contain rank treasonable sentiments, in proposing to nullify the Constitution and Laws of the United States. We give a synopsis of the infamous bill, the whole of which we have before us, but is too lengthy for our columns.

1. The 1st, 2d, and 4th sections utterly renounce and set at defiance the jurisdiction of the Federal Government and would punish by a fine of $1,000 to $5,000 and by imprisonment from 5 to 20 years, even a U. States Marshal, who should attempt to arrest on a bench warrant from a U. S. Court any notorious offender under indictment for counterfeiting or any other crime—or any officer or any other person, who should deprive any one of liberty except by "the usual process and forms in force by the laws of the *State* and issued by the Courts thereof." The laws and process of the *United States* are ignored.

2. The 3d section gives "twenty peremptory challenges" in a *negro case*, "in addition" to those to which a *white* man is entitled. It also provides "a trial by jury" in fugitive slave cases, not only against the provisions of the U. S. Constitution and Laws, but also in defiance of a decision of the highest judicial tribunal of the State, that such an enactment is unconstitutional.

3. The 6th section in the face and eyes of the Constitution of the United States, enacts that slaves coming into the State with or *without* the consent of their masters, "shall be free." The Constitution says that in the latter case they "shall be delivered up," &c.

4. The 7th section is a repetition of the 4th, and makes the arrest of a fugitive slave, even under legal process, a felony.

5. The 8th section gives a fugitive negro who is arrested an action for damages against the United States Marshal, &c.

6. The 9th and 10th sections have the disloyal and treasonable design of preventing Judges or Commissioners from executing the laws of the United States, under penalty of losing their office.

7. The 11th and 13th sections deprive the *White* party to certain legal proceedings of counsel and provide for the *Black* party counsel at the expense of the State.

8. Section 12th infamously punishes any officer of the State for aiding in executing the laws of the United States for the return of fugitive slaves. Under it the Governor could be criminally convicted, should he order out the militia to prevent a Jerry rescue or preserve the peace and execute the U. S. laws.

Such are the infamous provisions of a bill reported by a Republican Select Committee of a Republican Assembly of New York. But this is not all. More infamous still, A REPUBLICAN ASSEMBLY PASSED THIS BILL. On its final passage in that body, on the 8th of April, 1859, it received 84 Republican votes, and not one Democratic vote. Only one Republican voted against it.

One of the members who voted for this bill in the last Assembly, was the Speaker of the House. The same gentleman, notwithstanding this treasonable vote, has been elected Speaker of the present Assembly.

Is it not fair and right to treat the Republican party as disloyal to the Union, so long as it advocates measures, and passes laws of this description? We submit to any candid and honest man whether a party voluntarily placing itself in this position, has any claim to be regarded as faithful to the Constitution and the Union?

The action of the New York Republicans is but a type of the party wherever it has power to enforce its dogmas. This may be looked upon as a sample of the laws that Sewardism would force upon the country, in the event of the success of that demagogue, who now aspires to the Presidency. If a party pass laws in defiance of the Constitution, they would destroy it if they had the power; even if a resort to civil war was necessary. Is not such a party made up of Disunionists?

☞ We are pleased to learn of the increasing prosperity of the Hudson River Institute, at Claverack, N. Y. Professor A. Flack is doing well his share of the Educational work. See advertisement in another column.

Harper for March.

This popular magazine is already published for March. The contents are varied and interesting, the first article being "The Ballad of Valley Forge," by R. H. Stoddard, followed by "Life among the Lodgers," beautifully illustrated. Harper improves monthly.

☞ The "New York Illustrated News" is the title of an interesting illustrated newspaper published weekly by J. Warner Campbell & Co., No. 63, Ann street, New York city; at $3 per annum; five copies $10; or, one copy seventeen weeks for $1.

Among the many fine illustrations which this weekly contains, is their Congressional Gallery, giving a correct likeness of the members of Congress; and a series of cuts illustrating the backgrounds of civilization.

In addition to this it contains a large amount of reading matter, consisting of stories, wit and humor, foreign and domestic news, and a small space devoted to Congressional news. Can be procured at A. N. Bullard's Book Store and News Office, or by addressing the publishers.

Opposition State Convention.

The Opposition State Convention met at Harrisburg on the 22d. Ex-Governor Pollock presided. The day and night till 11 o'clock, was consumed in discussing the Presidency and General Cameron, the Convention finally declaring for Gen. Cameron by a vote of 89 to 39. The result was not brought about without a storm. At the adjournment, resolutions were pending relative to the election of delegates to Chicago. One proposes that the Convention elect all the delegates, with positive instruction for Gen. Cameron. The substitute proposes to give the election of the Congressional delegates to the people of the several districts, and recommends Gen. Cameron to their support. The first will, of course be adopted.

The next day, on the third ballot, Andrew G. Curtin, of Centre county was nominated for Governor. In the selection of delegates to Chicago, some of the districts were left vacant to be filled by districts; but care was taken to fill a majority of districts with Cameron's tools, and pledge them *all* for that corrupt political gambler. Thus has Cameron put his party in his pocket, to be *used*, or sold to the highest bidder.

A CLERICAL CENSOR FALLEN.—The Republican State Treasurer of Maine has robbed the Treasury of nearly *one hundred and sixty thousand dollars*. The delinquent, *Rev.* Mr. Peck was one of those pulpit censors who are wont to preach against the *corruption* and *dishonesty* of the democratic party and urge their flocks to oppose it as a Christian duty. He bitterly fought the Maine Democracy both in the capacity of minister and editor, and enjoyed a goodly slice of plunder at the hands of the Republicans. This man is now a defaulter to the amount above stated.

At the last Congressional election in Maine, the contest was very close between the Democrats and Republicans in three Congressional Districts. The Republicans succeeded in each of them by a very few votes, the plurality in one of the districts being but sixty-three in a vote of about 18,000. As usual, to cover their own misdeeds, the Republicans raised cries of bribery and corruption against the Democracy. It was evidently the old "stop thief" dodge, in the playing of which our Republican friends are experts. Elder Peck has now "let the cat out of the bag" entirely, and an ugly looking specimen of the feline race it is. There is no need for comment. The Bangor (Me.) Union remarks:

"We are informed that Peck has made a statement to this effect: That he expended *thirteen thousand* dollars to elect Daniel E. Somes in the first Congressional District; *eight* thousand dollars to elect Ezra B. French in the third district, and *four* thousand to elect Stephen C. Foster in the sixth district, and *eleven* thousand more to one of the most prominent *Republican* leaders in the State. Here we have an account of $36,000 of the State's money. What say you, voters of Maine, has it been spent to your satisfaction?"

WASHINGTON'S BIRTH DAY.—The anniversary of the birth of Washington was celebrated with much spirit, notwithstanding a terrible storm of rain. At Washington, Mills' Equestrain Statute of the great statesman, was inaugurated with imposing ceremonies, and an eloquent oration by the Honorable Thomas S. Bocock, of Va. There was a large civic and military display, including the Seventh Regiment from New York, and other companies from Baltimore, Washington and Richmond. In New York, Boston, Harrisburg, Baltimore, and other points, salutes were fired, and the day was ushered in by the ringing of bells. At Harrisburg also, the Farewell Address was read before both branches of the Legislature, the Governor, Heads of Departments, and a crowded Hall. The Councils of Philadelphia met in the Common Council Chamber to listen to the reading of the Farewell Address by the venerable Horace Binney. A Convention of the soldiers of the war of 1812 was held at the County Court House. A State Convention of old soldiers was also held at Harrisburg. The day was altogether observed with much more than usual spirit.

Abolishi'g the Franking Privilege.

The opponents of the Democracy have from time immemorial advocated the abolition of the franking privilege, and made the House of Representatives ring with eloquent denunciations of the system, and setting themselves up, on this and other questions as the only true and real reformers. But whenever brought to the test, their action is never found to correspond with their professions. The last instance of the insincerity of the Republicans may be seen in the vote of the House on the bill above referred to. The measure had been adopted by the Democratic Senate, but when it came up in the House it was rejected in the Committee of the Whole by a vote of 60 to 112—nearly two to one. Oh, consistent, reforming, economical Republicans! When were you ever known to support a good measure? Ever growling about the expenses of transporting the mails, yet refuse to cut off the free matter which makes nearly or quite one-half of this entire weight. Who *wouldn't* be a Republican?

A BOGUS FUGITIVE FROM SLAVERY.—The inhabitants of Portsmouth, N. H., were favored last week by a call from a bright, smart looking negro who represented himself to be a fugitive slave direct from Maryland. He called on several of our traders who responded liberally to his call. At about car time, one of our liberty-loving citizens, learning that a fugitive was in town, determined to see him before he left. He therefore, in great haste, reached the train just in time to give the "nigger from Africa" a "quarter," and to bid him God-speed in his undertaking. It now seems that this same "fugitive" was an imposter, unworthy the confidence of any one.—Boston Traveler.

IRON CITY COLLEGE, PITTSBURG, PA.—This popular Institution for the education of business men has, for the last four years stood pre-eminent for being the largest and most thorough Commercial School of the Union:

PEN, PASTE, AND SCISSORS.

....A new Republican paper has been started at Milwaukie called the "Irrepressible Conflict."

....A Washington letter says that Tom Hyer is in Washington and purposes giving sparring lessons for the special benefit of Congressmen.

....The San Antonio (Texas) Herald mentions a gentleman who took charge of a flock of sheep in 1850, valued at $4000, and that, by dilligence and good fortune, had made that stock worth $40,000.

....The explorations of Capt. Page, of the South American exploring expedition, have been extended to the headwaters of the Paraguay, two thousand miles above tide-water.

....Coal oil wells, similar to those found in Pennsylvania, have been discovered in Trumbull County, Ohio. The discovery was made by a farmer in digging a well.

....The Kentucky House of Representatives passed a bill on Friday, by a vote of 77 to 5, providing for the removal of free negroes from that State.

....The people of Chicago are taking steps to memorialize Congress to establish a Branch Mint at that place.

....The Louisville Journal, one of the Southern allies of the Black Republicans, speaking of that party, says: "The mission of the party is fulfilled. It has no longer a decent pretext for existing. Disbandment has in every point of view become a paramount duty."

....We find nothing of interest to our readers in the proceedings of the Legislature. The members have been regaling themselves in several pleasure excursions during the past couple of weeks, and consequently have done but litle mischief at their pos's.

....The Democratic National Convention will assemble in Charleston, S. C., on the 23d day of April. Judge Smalley, of Vermont, Chairman of the National Executive Committee, is now in Charleston, arranging some matters preparatory to the meeting of the Convention.

Fred. Douglas (black) and Sarah Parker Remond (also black) have lately been addressing a meeting at Wakefield, England, and uttering there a farrago of abolition and abuse of the United States. Various gentlemen entitled "Reverend" participated in the blasphemous proceedings.

....At the last term of the Cumberland county Court, Judge Graham, at the instance of the members of the Bar, made an order, requesting the Commissioners hereafter to prohibit the publication, in the newspapers, of the names of the jurors. The reasons for this singular order are not given.

....The stately dames of Edward the Fourth's Court rose with the lark, dispatched their dinner at 11 o'clock, and shortly after 8 were wrapt in slumber. In "The Northumberland House Book for 1512," we are told that the family rose at 6, breakfasted at 7, dined at 10, and supped at 4. The gates were closed at 9.

....As an illustration of the vicissitudes of fortune, it is stated that Leonard Wells, who was one of the wealthiest men in Hudson, New York, a few years ago, is now peddling candy in Albany. He had acquired a fortune of $70,000, but lost it suddenly by railroad investments.

....The Tecumseh yesterday took down a family of six persons—mulattoes—on their way to Halena, Arkansas, to enter again into the service of their old master. They were manumitted about six years ago, since which time they have been living in New York, and, now, strange as it may seem, having tasted of the sweets of liberty, voluntarily return to bondage.—Cin. Com. 13th.

....A fashionable young lady lately went into a store in Norfolk, Va., entered into an extended examination of its contents, and then bought a dime's worth of thread, which she requested to have delivered at her house, a mile distant. The polite proprietor assented, procured an express, which, on arriving at the house, was backed up to the door, the tail-board lowered, and all the motions incident to express business gone through with, including the collection of fifteen cents, the usual express charge.

....It seems that the People's Party in Pennsylvania is beset with secret organizations, which are endeavoring to control it.—The Philadelphia North American says:—"These clubs are nativistic in their character, oath-bound and exclusive, precisely like the Know-Nothing concern which the people settled so effectually, proscribing everybody except their own members, and restricting their membership to the important politicians only."

....From California dates are received to the 30th ult. An immense memorial, containing a hundred thousand signatures, had been presented to the California Legislature, to prevent the further immigration of the Chinese. The telegraph on the overland route had been finished about two hundred miles beyond San Francisco.

....We had a number of sympathy meetings here for John Brown not long since, and we do not know how much money was raised for his family. Now, why cannot we have a sympathy meeting for the "poor white shoemaker," striking against the slavery of starvation wages—not in Virginia, nor South Carolina, but down in Massachusetts!

....The seductive coachman in the Lemoine case in France has been engaged for a Parisan cafe at a very high salary to draw custom, and the establishment is now run down with customers, every one of whom willingly pays extra to have his coffee poured out by the illustrious ex coachmen of Mme. Lemoine, and ex-lover of Angelina, who wears his white apron, morocco slippers and blushing honors as modestly as could be expected.

....Black Republican Forney, Black Republican-like, has bestowed the greater majority of the offices in his gift as Clerk of the House, on Black Republican office seekers.

....The Adjutant Gen. of Pennsylvania, in consequence of the previous neglect of assessors, county commissioners, and brigade inspectors, to make proper returns, is not able to furnish the necessary arms for the present organized volunteer force.

....At the late caucus of the Republican members of the New York Legislature, Mr. Sessions, a leading Republican, is reported to have said, "they had got a Republican President to elect, and would need *a million of dollars to accomplish it*, and he thought it their duty to be looking around to see where it was to come from."

....The editor of the Easton Argus, a gentleman in ill-health at the time, has been assaulted in a cowardly manner, by a son of Gov. Reeder, on account of some strictures upon the actions of his father. It seems the son is a brutal, coarse and indecent sort of a fellow, who has learned no other way of treating a well merited rebuke than lying in wait for an invalid with a club. Why don't the N. Y. Tribune take up this affair and hand it down to its black posterity, with the immortal Sumner, Hickman, & Co.

....A lot of Helpers Compendiums, sent by the Black Republicans to one of their emissaries at Maysville, Ky., were disposed of in a very summary manner. A constable went to the residence of the emissary and demanded the books; the demand was not complied with, but the possesor agreed to make a bonfire of them, and they were accordingly burned. This cannot excite surprise. If the work thus burned presented a calm, rational view of the subject on which it treats, it might be different. But when it stigmatises the people of Kentucky and other Southern States as "robbers" and "murders," and speaks of the negroes being "*glad of an opportunity to cut their master's throats*," we cannot wonder that they should determine to prevent its circulation. Self-preservation is the first law of nature.

DEFEAT OF CORTINAS.—On the 26th of December, a battle took place between Cortinas, the Mexican bandit, with 500 men and a force of 150 United States troops, and a body of Texan Rangers, commanded by Major Aelntzleman and Capt. Ford. Cortinas was totally defeated, and routed from his possession of Rio Grande City, with forty or fifty killed and many wounded. The Americans had sixteen wounded.

FINALE OF THE HARPER'S FERRY AFFAIR.—On Tuesday the 14th inst., Stephens and Hazlett, the remaining prisoners of the Harper's Ferry raid, were found guilty, the former of "advising and conspiring with slaves to rebel and make insurrection," and the latter of "murder in the first degree, in wilfully, feloniously, and of malice aforethought, killing and murdering George W. Turner, Fountain Beckham, and others;" and were sentenced each of them to be hung publicly on Friday, the 16th day of March next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, P. M.

The trial of Benjamin Reyburn for the murder of Susan Emma Kimble, at West Chester, Pa., terminated on Saturday, in the jury rendering a verdict of murder in the second degree. The actor in this fearful murder is but sixteen years old, and the murdered girl was but nine. The victim disappeared in October last, just after being seen in the field where Reyburn was plowing. Subsequently her body with marks of violence, was found in a mill-pond. On Reyburn was found blood, his shirt and his pantaloons being marked with its traces. Yet, according to the testimony, he had done a full day's work at plowing; had gone to a religious meeting on the evening of the day of the murder, and acted throughout in wonderful consistency with his protestation of innocence. He accounted for the blood by saying that his nose had bled, a matter not difficult of belief, as he was plowing land both stony and stumpy, and where the handle of his plow might at any moment have occasioned bleeding at the nose.

Negro Suffrage.

The question of conferring upon negroes the right of voting, is to be submitted to the people of New York at the next general election. The resolutions to amend the constitution so as to make them voters, sanctioned by the last Legislature of that State, have passed the present Assembly, as we learn from the Albany Argus, by an affirmative Republican vote of 70, only five Republicans voting in the negative, and having been adopted as one of the planks of the Republican platform, will doubtless pass the Senate.—This is the third Republican Legislature of New York which has formally adopted an amendment of the organic law putting negroes on the same footing with the whites in the exercise of the right of suffrage. On the first occasion the resolution was lost in the labarynths of the Governor's chamber. Last winter it escaped that peril, and if now adopted by the Senate, will go before the people for approval or rejection.

A WRECK.—The Auditor appointed to distribute the assets realized by the assignees of the Bank of Pennsylvania, made his report last week. There were $7,942 16 for distribution in the hands of the assignees. Of this amount John Fainum & Co. are allowed $2,693 05. The sum of $4,449 05 is swallowed up in commissions to the assignees, fees to lawyers, and other expenses, and the very contemptible sum of $1,305 61 is awarded for distribution among the poor note holders. We cannot specify what fractional part of one per cent this may be, but it must be almost infinitesimal. Even this poor thirteen hundred dollars, is not to be allowed the note-holders without a fight. Attorney General Knox claims the whole of it, and much more, on behalf of the State, which, he insists, must be paid in full before other creditors.—What a miserable wreck has been made of this bank, which four years ago was supposed to have a magnificent capital!—Sunday Dispatch.

Sectionalism in Congress.

The Black Republican papers are complaining bitterly over the manner in which the standing committees of the Senate have been formed, and allege that Senators from the South have been placed at the head of all the principal committees in that body. Here is a list of the chairmen of the most important committees, which is now being published to prove that the Democratic party has been sectionalized in the Senate:

Foreign Affairs—Mason of Va.	South
Commerce—Clay, of Al.	South
Post Office—Yulee, of Fla.	South
Territories—Green, of Mo.	South
Naval Affairs—Mallory, of Fla.	South
Judiciary—Bayard, of Del.	South
District of Columbia—Brown, of Miss.	South

Now let us look at the sectionalism of the Republican party in the House. There are thirty-seven standing committees in the House of Representatives, thirty-one of which are headed and under the control of Northern members. They are as follows:

Commerce—Wasburne, of Ill.	North
Post Office—Colfax, of Ind.	North
District of Columbia—Carter, of N. Y.	North
Judiciary—Hickman, of Pa.	North
Naval Affairs—Morse, of Me.	North
Foreign Affairs—Corwin, of Ohio	North
Territories—Grow, of Pa.	North
Ways and Means—Sherman, of Ohio	North
Claims—Tappan, N. H.	North
Public Lands—Thayer, of Mass.	North
Revolutionary Claims—Briggs, of N. Y.	North
Public Expenditures—Haskin, of N. Y.	North
Pr. Land Claims—Washburne, of Wis.	North
Manufactures—Adams, of Mas.	North
Agriculture—Butterfield, of N. Y.	North
Military Affairs—Stanton, of Ohio	North
Militia—Tompkins, of Ohio	North
Revolutionary Pensions—Potter, of Wis.	North
Invalid Pensions—Fenton, of N. Y.	North
Patents—Milward, of Pa.	North
Public Buildings—Train, of Mass.	North
Unfinished Business—Logan, of Ill.	North
Accounts—Spinner, of N. Y.	North
Engraving—Adrain, of N. J.	North
Ex. in the State Dp.—M'Kean, N. Y.	North
" Treasury Dp.—Loomis, of Ct.	North
" War Dp.—Stewart, of Pa.	North
" Post Office Dp.—Palmer, of N. Y.	North
" Public Build.—Brayton, of R. I.	North
Joint Com. on Library—Pettit, of Ind.	North
Joint Com. on Printing—Gurley, of O.	North

☞ DAVID POST, Esq., an old, well-known and respected resident of Montrose died on Friday morning last. Aged 73.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.—This great household medicine ranks among the leading necessaries of life. Dyspepsia, bowel complaints, and billious disorders, are common to all climates. Tens of thousands die of them, and to suffer under them in their chronic form is a living death. Now it is a fact as well established, as that the sun lights the world, that these Pills invariably cure the above named maladies, in all their Protean forms. Are they not, then, articles of prime necessity? And does not the head of a family who neglects to administer them to the sick of his household, incur a heavy responsibility. If proof of their efficacy is desired, it is offered in the shape of volumes of authentic testimony from every nation on the face of the earth.

Chills and Fever.—One of the greatest remedies that has ever been laid before the public, for Fever and Ague, and which have rec'vd the highest encomiums from the press and the people, is DR. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS. Who would endure the tortures arising from this terrible disease, when it can be so easily cured? Who would endure the sleepless nights, burning fevers and icy chills, alternately, when a remedy can be obtained for a mere trifle? And yet how many families linger out a painful existence under this deadly blight, and do nothing but gulp down quinine, until it becomes as common as their daily meals, and yet they are not relieved. None but the foolish and weak would hesitate to procure the valuable Bitters, and save themselves intense agony. For sale by druggists everywhere.

Read Advertisement on 4th page. mh

Diseases of the Chest and Lungs.—These diseases are too well known to require a description. How many thousands are every year carried to a silent grave by that dreadful scourge Consumption, which always commences with a slight cough. Keep the blood pure and healthy by taking a few doses of JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS each week, and disease of any kind is impossible. Consumption and Lung difficulties always arise from particles of corupt matter deposited in the air-cells by bad blood. Purify that stream of life and it will very soon carry off and destroy the poisonous matter; and like a crystal river flowing through a desert will bring with it and leave throughout the body, the elements of fertility in its course, causing the before barren waste to bloom with flowers and fruit, so pure blood causes the frame to rejoice in strength and health, and bloom with unfading beauty. mh

☞ See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills, in another column. sep8 1y

Scholarships in any of the first-class Commercial Colleges in the country, furnished at this office, at a large discount from usual rates.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.—Its wonderful effects and consequent popularity—perhaps no article in the history of the *Materia Medica*, ever acquired the same Patronage, was subject to the same number of severe and different tests, and met with so few failures as the Mustang Liniment. It has justly been styled a Panacea for all external Wounds, Swellings, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, or Eruptions on Man or Beast. It is so far a medicine of surprising virtue, that Physicians are compelled to prescribe it, and from some remarkable cures of *Chronic and Distorted Rheumatic cases*, it has naturally attracted much attention from the first scientific minds of the age. No family can afford to be without a bottle of the Mustang Liniment in the house. *Beware of imitations.* The genuine is sold by respectable dealers in all parts of the world.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors,
feb23 4t cm New York.

Afflicted, Read.—WILLIAMS' COMPOUND SOLUTION for the **PILES**, is warranted to effect a cure in every case, and in all stages of the disease, or the money will be refunded. Full directions accompany each bottle.

Abel Turrell, Montrose; T. J. Babcock, Dimock; O. G. Hempstead, Brooklyn; and Dr. J. W. Lyman, Tunkhannock, agents. [dec1 1y

Moffat's Life-Pills.—The high and envied celebrity which this pre-eminent medicine has acquired for its invariable efficacy in all the diseases which it professes to cure, has rendered the usual practice of ostentatious puffing not only unnecessary but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous. In all cases of costiveness, dyspepsia, bilious and liver affections, piles, rheumatism, fevers and agues, obstinate headaches, and general derangements of health, these Pills have invariably proved a certain and speedy remedy. A single trial will place the Life Pills beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

Dr. Moffat's Phœnix Bitters will be found equally efficacious in all cases of nervous debility dyspepsia, headache, the sickness incident to females in delicate health, and every kind of weakness of the digestive organs. For sale by Dr. W. B. MOFFAT, 335 Broadway, N. Y., and by medicine dealers and druggists generally throughout the country. dec8 1y

F. D. WOOD, with his CAR, is once more located on the GREEN, opposite to the COURT HOUSE, in MONTROSE, where he will cheerfully wait upon all who may favor him with a call.

Pictures in good Cases, 50 cents. Liberal deductions for Families. All work warranted not to fade. [Montrose, Dec. 1st, 1859.

I. O. O.-F. Lecture. There will be a PUBLIC lecture delivered before the Odd Fellows at JACKSON, on Thursday, evening, March 1st.

☞ The PUBLIC are invited to attend. ☜

School Meeting.—The School Directors of Bridgewater will meet at the Franklin Hotel on Saturday, March 3d, at one o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of organizing, and the transaction of business. By order of the Board.

mh 1st M. L. CATLIN, Sec'y.

MARRIED:

In Kirkwood, Feb. 11th, at the residence of the bride, Mr. Mart Hayden, of New Milford, to Miss Hattie A. Blatchley.

On the 20th ult., by S. W. Tewksbury, Esq., Mr. Leander J. Merrill, and Miss Julia A. Beeman, all of Lathrop.

DIED:

On the 15th, Willie Nelson, son of G. N. and Almira Smith, aged two years and five days.

CARD,

To Merchants and Dealers.

I TAKE this method of informing my many kind and generous friends and customers that I have changed my interest in the Hardware Business, in New York from the house formerly Hunt, Thomas & Co., and lately I. L. Hunt, at 215 Pearl street, to that of

MOONEY, COHU & COMPANY,

23 Park Row, opposite the Astor House,

where I would most respectfully invite old and new friends to call, or send their orders, which will be gratefully received and promptly filled.

My address will be at Montrose, Pa. until the 1st of April, and from that date till June, care of above House, or Lawrence, Grigga & Kingsbury 46 Courtlandt street, N. Y. City.

mh1* M. C. TYLER.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned will make distribution of the assets in the hands of the administrator of Abel Rice, dec'd, at his office in Montrose on Saturday, the 31st, day of March next, at one o'clock, p. m., at which time and place all persons interested will present their claims, or be forever barred from coming in upon said fund.

mh1 4w FRANKLIN FRASER, Auditor.

McCollum & Searle,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS at Law, Montrose, Pa. Office in Lathrops' new building, over the Bank, feb 23

J. R. M'COLLUM, D. W. SEARLE.

$40,00 PAYS both Board & Tuition 14 weeks at Hudson River Institute, Claverack, Col. Co., New York. march 1st, 1860.4w

TERM OPENS April 13th, 1860. Fourteen Instructors. ☞ Ladies desiring to teach, furnished places. *Write for a Catalogue.* Rev. A. FLACK, Principal.

BOARDING SCHOOL,

AT GREAT BEND, PA.

THIS SCHOOL will be opened for the reception of Ladies and Gentlemen, on the 29th day (Wednesday), of February, 1860.

TERMS OF TUITION.

Primary Branches per Qr'r of 11 weeks,				$3,00
Common "	"	"	"	3,50
Common and Higher,	"	"	"	4,00
Higher English,	"	"	"	5,00
Lessons on Piano,	"	"	"	10,00
Use of "	"	"	"	2,00

Ornamental, and Classical Departments, extra.

The Principal has had much experience in teaching in New York and Penn'a for the last ten years, in Common, as well as Select, Graded or High Schools. References given if required.

N. B.—Board at the boarding hall, two doll's per week. Lights and washing extra.

☞Payments to be made quarterly in advance.

mh1 1y E. W. ROGERS, Principal.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Montrose Pa., Feb. 15th, 1860.

George N Addison	J Hickok
S F Basset	D N Heston
Miss Jane Bell 2	Henry Hamilton
Mrs Augusta Brown	Huldy Haight
Charles H Brooks	Thomas Jackson
M F Cooke	C H Loomis
Emanuel Dade	Miss Jane McAdams
Jacob Denny	A A McGill
Mrs Anna Denham	Moses Reed
S D Felps	Read & Nicholson
Mrs Lumina Gordon	Doct Sanger
Albert Goodspeed	Miss S W Sherwood

Persons calling for the above letters please say advertised. 7 H. J. WEBB, P. M.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted upon the estate of Edward Cornwall, late of New Milford, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all having claims against the same to present them to

feb23 6t* JOHNSON A. CORNWALL, admin'or.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED,

BRAD. CO. LARGE, & WESTERN MEDIUM,

HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED,

and SEED WHEAT, *sold by*

Montrose, Pa. BALDWIN & ALLEN.

AUCTION!

THE subscriber, having sold his Farm, will sell at Auction, on Monday, the 5th day of March, commencing at 9 o'clock, a. m., the following property, viz:

One yoke of Oxen, 1 Horse, 11 Cows, 8 three years old Heifers, 3 two years old Heifers, 23 Sheep, 3 Wagons, 1 Cart, Plows, Harrows, Sleds, Cultivator, Fanning Mill, Straw Cutter, Corn Sheller, Horse Rake, two Potash Kettles, and smaller Kettles, a large quantity of Milk Pans and other Tin Ware, Barrels, Churns, Wash Tubs, 2 Cooking Stoves, with Pipe and Furniture, Parlor Stove, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, &c., a quantity of Harness and Old Iron, HAY, Straw, Potatoes, Turnips, and other articles too numerous to mention. Also a Horse-shed at the Baptist Meeting House.

TERMS.—Nine months' credit, with interest and approved security, on all sums over $5.

JAMES TURRELL.

Forest Lake, Feb. 15th, 1860-3t

A BARGAIN.

FARM

FOR SALE!

SITUATE IN JESSUP, one mile North of Lathrops Lakes, containing 102 acres, 70 of which are improved. Framed house and barn. Price $1500. $500 down, balance on time to suit the purchaser. In possession of L. Stone.

JOHN F. DUNMORE.

Montrose, February 16th, 1860.-tf

A STACK OF HAY for sale by ABEL TURRELL.

DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF W. B. & M. S. HANDRICK is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The Notes and Accounts are in the hands of W. B. Handrick for collection.

W. B. HANDRICK,—M. S. HANDRICK.

The TANNING Business will hereafter be carried on by W. B. Handrick.

Springville, February 8th, 1860.-4w

Courts of Appeal.

THE Commissioners of Susquehanna County have fixed upon the following days and dates respectively, for hearing Appeals from the Assessment for 1860, at the Commissioners' Office in Montrose, to wit:

Auburn, Jessup, and Rush—Wednesday, Feb. 29th.

Dimock, Lathrop, and Springville—Thursday, March 1st

Gt. Bend, and New Milford—Friday, March 2d.

Harmony, Oakland, and Susquehanna Boro'—Monday, March 5th.

Ararat, Jackson, and Thomson—Tuesday, March 6th.

Clifford, Dundaff Borough, and Lenox—Wednesday, March 7th.

Gibson, Harford, and Herrick—Thursday, March 8th.

Bridgewater, Montrose, and Brooklyn—Friday, March 9th.

By order of the Commissioners.

W. A. CROSSMON, Com'rs Clerk.

Com,rs' Office, Montrose, Feb. 2d, 1860.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE,

At DIMOCK, Pa,

WILL commence March 5th 1860, and continue ten weeks.

Teachers:

B. M. STONE, Principal of the Academy.
S. W. CLARK, A. M. Dr. A. C. BLAKESLEE.
Prof. E. B. KNAPP, of Skeneateles.
Prof. J. M. WATSON, Elocutionist, and others.

Lectures will be given during the term, on the science of teaching, and other subjects, by distinguished men. The time has been changed from March 19th, to the 5th, in order to procure the assistance of Prof. S. W. Clark, Principal of Cortland Academy, and author of Clark's Grammar. He will be here at the commencement and give the teachers and those preparing to teach, a thorough drill in the science of the English language.

The Institute and Academical Departments will be kept separate; the Profs. devoting their time to the members of the Institute.

EXPENSES.—Tuition for Institute, - $5
For Academy same rate as heretofore.
Board, $1 50 to $1 75 per week.

Those wishing board, or rooms to board themselves, will be provided for by calling on, or by addressing the Principal. I am out of town on Saturdays. B. M. STONE,

Dimock, Feb. 14th, 1860 4t Principal.

Auditor's Notice.

In the matter of the estate of Harriet C. Whitney, deceased.

THE undersigned having been appointed Auditor in the above estate, by the Orphans' Court of Susquehanna county, to report a distribution to and among the heirs of said decedent, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 2d day of March, 1860, at 1 o'clock, p. m.; at the office of W. and W. H. Jessup, Esqs., in Montrose; at which time all persons having claims upon the fund of said estate, are required to present them or be debarred from coming in for a share of such fund.

ALFRED HAND, Auditor.

Montrose, Feb. 2d, 1860.—4w.

A CARD.

THERE having been unavoidably considerable doubt in regard to my remaining in charge of the Susquehanna Classical and Normal School, I wish to draw the attention of the public to the advertisement in another column, and to state that I shall continue to give myself faithfully to the instruction of all who may place themselves under my charge.

H. BRODHEAD.

Sus. Classical and Normal School
Jan. 20th, 1860.

MORE NEW ARRANGEMENTS FOR 1860.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS

AT THE

FOOT OF MAIN STREET.

THE extensive Furniture Establishment of SMITH BROTHERS having been refitted and greatly improved, the proprietors respectfully announce to the citizens of Montrose and vicinity that they are constantly making and keep on hand the LARGEST and BEST assortment of

FURNITURE

To be found in the Country.

We give the following list of some of the articles which we will sell at greatly reduced prices, for CASH or READY PAY:

Bureaus, Walnut or Mahogany, with glass, from $16 to $35.

Bureaus with marble or brocatelle tops, from $18 to $24. And a large assortment, from $8, $10, 12, 14, to $18,

Wash Stands, Card Stands, Corner and Square Stands, of all varieties and prices, from 75 cents to ten dollars.

Desks, Divans, Towel Racks, Footstools, Ottomans, Lounges, &c.

Centre, Card, Pier, Toilet, Dining, Kitchen, and Extension Tables.

Chairs—Cane and Wood Seats, Rockers—Cane, Flag, and Wood Seats, of every variety and style.

Sofas, tete a tetes furnished at short notice at New York prices.

N. B. Ready made coffins on hand or furnished at short notice.—Hearses always in readiness when desired.

We employ none but CAREFUL AND EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. We intend to do our WORK WELL, and sell it as Low as it can be afforded.

W. W. SMITH,
A. SMITH, JR.,
E. R. SMITH.

Montrose, Jan. 18th, 1860.—tf.

DID YE NOT HEAR IT!

TARRY not by the way-side—but hasten to the **Head of Navigation** and get

MORE GOOD GOODS

FOR

One Dollar

than can be had at any *BEER SHOP* in Penn'a I am bound to make it an object for CASH buyers to leave their shillings with me, and not spend them for *slazy trash—stuff*—the *fag ends* of Peter Fun