free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States." In this manner, by localizing the question of slavery and confining it to the people who are immediately concerned, every patriot expected this question to be banished from the halls of Congress, where it has always excited a baleful influence throughout the country. It is proper that I should refer to the election held under the act of the Territorial Legislature, on the first Monday in January, on the Lecompton Constitution. This election was held after the Territory had been prepared for admission into the Union as a sovereign State, and when no authority existed in the Territorial Legislature, which could possible destroy its existence or change its character. The election, which was peacefully conducted under my instructions, involved a strange inconsistency. A large majority of the persons who voted against the Lecompton Constitution, were, at the same time and place, recognizing its valide existence in the most solemn and authentic manner, by voting under its provisions. I have as yet received no official information of the result of this election.

As a question of expediency, after the right has been maintained, it may be wise to reflect upon the benefits to Kansas and to the whole Union, which would result from its immediate admission into the Union, as well as the disasters which may follow its rejection. Domestic peace will be the happy consequence of its admission, and that fine Territory, hitherto torn by dissensions, will rapidly increase in population, and wealth, and speedily realize the blessings and comfort which follow agricultural and mechanical industry. The people then will be sovereign and can regulate their own affairs in their own way; if the majority of them desire to abolish domestic slavery within the State, there is no other possible mode by which it can be effected so speedily as by its prompt admission. The will of the majority is supreme and irresistible, when expressed orderly and in lawful manner. It can unmake Constitutions at pleasure. It would be absurd to say they can impose fetters upon their own power, which they cannot afterwards remove. If they could do this, they might tie their own hands for an hundred as for ten years. These are the fundamental principles of American freedom, and recognized in some form by every State Constitution, and if Congress in the act of admission should think proper to recognize them, I can perceive no objection. This has been done emphatically in the Constitution of Kansas. It declares in the bill of Rights, that "all political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority and instituted for their benefit, and therefore, they have at all times the inalienable and indefeasible right to alter, reform or abolish their form of government, in such manner as they may think proper." The great State of New York is at this moment governed under a Constitution framed in direct opposition to the mode prescribed by the previous Constitution. If therefore, the provision changing the Kansas Constitution after the year 1864, could by any possibility be construed into the prohibition to make such change previous to the period of prohibition, it would be wholly unavailing. The Legislature already elected, may at first session, submit the question to the vote of people, whether they will or not, have a Convention to amend their Constitution, and adopt all necessary means for giving effect to the popular will.

It has been solemnly adjudged by the highest Judicial Tribunal, that slavery exists in Kansas, by virtue of the Constitution of the United States.—Kansas is therefore, at this moment, as much a slave State as Georgia or South Carolina. Without this, the equality of the sovereign States composing the Union would be violated, and the use and enjoyment of Territory, acquired by the common treasure of all the States, would be closed against the people and property of nearly half the members of the Confederacy. Slavery can therefore never be prohibited in Kansas, except by means of a Constitutional provision, and in no other manner can this be obtained so promptly, if the majority of the people desire it, as by admitting it into the Union, under the present Constitution.

On the other hand, should Congress reject the Constitution, under the idea of affording the disaffected in Kansas a third opportunity to prohibit slavery in a State which they might have done twice before if in the majority, no man can foretell the consequences. If Congress, for the sake of those men who refused to vote for delegates to the Convention, when they might have excluded slavery from the Constitution, and who afterwards refused to vote on the 21st of December, when they might as they claim, have striken slavery from the Constitution, it is manifest that the agitation upon this important subject will be renewed in a more alarming form that it has ever assumed.

Every patriot in the country had indulged the hope that the Kansas Nebraska act would put a final end to the slavery agitation, at least in Congress, which had for more than twenty years convulsed the country, and endangered the Union. This act involved great and fundamental principles, and if fairly carried into effect, will settle the question. Should the agitation be again revived, should the people of the sister States be again estranged from each other with more than former bitterness, this will arise from a cause, so far as the interests of Kansas are concerned, more trifling and insignificant than has ever stirred the elements of a great people into commotion. To the people of Kansas the only practical difference between their admission or rejection, depends simply upon the fact whether they can themselves more speedily change the present Constitution, if it does not accord with the will of the majority, or frame a second Constitution to be submitted to Congress hereafter. Even if this were a question of mere expediency, and not of right, the small difference of time, one way or the other, is not of the least importance when contrasted with the evils which must necessarily result to the whole country from the renewal of the slavery agitation. In considering this question, it should never be forgotten that in proportion to its insignificance, let the decision be what it may, so far may affect the few thousands inhabitants in Kansas, who have, from the beginning, resisted the Constitution and the law, for this very reason the rejection of the Constitution will be so much more keenly felt by the people of fourteen States of the Union where slavery is recognized under the Constitution of the United States. Again, the speedy admission of Kansas into the Union, would restore peace and quiet to the whole country. Already the affairs of the Territory have engrossed an undue proportion of the public attention, have sadly affected the friendly relations of the people of the States with each other, and alarmed the fears of patriots for the safety of the Union.—Kansas once admitted, the excitement becomes localized and will soon die away for want of outside aliment; then every difficulty would be settled at the ballot box. Besides, and this is no trifling consideration—we shall then be enabled to withdraw the troops from Kansas and employ them in service where they are much needed. They have been kept there on the earnest importunity of Governor Walker to maintain the existence of the Territorial Government and secure the execution of the laws. He considered at least two thousand troops under the command of Gen. Harney necessary. Acting upon his reliable information, I have been obliged, in some degree, to interfere with the expedition to Utah in order to keep down the rebellion in Kansas, which has involved a very heavy expense to the Government. Kansas once admitted, it is believed there will no longer be any occasion there for the troops of the United States.

I have thus performed my duty on this important question, under a deep sense of my responsibility to God and to my country. My public life will terminate with a brief period, and I have no other object of earthly ambition than to leave my country in a peaceful, prosperous condition, and live in the affections and respect of my countrymen.

The dark and ominous clouds now impending over the Union, I conscientiously believe will be dissipated with honor to every portion of it, by the admission of Kansas during the present session of Congress, whereas if it should be rejected, I greatly fear that these clouds will become darker and more ominous than any that have ever yet threatened the Constitution and the Union.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

NOTICE.

Expecting to be at home

For a few weeks. I would hereby extend a CORDIAL INVITATION to those indebted to me by Note, Book acct., or for rents, to call at once and settle, as SOME may save costs.

Office in my store, (up stairs) occupied by C. W. Mott. M. C. TYLER.

Montrose, January 20th, 1858. [3w3*

Physicians recommend Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment. It will not cure everything, as most patent medicines do, but will cure positively rheumatism, colic, dysentery, toothache, headache, pains in limbs, back and chest; or the agent will return the money. See that every bottle is signed S. I. Tobias. Price 25 & 50 cts. Depot 56 Cortlandt street, New York. [6w3.

For sale by Abel Turrell, Montrose. [3t52.

Helmbold's Universally Approved Remedy —Compound Extract Buchu, cures diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel, dropsy, weakness, &c. Read the advertisement in another column, headed "Helmbolds Genuine Preparation." [fm

Silence that dreadful cough! Or death must carry you to an untimely grave. Consumption is caused by impure humors of the blood. The lungs are like a spring of water, when roiled by mud, if clear water runs thro' the spring, impurities will be conveyed away. When the blood is pure, as it flows thro' the lungs it carries away all corrupt matter, and perfect health will be the result. From 2 to 4 of Dr. Morse's pills, taken every other night, to keep the bowels open, will in a reasonable time cure consumption. [fm*.

MARRIED.

At Susquehanna Depot, Feb. 9th, by Rev. J. A. Wood, Mr. ALONZO J. WHITNEY and Miss RUBIE L. TUTTLE, both of Susquehanna.

DIED.

In Montrose, January 1st, GEORGE S., son of John A. and Catharine F. Warner, aged 3 years and 3 months.

At Great Bend, on the 18th ult., Dr. JAMES GRIFFIN, aged sixty-five.

Dr. GRIFFIN was a native of New Town Conn., and practised medicine for several years in Schoharie county, N. Y., and for the last twelve years in Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pa. As a physician he stood at the head of his profession, and possessed, to an unusual degree, the confidence of his patients, in a very extensive and laborious practice; and being a Christian, he prescribed faithfully and successfully for both the body and spiritual disease of those around whose sick and dying beds he was called to administer relief. As a citizen and civil magistrate he held a high place in the respect and esteem of the community in which he lived; while in the more tender and endearing relations of brother, father and husband, he was greatly beloved for his many virtues and excellencies of both his head and his heart. In his death the poor have lost a friend indeed.

His last illness, of many months continuance, was one peculiarly trying and afflictive both to himself, his family and numerous friends. All his organs of speech were so paralized, that his lips were sealed as in the silence of the grave, and his last adieu to his deeply afflicted family was given by expressive and affecting sighs, which satisfied all around his dying bed that he was departing for the "Rest that remains for the people of God."

His funeral services were full of deep and impressive interest. The Presbyterian church, in which they were held, was crowded to its utmost capacity, by a sympathyzing and afflicted community, who feel that his everlasting gain is a great loss to them. COM.

Caution.

I DO hereby forbid any person or persons trusting my son HEWLETT on my account without a written order in my own hand writing, as I shall pay no debts of his contracting after this date. I also forbid the Postmasters letting the said Hewlett have any letter or paper that may come directed to me without an order as aforesaid. JOSEPH B. WOOLSEY.

Jessup, February 4th, 1858.—6w3.

NEWTON & McCOLLUM,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Office on Public Avenue over H. J. Webb's Store.

N. NEWTON. J. B. McCOLLUM.

Orphans' Court Sale.

WILL be sold on the premises, on Monday the first day of March next, at one o'clock P. M., all that lot of land situate in Rush twp., bounded north by lands of —— Sherwood, east by lands of James Fargo, south by lands of Henry Estus, and west by lands of Abisha Gray,—being part of a lot known on the map of Wm D. Cope's land as lot No. 74, containing fifty-seven acres, Framed House, Barn, and out-houses, also an Orchard; and thirty acres improved, late the estate of Wm Bromley, dec'd. H. CODSWELL, Adm'r.

February 3d, 1858. [ts.

FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

YORK, Pa.

Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, 300,000 DOLLARS.

Insures against loss or damage by fire, on buildings, furniture, and merchandise generally.

☞ Losses adjusted by arbitration, where the parties fail to agree. ☜

DIRECTORS.

H. A. Hantz, H. Kraber, William Wallace, Samuel Dyer, John Landes, Fred. Sultzback, Eli Kindig, Thomas Gray, David Strickler.

H. KRABER, President,

D. STRICKLER, Secretary.

O. S. BEEBE, Agent, Montrose, Pa.

February 2d, 1858. [1y*.

Caution.

WE the undersigned, forbid any person purchasing a certain note given to Stephens & Todd, for the sum of fifty dollars, dated Auburn, January 8th, 1858, as it was obtained by fraud and deception, and for which we have received no value, and therefore will not pay it unless compelled by law. It is a judgment note, and waives the exemption act of 1849.

CHARLES G. HINES,
THOMAS M. HINES.

Undersigned by JESSE HINES.

Auburn, Jan. 25th, 1858.—6w4.

FLOUR for sale by the Load or Barrel, by DICKERMAN & GARRETT.

New Milford, June 10th, 1857.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Of Susquehanna County.

Made and published in pursuance of an Act of Assembly of the 15th of April, A. D., 1834.

Susquehanna County.—Balance of Collectors' Account for 1857.

Collectors' Names.	Townships.	Duplicates.	Am't Paid.	Exoner's.	P'r'c'age.	Am't Due.	Yrs
P. Welch,	Apolacon,	417 18	389 68	7 00	20 50		
G. O. Baldwin,	Ararat,	189 38	179 09	87	9 42		
R. J. Carter,	Auburn,	875 93	808 64	24 73	42 56		
H. P. Robins,	Bridgewater,	1,532 00	1,445 61	10 31	76 08		
J. L. Adams,	Brooklyn,	768 17	713 64	16 98	37 55		
B. Clark,	Choconut,	459 48	431 54	5 23	22 71		
A. Halstead,	Clifford,	835 25	785 39	8 53	41 33		
Samuel Sherer,	Dimock,	916 68	866 55	4 53	45 60		
Charles Slocum,	Dundaff,	201 20	186 16	5 25	9 79		
H. Birchard,	Forest Lake,	601 11	564 72	6 67	29 72		
R. Tuttle,	Franklin,	500 88	467 76	8 51	24 61		
E. M. Day,	Friendsville,	148 09	129 30	11 99	6 80		
A. P. Kinney,	Gibson,	784 63	745 17	25	39 21		
R. P. Terbuss,	Great Bend,	1,063 02	998 45	12 02	52 55		
E. V. Green,	Harford,	720 04	679 22	5 08	35 74		
David Taylor,	Harmony,	404 98	377 81	7 29	19 88		
E. Westgate,	Herrick,	423 38	393 61	9 06	20 71		
T. Butterfield,	Jackson,	597 43	562 77	5 05	29 61		
Lucius Smith,	Jessup,	550 54	510 43	13 25	26 86		
G. W. Tiffany,	Lathrop,	274 76	258 56	2 60	13 60		
O. T. Kinney,	Lenox,	543 84	502 45	15 06	26 33		
A. A. Fish,	Liberty,	444 54	420 64	0 77	22 13		
H. Spafford,	Middletown,	648 98	608 28	8 69	32 01		
James Dennis,	Montrose,	1,706 26	1,616 63	4 55	85 08		
J. P. Miller,	New Milford,	1,099 96	1,037 35	8 02	54 59		
S. H. Esterbrook,	Oakland,	192 51	168 30	15 36	8 85		
Robert Reynolds,	Rush,	606 78	571 58	5 12	30 08		
W. H. Gaige,	Silver Lake,	742 81	693 30	13 03	36 48		
Samuel Culver,	Springville,	823 69	762 50	21 06	40 13		
Aaron Myers,	Susq'a Depot,	369 64	317 69	34 18	17 77		
S. King,	Thompson,	300 34	278 66	7 02	14 66		
		$19,743 48	$18,471 48	$299 06	$972 94		

RECAPITULATION.

To Total amount of Duplicates,		$19,743 48
To amount paid by Collectors,	$18,471 48	
" " of Exonerations do.,	299 06	
" " " Percentage do.,	972 94—$19,743 48	

S. A. WOODRUFF, *Treasurer.*

Treasurer's Office, Montrose, December 31st, 1857.

DR. SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY.		CR.	
To Commonwealth costs,	$893,64	By County Orders Redeemed from No 1 to 544, inclusive,	$18,462,78
Road Viewers,	440,00	By 14 Refunding Orders,	61,02
Road Damages,	545,25	By amount paid County Auditors,	18,00
J. W. Smith, late Commissioner,	138,00	By Treasurer's Percentage,	744,85
W. T. Case, Commissioner,	195,00		
P. Wells, do.,	172,50		
O. Mott, Jr., do.,	24,00		
Assessors,	779,90		
Constables,	659,57		
Grand Jurors,	507,95		
Traverse Jurors,	2,364,03		
Printing,	176,25		
County Bonds Redeemed,	7,469,00		
Interest on do. and Money loaned,	887,31		
County Offices,	74,95		
Fuel,	47,88		
Stationery,	68,57		
Court House,	215,36		
F. P. Hollister Sheriff and Jailor,	845,97		
Jail,	10,90		
Justices of the Peace,	32,72		
S. B. Wells, Prot. and Clerk of Q. S.	290,19		
Coroner's Inquest,	36,76		
Township Elections,	350,81		
General Elections,	399,20		
Wild Cats,	4,00		
Lunatic Hospital,	131,75		
Court Crier,	81,00		
Agricultural Society,	100,00		
Eastern Penitentiary,	120,32		
Wm. A. Crossman, Clerk,	400,00		
14 Refunding Orders,	61,02		
O. S. Beebe, Auditor,	6,00		
D. D. Brown, do.,	6,00		
D. P. Tiffany, do.,	6,00		
Treasurer's Percentage,	741,85		
	$19,286,65		$19,286,65

TREASURER'S STATEMENT OF MILITIA FINES FOR YEARS 1850 AND 1857.

Collectors.	Townships.	D'p'c's	A.P'id.	Ex'er's.	P.C't.	A. D.	Y'rs.
M. B. Benedict,	Clifford,	$39,00				39,00	1850
P. Welch,	Apolacon,	19,50	$14,73	$4,00	$ 77		1857
G. O. Baldwin,	Ararat,	12,00	9,50	2,00	50		
R. J. Carter,	Auburn,	40,50	24,23	15,00	1,27		
H. P. Robins,	Bridgewater,	19,00	11,88	6,50	62		
J. L. Adams,	Brooklyn,	28,00	17,10	10,00	90		
B. Clark,	Choconut,	11,00	9,03	1,50	47		
A. Halstead,	Clifford,	45,50	36,10	7,50	1,30		
Samuel Sherer,	Dimock,	25,50	20,43	4,00	1,07		
Charles Slocum,	Dundaff,	6,50	3,80	2,50	20		
H. Birchard,	Forest Lake,	17,00	11,40	5,00	60		
Rufus Tuttle,	Franklin,	12,00	8,10	3,50	40		
E. M. Day,	Friendsville,	11,00	3,80	7,00	20		
A. P. Kinney,	Gibson,	17,50	13,30	3,50	70		
R. P. Terbuss,	Great Bend,	51,50	37,05	12,50	1,95		
E. V. Green,	Harford,	29,00	23,75	4,00	1,25		
David Taylor,	Harmony,	46,50	29,93	15,00	1,57		
E. Westgate,	Herrick,	38,00	25,65	11,00	1,35		
T. Butterfield,	Jackson,	28,00	22,80	4,00	1,20		
L. Smith,	Jessup,	17,00	10,45	6,00	55		
G. W. Tiffany,	Lathrop,	25,50	10,45	14,50	55		
A. A. Fish,	Liberty,	3,00	47	2,50	03		
H. Spafford,	Middletown,	23,50	18,05	4,50	95		
J. P. Miller,	New Milford,	47,00	42,28	2,50	2,22		
S. H. Esterbrook,	Oakland,	19,00	15,20	3,00	80		
R. Reynolds, Jr.,	Rush,	26,00	16,15	9,00	85		
W. H. Gaige,	Silver Lake,	30,00	19,00	10,00	1,00		
Samuel Culver,	Springville,	21,00	14,73	5,50	77		
A. Myers,	Susq'a Depot,	14,00	9,50	4,00	50		
S. King,	Thompson,	15,50	12,35	2,50	65		
		738,50	491,21	182,50	25,79	39,00	

RECAPITULATION.

Amount of Duplicates,	$738,50
Amont paid by Collectors,	$491,21
Amount of Exonerations to Collectors,	182,50
Amount of Percentage to Collectors,	25,79
Amount of unpaid Duplicate of 1850,	39,00—$738,50

STATEMENT OF TREASURER'S ACCOUNT WITH MILITARY FUND.

DR. S. A. WOODRUFF, Treasurer.		CONTRA,	CR.
To amount received from Collectors for 1857,	$491 21	By amount paid to Brigade Inspector, Asa Spiber, as per account rendered,	39,47
		By amount paid Assessors,	30,44
		By amount paid Printers,	25,00
		By amount paid Commissioners,	15,00
		By amount paid Com'rs for Stationery,	20,00
		By amount of Treasurer's Percentage on $491,21,	4,91
		By amount in Treasurer's hands,	356,39
	$491,21		$491,21

DR. S. A. WOODRUFF TREASURER OF SUSQ'A. CO. IN ACCOUNT WITH THE STATE OF PA.		CR.	
To aggregate Amount of State Taxes levied and assessed for the use of the Commonwealth for the year 1857,	$8,245 33	By 5 per cent. allowed to Collectors on final settlement,	404 36
Aggregate amount of outstanding taxes for the years 1843, '49 and '50,	340 42	By Exonerations,	135 30
Amount received from returned lands	2 89	By unpaid Duplicates for previous years, 1843, '49 and '50,	340 42
		By Treasurer's percentage on $7,708 at 1 per cent,	77 08
		By amount paid State Treasurer,	7,631 48
	$8,588 64		$8,588 64

DR. STATEMENT OF F. P. HOLLISTER SHERIFF ACC'T. FOR 1857.		CR.	
To amount of Fines and Jury fees as per Certificate of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions,	$314 00	By amount paid Treasure and charged in his account	304 58
		3 per ct. retained for collecting,	9 42
			$314 00

DR. S. A. WOODRUFF TREASURER OF SUSQ. CO. IN ACC'T. CURRENT WITH SAID CO.—1857.		CR.	
To amount in Treasurer's hands as per last Auditor's report	1,439 37	By amount paid Co. Auditors	18 00
To amount of Duplicates for 1857	19,743 48	By exonerations to Col'ts,	299 06
To amount received of F. P. Hollister, Sheriff Fines and Jury fees	304 58	By percentage " "	972 94—1,272 00
To amount received from returned land,	3 96	By 14 refunding orders	61 02
		By County orders redeemed from No. 1 to 544 inclusive	18,462 78
		By commissions on receipts $18,780,02 at 2 per cent	375 60
		By com's on expenditures $18,462,78 at 2 per cent.	369 25—744 85
		By amount in Treasurer's hands	932 74
	$21,491 39		$21,491 39

Recapitulation of Court House Account.

1857. NEW COURT HOUSE ACCOUNT { Dr.	
To contract Price,	$18,500,00
To additional expense by order of County Commissioners	337,52
To furnishing Court House,	1,425,70
	$20,263,22

1857. CONTRA { CR.	
By first, second, and third issue of County Bonds, redeemed with interest,	11,098,87
By Cash paid August, 1854,	500,00
By cash paid for furnishing,	1,425,70
By County Bonds unmatured,	7,238,65
	$20,263,22

Statement of Susq. Co. Treasury,

JANUARY 1st. 1858.

To available funds in the Treasury	$932,74
To uncurrent money of previous y'rs.	$600,
To fourth issue of County Bonds to Court House Contractors, due Sept. 15th, 1858,	$3,500
To fifth issue, due Sept. 15th, 1859,	3,500
To sixth issue, " " " 1860,	337 52
To several amounts of Notes, Bonds, Judgments, &c., as per Auditors Report	500 00

☞ We certify the foregoing to be a correct Statement.

WM. T. CASE, P. WELLS, O. MOTT, Jr. } *County Commiss'rs.*

Attest—WM. A. CROSSMAN, *Clerk.*

Commissioners' Office, Montrose, January 23, A. D., 1858.

Medical Card.

IN tendering my services to the inhabitants of Susquehanna County as an Homeopathic Physician, I deem it my duty to publish the following statistics taken from the records of Hospitals of Europe, which show the marked superiority of the Homeopathic over the Allopathic method of treating diseases.

INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS.

	Patients Admitted	Mortality Died	per ct.
Allopathic Hospitals	1134	260	23
Homeopathic "	538	28	5
Pleurisy.			
Allop. Hospitals	1017	134	13
Hom. "	386	12	3
Peritonitis.			
Allop. Hosp.	628	84	13
Hom. "	184	8	4
Dysentery.			
Allop. Hosp.	162	37	22
Hom. "	175	6	3
Fevers, excluding Typhus.			
Allop. Hosp.	9697	931	9
Hom. "	3062	84	2
Typhus.			
Allop. Hosp.	9371	1509	16
Hom. "	1423	219	14
Cholera.			
Allop. Hosp.	1278	046	30
Hom. "	848	69	8
All Diseases.			
Allop. Hosp., total,	110630	11791	10
Hom. " "	32655	1365	4

Persons residing at a distance who wish to consult me can do so by letter and receive a prompt reply. No charge for consultation.

J. H. THOMAS, M. D.

Great Bend, Pa., Feb. 1, '57 [3m.

☞ Office at the residence of C. Dimon, Esq.

Notice.

THE County Commissioners have fixed upon the following days and dates respectively, for hearing Appeals from the Assessments for the year 1858, at the Commissioners Office in Montrose, to wit:

Apolacon, Choconut, Forest Lake, Friendsville and Middletown, Monday, Feb'y 22d.

Franklin, Liberty and Silver Lake, Tuesday, " 23d.

Auburn, Jessup and Rush, Wednesday, " 24th.

Dimock, Lathrop and Springville, Thursday, " 25th.

Great Bend and New Milford, Friday " 26th.

Harmony, Oakland and Susq'a Boro', Monday, March 1st.

Ararat, Jackson and Thompson, Tuesday, " 2d.

Clifford, Dundaff and Lenox, Wednesday " 3d.

Gibson, Harford and Herrick, Thursday, " 4th.

Bridgewater, Montrose and Brooklyn, Friday, " 5th.

By order of the Commissioners.

Wm A. CROSSMAN, Clerk.

Commissioners Office } Montrose, Jan. 26, '58. } [f4 4t.

Money Saved.

BY subscribing to Hodges' Journal of Finance and Bank Reporter, because it gives full, early, complete and reliable information of Bank failures, descriptions of counterfeits &c., &c.; and monetary affairs of every kind.

Quotations corrected at New York, Philad'a., Boston, Cincinnati and Chicago, making

FIVE REPORTERS IN ONE.

Terms:—Monthly, one year, $1., Semi, 1.50 Weekly, 2.50, including Coin Book. Any one sending five subscribers will receive a copy of the Safe Guard and weekly Journal free. Twenty-five per cent. allowed agents and P. Ms.

☞ It cost $20,000 besides years of labor to arrange and publish Hodges' New

Bank Note Safe-Guard.

It describes over twelve thousand genuine bills. With this book no one can be imposed upon by bad money. Every business man should have it. Price $2., post free. 25 per ct discount allowed to Booksellers, Agents, or the subscribers to the Journal and Reporter.

Address, J. TYLER HODGES, Banker,

f4 2t.) 271 Broadway, N. Y.

REMOVAL.

The Saddle, Harness and Trunk Shop of

G. F. FORDHAM

IS REMOVED to the building recently occupied C. C. Hollister, on Main St., one door above S. S. Mott's, where he will be happy to wait on all who may favor him with their patronage.

Jan. 20th, 1858.—1c.

Administrator's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of an order of sale made by the Orphan's Court of Susquehanna County, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue or outcry, on Tuesday the 16th day of February next, at ten o'clock a. m., all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Herrick in said county, bounded on the north and east by lands of James Cook, south by the "old Newburg Turnpike," and west by land of —— Campbell, and George Crandall, containing about seventy acres, with the appurtenances, one framed dwelling house, and barn, and having about 30 acres improved.

Late the estate of Leonard Cook, deceased.—Sale to take place on the premises. Terms made known on the day of sale.

JOHN SMILEY, Adm'r.

Jan. 19th, 1858.—3w4.

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned will offer for sale at public vendue, on Tuesday, February 23d 1858, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises late of Ezekiel Barnes, deceased, in Gibson township, the following property: 2 good Horses, a pair of three years old Steers, 6 Cows, 3 Calves, Wagons, Sleighs, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, and other Farming Tools, Dairy Utensils, Household Furniture, a quantity of Hay, Straw, and Grain, Cider and Barrels, and various other articles.

TERMS.—All sums under $5, cash down; $5, or over, six months credit, with approved security.

CHARLES TINGLEY, Administrator,

Harford, January 25th, 1858.—4w4.

The Cheapest Paper in the World.

The NATIONAL MERCHANT

A large Weekly at Sixty Cents a Year.

IT contains a choice selection of Literary matter, Tales, Poetry and a large amount of commercial information. The reviews of the Markets and Bank Reports are worth more than the price of subscription, and the paper before it is printed, costs more than we get for it. For ten dollars we send 16 copies, and any three dollar magazine. Specimen copies sent free on receipt of a postage stamp. Canvassers allowed a liberal commission, amounting in some cases to eighty dollars a month.

Address, S. E. ASHTON & CO.,
National Merchant Office
Philadelphia.

Artist's Materials.

PAINTS in Tubes, Brushes, Tin, Copper and Silver Foil, Glass Slabs and Mullers, Lithographs, &c., at the Store of

ABEL TURRELL.

Montrose, Dec. 15th, 1857.

Dissolution.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of HAWLEY & GUILD is this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. P. HAWLEY, E. E. GUILD.

Gibson, Aug. 17 1857.

The books and accounts can be found at the store formerly occupied by the subscribers. All persons having unsettled accounts are requested to settle the same as soon as possible.

The business will be conducted in future by the undersigned, under the firm of C. P. & O. M. HAWLEY, who are constantly receiving from New York and Philadelphia, the latest styles of **Fall and Winter Dry Goods, Clothing &c.,** all of which will be sold at a very small profit for ready pay.

Gibson, Aug. 31st, 1857. C. P. HAWLEY, O. M. HAWLEY.

$32,50 PAYS for Board and Tuition in Common English, the Term of Fourteen Weeks, commencing March 18, 1858, at the

FORT EDWARD INSTITUTE N. Y.

Superb brick buildings, beautifully located on the Rail Road near Saratoga Springs. Superior facilities for Music, Painting and French. Students received at any time, and charged only for the residue of the Term. Diplomas awarded to Ladies who graduate. Send for a Catalogue, with full particulars. Rev. JOSEPH E. KING, A. M., Pincipal, Fort Edward.

January 13th, 1858. 2m8.

T. BOYLE,

REPRESENTS A CAPITAL OF OVER

$5,000,000,

For Fire, Marine, Life, and Inland Insurance.

Office, New Milford, Pa.

January 18th, 1858. 1y*

Farmers' and Mechanics'

INSURANCE COMPANY,

N. W. Corner Second and Walnut Streets,

PHILADELPHIA.

CAPITAL. $1,250,000.

This Company effects Fire Insurance on Buildings, Goods, Furniture, &c.

Marine Insurance on Vessels, Cargo and Freight,

TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Inland Insurance on Goods by Rivers, Lakes, Canals, Railroads, and Land Carriage, to all Parts of the Union upon the most favorable terms.

DIRECTORS.

HON. THOS. B. FLORENCE, GEO. H. ARMSTRONG, CHAS. A. RUBISCAM, GEORGE HELMBOLD, JAMES E. NEAL, CHARLES DINGEE, THOS. MANDERFIELD, EDW'D R. HELMBOLD, F. CARLL BREWSTER, ISAAC LEACH, JR.

THOMAS B. FLORENCE, *President.*

EDWARD R. HELMBOLD, *Secretary.*

T. BOYLE, Agent.

Office, New Milford, Pa.

January 18th, 1858. 1y*

Montrose, Jan. 12, 1858. [3tf

A. MERRIMAN,

Respectfully informs the citizens of Susquehanna County, that he is still at his old stand in Montrose, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, such as making Coffins, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, &c., &c., &c.

All persons wishing any thing in my line, will find it to their interest to call and examine for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

Thankful for past favors, I would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

LOOK AND READ.

THE HARD TIMES have overcome me, and are treading on my heels, and I cannot keep them off without MONEY. I would say to those who owe me, that their accounts must be settled immediately—or I shall be obliged to put them out of my hands. I would also say to my friends and patrons that I commenced on the first day of January, 1858, to sell for ready pay and at prices to suit the times. So any one who has got five dollars and wants six dollars worth of work for the price, to step in and spend it, and by so doing help me and benefit yourselves.

A. MERRIMAN.

The Shoals and Quicksands of Youth.

Just Published the 3d Edition.

ON SPERMATORRHŒA OR SEMINAL DISEASE.—A scientific Treatise on the treatment and perfect cure of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, &c., resulting from vicious habits acquired during the critical passage from Youth to Manhood.

By DR. CULVERWELL,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, 1827, Licentiate of the Hall (1842) and 30 years Resident Practioneer in London: Author of the "Guide to Health," "Green Book" "How to be Happy," Memories of "Single and Married Life," &c.

This small, but highly valuable Treatise, written by a world renowned Physician and Surgeon, points out the only sure and permanent cure for all diseases resulting from self abuse, and is the only publication of its kind written in a benevolent spirit and by a scientific man. It should be in the hands of all who value their life and health and happiness here and hereafter.

Price 12 cents or 4 stamps, at the receipt of which it will be sent post free, and well secured, by Dr. CH. KLINE, No. 240 1st Avenue, Box 4586, New York. [Jan. 28th, 1858.—1c.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

NORMAL SCHOOL,

Prof. J. F. Stoddard, Principal.

THE SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY NORMAL SCHOOL was opened on Monday, the 30th day of November, 1857, to continue two quarters of 11 weeks each, under the charge of Prof. STODDARD and competent Assistants. The first quarter will close on the 20th of February next. The second quarter will commence ON THE 22nd DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1858.

During the most of this quarter, B. F. Tewksbury, Co. Supt., will be present to aid in better preparing teachers for the discharge of their arduous duties. Those who design becoming teachers should not fail to avail themselves of the advantages here presented. Prof. Stoddard will deliver, during the term, a Course of Lectures, on The Science and Art of Teaching, and Moral Development. There will be an Experimental Department connected with the Normal School, to which only 40 pupils will be admitted.

EXPENSES.

Tuition in Normal Department, per quarter of 11 weeks,	$6.00
Experimental Department	3.50
Latin and Greek,	5.00

Board per week, from $2 00 to $2.50.

Tuition bills are to be paid in advance. The money will be refunded if the student is kept from school by protracted sickness.

N. B. It is highly important that every student be present the first day of the term, as the classes will then be formed, and studies assigned. Teachers who are obliged to enter the school two weeks after the term commences, in consequence of their schools not being out until that time, will be charged $5.00 tuition.

W. JESSUP, Pres't,
C. F. READ, Sec'y.

Montrose,