J.B. McCOLLUM, A.J. GERRITSON.

MONTROSE, PA.

Thursday, July 30, 1857. DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. FOR GOVERNOR.

WILLIAM F. PACKER. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER, NIMBOD STRICKLAND. FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT WILLIAM STRONG. JAMES THOMPSON.

Still Another Chance. We will furnish THE DEMOCRAT, from now

in advance. Single copy, 1.25 2,00

Springville was accidentally omitted from the published list of Township Committees, last week.

Read, on our first page, Gor. Walker's "Proclamation to the people of Lawrence," K. T. It indicates that the agitators and insurrectionists, have a decided man to deal with. We hope, and doubt not, that Governor Walker will succeed in quelling the threatened revolution, without the shedding of blood.

Attention Boys!

G. F. Bailey & Co.'s Circus and Menagerie will exhibit at Montrose on Friday, Aug. 7th. Ground and lofty tumbling, pea-nuts and ginger-bread will be the order of the day. A great crowd is anticipated.

The "Press."

Col. John W. Forney-probably the ablest and most brilliant political writer in the country-is about to enter on the publication of a Democratic journal, in Philadelphia, entitled " The Press." The Colonel's intimate acquaintance with journalism will enable him to get up an entertaining and useful sheet second, in fact, to none in the coun-

Tenns—Daily (per annum)....\$6,00 Weekly." "

Wilmot's Letter to the K. N. State

Mr. Wilmot has addressed a letter to the K. N. State council in explanation of his position on the "American question." It is a very carefully and rather ingeniously prepared paper, designed to secure to its author the support of the Catholic listing minions of the lodges without offending the anti Know-Nothing wing of the Black "Republican" party. The letter containing the inquiries of the council, and Mr. Wilmot's reply will be found in an other column; the honest men of all parties are invited to read them attentively. The response of Mr. W.to the council's fourth interrogatory we prepose to consider briefly; we intend to show the fallacy of his argument in support of his assertion that the Catholic church is a political power, and to contrast his views on that subject now, with those he formerly entertained and promulged. In the first place he fails to establish the truth of his remark that the Catholic voters of our country all act with and support the measures of the Democratic party. But grant if you please that his assertion on this point is wellfounded; still the conclusions at which he ar rives are erroneous and illegittmate. If this cratic, or "dominant party" is the represenalleged unity exists, there are numerous and powerful reasons for it. If the Catholic Church is a political power the enemies of constantly indulged in coarse vituperation of its members ; ridiculed its ceremonies without stint; and assiduously labored to place political disabilities on those who hold to its with the Democratic party to repel unprovomaintain that faith, but to vindicate his Constitutional right to embrace it. Ever since the dissolution of the old Whig Party, all the factions hostile to the Democracy have participated in these unjust assaults upon Catholicism: have openly courted the prejudices which exist in many localities against those who adopt the Catholic form of worship .-These factions cannot consistently expect the support of the citizen they are laboring to degrade, and whose conscience they propose to enslave. It is perfectly clear that our Catholic citizens are compelled to vote against that hypocritical and bigoted organization which Mr. Wilmot represents, if they would maintain their natural and constitutional privilege of worshiping God agreably to the dictates of their own consciences. What right has Mr. Wilmot to complain of this alleged unity in the Catholic vote, when the very principles to which he is pledged compel the condition of things which he so piteously laments? The victim of an unjust and unprovoked assault, would be considered a fool if he labored for the elevation and benefit of his assailant. So the Catholic cannot be expected to aid in the propagation of those doctrines which deny his right to worship in such a manner as he pleases. In the light of common sense, then, that part of Mr. Wilmot's K. N. letter, which complains that the Catholic citizen generally votes for Democratic men and measures, is absurd, and the shabbiest of sophi stry. But we repeat that there is no foundation for the charge which Mr. W. prefers against Catholicism; be produces no proper evidence in support of the assertion

unmindful of the proprieties of their position as to advocate from the pulpit or the stump heartless hireling of political hermaphrodites, the claims of either political party. If Wilmot or his friends know any instance proving our declaration untrue, we invite them to name it. If they cannot show that one Cath olic minister engaged actively in the struggle, let them cease abusing the Catholic Church for the political preferences of the

majority of its adherents. proves him grossly inconsistent; that his de- new falsehoods to gratify his hatred of those nunciation of clerical interference in politics whose arguments he cannot answer. He asharmonizes poorly with his own conduct du- serts a truth (an offence of which he is selring the late Presidential canvass. Many of dom guilty) when he states that we have our fellow-citizens remember well the disgust originated nothing equinst him. It is not ing scene enacted in the old Court House at our business to invent or repeat vile and mathis place last August. Wilmot and two licious lies even against our bitterest enemy. bigoted priests were the chief actors. They Nor is E. B. Clase responsible for our pen vied with other in denouncing the Democrat- and ink daguerrectype of the base libeller : ic party and its brightest lights. They play- the Creator in His wisdom has stamped the ed the part of demagogues to perfection. It wretch with the peculiarities of the assassin was such a spectacle as we hope for the honor and the hen-roost robber, only restrained by of humanity, never to witness again. A man cowardice from being publicly known as appointed to administer justice, and two poor such. To copy faithfully the likeness drawn deluded beings claiming to be the agents of by Him when He ushered the loathsome the Almighty, pandering to the prejudices creature into existence, was our highest ambiand appealing to the passions of an excited and tion; and we flatter ourselves that we sucuntil election, at the following rates, payable misguided crowd! With ridiculous and im- cceced pretty well in our undertaking, much pious vanity assuming to brand with eternal to the annoyance and mortification of our condemnation their superiors in all that con subject. Our friends reprove us for having saulted measures they could not comprehend, at all, claiming that when puppies bark at on the expertness he had displayed in fleecing the Government out of its just dues. And now Mr. Wilmot, who was then "cheek by iowl" with political parsons, urging them on to an abandonment of their proper duties has the cool impudence to protest against the interference of the clergy in politics and assaults a body of men whom he fails to convict of that impropriety! Such conduct deserves the execuation of all good citizens and when we consider the motive which is the parent of it, we cannot doubt that this dema agogue will be speedily and overwhelmingly

condemned by those he has so long and so successfully deceived. It will be observed that Wilmot's reply to the inquiries of the Council, is dated more than two months subsequent to the time they were addressed to him. Whence this delay Why, not till he had spent several weeks in and around Philadelphia, did he form a proper idea of the extent of the Native American and anti-catholic sentiment in that vicinity; so soon however, as be learned that hostility to the " stupid Dutch." the " vagabond Irish" and the 'ignorant Catholics" was more powerful as a political element, than dited the remarkable letter to which we have alluded. Its appearance is the -signal for much rejoicing among the Native American Church burners, and they henceforth refer to David in terms of great admiration. The letter was written to secure the support of the Know-Nothings who are still quite numerous in the lower and middle Counties: its author expects to whip in his obedient dupes in this section, for since they swallowed the fusion electoral ticket he has good reason to believe that they will gulp down without a murmur, any dose that he prepares for them.

The dominant party in the countrythe party who have the government of the Republic in their hands—maintain principles utterly hostile to those which led our fathers to fight the battles of the Revolution .- Independent Republican of July 9th.

A greater untruth was never ascerted by the legally elected delegates. practiced falsifier. Our Revolutionary fath ers pledged their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor for the maintainance of the self-government principle; the Demotative of that principle at this time, and the only organized political body in the Republie that battles in its vindication. Our fath-Democracy have made it such. They have ers denied the right of Parliament to bind the Colonies in all cases whatsoever, and asserted the sovereignty of the tax-payer; the Democratic party denies the right of Congress to legislate in all cases for the people of doctrines. The intelligent Catholic votes the Territories and holds that they possess the same inalienable right to self-government ked assaults upon his religious faith-not to that the inhabitants of the respective States are endowed with. The tories asserted and fought for Parliamentary sovereignty; the opposition to Democracy contend that Congress has sovereign power over the people of the Territories. In this respect the opposition of to-day and the Tory or British faction of Revolutionary times, harmonize perfeetly. Centralization and the destruction of popular liberty is the end sought by Black Republicanism," and was the object for which the enemies of our Revolutionary fathers battled.

Again: the Democratic Party is the only political organization in the country that defends the doctrine of religious toleration; and manifests a willingness to concede to the naturalized citizen his rights under the constitution. To enjoy freedom of conscience our fathers fled from the despotisms of the old fairs in the Territory were in a peaceful conworld; to maintain inviolate a principle which they braved the dangers of a trackless ocean and the fearful perils of a wilderness infested with savages, to establish and enjoy. is the firm purpose of the Democracy. And those for which Washington and his compatriots successfully fought. If the hired faisifier who penned the infamous paragraph upon which we have briefly commented, knew and other propulsive members have not anything of the history of his country and possessed one spark of common sense, he

The Philadelphia Daily Sun, of the 24th inst. announced that Wilmot had resigned his Judgeship and challenged Gen. that it is a political power, and no honest, con- Packer to join him in a thorough canvass of scientious man would make so serious an ac- the State. We have as yet no confirmation cusation without urging good reasons in sub- of this announcement, though we in common

That self-conceited pen-pugilist and familiarly known as doggerel Homer of the Fraziers, in his last issue of filth, reiterates the charges which he was mean and unprin- Hon. David Wilmot. Towarda, Bradford cipled and foolish enough to prefer against us | Co., l'enn'a. on a former occasion. To the unprovoked slanders of a cowardly sneak, we reply but

once; and having once responded to the low slang of this assassinator of reputations, Now we can show that Wilmot's letter we scorn to notice him further until he coins

stitutes the man, these pharasaical three, as- noticed the low and irresponsible slanderer protested against the elevation of a patriot us we should not demean ourselves by having and statesman and racked their puny intel- a pitched battle with them. We think the the education of all classes, with the Bible as lects in the vain endeavor to turn sensible advice good and until this would be antagomen into devotees of a reckless speculator and nist of ours coins new slanders, we shall peradventurer whose claims to preferment rested | mit him to spit his venom at us unmolested : he can amuse bimself as much as he pleases by reiterating the silly fabrications with which his slanderous sheet has teemed for some time past. Let him exhaust his impo-

tent wrath, to the disgust of many of his own

political friends, and the amusement of him

he fondly hopes to exasperate.

The Philadelphia Sun (a ranting Wilmot paper) in commenting on the "stump Judge's," recent letter to the K. N. State Conneil says; " David Wilmor has done what no man before him has done; he has come out boldly against the Romish Hierarchy and yet there are miserable pukes, who have pretended to be Protestants, who yet oppose him." Mr. Wilmot and his associates, prior to the Presidential election circulated a pamthe shackles from the limbs of a negro; intending thereby to show that this much talked of "Remish Hierarchy" was a natural ally of the Beef speculating "Pathfinder;" and that the Catholics must shrick and vote for the hero of an elopement. This misera ble and insensible species of fawning having straight-out Americans " ever dured to go.' Wonder if this valiant, liteller of his old riends remembers the time he begged the him judge to keep him from starving?

We have contradictory reports from the Minnesota Constitutional Convention. In seems that the Black Republicans with several bogus delegates among them tock possession of the Hall Sunday night before the Meeting, and are sitting up all night since to exclude all who have any idea of legislating for white men. Five Democrats were refused certificates of election, on account of swer. informality in the printing of the tickets, yet twenty-eight Black Republicans received cer tificates who were elected in the same man ner. Each party still claims a majority of

An affray occurred in the streets of Louisville on the 21st inst., between Darrett, | contributor to the Courier and Prentice. editor-in-chief of the Journal. The occasion of the difficulty was the appearance of an article in the Courier reflecting on Prentice's private character. Shots were exchanged, and an innocent person wounded; neither of the parties were injured. An angry correspondence follows; but we suppose that both parties will come off with unsullied honor and without the letting of the blood of either!

News Items.

.... CINCINNATI, July 23 .- Twenty children, living on Buckeye street a densely populated German neighborhood, were poisoned last evening by eating lezenges which had been scattered along the street by a man and two boys, whose names are unknown. Two of the children are dead, and many others are not expected to recover. The man was seen to offer small packages of the lozenges to persons in the street, but they suspecting omething wrong, did not take them. The ozenges have been analyzed, and found to ontain equal parts of arsenic, sugar, and horrible attempt on life has not yet been discovered, nor have any arrests been made.

.... The Salt Lake Mail with dates to July 2d, arrived at Leavenworth on the 19th inst., making the trip in fifteen days. Afdition, and generally prosperity prevailed .-Rumors of the Utah expedition had reached there but they attracted but little attention.

.... The Editor offhe New Bedford Mer cury has been shown a chicken with four we confidently affirm that the principles of legs, four wings, and two heads. The Penn-

.... Bosrox, July 26-A torpado passed would not make himself ridiculous by such through Tewksbury and other towns in Middlesex county or Friday last, demolishing ev erything in its range, including orchards, corn tress were uprooted, and carried in some cases to a distance of eighty feet. The path made was from ten to twenty feet wide.

.... The woman who undertook to scour the

HON. DAVID WILMOT'S Letter to the

AMERICAN STATE COUNCIL. Hollidaysburg, Pa., May 5, 1857.

Sin :- At a regular meeting of the American State Council held in Altoona, on the 15th of April last, it was Resolved, That a mmittee of five persons be appointed to socit from the candidates put in nomination faith divided, save one. The votaries of one y the Convention held at Harrisburg on he 25th of March, their views in regard to the principles of the American party. In pursuance of the foregoing resolution, the undersigned were appointed said Commit-

Jour BROTHERLINE, JOHN CODOVE, D. M'MURTRIE,

J. N. Power,

GEO. W. PATTON. You will please give us categorical answers to the following interrogatories, which embrace the principles of the American partr, to which your attention is desired : 1. Do you hold that in the election or ap-

pointment of all bificers, native born Americans should be preferred? 2. Are you'in favor of the protection of American labor, American rights and Amer

ican interests? 3. Are you in favor of the purification of the ballot box, a reform in the naturalization laws, the enactment of a registry law, and the prohibition of foreign paupers and convicts la ding upon our shores?

4. Are you opposed to any interference of church hierarchies in politics? 5 Are you in favor of Free Schools for a text book used therein? With great respect, we remain.

Your humble servants. John Brotherline, Chairman.

REPLY.

Towanda, July 10th, 1857. Gentlemen :- Your letter of the 5th of May came to hand during the sitting of my Courts, immediately on the close of which I since. This must be my apology for not earlier baving responded to your communi-

I am requested to answer certain interrog atories propounded to me in pursuance of a resolution of the late Convention held at Al-

The history of our State establishes a wise and safe policy in respect to the point contained in your first interrogatory. It will be found rare indeed, that any except native born citizens, have held high official station either in the Executive or Judicial departments of our State Government; and the phlet containing a picture of a Pope striking same clas, with comparatively few exceptions, have filled the seats of our Legislative Halls. The naturalized citizen cannot reasonably complain that this traditional policy should be preserved. There is nothing in it intoler ant or troscriptive; nor will the enlightened and patriotic citizen of foreign birth so regard it. It imposes no legal disqualification. right belongs to no man. While I would ates his responsibilities, wo his country, disregard the claims of principle | tional angles of the citizen. Catholic citizens of this county to help make involved in his choice. Thus, occasions may arise, when an enlightened and faithful discharge of duty, would demand our suffrages | you is relied upon as the main support of our for the naturalized citizen, in preference to sistent with the views here expressed. I vield it my cordial assent.

Are you in favor of the protection of American labor, American rights, and American interests? To this, your second interregatory, I shall content myself with a simple affirmative an-

The matters emb aced in your third interrogatory are of the first importance, and demand the most serious consideration of the natriot and statesman. The boldness and success with which frauds are perpetrated upon the Ballot Box have become alarming. and unless promptly and effectually checked, ust end in the subversion of our system of tree government. The forms of Liberty may remain, but only as a cleat and mockery, glossing over as cruel a despotism as ever curred a people. I would sustain with my whole strength, any and every measure wisey devised, to preserve the purity of popular lections. Wilful fraud upon the Ballot Box s moral treason against Republican Government; and all duly convicted of being concerned therein, in addition to other penalties, hould be forever disqualified from holding office or exercising the elective franchise.

Doubtles our naturalization laws could be so amended as to aid in securing purity and fairness in our elections; but we should not weaken our State covereignty by looking to the general Government as the great ource of reform in this matter. It belongexclusively to the States to regulate this whole question of suffrage-to prescribe the qualifications of electors-to provide safeguards against frauds, and inflict punishment for as aults upon the integrity of the ballotbox. Our own State cannot too early or vigorously exert its constitutional power in respect to these matters, vital as they are to

iberty and the existence of free government. It has ever been a source of just pride to the true American that his country opened an asylum for the oppressed of every land.— God forbid that we should be so ungrateful flour. The cause for the perpetration of this for His blessing, as to refuse to share them with the honest and industrious of whatever clime or country: but it is an outrage upon our hospitality, and a violation of internasional law, for the Government of the Old World to ship cargoes of criminals and paupers to our shores. Our Government cannot be too vigilant in guarding our rights in this

respect. To veur fourth intercognitory I answer that I am opposed to the interference of Hierarchies in polities. The office of a Christian Minister is second to no other in dignity and responsibility. I would not detract from his functions, or impair the respect due his character. I acknowledge his right, and as a our party harmonize in all respects with sylvanian in noticing this says that the Fu- teacher of the people, I believe it to be his sionists here have caught some such an ani. duty, to speak openly and fearlessly against mal in Wilmot, who has two heads, one social and political evils, destructive of pubwooly, the other Hindoo. His feet, wings, happiness of mankind. In thus publicly lic morals and at war with the interests and speaking, if he transcends the proprieties of his place and office, a safe corrective is found in the censure of an enlightened public. But that a Priestly Order, invested by the Laity with a mysterious sacredotal character-with pretensions to extraordinary spiritual power bound together by strong ties, and acfields, two barns, and other property. Large knowledging as their head a foreign Potentate—that such an Order should enter the field of politics, control our elections and influence the policy of our government, is surely cause for alarm, and should awaken the jealous vigilance of the American people.cusation without urging good reasons in substantiation of it. At no time during the terrible canvass which preceded the election of
Mr. Buchanan were the Catholic clergy so founded.

The woman who undertook to scour the jealous vigilance of the American people.—
Clifford—John Stephens, Martin Decker,
the words has abandoned the job, owing to the carron the green.

Clifford—John Stephens, Martin Decker,
the words has abandoned the job, owing to the carron the green.

Henry Bennet.

Choconut—M. J. Donneley, Hial Heath,
Mr. Buchanan were the Catholic clergy so founded.

Montrose, July 23d, 1867.

We see the American people divided on a nomentous issue. The principles of human reedom or bondage are brought in direct conflict. Man's innlienable right to life and liberty is denied. The doctrine is openly asserted by those who hold the government in their hands, that God created the mass of mankind to be slaves. In the heat of this great struggle we see the strongest ties severed-the ancient political parties of the country broken and men of every nation and clinich alone are united in political action .-This unity in the midst of otherwise universal division, is truly most remarkable. From Maine to Texas-from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean--in every city, town and hamlet-under whatever circumstances placed or by whatever influences surrounded, we find the votaries of this church arrayed in political action on the side of slavery. This cannot arise from an intelligent assent to the principles of slavery; because those principles would reduce ninety nine out of every hundred of these men to the condition of slaves. Whence are we to look for the cause of this unity among so many hundreds of thousands scattered over so wide a sur-

We find the votaries of the Catholic Church, as a class, among the least enlight ened of our population, and thus in a condi ion to yield a ready obedience, in all things to an authority which they have been taught to respect as of God's appointment. The church of their faith advances high and extraordinary claim. It is the only true Apos tolic and Catholic church. It is infallible in doctribe-miracles continue to be wrought within its communion-its head is the Vicegerent of God on earth, and successor of the Apostle to whom-was entrusted the keys of heaven. It is a pure hierarchy. The laity have little or no power, all authority being concentrated in the Priesthood. Again I a-k, whence this unity in political action among the votaries of this church, when every other denomination of Christians is diviled? In seeking for an ansver to this ingary, all men will look to the source where the power resides. When the votaries of the Church of Pomo shall exhibit, in our politic left home, and returned only a few days al contests, the like diversity of views and ac tion that is seen among all other classes o our people, then, and not till then, will the public mind be relieved from the suspicion that hierarchal influences are mischievously at work in our politics. -

It is idle to evade the point, by labored efforts in defence of religious freedom and the rights of conscience. No assault is made upon either. The largest liberly-the broad est toleration, is concede i in matters of religious faith and worship. The ground of complaint lies here-that a hierarchy, inves ted with peculiar sanctity and powers in the eves of the Lairy, should exert a spiritual influence to control our elections, and give to the policy of our Government a direction adverse to the wishes of a majority of the peo-No intelligent man will question the fact, that the late Presidential election, was controlled by the united Catholic vote. If the adherents of that church had been divided in failed of its object, Mr. Wilmot comes out sudhere to this policy as one of wisdom and paneter have had an existence. The slave and excretion, and upon these organs Hollo boldly against the said "Hierarchy," and in triotism, no American who properly appreci- power, to day, would not be master of our way's Pills operate irresistibly. quiry into the character and fitness of candi- trines through our judicial tribunals - under dates presented for his suffrage; nor could mining the sovereignty of the States, and he, without betrayal of the best interests of boldly trampling down the clearest constitu-It is also apparent to every intelligent ob-

server, that the same unity in the Catholic

opponents in the coming State election .-one born on our soil. Understanding the With these undeniable facts before us can it spirit of your first proposition as not incon | be said that there is no ground for the strong conviction in the minds of the American people, that hierarchal influences not only interfere in our polities, but actually control our elections? If the Protestant sects of our position to the 1 ro slavery Democracy, that he catholic church does in its support, our opponents would not be slow or measured in ieir dehanciation. Indeed, the chiefs and press of that party assail with gross vitaperation such Protestant Christians ministers as openly in the face of day, denounce from the acred desk the crimes of slavery, and insist upon the sanctity of the martial and parental relations. In them, it is a grivous offence, to proclaim, in connection with slavery, the great essential truths of Christianity-that God is the Creator and Father of all menthat he made of one flesh all the nations of the earth—that He is no respector of persons but holds in equal love all his children; and that He will require of every one the observ ance of his righteous law. " All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you do ye even so to them." This alliance be tween an ancient and powerful church and the slave interests of America is the more te markable, when we consider that the early and anthorative teachings of that Church are in condemnation of clavery. How long this trange alliance is to continue I know not ---How long it is to be successful is for the

American people to decide. To your fitth interrogatory, I answer-that I am in favor of free schools for the educaion of all classes; and am opposed to any exclusion of the bible therefrom.

Respectfully yours, D. WILMOT.

To John Brotherline, Chairman, &c.

Bemocratic County Convention.

The Democratic citizens of the County of Susquehanna are requested to meet in their respective Election Districts, at the place of holding the General Elections, on Saturday the 15th day of August 1857, and elect two Delegates in each District to the County Convention to be holden at the Court House in Montrose, on Monday the 17th day of August at One O'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates to be supported by the Democracy of the County for the various offices to be filled at the ensuing Election.

In accordance with the usages of the Democtatic Party, the Standing Committee, having met at Montrose on the 18th inst, pursuant to the call of their Chairman, appointed the following Township Committees; who are rennested to give notice in their respective Districts, of the Delegate meetings; and attend the same, and serve as the Board for the Election of Delegates.

Ararat-Nathaniel West, O. L. Carpenter B. H. Dix.

Achurn-H. Hill, Jackson Mowrey, John Bridget. Apolacon-David Buffum, John Crim nine James Lyuch. Bridgewater-Simeon Lewis, Reuben Wells

Brooklyn-Elisha Williams, R. O. Miles, Anon Tiffany.

Dimock-Robt, Foster, G. M. Dennison, William Tyler. Dundaff-This. P. Phinney, Benj. Ayres. C. C. Chárch. Franklin-Dam. L. North, J. L. Merriman.

P. Mesenger. Forest Lake-H. N. Brewster, Elisha Grif is. Thos. Mehan. Friendsville-M. C. Satton, N. Y. Leet, E Brush. Great Bend-Chas. S. Gilbert, James

Brooks, Fase Reckhow. Gibson-R. Tuttle, A. Clinton, John Smi Harmony-L. Norton, Wm. Potter, Rich

Harford-S. E. Carpenter, L. F. Farrer Oxid Follet. Herrick-Alanson Tilden, Ziby Barnes, S

Dimock. Jackson-J. J. Turner, Gurdon Williams Leander Griffis. Jessup-James Faurot, John Smith, Zenas Lathrop-S. W. Tewksbury, Daniel Wood

Lenox-Amos Carpenter, William Hartley Benj. Young.

Liberty -- D. O. Turrell, Willard Truesdell, Jacob Chalker. Middletown-N. Camp. C. D. Cobb. Jo

seph Tierney. Montrose—C. D. Lathrap, J. B. McColum, Oliver Crane. New Milford-D. McMillan, W. Hayden Walter Watson.

Oakland-O. Phelps, M. Shutts, Lev Rush-Josiah Ellis, James Log an, Minor

Silver Lake - Michael Mehan Perry Gaige Springville-M. S. Handrick, Sam'l Quick Dana Stark. Susquehanna Depot-John B. Darling, S.

Smith, Wm. Neugent. Thomson-Chester Stoddard, D. Wrighter, Thos. Stoddard. A. LATHROP, Chair'm. H. J. WEBB, Sec'y.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fire! Fire!!

The Montrose Fre Co., will meet on Satur day, Aug. 1st, 1857, at 7 o'clock. J. P. W. RILEY. Foreman. S. M. Wilson, Sec'r.

Town Council. Will meet over Lathrop's Store, on Monday August 3d, at 73 P. M. A. LATHROP, President.

C. W. Morr, Clerk. Holloways Pills produce a most surprising hange in cases of general debility. The bro ken down invalid, whose flaccid muscles and relaxed nervous system have searcely suffici-

ent vitality to sustain his emaciated form in an erect position, is soon renovated and bracple, not within the sphere of such influence, ed by the invigorating effect of this priceless remedy, and his whole frame re-animated and filled with energy. His spirits resume their buoyancy, and he feels like a new man. Such is the experience of thousands. Longevity It takes from him no right. Official station of their votes, as were all the protestant sects of depends in a great measure upon the regular our country, the present administration would and healthy action of the organs of digestion

By this we understand a collection of sand like ubstance having been lodged in the passage of the urine. When the system is is a healthy state this substance is carried off by the natural passa ges of the body; but when there is a weakness of any organ, especially the kidneys, they become incapable of expelling such sandy concretions,and consequently they are todged in the kidneys, urethre, or bladder, crusing great inflammation to those organs, pains and swelling, and difficult voiding arine. It has been admitted by many presicians, that Morse's Indian Root Pills; are made of some particular plants that have a wonderful influence in dissolving the substance that country presented the same unanimity in op | properties, they expel inflammation, and leave the

water passage active and healthy. From 3 to 4 of these Pills night and morning, from one to 2 weeks, will decide how this dreadful disease is to be treated, and as they remove the cause of every kind of disease, it is utterly impossible for them to fail in curing the grayel, as they unclog the passage, leaving the parts in a healthy and

Savre & Bro's., Agents, Montrose, Pa.fim.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Blanks. FRESH SUPPLY of DEEDS and BLANK A NOTES for sale at this office.

T HAVE this week received a large addition to my stock of WATCHES, which, WATCHES of every description, from 88 to \$225, in open

face and hunting cases, a large proportion of which are of my own importation, and cannot be excelled, in accuracy of time, durability or ALFRED J EVANS, No. 2 Odd Fellows' Hall. Binghamton, July 17th, 1857.

Plated Ware TABLE and Dessert Knives, Forks Spoons Castors, Cake Baskets, Cups, Tea Sets &c., a good assortment.

July 17th. 1857.1 A. J. EVANS. Jewelry. A VERY tull and desirable stock of Ear-rings,
Breastpins, Lockets, Chains, Crosses,
Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Gold and Silver Specta-

cles, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Pens and Peneils, &c., &c., to which I would invite the attention of my friends and all persons wishing to purchase. ALFRED J. EVANS. Binghamton. July 17th, 1857.

Fans. GOOD variety of Sandal and Satin Wood A FANS: also, Paper Mache and Ivory do. July 17th, 1857.1 A. J. EVANS.

Silver Warê. GILVER Spoons, Forks, Napkin Rings, Cups, Butter and Fruit Knives, &c., warranted as good as coin, and handsomely engraved gratis, by ... ALFRED J. EVANS. Binghamton July 17th, 1857.

One Cent Reward. RAN AWAY from the Subscriber on Stiniday the 18th inst Patrick White an indentured apprentice aged about 18 years. Whoever returns the said Patrick to the ubscriber in Cho conut, shall receive the above reward, but no charges paid. I also forbid all hersons employing of harbdring said Patrick White under the penalty of the Law. JAMES TRODDEN. Choconut, July 20th: 1857.

Melainotypes! fer them to the Ambrotype or Daguerreotype.

If anybody prefers a cheep likeness to one of

JUNE & TURNER'S SUPERBLY APPOINTED Circus & Menagerie



DOHN SHAY Equestrian Director; W.-H. AUSTIN, Manager; N. F. SMITH, Treasirer; Clown, JIM WARD; Ring Master, MR SilAY. Will exhibit at Montrose, on Friday, August 7th, 1857. Doors open at 2, P. M., and at 7 in the evening. Admission, 25 cents. No ha f price. To see both Exhibitions. The great Equestrian Troupe and aplendid Col-

lection of WILD ANIMALS Will be exhibited under the same canvas, for only one price of Admission. The Company will enter town on the day of of exhibition at about ten in the forenoon, in

Grand Procession, accompanied by the superb American Brass Band, of twelve Wind Instruments, in their elegant Music Carriage drawn by twelve horses; and after proceeding through the principal streets, will halt at the ground of Ex-

The performance will commence with a new and beautiful cavaleade, entitled the PERSIAN CAVALRY!

Introducing in a series of rapid and skilful ever-lutions, the world renowned exercises of that warlike people, illustrating with great truthful-ness, the feview, the charge, the retreat and rul-ly. This briffiant spectacle will be represented with new and costly trappings, costumes, appropriate music, &c Novel Cymnestics and Acro-

batic Feats by MR. NICHOLLS!
Among the performance of Mr. Nicholls, will be seen the newly invented Rope Feats, called the Fireman's Ladder, elegant display of Athletic

Elegant Scene Act of changes, by Mr. Armstrong, in which the rider will give illustrations of various well known characters on horseback ecompanied by rapid changes of costume, and xpressive pantomimic action, appropriate music

Rivers, in the course o which this accomplished and intreped rider will display his graceful and rapid feats of equitation.
Curions and interesting feats of Balancing on horseback, by Master Shay. Brilliant display of

Splendid Act of Horsemanship, Mr. Luke

Horsemanship, by MONS BENOIT! Upon two and four highly trained horses, exhibiting a most perfect command of the reigns, and the astounding instinct and obedience of the no-

Die horses.

Thrilling feats upon the Trapaz, or Eriel Gympasiam, by Messra. Ward and Nichollan performance requiring the greatest physical and noral nerve of the artist to achiev LOFTY AND ENERGETIC LEAPS!

Acrobatic Fents and elegant Gymnastics, by Mons Eleicher. A graphic representation will be given of Hurdle Jumping, Fence Leaping, &c., by Mr. Lyon, on his fleet and beautiful charger, vithont anddle, or bridle. Elegant and vigorous exercise by the Tronnen Tumbling. Vanlting and Summersetting, in the

ourse of which the following celebrated artists distinguish themselves, viz Jim Ward, the Clown, W. Ward, Kincade, Luke Rivers, Master Shay, Mr. Solomon and Master JIM WARD, THE CLOWN!

Will perform a Comic Scene on Horseback, in which he will personate with admirable dexterity of changes the following characters: The Gipsey, Female Modesty, Bacchus, God of Wine, Feats of Posturing and Muscular Strength, by Mr Solomon. Elegant Act of Lady Equestrianam, by Mad'lle, Adele Dubois, from the Parisian lirens and Lendon Amphitheatre, in all those eantiful Tours de Grace, and agile, feats of Equestrianism for which her school is so justly and widely colebrated. The greatly distinguish. ed French Rider, Mons. Benott, will give an exabition of his surprising art as

LA JONGLEUR-A CHEVAL! the course of which he will perform various feats of wonderful dexterity in Balancing Balls, Spinning Plates. Throwing Knives. P'aying with Sticks, Rives. &c., during the motion of his horse around the circle. The Entertainment will be enlivened and alternated with the per-

BAND OF SABLE MINSTRELS! n which Mr. Muligan, the Original Bob Ridley. and Mr. Snowden, the accomplished Banjo Player, will sing a variety of Popular Negro Melodies Chorusses, Glees &c., Dances, Jigs, Breakdowns, &c. The Entertainments will conclude with a COMIC AFTERPIECE.

Notice.
Y husband, James Brown, published me MY husband, James Drown, published 22d, Martha M. Brown in the papers June 22d, as having left his bed and board without just cause or provocation. His statement is unfrue in every particular. I left his house the 4th day of last together with my former supply, makes a full shortment of GOLD AND SILVER Franklin, July 13th, 1857. Franklin, July 13th, 1857.

Register's Notice,
UBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned in the following Estates, to

Estate of John McKinney, late of Great Bend ownship, deceased, George W. Grny, Executor. Estate of Samuel Quick Sen, late of Springville township, deceased, Samuel Quick Adm'r.
Estate of James W. McElwee, late of New Millord township, deceased, Elliot Aldrich Ad-

Estate of GERSHOM BUNNELL. late of Auburn township, deceased. Johnathan Bunnell Adm'r. Final account of James Faurore, Guardian of Simon L. and Martha Shay and Harriet L. Ball. That the accountants have settled their accounts in the Registers Office, in and for the county of Susquehanna, and that the same will be presented to the Judges of the Orphan's Court of said County; on Wednesday the 19 day of August next, for the confirmation and allowance.

[J. W. CHAPMAN, Register. Registers office, Montrose, July 224, 1857.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of sundry writs issued by the Court of Common Pleas of, in and for the County of Susquehanna, and to me directed, it will expose to sale by public vendue at the Court House in Montrose, on Saturday, the 15th day of August next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following

Real Estate. to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the fownship of Forest Lake, county of Susquehanna, bounded and described as follows to wit: Beginning at a post and stones on the north side of the Milford and Owego Turnpike road, thence slong the line of C. Wright's land, north thirty-eight degrees, east twenty perches to a post and stones in a line of B. T. Case's land, thence south fift Awo degrees. east two perches to a post and stones, thence along the line of B. T. Caso north thirty-eight degrees, east eighty-four and three-tenths perches to hemlock tree, thence along the line of B.T. Case wouth fifty-two degrees, east forty-five and seven-tenths perches to a beach, thence south thity-eight degrees, west one hundred and four-tenths perches to a post and stones standing on the north side of the aforementioned AVING purchased the right for making turnpike road, thence along sold road north fifty-the beautiful and durable style of pictures two degrees, west forty-seven and seven-tenths turnpike road, thence along sold road north fiftyknown as the Melainotype, or Iron Pictures, I perches to the place of beginning, containing stand ready to furnish them to such as may preexcepting and reserving therefrom always 12 feet

square, where the children of B. S. Doty and others are buried. superior quality, I can, and will make them as Also—All that other certain piece or parcel of cheup! and as good!! as those old by Wood, at land situate as above and bounded as follows.