

More Banks! More Banks!

The people of Pennsylvania would do well to consider what will be the effect upon the currency of the State by the result of the gubernatorial election...

33 new Banks of issue, with an aggregate capital of \$8,000,000. 9 new Saving and Deposit Banks, with a capital of \$6,000,000.

7 old Banks, for an increase of capital to the amount of \$1,300,000. 10 of old Banks, asking the re-charter of capital to the amount of \$4,800,000.

Thus, says the Harrisburg Patriot, nearly fifty millions of dollars of banking capital is being chartered as extensive, as unlimited, as unrestricted, and as liberal as can be procured...

Every Man has his Price. This maxim of Waterloo has been recently put to the blush with an unexpected result...

It is reported that a committee of Whigs waited on Mr. Bradford, the native American candidate, a short time since in Lancaster...

On Saturday last, the Whig committee who were sent on to Philadelphia from this city to Reaver, to see Mr. Bradford...

James Pollock's Platform. When James Pollock attached himself to the secret order of Know Nothing, he swore...

It will be seen, he has published his determination still, as he always has done, to support the nominees of the party...

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Montrose Democrat.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NORTHERN PENNA. H. B. CHASE & ALVIN DAY, Editors.

Montrose, Thursday, Oct. 6, 1854.

Democratic State Dominions.

For Governor, WILLIAM BIGLER, OF CLEARFIELD COUNTY. For Judge of Supreme Court, JEREMIAH S. BLACK, OF EPHRATA COUNTY.

For Canal Commissioner, HENRY S. MOTT, OF FINE COUNTY. Democratic County Ticket.

For Congress, Hon. G. A. GROW, of Susq'a Co. For Representatives, WILLIAM J. TURRELL, CHARLES J. LATHROP.

For Sheriff, M. J. MUMFORD, of Thomson. For Prothonotary, F. M. WILLIAMS, of Montrose.

For Register and Recorder, BENJ. GLIDDEN, of Friendsville. For Commissioner, JASPER STANLEY, of Chocomaunt.

For Auditor, O. S. BEEBE, of Jessup. For Coroner, BENJAMIN DIX, of Jackson.

Election, TUESDAY, October 10. The Post Office has been removed to the West side of Public Avenue, next door above Searle's Hotel.

The Fair. EDWARD TOMPKINS, Esq., of New York State will deliver the annual address before the Agricultural Society in this place the 12th inst.

Gov. Bigler's Address. On our first page may be found an Address of our worthy Governor, to the People of the State.

Mr. Deegan. By the usage of the party, it would seem that Mr. Deegan had a right to the Representative nomination.

Not Strange. Many have expressed to us a great deal of surprise that Mr. Hollister should have been so tickle as to decline his place on the ticket...

Go to the Polls! Then, from every hill, rally from every dale, rally in independence of the ideas and principles which are embodied in your hearts...

Your Enemies are in the field, working in secret like midnight assassins. They must be rebuked.

Rain or Shine. The Whigs will be there and you must meet them. Get out the "big waggon" and see that every man in your district is on hand.

REMEMBER! That the Regular DEMOCRATIC TICKET should receive the vote of every Democrat.

FRAUDS! FRAUDS!! Look out for all kinds of frauds and falsehoods at the last hour before the election.

Be Firm—Be United. The Democratic party can always be relied upon in times of danger. It is the nation's right hand in war, and its refuge in safety in peace.

Who is Responsible?

Our Whig friends are now professing great hatred for the Fugitive Slave Law. Let Democrats remember that it was passed under the Whig Administration of Mr. Fillmore.

They also tell us that Governor BIGLER might have prevented the passage of the Nebraska Bill, if he had interfered with the business of Congress.

The National Legislature alone has legal power over the subject of slavery in Nebraska; and that issue is legitimate in all elections to that body.

Representatives. This year both the Democratic nominees for the Legislature reside in this county.

Dr. Stanley. We have not the pleasure of a personal acquaintance with Mr. Stanley, our candidate for Commissioner.

To the Polls! To the Polls!! Freedom of Susquehanna! next Tuesday you will be called upon again to maintain your principles at the ballot-box.

To the Polls! That great empire of Freedom's rights—give one day to your country—and do battle there for the holy cause of your country's honor and interests.

The Tide Turning! Democrats are beginning to discover that Know-Nothingism is only a cunning Whig trap, and are rapidly leaving this secret organization and returning to the old Democratic standard.

Whig Testimonials Disregarded by themselves. The Whigs of Erie in their County Convention on the 11th adopted the following resolution.

Beware of Whig Trickery. The Know Nothing Whigs of Philadelphia are sending agents into every election district in the State, to open Know Nothing lodges.

Be Firm—Be United. The Democratic party can always be relied upon in times of danger. It is the nation's right hand in war, and its refuge in safety in peace.

Our Ticket in its Moral Aspect.

A moral truth must go to the ballot-box, when we truthfully there, the officer whose legal powers can reach the evils to which truth is sought to be applied.

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Secret Societies.

It is well remembered how horror-stricken the Whigs were but a few years ago on account of the influence of the order of Masons; and how they denounced all secret societies as dangerous to the peace and welfare of the government.

By way of reminding these Whigs where they used to be, and what kind of doctrines they used to advocate, we copy below a resolution introduced, by the notorious Thos. Stephens, into a Whig Convention in Lancaster, where anti-Masonry was at its culminating point.

Resolved, That in such organizations we disclaim all personal or sectional factions, and invite all those who are conscientiously and morally opposed to secret societies, bound together by secret oaths or obligations, and who have honest enough to be faithful to the party, to unite with us in this movement.

Letter from Governor Bigler. We did not suppose it necessary, after Governor BIGLER'S speech in this place, to say anything more, or to spread his views more at large, in reference to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, before the public.

Dear Sir:—I do not know that I can give you a more full knowledge of my views on the Nebraska question than I have heretofore done. I have never sought, by any act of mine, to extend the institution of slavery, or to increase the number of slaves—the reverse has been my feelings.

As the question can in no way be affected by my election, and is only an incident in political affairs, to admit that it is wrong, should not be visited upon me by my democratic friends.

Language cannot be stronger, and it takes away the last argument, that his election will be regarded as a triumph of that Bill, or an endorsement of it by those who vote for him.

There is no excuse left for any Democrat to sacrifice, by his vote, one of the very best administrations the state ever had, by voting for Pollock; and, if he shall do so, he must be a Whig at heart and in principle, and only wants an excuse to turn his coat.

When Chapman edited the Register, the Whigs here used to say, "O, he is so inefficient, he can't do anything, we must have an editor who will not be so inefficient."

Again, George Darsie, the whig candidate for Canal Commissioner, said in a speech in the Senate last winter that "PENNSYLVANIA HAD AN HONEST MAN IN THE PERSON OF HER CHIEF EXECUTIVE, WILLIAM BIGLER."

Again, Gideon J. Ball, formerly the whig State Treasurer, and last winter a member of the House said in a speech during the session: "That GOVERNOR BIGLER, WAS ONE OF THE PUREST AND SAFEST MEN WHO EVER FILLED THE GUBERNATORIAL CHAIR."

However strange it may appear, it is equally true, that the whigs, including their candidate Judge Pollock, are in the teeth of the above strong whig testimony, denouncing Gov. Bigler as unworthy of re-election.

In this county they have money furnished from Philadelphia, and several persons are traveling the county all the while; and every night they leave this village with teams, and sneak off, like sheep thieves, to carry on their midnight work.

Let us not be deceived. Democrats, your principles and integrity are assailed as they never were before. The county have long tried

To the Democracy of this Representative District.

You are aware that, by an unlooked-for event at the Laceyville conference, I was not placed upon the ticket for Representative.

For this treatment I felt chagrined and injured, fully sharing in this respect the feelings of my friends. I have visited Susquehanna county, and find here that the Democrats have no feelings of indignation towards me, and that her conferees, who voted against me, did so fearing that I might be defeated if nominated, on account of local difficulties in Wyoming over which I have no control.

Resolved, That in such organizations we disclaim all personal or sectional factions, and invite all those who are conscientiously and morally opposed to secret societies, bound together by secret oaths or obligations, and who have honest enough to be faithful to the party, to unite with us in this movement.

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Look Here!

Our Whig friends who are so strongly anti-Nebraska and anti-Slavery as to claim to embody all this feeling, should be called to look occasionally at one of the resolutions passed at the National Convention at which Gen. Scott was nominated for the Presidency, in 1852.

Resolved, That the series of acts of the Thirty-first Congress, known as the Compromise Acts, the FUGITIVE SLAVE LEGISLATION, be received and acquiesced in by the United States, as a settlement, in principle and substance, of the dangerous and exciting questions which they embrace, and so far as they are concerned, we will maintain them, and insist upon their enforcement until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the law on the one hand, and the abuse of their power on the other, not impairing their efficacy, and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled as dangerous to our peace; and will discontinue all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever or however the attempt may be made, and we will maintain the system as essential to the nationality of the Whig party, and the integrity of the Union.

It is well, moreover, to remind that party that the Fugitive Slave Law was passed under the patronage of our party—had "executive sanction" of the law on the one hand, and the sanction of a Whig President, Henry Clay and Daniel Webster, the leaders of the party, carried it through Congress. Without their aid and the patronage of a Whig Executive, it could never have become a law.

And yet, in two short years, that party which pledged itself and its candidates to "maintain" that law, and "insist upon its enforcement," comes in "sheep's clothing" and asks to be recognized as the only purely anti-Slavery party—causing its own prosperity (the fugitive slave law) to be its own "platform" on which it strove to fast the reliable Gen. Scott into the Presidency—and carrying upon its shoulders two or three nominees for county offices, as pledges of its interest and magnanimous devotion to "union" and the "interests of the North"—It comes and asks the democracy to abandon party and self and commit its votes and the interests of the country into its tender keeping.

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