was further agreed that the address be published in each county paper. The said committee consisted of B. F. Tewksbury, B. S. Foster, and C. W. Deans.

The Association then proceeded to select a place and time for its next meeting. Gib son, Harford, and Brooklyn were severally named as suitable places for the next meet-

On motion of B. F. Tewksbury the following resolution was unanimously adopted. Resolved. That the next meeting of this Association be held at Brooklyn, on Saturday. the 18th day of February 1854, at one o'clock

The President then gave notice that the Business committee of the last meeting, would

be continued by re-appointment.

No other business being before the Association, with an expression of thanks to the generous trustees who permitted them to occupy a room in their building, it adjourned to meet as above stated.

### S. T. SCOTT, Proc. B. F. TEWESBURY, Sec'y.

Sentence of James Quinn. The following is the sentence by Judge Conyngham, of James Quinn who was convicted of murder in the first degree at the recent term of the Luzerne County Court:

JAMES QUINN-You have been convicted ing duty of passing upon you the sentence of the law remains for the Court.

That there is something strange in the sudden violence which brought to an awful death the unhappy woman, with whom you had been living in illicit connexion, we have already said in the opinion just delivered on the motion for a new trial-but we have also said that in reviewing the whole case we cannot say the Jury have done wrong in ren-

dering their verdicta Your case is a sad one—a young man in the prime of his life about to be consigned by the doom of the law to an early grave. It furnishes too, a lesson of warning to others. We have heard of you, as you sie represented to have been but two or three years since of fair character and respectable habits, and we believe in our conscience that the melancholy change in your life is owing to your formed connexion with the wretched and depraved being, who has since become the miserable victim of your ungoverned violence .-You have alas! found the result of disregarding the counsels of your relatives and friends and attaching yourself to this female; she answering but too truly the description of the wise man, which you have before heard us quote, as "the strange woman, who forsaketh the guide of her youin, and forgetteth the covenent of her God, for her house inclineth unto death, and her paths unto the dead." She is dead, and the law says you must seen follow her you' cut her off in the wicked ways of her life, with no time to try to make her peace with her Cod, the law will be more merciful to you, in giving to you a more extended period. This period, however, to you in but the opening of your young manhood, will be comparitively short, and after it cometh the judgement. As one, who believes in

has full and unwavering hith in the mercy promised to the fepenting sinner, through the Redeemer, let me now urge you earnestly and anxiously to look to cternity, and to seek the advice and insuraction of there, who in their James Quinn, the sentence of Law. Tro

nounced by the Judges of this Court of in of Luzerne County, from which you have been brought, and that you be kept, there until the time to be appointed by the Executive of the State for your execution, and when that time shall come you be taken thence to the place prepared for your execution within the walls or, yard of said Jail, and that you be have merey on your soul.

### President Pierce at Church.

byterian, gives a description of President ly pure character were the recipients of all Pierce at Church, a few Subjects since, which public offices in this Commonwealth the Domwill be recognized as strictly true, not only as to the particular Sabbath referred to, but of every Sabbath, by a large number of the citizens of Washington. We copy the letter, that our readers abroad may know the personal habits of the Chief Magistrate and that they may know how to appreciate the lage calumnies upon his character. The letter

"The Rev. Mr. Baird, of South Carlonia. preached a plain, earnest discourse. In the afternoon I attended at the same place of worship. The president of the United States; our business community is about to lose our Government. The fidelity of Pennsylvania to on this point, that neither Mr. Douglas' bill although evidently not expected by the congregation, was present at this service, he being a stated hearer elsewhere. There was a simple majesty in my own mind, very impres-

sive, in the fact that the Chief Magistrate of This mighty nation should thus come alone unattended to the house of God, and sit down among the humblest of the people, so unost tentatiously that it was impossible for mel a stranger, to single him out. He was pointed bout to me as he retired; and he went as he came—and, I believe, without a carriage, for I saw none—mingling with the throng on the sidewalk as he wended his way back to the

White House. President Pierce is a refined, polished looking man, and his countenance is indicative was plain, (simple black.) and serupously neat, his hair arranged in the most perfect order. In person he is, I should judge, about five feet ten inches high. So far as personal appearance goes, there is no American who would not look upon the man with pride.

I am told that he is a careful observer of the Salbath; refuses, to receive any visitors, and refuses to look into any correspondence on that day; is a constant attendant on public worship, but his influence here in favor of sound morals and religion is strong and decided. The appearance of the President manner in which God overrules the afflictions and trials of men, he was observed to shed tears. May God give him the garment of praise for the spirit of heaviness?"

THE POSTMASTER GENERAL has decided that "netual subscribers to a weekly newspaper, resident within the county where the same is printed and published, si entitled to recieve adjoining county, provided such office is the one at which he usually recieves communications by mail.

HEAVY VERDICT AGAINST A RAILROAD.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1st.

road in question.

# Democrat

THE LARGEST CHECULATION IN NORTHERN PENN'A. E. B. CHASE & ALVIN DAY, Edmons. Montrose, February 9, 1854.

AD Messrs. Platt, of the Senate, and PASSMORE and DERGAN, of the House, will please accept our thanks for numerous favors

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.—The Governor has appointed Gen Win. F. Packer, and Judge James L. Gillis, Receivers to take possession of and superintend the works of the want of a good cheap magazine will do well ate Franklin Canal Company.

ET The Perry County Democrat comes to us with a new head, and very much improved in its typographical appearance. It hoists to its mast head the name of WM. Bio- think, worthy of a notice in our columns. It LER, for Governor.

column, of Mr. V. B. Seamans, teacher of work of great advantage to them. By sen-Penmanship. The flattering encouragement and liberal patronage which has been extended to him the present term, induces him to remain through another course of lessons .of the crime of murder in the 1st Degree, by Mr. S. proposes to award premiums of one a Jury of your country, and the deeply try- two and three dollars, to the three who shall make the most improvement the coming term, The News.

The Democrats of the Berks County Congressional District, have elected Hon. J. GLAN-CF Jones to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Muhlenberg.

The Whig candidate for Governor of Maine, Mr. Choser, was elected by the Senate of that his success to the split in the ranks of the \$1,00 to the next.

Democracy. The Eastern question still presents a threatming and warlike aspect. The arrival of the Arabia brings news of the allied fleets entering the Black Sea, with the intention of proceting the Ottoman territory from the aggres sion of the Russian squadroon. This is conidered, Lythe Car, a sufficient reason for declaring war upon the ailied powers.

But little business has been done in Conthe Nebraska question, which continues the chief topic of discussion.

The Parliament House and buildings at Quebec were destroyed by fire on Thursday grand theatre upon which the problem of man's norming last, with the most of their contents. Two men were arrested in Boston on Wednesday of last week, on suspicion of for- prominent position. The conductors and con- men. The crowded galleries and lobbies, he New York bapika word found in their posses-

with several barges, were entirely destroyed,

A Good Appointment. Gov. Bigler has nominated, says the Rend-Holy calling there below, are best fitted for ing Gazette, with the unanimous consent of the Senate, the venerable Rev. William R. De With D. D. of Marrishura to the officer of State Librarian. The salary, as fixed by a late Act of Assembly, is \$800 a year, and the his broad, bold, and comprehensive policy-proud Library is to be kept open during the entire of his consistion to extravagance and wrongyear. Dr. De Witt is a learned and highly esteemed clergyman of the Presbyterian mise measures of 1850, as the best way to pro-Church, warmly pitached to the principles of mote harmony in all future settlements of the is- the session all was quiet; things, however, Church, warmly attached to the principles of sue of Slavery in the Territories. Thus far distance the Democratic party; and his appointment affection has falien short of its designs against for the agitation that has arisin! Not they, is honorable to the power that conferred it.— his Administration; and the people through certainly, who are styled factionists, but the then and there hanged by the neck until you is honorable to the power that conferred it.

are dead—and may God in his infinite love He was the intimate personal friend of the He was the intimate personal friend of the late Francis R. Shunk, and stood by his bedside, administering the consolation of religion A correspondent of the Philadelphia Pres- to him, in his dying hours. If men of equal-

# beratic party would be invincible.

Success to Him! We learn that our old friend, Hon. M. C. TYLER so familiarly known to all our citizens as one of the oldest and most successful merchants of the county, has formed an arrangement with Isaac L. Hunt, Importer and old friend, and hope that, abundant success the Constitution of the United States, and to the of last session nor that introduced and refermake it a point to visit him when purchasing

### New Paper at Harrisburg.

to their advantage.

Andrew Hopkins, Esq., as will be seen from the prospectus in another column, proposes to establish a new Democratic paper at our State of great sagacity and decision. His Gress Capital, entitled, The Pennsylvania Patriot. Mr. Hopkins, says the Schuylkill Democrat, per annum, payable in advance, in excellent style is the son of Col. Win. Hopkins, our Canal Commissioner, and has lind experience in the chitorial profession. He conducted the Washington, (Pa.) Examiner, and the Pittsburgh Daily Union; with much talent.

FIRE.-About half past ten on Friday nighta fire was discovered in a small wood buil, ding on Franklin street, occupied above by S. Herbage as a shoe shop and below by Mr. Harding as a store. The building was soon yesterday was strikingly devout, his attention enveloped in flames, which communicated to was given closely to the sermon, and at one the two adjoining wood buildings, the dwelpassage, in which the preacher spoke of the ling house and grocery of Mr. Thomas Allen Mr. Allen Perkins on the north-and the whole were as bad as destroyed before the fire could be arrested. The Firemen were promptly on hand, and with their usual skill and efficiency, put out the fire in a manner gratifying to look at and worthy of all praise. The losers we learn were all insured sufficientsuch paper free of postage at any office in an ly to cover their loss, unless Mr. Allen's insurance, on his house, may fall a little short. -Binghamton Dem.

Mr. Darlington has presented a bill in the Legislature requiring the Banks of this State to publish in a county newspaper with-We learn from New Orleans that Mrs. Land in ten days after the first Monday of each dreaux has obtained in one of the Courts there month, under a penalty of \$100, a statement a verdict of \$20,000 against the New Orle- verified by oath or affirmation, setting forth ans Railroad Company. The suit was brought | the capital, amount of deposits, notes in cirfor damages sustained in the loss of her hus- culation, drafts or notes discounted, specie on band, who was killed by an accident on the hand, and the total assets and liabilities of the respective banks on the said day.

## Aew Unblications.

"The Little Pilgrim."—This is the title of a monthly, edited by Grace Greenwood, Philadelphia. We regard this as one of those publications which should be found in every family of children in the land. The very name of Grace Greenwood, in connection with a periodical for the young, is a sufficient recommendation. Address Leander K. Lippencott Phil'a,-terms \$0,50 per annum, single copy, in advance, or ten copies, for four

The Student has again made its appearance upon our table. This is a beautifully printed periodical, and worthy of a place in the library of the youth. You who are in to subscribe for this work. Terms, \$1,00, in advance. Address, N. A. Calkins, Editor and proprietor, New York City.

While looking over our numerous exchanges, we came across a magazine, which we is printed upon new and legible type, and for We would call the attention of our beauty and excellence of composition cannot be surpassed. Parents who have children that you wish to become wise, will find this ding \$1,00 to S. T. Allen, 116 Nassau St. New York, you will be furnished with Merrys Museum one year.

Penmanship. V. B. SEXMANS, feeling obliged for the very liberal patronage he has received, duall who will do him the favor, to call Saturday evening and examine the success of his present class, (as one school gratis will be given them for that purpose) to see whether their patronage should be extended during another course, if so a class will be formed that evening. And should they think proper to extend the same amount of patronnge as this term, to add to the interest, a prize of \$3.00 will be awarded to the one making State on Saturday last. It is said he owes the most improvement, \$2,00 to the next

### The Pennsylvania Patriot.

The undersigned has made arrangements to commence the publication of a Newspaper, on or about the 22d day of February, (inst.) at Harrisburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, to be entitled "The Pennsylvania Patriot." It is intended to make the paper a fearless and consistent advocate of Democratic principles. Bred and born in Pennsylvania, and ardently attached to the Democratic parly, its principles and its organiza-tion, will be my pride and pleasure to make "The Patriot" worthy of the highest confidence; not

this country is the great leader and champion of liberal doctrines. By the same inscratible will, the American Continent has been set apart as the capacity for self-government is to be tested .-In the mission entrusted to the Democratic party, Cheeks for various mounts on various trollers of this great engine should, therefore, be said, around him, had been attracted here by

> not be allowed to result in indifference to the machinations of their opponents. The Patriot' will be the open and decided ad-

vocate of the Administration of FRANKLIN PIERCE. On this, as upon all other subjects, we shall speak without hesitation or reserve.— ing out of the institution of slavery. Those We are proud of the manly and the outspoken few thought the only way to settle the questions are proud of the manly and the outspoken few thought the only way to settle the questions. tone of the President and his advisers on all the tion was to restrain salvery within the limits resolution to conduct the Government upon the dom to all where the nuthority of the genstrict principles of the Constitution-proud of eral government extended. These were but and proud of his determination to adhere to the great republican ideas embodied in the Comprotheir representatives in Congress have closed their ranks enthusiastically around him in the lofty spirit of confidence in his integrity and his ability, and of distinct approval of his generous and impartial policy.

In the same temper, and Avith equal frankness and sinserity, will "The Patriot" accord its full support to the Administration of GOV. BIGLER, and to the eminent propriety and necessity of re-electing that sise, upright, and popular Chief Magistrate. The trophy of his fitness and the proof of his deservings, are found in the unexampled prosperity of the State, in the economical administration of the State Government, in his authority of Mr. Clay had been quoted to susprompt opposition to corrupt legislation, in his tain such a position, but that the great statesrecommendations of practical reform, and in his man had never, in all he had said, suggested

"The Patriot" will be vigilant and constant in had said at the last session that the Missouri dealer in foreign and domestic Hardware &c. its devotion to the interests of Pennsylvania, as may attend him in his new "operations." preservation of the Union, has become one of the red on the 4th of January last, provided for hoperations." ionschold words of the Democracy of the Nation. Why should not the dealers of this county When others falter and fly, Pennsylvania stands fast and firm. More than once has she been the bulwark upon which the hopes of the country in New York, and "examine before purchabing elsewhere." Mr. Tyler is a pleasant affable man, and we are certain that he will heretofcre, her strong arm and giant energies are ready to resist the enemies of States Rights take every pains to deal with his old friends and States equality, and ready to uphold and defend the great principles which have made and preserved us as a nation.

It will, therefore, be a pleasing duty, on my part, to endeavor to be worthy of the responsi bility of conducting a Democratic Paper in the name of that party, its doctrines and its usages, to which Pennsylvania has contributed so many tacks upon it, which the Senator might choose saving and signal majorities.
"The Patriot" will be published weekly, at \$2

and on good paper, and be printed upon new and legible types.

I respectfully submit this enterprise to the confidence and the support of the people of my native state, and especially to the Great Democratic Party.

ANDREW HOPKINS.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb., 1st, 1854.

## Foreign News.

The news from Europe is important. It is very important. All Europe is in a state of feverish anxiety. Western Europe is await- the Whole, and being reported to the House, ting the answer of the Czar to the ultimatum of the Porte. The Czar holds the peace of ally. the world in his hands. All now depends up on him. His refusal to agree to a renewal of on the south, and the store and tin store of negotiations on the new basis, plunges Europe and Asia, and, perhaps, America, in a general war -a struggle such as the world never saw-a battle of giants. An unfavorable answer from Russia is a signal for the bombardment of Sebastopol and the temporary destruction of Russian power on the shores of the Black sea, of immediate aggressive operations in British India, and the opening of the great European campaign. Hence the anxiety to hear from the Czar. Hence the feverish, fluctunting condition of the English money market. Hence the increased demand for Amer-

> hope to know by the Pacific, due to-morrow from Liverpool. Although at first sight the news does not appear of much importance, yet a careful perusal will show that it is full of interest. Europe is in a crisis.—N. Y. Herald.

ican securities. What will the Czar do? We

The Dem. State Convention convence at Harrisburg the 8th of March next."

### THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. First Session.

Washington, Feb. 2. SENATE. Mr. Everett presented a memorial from the widow of Audobon, the naturalist, asking Congress to purchase the large drawings of the Birds of America, belonging to

ier husband. The Senate then proceeded to the coasideration of the bill from the House, extending the time for the locating of the land warrants of 1812, which, after debate, passed finally Mr. Hamlin submitted a unanimous report from the Committee on Printing against the establishment of a Government Printing Of-

The Senate took up the report of the Juthe right of Mr. Phelips to a seat. Mr. Butler having the floor, spoke at some length adversely to the right of Mr. Phelps

to his seat. He argued that the Executive appointment was null. Mr. Badger followed, urging and existing pinding force on the Executive appointment. Mr. Phelps then took the floor, and argued at some length his right to his seat, discusupon the case. Without concluding his remarks, he gave way, and the subject was, on metion, postponed until Thursday next. The Senate then went into Executive Ses-

sion, and after an hour spent therein, adjour-House .- After some unimportant business the House on motion of Mr. Olds, resumed the consideration of the vote on the reference ring his present course in Penmanship, invites of the safe transmission of the United States mails.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole and resumed the consideration of the amendments to the Deficiency bill The committee then rose without disposit of the bill, and the House adjourned.

Washington, Feb. 3d. SENATE.—The Senate met at twenty min utes after 12 o'clock, and proceeded to the consideration of the private calender. Several unimportant bills were conside

and passed. The morning hour having expired, the private calender was postponed. The galleries of the chamber were densely crowded in anticipation of the resumption of the debate upon the Nebraska bill.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the bill providing for the organization of the new territory of Nebraska. Mr. Chase having the floor, spoke at length in reply to the remarks of Mr. Douglas. - He moved, in the course of his remarks, an amendment to the bill, to strike out the words declaring the Missouri compromise repealed by the acts of 1850. These words, he said, were intended to demonstrate, and contained an assertion historically and in fact unfounded. He entered into the discussion of the

subject with no unkind feelings towards any the Democratic press occupies a forward and one. He looked at the subject only not at able to point to the record of their past practices the transcendent importance of this great humble abilities. In continuing his remarks, A destructive fire at New Orleans broke out among the steamboats at the levee on Saturday morning last. Seven steamers, together day morning last. the President would be directed to preserve it in a state of quiet. A few doubted whether the acts of 1850 would prove to be a permanent adjustment of the various questions growing out of the insultation of slavery. Those a small minority, and they were regarded by all as factionists. In this, however, there had been a great mistake. They were not factionists. He said that at the beginning of

finalists themselves, who by party resolutions, lave declared the subject forever settled.

They propose that a sacred compact, that has endured throughout a whole generation of men, shall now be rescinded. What was the excuse of this? Why, that the compromise of 1850 superseded the compromise of 1820. Now, he ventured to assert that no man be-fore Senator from Illinois (Mr. Douglas) proposed it-ever dreamed that such results had carnest and able expositions of Democratic print such a monstrous proposition. He referred, also, to the speeches of Mr. Atchison, who the repeal of the Missouri compromise. He then traced the various mutations of the bill now in course of committee, and held that never until the 22d of January last was the bright idea entertained by any one, that

was then for the first time expressed by the Senator from Illinois. Mr. Chase then proceeded to refer to the address that had been issued, and which the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Douglas) had so freely commented on. He said he was willing and ready at any time to maintain all the assertions of that address against any at-

to make. When Mr. Chase had concluded, Mr. Dixon obtained the floor. It was moved to adjourn until Monday,

but the motion was disagreed to. The Senate then adjourned. House.—Some little unimportant business was disposed of.

The House then went into Committee the Whole on the state of the Union, and resumed the consideration of the private calen-Several private bills passed Committee of

were with others considered, and passed fin-The House then adjourned until Monday.

Washington, Feb. 4. SEKATE.—Mr. Fish presented the proceed their reading

Mr. Douglas objected. On motion, the year and nays were called t was rejected. Various memorials were then presented of public entertainment.

against the Nebraska bill, from the citizens of New Hampshire and Pennsylvania. Mr. Brondhend presented fourteen petitions from Pennsylvania, against the removal of each kind purchased or manufactured, the price the Mint to New York,

the Missouri compromise and repeals the Missouri prohibition. He concluded his speech at two o'clock, and the Senate went into Ex-

ecutive session. The House is not in session to-day, having resterday adjourned to Monday/

# Vennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 2, 1854. -The Speaker laid before the Senate the annual report of the Directors of the from said sales shall be paid over quarterly to the Franklin Canal Company. Mr. Price read in place a bill relative to

the sale and conveyance of real estate. The bill to empower Courts of Common Pleas to incorporate Scientific and Agricultudictary Committee regarding the question of rad Associations, was also considered and pas-

Several other bills of minor importance were considered and passed.

The Senate then adjourned. House The Committee, on the contested seat of Thomas Mandersfield, from the county of Philadelphia, submitted a report, that the facts set forth in the petition of Mr. Roberts, had not been supported by the evidence adsing all the Constitutional provisions bearing duced before the committee, and that Mr. Mandersfield was entitled to his seat.

The Report was, on motion, agreed to. The balance of the session was taken up in the consideration of wholly unimportant pri-

vate and local bills. The House then adjourned.

SENATE, Feb. 3d .- Mr. Crabb presented the proceedings of the meeting of the officers of the first regiment of volunteers of Philadelphia, remonstrating against the abolition of the militia system.

The Senate then took up the bill to authorize the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to purchase a site for its depots in the city of Pittsburgh, which was considered and passed

Mr Evans, from the special committee to whom that portion of the Governor's Message relating to a sale of the public improvements of the State had been refrred, reported a bill for the sale of the main line of the Public Works at a price of not less than twenty millions of dollars. The bill was accompanied with an elaborate report, arguing strongly in favor of a sale, and discussing in detail the advantages resulting therefrom to the State.

The minority of the committee will submit report to-morrow, against the sale of the

The Senate then adjourned. House.—Quite a number of local bills were read in place, of which the following are the more important: A bill to increase the salaries of the Asso-

of the county of Philadelphia. The House then proceeded to the considerntion of the bill supplementary to the Ten

Hour Law, which was debated at some length and variously amended. The section prohibiting female operatives rom engaging to work for more than ten nours per day, or sixty hours per week, was,

motion disagreed to.
The bill then passed finally—yeas 43. nays

The House then adjourned. SENATE, Feb. 4.—Quite a number of petitions, &c., were presented, and among them

ten hour law. Mr. Quiggle, from the Select Committee, to whom that part of the Governor's Message relative to a sale of the public works had been referred submitted a minority report strongly opposing the policy of such sale. Mr. Hiester submitted a series of joint reslutions instructing our Senators in Congress and requesting our Representatives to oppose any reduction or repeal of the duty, on railroad iron, imported into the United States. The Senate then adjourned until 3. P. M.

## AN ACT

To regulate the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That no person shall be allowed, at any time, to mannfacture or sell by himself or his agent, directly or indirectly, any intoxicating liquors, whether original casks, barrels, or packages, in which they the same be spirituous, vinous or malt, or a mixture of the same, or of any of them, or any other liquor possessing intoxicating properties, except as hereinafter provided; and all payments or compensation given for any liquor sold in violation of the provisions of this act, whether in money or in property, personal or real, shall be held to have been received in violation of law and against equity, and without consideration, and may be recovered back as money of like a-mounts or property of like kinds is by law recoverable; and the suits for recovering the same may be maintained by the person of persons to whom said liquor was sold, or by any persons to less at least one of said complainants shall testify lated to him or her by blood or marriage, if not that a sale of intexicating liquors has actually by law disqualified from sning; or if such person been made by the occupant or by his consent of to whom said tignor was sold shall have become permission in such dwelling house, or in some shall have been given for such liquors, the wa- within at least one month of making said comges thereof may be recovered in like manner and plaint; and the owner or possessor of said liquors, may be sued for by the like persons: Provided, seized as aforesaid, if he shall be known to the That the defendant in any such actions shall be officer seizing the same, shall be summoned entitled to the benefits of the statutes of limita- forthwith before the magistrate upon whose wartion, as in other like cases. Sec. 2 That the court of quarter sessions of

each county, shall, on the first day of the first that said liquors were in his possession for purterin of said court, after the first day of May in cach year, or as soon thereafter as may be centary that said liquors were in his possession for purterin of said court, after the first day of May in posses not inconsistent with the provisions of the prov venient, appoint one suitable person, of well shall be destroyed by authority of the written known honest, temperate, and solier habits. as order of said mayor, alderman, or justice of the proper wines and other liquors for sacramental, medicinal, mechanical, and artistical purposes, and for no-other purposes whatever; such persons shall be appointed for the term of one year, but may be removed at any time, at the pleasure of said court, and shall receive such compensation of said court, and shall receive such compensations. tion as said court shall at the time of his appointeach person so appointed, a certificate of his apcases; but before any person so appointed shall receive such certificate, or shall do any act in pursuance of his said appointment, he shall exeings of the recent meeting of citizens in New cuto and deliver to said court a bond in the name York against the passage of the Nebraska of the Commonwealth, with two or more good bill now before the Senate. He asked for and sufficient sureties, to be approved by said their reading their reading and sufficient sureties, to be approved by said their reading uor to be destroyed, as before directed: Provimine, having reference to the probable value of ded, That nothing herein contained shall prevent said appointment; but which penalty shall in no any transporter or forwarding merchants, as such case be in a less sum than one thousand dollars: on the motion to read the proceedings, and Provided That no such agent shall, during the continuance of his agency, keep an inn or house

SEC. 3. That each person so appointed to sell liquors as aforesaid, shall keep an accurate account in writing, of all the liquors bought or manufactured by him, specifying the quantity of of that purchased, the name of the person from The Senate then again proceeded to the whom it was purchased, and the date of the purchase; the quantity of each kind sold, the date of township, borough, ward, or city, territory of Nebraska.

Mr. Dixon having the floor, proceeded to speak at length in reference to the provisions of the bill. He gives the bill a hearty sup-

port, because as he says, it aims at repealing ited by said agent, at his ordinary place of business, for public inspection, during the business hours of each day, for one week preceeding the commencement of each term of the court of quarter sessions of the county in which said ngency is situated; and said agent shall, semi-anually, on a day and at a place to be appointed by said court, exhibit upon his oath or affirmation. his last exhibit; and the aggregate costs and proceeds thereof : Provided, That all profits accruing

> treasurer of the county in which said agency is situated, for the use of said county.
> Sec. 4. That whenever complaint shall be made to said court, under oath or affirmation. that a breach of the conditions of the hand given by any person of the conditions of the bond given by any person appointed under this act has been committed, said court shall cite the person complained of to appear before it at a time and place named in such citation, to answer said complaint. and if upon hearing of the parties, it shall appear to said court that said complaint is well tounded. said court shall revoke and annul said appoint ment, and cause the said bond to be sued in the proper court by the prosecuting attorney of said county, whose duty it is hereby made to conduct such suit in the name and on behalf of the Commonwealth, and to pay over all moneys so collected to the trensurer of the county, deducting not more than twenty per centum therefrom, as a

compensation for his services. Sec. 5. That if any person shall by himself or

herself, or by his or her agent, at any time, manufacture or sell any intoxicating liquor, contrary to the provisions of this act, such person shall be liable to prosecution, as in other cases of misde-meanor, and shall on conviction, forfeit and pay for the first offence, not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars, and costs of prosecution: and for the second offence, not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars, and costs of prosceution; and for every third and every subsequent offence, not less than one hundred not more than two hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment in the all of the proper county for not less than one nor more than two months; but it shall be competent for the jury on any such trial, to find the defendant specially guitty as a common manufacturer or as a common seller, whereupon, he shall be subject to the penalties herein provided in ease of a third or subsequent conviction; and in default of the payment of costs and fines prescribed by this section for the first and second convictions, the convict shall not be entitled to the benefit of the insolvent laws of this Commonwealth, until he or she shad have been im-

prisoped one month; and in default of the payment of costs and fines provided for the third day of October next, at the place now authorized and every subsequent conviction, and for convict by law for holding the general elections, vote uption as a common manufacturer or as a common seller, the convict shall not be entitled to the benefit of said insolvent laws, until he or she shall have been imprisoned two months; and all fines imposed under this act shall be paid into the county treasury: Provided, That no person unlawfully engaged in the traffic in intoxicating liquors shall be competent to sit as a juror in any case arising under this act: Provided also, That A bill to increase the salaries of the Asso- on the trial for a second offence, the indictment ciate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas need not particularly set forth the record of a former conviction but may briefly allege the fact; and such allegation may be amenaded at entered in the Journal of each House; and if a the discretion of the court, all any stage of the proceedings: And provided also, That if, my peron in the employment of another shall violate the provisions of this act, he or she shall be pro-ceeded against in the same manner as the princi-

Sec. 6. That causes arising under this act shall take precedence of all other causes in the courts of this Commonwealth, except the chuses of prisoners under arrest; and the prosecuting officer shall hot have the power or authority in any such cause, in any court of this Commonwealth, to enter a nolle prosequi, or to grant a continuance, either before or after verdict, except several by Messrs. Goodwin and Foulkrod, when the manifest purposes of justice shall, in from citizens of Philadelphia, for a change in the opinion of the court, require it; and in such case, the court shall file their reasons for granting such continuance or for permitting such note arouse, and show your love of improvement

presequi to be entered. Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of all constables duly elected or appointed for any ward, borough or to which, in this Commonwealth, to make a return, under eath, to the court of quarter sesssions of his proper county, on the first day of each term thereof, of all violations of this law within his township, borough, or ward, which may have come under his observation; and on at Union Hall, on Wednesday evening, the faiture to do so, he shall be deemed guilty of a 15th of February inst., at 7 o'clock P. M .misdemeanor in the office, and the presenting The Society, after taking into consideration attorney shall institute such proceedings on account of said returns, as the court may direct. Section 8. That it any two qualified voters in any city, ward, borough or township, shall make compaint, under oath or affirmation, before any

mayor, alderman, or justice of the peace, within and city, ward, borough, or township, that they have reason to believe, and do believe, that in-United States, where the liquors 'remain in the were imported, said unyor, alderman, or justice of the peace, shall issue his warrant of search, directed to any constable in said county, who shall proceed to search the premises described in said warrant; and if any intoxicating liquors, more than are necessary for sacramental, medicinal, mechanical, or artistical purposes, shall be found therein, he shall seize the same, together with the vessels containing them, and convey them to some proper place of security, where he shall keep them till final action is had thereon; but no dwelling house in which, or in part of which a trading shop is not kept, shall be searched, un-less at least one of said complainants shall testify public charge by the overseers or guardians of other place supplied from siquors stored in such he poor of the proper district, and when labor house, for the purpose of affording such supply, rant the liquors was seized, and if he fail to appear, or unless he can show by satisfactory proof agent for the Commonwealth, to buy or manu- peace, and in his presence, or in the presence of facture and sell at some convenient point in each some person appointed by him to witness the ward, borough, and township, within said county, destruction thereof, and who shall join with the officer by whom they shall be destroyed, in attesting the fact on the back of the order: Proment any time within the said five days, to the ment determine, which compensation shall be next court of quarter sessions; but before such fixed with reference to the probable amounts of appeal be allowed, he shall give a bond in the sales for the purposes aforesaid, but shall in no name of the Commonwealth, in a penalty of two case exceed the profits on said sales; and the ap- hundred dollars, with two or more good and sufpointments made as required by this section shall ficient sureties, to prosecute his appeal with ef-be certified by said court, and filed among its feet; and it is hereby made the duty of the prosrecords; and the clerk of said court shall give to ecuting attorney, to conduct all causes so transterred by appeal to said court, in behalf of the pointment, and shall receive for such certificate, Commonwealth, as other Commonwealth suits the fees allowed by law for certificates in other, are conducted by him; and for which he shall reecive the same compensation as in cases of indictment for misdementor; and if the final decision be against the appellant, the clerk shall forthwith deliver a transcript of the record to the magistrate before whom the complaint was orig-

> from transporting such liquors. Sec. 9. That if the owner, keeper or possessor of any intoxicating liquors seized under the provisions of this act, shall be unknown to the officer seizing the same, they shall not be con-demned and dustroyed until they shall have been advertised, with the number and description of constantly on hand the best of cast Steel for edg the barrels, kegs, or packages in which they are tools. All work done to order, and warranted contained, as near as may be, for twenty days, and if you wish to know how cheap Hickok will by posting up a written or printed description of work for each of ready pay, come and see the same in at least three public places in the Montrose, Feb. 7, 1854—6w3. the same in at least three public places in the

Sec. 10. That the mayor, alderman, justice of

the peace, or other officer issuing, any warant of search or other writ, authorized by this act, and the constable or other officer executing the same, shall be entitled to the following fees, to wit: the magistrate for issuing and docketing warrant and book or books to said court, together with of search, fitty cents; for entering appeal and a balance sheet, showing the quantity of each transcript, fifty cents; officer for executing wara bilance sheet, showing the quantity of each prime they are cents; for destroying liquors, one dol-kind of liquor manufactured, bought, and sold by rank, fifty cents; for destroying liquors, one dol-hior doring the period which has clapsed since lar; for storing liquors to await the determination of the case, one dollar besides the amount paid for the storage thereof; and for any other service rendered under this net, the officer rendering the same shall receive such compensation as is provided in the fee bill of this Common. wealth for like services; and any officer who shall refuse or neglect to perform any duty enjoined upon him by this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor in office: Provided, That no prosecutor or complainant in any pro-ceeding under this set, shall in any court, be adadged to pay the cost thereof, if the magistrate before whom complaint is made shall approve of the commencement of such proceeding, by endorsing his name on the back of the writ; but the same shall in case of acquittal, be paid by the

Sed 11. That the provisions of this act shall not apply to any manufacturer of wine, cider, or brewdr of malt liquors, or distiller of spirituous iquors, who shall make or distil the same directy from agricultural products, and who shalf note ell or otherwise dispose of the same in a less quantity than thirty-one gallons; neither shalls they apply to the owner or occupant of any ware-bouse, or to any commission shipping or forward-ing increhent, who shall not sell or otherwise d-pose of any of the above named articles in less quantity than above stated; but no sale of thirty one gallons or upwards of such liquors, and repurellase of part thereof, being a balance less than the said quantity as the actual sale, nor any other device whatever to evade the law, escape

the penalties thereof. Sec. 12. That this act shall go into effect on the twenty-second day of February, in the year our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifr-five; and all laws hereby altered or supplied, are hereby repealed, except so far as may be necessary to the final determination of any and all actions, prosecutions or other proceedings, which have been commenced or which may be ommenced hereafter, and before this act goes

into effect, for which purpose said laws shall remain in full force.
| Sec. 18. That in order to ascertain the opinion of the people of this Commonwealth relative. to the repeal of this act, the qualified voters of the city of Philadelphia and the several counties on the acceptance or rejection of this act, by written or printed tickets containing on the outside, the words, "Liquor Law," and on the inside, the words, "for the law," or the words, "against the law," And the returns of the votes shall be made in the manner provided by law for the election of Governor, and the Secretary of the Commonwealth shall transmit the said returns to the Speaker of the Senate, on the second Phorsday of January; and on the said day the two Houses shall meet in convention, when said ites shall be counted, and a true record the eof majority of the said votes shall be against the law, then the repeal of this act is recommended to the attention of the next Legislature; Provided, That the said election shall be held under exceeded against in the same manner as the princi-pal, and on conviction, shall suffer the same pen-authorized to hold the general elections in Octoher next, and that the county commissioners of the several counties shall furnish ballot-boxes,

### ting said elections.

blank-forms, and all things necessary for conduc-

Motice. The "Susquehanna Co. Teacher's Associaion." will hold its next stated meeting in at 1 o'clock. Subjects for consideration will be made known at the meeting. Teachers,

y vour attendance. By order of Executive Committee.

### Annual Exhibition of the Union

Literary Society. The Annual Exhibition of the Union Literry Society, of West Harford, will take place the expenses attending an exhibition of this kind, have thought proper to charge 12 1-2 ets each for admittance, the proceeds of which to be applied in making additions to their library. Considering this to be an ample explanation for so doing and confiding as we do upon a generous public for the promotion of literary pursuits, and the advancement of the noble cause of education. We extend to the people in general a cordial invitation to attend this, our annual exhibition.

F. E. LOOMIS, J. T. TIFFANY, N. W. SPICER, Committee.

Information Wanted Of John McDermot a native of Ireland, Parish Drumlain, county of Caran, who came to this untry about 12 years ago, when last heard of was in Norfolk, Virginia. Also, Charles McDer-not, brother of John, who came to this country bout 20 years ago when last heard of was in New York. Any information respecting them will be thankfully received by their brother, Francis McDermot. Please address to Patrick McNulty, Dimock & Corners, Susquehanns Co.

Boston papers please copy.

mabbible. In Brooklyn, on the 8th inst., by Rev. Mr. hafer, MARTIN L. CATLIN, and EUNICE J. laughter of S. A. Newton, Esq.

On the 1st. ult. by the Rev. J. B. Creary, John C. Fish, Attorney at Law of Great Bend. and Miss Ruby C. CCRBETT, of Corbettsville, Broome Co., N. Y.

At the same time, and by the same, Mr. DAVID SCOTT, of Springville, and Miss Eliza . Jourston, of Great Bend, Pa.

In Lodersville, Pa., Jan. 19, Mrs. MABEL BALDWIN, of Consumption, aged 59 years. She was a kind and faithful friend, an affectionate mother, and an eminent example of hose Christian virtues that so much adore this probationary state. The evident triumph in the passage across the cold stream, bade her friends not to mourn for her, for she had entered the haven of rest.

In Jessup, on the 1st-inst., Eugene M., son f Wm. and Parthenia Bissell, aged 5 weeks and 2 days.

In Thompson, Jan. 23d, Geo. F. Sherwood, aged 19 years and 11 months.

In Lanesboro, Feb. 2d, John A. infant son of J. M. and S. C. Shepherd. "I take these little lambs, said he, And lay them in my breast;

Protection they shall find in me,

# In me be ever blest."

WOULD inform the public that he is located near the Steam Mill, where he intends to remain for years, and earry on the Blacksmithing business in all its various branches. He keeps

BOOTS & SHOES OF all qualities and sizes, also a rood setortment of Rep-ber Overshoos, and Buskins, call and we can sait yes