The Democrat.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN NORTHERN PENN'A.

E. B. CHASE & ALVIN DAY, Editors.

Montrose, January 12, 1854.

THE FROG.

Of all the funny things that live
In woodland, marsh, or bog,
That creep the ground, or fly the air,
The funniest is the frog.
The frog—the clentificest
Of nature's handiwork—
The frog that neither walks nor runs,
But goes it with a jerk.

With pants and coat of bottle green,
And yellow fancy vest,
He plunges into mud and mire—
All in his Sunday best;
When he sits down, he's standing up,
As Paddy O'Rinn once said:
And for convenience sake he wears
His eyes on the top of his head.

You see him sitting on a log,
Above the "vasty deep;"
You feel inclined to say, old chop—
"Just look before you leap!"
You raise your cane to hit him on
His ugly looking mug;
But ere you get it half way up,
Adown he goes, kerchug.

He keeps about his native pond,
And ne'er goes on a spree;
Nor gets "how came you so," for a
Cold water chap is he;
For earthly cares he ne'er gets drunk;
He's not a silly fool;
But when they come he gives a jump,
And drowns 'em in the pool.

Farmers' Department.

Profits and pleasure of Agriculture.

Extracts from David Taggart's Address before the Northumberland County Exhibition, Oct. 19, 1853.

Agriculture is *profitable*, for it is the true source of wealth not only to individuals, but nations. Gold and silver, because scarce, and in times past hard to be got, have been chosen as the representatives of the real wealth of the world yet of themselves comparatively useless. To a man on a desert island, yonder bag of wheat or yellow corn were worth more than mountains of glittering gold! The one possesses substantial intrinsic value of its own; the other would be worth less than fertile dust beneath his feet. Agriculture is profitable, for it affords an almost certain livelihood and although it does not furnish the opportunities for rapid wealth and sudden speculation, neither is its subject to those sad reverses, which too often shake the worlds of manufactures and commerce to their centres.

It is *pleasant*—in my humble judgement, by far the most pleasant of all the pursuits of men. This is evinced by the fact that men of all callings, merchants, manufacturers, lawyers, doctors, (I was going to add editors and preachers, but they seldom get rich, probably owing to their honesty,) when they have gathered wealth, by the economy and toil of early and middle life, turn to this, as pastime for their descending years. If I were the owner of waving corn fields and lowing herds, "I would not call the king my uncle." I would not envy the lot of any man on earth, not even the aspiring politician, the patriotic office seeker, who sighs for an opportunity to serve his country, and mourns the ingratitude that refuses the opportunity—not even the pale student, who pores over musty books at midnight, with dim eyes, bent frame and wrinkled brow—dim, bent and wrinkled before their time—nor the adventurous merchant whose all may be overwhelmed by a dashing wave nor the soldier, whose footsteps to glory have been through fields of blood—over carcasses which his "red right hand" has robbed of happiness hope and life! I would not envy the monarch on his throne, for I should be monarch of a realm, which brought no cares, but such as made me happy.

It is *honorable, because* it is essential, healthful, profitable and pleasant—it is honorable, the good and great, the high and mighty ones of the earth, have followed it for a pastime or a profession. George Washington was a farmer, and during all his life no conversation pleased him so well as that which referred to Agriculture. Andrew Jackson and Henry Clay were farmers, and Hermitage and Ashland will be wan with the weight of ten thousand years, before their names shall be forgotten!* Daniel Webster was a farmer, and happier among the beautiful herds of Marshfield, than when Senates and Cabinets hung upon his words, or Austrian Ministers wilted before his pen.

When Rome, afterwards the mightiest city of ancient times, was girt about by her foes, when the conquering armies of Æqui and Volsci were pressing her to the verge of destruction, she summoned a plowman from his plow, and invested him with more than regal power. That plowman's word became the absolute law of the Republic. The Conscript Fathers bowed to his dictation, and proud patricians obeyed without questioning. The jewelled fingers of Rome's loftiest nobles were pointed, not in scorn, but admiration at the broad brow of the sun burnt farmer. By his wisdom and courage the Republic was saved, and Cincinnatus returned from victorious armies and shouting multitudes to his crops and his cattle!

Then shall this ancient, essential, healthful, profitable, pleasant and honorable Art *stand still*, while every other Art and Science is pressing on with rapid footsteps to startling results and mighty achievements?—While Manufacturers and Commerce build up proud cities, and adorn them with the trophies of their success, shall the tillers of the soil follow wooden plows in the same furrows that were turned by their ancestors, some hundred years ago? While the lightning bears our messages, and an element not less mighty propels our cars upon land, and our ships upon the sea, bearing the products of our fields with ten times the celerity as when our fathers or grandfathers occupied the places we now hold, shall those products be reared with the same toil and of no better quality than when they reared them?

The answer has gone forth, not from the tiller of the soil alone, but from the Bench, the Bar, the Preacher's study, the Physician's office, and the Mechanic's workshop, for all are willing to unite in the delightful task of improving the cultivation of the fields, and thereby improving every man's means of living, his convenience comfort and happiness—they have answered—you have answered by your presence here to day: "Agriculture shall not stand still. It shall keep pace with its sister arts."

How shall it be made to keep pace? By the establishment of societies like this—by the foundation and circulation of papers devoted to it: by men learning not only from their own experience, but from the experience of all other men engaged in the same pursuit. It is the combination of mind and interchange of experience, which give to civilized men having a written language, their immeasurable superiority over savages, whose thoughts and experiments can only be transmitted to posterity by word of mouth.

If any man doubts the efficiency of the agents I have spoken of, let him first go into a country where Agricultural Societies and Agricultural Presses have been at work for a number of years, and then into a region where such things are unknown—observe the difference in everything about them; in their fields, in their dwellings, orchards, gardens.

A person coming from the highly cultivated fields of England, or from the finer portions of New York, or our own South Eastern Counties, might find even among us, some very slow and awkward ways of doing things. He might see some poor ploughs, and clumsy harrows. He might tell of a drilling machine at home, that would put in more grain in a day than could be done by hand in two or three days, and do it much better too; or of an implement that would cut down more rye, wheat, oats, or grass in one day, with a certain number of hands, than twice the number could do in twice the time in the ordinary way. He might tell of well bred horses, more valuable than three or four common animals; or of an improved cow or bull, that he would not trade for a whole herd of such peaked, scraggy creatures as obtain their winter's living from some of our farmer's dung piles.—Now there is only one way to put an end to this bragging, as far as we are concerned, and I thing, Sir, we are fast coming to it. I mean by this friendly strife, this emulation among ourselves, to excel each other, in rearing animals, grain, vegetables and fruit, and soon we shall be able to go into regions more backward than our own, and make the same brags that this progressive gentleman has been making to us.

Fixed Facts in Agriculture.

Somebody has made up the following list of "fixed facts" in agriculture. Though calculated for the Eastern States, many of the facts are of general application:

1. All lands on which clover or other grasses are grown, must either have lime in them naturally, or that mineral must be artificially supplied. It matters not but little whether it be supplied in the form of stone lime oyster lime, or marl.

2. All permanent improvements of lands must look to lime as its basis.

3. Lands which have been long in culture will be benefitted by application of phosphate of lime, and it is unimportant whether the deficiency be supplied in the form of bone dust, guano, native phosphate of lime, composts of flesh, ashes, or that of oyster shell lime or marl? If the land needs it, lime also.

4. No lands can be preserved in a high state of fertility unless the clover and the grasses are cultivated in the course of rotation.

5. Mould is indispensable in every soil, and a healthful supply can alone be preserved through the cultivation of clover and the grasses, the turning in of green crops, or by the application of composts rich in the elements of mould.

6. All highly concentrated animal manures are increased in value, and their benefits prolonged by admixture with plaster, salt, or pulverised charcoal.

7. Deep ploughing greatly improves theductive powers of every variety of soil that is not wet.

8. Subroiling sound land—that is, land that is not wet, is eminently conducive to increased production.

9. All wet land should be drained.

10. All grain crops should be harvested before the grain is thoroughly ripe.

11. Clover, as well as the grasses, intended for hay, should be mowed when in full bloom.

12. Sandy land can be most effectually improved by clay. When such lands require liming or marling, the lime or marl is most beneficially applied when made into a compost with clay. In slacking lime, salt brine is better than water.

13. The chopping or grinding of grain to be fed to stock, operates at a saving at least 25 per cent.

14. Draining of wet lands and marshes adds to their value, by making them more, and by improving the health of neighborhoods.

15. To manure or lime wet lands, is to throw manure, lime and labor away.

16. Shallow ploughing operates to impoverish the soil, while it decreases production.

17. By stabling and shedding stock thro' the winter, a saving of one-fourth the food may be effected—that is, one-fourth less food will answer, than when the stock is exposed to the inclemencies of the weather.

18. A bushel of plaster per acre, sown broadcast over clover, will add 100 per cent. to its produce.

19. Periodical applications of ashes tend to keep up the integrity of soils, by supplying most, if not all, of the organic substances.

20. Thorough preparations of land are absolutely necessary to the successful and luxuriant growth of the crops.

21. Abundant crops cannot be grown for a succession of years, unless care be taken to provide an equivalent for the substances carried off the land in the products grown thereon.

22. To preserve meadows in their productiveness, it is necessary to harrow them every second autumn, apply top-dressing and roll them up.

23. All stiff clays are benefited by fall and winter ploughings, but should never be ploughed when wet. If at such ploughings the furrow be materially deepened, lime, marl or ashes should be applied.

KICKING HORSES.—It occurred to me that a recipe published in your paper for the cure of kicking horses, might be of much service to persons afflicted with such dangerous animals. The operation for cure to be commenced as follows, to wit: Put a headstall or bridle, with twisted W, or twisted strait bits in the mouth of the horse to be cured; then put a common back saddle, with thill lugs, or any strap or girth, with loops on either side of the horse, is equally good; then buckle a pair of long reins, open in the middle, into the bitts, and pass them through the thill lugs or loops: one to each hind leg, above the fetlock joint, there make each rein fast to the leg, allowing sufficient length of sein for your horse to walk or trot, as the operator may think proper. Everything complete, you will have the animal commence the operation of kicking; the first will be a smart kick, the second lighter, and so on till your horse cannot be made to kick any more. By the above method many now worthless horses may be made valuable.—*Maine Farmer.*

TO MAKE WHITE WASH.—The following receipt is the best known, combining excellence and durability. Take a barrel and slack one bushel of freshly burned lime in it, by covering it with boiling water. After it is slacked add cold water enough to bring it to the consistency of good white wash. Then dissolve in water, and add one pound of white vitriol (sulphate of zinc) and one quart of fine salt.

TO MAKE BOOTS WATER PROOF.—Melt 3 oz. each of rosin and beeswax, and stir in one pint of oil and heat all together, when partly cool add three oz. of oil of turpentine. Apply hot with a brush.

Never despair in adversity. When a wheel is going round the bottom must turn up.

Crockery and House Furnishing Store.

J. H. DEPEU is now prepared to invite the public generally to examine his varied and extensive assortment of goods which (as an exclusive dealear) he is enabled to offer very low.

CHINA.—Consisting of Gold Band, Decoroted and Plain, Dinner and Tea Setts, Fruit Baskets &c.

STONE CHINA.—Full Dinner and Tea Setts, Printeo, and Plain Embossed in Setts, or by the single piece, also, a variety of beautiful styles of Toilet Ware.

LOOKING GLASSES.—Mahogany, Gilt and Ornamentnl framed Glasses from 6 1-4 cts. to $75 also, Marble Slabs and Bracelets.

GLASS WARE.—Cut and dressed Goblets, Decanters, Tumblers, Cham'pgs, Bowls on foot, Cor'd Butters, Globes, Candlesticks, &c. &c.

HOUSEKEEPING HARDWARE.—Table and Pocket Cutlery, Spoons, Tea Trays, Scales, Sadirons, Enmeled Kettles, Hat Racks, Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, &c.

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.—Propellers, Cabs, Wagons, Rocking Horses, Cradles, Ceder Pails, Tubs, Moss, Pounders, Baskets, Rocking, High and Stool Chairs, &c.

WINDOW SHADES.—Cor'Pices. Glass and Gilt Pins and Heads, Bands Loop and Tassels, alse Stain Pools in Variety.

JAPPANED WARE.—Toilet-sett, consisting of Foot Tubs, Slop Jar and Water Pail, Cash Boxes, and all articles manufactured in the line.

BRITANIA AND ARGENTINE WARE.—Coffee and Tea Urns, Egg Coddlers, Castors, Chafing Dishes, Aetans, Pitchers, Candlesticks, &c.

LAMP, AND LANTERNS.—In every variety, style, price an 'quality.

TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES.—Consisting of China, Glass, Wood, Tin, Willow, Iron, Paper-Mache, Tena Cotta, Pariar and Alabater Pins, also Fancy Baskets.

Plated Ware.—Table and Teaspoons, Table Dessert and Oyster Forks, Dessert knives, Soup and Sauce Ladles, Castors, Snuffers and Trays, Tea and Coffee Setts.

Bird Cages, Table and Floor Mats, Brushes of every description, in fact almost every article in the line of home furnishing, both useful and ornamental, may be found at this extensive establishment.

JAMES H. DE PEU.

4 doors east of the American Hotel.
Binghamton, June 8th 1853.

MARBLE MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned beg to announce to the citizens of Susquehanna County, that they have established a Shop in Keeler's building, on Main street, Montrose, where they will keep on hand a supply of Foreign and American Marble, and manufacture the same into Monuments, Tombs, Head Stones, Pier and Centre Table Tops, &c.

☞ The public will find it to their interest to give us a call before going elsewhere with their orders

SHIPPEY & DE LONG.

Montrose, Aug. 44, 1853—34wtf

Australia, California,

Or any place on th Globe, cannot present greater inducements than

KEELER & STODDARD'S

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WHICH is now filled with a new and extensive assortment of articles in their line, embracing a general variety of new and elegant styles of Ladies and Gentlemen's wear, among which are Ladies French, Silk Lasting and Prunille Gaiters, Kid and Enamelled Polkas, Kid Patent leather and bronzed Jenny Lends, Buskins and Ties; gentlemen's French and Philadelphia oak tanned calf skin and kip Boots, Congress and button Gaiters, Monterey and Washington Boots, toilet Slips, Morocco, calf, and Cowhide Brogans, &c. Boys kip, calf and cowhide Boots and Brogans; all kinds of Misses and Children's wear. Also, a general assortment of Findings, which consist in part of lasts, pegs, sparables, Hungarian nails, tacks, thread, wax, Bristles, shoe binding, awls, rasps, sandstones, shoe knives, &c. Also, oak and hemlock tanned calf upper and sole leather, Morocco skins and linings.

Work made to order and repairing neatly done.

KEELER & STODDARD.

Montrose, June, 1, 1853.

SUSQUEHANNA COUNTY

STOVE AND TIN WARE DEPOT.

A. L. WEBSTER & CO would respectfully inform the people of this county and the people in general, that they have opened an establishment of the above kind in Montrose, at the old stand of Sayre and Webster, one door north of the *Democrat* office, where they intend to keep on hand a large assortment of Stoves Tin, Copper, Brass and sheet Iron Wares, all of which they will sell as cheap as they can be bought in this or any other county. Among our stoves may be found the following besides others too numerous to mention:

N. Y. & Erie, air-tight, for wood.
Modern Troy " " " *or coal.*
Keystone State " " "
Vulcan " " "
Bay State, " " "
Forest Queen, elevated Oven.
Mohawk, " "

Also, Parlor, Office and shop Stoves. Culver's Patent Hot-air Furnaces for heating Public Buildings, stores, Hotels, etc. Stove Trimmings, Pipe, Zinc, sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Well and Cistern Pumps, Chain Pumps, Chains and Gearing.

☞ All kinds of Custom Work done on short notice and most reasonable terms. Our motto is small profits, ready pay, and quick returns.

☞ All kinds of Produce at ken in exchange for Wares. If you don't believe it, call and see.

A. L. WEBSTER & CO.

Montrose sept. 15, 1853.

Watches! Watches.! Watches!!

THE Subscriber has this day returned from New York with a large and beautiful assortment of Fine Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods, to which he would call the attention of his friends. It is needless to enumerate the different kinds of goods; suffice it to say that his present stock of goods was never excelled in this part of the State, and, as his goods were bought for cash, he cannot be undersold by any. He will take pleasure in showing his goods to all who may favor him with a call, feeling sure that no person wishing to purchase can fail of suiting themselves both as to quality and price.

ALFRED J EVANS,
No. 2 Odd Fellows' Hall.

Binghamton, Nov. 24, 1853.

WATCHES.—A large stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, of every style and price, by

Nov. 24. A. J. EVANS.

EAR RINGS and Breast Pins, in every variety of patterns, some entirely new styles, by

Nov 24 A. J. EVANS.

SILVER Card Cases, Port Monnies, Napkin Rings, Fruit Knives, Soup Ladles, Pie and Butter Knives, &c. &c., by

Nov 24. A. J. EVANS.

FANS.—A large lot of handsome Fans, suitable for parties, by A. J. EVANS.

CORAL Beads, Plain and cut coral, at A. J. EVANS'.

NEW GOODS.

OUR assortment now comprises almost every article wanted, and we fear some that *are not wanted*, which we will sell at cost and some articles at less than cost on that same account. U. BURROWS & Co.

Gibson Oct 26. 1853.

SHAWLS.

100 WOOLEN LONG SHAWLS, all qualities, and beautiful patterns, at *extremely low prices.* U. BURROWS.

Gibson, Oct. 26.

Fine French.

WOOL Long Shawls at $4.25.

Gibson, Nov. 1. U. BURROWS & Co.

Buffalo Robes.

A Large lot of them choice whole Robes at a very small advance on the cost.

Gibson, Nov. 1. U BURROWS & Co.

Window Shades.

A Large lot of handsome, painted, shades, at low prices.

Gibson, Nov. 1. U. BURROWS & Co.

Buffalo Robes.

A Choice lot, and will be sold low, by

New Milford, Oct. 15, 1853. H. BURRITT.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

"THE Sere and Yellow Leaf" reminds us that the fast approach of the keen Frosts of Old Grey Winter, when one of these unsurpassable and highly approved Stoves from the most extensive Manufactories in the Union, Messrs. Shear & Packard, become indispensable to every family. We would respectfully announce to the citizens of Susquehanna and adjoining counties that we have just received and are receiving the largest and best assortment of Stoves ever introduced into Eastern Pennsylvania, which will be sold at the very lowest *cash figure.* To those who are in want of Stoves they will find it to their interest to call and examine our variety before purchasing elsewhere. They comprise in part as follows:—

United States,	*Oriental Parlor,*
Eastern Queen E. O.,	*Venetian,* do
Fire Clipper E. O.,	*Fancy* do
National Air-Tight E. O.	*Irving* do
Morning Star,	*Cottage,* do
Farmers' Air-Tight,	*&c., &c.*

The above Stoves are too well known to require any minute description, being the most popular and approved Stove in market. All who may favor us with a call will be shown through our assortment with pleasure. "Recollect the number"—EATON'S far famed "One Price Store."

Harford, Pa., Sept. 1853—35

CARPENTER'S HOTEL.

(FORMERLY "LUSE HOUSE,") GREAT BEND, PA.

THE subscriber, having rented this well known house, and re-fitted and refurnished in good style, is now prepared to receive and entertain guests. This house is delightfully situated on the banks of the Susquehanna river, on the line of the New York and Erie, and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroads; overlooking a most beautiful section of country, and is the panorma of scenery unequalled anywhere.

AS A SUMMER RESORT for the business man seeking quiet and freedom from the noise and din of city life, and for ladies and gentlemen in pursuit of pleasure amid the rural scenery of the country, this location cannot be equalled. Here the weary traveller is secure from the confusion incident to the continual arrival and departure of trains, which, especially in the night time is a very great annoyance to those stopping at houses very near the Depot.

His Rooms are new, pleasant and well furnished; his Table with all the delicacies which both country and city markets afford; and no pains will be spared to make his house a pleasant home to all his guests.

☞ GUESTS will be conveyed to and from the cars, at any hour day or night, in a good Omnibus free of charge.

☞ A LIVERY STABLE is attached to the House.

N. V. CARPENTER.

Great Bend, June 27th, 1853—26-f.

Bryant House Great Bend Depot. Pa.

THIS new and spacious building, situated but a few feet from the Depot at Great Bend, is now opened and furnished in a suitable style for a Public House, and will be kept open at all hours, (both day and night,) for the reception of travellers; and especially for the accommodation of passengers travelling on the N. Y. & Erie & L. & W. Railroads, being at the junction of these two roads, and the most convenient point to step in and take refreshments and be off with the first train, as well as the most convenient house to accommodate the public. it is NEW CLEAN and WHOLESOME, with rooms enough to accommodate ALL, being fitted up with new furniture to correspond, and tables always set, with WARM MEALS and luxuries furnished at a moments warning.

☞ Passengers desiring rest and sleep, can, by calling here, avoid the inconvenience of taking an omnibus to find an inn, as well as the delay and uncertainty of returning to the depot at the arrival or departure of the trains; as a porter will be in waiting to conduct them with their baggage to the Bryant House, "just across the way," and conduct them back again without fee or reward, taking special care to wake them if desired at any hour of the night.

The location of the Bryant House, with the natural scenery about, it combine to make it a very desirable SUMMER RESORT for business men and others in the city who may wish to "cast off care" for a few days to recruit in the country.

A Large and Commodious Hall

is attached to this building for the convenience of pleasure PARTIES, who may always find good accommodations here, without regard to numbers, with warm stables for their teams, and reliable help to wait upon them.

☞ For further particulars inquire at the Bryant House of the proprietor.

ADDISON BRYANT.

Feb. 1853—7f.

Now Arrangements.

Binghamton store at Lodersville, Pa.

STOWERS & THOMAS

WOULD respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Lodersville, Great Bend and vicinity, that they are now receiving a new supply to their already large stock of Goods, in their new store recently erected by David Thomas.

The assortment is extensive, embracing every article usually called for, and will positively be sold *cheaper for cash,* than ever before offered in this section of country, consisting of

GRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Crockery, Iron, Steel, Nails, Boots and Shoes, Flour, Fish and Salt,

added to ten thousand notions not enumerated.

The subscribers wish it generally understood that Cash is what they most want, and for *cash* will sell (Not as cheap) but cheaper than any other establishment West of New York.

Please remember that what we tell you is no fiction, but "stubborn facts," which we can and will demonstrate upon examination of our stock and prices.

All those who have been in the habit of going to Binghamton to purchase Goods will find it to their advantage to call upon

STOWERS & THOMAS

before going farther, for we have what you all want.—36tf.

Mount Prospect Water Cure and Institute

BINGHAMTON N. Y.

THIS institution is located in a beautiful and romantic grove at the base of Mount Prospect, and within the corporation of the village, possessed of an abundant supply of *purest soft water,* advantages for exercise in the pure air, a carriage and foot walk up the mountain, overlooking a scenery unsurpassed in beauty and grandeur, and free from the noise and turmoil of busy life," with excellent sailing and rowing privileges on the pleasant waters of the Chenango.—These are a few of the presentation the "Cure" offers to the invalid.

The house is new and commodious—bathing apparatus excellent—well ventilated, with 230 feet piazza.

The medical department is under the entire care of Dr. Thayre and wife, who have had large experience in Hydropathic practice, and are favorably known as successful practitioners.

Courses of Lectures, with full plates and illustrations, will be given throughout the season to the Students and Patients, upon Anatomy, Physiology, Hydropathy and Hygiene, for which there will be no additional charge.

Females who have been confined to their beds for years, are invited to correspond with us or give us a call. Our success in the treatment of diseases peculiar to females, has given us confidence, and we say to all such, even if they have "suffered much from many physicians," make *one* more trial.

Terms from $4 to $8 per week, (payable weekly,) according to room and attention required. Patients will provide for personal use 2 comfortables, 2 blankets, 3 linen or cotton sheets and 6 towels.

O. V. THAYRE, M. D.,
Resident Physician.

D. W. & H. M. RANNEY.

[19tf

Carpets and Oil Cloths.

HAVING enlarged and refitted our extensive Crockery and House Furnishing Store, expressly for the business, we have added a new feature in its departments.

The second floor is devoted to Carpets, Oil Cloths and Looking Glasses, in which we offer a good assortment at prices which cannot fail to please, and to which we invite your particular attention.

J. H. DE PUE.

Binghamton, Oct 1853; 20.

COARSE Salt for sale by

New Milford, Oct. 15, 1853. H. BURRITT.

THE MARRIAGE STATE:

Shall Happiness and Health or Misery and Sickness, attend it?

MOST STARTLING CONSIDERATIONS!

Reflections for the Thoughtful.

Strange that countless human beings exist and drag through life as do the beasts of the field, or the insects of the earth, evincing no more thought or reflection than though the noble faculties of mind were not vouchsafed to them.

Many such are husbands and fathers, upon whom are dependent the health, the well-being, and the happiness of a confiding and affectionate wife, with perhaps a family of children.

HOW OFTEN IT HAPPENS THAT THE

WIFE LINGERS FROM YEAR TO YEAR

In that pitiable condition as not even for one day to feel the happy and exhilarating influence incident to the enjoyment of health.

She may not be an invalid confined to her bed or even to her room; as her pride, ambition and energy induce and nerve her to take personal charge of her household, even when her health will not admit of it; but she is nevertheless perceptibly sinking from day to day, and always ailing.

Thus, day after day, and month after month transpire. Her health daily sinks, till finally even the hope of recovery no longer remains. And thus

THE BLOOMING BRIDE,

But a few years ago in the flush of health and youth, and buoyancy of spirits, rapidly, and apparently inexplicably, becomes a feeble, sickly, debilitated wife, with frame emaciated, nerves unstrung, spirits depressed, countenance bearing the impress of suffering, and an utter physical and mental prostration.

Sometimes this deplorable change may and does arise from organic or constitutional causes. But oftener, by far oftener, to gross and inexcusable ignorance of the simplest and plainest rules of health as connected with the marriage state, the violation of which entails disease, suffering and misery, not only to the wife, but often

Hereditary Complaints upon the Children

"INTO THE THIRD AND FOURTH GENERATION,"

Frequently CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, HYPOCHONDRIA, INSANITY, GOUT, KING'S EVIL, and other diseases, as a

DREADFUL INHERITANCE

from the Parents.

And must this continue? Shall we be wise in all that concerns the cattle of our fields, our horses, our sheep, our cows, our oxen, the nature and character of the soil we possess, the texture and quality of our goods and merchandise; but in all that concerns ourselves as human beings, with human functions and passions, subject to great derangement, involving our future peace and happiness—in all that concerns the health and welfare of the wife of our affections, and the mother of our children; in all that concerns the mental, and physical well being of those children, we should be in most of the darkest and most

BENIGHTED IGNORANCE,

AS CULPABLE AS UNEXCUSABLE!

How long shall this ignorance prevail so prolific of its bitter fruits? How long shall the wife and mother be ignorant of the nature, character and causes of the various womb and sexual complaints, embittering her days by suffering—suffering often prolonged to years, eventuating in a complication of diseases utterly and hopelessly incurable? Shall we for ever close our eyes to the results of physiological science by which we may arrive at an understanding of ourselves as men and women, as well to prevent so much life-long enduring diseases, and preventing them to our children.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No husband or wife and be ignorant of what concerns them most to know to secure their health and happiness. That knowledge is conducted in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 12mo. *pp* 250. *Price* 50 *Cents*

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847; and it is not

SURPRISING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, whether MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold. It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been SENT BY MAIL within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DECEIVED

Buy no book unless Dr A M Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y., is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A M Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copyright.

☞ Upon receipt of One Dollar "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*sealed 5oz*) to any part of the United States, the Canadas and British Provinces. All Letters must be postpaid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New-York City. Publishing Office No. 129 Liberty Street, New-York.

PENNSYLVANIA.—T. B. Peterson, Philad: Mr. Cynthia Williams, Homesdale: Blanch & Fryp Harrisburg: J. S. North, Lebanon: N DeWitt, Milford: J N Ensminger, Manheim: Spangler & Bro, Lancaster: H W Smith, Huntingdon; S McDonald, Uniontown: J Shaffer and New Berlin: H A Lantz, Reading: R P Crocker, Doylestown: Wentz & Stark, Carbondale: Eldred & Wright, Williamsport: S. Tuck, Wilkesbarre: G W Earle, Waynesboro': Potter & McMan, Bellefonte: G Merill, Warren: Robert Crosby, Mercer: S. Lesder, Hanover: R. P. Cummings, Somerset: Thos Cuxworth st, Philad: J. B. Gunnison, Erie: S. B. Loutfer, Greensburg: B. Hill, Pittston: E. S Durban, Franklin: Dr S D Scott, Bedford: E. Hilland, Indiana: J J McIlvile, Milford: J. W. Kidner, Brownsville: G M McGarvey, Antler: J. S. Nickson, Chambersburg: F D Sower, Norristown: E Bonner, Summerstown: H Mitchell, Pittsburg: G W Gettys, Butler: Jos Swartz, Bloomsburg: P S Dechert & Co, Chambersburg.

FITS! FITS!! FITS!!!

THE VEGETABLE EXTRACT, EPILEPTIC PILL.

For the cure of Fits, Spasms, Cramps, and all Nervous and Constitutional Diseases.

PERSON who are labouring under this distressing malady will find the VEGETABLE EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

These Pills possess a specific action on the nervous system; and, although they are prepared especially for the purpose of curing Fits, they will be found of especial benefit for all persons afflicted with weak nerves, or whose nervous system has been prostrated or shattered from any cause whatever. In chronic complaints or diseases of long standing, so conducted by nervousness, they are exceedingly beneficial.

Price, $3 per box, or two boxes for $5. Persons out of the city, enclosing a remit piece, will have the Pills sent them through the mail free of postage. For sale by SETH S. HAYCE, No 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., to whom orders from all parts of the Union, must be addressed post paid.

MATHEWSON'S

Infallible Remedy for all Inflamitory Complaints.

A CERTAIN and sure Antidote for the following diseases: All Fevers and Inflammations to which the system is liable, Rheumatism, Lame back, Piles, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Headache, Toothache, Fever-sores, Biles, Cuts, Bruises, Burns and scalds.

This remedy, for Curing Rheumatism, Lame back, spraining, sweeny, Poll Evil, Cuts, splint, Galls, Sore throat, sore eyes, Lameness, spring Halt, Bruises, Scalds, Inflammation of the Lungs, and all Fevers to which horses are subject.

—Abel Turrell, Montrose—D. Bailey, Lenoxville—Jno Lacey, Wyalusing—L. H. Woodruff, Dimock

A. J. Jackson, Rush.

Oct. 1, 1853. 6m

FRESH IMPORTATION.

JUST received another importation of those splendid Full Jeweled Detached Lever and Horizontal Watches with seconds and hard enamelled Dials, Double bottomed in open cases, all of which are warranted and received direct from Switzerland. The few subjoined prices will at once point out to the public where and how an enormous per centage can be saved.

Double bottom 13 Jeweled Lever Watches as above in elegant silver cases from $10. Same movements in Hunting cases from $12. Horizontal Double bottomed 4 holes Jeweled open face and seconds from $8 75; the same movement in elegant hunting cases with sunk seconds from $9.50. All of which have hard enamelled Dials, Gold Diamond pointed Pens with pencil and silver extension holders, magazine for leads &c. from $1.00. Gold Diamond pointed pen blades from 50c. Jewelry &c. &c. equally cheap. A good assortment of excellent second hand Watches, eminent makers, in first rate going condition, will be sold decidedly low for cash. Best French Lunett Watch Crystals, 10c. *Watch repairing as usual.*

N. B. Watch Chains and Keys *gratis* to purchasers.

☞ Hours of business from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M.

J. A. SINGLETON,
Watch maker and Importer.

Aug. 10, 1853—16tf.

New York Fire Insurance Co.

Office, 9 Wall Street.

CAPITAL, (In Cash and Approved Securities)

$500,000.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire.

DIRECTORS.—A. Q. Stebbins, 113 Broad Street; Peter C. Baker, 1 spruce street; Girard Bancker, 413 Broadway; Thomas Andrews, 135 Cedar street; Samuel South Mayd, 877 West street; Albert L. Conklin, 810 Greenwich street; James A. Crosby, 113 Broadway; Charles Vent, Kingsbridge, N. Y.; Lambert C. Hall, Chicago, Ill; I. Smith Hobble; Wm. W. Leland, New York; Peter R. Roach, 138 Bank street; Stacy S. Bell, cor. West and Laight streets; John L. Deen, 78 Water street; D. Van Wart, 118 Broadway; Horatio N. Gallup, cor. West and Barrow streets, Peter H. Foster, cor. Gansevoort and West; Reuben Ross, Jr. 48 Eighth Avenue, Stephen Cromwell, Camden, N. J.; Alba Wadleigh, Philadelphia; Dexter R. Brittan, 49 Water street; Samuel Sinclair, Tribune Buildings; Samuel B. Shaw, Cleveland Ohio

ROYAL CHAMBERLIN, Pres.

CHARLES L. CLARKE, Sec'y.

CHARLES L. BROWN, Agent.

Montrose, Sept. 6, 1853

Lodersville Book & Drug Store.

THE subscriber would inform the inhabitants of Lodersville and surrounding country that he has greatly enlarged and improved his Store, and filled up with a large and complete assortment of Paints, Oils, Dyewoods, Dye stuffs, Window Glass, Sash, Putty, Varnish and Brushes. Also,

Patent Medicines, Chemicals, Glass ware, Perfumery, Yankee Notions, Confectionery, Toilet articles and all articles usually kept in any establishment of the kind. Also on hand a large assortment of

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Paper Hangings, &c &c. which he is prepared to sell on as reasonable terms as any store in the country.

DOCT. JAMES GRIFFIN.

Also keeps in same room a general assortment of the Choicest Medicines, carefully selected, prepared and superintended by himself, for his own accommodation and the benefit of the public.

Builders Painters, Physicians, School Teachers indeed all classes and professions wishing to purchase are invited to call and see for themselves

L. SCOTT.

Directly over John McKinney's Store on the R. R., Lodersville.

July 18, 1853.—tf.

DR HOUGHTON'S

Great Cure for Dyspepsia!

DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEPSIN, THE TRUE DIGESTIVE SALT OR ANIMAL ACID.

Prepared from RENNET or the fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa

This is truly Nature's own Remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal curative powers. It contains no Alcohol, Bitter Acids, or Nauseous Drugs. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most fastidious invalids who can not eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of Drugged Imitations. Pepsin is not a Drug.

☞ Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive circular, gratis, giving a large amount of scientific evidence, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion; Dr. Pereira's Food and Diet; Dr John W. Draper, of New York University; Prof. Dungli on Physiology; Prof Silliman of Yale College; Dr. Carpenter's Physiology; &c., together with reports of cures from all parts of the United States.

☞ OBSERVE THIS!—Every bottle of the genuine PEPSIN bears the written signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., sole Proprietor Philadelphia, Pa. Copyright and Trade Mark secured.

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicines—Price, $1 per bottle.

☞ For sale by ABEL TURRELL, Druggist, Montrose Pa., agent for Susquehanna County.

Morse's Compound Syrup of Yellow Dock Root.

THIS is a *Purely Vegetable Compound*, scientifically prepared from the best Roots and Herbs of the Materia Medica, and has gained an unrivalled reputation on the following effects viz Purifying and Strengthening the Liver and Digestive Organs, and Cleansing the Stomach and Bowels, and thus curing all Bilious Diseases, Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Headache, Fever and Ague