trates in a strong light the sterling worth of inborn patriotism, (which in its extended sense is a love of the form of his country's government, as well as of the country itself,) which inspired the revolutionary veteran.

There was a word to be spelled. It was a hard word. It was no less a word than the word 'but.' 'Frank?' said the Governor, 'how do you spell but?' Frank with the advantages of his scholastic erudition was able to reply at once, 'b u t.' 'Divil Take these little words said the senior general, 'they bother me; but Frank, when I come to Constitution I can spell that without looking in a book."

General Pierce is therefore of a good stock, and he has proved himself a worthy scion of that stock. He was born in Hillsborough, New Hampshire, and is now about forty-eight years of age.

Hillsborough county is the birth place of several eminent men: Hon. Daniel Webster, Gen. Cass, Hon. John A. Dix, &c.

Frank Pierce was brought up to the profession of the law and he distinguished himself in it, being a man of a clear head and a sound understanding. He now follows the legal profession, and it is estimated that he realizes by it about $3.000 a year. He resides at Concord, the capital of the Granite State. In his personal appearance, he is of a middle height and size, and of good address. He is modest, and a perfect gentleman in his manners.

He was elected a member of Congress on the democratic ticket in 1833, and was re-elected in 1835—thus serving four years in the House of Representatives while quite a young man—namely, from 1833 to 1837. He had previously been a member of the Legislature of the State, and speaker of the lower House. While a member of the House of Representatives in Congress, he was elected a member of the United States Senate, for the term of six years commencing in 1837—but resigned in 1842 the fifth year of his term and returned, to the practice of the law. His colleague in the United States Senate from 1837 to 1841 was Henry Hubbard, who was succeeded by the late Levi Woodbury.

While in the senate, though the youngest member of it, he acquitted himself in a manner to secure himself the personal favor and esteem of all with whom he was associated, the admiration and approbation of his constituency, and a high position among the statesmen and orators of the nation. Mr. Pierce has always been distinguished at home for a fervid and impressive eloquence, and has attained a personal popularity, for that reason, hardly less extensive and universal than that which everywhere attaches to him by reason of his popular manners, and the universal propriety and amenity which attend his intercourse with all classes of society.

A political event after his retirement marks his strong character and his great influence in his State. Mr. Hale had been in Congress, a member of the House of Representatives and he had been nominated in the Democratic State Convention to fill the office for the next term; but, after his nomination he followed such a course on the abolition question that Frank Pierce said he would defeat him notwithstanding the nomination; and going to work, he got up another State convention which threw Hale out, and he was accordingly defeated. But Hale, who is a smart energetic man, next went to work, and by his personal influence and cunning, and a combination with the whigs, he secured his election as United States Senator, and his term of office is still unexpired.

Upon the accession of Polk to the Presidential chair, Mr. Pierce was offered the Attorney Generalship, but declined it. He said he had no desire for public office, and he would never consent to leave his home for any purpose unless to serve his country in war, and that in some case of necessity. Upon the outbreak of the Mexican war, when the whole country was expected 'to do its duty,' it was not surprising that Mr. Pierce should have been invited to a prominent position among the numerous volunteers for death or conquest. He was invited, as the sequel will show, and honored the commission with a coolness and a courage worthy of his revolutionary sire. At that time Col. Ransom, who was President of the Military College in Vermont, wanted a commission in the Army, in order to fight in that campaign. Mr. Pierce, who was a warm friend of his, wrote a strong letter of recommendation of him to the cabinet at Washington, urging them to appoint him to the command of such troops as might be raised in New England.—The reply of the government was, that the request could not be complied with, as it was intended to confer the command upon a New Hampshire man. That man was Mr. Pierce himself. 'But he will not take it,' said Col. Ransom. 'But he must take it,' replied the cabinet.

The commission of General Pierce was dated March 3d, 1847. He took command of 2,500 men, and reached Vera Cruz June 28, 1847, which shows that he was not asleep.—He joined General Scott's army at Puebla, in July, 1847. He was engaged in the battles of Contreras and Cherubusco in August, 1847.—He was twice injured in these actions by falling from his horse.

But let us go somewhat into detail from the time he set sail from Newport, in the bark Kepler. Many of the troops on board having become sick, suffered a great deal for want of water, and were placed upon short allowance. After receiving his allowance, he used to take a pitcher of water and go about and distribute it among the soldiers. This was but a sample of his attention and kindness to his brave companions in arms. On arriving at Vera Cruz he lent every dollar he had to them, and he was frequently seen carrying the musket of a wearied or sick soldier on his own shoulder.—He did not enjoy good health himself in that climate. He was very sick shortly after he arrived, and continued more or less ill all the time, but was still at his post with unflagging zeal. The climate did not agree with him.—Near the National Bridge," about fifteen miles from Vera Cruz, his force was attacked by a guerilla party, and the manner in which he acted showed his firmness and decision of character. He gave an order to charge upon the chaparral, in the neighborhood where the enemy were supposed to be. Col. Ransom, who was an intimate friend, and major under his command, objected, and, having more of a military education than General Pierce, he concluded his objection would be listened to. 'I have given the order," said the General firmly. It was then obeyed, and the enemy put to flight. Colonel Ransom afterwards spoke of the matter, in praise of the General's firmness. Shortly after, the train was again attacked by the guerillas at the National Bridge, which was barricaded with chapparel. The troops were fired upon and two bullets passed through Gen. Pierce's hat, not his head. He ordered his troops to dash over the barricade and to charge the enemy. Captain Dupreau, of the dragoons, charged up the hill, and put the guerrillas to flight. Under all these circumstances, he displayed a courage and coolness which showed he was fit for command.

When he reached Contreras, he met General Scott, and under him engaged in the battle there. There was a deep ravine between the United States troops and the Mexicans. The enemy was drawn up at the other side in battle array, and with his batteries all placed.—The order was given to charge and outflank them. In charging down, the round shot of the enemy was flying over their heads, and ploughing up the ground. Gen. Pierce, cutting at them with his sword, would say, 'There, boys, is a game of ball for you.' In this charge his horse fell and rolled upon him. He was severely injured, and the horse was disabled. He mounted another horse, and joined the fight. He suffered great pain all night, and could not sleep. The surgeon ordered him not to go into the field next day. That night they had lain in arms, and the rain was terrible, and the surgeon advised him to go back to St. Augustine, where there was a depot; but he would not. He determined to go on to Cherubusco.

At a charge in this battle, both his brigade and that of Gen. Shields, were ordered to get in the rear. He was again thrown from his horse with such violence that he fainted on the field. Afterwards, when the troops, coming up, wanted to raise him, he told them to charge on, and he would take care of himself, though the Mexican Lancers were then charging on the spot, and towards a cornfield. He commanded his troops to charge them in advance.

In this battle an armistice was proposed, and Gen. Pierce was appointed one of the commissioners. He was strongly opposed to the armistice, unless the castle of Chepultepec was given up as security, and there was no use in proposing an armistice unless they were prepared to give up California. Gen. Scott was opposed to him in opinion, but the event showed that Pierce was right. The armistice was granted almost unconditionally.

At the battle of Molino del Rey he rode over the field, with the bullets flying about him, and was called off by Gen. Worth, who told him he was rash. He was at the battle of Chepultepec; and when victory declared for the stripes and stars, the South Carolinians and the Ninth Regiment, which had fought together at Cherubusco and Contreras, met.—Their blood had mingled in one common stream, and the Palmetto regiment showed its valor by the numbers of its men that lay dead on the field. Gen. Pierce addressed them and said, here the extreme North and South had met together, as common sons of the glorious Union—met to maintain its rights and uphold its honor. These battles had cemented the union of North and South, and he hoped they would be forever united. Nine cheers were then given for the Palmetto regiment, which were loudly responded to; and the same compliment was returned by the Carolinians to the Yankees.

After this battle he resigned his commission and came home, having done enough to redeem his pledge and maintain the honor of his country. The state of his health continued very bad all the time he was in Mexico.—He was on the best terms with Gen. Scott, his present rival for the Presidency, and General Scott often invited him to dinner. He was idolized by the men under his command.—When the war was all over he did not get into a quarrel with the other generals as to who had done most or least. He was modest and silent about his own deserts, though he fought as well as any of the generals. This was not exactly the course pursued by Gen. Scott and some others.

When the troops came to Newport, he found there was $240 due him, and he added $60 more to it, making up $300, which he spent in treating the men. He also, by his influence or purse, procured them free passage by the railroad. He sent money to many old soldiers.

On returning to Concord, he continued his practice of law, and has been in private life ever since, though he continued to work for the Democratic party, though he never sought nor accepted an office unless one in which he perilled his life. He is married into a whig and aristocratic family, and has three children. He is a thorough democrat, of the Virginia school of party principles and measures, which accounts for his being brought forward as a candidate for President by the Virginia delegation in the Convention.

The following resolutions were almost unanimously adopted by the New Hampshire Democratic State Convention, which assembled at Concord, on the 8th of January last:

Resolved, That we acknowledge, with pride, the long, unwavering, and efficient support of General Franklin Pierce to democratic principles and the democratic party, and that we present his name to the people of the nation as worthy, on account of his talents, his attainments, his eminent public service, his tried patriotism and statesmanship, of a high place among the names of the eminent citizens who will be conspicuously before the National Democratic Convention, to assemble at Baltimore on the first day of June, 1852.

Resolved, That while she thus expresses her partiality for her own favorite son, yet that New Hampshire will abide by the nomination of the Baltimore Convention, and that the democracy of the Granite State will be found in the coming contest, where they have ever been found—side by side with their democratic brethren of other States, fighting manfully under the broad banner of democracy; and having no local or sectional prejudices to consult, will contend earnestly for the principles of our revolutionary fathers, with a fixed determination, under any and all circumstances, now and forever, to adhere to, support and sustain our national constitution and glorious Union.

for these resolutions 282 voted, and only 5 voted against them. They were afterwards voted unanimously.

Gen. Pierce declined the nomination. He also declined since the Democratic Convention met; but it seems they will make him President in spite of himself.

WILLIAM RUFUS KING,

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

This gentleman resides at Selma, Alabama and is now President of the United States Senate, over which body he also presided in the twenty-fourth, twenty-fifth, and twenty-sixth Congress. He is a native of North Carolina, is about 65 years of age, and has never been married. He is we believe, the same William R. King, who was member of congress from North Carolina, from 1811 to 1816, inclusive.

On the admission of Alabama as a state, he was chosen one of the first United States Senators therefrom, and took his seat in that body in 1819—continuing to represent Alabama in the Senate for twenty-five years, viz, from 1819 to 1844. In the latter year he was appointed Ambassador to France, and represented the United States at that court until 1847 when he returned to this country and was again elected United States Senator from Alabama.

Annual Exhibition.

The Annual Exhibition of Harford University will be held at that Institution Wednesday June 30th, 1852. The exercises commencing at 9 A. M.

Married:

In Dimock, June 6th, by Eld. F. Glanville, Mr. JOHN N. YOUNG and Miss EMELINE BEACH, both of Dimock.

In Springville, on the 26th ult, by the Rev Erastus Smith, G. C. LYMAN, Esq., to Miss JEMIMA, daughter of Justus Knapp, Esq., all of the former place.

Died,

In this Borough, on the 24th ult., LYDIA FRANCIS, daughter of Abel L. & Sophia C. Webster, aged 13 months and 3 days.

In Harford, on the 21st of February last, ADNIRAM JUDSON, son of David and Maranda Macky, aged 2 years.

"He died to sin, he died to care,
But for a moment felt the rod;
Then rising on the viewless air,
Spread his light wings and soared to God."

Good Table Butter

Wanted at this office on subscription.

New Goods.

AT the Store of H. J. WEBB
June 10, 1852.

Hurrah for M. C. Tyler!

NEW Goods looked for tomorrow, among which may be found new styles of prints Fresh Teas, Oranges, and Crockery, Lemons, Oils and Paints, New Codfish, Strawbraids, Canada Straw hats, Delanes, Sheetings, Ill. Salt, Ladies Bonnetts, Ribbons, Rice &c. Etc., and to be sold low by M. C. TYLER.
Montrose June 10th 1852.

BONNETS, BONNETS.

A NEW supply of those cheap silk, Fancy Straw, and French Gossamer Lace Bonnets and Rich Ribbons and Flowers, greatly reduced from spring prices, by H. BURRITT.
CASH paid for Wool by, H. BURRITT
New Milford, June 1852.

STRAYED

FROM the pasture of the subscriber, in the township of Great Bend, Wednesday night, the 2d inst., one Bay and one Black Mare. The first mentioned having some white hairs on one fore leg, below the knee joint, and the last has one white hind foot—both long tails. Any person who will return or give information where they may be found, will be liberally rewarded.
CHARLES L. DOTY.
Great Bend, June 5, 1852. *23w3

STRAYED,

FROM the pasture of the subscriber, on or about the twenty-fourth of May last, two two year heifers, one black, the other red with a white mark across the forehead. Whoever will give such information that will lead to their discovery will be paid all reasonable expense for their trouble. M. STOPPARD.
June 9. w3

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed an auditor by the Orphans' Court of Susquehanna County, to make distribution of assets in the hands of the Administrator of the estate of Nathaniel Gilbert, dec'd., among the creditors of said estate, will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in Montrose, on Friday the 9th day of July next, at one o'clock P. M. at which time and place all persons interested are notified to present their claims.
H. H. FRAZIER, Auditor
June 5th 1852.—23w4

MONEY TO LOAN.

IF any gentleman wants to borrow 1000 dollars at five per cent., he cannot borrow it of the subscriber, but gentlemen *can* save more than 25 per cent. in their clothing expenses by getting their garments made at my shop. If I was in the habit of bragging, I could point to my work as the best assurance of my skill in the art, but a discriminating and tasteful public know where to go to get

Coats as is Coats!

not to mention unmentionables, vests, jackets, sacks, surtouts, coatees, *ad infinitum*.

☞ Gentlemen will please to take notice that I have removed my shop to Mr. Keeler's block, on Main street, first story.

☞ Cutting done as usual.

JOHN GROVES.
Montrose, June 10, 1852.

Farms, and Mill Privileges, and Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the following valuable properties, to wit; one farm in the township of Harford containing some sixty acres, about thirty of which is improved, house, barn, orchard, &c., thereon. Said farm lies one mile and a half from the village of Harford, on the route of the Montrose and Harford Plank Road It is a beautiful and desirable location, well watered &c.

Also one other farm lying on the Belmont Turnpike, four miles from Lanesboro, and the N. Y. and Erie Railroad, containi ng about Eighty acres, twenty or more of which is improved, with house, barn, orchard, &c. This is a valuable piece of land from its location, being well timbered and watered.

Also several Building lots at the village of Susquehanna, on the New York & Erie Rail Road. This is one of the most thriving locations in the country, being the seat of the Rail Road Machine Shops &c. It contains now about 1300 inhabitants, and its business facilities are unrivaled. In connection with the above lots, are four of the best mill-seats in the county, being immediately on the Susquehanna river, with sufficient power for any purpose of manufacturing &c. The most surpassing inducements are held out by the above locations, for capitalists, who wish to embark in the business of manufacturing, tanning, flowering and lumbering. The Rail Road affords the most commodious and ready transportion for everything in the above line.

The above property, in whole or part, will be sold on terms the most advantageous to purchasers. I will give great bargains. Communications will be promptly answered from a distance and all enquires attended to promptly.
SEDATE GRISWOLD, Supt., Depot.
Pa., June 1. 1852 23.4t.

Wm. P. Wyatt,

MERCHANT TAILOR, Turnpike street, house formerly occupied by J. H. Dimock, Esq.—will sell Ready Made Clothing at New York prices.

FOR SALE CHEAP,

A SECOND HAND PIANO-FORTE. Inquire of H. A. RILEY.
Montrose, June 3, 1851. *22w3

BLASTING POWDER

AND Safety Fuse; also, sporting Powder, Shot, Lead, and genuine Caps, at TURRELL's.
June 1.

WANTED FOR THE CALIFORNIA MARKET,

50,000 DOZEN!

GOOD all wool Socks, large sizes blue mixed, in exchange for Goods at cash prices. Three dollars per dozen allowed. They must be a good article. EATON & PECK.
Harford, Pa., June 1852. 22m3

WOOL CARDING.

A. G. REYNOLDS respectfully informs his old customers and the public generally that he continues the business of Wool Carding at his old stand. Thankful for past favors, by living prices, work well done or no pay, he hopes to merit a share of patronage of the public. The 9th lb. of wool will be taken out of each sack for carding, where there is not an explicit bargain to the contrary.

P. S. Those indebted by note or book account will please settle the same by the 1st of September next. Enough said.
Brooklyn, May, 1852.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of writs *Ven. Ex.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the county of Susquehanna and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House in Montrose, on Monday, June 21st, at 1 o'clock P. M. All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the township of Lenox, Susquehanna county, and bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by land of John T. Miller, on the east by land of Sterling Maxon, on the south by lands of Orville Tiffany and Luke Reed, and on the west by land of Luke Reed, containing about sixty acres, more or less, with the appurtenances, four framed houses, one grist mill, one saw mill, one blacksmith shop, and one framed barn, and about thirty-five acres improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Luke Reed against Milo A. Spencer and Wm. H. Spencer, jr.

ALSO

All those three several pieces and parcels of land, situated lying and being in the township of Springville, in the county of Susquehanna and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: the 1st on the north by lands of E. H. Rogers, east by the turnpike road, south by lands of A. Wakeley, and west by lands of A. Williams, containing ¾ of an acre be the same more or less, together with the appurtenances, one framed house, one framed barn and woodhouse and all improved. The 2d bounded on the north by lands of E. Fritz, east by lands of E. Fritz, south by the highway, and west by the turpike road, containing 225½ feet of land, be the same more or less, together with the appurtenances, one framed store house. The 3d bounded on the north by lands of Wm. B. Handrick, Miles Pritchard and A. Upson, east by the Parsonage lot, south by the highway and west by land of E. Fritz, containing one acre of land be the same more or less, together with the improvements and appurtenances, all improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Henry Drinker against Thomas Jackson.

ALSO

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the township of Harford, county of Susquehanna, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit; beginning at a beech tree in the south east line of lot No. 381 on the map of resurvey of Drinker's Tunkhannock lands, which lot was contracted to Orlando Wartrous, it being the West corner of the lot hereby conveyed, thence along said line and the south east line of lands of Augusta Sophia, north 44½ degrees east 84½ perches to a post, thence by the residue of said lot No. 380, South 45½ degrees east 122 perches to a post on the north west line of lands of Edwin and William Tingley, thence by said last mentioned lands and land of the estate of Henry Drinker dec'd, South 44½ degrees west 84½ perches to a point in the Elsworth Lake, and thence by the north east line of lot No. on said map of resurvey 372, north 45½ degrees west 122 perches to the place of beginning, containing 64 acres and 69 perches, be the same more or less, together with the appurtenances one framed house, one framed barn, one shoe shop and about 18 acres improved.

Taken in execution at the suit of Hayden and Little against E. D. Turner.

G. B. ELDRED, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Montrose, June 2d, 1852.

CHEAP WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER WARE.

Great Reduction in Prices.

Twenty per cent at least less than ever have been sold in the United States.

GOLD Lever Watches, full jeweled, 18 karat case, only $30, usually sold for $35—Gold Lapine Watches, 18 karat case, jeweled, $24—Silver Lever Watches, full jeweled, $14; usually sold for $18—Silver Lapine Watches, jeweled, $10—Silver Tea Spoons per half dozen, $5—Gold Pens, silver holders, $1.

Persons wishing a Watch or watches, or Jewelry, can have them sent by mail, with perfect safety, to any part of the United States of West Indies, by first sending the amount of money.—All articles warranted as represented above. Orders from the country respectfully solicited.

Please address (post paid,)
LEWIS LADOMUS, 106 Chestnut st. opposite the Franklin House, Philadelphia.
☞ California Gold bought, or manufactured into jewelry. 16m2

MOUNT PROSPECT

WATER CURE AND INSTITUTE,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

THIS institution is located in a beautiful and romantic grove at the base of Mount Prospect, and within the corporation of the village; possessed of an abundant supply of *purest soft water*, advantages for exercise in the pure air, a carriage and foot walk up the mountain, overlooking a scenery unsurpassed in beauty and grandeur, and "free from the noise and turmoil of busy life," with excellent sailing and rowing privileges on the pleasant waters of the Chenango.—These are a few of the presentation the "Cure" offers to the invalid.

The house is new and commodious—bathing apparatus excellent—well ventilated, with 230 feet piazza.

The medical department is under the entire care of Dr. Thayre and wife, who have had large experience in Hydropathic practice, and are favorably known as successful practitioners.

Courses of Lectures, with full plates and illustrations, will be given throughout the season to the Students and Patients, upon Anatomy, Physiology, Hydropathy and Hygiene, for which there will be no additional charge.

Females who have been confined to their beds for years, are invited to correspond with us or give us a call. Our success in the treatment of diseases peculiar to females, has given us confidence, and we say to all such, even if they have "suffered much from many physicians," make *one* more trial.

Terms from $4 to $8 per week, (payable weekly,) according to room and attention required. Patients will provide for personal use 2 comfortables, 2 blankets, 3 linen or cotton sheets and 6 towels. O. V. THAYRE, M. D.,
Resident Physician.
191f] D. W. & H. M. RANNEY, Proprietors

MELODEONS.

A SUPERIOR article of Carhart's improved 4, 4½, and 5 octave Melodeons for sale at the Union Daguerrean Gallery. Persons wishing anything of the kind, should not fail to call and examine them. They are of different patterns, and will be furnished at the manufacturer's price, by THOMPSON & LOOMIS.
Binghamton, April 7, 1852. 14tf

WOOL! WOOL!

WE want 10,000 pounds of Wool in exchange for cash or cloths.
D. R. LATHROP & CO.
Montrose, May 24, 1852. 21tf

NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forbid trusting my wife SOPHIA, or any of my minor children, as I am determined to pay no debts of their contracting after this date. JOHN DUNN.
Bridgewater, May 26, 1852. 21w3

HYDRAULIC RAMS.

THE undersigned has on hand a supply of stock such as Hydraulic Rams, for bringing water up hill to houses, which he will lay and warrant one year; Also Chain Pumps and Cast Iron Pumps, for bringing water from wells into houses, and a supply of Lead Pipe, which he will lay and warrant well done. Those who want work done in my line of business will find it to their interest to call on
OLIVER PAYNE, jr.
Gibson, Susq'a. co., May 22, 1852. *21w3

NEW DRY GOODS

AT NEW MILFORD DEPOT.

A. H. BURRITT's may be found an extensive and new assortment of Dry Goods including a great variety of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

In rich Prints, Printed and Embroidered Lawns, extra rich Barege Delanes, Lustered Poplins, Ginghams and Chambrays of new styles, black and fancy silks, &c.; Canton Crape, Brocho, Cashmere and Berege Shawls, Silk Mantillas. Parasols, plain and figured Swiss Muslins, Straw, French Lace and Silk Bonnets, Bonnet Silks, Ribbons and Flowers.

GENTLEMEN AND BOYS DRESS AND SUMMER GOODS.

A large assortment. Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Trunks Valices, Carpet Bags, Carpeting, Oil Cloths for floors and tables, painted and printed Window Shades, Wall Paper, Domestic Cottons of all kinds, etc. etc., which, in connection with a universal assortment in other departments of goods, and being purchased entirely for *cash*, will enable purchasers to secure benefits in *price, style and terms* not to be found in any other establishment.

N. B. *Salt and Stone Coal* constantly on hand.
New Milford, May 15, 1852.

Volume V will commence in April.

Dickens' "Household Words."

A WEEKLY JOURNAL and "Valuable Dickens. Designed for the Instruction and Entertainment of all classes of Readers, and to assist in the discussion of the Social Questions of the times. $2,50 by mail—six cents a number. To clubs, 3 copies for 6 dollars, 5 copies for 9 dollars, 10 copies for 15 dollars.

The most agreeable and instructive mass of reading ever collected.—*Home Journal.*

The best of that writer's works by far.—*Christian Ambassador.*

This journal is one of the spiciest productions which reach us.—*Musical World.*

The articles are on subjects interesting to all classes of people, of a character touching their vital interests.—*New Bedford Mercury.*

Weighty is the matter and buoyant the style. —*N. Y. Daily Times.*

Address ANGEL & HEWETT N. Y.

NEW GOODS.

The Cheapest and Best yet in Market.

JOHNSTON & VERY are now receiving, at their store in the village of Harford, a choice lot of Goods of every description, which they will *positively* sell cheaper than can be bought at any other old or *new* store in this town.
JOHNSTON & VERY.
Harford, May 20, 1852. 20w3

FOR SALE.

50,000 GOOD SHINGLES, MOSTLY shaved, cheap for cash. Also, Blatchley's Plows, lower than at any other place in Susquehanna county. S. FULLER.
Franklin Forks, May 10, 1852. 19tf

NEW GOODS.

NEW Spring and Summer Goods in great variety and style, and a general assortment of Staple and Fancy Goods just received and selling unusually low by H. BURRITT.
New Milford, May 8, 1852.

RAILWAY STORE AHEAD.

LADIES DESS GOODS, Bonnets, Ribbons, Shawls, Cloths, Cassimeres, Jeans, Tweeds, Vestings, Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes, together with a stock of

Ready Made Clothing,

Domestic Goods, Hardware, Crockery, Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails, and other goods, as usual, a good assortment of which have arrived at the Railway Store in New Milford, and are selling off with a rush, proving that *some* of the people know where they can get the worth of their money.

Call and see for yourselves. No trouble to show our goods. HAYDEN & LITTLE.
New Milford, May 11, 1852. 19w6

NEW COUNTY JAIL.

PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the County Commissioners of Susquehanna county at Montrose, for building a new County Jail to be erected in said Borough, until the 14th day of June next. The building is to be of stone, fifty-one feet long by thirty-one feet wide. The plans and specifications can be seen in the office or at the office of F. B. Streeter, Esq. Sealed proposals to be directed to the Commissioners and marked "Jail Proposals."

J. D. MURPHY,
S. DIMOCK, } Comm'rs.
J. HANCOCK,
Commissioners office, Montrose, May 11, 1852.

TO EVERYBODY, GREETING:

Deans, Park & Co.

The present Proprietors of the

BAKERY AND CANDY SHOP,

WOULD call attention to the fact that they are now carrying on business at the stand lately occupied by Stevens & Dunmore.

They have secured the services of good workmen, whose ability and experience will enable them to produce articles in their line of a superior quality.

It will be the constant efforts of the proprietors to make ample *provision* for the wants of their customers, and, as far as may be in their power, will endeavor that their intercourse with such shall be both *sweet* and pleasant.

White and Brown Bread, Rolls and Rusk, fresh every Tuesday & Friday afternoon; also, Crackers, Cakes and Pies always on hand.

Fruit Drops—a new article, possessing the flavor of different kinds of fruit—very pleasant to *taste of.*

Flour, by the barrel or sack, at the lowest market price. Also, Sugars, Molasses, and most kinds of Groceries, on the most reasonable terms.

P. S. A few of those celebrated Pine-apple Cheese—rich and rare—just in, and and selling off fast.

Great and small, one and all, give us a call.
H. A. DEANS.
H. W. PARK.
W. B. DEANS.
A quantity of seasoned Pine Lumber for sale.
DEANS, PARK & CO.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of James Benson, deceased, late of the township of Jackson. All persons indebted to the said estate are requested to settle the same immediately, and all persons having demands against said estate will please present them, duly attested, to the subscriber. REUBEN HILL.
Jackson, May 18, 1852.

NEW GOODS

At the Upsonville Exchange.

THE subscriber, with many thanks to his numerously increasing patrons, would respectfully inform his friends, that he is now receiving a choice selection of goods direct from New York, which he intends to sell upon the good old fashioned principle of "*live and let live.*" Wanted, in exchange for goods, all kinds of produce. Cash not excepted. JOS. L. MERRIMAN.
Upsonville, April 30, 1852. 18tf

THE LIGHTNING LINE!

C. TILLMAN, *Barber* and Hair Dresser, returns his thanks to his numerous friends and patrons; and having, as he hopes, convinced all of the great danger and risk of cutting their throats by shaving themselves, he begs that they will discontinue that *barber-ous* practice, and encourage home industry by calling on him for a shave. *Col. Crockett's* uncle was said to be so smart that he shaved himself with *sheet lightning*, and C. Tillman will perform the same feat on any who prefer that to a good razor, if they will call at his shop in Searle's *Hotel* basement. If you don't believe it, call and see.
Montrose, May, 6, 1852 C. TILLMAN.

Business Notice.

M. S. WILSON would respectfully request all having unsettled accounts with him, to call and adjust the same.

The Mercantile business will be continued at his old stand, under the firm of M. S. Wilson & Son. They intend to keep a general variety, and will ever be ready and thankful to accommodate those who favor them with a call. They will keep on hand a large stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery and Hardwiere.

Particular attention will be given to this branch of the business, to keep a full assortment. Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Harness, Carriage, Boot and Shoe makers, will all find the articles they want.

Boots, Shoes, and the materials to make them of kept on hand by M. S. WILSON & SON.
Montrose, Jan. 1, 1852. 1y1tf

SHEET MUSIC,

NEW AND POPULAR, arranged for the Piano, for sale at TURRELL's
February, 1852.

FLOUR for sale at the store of H. J. WEBB.
Montrose, January 10, 1852.

NEW HAT, CAP, AND FUR STORE.

M. D. WASHBURN would respectfully announce to the citizens of Montrose and vicinity that he has opened and intends to keep a large and general assortment of all kinds and qualities of Beaver, Moleskin and silk Hats of the latest styles; Kossuth, Hungarian and other styles and qualities of fur and wool Hats; Panama, Leghorn, Palm-leaf, and the various kinds of braided hats for Summer wear; Cloth, Silk, Glazed, Silk Plush and all kinds of Caps for gents and boys and youth's wear; Gents Patent-leather Shoes, &c. &c., together with all kinds of goods generally kept in a hat store. The subscriber being largely engaged in the above trade at the East, will always enable him to keep at his *store* in Montrose a larger and more fashionable assortment than can be found elsewhere. His terms are ready pay, which will enable him to sell all goods in his line at least 15 per cent. lower than others in the same trade. The citizens are respectfully invited to call and see for themselves. P. S. Washburn will always be on hand to exhibit the goods, whether people wish to purchase or not. M. D. WASHBURN.
Montrose, April 28, 1852.

To the Public.

ABEL TURRELL is now receiving and keeps constantly on hand a large and desirable assortment of

GOODS,

which will be sold very low for cash or ready pay. The stock is composed of a first rate assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Groceries, Glass-ware, spoons, Spectacles, Musical Instruments, Yankee Notions, and Liquors,

ALSO,

Dry Goods, Hardware, Stoneware, Mirrors, Stationery, Brushes, Medical Instruments, Perfumery, Trusses, Supporters, Shoulder-Braces, Shoes, Camphine, Burning Fluid, Lamps Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

All persons wishing to purchase Drugs or Goods in any of the aforesaid departments, will find their interests promoted by calling first at the Drug and Variety Store of ABEL TURRELL.
Montrose, May 1852.

THE GREATEST HISTORICAL and Allegorical Print of the Age.

In commemmoration of that most important event in the American revolution, the British Surrendering their Arms to General Washington after their defeat at Yorktown, Virginia, October, 1781.

THE engraving is executed by Tanner, Vallance, Kearney & Co., from an original drawing by J. F. Renault, and published by Benjamin Tanner, Engraver, Philadelphia. The size of the print is 25 by 34 inches, and was originally published to subscribers at $12 in the sheet.

Explanation.

THE HISTORY.—In the first and grand plan are exhibited three large groups of the principal officers, who were present at the transaction, with a faithful likeness of each.

In the first group is seen General Washington, General Rochambeau, General Lincoln, Colonel Hamilton, an old Farmer eager to contemplate the scene, Billy the servant, and the Horse of General Washington.

In the second group are American and French officers; General Knox, Secretary Wilson, the Duke de Luazun, and the Marquis de La-Fayette.

The third group is descriptive of the British surrendering their arms. Lord Cornwallis, General O'Hara, Commodore Simmons, Colonel Tarlton, with two fingers cut off, Lieutenant Colonel Ralph Abercombie, Lieutant Colonel Dundas, Lord Chewton, &c. Lord Cornwallis appears presenting his sword to the first General Officer he meets, but General Washington is pointed out to him as the only person to whom he is to surrender his sword.

On the heights and in the distance are the different armies and crowds of spectators. The House of Secretary Wilson, occupied by Lord Cornwallis and his staff, which was bombarded and pierced with balls; the Marquis de Lafayette having remarked that they were carrying dishes for the dinner of Lord Cornwallis, asked leave of General Washington to serve him a dish of his own cooking, and immediately after several bomb-shells fell through the roof on the table, and wounded some and dispersed the party.

THE ALLEGORY.—On the left is erected a monument in honor of those illustrious heroes, who sacrificed their lives and fortunes to insure to their citizens the liberty and independence they now enjoy.

Published at $3 by Wm. B. Lane, Philadelphia, and to be had at the office of the "American Courier," No. 141 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, as premiums to that paper.

☞ A liberal discount to Agents. 16m2

ADMINISTRATOR's NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Richard Athony, deceased, late of Clifford township; all persons having unsettled accounts with said estate will please adjust the same immediately.
WILLIAM S. REESE, Adm'r.
Clifford, May 26, 1852. 21*w6

JUST SAILING UP TO THE HEAD OF NAVIGATION,

SUPERFINE Ohio FLOUR; also, Codfish, Mackerel, Carpet Warp, Ashton fine Salt in large sacks, &c. M. C. TYLER.
May 20, 1852.

NEW GOODS.

H. J. WEBB is now receiving his spring and summer stock of Goods, which he offers *cheap* for cash.
Montrose, April 13, 1852.

Going at a little above Cost.

THE subscriber has a small stock yet of Men's and Boys' coarse and fine Boots and Shoes, and a good assortment of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Boots and Shoes, which he is now selling at prices but a little above cost. There is an opportunity for good bargain in this line GEO. FULLER.
February 4, 1852.

DRY GOODS.

NEW STOCK!! CHEAPER THAN EVER!!

W. N. Wilson,

Late of the Firm of Wilson & Miller,

DESIRES to return his grateful thanks to the citizens of Susquehanna county for their liberal patronage during the past year, and respectfully solicits a continuance of their favors. Having re-opened the store in Tompkins' Block, (which has been enlarged and improved,) with a full stock of Spring and Summer Goods, he invites those who wish to purchase Goods very low for cash, to call and examine his assortment. The subjoined list of Goods and prices he believes will compare favorably with that of any other merchant in this vicinity.

Ladies' Dress Goods.

A large assortment of black and colored Silks, of various grades and patterns, from 4s. 6d. to 14s. per yd.

Mouseline De Laines.

2000 yards of Spring De Laines, of almost every variety and style that the New York market affords, from 11c. to 3s. per yard.

Prints and Ginghams.

10,000 yards of Merrimack, Fall River, Manchester, Cocheco, English and other styles of Prints, at 5c, 6c, 10c, and 1s per yard. One case of superior cloths and colors, yard wide, at the low price of 1s. 1000 yards of Lancaster and Glasgow Ginghams, warranted fast colors, at 1s per yard. Also, Scotch and French do from 1s. 6d. to 2s.

Mourning Goods.

Bombazines, Alpacas, Mohair Lustres, Barages, Canton Cloths, all wool De Laines, Silk Tissues, and all other goods used in mourning.

White Goods.

Plain, plaid and striped Jaconet Muslin, Cambric do., plain and dotted Swiss, Mull, Nainsook and Tarlton, Linen Cambric, Bird's Eye Linen, Linen Table Cloths, Napkins, Scotch and Russia Diapers, Linen Sheetings & Shirtings, &c. &c. at such prices as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to customers.

Shawls.

A large lot of Broche, Canton Crape and Cashmere Shawls twenty per cent. cheaper than they were sold last year.

Handkerchiefs.

Linen Handkerchiefs of every grade, from 6d to $4 each.

Table Covers.

Several dozen colored cotton, worsted and Linen, and all wool Embossed Covers, from 4s. to $4 apiece.

Goods for Men and Boys.

Broad Cloths of every color and quality, from 10s. to $6; black and fancy Cassimeres, from 6 to 20s.; Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds and Satinets, from 2s. 6d. to 4s.; Vestings of every description, quality and price.

Domestic Goods.

6000 yards of brown sheetings and shirtings, from 5 to 9c. per yd.; 5000 bleached do. from 4c. to 1s. per yard; Ticklings and Mariners' shirtings, from 6d. to 1s. per yd.

Hosiery and Gloves.

An excellent assortment and very cheap. Among them a large lot of white cotton Hose, very fair quality only 6d. a pair.

Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags.

A well assorted stock, purchased direct from the largest manufactory in this country, and for sale at such prices as